CHAPTER 69

FIRE AND POLICE DEPARTMENT AID; RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS

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Reporting premiums; calculation of aid. Shortfall from general fund.

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Relief associations paying lump sum service pensions.

69.021 REPORTING PREMIUMS; CALCULATION OF AID.

[For text of subds 1 to 4, see M.S.2002]

Subd. 5. Calculation of state aid. (a) The amount of fire state aid available for apportionment, before the addition of the minimum fire state aid allocation amount under subdivision 7, is equal to 107 percent of the amount of premium taxes paid to the state upon the fire, lightning, sprinkler leakage, and extended coverage premiums reported to the commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Firetown Premium Report. This amount shall be reduced by the amount required to pay the state auditor's costs and expenses of the audits or exams of the firefighters relief associations.

The total amount for apportionment in respect to fire state aid must not be less than two percent of the premiums reported to the commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Firetown Premium Report after subtracting the following amounts:

- (1) the amount required to pay the state auditor's costs and expenses of the audits or exams of the firefighters relief associations; and
- (2) one percent of the premiums reported by town and farmers' mutual insurance companies and mutual property and casualty companies with total assets of \$5,000,000 or less.
- (b) The total amount for apportionment as police state aid is equal to 104 percent of the amount of premium taxes paid to the state on the premiums reported to the commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report, reduced by the amount required to pay the costs and expenses of the state auditor for audits or exams of police relief associations. The total amount for apportionment in respect to the police state aid program must not be less than two percent of the amount of premiums reported to the commissioner by insurers on the Minnesota Aid to Police Premium Report after subtracting the amount required to pay the state auditor's cost and expenses of the audits or exams of the police relief associations.
- (c) The commissioner shall calculate the percentage of increase or decrease reflected in the apportionment over or under the previous year's available state aid using the same premiums as a basis for comparison.
- (d) The amount for apportionment in respect to peace officer state aid under paragraph (b) must be further reduced by \$1,779,000 in fiscal year 1999, \$2,077,000 in fiscal year 2000, and \$2,404,000 in fiscal year 2001. These reductions in this paragraph cancel to the general fund.
- (e) In addition to the amount for apportionment of police state aid under paragraph (b), each year \$100,000 shall be apportioned for police state aid. An amount sufficient to pay this increase is annually appropriated from the general fund.

[For text of subds 6 to 10, see M.S.2002]

- Subd. 11. Excess police state-aid holding account. (a) The excess police state-aid holding account is established in the general fund. The excess police state-aid holding account must be administered by the commissioner.
- (b) Excess police state aid determined according to subdivision 10, must be deposited in the excess police state-aid holding account.
- (c) From the balance in the excess police state-aid holding account, \$900,000 is appropriated to and must be transferred annually to the ambulance service personnel

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longevity award and incentive suspense account established by section 144E.42, subdivision 2.

- (d) If a police officer stress reduction program is created by law and money is appropriated for that program, an amount equal to that appropriation must be transferred from the balance in the excess police state-aid holding account.
- (e) On October 1, 1997, and annually on each subsequent October 1, one-half of the balance of the excess police state-aid holding account remaining after the deductions under paragraphs (c) and (d) is appropriated for additional amortization aid under section 423A.02, subdivision 1b.
- (f) Annually, the remaining balance in the excess police state-aid holding account, after the deductions under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e), cancels to the general fund.

History: 2003 c 2 art 1 s 9; 1Sp2003 c 14 art 6 s 1

69.041 SHORTFALL FROM GENERAL FUND.

- (a) If the annual funding requirements of fire or police relief associations or consolidation accounts under sections 69.77, 69.771 to 69.775, or 353A.09, exceed all applicable revenue sources of a given year, including the insurance premium taxes funding the applicable fire or police state aid as set under section 297I.05, subdivisions 2, 3, and 4, the shortfall in the annual funding requirements must be paid from the general fund to the extent appropriated by the legislature.
- (b) Nothing in this section may be deemed to relieve any municipality from its obligation to a relief association or consolidation account under law.

History: 2003 c 2 art 1 s 10

69.772 RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS PAYING LUMP SUM SERVICE PENSIONS.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S.2002]

Subd. 2. **Determination of accrued liability.** Each firefighters' relief association which pays a service pension when a retiring firefighter meets the minimum requirements for entitlement to a service pension specified in section 424A.02 and which in its articles of incorporation or bylaws requires service credit for a period of service of at least 20 years of active service for a totally nonforfeitable service pension shall determine the accrued liability of the special fund of the firefighters' relief association relative to each active member of the relief association, calculated individually using the following table:

Cumulative Year	Accrued Liability
1	\$ 60
2	124
3	190
4	260
5 .	334
6	410
7	492
8	576
9	666
10	760
11	858
12	962
13	1070
14	1184
15	1304
16	1428
17	1560

18				1698	
19				1844	
20				2000	
21 and t	hereafte	r		100	additional
					per year

As set forth in the table the accrued liability for each member of the relief association corresponds to the cumulative years of active service to the credit of the member. The accrued liability of the special fund for each active member is determined by multiplying the accrued liability from the chart by the ratio of the lump sum service pension amount currently provided for in the bylaws of the relief association to a service pension of \$100 per year of service. If a member has fractional service as of December 31, the figure for service credit to be used for the determination of accrued liability pursuant to this section shall be rounded to the nearest full year of service credit. The total accrued liability of the special fund as of December 31 shall be the sum of the accrued liability attributable to each active member of the relief association.

To the extent that the state auditor considers it to be necessary or practical, the state auditor may specify and issue procedures, forms, or mathematical tables for use in performing the calculations of the accrued liability for deferred members pursuant to this subdivision.

[For text of subds 2a to 6, see M.S.2002]

History: 1Sp2003 c 1 art 2 s 62