CHAPTER 62A

ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE

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POLICIES, RATES, AND COVERAGES

62A 01 REQUIREMENTS, CERTIFICATES OF COVERAGE UNDER POLICY OF ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE

Subdivision 1 **Definition** The term "policy of accident and sickness insurance" as used herein includes any policy covering the kind of insurance described in section 60A 06, subdivision 1, clause (5)(a)

Subd 2 Equal protection A certificate of msurance or similar evidence of coverage issued to a Minnesota resident shall provide coverage for all benefits required to be covered in group policies in Minnesota by this chapter and chapter 62E

This subdivision supersedes any inconsistent provision of this chapter and chapter 62E

A policy of accident and sickness insurance that is issued or delivered in this state and that covers a person residing in another state may provide coverage or contain provisions that are less favorable to that person than required by this chapter and chapter 62E. Less favorable coverages or provisions must meet the requirements that the state in which the person resides would have required had the policy been issued or delivered in that state.

- Subd 3 Exclusions Subdivision 2 does not apply to certificates issued in regard to a master policy issued outside the state of Minnesota if all of the following are true
- (1) the policyholder or certificate holder exists primarily for purposes other than to obtain msurance,
- (2) the policyholder or certificate holder is not a Minnesota corporation and does not have its principal office in Minnesota,
- (3) the policy or certificate covers fewer than 25 employees who are residents of Mmnesota and the Minnesota employees represent less than 25 percent of all covered employees and
- (4) on request of the commissioner, the issuer files with the commissioner a copy of the policy and a copy of each form of certificate

This subdivision applies to employers who are not corporations if they are policyholders or certificate holders providing coverage to employees through the certificate or policy

Subd 4 Application of other laws Section 60A 08, subdivision 4, shall not be construed as requiring a certificate of insurance or similar evidence of insurance that meets the conditions of subdivision 3 to comply with this chapter or chapter 62E

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 1, 1989 c 330 s 8

62A 011 DEFINITIONS

Subdivision 1 **Applicability** For purposes of this chapter, the terms defined m this section have the meanings given

Subd 2 **Health carrier** "Health carrier" means an insurance company licensed under chapter 60A to offer, sell, or issue a policy of accident and sickness insurance as defined in section 62A 01, a nonprofit health service plan corporation operating under chapter 62C, a health maintenance organization operating under chapter 62D, a fraternal benefit society operating under chapter 64B, or a joint self insurance employee health plan operating under chapter 62H

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62A.011 ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE

- Subd 3 **Health plan** "Health plan" means a policy or certificate of accident and sickness msurance as defined in section 62A 01 offered by an insurance company licensed under chapter 60A, a subscriber contract or certificate offered by a nonprofit health service plan corporation operating under chapter 62C, a health maintenance contract or certificate offered by a health maintenance organization operating under chapter 62D, a health benefit certificate offered by a fraternal benefit society operating under chapter 64B, or health coverage offered by a joint self msurance employee health plan operating under chapter 62H Health plan means individual and group coverage, unless otherwise specified Health plan does not include coverage that is
 - (1) limited to disability or moome protection coverage,
 - (2) automobile medical payment coverage,
 - (3) supplemental to liability insurance,
- (4) designed solely to provide payments on a per diem, fixed indemnity, or non expense-mourred basis,
 - (5) credit accident and health insurance as defined in section 62B 02,
 - (6) designed solely to provide dental or vision care,
 - (7) blanket accident and sickness msurance as defined in section 62A 11,
 - (8) accident-only coverage,
 - (9) a long-term care pohcy as defined in section 62A 46 or 62S 01,
- (10) issued as a supplement to Medicare, as defined in sections 62A 31 to 62A 44, or policies, contracts, or certificates that supplement Medicare issued by health maintenance organizations or those policies, contracts, or certificates governed by section 1833 or 1876 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395, et seq, as amended,
 - (11) workers' compensation insurance, or
- (12) issued solely as a companion to a health maintenance contract as described in section 62D 12, subdivision 1a, so long as the health maintenance contract meets the definition of a health plan

History 1992 c 549 art 3 s 2, 1993 c 247 art 3 s 4, 1994 c 625 art 10 s 3, 1997 c 71 art 2 s 3

62A 02 POLICY FORMS

Subdivision 1 Filing For purposes of this section, "health plan" ineans a health plan as defined m section 62A 011 or a policy of accident and sickness insurance as defined in section 62A 01 No health plan shall be issued or delivered to any person in this state, nor shall any application, rider, or endorsement be used in connection with the health plan, until a copy of its form and of the classification of risks and the premium rates pertaining to the form have been filed with the commissioner The filing for nongroup health plan forms shall include a statement of actuarial reasons and data to support the rate For health benefit plans as defined in section 62L 02, and for health plans to be issued to individuals, the health carrier shall file with the commissioner the information required in section 62L 08, subdivision 8 For group health plans for which approval is sought for sales only outside of the small employer market as defined m section 62L 02, this section applies only to pohcies or contracts of accident and sickness insurance. All forms intended for issuance in the individual or small employer market must be accompanied by a statement as to the expected loss ratio for the form Premium rates and forms relating to specific insureds or proposed insureds, whether individuals or groups, need not be filed, unless requested by the commissioner

Subd 2 **Approval** The health plan form shall not be issued, nor shall any application, rider, endorsement, or rate be used in connection with it, until the expiration of 60 days after it has been filed unless the commissioner approves it before that time

- Subd 3 Standards for disapproval The commissioner shall, withm 60 days after the filing of any form or rate, disapprove the form or rate
 - (1) if the benefits provided are not reasonable in relation to the premium charged,
- (2) if it contains a provision or provisions which are unjust, unfair, inequitable, misleading, deceptive or encourage misrepresentation of the health plan form, or otherwise does not comply with this chapter, chapter 62L, or chapter 72A,
 - (3) if the proposed premium rate is excessive or not adequate, or
 - (4) the actuarial reasons and data submitted do not justify the rate

The party proposing a rate has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that it does not violate this subdivision

In determining the reasonableness of a rate, the commissioner shall also review all administrative contracts, service contracts, and other agreements to determine the reasonableness of the cost of the contracts or agreement and effect of the contracts on the rate. If the commissioner determines that a contract or agreement is not reason able, the commissioner shall disapprove any rate that reflects any unreasonable cost arising out of the contract or agreement. The commissioner may require any information that the commissioner deems necessary to determine the reasonableness of the cost.

For the purposes of this subdivision, the commissioner shall establish by rule a schedule of minimum anticipated loss ratios which shall be based on (i) the type or types of coverage provided, (ii) whether the policy is for group or individual coverage, and (iii) the size of the group for group policies. Except for individual policies of disability or income protection insurance, the minimum anticipated loss ratio shall not be less than 50 percent after the first year that a policy is in force. All applicants for a policy shall be informed in writing at the time of application of the anticipated loss ratio of the policy "Anticipated loss ratio" means the ratio at the time of filing, at the time of notice of withdrawal under subdivision 4a, or at the time of subsequent rate revision of the present value of all expected future benefits, excluding dividends, to the present value of all expected future premiums

If the commissioner notifies a health carrier that has filed any form or rate that it does not comply with this chapter, chapter 62L, or chapter 72A, it shall be unlawful for the health carrier to issue or use the form or rate. In the notice the commissioner shall specify the reasons for disapproval and state that a hearing will be granted within 20 days after request in writing by the health carrier

The 60 day period within which the commissioner is to approve or disapprove the form or rate does not begin to run until a complete filing of all data and materials required by statute or requested by the commissioner has been submitted

However, if the supporting data is not filed within 30 days after a request by the commissioner, the rate is not effective and is presumed to be an excessive rate

Subd 4 [Repealed, 1992 c 549 art 3 s 23]

Subd 4a Withdrawal of approval The commissioner may, at any time after a 20 day written notice has been given to the insurer, withdraw approval of any form or rate that has previously been approved on any of the grounds stated in this section. It is unlawful for the health carrier to issue a form or rate or use it in connection with any health plan after the effective date of the withdrawal of approval. The notice of withdrawal of approval must advise the health carrier of the right to a hearing under the contested case procedures of chapter 14, and must specify the matters to be considered at the hearing

The commissioner may request a health carrier to provide actuarial reasons and data, as well as other information, needed to determine if a previously approved rate continues to satisfy the requirements of this section. If the requested information is not provided within 30 days after request by the commissioner, the rate is presumed to be an excessive rate.

Subd 5 [Repealed, 1992 c 549 art 3 s 23, 1994 c 625 art 10 s 49]

- Subd 5a **Hearing** The health carrier must request a hearing before the 20 day notice period has ended, or the commissioner's order is final. A request for hearing stays the commissioner's order until the commissioner notifies the health carrier of the result of the hearing. The commissioner's order may require the modification of any rate or form and may require continued coverage to persons covered under a health plan to which the disapproved form or rate applies.
- Subd 6 Appeal Any order or decision of the commissioner under this section shall be subject to appeal in accordance with chapter 14
- Subd 7 Filing by domestic insurers for purposes of complying with another state's filing requirements. A domestic insurer may file with the commissioner for informational purposes only a policy or certificate of insurance that is not intended to be offered or sold within this state. This subdivision only applies to the filing in Minnesota of a policy or certificate of insurance issued to an insured or certificate holder located outside of this state when the filing is for the express purpose of complying with the law of the state in which the insured or certificate holder resides. In no event may a pohcy or certificate of insurance filed under this subdivision for out of-state use be issued or delivered in Minnesota unless and until the policy or certificate of insurance is approved under subdivision 2

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 2, 1976 c 296 art 2 s 10,11, 1977 c 409 s 1, 1979 c 207 s 1, 1980 c 509 s 18, 1982 c 424 s 130, 1983 c 247 s 31, 1986 c 444, 1986 c 455 s 9,10, 1992 c 549 art 3 s 3 7, 1993 c 247 art 3 s 5, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 22

62A 021 HEALTH CARE POLICY RATES

Subdivision 1 Loss ratio standards (a) Notwithstanding section 62A 02, subdivi sion 3, relating to loss ratios, health care policies or certificates shall not be delivered or issued for delivery to an individual or to a small employer as defined in section 62L 02, unless the pohcies or certificates can be expected, as estimated for the entire period for which rates are computed to provide coverage, to return to Minnesota policyholders and certificate holders in the form of aggregate benefits not including anticipated refunds or credits, provided under the policies or certificates, (1) at least 75 percent of the aggregate amount of premiums earned in the case of pohcies issued in the small employer market as defined in section 62L 02 subdivision 27 calculated on an aggregate basis, and (2) at least 65 percent of the aggregate amount of premiums earned in the case of each policy form or certificate form issued in the individual market, calculated on the basis of incurred claims experience or incurred health care expenses where coverage is provided by a health maintenance organization on a service rather than reimbursement basis and earned premiums for the period and according to accepted actuarial principles and practices. Assessments by the remsurance association created in chapter 62L and all types of taxes, surcharges, or assessments created by Laws 1992, chapter 549, or created on or after April 23, 1992, are included in the calculation of incurred claims experience or incurred health care expenses. The applicable percentage for policies and certificates issued in the small employer market, as defined in section 62L 02, increases by one percentage point on July 1 of each year, beginning on July 1, 1994, until an 82 percent loss ratio is reached on July 1, 2000 The applicable percentage for pohcy forms and certificate forms issued in the individual market increases by one percentage point on July 1 of each year, beginning on July 1, 1994, until a 72 percent loss ratio is reached on July 1, 2000 A health carrier that enters a market after July 1, 1993, does not start at the beginning of the phase in schedule and must instead comply with the loss ratio requirements applicable to other health carriers in that market for each time period Premiums earned and claims incurred in markets other than the small employer and individual markets are not relevant for purposes of this section

(b) All filings of rates and rating schedules shall demonstrate that actual expected claims in relation to premiums comply with the requirements of this section when combined with actual experience to date Filings of rate revisions shall also demonstrate that the anticipated loss ratio over the entire future period for which the revised

rates are computed to provide coverage can be expected to meet the appropriate loss ratio standards, and aggregate loss ratio from inception of the policy form or certificate form shall equal or exceed the appropriate loss ratio standards

- (c) A health carrier that issues health care policies and certificates to individuals or to small employers, as defined in section 62L 02, in this state shall file annually its rates, rating schedule, and supporting documentation including ratios of incurred losses to earned premiums by policy form or certificate form duration for approval by the commissioner according to the filing requirements and procedures prescribed by the commissioner The supporting documentation shall also demonstrate in accordance with actuarial standards of practice using reasonable assumptions that the appropriate loss ratio standards can be expected to be met over the entire period for which rates are computed The demonstration shall exclude active hee reserves. If the data submitted does not confirm that the health carrier has satisfied the loss ratio require ments of this section, the commissioner shall notify the health carrier in writing of the deficiency The health carrier shall have 30 days from the date of the commissioner's notice to file amended rates that comply with this section. If the health carrier fails to file amended rates within the prescribed time, the commissioner shall order that the health carrier's filed rates for the nonconforming policy form or certificate form be reduced to an amount that would have resulted in a loss ratio that complied with this section had it been in effect for the reporting period of the supplement. The health carrier's failure to file amended rates within the specified time or the issuance of the commissioner's order amending the rates does not preclude the health carrier from filing an amendment of its rates at a later time. The commissioner shall annually make the submitted data available to the public at a cost not to exceed the cost of copying The data must be compiled in a form useful for consumers who wish to compare premium charges and loss ratios
- (d) Each sale of a policy or certificate that does not comply with the loss ratio requirements of this section is an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance and is subject to the penalties in sections 72A 17 to 72A 32
- (e)(1) For purposes of this section, health care policies issued as a result of solicitations of individuals through the mail or mass media advertising, including both print and broadcast advertising, shall be treated as individual policies
- (2) For purposes of this section, (i) "health care policy" or "health care certificate" is a health plan as defined m section 62A 011, and (ii) "health carrier" has the meaning given in section 62A 011 and includes all health carriers delivering or issuing for delivery health care policies or certificates in this state or offering these policies or certificates to residents of this state
- (f) The loss ratio phase in as described in paragraph (a) does not apply to individual policies and small employer policies issued by a health plan company that is assessed less than three percent of the total annual amount assessed by the Minnesota comprehensive health association. These policies must meet a 68 percent loss ratio for individual policies, a 71 percent loss ratio for small employer pohcies with fewer than ten employees, and a 75 percent loss ratio for all other small employer pohcies.
- (g) The commissioners of commerce and health shall each annually issue a public report listing, by health plan company, the actual loss ratios experienced in the individual and small employer markets in this state by the health plan companies that the commissioners respectively regulate. The commissioners shall coordinate release of these reports so as to release them as a joint report or as separate reports issued the same day. The report or reports shall be released no later than June 1 for loss ratios experienced for the preceding calendar year. Health plan companies shall provide to the commissioners any information requested by the commissioners for purposes of this paragraph.
- Subd 2 Compliance audit The commissioner has the authority to audit any health carrier to assure compliance with this section. Health carriers shall retain at their principal place of business information necessary for the commissioner to perform compliance audits.

- Subd 3 Loss ratio disclosure (a) Each health care policy form or health care certificate form for which subdivision 1 requires compliance with a loss ratio requirement shall prominently display the disclosure provided in paragraph (b) on its declarations sheet if it has one and, if not, on its front page The disclosure must also be prominently displayed in any marketing materials used in connection with it
 - (b) The disclosure must be in the following format

Notice This disclosure is required by Minnesota law. This policy or certificate is expected to return on average (fill in anticipated loss ratio approved by the commissioner) percent of your premium dollar for health care. The lowest percentage permitted by state law for this policy or certificate is (fill in applicable minimum loss ratio).

(c) This subdivision applies to policies and certificates issued on or after January 1, 1998

History 1992 c 549 art 3 s 8, 1993 c 345 art 8 s 2, 1997 c 225 art 2 s 2,3

62A 023 NOTICE OF RATE CHANGE

A health insurer or service plan corporation must send written notice to its policyholders and contract holders at their last known address at least 30 days m advance of the effective date of a proposed rate change. This notice requirement does not apply to individual certificate holders covered by group insurance policies or group subscriber contracts.

History 1995 c 258 s 21

62A 024 EXPLANATIONS OF RATE INCREASES, ATTRIBUTION TO STATUTORY CHANGES

If any health carrier, as defined in section 62A 011, informs a policyholder or contract holder that a rate increase is due to a statutory change, the health carrier must disclose the specific amount of the rate increase directly due to the statutory change and must identify the specific statutory change. This disclosure must also separate any rate increase due to medical inflation or other reasons from the rate increase directly due to statutory changes in this chapter, chapter 62C, 62D, 62E, 62H, 62J 62L or 64B

History 1993 c 345 art 5 s 4

62A 025 [Repealed, 1Sp1985 c 10 s 123]

62A 03 GENERAL PROVISIONS OF POLICY

Subdivision 1 **Conditions** No policy of individual accident and sickness msurance may be delivered or issued for delivery to a person in this state unless

- (1) **Premium** The entire money and other considerations therefor are expressed therein
- (2) Time effective The time at which the issurance takes effect and terminates is expressed therein
- (3) One person It purports to insure only one person, except that a policy may insure, originally or by subsequent amendment, upon the application of an adult member of a family deemed the policyholder, any two or more eligible members of that family, including
 - (a) husband,
 - (b) wife,
 - (c) dependent children,
 - (d) any children under a specified age of 19 years or less, or
 - (e) any other person dependent upon the policyholder
- (4) Appearance The style, arrangement, and overall appearance of the pohcy give no undue prominence to any portion of the text and every printed portion of the text of

the policy and of any endorsements or attached papers is plainly printed in light-face type of a style in general use. The type size must be uniform and not less than ten point with a lower case unspaced alphabet length not less than 120 point. The "text" includes all printed matter except the name and address of the insurer, name or title of the policy, the brief description, if any, the reference to renewal or cancellation by a separate statement, if any, and the captions and subcaptions

- (5) **Description of policy** The policy, on the first page, indicates or refers to its provisions for renewal or cancellation either in the brief description, if any, or by a separate statement printed in type not smaller than the type used for captions or a separate provision bearing a caption which accurately describes the renewability or cancelability of the policy
- (6) Exceptions in policy The exceptions and reductions of indemnity are set forth in the policy and, except those which are set forth in section 62A 04, printed, at the insurer's option, either with the benefit provision to which they apply, or under an appropriate caption such as "EXCEPTIONS" or "EXCEPTIONS AND REDUC TIONS" However, if an exception or reduction specifically applies only to a particular benefit of the pohcy, a statement of the exception or reduction must be included with the benefit provision to which it applies
- (7) Form number Each form, including riders and endorsements, is identified by a form number in the lower left hand corner of the first page thereof
- (8) No incorporation by reference It contains no provision purporting to make any portion of the charter, rules, constitution, or bylaws of the msurer a part of the policy unless the portion is set forth in full m the policy, except in the case of the incorporation of, or reference to, a statement of rates, classification of risks, or short rate table filed with the commissioner
- (9) **Medical benefits** If the policy contains a provision for medical expense benefits, the term "medical benefits" or similar terms as used therein includes treatments by all licensed practitioners of the healing arts unless, subject to the qualifications contained in clause (10), the policy specifically states the practitioners whose services are covered
- (10) Osteopath, optometrist, chiropractor, or registered nurse services With respect to any policy of individual accident and sickness insurance issued or entered into subsequent to August 1, 1974, notwithstanding the provisions of the pohcy, if it contains a provision providing for reimbursement for any service which is in the lawful scope of practice of a duly licensed osteopath, optometrist, chiropractor, or registered nurse meeting the requirements of section 62A 15, subdivision 3a, the person entitled to benefits or person performing services under the policy is entitled to reimbursement on an equal basis for the service, whether the service is performed by a physician, osteopath, optometrist, chiropractor, or registered nurse meeting the requirements of section 62A 15, subdivision 3a, licensed under the laws of this state
- Subd 2 **Delivery of policy to nonresident** If any policy is issued by an insurer domiciled in this state for delivery to a person residing in another state, and if the official having responsibility for the administration of the insurance laws of such other state shall have advised the commissioner that any such policy is not subject to approval or disapproval by such official, the commissioner may by ruling require that such policy meet the standards set forth in subdivision 1 and in section 62A 04

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 3, 1969 c 985 s 1, 1974 c 30 s 1, 1983 c 221 s 1

62A 04 STANDARD PROVISIONS

Subdivision 1 **Reference** Any reference to "standard provisions" which may appear in other sections and which refer to accident and sickness or accident and health insurance shall hereinafter be construed as referring to accident and sickness policy provisions

Subd 2 **Required provisions** Except as provided m subdivision 4 each such pohcy delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state shall contain the provisions

specified in this subdivision in the words in which the same appear in this section. The insurer may, at its option, substitute for one or more of such provisions corresponding provisions of different wording approved by the commissioner which are meach instance not less favorable in any respect to the insured or the beneficiary. Such provisions shall be preceded individually by the caption appearing in this subdivision or, at the option of the insurer, by such appropriate individual or group captions or subcaptions as the commissioner may approve.

(1) A provision as follows

ENTIRE CONTRACT, CHANGES This pohcy, including the endorsements and the attached papers, if any, constitutes the entire contract of insurance No change in this policy shall be valid until approved by an executive officer of the insurer and unless such approval be endorsed hereon or attached hereto. No agent has authority to change this policy or to waive any of its provisions.

(2) A provision as follows

TIME LIMIT ON CERTAIN DEFENSES (a) After two years from the date of issue of this policy no misstatements, except fraudulent misstatements, made by the applicant m the application for such policy shall be used to void the policy or to deny a claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined in the policy) commencing after the expiration of such two year period

The foregoing policy provision shall not be so construed as to affect any legal requirement for avoidance of a policy or denial of a claim during such initial two year period, nor to limit the application of clauses (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5), in the event of misstatement with respect to age or occupation or other insurance A policy which the insured has the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premium (1) until at least age 50 or, (2) in the case of a policy issued after age 44, for at least five years from its date of issue, may contain in lieu of the foregoing the following provisions (from which the clause in parentheses may be omitted at the insurer's option) under the caption 'INCONTESTABLE"

After this policy has been in force for a period of two years during the lifetime of the insured (excluding any period during which the insured is disabled), it shall become incontestable as to the statements contained in the application

(b) No claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined in the policy) commencing after two years from the date of issue of this policy shall be reduced or denied on the ground that a disease or physical condition not excluded from coverage by name or specific description effective on the date of loss had existed prior to the effective date of coverage of this policy

(3) A provision as follows

GRACE PERIOD A grace period of (insert a number not less than "7" for weekly preinium policies, "10" for monthly premium policies and "31" for all other policies) days will be granted for the payment of each premium falling due after the first premium, during which grace period the policy shall continue in force

A policy which contains a cancellation provision may add, at the end of the above provision,

subject to the right of the msurer to cancel in accordance with the cancellation provision hereof

A policy in which the insurer reserves the right to refuse any renewal shall have, at the beginning of the above provision,

Unless not less than five days prior to the premium due date the msurer has delivered to the insured or has mailed to the insured's last address as shown by the records of the insurer written notice of its intention not to renew this policy beyond the period for which the premiuin has been accepted

(4) A provision as follows

REINSTATEMENT If any renewal premium be not paid within the time granted the insured for payment, a subsequent acceptance of premium by the insurer or by any agent duly authorized by the insurer to accept such premium, without requiring in connection therewith an application for reinstatement, shall reinstate the policy. If the insurer or such agent requires an application for reinstatement and issues a conditional receipt for the premium tendered, the policy will be reinstated upon approval of such application by the insurer or, lacking such approval, upon the forty fifth day following the date of such conditional receipt unless the insurer has previously notified the insured in writing of its disapproval of such application. For health plans described in section 62A 011, subdivision 3, clause (10), an insurer must accept payment of a renewal premium and reinstate the pohcy, if the insured applies for reinstatement no later than 60 days after the due date for the premium payment, unless

- (1) the insured has in the interim left the state or the insurer's service area, or
- (2) the insured has applied for reinstatement on two or more prior occasions

The reinstated policy shall cover only loss resulting from such accidental injury as may be sustained after the date of reinstatement and loss due to such sickness as may begin more than ten days after such date. In all other respects the insured and insurer shall have the same rights thereunder as they had under the pohcy immediately before the due date of the defaulted premium, subject to any provisions endorsed hereon or attached hereto in connection with the remstatement. Any premium accepted in connection with a reinstatement shall be applied to a period for which premium has not been previously paid, but not to any period more than 60 days prior to the date of remstatement. The last sentence of the above provision may be omitted from any policy which the insured has the right to continue in force subject to its terins by the timely payment of premiums (1) until at least age 50, or, (2) in the case of a policy issued after age 44, for at least five years from its date of issue

(5) A provision as follows

NOTICE OF CLAIM Written notice of claim must be given to the insurer within 20 days after the occurrence or commencement of any loss covered by the policy, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible. Notice given by or on behalf of the msured or the beneficiary to the insurer at (insert the location of such office as the insurer may designate for the purpose), or to any authorized agent of the insurer, with information sufficient to identify the insured, shall be deemed notice to the insurer

In a policy providing a loss of time benefit which may be payable for at least two years an insurer may at its option insert the following between the first and second sentences of the above provision

Subject to the qualifications set forth below, if the insured suffers loss of time on account of disability for which indemnity may be payable for at least two years, the insured shall, at least once in every six months after having given notice of claim, give to the insurer notice of continuance of said disability, except in the event of legal incapacity. The period of six months following any filing of proof by the insured or any payment by the insurer on account of such claim or any denial of liability in whole or in part by the insurer shall be excluded in applying this provision. Delay in the giving of such notice shall not impair the insured's right to any indemnity which would otherwise have accrued during the period of six months preceding the date on which such notice is actually given

(6) A provision as follows

CLAIM FORMS The insurer, upon receipt of a notice of claim, will furnish to the claimant such forms as are usually furnished by it for filing proofs of loss. If such forms are not furnished within 15 days after the giving of such notice the claimant shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this policy as to proof of loss upon submitting, within the time fixed in the policy for filing proofs of loss, written proof covering the occurrence, the character and the extent of the loss for which claim is made

(7) A provision as follows

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62A 04 ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE

PROOFS OF LOSS Written proof of loss must be furnished to the insurer at its said office in case of claim for loss for which this policy provides any periodic payment contingent upon continuing loss within 90 days after the termination of the period for which the insurer is liable and in case of claim for any other loss within 90 days after the date of such loss. Failure to furnish such proof within the time required shall not invalidate nor reduce any claim if it was not reasonably possible to give proof within such time, provided such proof is furnished as soon as reasonably possible and in no event, except in the absence of legal capacity, later than one year from the time proof is otherwise required.

(8) A provision as follows

TIME OF PAYMENT OF CLAIMS Indemnities payable under this policy for any loss other than loss for which this policy provides periodic payment will be paid immediately upon receipt of due written proof of such loss Subject to due written proof of loss, all accrued indemnities for loss for which this policy provides periodic payment will be paid (insert period for payment which must not be less frequently than monthly) and any balance remaining unpaid upon the termination of liability will be paid immediately upon receipt of due written proof

(9) A provision as follows

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS Indemnity for loss of life will be payable in accordance with the beneficiary designation and the provisions respecting such payment which may be prescribed herem and effective at the time of payment. If no such designation or provision is then effective, such indemnity shall be payable to the estate of the insured. Any other accrued indemnities unpaid at the insured's death may, at the option of the insurer, be paid either to such beneficiary or to such estate. All other indemnities will be payable to the insured.

The following provisions, or either of them, may be included with the foregoing provision at the option of the insurer

If any indemnity of this policy shall be payable to the estate of the insured, or to an insured or beneficiary who is a minor or otherwise not competent to give a valid release, the insurer may pay such indemnity, up to an amount not exceeding \$ (insert an amount which shall not exceed \$1,000), to any relative by blood or connection by marriage of the insured or beneficiary who is deemed by the insurer to be equitably entitled thereto. Any payment made by the insurer in good faith pursuant to this provision shall fully discharge the misurer to the extent of such payment.

Subject to any written direction of the insured in the application or otherwise all or a portion of any indemnities provided by this pohey on account of hospital, nursing, medical, or surgical services may, at the insurer's option and unless the insured requests otherwise in writing not later than the time of filing proofs of such loss, be paid directly to the hospital or person rendering such services, but it is not required that the service be rendered by a particular hospital or person

(10) A provision as follows

PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS AND AUTOPSY The insurer at its own expense shall have the right and opportunity to examine the person of the insured when and as often as it may reasonably require during the pendency of a claim hereunder and to make an autopsy m case of death where it is not forbidden by law

(11) A provision as follows

LEGAL ACTIONS No action at law or in equity shall be brought to recover on this pohcy prior to the expiration of 60 days after written proof of loss has been furnished in accordance with the requirements of this policy. No such action shall be brought after the expiration of three years after the time written proof of loss is required to be furnished.

(12) A provision as follows

CHANGE OF BENEFICIARY Unless the insured makes an irrevocable designation of beneficiary, the right to change of beneficiary is reserved to the insured and the consent of the beneficiary or beneficiaries shall not be requisite to surrender or assignment of this policy or to any change of beneficiary or beneficiaries, or to any other changes in this policy. The first clause of this provision, relating to the irrevocable designation of beneficiary, may be omitted at the insurer's option

Subd 3 Optional provisions Except as provided in subdivision 4, no such policy delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state shall contain provisions respecting the matters set forth below unless such provisions are in the words in which the same appear in this section. The insurer may, at its option, use in lieu of any such provision a corresponding provision of different wording approved by the commissioner which is not less favorable in any respect to the insured or the beneficiary. Any such provision contained in the policy shall be preceded individually by the appropriate caption appearing in this subdivision or, at the option of the insurer, by such appropriate individual or group captions or subcaptions as the commissioner may approve

(1) A provision as follows

CHANGE OF OCCUPATION If the insured be injured or contract sickness after having changed occupations to one classified by the insurer as more hazardous than that stated in this policy or while doing for compensation anything pertaining to an occupation so classified, the insurer will pay only such portion of the indemnities provided in this policy as the premiums paid would have purchased at the rates and within the limits fixed by the insurer for such more hazardous occupation. If the insured changes occupations to one classified by the msurer as less hazardous than that stated in this policy, the insurer, upon receipt of proof of such change of occupation will reduce the premium rate accordingly, and will return the excess pro rata unearned premium from the date of change of occupation or from the pohcy anniversary date immediately preceding receipt of such proof, whichever is the more recent. In applying this provision, the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates shall be such as have been last filed by the insurer prior to the occurrence of the loss for which the insurer is liable or prior to date of proof of change m occupation with the state official having supervision of insurance in the state where the insured resided at the time this policy was issued, but if such filing was not required, then the classification of occupational risk and the premium rates shall be those last made effective by the insurer in such state prior to the occurrence of the loss or prior to the date of proof of change of occupation

(2) A provision as follows

MISSTATEMENT OF AGE If the age of the msured has been misstated, all amounts payable under this policy shall be such as the premium paid would have purchased at the correct age

(3) A provision as follows

OTHER INSURANCE IN THIS INSURER If an accident or sickness or accident and sickness policy or policies previously issued by the insurer to the msured be m force concurrently herewith, making the aggregate indemnity for (insert type of coverage or coverages) in excess of \$ (insert maximum limit of indemnity or indemnities) the excess insurance shall be void and all premiums paid for such excess shall be returned to the insured or to the insured's estate, or, in lieu thereof

Insurance effective at any one time on the msured under a like policy or policies in this msurer is limited to the one such policy elected by the insured, or the insured's beneficiary or estate, as the case may be, and the insurer will return all premiums paid for all other such policies

(4) A provision as follows

INSURANCE WITH OTHER INSURERS If there be other vahid coverage, not with this insurer, providing benefits for the same loss on a provision of service basis or on an expense incurred basis and of which this insurer has not been given written notice prior to the occurrence or commencement of loss, the only liability under any expense incurred coverage of this policy shall be for such proportion of the loss as the

amount which would otherwise have been payable hereunder plus the total of the like amounts under all such other valid coverages for the same loss of which this insurer had notice bears to the total like amounts under all valid coverages for such loss, and for the return of such portion of the premiums paid as shall exceed the pro rata portion for the amount so determined For the purpose of applying this provision when other coverage is on a provision of service basis, the "like amount" of such other coverage shall be taken as the amount which the services rendered would have cost in the absence of such coverage

If the foregoing policy provision is included in a policy which also contains the next following policy provision there shall be added to the caption of the foregoing provision the phrase "EXPENSE INCURRED BENEFITS" The insurer may, at its option, include in this provision a definition of "other valid coverage," approved as to form by the commissioner, which definition shall be limited in subject matter to coverage provided by organizations subject to regulation by msurance law or by msurance authorities of this or any other state of the Umted States or any province of Canada, and by hospital or medical service organizations, and to any other coverage the inclusion of which may be approved by the commissioner. In the absence of such definition such term shall not include group msurance, automobile medical payments insurance, or coverage provided by hospital or medical service organizations or by union welfare plans or employer or employee benefit organizations. For the purpose of applying the foregoing policy provision with respect to any insured, any amount of benefit provided for such insured pursuant to any compulsory benefit statute (including any workers' compensation or employer's liability statute) whether provided by a governmental agency or otherwise shall in all cases be deemed to be "other valid coverage" of which the insurer has had notice. In applying the foregoing policy provision no third party liability coverage shall be included as "other valid coverage"

(5) A provision as follows

INSURANCE WITH OTHER INSURERS If there be other valid coverage, not with this msurer, providing benefits for the same loss on other than an expense mcurred basis and of which this msurer has not been given written notice prior to the occurrence or commencement of loss, the only liability for such benefits under this policy shall be for such proportion of the indemnities otherwise provided hereunder for such loss as the like indemnities of which the msurer had notice (including the indemnities under this policy) bear to the total amount of all like indemnities for such loss, and for the return of such portion of the premium paid as shall exceed the pro rata portion for the indemnities thus determined

If the foregomg policy provision is included in a policy which also contains the next preceding policy provision there shall be added to the caption of the foregoing provision the phrase - "OTHER BENEFITS" The insurer may, at its option, include in this provision a definition of 'other valid coverage, approved as to form by the commissioner, which definition shall be limited in subject matter to coverage provided by organizations subject to regulation by insurance law or by insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United States or any province of Canada, and to any other coverage the inclusion of which may be approved by the commissioner. In the absence of such definition such term shall not include group msurance, or benefits provided by union welfare plans or by employer or employee benefit organizations. For the purpose of applying the foregoing policy provision with respect to any msured, any amount of benefit provided for such insured pursuant to any compulsory benefit statute (including any workers' compensation or employer's liability statute) whether provided by a governmental agency or otherwise shall in all cases be deemed to be "other valid coverage" of which the insurer has had notice. In applying the foregoing policy provision no third party liability coverage shall be included as "other valid coverage"

(6) A provision as follows

RELATION OF EARNINGS TO INSURANCE If the total monthly amount of loss of time benefits promised for the same loss under all valid loss of time coverage upon the insured, whether payable on a weekly or monthly basis, shall exceed the

monthly earnings of the insured at the time disability commenced or the insured's average monthly earnings for the period of two years immediately preceding a disability for which claim is made, whichever is the greater, the insurer will be liable only for such proportionate amount of such benefits under this policy as the amount of such monthly earnings or such average monthly earnings of the msured bears to the total amount of monthly benefits for the same loss under all such coverage upon the insured at the time such disability commences and for the return of such part of the premiums paid during such two years as shall exceed the pro rata amount of the premiums for the benefits actually paid hereunder, but this shall not operate to reduce the total monthly amount of benefits payable under all such coverage upon the insured below the sum of \$200 or the sum of the monthly benefits specified in such coverages, whichever is the lesser, nor shall it operate to reduce benefits other than those payable for loss of time

The foregoing policy provision may be inserted only m a policy which the msured has the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premiums (1) until at least age 50, or, (2) in the case of a policy issued after age 44, for at least five years from its date of issue. The msurer may, at its option, include m this provision a definition of "valid loss of time coverage," approved as to form by the commissioner, which definition shall be hmited in subject matter to coverage provided by governmental agencies or by organizations subject to regulation by msurance law or by insurance authorities of this or any other state of the United States or any province of Canada, or to any other coverage the inclusion of which may be approved by the commissioner or any combination of such coverages. In the absence of such definition such term shall not include any coverage provided for such insured pursuant to any compulsory benefit statute (including any workers' compensation or employer's liability statute), or benefits provided by union welfare plans or by employer or employee benefit organizations

(7) A provision as follows

UNPAID PREMIUM Upon the payment of a claim under this policy, any premium then due and unpaid or covered by any note or written order may be deducted therefrom

(8) A provision as follows

CANCELLATION The insurer may cancel this policy at any time by written notice delivered to the insured or mailed to the insured's last address as shown by the records of the insurer, stating when, not less than five days thereafter, such cancellation shall be effective, and after the policy has been continued beyond its original term the msured may cancel this policy at any time by written notice delivered or mailed to the insurer, effective upon receipt or on such later date as may be specified in such notice. In the event of cancellation, the msurer will return promptly the unearned portion of any premium paid Regardless of whether it is the insurer or the insured who cancels, the earned premium shall be computed pro rata, unless the mode of payment is monthly or less, or if the unearned amount is for less than one month Cancellation shall be without prejudice to any claim originating prior to the effective date of cancellation

(9) A provision as follows

CONFORMITY WITH STATE STATUTES Any provision of this policy which, on its effective date, is in conflict with the statutes of the state in which the insured resides on such date is hereby amended to conform to the minimum requirements of such statutes

(10) A provision as follows

ILLEGAL OCCUPATION The insurer shall not be liable for any loss to which a contributing cause was the insured's commission of or attempt to commit a felony or to which a contributing cause was the insured's being engaged in an illegal occupation

(11) A provision as follows

- NARCOTICS The insurer shall not be liable for any loss sustained or contracted in consequence of the insured's being under the influence of any narcotic unless administered on the advice of a physician
- Subd 4 Coverage inconsistent If any provision of this section is in whole or in part inapplicable to or inconsistent with the coverage provided by a particular form of policy the insurer, with the approval of the commissioner, shall omit from such policy any inapplicable provision or part of a provision, and shall modify any inconsistent provision or part of the provision in such manner as to make the provision as contained in the policy consistent with the coverage provided by the policy
- Subd 5 **Order of provisions** The provisions which are the subject of subdivisions 2 and 3, or any corresponding provisions which are used in lieu thereof in accordance with subdivisions 2 and 3, shall be printed in the consecutive order of the provisions in subdivisions 2 and 3 or, at the option of the insurer, any such provision may appear as a unit in any part of the policy, with other provisions to which it may be logically related, provided the resulting policy shall not be in whole or in part unintelligible, uncertain, ambiguous, abstruse, or likely to mislead a person to whom the policy is offered, delivered or issued
- Subd 6 Applicant other than insured The word "insured," as used in sections 62A 01 to 62A 09, shall not be construed as preventing a person other than the msured with a proper insurable interest from making application for and owning a policy covering the insured or from being entitled under such a policy to any indemnities, benefits and rights provided therein
- Subd 7 Reciprocal provisions, foreign insurer Any policy of a foreign or alien insurer, when delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state, may contain any provision which is not less favorable to the insured or the beneficiary than the provisions of sections 62A 01 to 62A 09 hereof, and which is prescribed or required by the law of the state under which the msurer is organized
- Subd 8 Reciprocal provisions, domestic insurer Any policy of a domestic insurer may, when issued for delivery in any other state or country, contain any provision permitted or required by the laws of such other state or country
- Subd 9 Rules The commissioner may make such reasonable rules concerning the procedure for the filing or submission of policies subject to sections $62A\,01$ to $62A\,09$, as are necessary, proper or advisable to the administration of sections $62A\,01$ to $62A\,09$ This provision shall not abridge any other authority granted the commissioner by law
- Subd 10 **Return of premium** A pohcy of accident and sickness msurance as defined in section 62A 01 may contain or may be amended by rider to provide for a return of premium benefit so long as
- (1) the return of premium benefit is not applicable until the policy has been in force for five years,
- (2) the return of premium benefit is not reduced by an amount greater than the aggregate of any claims paid under the policy,
- (3) the return of premium benefit is not included in or used with a policy with benefits that are reduced based on an insured's age,
- (4) the return of premium benefit is not payable in lieu of benefits at the option of the insurer,
- (5) the insurer demonstrates that the reserve basis for such benefit is adequate, and
- (6) the cost of the benefit is disclosed to the insured and the insured is given the option of the coverage
- **History** 1967 c 395 art 3 s 4, 1975 c 359 s 23, 1985 c 248 s 70, 1986 c 444, 1988 c 642 s 1, 1995 c 75 s 1, 1999 c 177 s 37

62A 041 MATERNITY BENEFITS

Subdivision 1 Discrimination prohibited against unmarried women Each group policy of accident and health insurance and each group health maintenance contract shall provide the same coverage for maternity benefits to unmarried women and minor female dependents that it provides to married women including the wives of employees choosing dependent family coverage. If an unmarried insured or an unmarried enrollee is a parent of a dependent child, each group policy and each group contract shall provide the same coverage for that child as that provided for the child of a married employee choosing dependent family coverage if the misured or the enrollee elects dependent family coverage.

Each individual pohcy of accident and health msurance and each individual health maintenance contract shall provide the same coverage for maternity benefits to unmarried women and mmor female dependents as that provided for married women If an unmarried insured or an unmarried enrollee is a parent of a dependent child, each individual policy and each individual contract shall also provide the same coverage for that child as that provided for the child of a married insured or a married enrollee choosing dependent family coverage if the insured or the enrollee elects dependent family coverage

Subd 2 Limitation on coverage prohibited Each group policy of accident and health insurance, except for policies which only provide coverage for specified diseases, or each group subscriber contract of accident and health msurance or health maintenance contract, issued or renewed after August 1, 1987, shall include maternity benefits in the same manner as any other illness covered under the policy or contract

Subd 3 **Abortion** For the purposes of this section, the term "maternity benefits" shall not include elective, induced abortion whether performed in a hospital, other abortion facility, or the office of a physician

This section applies to policies and contracts issued, delivered, or renewed after August 1, 1985, that cover Minnesota residents

History 1971 c 680 s 1, 1973 c 651 s 1, 1976 c 121 s 3, 1980 c 589 s 25, 1984 c 464 s 2, 1986 c 397 s 1, 1987 c 337 s 45, 1989 c 330 s 9

62A 0411 MATERNITY CARE

Every health plan as defined in section 62Q 01, subdivision 3, that provides maternity benefits must, consistent with other coinsurance, copayment, deductible, and related contract terms, provide coverage of a minimum of 48 hours of inpatient care following a vaginal delivery and a minimum of 96 hours of inpatient care following a caesarean section for a mother and her newborn. The health plan shall not provide any compensation or other nonmedical remuneration to encourage a mother and newborn to leave inpatient care before the duration minimums specified in this section

The health plan must also provide coverage for postdelivery care to a mother and her newborn if the duration of inpatient care is less than the minimums provided in this section

Postdelivery care consists of a minimum of one home visit by a registered nurse Services provided by the registered nurse mclude, but are not limited to, parent education, assistance and training in breast and bottle feeding, and conducting any necessary and appropriate clinical tests. The home visit must be conducted within four days following the discharge of the mother and her child

History 1996 c 335 s 1

62A 042 FAMILY COVERAGE, COVERAGE OF NEWBORN INFANTS

Subdivision 1 Individual family policies (a) No policy of individual accident and sickness insurance which provides for insurance for more than one person under section 62A 03, subdivision 1, clause (3), and no individual health maintenance contract which provides for coverage for more than one person under chapter 62D, shall be renewed to insure or cover any person m this state or be delivered or issued for

delivery to any person in this state unless the policy or contract includes as insured or covered members of the family any newborn infants immediately from the moment of birth and thereafter which insurance or contract shall provide coverage for illness, injury, congenital malformation, or premature birth. For purposes of this paragraph, "newborn infants" includes grandchildren who are financially dependent upon a covered grandparent and who reside with that covered grandparent continuously from birth. No policy or contract covered by this section may require notification to a health carrier as a condition for this dependent coverage. However, if the policy or contract mandates an additional premium for each dependent, the health carrier shall be entitled to all premiums that would have been collected had the health carrier been aware of the additional dependent. The health carrier may withhold payment of any health benefits for the new dependent until it has been compensated with the applicable premium which would have been owed if the health carrier had been informed of the additional dependent immediately

- (b) The coverage under paragraph (a) includes benefits for inpatient or outpatient expenses arising from medical and dental treatment up to age 18, including orthodontic and oral surgery treatment, involved in the management of birth defects known as cleft lip and cleft palate. If orthodontic services are eligible for coverage under a dental misurance plan and another policy or contract, the dental plan shall be primary and the other policy or contract shall be secondary in regard to the coverage required under paragraph (a) Payment for dental or orthodontic treatment not related to the management of the congenital condition of cleft hp and cleft palate shall not be covered under this provision
- Subd 2 Group policies (a) No group accident and sickness insurance pohcy and no group health maintenance contract which provide for coverage of family members or other dependents of an employee or other member of the covered group shall be renewed to cover members of a group located in this state or delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state unless the policy or contract includes as msured or covered family members or dependents any newborn infants immediately from the moment of birth and thereafter which insurance or contract shall provide coverage for illness, injury, congenital malformation, or premature birth. For purposes of this paragraph 'newborn infants includes grandchildren who are financially dependent upon a covered grandparent and who reside with that covered grandparent continuous ly from birth No policy or contract covered by this section may require notification to a health carrier as a condition for this dependent coverage. However, if the policy or contract mandates an additional premium for each dependent, the health carrier shall be entitled to all premiums that would have been collected had the health carrier been aware of the additional dependent. The health carrier may reduce the health benefits owed to the msured, certificate holder, member, or subscriber by the amount of past due premiums applicable to the additional dependent
- (b) The coverage under paragraph (a) includes benefits for inpatient or outpatient expenses arising from medical and dental treatment up to age 18, including orthodontic and oral surgery treatment, involved in the management of birth defects known as cleft lip and cleft palate. If orthodontic services are eligible for coverage under a dental insurance plan and another policy or contract, the dental plan shall be primary and the other policy or contract shall be secondary in regard to the coverage required under paragraph (a) Payment for dental or orthodontic treatment not related to the management of the congenital condition of cleft hp and cleft palate shall not be covered under this provision

History 1973 c 303 s 1, 1984 c 464 s 3, 1988 c 656 s 1, 1995 c 258 s 22, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 23

62A 043 DENTAL PROCEDURES AND COVERAGE OF PODIATRY

Subdivision 1 The provisions of this section shall apply to all individual or group policies or subscriber contracts providing payment for care in this state, which policies or contracts are issued or renewed after August 1, 1976 by an accident and health

insurance company regulated under this chapter, or a nonprofit health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C

Subd 2 Any pohcy or contract referred to m subdivision 1 which provides coverage for services which can be lawfully performed within the scope of the heense of a duly heensed dentist or podiatrist, shall provide benefits for such services whether performed by a duly licensed physician, dentist or podiatrist

Subd 3 Except for policies which only provide coverage for specified diseases, no policy or certificate of health, medical, hospitalization, or accident and sickness insurance regulated under this chapter, or subscriber contract provided by a nonprofit health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C, or health maintenance organization regulated under chapter 62D, shall be issued, renewed, continued, delivered, issued for delivery, or executed in this state after August 1, 1987, unless the policy, plan, or contract specifically provides coverage for surgical and nonsurgical treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder and cramomandibular disorder Coverage shall be the same as that for treatment to any other joint m the body, and shall apply if the treatment is administered or prescribed by a physician or dentist

History 1973 c 430 s 1, 1976 c 207 s 1, 1987 c 337 s 46

62A 044 PAYMENTS TO GOVERNMENTAL INSTITUTIONS

No group or individual policy of accident and sickness insurance issued or renewed after May 22, 1973, pursuant to this chapter, no group or individual service plan or subscriber contract issued or renewed after May 22, 1973, pursuant to chapter 62C, and no group or individual health maintenance contract issued or renewed after August 1, 1984, pursuant to chapter 62D, shall contain any provision excluding, denying, or prohibiting payments for covered and authorized services rendered or paid by a hospital or medical institution owned or operated by the federal, state, or local government, including correctional facilities, or practitioners therein in any instance wherein charges for such services are imposed against the pohcy holder, subscriber, or enrollee The unit of government operating the institution may maintain an action for recovery of such charges

History 1973 c 471 s 1, 1984 c 464 s 4, 1988 c 656 s 2

62A 045 PAYMENTS ON BEHALF OF ENROLLEES IN GOVERNMENT HEALTH PROGRAMS

- (a) No health plan issued or renewed to provide coverage to a Minnesota resident shall contain any provision denying or reducing benefits because services are rendered to a person who is eligible for or receiving medical benefits pursuant to title XIX of the Social Security Act (Medicaid) in this or any other state, chapter 256, 256B, or 256D or services pursuant to section 252 27, 256L 01 to 256L 10, 260B 331, subdivision 2, 260C 331, subdivision 2, or 393 07, subdivision 1 or 2 No health carrier providing benefits under plans covered by this section shall use eligibility for medical programs named in this section as an underwriting guideline or reason for nonacceptance of the risk
- (b) If payment for covered expenses has been made under state medical programs for health care items or services provided to an individual, and a third party has a legal liability to make payments, the rights of payment and appeal of an adverse coverage decision for the individual, or m the case of a child their responsible relative or caretaker, will be subrogated to the state agency. The state agency may assert its rights under this section within three years of the date the service was rendered. For purposes of this section, "state agency" includes prepaid health plans under contract with the commissioner according to sections 256B 69, 256D 03, subdivision 4, paragraph (d), and 256L 12, children's mental health collaboratives under section 245 493, demonstration projects for persons with disabilities under section 256B 77, nursing homes under the alternative payment demonstration project under section 256B 434, and county based purchasing entities under section 256B 692

- (c) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, when a person covered by a health plan receives medical benefits according to any statute listed in this section, payment for covered services or notice of denial for services billed by the provider must be issued directly to the provider. If a person was receiving medical benefits through the department of human services at the time a service was provided, the provider must indicate this benefit coverage on any claim forms submitted by the provider to the health carrier for those services. If the commissioner of human services notifies the health carrier that the commissioner has made payments to the provider, payment for benefits or notices of denials issued by the health carrier must be issued directly to the commissioner. Submission by the department to the health carrier of the claim on a department of human services claim form is proper notice and shall be considered proof of payment of the claim to the provider and supersedes any contract requirements of the health carrier relating to the form of submission. Liability to the insured for coverage is satisfied to the extent that payments for those benefits are made by the health carrier to the provider or the commissioner as required by this section
- (d) When a state agency has acquired the rights of an individual eligible for medical programs named in this section and has health benefits coverage through a health carrier, the health carrier shall not impose requirements that are different from requirements applicable to an agent or assignee of any other individual covered
- (e) For the purpose of this section, health plan includes coverage offered by community integrated service networks, any plan governed under the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), United States Code, title 29, sections 1001 to 1461, and coverage offered under the exclusions listed in section 62A 011, subdivision 3, clauses (2), (6), (9), (10), and (12)

History 1975 c 247 s 1, 1979 c 174 s 1, 1989 c 282 art 3 s 1, 1990 c 426 art 2 s 2, 1992 c 549 art 4 s 19, 18p1993 c 1 art 5 s 1, 1995 c 207 art 10 s 1, 1997 c 225 art 2 s 62, 1999 c 139 art 4 s 2, 1999 c 245 art 4 s 1

62A 046 COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

Subdivision 1 **Limitation on denial of coverage, payment** No group contract providing coverage for hospital and medical treatment or expenses issued or renewed after August 1, 1984, which is responsible for secondary coverage for services provided, may deny coverage or payment of the amount it owes as a secondary payor solely on the basis of the failure of another group contract, which is responsible for primary coverage, to pay for those services

- Subd 2 **Dependent coverage** A group contract which provides coverage of a claimant as a dependent of a parent who has legal responsibility for the dependent's medical care pursuant to a court order under section 518 171 must make payments directly to the provider of care, the custodial parent, or the department of human services pursuant to section 62A 045 In such cases, liability to the insured is satisfied to the extent of benefit payments made under this section
- Subd 3 **Application** This section applies to an insurer, a vendor of risk management services regulated under section 60A 23, a nonprofit health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C and a health maintenance organization regulated under chapter 62D Nothing in this section shall require a secondary payor to pay the obligations of the primary payor nor shall it prevent the secondary payor from recovering from the primary payor the amount of any obligation of the primary payor that the secondary payor elects to pay
- Subd 4 **Deductible provision** Payments made by an enrollee or by the commissioner on behalf of an enrollee in the MinnesotaCare program under sections 256L 01 to 256L 10, or a person receiving benefits under chapter 256B or 256D, for services that are covered by the policy or plan of health insurance shall, for purposes of the deductible, be treated as if made by the msured
- Subd 5 Payment recovery The commissioner of human services shall recover payments made by the MinnesotaCare program from the responsible msurer, for

services provided by the MinnesotaCare program and covered by the pohcy or plan of health msurance

Subd 6 Coordination of benefits Insurers, vendors of risk management services, nonprofit health service plan corporations, fraternals, and health maintenance organizations may coordinate benefits to prohibit greater than 100 percent coverage when an insured, subscriber, or enrollee is covered by both an individual and a group contract providing coverage for hospital and medical treatment or expenses Benefits coordinated under this paragraph must provide for 100 percent coverage of an insured, subscriber, or enrollee To the extent appropriate, all coordination of benefits provisions currently applicable by law or rule to insurers, vendors of risk management services, nonprofit health service plan corporations, fraternals, and health maintenance organizations, shall apply to coordination of benefits between individual and group contracts, except that the group contract shall always be the primary plan This paragraph does not apply to specified accident, hospital indemnity, specified disease, or other limited benefit insurance pohcies

History 1984 c 538 s 2, 1984 c 655 art 2 s 6 subd 1, 1987 c 370 art 2 s 1, 1989 c 282 art 3 s 2, 1990 c 404 s 1, 1992 c 549 art 4 s 19, 1995 c 207 art 10 s 2, 1995 c 234 art 8 s 56

62A 047 CHILDREN'S HEALTH SUPERVISION SERVICES AND PRENATAL CARE SERVICES

A policy of individual or group health and accident msurance regulated under this chapter, or individual or group subscriber contract regulated under chapter 62C, health maintenance contract regulated under chapter 62D, or health benefit certificate regulated under chapter 64B, issued, renewed, or continued to provide coverage to a Minnesota resident, must provide coverage for child health supervision services and prenatal care services. The policy, contract, or certificate must specifically exempt reasonable and customary charges for child health supervision services and prenatal care services from a deductible, copayment, or other coinsurance or dollar limitation requirement This section does not prohibit the use of pohcy waiting periods or preexisting condition limitations for these services. Minimum benefits may be limited to one visit payable to one provider for all of the services provided at each visit cited in this section subject to the schedule set forth in this section. Nothing in this section applies to a commercial health misurance policy issued as a companion to a health maintenance organization contract, a policy designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity, or nonexpense incurred basis, or a policy that provides only accident coverage

"Child health supervision services" means pediatric preventive services, appropriate immunizations, developmental assessments, and laboratory services appropriate to the age of a child from birth to age six, and appropriate immunizations from ages six to 18, as defined by Standards of Child Health Care issued by the American Academy of Pediatrics Reimbursement must be made for at least five child health supervision visits from birth to 12 months, three child health supervision visits from 12 months to 24 months, once a year from 24 months to 72 months

"Prenatal care services" means the comprehensive package of medical and psychosocial support provided throughout the pregnancy, including risk assessment, serial surveillance, prenatal education, and use of specialized skills and technology, when needed, as defined by Standards for Obstetric Gynecologic Services issued by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists

History 1988 c 571 s 1, 1989 c 69 s 1, 1994 c 485 s 26, 1996 c 465 art 5 s 1

62A 048 DEPENDENT COVERAGE

(a) A health plan that covers a Minnesota resident must, if it provides dependent coverage, allow dependent children who do not reside with the participant to be covered on the same basis as if they reside with the participant Every health plan must provide coverage in accordance with section 518 171 to dependents covered by a qualified court or administrative order meeting the requirements of section 518 171,

and enrollment of a child cannot be denied on the basis that the child was born out of wedlock, the child is not claimed as a dependent on a parent's federal income tax return, or the child does not reside with the parent or in the health carrier's service area.

(b) For the purpose of this section, health plan includes coverage offered by community integrated service networks coverage designed solely to provide dental or vision care, and any plan governed under the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), United States Code, title 29, sections 1001 to 1461

History 1988 c 689 art 2 s 6, 1995 c 207 art 10 s 3, 1997 c 225 art 2 s 62

62A 049 LIMITATION ON PREAUTHORIZATIONS, EMERGENCIES

No pohcy of accident and sickness msurance or group subscriber contract regulat ed under chapter 62C issued or renewed in this state may contain a provision that makes an insured person ineligible to receive full benefits because of the msured's failure to obtain preauthorization, if that failure occurs because of the need for emergency confinement or emergency treatment. The insured or an authorized representative of the msured shall notify the insurer as soon after the beginning of emergency confinement or emergency treatment as reasonably possible. However, to the extent that the insurer suffers actual prejudice caused by the failure to obtain preauthorization, the insured may be denied all or part of the insured's benefits. This provision does not apply to admissions for treatment of chemical dependency and nervous and mental disorders.

History 1989 c 330 s 10

62A 05 CONSTRUCTION OF PROVISIONS

Subdivision 1 No policy provision which is not subject to section 62A 04 shall make a policy, or any portion thereof, less favorable in any respect to the msured or the beneficiary than the provisions thereof which are subject to sections 62A 01 to 62A 09 hereof

Subd 2 A policy delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state in violation of sections 62A 01 to 62A 09 hereof, shall be held valid but shall be construed as provided in sections 62A 01 to 62A 09 hereof. When any provision in a policy subject to sections 62A 01 to 62A 09 hereof, is in conflict with any provision of sections 62A 01 to 62A 09 hereof, the rights, duties and obligations of the insurer, the insured and the beneficiary shall be governed by the provisions of sections 62A 01 to 62A 09 hereof

62A 06 STATEMENTS IN APPLICATION

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 5

Subdivision 1 **Inclusion in policy** The msured shall not be bound by any statement made in an application for a policy unless a copy of such application is attached to or endorsed on the policy when issued as a part thereof. If any such policy delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state shall be reinstated or renewed, and the insured or the beneficiary or assignee of such policy shall make written request to the insurer for a copy of the application, if any, for such reinstatement or renewal, the insurer shall within 15 days after the receipt of such request at its home office or any branch office of the insurer, deliver or mail to the person making such request, a copy of such application. If such copy shall not be so delivered or mailed, the insurer shall be precluded from introducing such application as evidence in any action or proceeding based upon or involving such policy or its reinstatement or renewal

Subd 2 **Alterations** No alteration of any written application for any such policy shall be made by any person other than the applicant without written consent, except that insertions may be made by the insurer, for administrative purposes only, in such manner as to indicate clearly that such insertions are not to be ascribed to the applicant

Subd 3 **Effect of applicant's statement** The falsity of any statement in the application for any policy covered by sections 62A 01 to 62A 09 hereof, may not bar the right to recovery thereunder unless such false statement materially affected either the acceptance of the risk or the hazard assumed by the msurer

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 6, 1986 c 444

62A 07 RIGHTS OF INSURER, WHEN NOT WAIVED

The acknowledgment by an insurer of the receipt of notice given under any policy covered by sections 62A 01 to 62A 09 hereof, or the furnishing of forms for filing proofs of loss, or the acceptance of such proofs, or the investigation of any claim thereunder shall not operate as a waiver of any of the rights of the insurer in defense of any claim arising under such policy

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 7

62A 08 COVERAGE OF POLICY, CONTINUANCE IN FORCE

If any such policy contains a provision establishing, as an age limit or otherwise, a date after which the coverage provided by the policy will not be effective, and if such date falls within a period for which premium is accepted by the insurer or if the insurer accepts a premium after such date, the coverage provided by the policy will continue in force subject to any right of cancellation until the end of the period for which premium has been accepted. In the event the age of the insured has been misstated and if, according to the correct age of the insured, the pohcy would not have been issued, the insurer may, within 90 days of discovering the misstatement, limit its liability to a refund of all premiums paid. In all other instances the msurer may either adjust the premium to reflect the actual age of the insured or adjust the benefits to reflect the actual age and the premium.

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 8, 1989 c 330 s 11

62A 081 PAYMENTS TO FACILITIES OPERATED BY STATE OR LOCAL GOV ERNMENT

Every group or individual policy of accident and sickness insurance issued or renewed after July 1, 1973 regulated by this chapter, and every group or individual service plan or subscriber contract issued or renewed after July 1, 1973 regulated by chapter 62C, providing care or payment for care in this state, shall provide payments for services rendered by a hospital or medical facility owned or operated by, or on behalf of, the state or any unit of local government, or practitioners therein, on the same basis as are made for like care in other facilities. The unit of government concerned may maintain an action for recovery of such payments

History 1973 c 765 s 24

62A 09 LIMITATION

Nothing in sections 62A 01, 62A 02, 62A 03, 62A 04, 62A 05, 62A 06, 62A 07, and 62A 08 shall apply to or affect

- (1) any policy of workers' compensation insurance or any policy of casualty or fire and allied lines insurance with or without supplementary coverage therein, or
 - (2) any policy or contract of remsurance, or
 - (3) any group policy of insurance, except when specifically referred to, or
- (4) life insurance, endowment or annuity contracts, or contracts supplemental thereto which contain only such provisions relating to accident and sickness insurance as (a) provide additional benefits in case of death or dismemberment or loss of sight by accident, or as (b) operate to safeguard such contracts against lapse or to give a special surrender value or special benefit or an annuity in the event that the insured or

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annuitant shall become totally and permanently disabled, as defined by the contract or supplemental contract

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 9, 1975 c 359 s 23, 1989 c 330 s 12

62A 095 SUBROGATION CLAUSES REGULATED

Subdivision 1 **Applicability** No health plan shall be offered, sold, or issued to a resident of this state, or to cover a resident of this state, unless the health plan complies with subdivision 2

- Subd 2 **Subrogation clause, limits** No health plan described in subdivision 1 shall contain a subrogation, reimbursement, or similar clause that provides subrogation, reimbursement, or similar rights to the health carrier issuing the health plan, unless
- (1) the clause provides that it applies only after the covered person has received a full recovery from another source, and
- (2) the clause provides that the health carrier's subrogation right is subject to subtraction for actual monies paid to account for the pro rata share of the covered person's costs, disbursements, and reasonable attorney fees, and other expenses in curred in obtaining the recovery from another source unless the health carrier is separately represented by an attorney

If the health carrier is separately represented by an attorney, the health carrier and the covered person, by their attorneys, may enter into an agreement regarding allocation of the covered person's costs, disbursements, and reasonable attorney fees and other expenses If the health carrier and covered person cannot reach agreement on allocation, the health carrier and covered person shall submit the matter to binding arbitration

Nothing in this section shall limit a health carrier's right to recovery from another source which may otherwise exist at law

For the purposes of this section, full recovery does not include payments made by a health plan to or for the benefit of a covered person

Subd 3 **Retroactive amendments regulated** No addition of, or amendment of, a subrogation reimbursement or similar clause in a health plan shall be applied to the disadvantage of a covered person with respect to benefits provided by the health carrier m connection with an injury, illness, condition, or other covered situation that originated prior to the addition of or amendment to the clause

History 1995 c 219 s 1

62A 096 NOTICE TO INSURER OF SUBROGATION CLAIM REQUIRED

A person covered by a health carrier who makes a claim against a collateral source for damages that include repayment for medical and medically related expenses incurred for the covered person's benefit shall provide timely notice, in writing, to the health carrier of the pending or potential claim. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the statute of limitations applicable to the rights with respect to reimburse ment or subrogation by the health carrier against the covered person does not commence to run until the notice has been given

History 1995 c 219 s 2

62A 10 GROUP INSURANCE

Subdivision 1 Requirements Group accident and health insurance may be issued to cover groups of not less than two employees nor less than ten members, and which may include the employee's or member's dependents, consisting of husband, wife, children, and actual dependents residing in the household. The master policy may be issued to any governmental corporation, unit, agency, or department thereof, or to any corporation, copartnership, individual, employer, to a purchasing pool as described in section 62Q 17, to any association as defined by section 60A 02, subdivision 1a, or to a multiple employer trust, or to the trustee of a fund, established or adopted by two or

more employers or maintained for the benefit of members of an association, where officers, members, employees, or classes or divisions thereof, may be msured for their individual benefit

- Subd 2 Group accidental death and group disability income policies Group accidental death insurance and group disability income insurance policies may be issued in connection with first real estate mortgage loans to cover groups of not less than ten debtors of a creditor written under a master policy issued to a creditor to insure its debtors in connection with first real estate mortgage loans, in amounts not to exceed the actual or scheduled amount of their indebtedness. No other accident and health coverages may be issued in connection with first real estate mortgage loans on a group basis to a debtor creditor group
- Subd 3 Authority to issue Any insurer authorized to write accident and health insurance in this state shall have power to issue group accident and health policies
- Subd 4 **Policy forms** No pohcy or certificate of group accident and health insurance may be issued or delivered in this state unless the same has been approved by the commissioner in accordance with section 62A 02, subdivisions 1 to 6. These forms shall contain the standard provisions relating and applicable to health and accident insurance and shall conform with the other requirements of law relating to the contents and terms of policies of accident and sickness insurance msofar as they may be applicable to group accident and health insurance, and also the following provisions
- (1) Entire contract A provision that the pohcy and the apphication of the creditor, employer, trustee, or executive officer or trustee of any association, and the individual applications, if any, of the debtors, employees, or members, insured, shall constitute the entire contract between the parties, and that all statements made by the creditor, employer, trustee, or any executive officer or trustee on behalf of the group to be msured, shall, in the absence of fraud, be deemed representations and not warranties, and that no such statement shall be used in defense to a claim under the policy, unless it is contained in the written application,
- (2) Master policy certificates A provision that the msurer will issue a master policy to the creditor, employer, trustee, or to the executive officer or trustee of the association, and the msurer shall also issue to the creditor, the employer, trustee, or to the executive officer or trustee of the association, for delivery to the debtor, employee, or member, who is insured under the policy, an individual certificate setting forth a statement as to the msurance protection to which the debtor, employee, or member is entitled and to whom payable, together with a statement as to when and where the master policy, or a copy thereof, may be seen for inspection by the individual insured The individual certificate may contain the names of, and insure the dependents of, the employee, or member, as provided for herem,
- (3) **New insureds** A provision that to the group or class thereof originally insured may be added, from time to time, all new employees of the employer, members of the association, or debtors of the creditor eligible to and applying for insurance in that group or class and covered or to be covered by the master policy
- (4) Conversion privilege In the case of accidental death msurance and disability income msurance issued to debtors of a creditor, the policy must contain a conversion privilege permitting an insured debtor to convert, without evidence of insurability, to an individual policy withm 30 days of the date the msured debtor's group coverage is terminated, and not replaced with other group coverage, for any reason other than nonpayment of premiums. The individual policy must provide the same amount of msurance and be subject to the same terms and conditions as the group policy and the initial premium for the individual policy must be the same premium the msured debtor was paying under the group policy. This provision does not apply to a group policy which provides that the certificate holder may, upon termination of coverage under the group policy for any reason other than nonpayment of premium, retain coverage provided under the group policy by paying premiums directly to the msurer

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 10, 1973 c 303 s 2, 1986 c 444, 1992 c 564 art 1 s 30, 1995 c 234 art 7 s 2,3, 1995 c 258 s 23

62A 105 COVERAGES, TRANSFERS TO SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR PRODUCTS

Subdivision 1 **Scope** No individual policy of accident and sickness regulated under this chapter or subscriber contract regulated under chapter 62C shall be issued, renewed, or continued to provide coverage to a Minnesota resident unless it satisfies the requirements of subdivision 2

Subd 2 Requirement If an issuer of policies or plans referred to in subdivision 1 ceases to offer a particular policy or subscriber contract to the general public or otherwise stops adding new insureds to the group of covered persons, the issuer shall allow any covered person to transfer to another substantially similar policy or contract currently being sold by the issuer. The issuer shall permit the transfer without any preexisting condition limitation, waiting period, or other restriction of any type other than those which applied to the insured under the prior policy or contract. This section does not apply to persons who were covered under an individual policy or contract prior to July 1, 1994.

History 1994 c 485 s 27

62A 11 BLANKET ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE

Subdivision 1 **Requirements** Blanket accident and sickness insurance is hereby declared to be that form of accident and sickness msurance covering special groups of persons as enumerated in one of the following paragraphs

- (1) Under a policy issued to any common carrier, which shall be deemed the policyholder, covering a group defined as all or any class of persons who may become passengers on such common carrier
- (2) Under a policy issued to an employer, who shall be deemed the policyholder, covering all employees or any group of employees defined by reference to exceptional hazards incident to such employment
- (3) Under a policy issued to a college, school, or other institution of learning or to the head or principal thereof, who or which shall be deemed the policyholder, covering students or teachers
- (4) Under a policy issued in the name of any volunteer fire department, first aid, or other such volunteer group, which shall be deemed the policyholder, covering all of the members of such department or group
- (5) Under a policy issued to a sports team or to a camp, which team or camp or sponsor thereof shall be deemed the policyholder, covering members or campers
- (6) Under a policy issued to any other substantially similar group which, in the discretion of the commissioner, may be subject to the issuance of a blanket accident and sickness policy
- Subd 2 Authority Any insurer authorized to write accident and sickness insurance in this state shall have the power to issue blanket accident and sickness policies
- Subd 3 **Policy forms** No policy of blanket accident and sickness insurance may be issued or delivered in this state unless a copy of the form thereof has been approved by the commissioner and it contains in substance such of the provisions required for individual policies as may be applicable to blanket accident and sickness insurance and the following provisions
- (1) A provision that the policy and the appheation of the policyholder shall constitute the entire contract between the parties, and that, in the absence of fraud, all statements made by the policyholder shall be deemed representations and not warranties, and that no statement made for the purpose of affecting insurance shall avoid such insurance or reduce benefits unless contained in a written instrument signed by the policyholder, a copy of which has been furnished to such policyholder
- (2) A provision that to the group or class originally msured shall be added from time to time all new persons eligible for coverage

Subd 4 **Application**, **certificate** An individual application shall not be required from a person covered under a blanket accident and sickness policy, nor shall it be necessary for the insurer to furnish each person a certificate

Subd 5 Benefits All benefits under any blanket accident and sickness policy shall be payable to the person insured, or to a designated beneficiary, or beneficiaries, or to the insured's estate, except that if the person insured be a minor, such benefits may be made payable to the insured's parent, guardian, or other person actually supporting the msured Provided further, however, that the policy may provide that all or any portion of any indemnities provided by any such policy on account of hospital, nursing, medical or surgical services may, at the msurer's option, be paid directly to the hospital or person rendering such services, but the policy may not require that the services be rendered by a particular hospital or person Payment so made shall discharge the insurer's obligation with respect to the amount of insurance so paid

Subd 6 Legal liability Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to affect the legal liability of policyholders for the death of, or injury to, any such member of such group

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 11, 1986 c 444

62A 12 [Repealed, 1987 c 337 s 131]

62A 13 COMMERCIAL TRAVELER INSURANCE COMPANIES

Any domestic assessment, health or accident association now licensed to do business m this state, which confines its membership to commercial travelers, profes sionals, and others whose occupation is of such character as to be ordinarily classified as no more hazardous than commercial travelers, and which does not pay any other commissions or compensations, other than prizes to members of nominal value in proportion to the membership fees charged for securing new members, may issue certificates of membership, which, with the application of the member and the bylaws of the association, shall constitute the contract between the association and the member A printed copy of the bylaws and a copy of the application shall be attached to the membership certificate when issued, and a copy of any amendment to the bylaws shall be mailed to the members following their adoption Certified copies of certificate, bylaws and amendments shall be filed with the commissioner of commerce and subject to the commissioner's approval The bylaws shall conform to the requirements of this chapter, so far as applicable and wherever the word "pohcy" appears in this chapter, it shall, for the purpose of this section, be construed to mean the contract as herein defined

History 1967 c 395 art 3 s 13, 1983 c 289 s 114 subd 1, 1984 c 655 art 1 s 92, 1986 c 444

62A 135 FIXED INDEMNITY POLICIES, MINIMUM LOSS RATIOS

Subdivision 1 **Definitions** For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them

- (a) "fixed indemnity pohcy" is a policy form, other than an accidental death and dismemberment pohcy, a disability income policy, or a long-term care policy as defined in section 62A 46, subdivision 2, that pays a predetermined, specified, fixed benefit for services provided Claim costs under these forms are generally not subject to inflation, although they may be subject to changes in the utilization of health care services. For policy forms providing both expense-incurred and fixed benefits, the pohcy form is a fixed indemnity pohcy if 50 percent or more of the total claims are for predetermined, specified, fixed benefits,
- (b) "guaranteed renewable" means that, during the renewal period (to a specified age) renewal cannot be declined nor coverage changed by the msurer for any reason other than nonpayment of premiums, fraud, or misrepresentation, but the msurer can revise rates on a class basis upon approval by the commissioner,

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- (c) 'noncancelable" means that, during the renewal period (to a specified age) renewal cannot be declined nor coverage changed by the msurer for any reason other than nonpayment of premiums, fraud, or misrepresentation and that rates cannot be revised by the msurer. This includes policies that are guaranteed renewable to a specified age, such as 60 or 65, at guaranteed rates, and
- (d) "average annualized premium" means the average of the estimated annualized premium per covered person based on the anticipated distribution of business using all significant criteria having a price difference, such as age, sex, amount, dependent status, mode of payment, and rider frequency. For filing of rate revisions, the amount is the anticipated average assuming the revised rates have fully taken effect.
- Subd 2 **Applicability** This section applies to individual or group policies, certificates, or other evidence of coverage meeting the definition of a fixed indemnity policy, offered, issued, or renewed, to provide coverage to a Minnesota resident
- Subd 3 Minimum loss ratio standards Notwithstanding section 62A 02, subdivision 3, relating to loss ratios, the minimum loss ratios for fixed indemnity pohcies are
 - (1) as shown in the following table

Type of Coverage	Renewal Provision		
	Guaranteed Renewable	Noncancelable	
Group	75%	70%	
Individual	65%	60%	

or

(2) for policies or certificates where the average annualized premium is less than \$1,000, the average annualized premium less \$30, multiplied by the required loss ratio in clause (1), divided by the average annualized premium. However, in no event may the mmimum loss ratio be less than the required loss ratio from clause (1) minus ten percent.

The commissioner of commerce may adjust the constant dollar amounts provided in clause (2) on January 1 of any year, based upon changes in the CPI U, the consumer price index for all urban consumers, published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics Adjustments must be in increments of \$5 and must not be made unless at least that amount of adjustment is required to each amount

All rate filings must include a demonstration that the rates are not excessive. Rates are not excessive if the anticipated loss ratio and the lifetime anticipated loss ratio meet or exceed the minimum loss ratio standard in this subdivision.

- Subd 4 Renewal provision An insurer may only issue or renew an individual policy on a guaranteed renewable or noncancelable basis
- Subd 5 **Supplemental filings** Each insurer that has fixed indemnity policies in force in this state shall, upon request by the commissioner, submit, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, experience data showing its incurred claims, earned premiums, incurred to earned loss ratio, and the ratio of the actual loss ratio to the expected loss ratio for each fixed indemnity policy form in force in Minnesota. The experience data must be provided on both a Minnesota only and a national basis. If in the opinion of the company's actuary, the deviation of the actual loss ratio from the expected loss ratio for a policy form is due to unusual reserve fluctuations, economic conditions, or other nonrecurring conditions, the insurer should also file that opinion with appropriate justification

If the data submitted does not confirm that the msurer has satisfied the loss ratio requirements of this section, the commissioner shall notify the msurer in writing of the deficiency. The insurer shall have 30 days from the date of receipt of the commission er's notice to file amended rates that comply with this section or a request for an exemption with appropriate justification. If the insurer fails to file amended rates within the prescribed time and the commissioner does not exempt the policy form from

the need for a rate revision, the commissioner shall order that the msurer's filed rates for the nonconforming policy be reduced to an amount that would have resulted in a loss ratio that complied with this section had it been in effect for the reporting period of the supplement. The msurer's failure to file amended rates within the specified time of the issuance of the commissioner's order amending the rates does not preclude the msurer from filing an amendment of its rates at a later time.

Subd 6 **Penalties** Each sale of a policy that does not comply with the loss ratio requirements of this section is subject to the penalties in sections 72A 17 to 72A 32

Subd 7 Solicitations by mail or media advertisement For purposes of this section, fixed indemnity policies issued without the use of an agent as a result of solicitations of individuals through the mail or mass media advertising, including both print and broadcast advertising, must be treated as group policies

History 1991 c 325 art 21 s 5, 1995 c 258 s 24, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 26, 1999 c 177 s 38

62A 136 DENTAL AND VISION PLAN COVERAGE

The following provisions do not apply to health plans providing dental or vision coverage only sections 62A 041, 62A 0411, 62A 047, 62A 149, 62A 151, 62A 152, 62A 154, 62A 155, 62A 17, subdivision 6, 62A 21, subdivision 2b, 62A 26, 62A 28, 62A 285, 62A 30, 62A 304, 62A 3093, and 62E 16

History 1994 c 485 s 28, 1995 c 258 s 25, 2000 c 483 s 11

62A 14 HANDICAPPED CHILDREN

Subdivision 1 Individual family policies An individual hospital or medical expense insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state more than 120 days after May 16, 1969, or an individual health maintenance contract delivered or issued for delivery in this state after August 1, 1984, which provides that coverage of a dependent child shall terminate upon attainment of the limiting age for dependent children specified in the policy or contract shall also provide in substance that attainment of such limiting age shall not operate to terminate the coverage of such child while the child is and continues to be both (a) incapable of self sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation, mental illness or disorder, or physical handicap and (b) chiefly dependent upon the policyholder for support and maintenance provided proof of such incapacity and dependency is furnished to the insurer or health maintenance organization by the policyholder or enrollee within 31 days of the child's attainment of the limiting age and subsequently as may be required by the msurer or organization but not more frequently than annually after the two-year period following the child's attainment of the limiting age

Subd 2 Group policies A group hospital or medical expense insurance pohcy delivered or issued for delivery in this state more than 120 days after May 16, 1969, or a group health maintenance contract dehvered or issued for delivery in this state after August 1, 1984, which provides that coverage of a dependent child of an employee or other member of the covered group shall terminate upon attainment of the limiting age for dependent children specified in the pohcy or contract shall also provide in substance that attainment of such limiting age shall not operate to terminate the coverage of such child while the child is and continues to be both (a) incapable of self sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation, mental illness or disorder, or physical handicap and (b) chiefly dependent upon the employee or member for support and maintenance, provided proof of such incapacity and dependency is furnished to the msurer or organization by the employee or member within 31 days of the child's attainment of the limiting age and subsequently as may be required by the insurer or organization but not more frequently than annually after the two-year period following the child's attainment of the limiting age

History 1969 c 436 s 1, 1984 c 464 s 5, 1995 c 258 s 26

62A 141 COVERAGE FOR HANDICAPPED DEPENDENTS

No group policy or group plan of health and accident insurance regulated under this chapter, chapter 62C, or 62D, which provides for dependent coverage may be issued or renewed in this state after August 1, 1983, unless it covers the handicapped dependents of the msured, subscriber, or enrollee of the policy or plan. For purposes of this section, a handicapped dependent is a person that is and continues to be both (1) incapable of self sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation, mental illness or disorder, or physical handicap, and (2) chiefly dependent upon the policyholder for support and maintenance. Consequently, the policy or plan shall not contain any provision concerning preexisting condition limitations, insurability, eligibility, or health underwriting approval concerning handicapped dependents.

If ordered by the commissioner of commerce, the insurer of a Minnesotadomiciled nonprofit association which is composed solely of agricultural members may restrict coverage under this section to apply only to Minnesota residents

History 1983 c 263 s 8, 1Sp1985 c 10 s 58, 1987 c 337 s 47, 1995 c 258 s 27

62A 145 SURVIVOR, DEFINITION

For the purposes of section 62A 146, "survivor" means a person who would be entitled to and be dependent upon economic support by an msured, subscriber or enrollee if that person were alive, including a spouse, child or children as defined by the policy or plan of accident and health protection

History 1973 c 339 s 1, 1982 c 555 s 5, 1986 c 444

62A 146 CONTINUATION OF BENEFITS TO SURVIVORS

No pohcy, contract, or plan of accident and health protection issued by an msurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization, provid mg coverage of hospital or medical expense on either an expense incurred basis or other than an expense incurred basis which in addition to coverage of the insured, subscriber, or enrollee, also provides coverage to dependents, shall, except upon the written consent of the survivor or survivors of the deceased msured, subscriber, or enrollee, terminate, suspend, or otherwise restrict the participation in or the receipt of benefits otherwise payable under the policy, contract, or plan to the survivor or survivors until the earlier of the following dates

- (a) the date the surviving spouse becomes covered under another group health plan, or
- (b) the date coverage would have terminated under the pohcy, contract, or plan had the insured, subscriber, or enrollee lived

The survivor or survivors, in order to have the coverage and benefits extended, may be required to pay the entire cost of the protection on a monthly basis. The pohcy, contract, or plan must require the group policyholder or contract holder to, upon request, provide the msured, subscriber, or enrollee with written verification from the insurer of the cost of this coverage promptly at the time of eligibility for this coverage and at any time during the continuation period. In no event shall the amount of premium or fee contributions charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for other similarly situated spouses and dependent children who are not the survivors of a deceased insured, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee Failure of the survivor to make premium or fee payments within 90 days after notice of the requirement to pay the premiums or fees shall be a basis for the termination of the coverage without written consent. In event of termination by reason of the survivor's failure to make required premium or fee contributions, written notice of cancellation must be mailed to the survivor's last known address at least 30 days before the cancellation. If the coverage is provided under a group policy, contract, or plan, any required premium or fee contributions for the coverage shall be paid by the survivor to the group policyholder or contract holder for

remittance to the msurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization

History 1973 c 339 s 2, 1982 c 555 s 6, 1Sp1985 c 10 s 59, 1986 c 444, 1987 c 337 s 48, 1992 c 564 art 4 s 5

62A 147 DISABLED EMPLOYEES' BENEFITS, DEFINITIONS

Subdivision 1 For the purposes of this section and section 62A 148, the terms defined in this section shall have the meanings here given them

- Subd 2 "Covered employee" means any person who, at the time that person suffered an injury resulting in total disability or became totally disabled by reason of illness, was employed by and receiving a salary, commission, hourly wage, or other remuneration for services by any employer providing, offering or contributing to group insurance coverage or group coverage through a health maintenance contract, for that employee who was so enrolled for the coverage
- Subd 3 "Total disability" means (a) the inability of an injured or ill employee to engage in or perform the duties of the employee's regular occupation or employment within the first two years of such disability and (b) after the first two years of such disability, the inability of the employee to engage in any paid employment or work for which the employee may, by education and training, including rehabilitative training, be or reasonably become qualified
- Subd 4 "Group msurance" means any pohcy or contract of accident and health protection, including health maintenance contracts, regardless of by whom underwrit ten, which provides benefits, including cash payments for reimbursement of expenses or the provision of usual needed health care and medical services as the result of any mjury, sickness, disability or disease suffered by a group of employees, or any one of them, and which protection is paid for or otherwise provided in full or in part by an employer
- Subd 5 "Employer" means any natural person, company, corporation, partnership, association, firm, or franchise which employs any employee
- Subd 6 "Insurer" means any person, company, corporation including a nonprofit corporation and a health maintenance organization, partnership, association, firm or franchise which underwrites or is by contract or other agreement obligated to provide accident and health protection benefits to any group of employees of any employer

History 1973 c 340 s 1, 1984 c 464 s 6, 1986 c 444

62A 148 GROUP INSURANCE, PROVISION OF BENEFITS FOR DISABLED EM PLOYEES

No employer or msurer of that employer shall terminate, suspend or otherwise restrict the participation in or the receipt of benefits otherwise payable under any program or policy of group msurance to any covered employee who becomes totally disabled while employed by the employer solely on account of absence caused by such total disability. This includes coverage of dependents of the employee. If the employee is required to pay all or any part of the premium for the extension of coverage, payment shall be made to the employer, by the employee.

History 1973 c 340 s 2, 1994 c 485 s 29

62A 149 BENEFITS FOR ALCOHOLICS AND DRUG DEPENDENTS

Subdivision 1 The provisions of this section apply to all group policies of accident and health insurance and group subscriber contracts offered by nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C, and to a plan or pohcy that is individually underwritten or provided for a specific individual and family members as a nongroup pohcy unless the individual elects in writing to refuse benefits under this subdivision in exchange for an appropriate reduction in premiums or subscriber charges under the policy or plan, when the policies or subscriber contracts are issued or delivered in Mmnesota or provide benefits to Minnesota residents enrolled thereunder

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62A 149 ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE

This section does not apply to pohcies designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity or nonexpense incurred basis or policies that provide accident only coverage

Every insurance policy or subscriber contract included within the provisions of this subdivision, upon issuance or renewal, shall provide for payment of benefits for the treatment of alcoholism, chemical dependency or drug addiction to any Minnesota resident entitled to coverage thereunder on the same basis as coverage for other benefits when treatment is rendered in

- (1) a licensed hospital,
- (2) a residential treatment program as heensed by the state of Mmnesota pursuant to diagnosis or recommendation by a doctor of medicine,
- (3) a nonresidential treatment program approved or heensed by the state of Minnesota
- Subd 2 Coverage under subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2) shall be for at least 20 percent of the total patient days allowed by the policy and in no event shall coverage be for less than 28 days in each 12-month benefit year Coverage under subdivision 1, clause (3), shall be for at least 130 hours of treatment in a 12 month benefit year

History 1973 c 585 s 1,2, 1976 c 262 s 1, 1978 c 793 s 60, 1980 c 496 s 2, 1986 c 444

62A 15 COVERAGE OF CERTAIN LICENSED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL SER VICES

Subdivision 1 **Applicability** The provisions of this section apply to all group poheies or subscriber contracts providing payment for care in this state, which are issued by accident and health insurance companies regulated under this chapter and nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C

Subd 2 **Chiropractic services** All benefits provided by any policy or contract referred to in subdivision 1, relating to expenses meurred for medical treatment or services of a physician must also include chiropractic treatment and services of a chiropractor to the extent that the chiropractic services and treatment are within the scope of chiropractic licensure

This subdivision is intended to provide equal access to benefits for insureds and subscribers who choose to obtain treatment for illness or injury from a doctor of chiropractic, as long as the treatment falls within the chiropractor's scope of practice. This subdivision is not intended to change or add to the benefits provided for in these policies or contracts.

Subd 3 Optometric services All benefits provided by any policy or contract referred to in subdivision 1, relating to expenses incurred for medical treatment or services of a physician must also include optometric treatment and services of an optometrist to the extent that the optometric services and treatment are within the scope of optometric licensure

This subdivision is intended to provide equal payment of benefits for optometric treatment and services and is not intended to change or add to the benefits provided for in those policies or contracts

Subd 3a Nursing services All benefits provided by a pohcy or contract referred to in subdivision 1, relating to expenses metured for medical treatment or services of a duly licensed physician must include services provided by a registered nurse who is licensed pursuant to section 148 171 and who is certified as an advanced practice registered nurse "Advanced practice registered nurse" has the meaning given m section 148 171, subdivision 3 The advanced practice registered nurse must meet the requirements of sections 148 171 to 148 285

This subdivision is intended to provide payment of benefits for treatment and services by an advanced practice registered nurse as defined in this subdivision and is not intended to add to the benefits provided for in these policies or contracts

- Subd 4 **Denial of benefits** (a) No carrier referred to in subdivision 1 may, in the payment of claims to employees in this state, deny benefits payable for services covered by the policy or contract if the services are lawfully performed by a licensed chiropractor, licensed optometrist, or a registered nurse meeting the requirements of subdivision 3a
- (b) When carriers referred to in subdivision 1 make claim determinations concerning the appropriateness, quality, or utilization of chiropractic health care for Minnesotans, any of these determinations that are made by health care professionals must be made by, or under the direction of, or subject to the review of licensed doctors of chiropractic

History 1973 c 252 s 1, 1976 c 192 s 1,2, 1976 c 242 s 1, 1983 c 221 s 2, 1988 c 441 s 1, 1988 c 642 s 2 4, 1989 c 330 s 13,14, 1999 c 172 s 1,18

62A 151 HEALTH INSURANCE BENEFITS FOR EMOTIONALLY HANDICAPPED CHILDREN

No pohcy or plan of health, medical, hospitalization, or accident and sickness msurance regulated under this chapter, or nonprofit health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C, or health maintenance organization regulated under chapter 62D which provides coverage of or reimbursement for inpatient hospital and medical expenses shall be delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this state, or approved for issuance or renewal m this state by the commissioner of commerce, after July 1, 1975 unless the pohcy or plan includes and provides health service benefits to any subscriber or other person covered thereunder, on the same basis as other benefits, for the treatment of emotionally handicapped children in a residential treatment facility licensed by the commissioner of human services For purposes of this section "emotion ally handicapped child 'shall have the meaning set forth by the commissioner of human services in the rules relating to residential treatment facilities. The restrictions and requirements of this section shall not apply to any plan or policy which is individually underwritten or provided for a specific individual and family members as a nongroup policy The mandatory coverage under this section shall be on the same basis as inpatient hospital medical coverage provided under the policy or plan

History 1975 c 40 s 1, 1983 c 289 s 114 subd 1, 1984 c 654 art 5 s 58, 1984 c 655 art 1 s 92, 1985 c 248 s 70, 1986 c 444

62A 152 BENEFITS FOR AMBULATORY MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

Subdivision 1 **Scope** The provisions of this section apply (a) to all group policies or subscriber contracts which provide benefits for at least 100 certificate holders who are residents of this state or groups of which more than 90 percent are residents of this state and are issued, delivered, or renewed by accident and health insurance companies regulated under this chapter, or by nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C and (b), unless waived by the commissioner to the extent applicable to holders who are both nonresidents and employed outside this state, to all group pohcies or subscriber contracts which are issued, delivered, or renewed within this state by accident and health insurance companies regulated under this chapter, or by nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C

Subd 2 **Minimum benefits** (a) All group policies and all group subscriber contracts providing benefits for mental or nervous disorder treatments in a hospital shall also provide coverage on the same basis as coverage for other benefits for at least 80 percent of the cost of the usual and customary charges of the first ten hours of treatment incurred over a 12 month benefit period, for mental or nervous disorder consultation, diagnosis and treatment services delivered while the insured person is not a bed patient in a hospital, and at least 75 percent of the cost of the usual and customary charges for any additional hours of treatment during the same 12 month benefit period for serious or persistent mental or nervous disorders, if the services are furnished by (1) a licensed or accredited hospital (2) a community mental health center or mental health clinic approved or licensed by the commissioner of human

services or other authorized state agency, or (3) a mental health professional, as defined in sections 245 462, subdivision 18, clauses (1) to (5), and 245 4871, subdivision 27, clauses (1) to (5) Prior authorization from an accident and health msurance company, or a nonprofit health service corporation, shall be required for an extension of coverage beyond ten hours of treatment This prior authorization must be based upon the severity of the disorder, the patient's risk of deterioration without ongoing treatment and maintenance, degree of functional impairment, and a concise treatment plan Authorization for extended treatment may be limited to a maximum of 30 visit hours during any 12 month benefit period

- (b) For purposes of this section, covered treatment for a mmor includes treatment for the family if family therapy is recommended by a provider listed in paragraph (a) For purposes of determining benefits under this section, "hours of treatment" means treatment rendered on an individual or single family basis. If treatment is rendered on a group basis, the hours of covered group treatment must be provided at a ratio of no less than two group treatment sessions to one individual treatment hour
- Subd 3 **Provider discrimination prohibited** All group policies and group sub scriber contracts that provide benefits for mental or nervous disorder treatments in a hospital must provide direct reimbursement for those services if performed by a mental health professional, as defined in sections 245 462, subdivision 18, clauses (1) to (5), and 245 4871, subdivision 27, clauses (1) to (5), to the extent that the services and treatment are within the scope of mental health professional licensure

This subdivision is intended to provide payment of benefits for mental or nervous disorder treatments performed by a heensed mental health professional in a hospital and is not intended to change or add benefits for those services provided in policies or contracts to which this subdivision applies

History 1975 c 89 s 1, 1981 c 265 s 1, 1Sp1981 c 4 art 1 s 49, 1983 c 354 s 1, 1984 c 654 art 5 s 58, 1987 c 337 s 49, 1987 c 384 art 2 s 1, 1988 c 689 art 2 s 7, 1989 c 330 s 15,16, 1991 c 255 s 1,2, 1993 c 81 s 1,2

62A 153 OUTPATIENT MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SERVICES

No policy or plan of health, medical, hospitalization, or accident and sickness insurance regulated under this chapter, or subscriber contract provided by a nonprofit health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C that provides coverage for services in a hospital shall be issued, renewed, continued, delivered, issued for delivery or executed in this state, or approved for issuance or renewal in this state by the commissioner of commerce unless the policy, plan or contract specifically provides coverage for a health care treatment or surgery on an outpatient basis at a facility equipped to perform these services, whether or not the facility is part of a hospital Coverage shall be on the same basis as coverage provided for the same health care treatment or service in a hospital

History 1976 c 45 s 1, 1977 c 305 s 45, 1983 c 289 s 114 subd 1, 1984 c 655 art 1 s 92, 1994 c 485 s 30

62A 154 BENEFITS FOR DES RELATED CONDITIONS

Subdivision 1 **Definitions** For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them

- (a) "Covered person" means a natural person who is covered under a policy
- (b) "Insurer" means an insurer providing health, medical, hospitalization, or accident and sickness msurance regulated under this chapter, a nonprofit health services plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C, a health maintenance organization regulated under chapter 62D or a fraternal benefit society regulated under chapter 64B
- (c) 'Policy" means a policy or plan of health, medical, hospitalization or accident and sickness insurance, a health mamtenance contract, or a health benefit certificate provided by an insurer which provides coverage of, or reimbursement for, hospital,

medical, or surgical expenses on a group or individual basis but does not include a policy designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity or nonexpense incurred basis, or a policy that provides only accident coverage

Subd 2 Required coverage No policy shall be issued or renewed in this state after August 1, 1981 if it provides an exclusion, reduction, or other limitation as to coverage, deductible, coinsurance or copayment applicable solely to conditions attributable to diethylstilbestrol or exposure to diethylstilbestrol, unless the covered person has been diagnosed as having diethylstilbestrol-related cancer prior to the date on which coverage for that person begins. In the absence of credible evidence of a higher morbidity rate due to exposure to diethylstilbestrol, no msurer shall surcharge or in any other manner increase the premium. If there is credible evidence of a higher morbidity rate due to exposure to diethylstilbestrol, no insurer shall surcharge or in any other manner increase the premium without the prior approval of the commissioner.

Subd 3 **Refusal to Issue or renew** No insurer shall refuse to issue or renew a policy, or to provide coverage under a pohcy, in this state after August 1, 1981 solely because of conditions attributable to diethylstilbestrol or exposure to diethylstilbestrol, unless the covered person has been diagnosed as having diethylstilbestrol-related cancer prior to the date on which an initial premium payment is received by the insurer

History 1981 c 350 s 1 1985 c 49 s 41, 1992 c 564 art 1 s 54

62A 155 COVERAGE FOR SERVICES PROVIDED TO VENTILATOR DEPENDENT PERSONS

Subdivision 1 Scope of coverage This section applies to all policies of accident and health misurance, group subscriber contracts offered by nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C, health maintenance contracts regulated under chapter 62D, and health benefit certificates offered through a fraternal benefit society regulated under chapter 64B. This section does not apply to policies designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity or nonexpense incurred basis, or policies that provide only accident coverage.

Subd 2 **Required coverage** If a policy, plan, certificate, or contract referred to in subdivision 1 issued or renewed after August 1, 1988, provides coverage for services provided by a private duty nurse or personal care assistant to a ventilator dependent person in the person's home, it must provide coverage for up to 120 hours of services provided by a private duty nurse or personal care assistant to the ventilator-dependent person during the time the ventilator dependent person is in a hospital licensed under chapter 144. The personal care assistant or private duty nurse shall perform only the services of communicator or interpreter for the ventilator dependent patient during a transition period of up to 120 hours to assure adequate training of the hospital staff to communicate with the patient and to understand the unique comfort, safety, and personal care needs of the patient

History 1988 c 656 s 3, 1992 c 564 art 1 s 54

62A 16 SCOPE OF CERTAIN CONTINUATION AND CONVERSION REQUIRE MENTS

The provisions of this section and section 62A 17 shall apply to all group insurance policies or group subscriber contracts providing coverage for hospital or medical expenses incurred by a Mmnesota resident employed within this state. This section and section 62A 17 shall also apply to health care plans established by employers m this state through health maintenance organizations certified under chapter 62D

History 1974 c 101 s 1, 1976 c 142 s 1

62A.17 TERMINATION OF OR LAYOFF FROM EMPLOYMENT, CONTINUATION AND CONVERSION RIGHTS

Subdivision 1 Continuation of coverage Every group insurance policy, group subscriber contract, and health care plan included within the provisions of section

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62A 17 ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE

62A 16, except policies, contracts, or health care plans covering employees of an agency of the federal government, shall contain a provision which permits every covered employee who is voluntarily or involuntarily terminated or laid off from employment, if the policy, contract, or health care plan remains in force for active employees of the employer, to elect to continue the coverage for the employee and dependents

An employee shall be considered to be laid off from employment if there is a reduction in hours to the point where the employee is no longer eligible under the pohcy, contract, or health care plan Termination shall not include discharge for gross misconduct

Subd 2 Responsibility of employee Every covered employee electing to continue coverage shall pay the former employer, on a monthly basis, the cost of the continued coverage The policy, contract, or plan must require the group policyholder or contract holder to, upon request, provide the employee with written verification from the insurer of the cost of this coverage promptly at the time of eligibility for this coverage and at any time during the continuation period. If the policy, contract, or health care plan is administered by a trust, every covered employee electing to continue coverage shall pay the trust the cost of continued coverage according to the eligibility rules established by the trust In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for similarly situated employees with respect to whom neither termination nor layoff has occurred, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee. The employee shall be eligible to continue the coverage until the employee becomes covered under another group health plan, or for a period of 18 months after the termination of or lay off from employment, whichever is shorter If the employee becomes covered under another group policy, contract, or health plan and the new group policy, contract, or health plan contams any preexisting condition limitations, the employee may, subject to the 18-month maximum continuation limit, continue coverage with the former employer until the preexisting condition limitations have been satisfied. The new policy, contract, or health plan is primary except as to the preexisting condition. In the case of a newborn child who is a dependent of the employee, the new policy, contract, or health plan is primary upon the date of birth of the child, regardless of which policy, contract, or health plan coverage is deemed primary for the mother of the child

Subd 3 [Repealed by amendment 1987 c 337 s 50]

Subd 4 **Responsibility of employer** After timely receipt of the monthly payment from a covered employee, if the employer or the trustee, if the policy, contract, or health care plan is administered by a trust, fails to make the payment to the msurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization, with the result that the employee's coverage is terminated, the employer or trust shall become liable for the employees coverage to the same extent as the msurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, or health maintenance organization would be if the coverage were still in effect

In the case of a policy, contract or plan administered by a trust, the employer must notify the trustee within 30 days of the termination or layoff of a covered employee of the name and last known address of the employee

If the employer or trust fails to notify a covered employee, the employer or trust shall continue to remain liable for the employee's coverage to the same extent as the insurer would be if the coverage were still in effect

- Subd 5 **Notice of options** Upon the termination of or lay off from employment of an eligible employee, the employer shall inform the employee within ten days after termination or lay off of
 - (a) the right to elect to continue the coverage,
- (b) the amount the employee must pay monthly to the employer to retain the coverage,
- (c) the manner in which and the office of the employer to which the payment to the employer must be made, and

(d) the time by which the payments to the employer must be made to retain coverage

If the pohcy, contract, or health care plan is administered by a trust, the employer is relieved of the obligation imposed by clauses (a) to (d) The trust shall inform the employee of the information required by clauses (a) to (d)

The employee shall have 60 days within which to elect coverage. The 60 day period shall begin to run on the date plan coverage would otherwise terminate or on the date upon which notice of the right to coverage is received, whichever is later

Notice must be in writing and sent by first class mail to the employee's last known address which the employee has provided the employer or trust

A notice in substantially the following form shall be sufficient "As a terminated or laid off employee, the law authorizes you to maintain your group medical msurance for a period of up to 18 months. To do so you must notify your former employer within 60 days of your receipt of this notice that you intend to retain this coverage and must make a monthly payment of \$ to at by the of each month'.

Subd 6 Conversion to individual policy A group msurance policy that provides posttermination or layoff coverage as required by this section shall also melude a provision allowing a covered employee, surviving spouse, or dependent at the expiration of the posttermination or layoff coverage provided by subdivision 2 to obtain from the insurer offering the group policy or group subscriber contract, at the employee's, spouse's, or dependent's option and expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage, an individual policy of msurance or an individual subscriber contract providing at least the mmimum benefits of a qualified plan as prescribed by section 62E 06 and the option of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified plan, and a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E 06, subdivisions 1 to 3, provided application is made to the msurer within 30 days following notice of the expiration of the continued coverage and upon payment of the appropriate premium The required conversion contract must treat pregnancy the same as any other covered illness under the conversion contract A health maintenance contract issued by a health maintenance organization that provides posttermination or layoff coverage as required by this section shall also melude a provision allowing a former employee, surviving spouse, or dependent at the expiration of the posttermination or layoff coverage provided in subdivision 2 to obtain from the health maintenance organization, at the former employee's spouse's or dependent's option and expense without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage, an individual health maintenance contract Effective January 1, 1985 enrollees who have become nonresidents of the health maintenance organization's service area shall be given the option, to be arranged by the health maintenance organization, of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified plan, or a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E 06, subdivisions 1 to 3 This option shall be made available at the enrollee's expense, without further evidence of insurability and without interruption of coverage

A policy providing reduced benefits at a reduced premium rate may be accepted by the employee, the spouse, or a dependent in lieu of the optional coverage otherwise required by this subdivision

The individual policy or contract shall be renewable at the option of the individual as long as the individual is not covered under another qualified plan as defined in section 62E 02, subdivision 4 Any revisions in the table of rate for the individual policy shall apply to the covered person's original age at entry and shall apply equally to all similar policies issued by the insurer

History 1974 c 101 s 2, 1975 c 100 s 1 3, 1976 c 142 s 2,3, 1977 c 409 s 2 1983 c 44 s 1,2, 1983 c 263 s 9, 1984 c 464 s 7, 1Sp1985 c 10 s 60, 1986 c 444, 1987 c 337 s 50, 1988 c 434 s 2, 1989 c 330 s 17, 1990 c 403 s 1, 1992 c 564 art 4 s 6

62A 18 PROHIBITION AGAINST DISABILITY OFFSETS

No individual or group policy of accident and health insurance issued, amended, renewed, or delivered in this state on or after January 1, 1976 shall contain any provision offsetting, or in any other manner reducing, any benefit under the policy by the amount of, or in proportion to, any increase in disability benefits received or receivable under the federal Social Security Act, the Railroad Retirement Act, any Veteran's Disability Compensation and Survivor Benefits Act, Workers Compensation, or any similar federal or state law, as amended subsequent to the date of commencement of such benefit

History 1975 c 323 s 1

62A 19 PROHIBITION AGAINST NONDIAGNOSTIC X RAYS

No individual or group policy of dental insurance offered for sale to a Minnesota resident by an insurer regulated under this chapter, individual or group service plan or subscriber contract regulated under chapter 62C, health maintenance contract regulated under chapter 62D, or fraternal contract benefit regulated under chapter 64B, shall subject any policyholder, subscriber, or enrollee to undue exposure to radiation by requiring a health care provider to take or obtain X-rays that are not directly related to patient care

Any health care provider receiving such a request may refuse to provide X-rays not necessary to the diagnosis and treatment of the patient An insurer, nonprofit health service plan corporation, health maintenance organization, fraternal benefit society, or dental plan may not deny or withhold benefits based solely upon the refusal to provide X-rays Nothing in this section prohibits requests for X-rays or other diagnostic aids routinely taken in conjunction with the diagnosis and treatment of injury or disease, or routinely required by the msurer for preapproval or predetermination of treatment An insurer may not retroactively request new X-rays not taken in conjunction with the diagnosis or treatment of injury or disease

History 1991 c 101 s 1

62A 20 CONTINUATION COVERAGE OF CURRENT SPOUSE AND CHILDREN

Subdivision 1 Requirement Every policy of accident and health insurance providing coverage of hospital or medical expense on either an expense-incurred basis or other than an expense mourred basis, which in addition to covering the msured also provides coverage to the spouse and dependent children of the insured shall contain

- (1) a provision which permits the spouse and dependent children to elect to continue coverage when the msured becomes enrolled for benefits under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (Medicare), and
- (2) a provision which permits the dependent children to continue coverage when they cease to be dependent children under the generally applicable requirement of the plan
- Subd 2 Continuation privilege The coverage described in subdivision 1 may be continued until the earlier of the following dates
 - (1) the date coverage would otherwise terminate under the policy,
 - (2) 36 months after continuation by the spouse or dependent was elected, or
- (3) the spouse or dependent children become covered under another group health plan

If coverage is provided under a group policy any required premium contributions for the coverage shall be paid by the msured on a monthly basis to the group policyholder for remittance to the insurer. In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for other similarly situated spouse and dependent children to whom subdivision 1 is not applicable, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee

History 1987 c 337 s 51

62A 21 CONTINUATION AND CONVERSION PRIVILEGES FOR INSURED FOR MER SPOUSES AND CHILDREN

Subdivision 1 No policy of accident and health insurance providing coverage of hospital or medical expense on either an expense incurred basis or other than an expense incurred basis, which m addition to covering the insured also provides coverage to the spouse of the insured shall contain a provision for termination of coverage for a spouse covered under the policy solely as a result of a break in the marital relationship

Subd 2 [Repealed, 1981 c 329 s 4]

- Subd 2a Continuation privilege Every policy described in subdivision 1 shall contain a provision which permits continuation of coverage under the policy for the insured's former spouse and dependent children upon entry of a valid decree of dissolution of marriage. The coverage shall be continued until the earlier of the following dates
- (a) the date the insured's former spouse becomes covered under any other group health plan, or
 - (b) the date coverage would otherwise terminate under the policy

If the coverage is provided under a group pohcy, any required premium contributions for the coverage shall be paid by the insured on a monthly basis to the group policyholder for remittance to the msurer. The policy must require the group policyholder to, upon request, provide the insured with written verification from the msurer of the cost of this coverage promptly at the time of eligibility for this coverage and at any time during the continuation period. In no event shall the amount of premium charged exceed 102 percent of the cost to the plan for such period of coverage for other similarly situated spouses and dependent children with respect to whom the marital relationship has not dissolved, without regard to whether such cost is paid by the employer or employee.

Subd 2b Conversion privilege Every pohcy described in subdivision 1 shall contain a provision allowing a former spouse and dependent children of an insured, without providing evidence of insurability, to obtain from the insurer at the expiration of any continuation of coverage required under subdivision 2a or sections 62A 146 and 62A 20, conversion coverage providing at least the minimum benefits of a qualified plan as prescribed by section 62E 06 and the option of a number three qualified plan, a number two qualified plan, a number one qualified plan as provided by section 62E 06, subdivisions 1 to 3, provided application is made to the insurer within 30 days following notice of the expiration of the continued coverage and upon payment of the appropriate premium. The individual policy shall be renewable at the option of the covered person as long as the covered person is not covered under another qualified plan as defined in section 62E 02, subdivision 4. Any revisions in the table of rate for the individual policy shall apply to the covered person's original age at entry and shall apply equally to all similar policies issued by the insurer.

A pohcy providing reduced benefits at a reduced premium rate may be accepted by the covered person in lieu of the optional coverage otherwise required by this subdivision

Subd 3 Subdivision 1 applies to every policy of accident and health msurance which is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed or amended on or after July 19, 1977

Subdivisions 2a and 2b apply to every policy of accident and health insurance which is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed, or amended on or after August 1, 1981

History 1977 c 186 s 1, 1981 c 329 s 1 3, 1982 c 555 s 7,8, 1987 c 337 s 52, 1990 c 403 s 2, 1992 c 564 art 1 s 31, art 4 s 7

62A 22 REFUSAL TO PROVIDE COVERAGE BECAUSE OF OPTION UNDER WORKERS' COMPENSATION

No msurer offering an individual or group policy of accident or health coverage in this state shall refuse to provide or renew accident or health coverage because the

62A.22 ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE

insured has an option to elect workers' compensation coverage pursuant to section 176 041, subdivision 1a

History 1979 c 92 s 1, 1989 c 209 art 2 s 1

62A 23 GROUP DISABILITY INCOME COVERAGE, TERMINATION WITHOUT PREJUDICE, DEFINITIONS

Subdivision 1 For the purposes of this section and section 62A 24, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them in this section

Subd 2 "Employer" means any natural person, company, corporation, partnership, association, firm or franchise which employs any employee

Subd 3 "Insurer" means any person, company, corporation, including a nonprofit corporation, partnership, association, firm or franchise which underwrites or is by contract or other agreement obligated to provide group disability income insurance benefits to any group of employees of any employer

History 1980 c 377 s 1

62A 24 CONTINUATION OF BENEFITS

No employer or insurer of that employer may offer or provide a policy of group disability income insurance unless the master policy provides that the termination of the policy shall be without prejudice to any claims originating prior to the time of the termination

Section 62A 23 and this section may be superseded by a rule promulgated by the commissioner of commerce

History 1980 c 377 s 2, 1983 c 289 s 114 subd 1, 1984 c 655 art 1 s 92

62A 25 RECONSTRUCTIVE SURGERY

Subdivision 1 This section applies to all policies of accident and health insurance, health maintenance contracts regulated under chapter 62D, health benefit certificates offered through a fraternal benefit society regulated under chapter 64B, and group subscriber contracts offered by nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C but does not apply to policies designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity or nonexpense incurred basis, or policies that provide only accident coverage

Subd 2 Every policy, plan, certificate or contract to which this section applies shall provide benefits for reconstructive surgery when such service is incidental to or follows surgery resulting from injury, sickness or other diseases of the involved part or when such service is performed on a covered dependent child because of congenital disease or anomaly which has resulted in a functional defect as determined by the attending physician

History 1980 c 496 s 1, 1985 c 49 s 41, 1992 c 564 art 1 s 54

62A 26 COVERAGE FOR PHENYLKETONURIA TREATMENT

Subdivision 1 **Scope of coverage** This section applies to all pohcies of accident and health insurance, health maintenance contracts regulated under chapter 62D, health benefit certificates offered through a fraternal benefit society regulated under chapter 64B, and group subscriber contracts offered by nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C, but does not apply to policies designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity or nonexpense incurred basis, or policies that provide only accident coverage

Subd 2 Required coverage Every policy, plan, certificate, or contract referred to in subdivision 1 issued or renewed after August 1, 1985, must provide coverage for special dietary treatment for phenylketonuria when recommended by a physician

History 1985 c 49 s 41, 1Sp1985 c 9 art 2 s 1, 1992 c 564 art 1 s 54

62A 265 COVERAGE FOR LYME DISEASE

Subdivision 1 **Required coverage** Every health plan, including a plan providing the coverage specified in section 62A 011, subdivision 3, clause (10), must cover treatment for diagnosed Lyme disease

Subd 2 Special restrictions prohibited No health plan included in subdivision 1 may impose a special deductible, copayment, waiting period, or other special restriction on treatment for Lyme disease that the health plan does not apply to nonpreventive treatment in general

History 1996 c 465 art 5 s 2

62A 27 COVERAGE OF ADOPTED CHILDREN

- (a) A health plan that provides coverage to a Mmnesota resident must cover adopted children of the msured, subscriber, participant, or enrollee on the same basis as other dependents. Consequently, the plan shall not contam any provision concerning preexisting condition limitations, insurability, eligibility, or health underwriting approval concerning children placed for adoption with the participant
- (b) The coverage required by this section is effective from the date of placement for adoption. For purposes of this section, placement for adoption means the assumption and retention by a person of a legal obligation for total or partial support of a child in anticipation of adoption of the child. The child's placement with a person terminates upon the termination of the legal obligation for total or partial support
- (c) For the purpose of this section, health plan includes coverage offered by community integrated service networks coverage that is designed solely to provide dental or vision care and any plan under the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), United States Code, title 29, sections 1001 to 1461

History 1983 c 56 s 1, 1985 c 49 s 41, 1987 c 337 s 53, 1988 c 656 s 4, 1995 c 207 art 10 s 4, 1997 c 225 art 2 s 62

62A 28 COVERAGE FOR SCALP HAIR PROSTHESES

Subdivision 1 **Scope of coverage** This section applies to all policies of accident and health misurance, health maintenance contracts regulated under chapter 62D, health benefit certificates offered through a fraternal benefit society regulated under chapter 64B, and group subscriber contracts offered by nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C. This section does not apply to policies designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity or nonexpense incurred basis, or policies that provide only accident coverage.

Subd 2 **Required coverage** Every policy, plan, certificate, or contract referred to in subdivision 1 issued or renewed after August 1, 1987, must provide coverage for scalp hair prostheses worn for hair loss suffered as a result of alopecia areata

The coverage required by this section is subject to a policy's copayment requirement and is limited to a maximum of \$350 in any benefit year, exclusive of any deductible

History 1987 c 202 s 1, 1992 c 564 art 1 s 54

62A 285 PROHIBITED UNDERWRITING, BREAST IMPLANTS

Subdivision 1 **Scope of coverage** This section applies to all policies of accident and health msurance regulated under this chapter, subscriber contracts offered by nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C, health maintenance contracts regulated under chapter 62D, and health benefit certificates offered through a fraternal benefit society regulated under chapter 64B This section does not apply to policies, plans, certificates, or contracts payable on a fixed indemnity or non-expense-incurred basis, or policies, plans, certificates, or contracts that provide only accident coverage

- Subd 2 **Required coverage** No policy, plan certificate, or contract referred to in subdivision 1 shall be issued or renewed to provide coverage to a Minnesota resident if it provides an exclusion, reduction, or other limitation as to coverage, deductible, coinsurance, or copayment applicable solely to conditions caused by breast implants
- Subd 3 **Refusal to issue or renew** No issuer of a policy, plan certificate, or contract referred to in subdivision 1 shall refuse to issue or renew at standard premium rates a pohcy, plan, certificate, or contract referred to in subdivision 1 solely because the prospective insured or enrollee has breast implants

Subd 4 [Repealed, 2000 c 483 s 55]

History 1992 c 564 art 4 s 8

62A 29 SURETY BOND OR SECURITY FOR CERTAIN HEALTH BENEFIT PLANS

Subdivision 1 Surety bond or security requirement Any employer, except the state and its political subdivisions as defined in section 65B 43, subdivision 20, who provides a health benefit plan to its Minnesota employees, which is to some extent self insured by the employer, and who purchases stop-loss insurance coverage, or any other insurance coverage, in connection with the health benefit plan, shall annually file with the commissioner, within 60 days of the end of the employer's fiscal year, security acceptable to the commissioner in an amount specified under subdivision 2, or a surety bond in the form and amount prescribed by subdivisions 2 and 3. An acceptable surety bond is one issued by a corporate surety authorized by the commissioner to transact this business in the state of Minnesota for the purposes of this section. The term "Minnesota employees" includes any Mmnesota resident who is employed by the employer

Subd 2 Amount of surety bond or security The amount of surety bond or acceptable security required by subdivision 1 shall be equal to one-fourth of the projected annual medical and hospital expenses to be incurred by the employer or \$1,000, whichever is greater, with respect to its Minnesota employees by reason of the portion of the employer's health benefit plan which is self-insured by the employer

Subd 3 Form of the surety bond The surety bond shall provide as follows

SURETY BOND

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS That (entity to be bonded), of (location), (hereinafter called the "principal"), as principal, and (bonding company name), a (name of state) corporation, of (location) (hereinafter called the "surety"), as surety are held and firmly bound unto the commissioner of commerce of the state of Minnesota for the use and benefit of Minnesota residents entitled to health benefits from the principal in the sum of (\$), for the payment of which well and truly to be made, the principal binds itself, its successor and assigns, and the surety binds itself and its successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents

WHEREAS, in accordance with section () of the Minnesota Statute, principal is required to file a surety bond with the commissioner of commerce of the state of Minnesota

NOW, THEREFORE, the condition of this obhgation is such that if the said principal shall, according to the terms, provisions, and limitations of principals' health benefit program for its Mmnesota employees, pay all of its liabilities and obligations, including all benefits as provided in the attached plan, then, this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect, subject, however, to the following terms and conditions

1 The liability of the surety is limited to the payment of the benefits of the employee benefit plan which are payable by the principal and within the amount of the bond. The surety shall be bound to payments owed by the principal for obligations arising from a default of the principal or any loss incurred during the period to which the bond applies.

- 2 In the event of any default on the part of the principal to abide by the terms and provision of the attached plan, the commissioner of commerce may, upon ten-days notice to the surety and opportunity to be heard, require the surety to pay all of the principal's past and future obligations under the attached plan with respect to the principal's Mmnesota employees
 - 3 Service on the surety shall be deemed to be service on the principals
- 4 This bond shall be in effect from to , and may not be canceled by either the surety or the principal
- 5 Any Mmnesota employee of principal aggrieved by a default of principal under the attached plan, and/or the commissioner of commerce on behalf of any such employee, may enforce the provisions of this bond
 - 6 This bond shall become effective at (time of day, month, day, year)

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, said principals and said surety have caused this instrument to be signed by their respective, duly authorized officers and their corporate seals to be hereunto affixed this (day, month, year)

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of	Corporation Name
	Bonding Company Name By

- Subd 4 **Penalty for failure to comply** The commissioner of revenue shall deny any business tax deduction to an employer for the employer's contribution to a health plan for the period which the employer fails to comply with this section. This section does not apply to trusts established under chapter 62H which have been approved by the commissioner.
- Subd 5 **Petition to reduce bond or security amount** An employer subject to this section may petition the commissioner to, and the commissioner may, allow the use of a surety bond not m the form specified in subdivision 3, or grant a reduction in the amount of the surety bond or security required

In reviewing a petition submitted under this subdivision, the commissioner must consider in addition to any other factors information provided by the petitioner in regard to the following

- (1) the size of the petitioner's business
- (2) the number of employees,
- (3) the cost of providing the bond or security and the effect the cost will have on the petitioner's fmancial condition,
- (4) whether the cost of the bond or security will impair the petitioner's ability to self-insure, and
- (5) the petitioner's likelihood of being able to meet the petitioner's future obligations in regard to the health plan

History 1987 c 337 s 54

62A 30 COVERAGE FOR DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES FOR CANCER

Subdivision 1 Scope of coverage This section applies to all policies of accident and health misurance, health maintenance contracts regulated under chapter 62D, health benefit certificates offered through a fraternal benefit society regulated under chapter 64B, and subscriber contracts offered by nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C, but does not apply to policies designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity or nonexpense mcurred basis, or policies that provide only accident coverage

Subd 2 **Required coverage** Every policy, plan, certificate, or contract referred to in subdivision 1 issued or renewed after August 1, 1988, that provides coverage to a Minnesota resident must provide coverage for routine screening procedures for cancer, including mammograms and pap smears, when ordered or provided by a physician in accordance with the standard practice of medicine

History 1988 c 441 s 2, 1988 c 642 s 5, 1992 c 564 art 1 s 32,54, 1994 c 465 art 3 s

62A 301 COVERAGE OF FULL TIME STUDENTS

If an insurer provides individual or group accident and health coverage for dependents after what otherwise would be the limiting age based on full-time student status the insurer must include in its definition of full-time student, any student who by reason of illness, injury, or physical or mental disability as documented by a physician is unable to carry what the educational institution considers a full-time course load so long as the student's course load is at least 60 percent of what otherwise is considered by the institution to be a full-time course load

For purposes of this section, insurer" means an insurer providing accident and health msurance regulated under this chapter, a nonprofit health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C, a health maintenance organization regulated under chapter 62D, or a fraternal benefit society regulated under chapter 64B

History 1991 c 95 s 1

62A 302 COVERAGE OF DEPENDENTS

Subdivision 1 Scope of coverage This section applies to all health plans as defined in section $62A\,011$

Subd 2 **Required coverage** Every health plan included m subdivision 1 that provides dependent coverage must define "dependent" no more restrictively than the definition provided in section 62L 02

History 1992 c 549 art 3 s 9

62A 303 PROHIBITION, SEVERING OF GROUPS

Section 62L 12, subdivisions 3 and 4, apply to all employer group health plans, as defined in section 62A 011, regardless of the size of the group

History 1992 c 549 art 3 s 10, 1994 c 625 art 10 s 4

62A 304 COVERAGE FOR PORT WINE STAIN ELIMINATION

Subdivision 1 **Scope of coverage** This section applies to all health plans as defined in section 62A 011 that provide coverage to a Minnesota resident

- Subd 2 Required coverage Every health plan included in subdivision 1 must cover elimination or maximum feasible treatment of port-wine stams for any covered person who is a Minnesota resident. No health carrier may reduce or eliminate coverage due to this requirement.
- Subd 3 Rate increases prohibited The commissioner of commerce shall not approve any rate increases due to coverage required under subdivision 2 No health maintenance organization, as defined in chapter 62D, shall increase rates due to coverage required under subdivision 2

History 1993 c 116 s 1

62A 305 FIBROCYSTIC CONDITION, TERMINATION OR REDUCTION OF COVERAGE

No health plan shall be terminated, canceled, nonrenewed, or contain any increased premium rate, or exclusion, reduction, or limitation on benefits, nor shall

coverage be denied, solely because the covered person has been diagnosed as having a fibrocystic breast condition

History 1994 c 442 s 1

62A 306 USE OF GENDER PROHIBITED

Subdivision 1 Applicability This section applies to all health plans as defined in section 62A 011 offered, sold, issued, or renewed, by a health carrier on or after January 1, 1995

Subd 2 **Prohibition on use of gender** No health plan described in subdivision 1 shall determine the premium rate or any other underwriting decision, including initial issuance, through a method that is in any way based upon the gender of any person covered or to be covered under the health plan. This subdivision prohibits use of marital status or generalized differences in expected costs between employees and spouses or between principal insureds and their spouses.

History 1994 c 625 art 10 s 5

62A 307 PRESCRIPTION DRUGS, EQUAL TREATMENT OF PRESCRIBERS

Subdivision 1 **Scope of requirement** This section applies to any of the following if issued or renewed to a Minnesota resident or to cover a Minnesota resident

- (1) a health plan, as defined in section 62A 011,
- (2) coverage described in section 62A 011, subdivision 3, clause (2), (3), or (6) to (12), and
- (3) a policy, contract, or certificate issued by a community integrated service network licensed under chapter 62N
- Subd 2 **Requirement** Coverage described m subdivision 1 that covers prescription drugs must provide the same coverage for a prescription written by a health care provider authorized to prescribe the particular drug covered by the health coverage described in subdivision 1, regardless of the type of health care provider that wrote the prescription. This section is intended to prohibit denial of coverage based on the prescription having been written by an advanced practice nurse under section 148 235, a physician assistant under section 147A 18, or any other nonphysician health care provider authorized to prescribe the particular drug

History 1995 c 69 s 1, 1996 c 305 art 1 s 17, 1997 c 225 art 2 s 62

62A 308 HOSPITALIZATION AND ANESTHESIA FOR DENTAL PROCEDURES

Subdivision 1 Scope of coverage This section applies to a health plan as defined in section 62A 011 that provides coverage to a Minnesota resident

- Subd 2 **Required coverages** (a) A health plan included in subdivision 1 must cover anesthesia and hospital charges for dental care provided to a covered person who (1) is a child under age five, or (2) is severely disabled, or (3) has a medical condition and who requires hospitalization or general anesthesia for dental care treatment A health carrier may require prior authorization of hospitalization for dental care procedures in the same inanner that prior authorization is required for hospitalization for other covered diseases or conditions
- (b) A health plan included in subdivision 1 must also provide coverage for general anesthesia and treatment rendered by a dentist for a medical condition covered by the health plan, regardless of whether the services are provided in a hospital or a dental office

History 1995 c 91 s 1

62A 309 BREAST CANCER COVERAGE

Subdivision 1 Scope of coverage This section applies to all health plans as defined in section $62A\,011$

- Subd 2 **Required coverage** Every health plan included in subdivision 1 must provide to each covered person who is a resident of Mmnesota coverage for the treatment of breast cancer by high-dose chemotherapy with autologous bone marrow transplantation and for expenses arising from the treatment
- Subd 3 Greater coinsurance or copayment prohibited Coverage under this section shall not be subject to any greater coinsurance or copayment than that apphicable to any other coverage provided by the health plan
- Subd 4 Greater deductible prohibited Coverage under this section shall not be subject to any greater deductible than that applicable to any other coverage provided by the health plan

History 1995 c 183 s 1, 1995 c 258 s 28

62A 3091 NONDISCRIMINATE COVERAGE OF TESTS

Subdivision 1 **Scope of requirement** This section applies to any of the following if issued or renewed to a Minnesota resident or to cover a **Minnesota** resident

- (1) a health plan, as defined in section 62A 011,
- (2) coverage described in section 62A 011, subdivision 3, clauses (2), (3), or (6) to (12), and
- (3) a policy, contract, or certificate issued by a community integrated service network heensed under chapter 62N
- Subd 2 **Requirement** Coverage described in subdivision 1 that covers laboratory tests, diagnostic tests, and X-rays must provide the same coverage, without requiring additional signatures, for all such tests ordered by an advanced practice nurse operating pursuant to chapter 148 Nothing in this section shall be construed to interfere with any written agreement between a physician and an advanced practice nurse

History 1996 c 446 art 1 s 24, 1997 c 225 art 2 s 62

62A 3092 EQUAL TREATMENT OF SURGICAL FIRST ASSISTING SERVICES

Subdivision 1 Scope of requirement This section applies to any of the following if issued or renewed to a Minnesota resident or to cover a Mmnesota resident

- (1) a health plan, as defined in section 62A 011,
- (2) coverage described in section 62A 011, subdivision 3, clauses (2), (3), or (6) to (12), and
- (3) a policy, contract, or certificate issued by a community integrated service network licensed under chapter 62N
- Subd 2 **Requirement** Coverage described in subdivision 1 that provides for payment for surgical first assisting benefits or services shall be construed as providing for payment for a registered nurse who performs first assistant functions and services that are within the scope of practice of a registered nurse

History 1996 c 446 art 1 s 25, 1997 c 225 art 2 s 62

62A 3093 COVERAGE FOR DIABETES

A health plan, including a plan providing the coverage specified in section 62A 011, subdivision 3, clause (10), must provide coverage for (1) all physician prescribed medically appropriate and necessary equipment and supplies used in the management and treatment of diabetes, and (2) diabetes outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, that is provided by a certified, registered, or licensed health care professional working in a program consistent with the national standards of diabetes self-management education as established by the American Diabetes Association Coverage must include persons with gestational, type I or type II diabetes Coverage required under this section is subject to the same deductible or coinsurance provisions applicable to the plan's hospital, medical expense,

medical equipment, or prescription drug benefits A health carrier may not reduce or eliminate coverage due to this requirement

History 1994 c 538 s 1, 1995 c 52 s 1, 1997 c 57 s 1

MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT INSURANCE

62A 31 MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT BENEFITS, MINIMUM STANDARDS

Subdivision 1 **Policy requirements** No individual or group policy, certificate subscriber contract issued by a health service plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C, or other evidence of accident and health insurance the effect or purpose of which is to supplement Medicare coverage issued or delivered in this state or offered to a resident of this state shall be sold or issued to an individual covered by Medicare unless the requirements in subdivisions 1a to 1u are met

- Subd 1a **Minimum coverage** The policy must provide a minimum of the coverage set out in subdivision 2 and section 62E 07
- Subd 1b **Preexisting condition coverage** The pohcy must cover preexisting conditions during the first six months of coverage if the insured was not diagnosed or treated for the particular condition during the 90 days immediately preceding the effective date of coverage
- Subd 1c Limitation on cancellation or nonrenewal The policy must contain a provision that the plan will not be canceled or nonrenewed on the grounds of the deterioration of health of the msured
- Subd 1d **Mandatory offer** Before the policy is sold or issued, an offer of both categories of Medicare supplement msurance must be made to the individual, together with an explanation of both coverages
- Subd 1e **Delivery of outline of coverage** An outline of coverage as provided in section 62A 39 must be delivered at the time of application and prior to payment of any premium and, except for direct response policies, an acknowledgment of receipt of this outline must be obtained from the applicant
- Subd 1f Suspension based on entitlement to medical assistance (a) The policy must provide that benefits and premiums under the policy shall be suspended at the request of the policyholder for the period, not to exceed 24 months, in which the policyholder has applied for and is determined to be entitled to medical assistance under title XIX of the Social Security Act but only if the policyholder notifies the issuer of the policy within 90 days after the date the individual becomes entitled to this assistance
- (b) If suspension occurs and if the policyholder or certificate holder loses entitlement to this medical assistance, the pohcy shall be automatically reinstated, effective as of the date of termination of this entitlement, if the policyholder provides notice of loss of the entitlement within 90 days after the date of the loss
- (c) The pohcy must provide that upon reinstatement (1) there is no additional waiting period with respect to treatment of preexisting conditions, (2) coverage is provided which is substantially equivalent to coverage in effect before the date of the suspension, and (3) premiums are classified on terms that are at least as favorable to the policyholder or certificate holder as the premium classification terms that would have applied to the policyholder or certificate holder had coverage not been suspended
- Subd 1g Notification of counseling services The written statement required by an application for Medicare supplement msurance pursuant to section 62A 43, subdivision 1, shall be made on a form, approved by the commissioner, that states that counseling services may be available in the state to provide advice concerning the purchase of Medicare supplement policies and enrollment under the Medicaid program
- Subd 1h Limitations on denials, conditions, and pricing of coverage No health carrier issuing Medicare-related coverage in this state may impose preexisting condition limitations or otherwise deny or condition the issuance or effectiveness of any such

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62A.31 ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE

coverage available for sale in this state, nor may it discriminate in the pricing of such coverage, because of the health status, claims experience, receipt of health care, medical condition, or age of an applicant where an application for such coverage is submitted prior to or during the six-month period beginning with the first day of the month m which an individual first enrolled for benefits under Medicare Part B. This subdivision applies to each Medicare-related coverage offered by a health carrier regardless of whether the individual has attained the age of 65 years. If an individual who is enrolled in Medicare Part B due to disability status is involuntarily disenrolled due to loss of disability status, the individual is eligible for another six-month enrollment period provided under this subdivision beginning the first day of the month in which the individual later becomes eligible for and enrolls again in Medicare Part B. An individual who is or was previously enrolled in Medicare Part B due to disability status is eligible for another six month enrollment period under this subdivision beginning the first day of the month in which the individual has attained the age of 65 years and either maintains enrollment in, or enrolls again in, Medicare Part B.

Subd 11 Replacement coverage If a Medicare supplement policy or certificate replaces another Medicare supplement policy or certificate, the issuer of the replacing policy or certificate shall waive any time periods applicable to preexisting conditions, waiting periods, elimination periods, and probationary periods in the new Medicare supplement policy or certificate for benefits to the extent the time was spent under the original policy or certificate For purposes of this subdivision, "Medicare supplement policy or certificate" means all coverage described in section 62A 011, subdivision 4, clause (10)

Subd 11 Filing and approval The policy must have been filed with and approved by the department as meeting all the requirements of sections 62A 31 to 62A 44

Subd 1k Guaranteed renewability The policy must guarantee renewability

Only the following standards for renewability may be used in Medicare supplement insurance policy forms

No issuer of Medicare supplement msurance pohcies may cancel or nonrenew a Medicare supplement pohcy or certificate for any reason other than nonpayment of premium or material misrepresentation

If a group Medicare supplement msurance policy is terminated by the group policyholder and is not replaced as provided in this clause, the issuer shall offer certificate holders an individual Medicare supplement policy which, at the option of the certificate holder, provides for continuation of the benefits contained in the group pohcy, or provides for such benefits and benefit packages as otherwise meet the requirements of this clause

If an individual is a certificate holder in a group Medicare supplement insurance policy and the individual terminates membership in the group, the issuer of the policy shall offer the certificate holder the conversion opportunities described in this clause, or offer the certificate holder continuation of coverage under the group policy

Subd 1l Treatment of sickness and accident losses A Medicare supplement policy or certificate shall not indemnify against losses resulting from sickness on a different basis than losses resulting from accidents

Subd 1m Medicare cost sharing coverage changes A Medicare supplement pohcy or certificate shall provide that benefits designed to cover cost sharing amounts under Medicare will be changed automatically to coincide with any changes in the applicable Medicare deductible amount and copayment percentage factors. Premiums may be modified to correspond with the changes

As soon as practicable, but no later than 30 days prior to the annual effective date of any Medicare benefit changes, an issuer shall notify its policyholders and certificate holders of modifications it has made to Medicare supplement insurance policies or certificates in a format acceptable to the commissioner Such notice shall

- (1) include a description of revisions to the Medicare program and a description of each modification made to the coverage provided under the Medicare supplement policy or certificate, and
- (2) inform each policyholder or certificate holder as to when any premium adjustment is to be made, due to changes in Medicare

The notice of benefit modifications and any premium adjustments must be in outline form and in clear and simple terms so as to facilitate comprehension

The notices must not contain or be accompanied by any solicitation

- Subd in **Termination of coverage** Termination by an issuer of a Medicare supplement pohcy or certificate shall be without prejudice to any continuous loss that began while the pohcy or certificate was in force, but the extension of benefits beyond the period during which the policy or certificate was in force may be conditioned on the continuous total disability of the msured, limited to the duration of the policy or certificate benefit period, if any, or payment of the maximum benefits The extension of benefits does not apply when the termination is based on fraud, misrepresentation, or nonpayment of premium An issuer may discontinue the availability of a policy form or certificate form if the issuer provides to the commissioner in writing its decision at least 30 days before discontinuing the availability of the form of the policy or certificate. An issuer that discontinues the availability of a policy form or certificate form shall not file for approval a new policy form or certificate form of the same type for the same Medicare supplement benefit plan as the discontinued form for five years after the issuer provides notice to the commissioner of the discontinuance. The period of discontinuance may be reduced if the commissioner determines that a shorter period is appropriate The sale or other transfer of Medicare supplement business to another issuer shall be considered a discontinuance for the purposes of this section. A change in the rating structure or methodology shall be considered a discontinuance under this section unless the issuer complies with the following requirements
- (1) the issuer provides an actuarial memorandum, in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, describing the manner in which the revised rating methodology and resulting rates differ from the existing rating methodology and resulting rates, and
- (2) the issuer does not subsequently put into effect a change of rates or rating factors that would cause the percentage differential between the discontinued and subsequent rates as described in the actuarial memorandum to change The commissioner may approve a change to the differential that is in the public interest
- Subd 10 **Refund or credit calculation** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the Minnesota experience of all pohcy forms or certificate forms of the same type in a standard Medicare supplement benefit plan shall be combined for purposes of the refund or credit calculation prescribed in section 62A 36
- (b) Forms assumed under an assumption reinsurance agreement shall not be combined with the Mmnesota experience of other forms for purposes of the refund or credit calculation
- Subd 1p Renewal or continuation provisions Medicare supplement policies and certificates shall include a renewal or continuation provision. The language or specifications of the provision shall be consistent with the type of contract issued. The provision shall be appropriately captioned and shall appear on the first page of the pohcy or certificate, and shall include any reservation by the issuer of the right to change premiums. Except for riders or endorsements by which the issuer effectuates a request made in writing by the insured, exercises a specifically reserved right under a Medicare supplement policy or certificate, or is required to reduce or eliminate benefits to avoid duplication of Medicare benefits, all riders or endorsements added to a Medicare supplement policy or certificate after the date of issue or at reinstatement or renewal that reduce or eliminate benefits or coverage in the pohcy or certificate shall require a signed acceptance by the insured. After the date of policy or certificate issue, a rider or endorsement that increases benefits or coverage with a concomitant increase in

premium during the policy or certificate term shall be agreed to in writing and signed by the insured, unless the benefits are required by the minimum standards for Medicare supplement policies or if the increased benefits or coverage is required by law. Where a separate additional premium is charged for benefits provided in connection with riders or endorsements, the premium charge shall be set forth in the policy, declaration page, or certificate. If a Medicare supplement policy or certificate contains limitations with respect to preexisting conditions, the limitations shall appear as a separate paragraph of the policy or certificate and be labeled as "preexisting condition limitations".

Issuers of accident and sickness policies or certificates that provide hospital or medical expense coverage on an expense incurred or indemnity basis to persons eligible for Medicare shall provide to those applicants a "Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare" in the form developed by the Health Care Financing Administration and in a type size no smaller than 12-point type Delivery of the guide must be made whether or not such policies or certificates are advertised, solicited, or issued as Medicare supplement policies or certificates as defined in this section. Except in the case of direct response issuers, delivery of the guide must be made to the applicant at the time of application, and acknowledgment of receipt of the guide must be obtained by the issuer. Direct response issuers shall deliver the guide to the applicant upon request, but no later than the time at which the policy is delivered.

Subd 1q Marketing procedures (1) An issuer, directly or through its producers, shall

- (1) establish marketing procedures to assure that a comparison of policies by its agents or other producers will be fair and accurate,
- (11) establish marketing procedures to ensure that excessive insurance is not sold or issued.
- (111) establish marketing procedures that set forth a mechanism or formula for determining whether a replacement policy or certificate contains benefits clearly and substantially greater than the benefits under the replaced policy or certificate,
- (iv) display prominently by type or other appropriate means, on the first page of the policy or certificate, the following

Notice to buyer This policy or certificate may not cover all of your medical expenses ,

- (v) inquire and otherwise make every reasonable effort to identify whether a prospective applicant or enrollee for Medicare supplement insurance already has accident and sickness insurance and the types and amounts of the insurance,
 - (vi) establish auditable procedures for verifying compliance with this subdivision,
- (2) in addition to the practices prohibited in chapter 72A, the following acts and practices are prohibited
- (1) knowingly making any misleading representation or incomplete or fraudulent comparison of any insurance policies or issuers for the purpose of inducing, or tending to induce, any person to lapse, forfeit, surrender, terminate, retain, pledge, assign, borrow on, or convert any insurance policy or to take out a policy of insurance with another insurer,
- (11) employing any method of marketing having the effect of or tending to induce the purchase of insurance through force, fright, threat, whether explicit or implied, or undue pressure to purchase or recommend the purchase of insurance,
- (iii) making use directly or indirectly of any method of marketing which fails to disclose in a conspicuous manner that a purpose of the method of marketing is solicitation of insurance and that contact will be made by an insurance agent or insurance company,
- (3) the terms "Medicare supplement," "medigap," and words of similar import shall not be used unless the policy or certificate is issued in compliance with this subdivision

Subd 1r Community rate Each health maintenance organization, health service plan corporation, msurer, or fraternal benefit society that sells Medicare-related coverage shall establish a separate community rate for that coverage Beginning January 1, 1993 no Medicare-related coverage may be offered, issued, sold, or renewed to a Minnesota resident, except at the community rate required by this subdivision The same community rate must apply to newly issued coverage and to renewal coverage

For coverage that supplements Medicare and for the Part A rate calculation for plans governed by section 1833 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395, et seq, the community rate may take mto account only the following factors

- (1) actuarially valid differences in benefit designs or provider networks,
- (2) geographic variations m rates if preapproved by the commissioner of commerce, and
- (3) premium reductions in recognition of healthy lifestyle behaviors, including but not limited to, refraining from the use of tobacco. Premium reductions must be actuarially valid and must relate only to those healthy lifestyle behaviors that have a proven positive impact on health. Factors used by the health carrier making this premium reduction must be filed with and approved by the commissioner of commerce

For insureds not residing m Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington county, a health plan may, at the option of the health carrier, phase m compliance under the following timetable

- (1) a premium adjustment as of March 1, 1993, that consists of one-half of the difference between the community rate that would be applicable to the person as of March 1, 1993, and the premium rate that would be applicable to the person as of March 1, 1993, under the rate schedule permitted on December 31, 1992. A health plan may, at the option of the health earrier, implement the entire premium difference described in this clause for any person as of March 1, 1993, if the premium difference would be 15 percent or less of the premium rate that would be applicable to the person as of March 1, 1993, under the rate schedule permitted on December 31, 1992, if the health plan does so uniformly regardless of whether the premium difference causes premiums to rise or to fall. The premium difference described in this clause is in addition to any premium adjustment attributable to medical cost inflation or any other lawful factor and is intended to describe only the premium difference attributable to the transition to the community rate, and
- (11) with respect to any person whose premium adjustment was constrained under clause (1), a premium adjustment as of January 1, 1994, that consists of the remaining one-half of the premium difference attributable to the transition to the community rate, as described in clause (1)

A health plan that initially follows the phase-in timetable may at any subsequent time comply on a more rapid timetable. A health plan that is in full compliance as of January 1, 1993, may not use the phase-in timetable and must remain in full compliance. Health plans that follow the phase-in timetable must charge the same premium rate for newly issued coverage that they charge for renewal coverage. A health plan whose premiums are constrained by clause (i) may take the constraint mto account in establishing its community rate.

From January 1, 1993 to February 28, 1993, a health plan may, at the health carrier's option, charge the community rate under this paragraph or may instead charge premiums permitted as of December 31, 1992

- Subd 1s **Prescription drug coverage** Beginning January 1, 1993, a health maintenance organization that issues Medicare related coverage must offer, to each person to whom it offers any contract described in this subdivision, at least one contract that either
- (1) covers 80 percent of the reasonable and customary charge for prescription drugs or the copayment equivalency, or

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(2) offers the coverage described in clause (1) as an optional rider that may be purchased separately from other optional coverages

Subd 1t Notice of lack of drug coverage Each policy or contract issued without prescription drug coverage by any insurer, health service plan corporation, health maintenance organization, or fraternal benefit society must contain, displayed prominently by type or other appropriate means, on the first page of the contract, the following

"Notice to buyer This contract does not cover prescription drugs Prescription drugs can be a very high percentage of your medical expenses Coverage for prescription drugs may be available to you Please ask for further details"

From January 1, 1993 to February 28, 1993, compliance with this paragraph is optional If a health maintenance organization does not comply with this paragraph during that period, the health maintenance organization must extend any person's six month eligibility period provided under subdivision 1h that began prior to or during that period and ends during or after that period. The length of the extension must be no less than that portion of the person's six-month eligibility period during which the health carrier did not comply with this paragraph. The extended eligibility period applies only to contracts that provide the prescription drug coverage required by this paragraph.

- Subd 1u Guaranteed issue for eligible persons (a)(1) Eligible persons are those individuals described in paragraph (b) who apply to enroll under the Medicare supplement policy not later than 63 days after the date of the termination of enrollment described in paragraph (b), and who submit evidence of the date of termination or disenrollment with the application for a Medicare supplement pohey
- (2) With respect to eligible persons, an issuer shall not deny or condition the issuance or effectiveness of a Medicare supplement policy described in paragraph (c) that is offered and is available for issuance to new enrollees by the issuer, discriminate in the pricing of such a Medicare supplement policy because of health status, claims experience, receipt of health care, medical condition, or age, or impose an exclusion of benefits based upon a preexisting condition under such a Medicare supplement policy
 - (b) An eligible person is an individual described in any of the following
- (1) the individual is enrolled under an employee welfare benefit plan that provides health benefits that supplement the benefits under Medicare, and the plan terminates, or the plan ceases to provide all such supplemental health benefits to the individual,
- (2) the individual is enrolled with a Medicare+Choice organization under a Medicare+Choice plan under Medicare part C, and any of the following circumstances apply
- (1) the organization's or plan's certification under Medicare part C has been terminated or the organization has terminated or otherwise discontinued providing the plan in the area in which the individual resides,
- (n) the individual is no longer eligible to elect the plan because of a change in the individual's place of residence or other change in circumstances specified by the secretary, but not including termination of the individual's enrollment on the basis described in section 1851(g)(3)(B) of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395w-21(g)(3)(b) (where the individual has not paid premiums on a timely basis or has engaged in disruptive behavior as specified m standards under section 1856 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42 section 1395w-26), or the plan is terminated for all individuals within a residence area,
- (iii) the individual demonstrates, in accordance with guidelines established by the Secretary, that
- (A) the organization offering the plan substantially violated a material provision of the organization's contract in relation to the individual, including the failure to provide an enrollee on a timely basis medically necessary care for which benefits are available

under the plan or the failure to provide such covered care in accordance with applicable quality standards, or

- (B) the organization, or agent or other entity acting on the organization's behalf, materially misrepresented the plan's provisions in marketing the plan to the individual, or
- (iv) the individual meets such other exceptional conditions as the secretary may provide,
 - (3)(1) the individual is enrolled with
- (A) an eligible organization under a contract under section 1876 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395mm (Medicare risk or cost),
- (B) a similar organization operating under demonstration project authority, effective for periods before April 1, 1999,
- (C) an organization under an agreement under section 1833(a)(1)(A) of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395l(a)(1)(A) (health care prepayment plan), or
- (D) an organization under a Medicare Select policy under section 62A 318 or the similar law of another state, and
- (11) the enrollment ceases under the same circumstances that would permit discontinuance of an individual's election of coverage under clause (2),
- (4) the individual is enrolled under a Medicare supplement pohcy, and the enrollment ceases because
- (1)(A) of the insolvency of the issuer or bankruptcy of the nonissuer organization, or
 - (B) of other involuntary termination of coverage or enrollment under the policy.
- (11) the issuer of the policy substantially violated a material provision of the policy, or
- (III) the issuer, or an agent or other entity acting on the issuer's behalf, materially misrepresented the policy's provisions in marketing the policy to the individual,
- (5)(1) the individual was enrolled under a Medicare supplement policy and terminates that enrollment and subsequently enrolls, for the first time, with any Medicare + Choice organization under a Medicare + Choice plan under Medicare part C, any eligible organization under a contract under section 1876 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395mm (Medicare risk or cost), any similar organization operating under demonstration project authority, an organization under an agreement under section 1833(a)(1)(A) of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395l(a)(1)(A) (health care prepayment plan), or a Medicare Select policy under section 62A 318 or the similar law of another state, and
- (11) the subsequent enrollment under paragraph (a) is terminated by the enrollee during any period within the first 12 months of such subsequent enrollment, or
- (6) the individual, upon first enrolling for benefits under Medicare part B, enrolls in a Medicare + Choice plan under Medicare part C, and disenrolls from the plan by not later than 12 months after the effective date of enrollment
 - (c) The Medicare supplement policy to which eligible persons are entitled under
- (1) paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (4), is any Medicare supplement policy that has a benefit package consisting of the basic Medicare supplement plan described in section 62A 316, paragraph (a), plus any combination of the three optional riders described m section 62A 316, paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (3), offered by any issuer,
- (2) paragraph (b), clause (5), is the same Medicare supplement policy in which the individual was most recently previously enrolled, if available from the same issuer, or, if not so available, any policy described in clause (1) offered by any issuer,

- (3) paragraph (b), clause (6), shall include any Medicare supplement policy offered by any issuer
- (d)(1) At the time of an event described in paragraph (b), because of which an individual loses coverage or benefits due to the termination of a contract or agreement, policy, or plan, the organization that terminates the contract or agreement, the issuer terminating the pohcy, or the administrator of the plan being terminated, respectively, shall notify the individual of the individual's rights under this subdivision, and of the obhgations of issuers of Medicare supplement policies under paragraph (a) The notice must be communicated contemporaneously with the notification of termination
- (2) At the time of an event described in paragraph (b), because of which an individual ceases enrollment under a contract or agreement, pohcy, or plan, the organization that offers the contract or agreement, regardless of the basis for the cessation of enrollment, the issuer offering the policy, or the administrator of the plan, respectively, shall notify the individual of the individual's rights under this subdivision, and of the obhgations of issuers of Medicare supplement pohcies under paragraph (a) The notice must be communicated within ten working days of the issuer receiving notification of disenrollment
- (e) Reference in this subdivision to a situation in which, or to a basis upon which, an individual's coverage has been terminated does not provide authority under the laws of this state for the termination in that situation or upon that basis
- (f) An individual's rights under this subdivision are in addition to, and do not modify or limit, the individual's rights under subdivision 1h
- Subd 2 General coverage. For a policy to meet the requirements of this section it must contain (1) a designation specifying whether the policy is an extended basic Medicare supplement plan or a basic Medicare supplement plan, (2) a caption stating that the commissioner has established two categories of Medicare supplement insurance and minimum standards for each, with the extended basic Medicare supplement being the most comprehensive and the basic Medicare supplement being the least comprehensive, and (3) the policy must provide the coverage prescribed in sections 62A 315 and 62A 316
- Subd 3 **Definitions.** (a) The definitions provided in this subdivision apply to sections $62A\ 31$ to $62A\ 44$
- (b) "Accident," "accidental injury," or "accidental means" means to employ "result" language and does not include words that establish an accidental means test or use words such as "external," "violent," "visible wounds," or similar words of description or characterization
- (1) The definition shall not be more restrictive than the following "Injury or injuries for which benefits are provided means accidental bodily injury sustained by the insured person which is the direct result of an accident, independent of disease or bodily infirmity or any other cause, and occurs while insurance coverage is in force"
- (2) The definition may provide that injuries shall not include injuries for which benefits are provided or available under a workers' compensation, employer's liability or similar law, or motor vehicle no-fault plan, unless prohibited by law
 - (c) "Apphcant" means
- (1) in the case of an individual Medicare supplement policy or certificate, the person who seeks to contract for insurance benefits, and
- (2) in the case of a group Medicare supplement policy or certificate, the proposed certificate holder
- (d) "Bankruptcy" means a situation in which a Medicare + Choice organization that is not an issuer has filed, or has had filed against it, a petition for declaration of bankruptcy and has ceased doing business in the state
- (e) "Benefit period" or "Medicare benefit period" shall not be defined more restrictively than as defined in the Medicare program

- (f) "Certificate" means a certificate delivered or issued for delivery in this state or offered to a resident of this state under a group Medicare supplement policy or certificate
- (g) "Certificate form" means the form on which the certificate is delivered or issued for delivery by the issuer
- (h) "Convalescent nursing home," "extended care facility," or "skilled nursing facility" shall not be defined more restrictively than as defined in the Medicare program
- (1) "Employee welfare benefit plan" means a plan, fund, or program of employee benefits as defined in United States Code, title 29, section 1002 (Employee Retirement Income Security Act)
- (J) "Health care expenses" means expenses of health mamtenance organizations associated with the delivery of health care services which are analogous to incurred losses of insurers. The expenses shall not include
 - (1) home office and overhead costs,
 - (2) advertising costs,
 - (3) commissions and other acquisition costs,
 - (4) taxes,
 - (5) capital costs,
 - (6) administrative costs, and
 - (7) claims processing costs
- (k) "Hospital" may be defined in relation to its status, facilities, and available services or to reflect its accreditation by the joint commission on accreditation of hospitals, but not more restrictively than as defined in the Medicare program
- (1) "Insolvency" means a situation in which an issuer, licensed to transact the business of insurance in this state, including the right to transact business as any type of issuer, has had a final order of liquidation entered against it with a finding of insolvency by a court of competent jurisdiction in the issuer's state of domicile
- (m) "Issuer" includes insurance companies, fraternal benefit societies, health service plan corporations, health maintenance organizations, and any other entity delivering or issuing for delivery Medicare supplement policies or certificates in this state or offering these policies or certificates to residents of this state
- (n) "Medicare" shall be defined in the policy and certificate Medicare may be defined as the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, title XVIII of the Social Security Amendments of 1965, as amended, or title I, part I, of Pubhc Law Number 89-97, as enacted by the 89th Congress of the United States of America and popularly known as the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, as amended
- (o) "Medicare eligible expenses" means health care expenses covered by Medicare, to the extent recognized as reasonable and medically necessary by Medicare
- (p) "Medicare + Choice plan" means a plan of coverage for health benefits under Medicare part C as defined in section 1859 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395w-28, and includes
- (1) coordinated care plans which provide health care services, including, but not limited to, health mamtenance organization plans, with or without a point-of-service option, plans offered by provider-sponsored organizations, and preferred provider organization plans,
- (2) medical savings account plans coupled with a contribution mto a Medicare + Choice medical savings account, and
 - (3) Medicare + Choice private fee-for-service plans
- (q) "Medicare-related coverage" means a policy, contract, or certificate issued as a supplement to Medicare, regulated under sections 62A 31 to 62A 44, including Medicare select coverage, pohcies, contracts, or certificates that supplement Medicare issued

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by health maintenance organizations, or pohcies, contracts, or certificates governed by section 1833 (known as "cost" or "HCPP" contracts) or 1876 (known as "TEFRA" or "risk" contracts) of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395, et seq, as amended

- (r) "Medicare supplement policy or certificate" means a group or individual policy of accident and sickness insurance or a subscriber contract of hospital and medical service associations or health maintenance organizations, or those policies or certificates covered by section 1833 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395, et seq, or an issued policy under a demonstration project specified under amendments to the federal Social Security Act, which is advertised, marketed; or designed primarily as a supplement to reimbursements under Medicare for the hospital, medical, or surgical expenses of persons eligible for Medicare
- (s) "Physician" shall not be defined more restrictively than as defined in the Medicare program or section 62A 04, subdivision 1, or 62A 15, subdivision 3a
- (t) "Pohcy form" means the form on which the pohcy is delivered or issued for delivery by the issuer
- (u) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services
 - (v) "Sickness" shall not be defined more restrictively than the following "Sickness means illness or disease of an insured person which first manifests itself after the effective date of insurance and while the insurance is in force"

The definition may be further modified to exclude sicknesses or diseases for which benefits are provided under a workers' compensation, occupational disease, employer's liability, or similar law

Subd 4 **Prohibited policy provisions.** A Medicare supplement policy or certificate in force in the state shall not contain benefits that duplicate benefits provided by Medicare or contain exclusions on coverage that are more restrictive than those of Medicare

No Medicare supplement pohcy or certificate may use waivers to exclude, limit, or reduce coverage or benefits for specifically named or described preexisting diseases or physical conditions, except as permitted under subdivision 1b

- Subd 5 Advertising. An issuer shall provide a copy of any Medicare supplement advertisement intended for use in this state whether through printed or electronic medium to the commissioner for review or approval to the extent it may be required
- Subd 6 Application to certain policies. The requirements of sections 62A 31 to 62A 44 shall not apply to disability income protection insurance policies, long-term care policies issued pursuant to sections 62A 46 to 62A 56 or chapter 62S, or group policies of accident and health msurance which do not purport to supplement Medicare issued to any of the following groups
- (a) A policy issued to an employer or employers or to the trustee of a fund established by an employer where only employees or retirees, and dependents of employees or retirees, are eligible for coverage
 - (b) A policy issued to a labor union or similar employee organization
- (c) A policy issued to an association, a trust or the trustee of a fund established, created or maintained for the benefit of members of one or more associations. The association or associations shall have at the outset a minimum of 100 persons, shall have been organized and maintained in good faith for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance, shall have a constitution and bylaws which provide that (1) the association or associations hold regular meetings not less frequently than annually to further purposes of the members, (2) except for credit unions, the association or associations collect dues or solicit contributions from members, (3) the members have voting privileges and representation on the governing board and committees, and (4) the members are not, within the first 30 days of membership, directly solicited, offered, or sold a long-term care policy or Medicare supplement policy if the policy is available

as an association benefit. This clause does not prohibit direct solicitations, offers, or sales made exclusively by mail

An association may apply to the commissioner for a waiver of the 30-day waiting period as to that association. The commissioner may grant the waiver upon a finding of all of the following (1) that the association is in full compliance with this section, (2) that sanctions have not been imposed against the association as a result of significant disciplinary action by the department of commerce, and (3) that at least 90 percent of the association's income comes from dues, contributions, or sources other than income from the sale of msurance

History: 1981 c 318 s 1, 1983 c 263 s 10, 1986 c 397 s 2, 1987 c 337 s 55, 1989 c 258 s 3,4, 1990 c 403 s 3, 1990 c 415 s 3, 1991 c 43 s 1, 1991 c 129 s 1, 1992 c 549 art 3 s 11, 1992 c 554 art 1 s 1-3, 1993 c 1 s 1, 1993 c 330 s 1-3,12, 1994 c 465 art 1 s 2, 1994 c 625 art 10 s 6, 1995 c 258 s 29,30, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 27-31, 1997 c 71 art 2 s 4, 1999 c 90 s 1-3

62A 315 EXTENDED BASIC MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT PLAN; COVERAGE.

The extended basic Medicare supplement plan must have a level of coverage so that it will be certified as a qualified plan pursuant to section 62E 07, and will provide

- (1) coverage for all of the Medicare part A inpatient hospital deductible and coinsurance amounts, and 100 percent of all Medicare part A eligible expenses for hospitalization not covered by Medicare,
- (2) coverage for the daily copayment amount of Medicare part A eligible expenses for the calendar year incurred for skilled nursing facility care,
- (3) coverage for the copayment amount of Medicare eligible expenses under Medicare part B regardless of hospital confinement, and the Medicare part B deductible amount,
- (4) 80 percent of the usual and customary hospital and medical expenses and supplies described in section 62E 06, subdivision 1, not to exceed any charge limitation established by the Medicare program or state law, the usual and customary hospital and medical expenses and supplies, described in section 62E 06, subdivision 1, while in a foreign country, and prescription drug expenses, not covered by Medicare,
- (5) coverage for the reasonable cost of the first three pints of blood, or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells as defined under federal regulations under Medicare parts A and B, unless replaced in accordance with federal regulations,
- (6) 100 percent of the cost of immunizations and routine screening procedures for cancer, including mammograms and pap smears,
- (7) preventive medical care benefit coverage for the following preventive health services
- (1) an annual clinical preventive medical history and physical examination that may include tests and services from clause (11) and patient education to address preventive health care measures.
- (11) any one or a combination of the following preventive screening tests or preventive services, the frequency of which is considered medically appropriate
 - (A) fecal occult blood test and/or digital rectal examination,
 - (B) dipstick urinalysis for hematuria, bacteriuria, and proteinuria,
- (C) pure tone (air only) hearing screening test administered or ordered by a physician,
 - (D) serum cholesterol screening every five years,
 - (E) thyroid function test,
 - (F) diabetes screening,
- (iii) any other tests or preventive measures determined appropriate by the attending physician

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Reimbursement shall be for the actual charges up to 100 percent of the Medicare-approved amount for each service as if Medicare were to cover the service as identified in American Medical Association current procedural terminology (AMA CPT) codes to a maximum of \$120 annually under this benefit This benefit shall not melude payment for any procedure covered by Medicare,

- (8) at-home recovery benefit coverage for services to provide short-term at-home assistance with activities of daily living for those recovering from an illness, injury, or surgery
 - (1) for purposes of this benefit, the following definitions shall apply
- (A) "activities of daily living" include, but are not hmited to, bathing, dressing, personal hygiene, transferring, eating, ambulating, assistance with drugs that are normally self-administered, and changing bandages or other dressings,
- (B) "care provider" means a duly qualified or licensed home health aide/home-maker, personal care aide, or nurse provided through a licensed home health care agency or referred by a heensed referral agency or licensed nurses registry,
- (C) "home" means a place used by the insured as a place of residence, provided that the place would qualify as a residence for home health care services covered by Medicare A hospital or skilled nursing facility shall not be considered the insured's place of residence,
- (D) "at-home recovery visit" means the period of a visit required to provide athome recovery care, without limit on the duration of the visit, except each consecutive four hours in a 24-hour period of services provided by a care provider is one visit,
 - (n) coverage requirements and limitations
- (A) at-home recovery services provided must be primarily services that assist in activities of daily living,
- (B) the insured's attending physician must certify that the specific type and frequency of at-home recovery services are necessary because of a condition for which a home care plan of treatment was approved by Medicare,
 - (C) coverage is limited to
- (I) no more than the number and type of at-home recovery visits certified as medically necessary by the insured's attending physician. The total number of at-home recovery visits shall not exceed the number of Medicare-approved home health care visits under a Medicare-approved home care plan of treatment,
- (II) the actual charges for each visit up to a maximum reimbursement of \$40 per visit,
 - (III) \$1,600 per calendar year
 - (IV) seven visits in any one week,
 - (V) care furnished on a visiting basis in the insured's home,
 - (VI) services provided by a care provider as defined in this section,
- (VII) at-home recovery visits while the insured is covered under the policy or certificate and not otherwise excluded,
- (VIII) at-home recovery visits received during the period the insured is receiving Medicare-approved home care services or no more than eight weeks after the service date of the last Medicare-approved home health care visit,
 - (iii) coverage is excluded for
 - (A) home care visits paid for by Medicare or other government programs, and
- (B) care provided by family members, unpaid volunteers, or providers who are not care providers

History: 1989 c 258 s 5, 1990 c 403 s 4, 1992 c 554 ant 1 s 4, 1993 c 330 s 4, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 32

62A.316 BASIC MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT PLAN; COVERAGE.

- (a) The basic Medicare supplement plan must have a level of coverage that will provide
- (1) coverage for all of the Medicare part A inpatient hospital coinsurance amounts, and 100 percent of all Medicare part A eligible expenses for hospitalization not covered by Medicare, after satisfying the Medicare part A deductible,
- (2) coverage for the daily copayment amount of Medicare part A eligible expenses for the calendar year incurred for skilled nursing facility care,
- (3) coverage for the copayment amount of Medicare eligible expenses under Medicare part B regardless of hospital confinement, subject to the Medicare part B deductible amount,
- (4) 80 percent of the hospital and medical expenses and supplies incurred during travel outside the United States as a result of a medical emergency,
- (5) coverage for the reasonable cost of the first three pints of blood, or equivalent quantities of packed red blood cells as defined under federal regulations under Medicare parts A and B, unless replaced in accordance with federal regulations,
- (6) 100 percent of the cost of immunizations and routine screening procedures for cancer screening including mammograms and pap smears, and
- (7) 80 percent of coverage for all physician prescribed medically appropriate and necessary equipment and supplies used in the management and treatment of diabetes Coverage must include persons with gestational, type I, or type II diabetes
 - (b) Only the following optional benefit riders may be added to this plan
 - (1) coverage for all of the Medicare part A inpatient hospital deductible amount,
- (2) a minimum of 80 percent of eligible medical expenses and supplies not covered by Medicare part B, not to exceed any charge limitation established by the Medicare program or state law,
 - (3) coverage for all of the Medicare part B annual deductible,
- (4) coverage for at least 50 percent, or the equivalent of 50 percent, of usual and customary prescription drug expenses,
 - (5) coverage for the following preventive health services
- (1) an annual clinical preventive medical history and physical examination that may include tests and services from clause (n) and patient education to address preventive health care measures,
- (11) any one or a combination of the following preventive screening tests or preventive services, the frequency of which is considered medically appropriate
 - (A) fecal occult blood test and/or digital rectal examination,
 - (B) dipstick urinalysis for hematuria, bacteriuria, and proteinuria,
- (C) pure tone (air only) hearing screening test, administered or ordered by a physician,
 - (D) serum cholesterol screening every five years,
 - (E) thyroid function test,
 - (F) diabetes screening,
- '(iii) any other tests or preventive measures determined appropriate by the attending physician

Reimbursement shall be for the actual charges up to 100 percent of the Medicare-approved amount for each service, as if Medicare were to cover the service as identified in American Medical Association current procedural terminology (AMA CPT) codes, to a maximum of \$120 annually under this benefit This benefit shall not include payment for a procedure covered by Medicare,

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- (6) coverage for services to provide short-term at-home assistance with activities of daily living for those recovering from an illness, injury, or surgery
 - (1) For purposes of this benefit, the following definitions apply
- (A) "activities of daily living" include, but are not limited to, bathing, dressing, personal hygiene, transferring, eating, ambulating, assistance with drugs that are normally self-administered, and changing bandages or other dressings,
- (B) "care provider" means a duly qualified or licensed home health aide/home-maker, personal care aid, or nurse provided through a licensed home health care agency or referred by a licensed referral agency or licensed nurses registry,
- (C) "home" means a place used by the insured as a place of residence, provided that the place would qualify as a residence for home health care services covered by Medicare A hospital or skilled nursing facility shall not be considered the insured's place of residence,
- (D) "at-home recovery visit" means the period of a visit required to provide at-home recovery care, without limit on the duration of the visit, except each consecutive four hours in a 24-hour period of services provided by a care provider is one visit,
 - (11) Coverage requirements and limitations
- (A) at-home recovery services provided must be primarily services that assist in activities of daily living,
- (B) the insured's attending physician must certify that the specific type and frequency of at-home recovery services are necessary because of a condition for which a home care plan of treatment was approved by Medicare,
 - (C) coverage is limited to
- (I) no more than the number and type of at-home recovery visits certified as necessary by the insured's attending physician. The total number of at-home recovery visits shall not exceed the number of Medicare-approved home care visits under a Medicare-approved home care plan of treatment,
- (II) the actual charges for each visit up to a maximum reimbursement of \$40 per visit,
 - (III) \$1,600 per calendar year,
 - (IV) seven visits in any one week,
 - (V) care furnished on a visiting basis in the insured's home,
 - (VI) services provided by a care provider as defined in this section,
- (VII) at-home recovery visits while the insured is covered under the policy or certificate and not otherwise excluded,
- (VIII) at-home recovery visits received during the period the insured is receiving Medicare-approved home care services or no more than eight weeks after the service date of the last Medicare-approved home health care visit,
 - (111) Coverage is excluded for
 - (A) home care visits paid for by Medicare or other government programs, and
- (B) care provided by family members, unpaid volunteers, or providers who are not care providers,
- (7) coverage for at least 50 percent, or the equivalent of 50 percent, of usual and customary prescription drug expenses to a maximum of \$1,200 paid by the issuer annually under this benefit An issuer of Medicare supplement insurance pohcies that elects to offer this benefit rider shall also make available coverage that contains the rider specified in clause (4)

History: 1989 c 258 s 6, 1990 c 403 s 5, 1990 c 612 s 5, 1991 c 129 s 2, 1992 c 554 art 1 s 5, 1993 c 330 s 5, 1997 c 225 art 2 s 4, 1998 c 293 s 1

62A.317 STANDARDS FOR CLAIMS PAYMENT.

- (a) An issuer shall comply with section 1882(c)(3) of the federal Social Security Act, as enacted by section 4081(b)(2)(C) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (OBRA), Public Law Number 100-203, by
- (1) accepting a notice from a Medicare carrier on duly assigned claims submitted by Medicare participating physicians and suppliers as a claim for benefits in place of any other claim form otherwise required and making a payment determination on the basis of the information contained mithat notice,
- (2) notifying the Medicare participating physician or supplier and the beneficiary of the payment determination,
 - (3) paying the Medicare participating physician or supplier directly,
- (4) furnishing, at the time of enrollment, each enrollee with a card listing the pohcy or certificate name, number, and a central mailing address to which notices from a Medicare carrier may be sent,
- (5) paying user fees for claim notices that are transmitted electronically or otherwise, and
- (6) providing to the secretary of health and human services, at least annually, a central mailing address to which all claims may be sent by Medicare carriers
- (b) Compliance with the requirements in paragraph (a) shall be certified on the Medicare supplement insurance experience reporting form

History: 1992 c 554 art 1 s 6

62A 318 MEDICARE SELECT POLICIES AND CERTIFICATES.

- (a) This section applies to Medicare select policies and certificates, as defined in this section, including those issued by health maintenance organizations. No policy or certificate may be advertised as a Medicare select policy or certificate unless it meets the requirements of this section
 - (b) For the purposes of this section
- (1) "complaint" means any dissatisfaction expressed by an individual concerning a Medicare select issuer or its network providers,
- (2) "grievance" means dissatisfaction expressed in writing by an individual insured under a Medicare select policy or certificate with the administration, claims practices, or provision of services concerning a Medicare select issuer or its network providers,
- (3) "Medicare select issuer" means an issuer offering, or seeking to offer, a Medicare select policy or certificate,
- (4) "Medicare select pohcy" or "Medicare select certificate" means a Médicare supplement policy or certificate that contains restricted network provisions,
- (5) "network provider" means a provider of health care, or a group of providers of health care, that has entered mto a written agreement with the issuer to provide benefits insured under a Medicare select policy or certificate,
- (6) "restricted network provision" means a provision that conditions the payment of benefits, in whole or in part, on the use of network providers, and
- '(7) "service area" means the geographic area approved by the commissioner within which an issuer is authorized to offer a Medicare select policy or certificate
- (c) The commissioner may authorize an issuer to offer a Medicare select pohcy or certificate pursuant to this section and section 4358 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA) of 1990, Public Law Number 101-508, if the commissioner finds that the issuer has satisfied all of the requirements of Minnesota Statutes
- (d) A Medicare select issuer shall not issue a Medicare select policy or certificate in this state until its plan of operation has been approved by the commissioner

- (e) A Medicare select issuer shall file a proposed plan of operation with the commissioner, in a format prescribed by the commissioner. The plan of operation shall contain at least the following information
- (1) evidence that all covered services that are subject to restricted network provisions are available and accessible through network providers, including a demonstration that
- (1) the services can be provided by network providers with reasonable promptness with respect to geographic location, hours of operation, and after-hour care. The hours of operation and availability of after-hour care shall reflect usual practice in the local area. Geographic availability shall reflect the usual travel times within the community,
- (11) the number of network providers in the service area is sufficient, with respect to current and expected policyholders, either
- (A) to deliver adequately all services that are subject to a restricted network provision, or
 - (B) to make appropriate referrals,
- (III) there are written agreements with network providers describing specific responsibilities,
 - (iv) emergency care is available 24 hours per day and seven days per week, and
- (v) in the case of covered services that are subject to a restricted network provision and are provided on a prepaid basis, there are written agreements with network providers prohibiting the providers from billing or otherwise seeking reimbursement from or recourse against an individual insured under a Medicare select policy or certificate. This section does not apply to supplemental charges or coinsurance amounts as stated in the Medicare select policy or certificate,
 - (2) a statement or map providing a clear description of the service area,
 - (3) a description of the grievance procedure to be used,
 - (4) a description of the quality assurance program, including
 - (1) the formal organizational structure,
- (11) the written criteria for selection, retention, and removal of network providers, and
- (m) the procedures for evaluating quality of care provided by network providers, and the process to initiate corrective action when warranted,
 - (5) a list and description, by specialty, of the network providers,
- (6) copies of the written information proposed to be used by the issuer to comply with paragraph (i), and
 - (7) any other information requested by the commissioner
- (f) A Medicare select issuer shall file proposed changes to the plan of operation, except for changes to the list of network providers, with the commissioner before implementing the changes. The changes shall be considered approved by the commissioner after 30 days unless specifically disapproved.

An updated list of network providers shall be filed with the commissioner at least quarterly

- (g) A Medicare select policy or certificate shall not restrict payment for covered services provided by nonnetwork providers if
- (1) the services are for symptoms requiring emergency care or are immediately required for an unforeseen illness, injury, or condition, and
 - (2) it is not reasonable to obtain the services through a network provider
- (h) A Medicare select policy or certificate shall provide payment for full coverage under the policy or certificate for covered services that are not available through network providers

- (1) A Medicare select issuer shall make full and fair disclosure in writing of the provisions, restrictions, and limitations of the Medicare select policy or certificate to each applicant. This disclosure must include at least the following
- (1) an outline of coverage sufficient to permit the applicant to compare the coverage and premiums of the Medicare select policy or certificate with
 - (1) other Medicare supplement pohcies or certificates offered by the issuer, and
 - (11) other Medicare select policies or certificates,
- (2) a description, including address, phone number, and hours of operation, of the network providers, including primary care physicians, specialty physicians, hospitals, and other providers,
- (3) a description of the restricted network provisions, including payments for coinsurance and deductibles when providers other than network providers are used,
- (4) a description of coverage for emergency and urgently needed care and other out-of-service area coverage,
- (5) a description of limitations on referrals to restricted network providers and to other providers,
- (6) a description of the policyholder's rights to purchase any other Medicare supplement pohcy or certificate otherwise offered by the issuer, and
- (7) a description of the Medicare select issuer's quality assurance program and grievance procedure
- (J) Before the sale of a Medicare select policy or certificate, a Medicare select issuer shall obtain from the applicant a signed and dated form stating that the applicant has received the information provided pursuant to paragraph (i) and that the applicant understands the restrictions of the Medicare select policy or certificate
- (k) A Medicare select issuer shall have and use procedures for hearing complaints and resolving written grievances from the subscribers. The procedures shall be aimed at mutual agreement for settlement and may include arbitration procedures.
- (1) The grievance procedure must be described in the pohcy and certificates and in the outline of coverage
- (2) At the time the policy or certificate is issued, the issuer shall provide detailed mformation to the policyholder describing how a grievance may be registered with the issuer
- (3) Grievances must be considered in a timely manner and must be transmitted to appropriate decision makers who have authority to fully investigate the issue and take corrective action
 - (4) If a grievance is found to be valid, corrective action must be taken promptly
 - (5) All concerned parties must be notified about the results of a grievance
- (6) The issuer shall report no later than March 31 of each year to the commissioner regarding the grievance procedure. The report shall be in a format prescribed by the commissioner and shall contain the number of grievances filed in the past year and a summary of the subject, nature, and resolution of the grievances.
- (l) At the time of initial purchase, a Medicare select issuer shall make available to each applicant for a Medicare select pohcy or certificate the opportunity to purchase a Medicare supplement pohcy or certificate otherwise offered by the issuer
- (m)(1) At the request of an individual insured under a Medicare select policy or certificate, a Medicare select issuer shall make available to the individual msured the opportunity to purchase a Medicare supplement policy or certificate offered by the issuer that has comparable or lesser benefits and that does not contain a restricted network provision. The issuer shall make the policies or certificates available without requiring evidence of insurability after the Medicare supplement policy or certificate has been in force for six months. If the issuer does not have available for sale a policy or certificate without restrictive network provisions, the issuer shall provide enrollment

information for the Minnesota comprehensive health association Medicare supplement plans

- (2) For the purposes of this paragraph, a Medicare supplement policy or certificate will be considered to have comparable or lesser benefits unless it contains one or more significant benefits not included in the Medicare select policy or certificate being replaced For the purposes of this paragraph, a significant benefit means coverage for the Medicare part A deductible, coverage for prescription drugs, coverage for at-home recovery services, or coverage for part B excess charges
- (n) Medicare select policies and certificates shall provide for continuation of coverage if the secretary of health and human services determines that Medicare select policies and certificates issued pursuant to this section should be discontinued due to either the failure of the Medicare select program to be reauthorized under law or its substantial amendment
- (1) Each Medicare select issuer shall make available to each individual msured under a Medicare select pohcy or certificate the opportunity to purchase a Medicare supplement pohcy or certificate offered by the issuer that has comparable or lesser benefits and that does not contain a restricted network provision. The issuer shall make the pohcies and certificates available without requiring evidence of insurability.
- (2) For the purposes of this paragraph, a Medicare supplement pohcy or certificate will be considered to have comparable or lesser benefits unless it contains one or more significant benefits not included in the Medicare select policy or certificate being replaced For the purposes of this paragraph, a significant benefit means coverage for the Medicare part A deductible, coverage for prescription drugs, coverage for at-home recovery services, or coverage for part B excess charges
- (o) A Medicare select issuer shall comply with reasonable requests for data made by state or federal agencies, including the United States Department of Health and Human Services, for the purpose of evaluating the Medicare select program
- (p) Medicare select pohcies and certificates under this section shall be regulated and approved by the department of commerce
- (q) Medicare select pohcies and certificates must be either a basic plan or an extended basic plan. Before a Medicare select pohcy or certificate is sold or issued in this state, the applicant must be provided with an explanation of coverage for both a Medicare select basic and a Medicare select extended basic pohcy or certificate and must be provided with the opportunity of purchasing either a Medicare select basic or a Medicare select extended basic policy. The basic plan may also include any of the optional benefit riders authorized by section 62A 316. Preventive care provided by Medicare select policies or certificates must be provided as set forth in section 62A 315 or 62A 316, except that the benefits are as defined in chapter 62D
 - (r) [Expired]

History: 1992 c 554 art 2 s 1, 1993 c 330 s 6, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 33

62A.319 REPORTING OF MULTIPLE POLICIES.

Subdivision 1 **Annual report.** On or before March 1 of each year, an issuer shall report the following mformation for every individual resident of this state for which the issuer has in force more than one Medicare supplement policy or certificate

- (1) the policy and certificate number, and
- (2) the date of issuance
- Subd 2 **NAIC** report forms. The items in subdivision 1 must be grouped by individual policyholder and be on the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Reporting Medicare Supplement Policies form

History: 1992 c 554 art 1 s 7

62A.32 [Repealed, 1989 c 258 s 14]

62A.33 [Repealed, 1989 c 258 s 14]

62A.34 [Repealed, 1989 c 258 s 14]

62A.35 [Repealed, 1989 c 258 s 14]

62A.36 LOSS RATIO STANDARDS.

Subdivision 1 Loss ratio standards. (a) For purposes of this section, "Medicare supplement policy or certificate" has the meaning given in section 62A 31, subdivision 3, but also includes a policy, contract, or certificate issued under a contract under section 1833 or 1876 of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395 et seq. A Medicare supplement policy form or certificate form shall not be delivered or issued for delivery unless the policy form or certificate form can be expected, as estimated for the entire period for which rates are computed to provide coverage, to return to policyholders and certificate holders in the form of aggregate benefits, not including anticipated refunds or credits, provided under the pohcy form or certificate form

- (1) at least 75 percent of the aggregate amount of premiums earned in the case of group policies, and
- (2) at least 65 percent of the aggregate amount of premiums earned in the case of individual policies, calculated on the basis of incurred claims experience or incurred health care expenses where coverage is provided by a health maintenance organization on a service rather than reimbursement basis and earned premiums for the period and according to accepted actuarial principles and practices. An insurer shall demonstrate that the third year loss ratio is greater than or equal to the applicable percentage

All filings of rates and rating schedules shall demonstrate that expected claims in relation to premiums comply with the requirements of this section when combined with actual experience to date Filings of rate revisions shall also demonstrate that the anticipated loss ratio over the entire future period for which the revised rates are computed to provide coverage can be expected to meet the appropriate loss ratio standards, and aggregate loss ratio from inception of the policy or certificate shall equal or exceed the appropriate loss ratio standards

An application form for a Medicare supplement policy or certificate, as defined in this section, must prominently disclose the anticipated loss ratio and explain what it means

(b) An issuer shall collect and file with the commissioner by May 31 of each year the data contained in the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Medicare Supplement Refund Calculating form, for each type of Medicare supplement benefit plan

If, on the basis of the experience as reported, the benchmark ratio since inception (ratio 1) exceeds the adjusted experience ratio since inception (ratio 3), then a refund or credit calculation is required. The refund calculation must be done on a statewide basis for each type in a standard Medicare supplement benefit plan. For purposes of the refund or credit calculation, experience on policies issued within the reporting year shall be excluded.

A refund or credit shall be made only when the benchmark loss ratio exceeds the adjusted experience loss ratio and the amount to be refunded or credited exceeds a de minimis level. The refund shall include interest from the end of the calendar year to the date of the refund or credit at a rate specified by the secretary of health and human services, but in no event shall it be less than the average rate of interest for 13-week treasury bills. A refund or credit against premiums due shall be made by September 30 following the experience year on which the refund or credit is based.

(c) An issuer of Medicare supplement policies and certificates in this state shall file annually its rates, rating schedule, and supporting documentation including ratios of incurred losses to earned premiums by policy or certificate duration for approval by the commissioner according to the filing requirements and procedures prescribed by the

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commissioner The supporting documentation shall also demonstrate in accordance with actuarial standards of practice using reasonable assumptions that the appropriate loss ratio standards can be expected to be met over the entire period for which rates are computed The demonstration shall exclude active life reserves. An expected third-year loss ratio which is greater than or equal to the applicable percentage shall be demonstrated for policies or certificates in force less than three years

As soon as practicable, but before the effective date of enhancements in Medicare benefits, every issuer of Medicare supplement policies or certificates in this state shall file with the commissioner, in accordance with the applicable filing procedures of this state.

- (1) a premium adjustment that is necessary to produce an expected loss ratio under the policy or certificate that will conform with minimum loss ratio standards for Medicare supplement policies or certificates. No premium adjustment that would modify the loss ratio experience under the policy or certificate other than the adjustments described herein shall be made with respect to a policy or certificate at any time other than on its renewal date or anniversary date,
- (2) If an issuer fails to make premium adjustments acceptable to the commissioner, the commissioner may order premium adjustments, refunds, or premium credits considered necessary to achieve the loss ratio required by this section,
- (3) any appropriate riders, endorsements, or policy or certificate forms needed to accomplish the Medicare supplement insurance policy or certificate modifications necessary to eliminate benefit duplications with Medicare The riders, endorsements, or pohcy or certificate forms shall provide a clear description of the Medicare supplement benefits provided by the pohcy or certificate
- (d) The commissioner may conduct a public hearing to gather information concerning a request by an issuer for an increase in a rate for a pohcy form or certificate form if the experience of the form for the previous reporting period is not in comphance with the applicable loss ratio standard. The determination of compliance is made without consideration of a refund or credit for the reporting period. Public notice of the hearing shall be furnished in a manner considered appropriate by the commissioner.
- (e) An issuer shall not use or change premium rates for a Medicare supplement policy or certificate unless the rates, rating schedule, and supporting documentation have been filed with, and approved by, the commissioner according to the filing requirements and procedures prescribed by the commissioner

Subd 1a Supplement to annual statements. Each insurer that has Medicare supplement pohcies in force in this state shall, as a supplement to the annual statement required by section 60A 13, submit, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, data showing its incurred claims experience, its earned premiums, and the aggregate amount of premiums collected and losses incurred for each Medicare policy form in force. If the data submitted does not confirm that the insurer has satisfied the loss ratio requirements of this section, the commissioner shall notify the insurer in writing of the deficiency The insurer shall have 30 days from the date of the commissioner's notice to file amended rates that comply with this section. If the insurer fails to file amended rates within the prescribed time, the commissioner shall order that the insurer's filed rates for the nonconforming policy be reduced to an amount that would have resulted in a loss ratio that complied with this section had it been in effect for the reporting period of the supplement. The insurer's failure to file amended rates within the specified time or the issuance of the commissioner's order amending the rates does not preclude the insurer from filing an amendment of its rates at a later time. The commissioner shall annually make the submitted data as to premiums and loss ratios for the preceding three years available to the public at a cost not to exceed the cost of copying The commissioner shall also provide the public with copies of the policies to which the loss ratios and premiums apply The data must be compiled in a form useful for consumers who wish to compare premium charges and loss ratios

Subd 1b **Penalties.** Each sale of a pohcy that does not comply with the loss ratio requirements of this section is an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance and is subject to the penalties in sections 72A 17 to 72A 32

Subd 2 Solicitations by mail or media advertisement. For purposes of this section, Medicare supplement policies issued as a result of solicitations of individuals through the mail or mass media advertising, including both print and broadcast advertising, shall be treated as individual policies

History: 1981 c 318 s 6, 1990 c 403 s 6-8, 1991 c 129 s 3, 1992 c 554 art 1 s 8, 1993 c 330 s 7, 1994 c 625 art 10 s 7

62A.37 GOVERNMENT SEALS AND EMBLEMS PROHIBITED.

Subdivision 1 No graphic seal or emblem shall be displayed on any policy or promotional literature to indicate or give the impression that there is any connection, certification, approval or endorsement from medicare or any governmental body of this state or any agency thereof or of the United States of America or any agency thereof

Subd 2 Any false statement or representation printed on the policy or on promotional literature that indicates the policy has a connection with, is certified by, or has the approval or endorsement of any agency of this state or of the United States of America shall be unlawful

History: 1981 c 318 s 7

62A.38 NOTICE OF FREE EXAMINATION.

Medicare supplement policies or certificates, other than those issued pursuant to direct response solicitation, shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy or attached thereto stating in substance that the policyholder or certificate holder shall have the right to return the pohcy or certificate within 30 days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded in full if, after examination of the pohcy or certificate, the msured person is not satisfied for any reason. Medicare supplement policies or certificates, issued pursuant to a direct response solicitation to persons eligible for medicare by reason of age, shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page or attached thereto stating in substance that the policyholder or certificate holder shall have the right to return the policy or certificate within 30 days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded within ten days after receipt of the returned pohcy or certificate to the msurer if, after examination, the insured person is not satisfied for any reason

History. 1981 c 318 s 8, 1992 c 554 art 1 s 9

62A.39 DISCLOSURE.

No individual Medicare supplement plan shall be delivered or issued in this state and no certificate shall be delivered under a group Medicare supplement plan delivered or issued in this state unless the plan is shown on the cover page and an outline containing at least the following information in no less than 12-point type is delivered to the applicant at the time the application is made

- (a) A description of the principal benefits and coverage provided in the pohcy,
- (b) A statement of the exceptions, reductions, and limitations contained in the policy including the following language, as applicable, in bold print "THIS POLICY DOES NOT COVER ALL MEDICAL EXPENSES BEYOND THOSE COVERED BY MEDICARE THIS POLICY DOES NOT COVER ALL SKILLED NURSING HOME CARE EXPENSES AND DOES NOT COVER CUSTODIAL OR RESIDENTIAL NURSING CARE READ YOUR POLICY CAREFULLY TO DETERMINE WHICH NURSING HOME FACILITIES AND EXPENSES ARE COVERED BY YOUR POLICY".
- (c) A statement of the renewal provisions including any reservations by the insurer of a right to change premiums. The premium and manner of payment shall be stated

for all plans that are offered to the prospective applicant. All possible premiums for the prospective applicant shall be illustrated,

- (d) Read your policy or certificate very carefully. A statement that the outline of coverage is a summary of the policy issued or applied for and that the policy should be consulted to determine governing contractual provisions. Additionally, it does not give all the details of Medicare coverage. Contact your local Social Security office or consult the Medicare handbook for more details.
- (e) A statement of the policy's loss ratio as follows "This policy provides an anticipated loss ratio of (%) This means that, on the average, policyholders may expect that (\$) of every \$10000 in premium will be returned as benefits to pohcyholders over the hfe of the contract",
- (f) When the outline of coverage is provided at the time of appheation and the Medicare supplement policy or certificate is issued on a basis that would require revision of the outline, a substitute outline of coverage properly describing the policy or certificate shall accompany the policy or certificate when it is delivered and contain the following statement, in no less than 12-point type, immediately above the company name

"NOTICE Read this outline of coverage carefully It is not identical to the outline of coverage provided upon application, and the coverage originally applied for has not been issued",

- (g) Right to return policy or certificate. "If you find that you are not satisfied with your pohcy or certificate for any reason, you may return it to (insert issuer's address) If you send the pohcy or certificate back to us within 30 days after you receive it, we will treat the policy or certificate as if it had never been issued and return all of your payments within ten days",
- (h) **Policy or certificate replacement.** "If you are replacing another health insurance policy or certificate, do NOT cancel it until you have actually received your new policy or certificate and are sure you want to keep it",
 - (1) **Notice.** "This policy or certificate may not fully cover all of your medical costs" A (for agents)
 - "Neither (insert company's name) nor its agents are connected with Medicare"
 - B (for direct response)
 - "(insert company's name) is not connected with Medicare"
- (j) Notice regarding policies or certificates which are not Medicare supplement policies

Any accident and sickness insurance pohcy or certificate, other than a Medicare supplement pohcy, or a policy or certificate issued pursuant to a contract under the federal Social Security Act, section 1833 or 1876 (United States Code, title 42, section 1395, et seq), disability income policy, or other policy, issued for delivery in this state to persons eligible for Medicare shall notify insureds under the policy that the pohcy is not a Medicare supplement pohcy or certificate. The notice shall either be printed or attached to the first page of the outline of coverage delivered to insureds under the policy, or if no outline of coverage is delivered, to the first page of the pohcy or certificate delivered to insureds. The notice shall be m no less than 12-point type and shall contain the following language.

"THIS (POLICY OR CERTIFICATE) IS NOT A MEDICARE SUPPLE-MENT (POLICY OR CONTRACT) If you are eligible for Medicare, review the "Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare" available from the company"

(k) Complete answers are very important "When you fill out the apphcation for the new policy or certificate, be sure to answer truthfully and completely all questions about your medical and health history. The company may cancel your policy or certificate and refuse to pay any claims if you leave out or falsify important medical information" If the policy or certificate is guaranteed issue, this paragraph need not appear

"Review the apphiation carefully before you sign it. Be certain that all information has been properly recorded."

Include for each plan, prominently identified in the cover page, a chart showing the services, Medicare payments, plan payments, and msured payments for each plan, using the same language, in the same order, using uniform layout and format

The outline of coverage provided to applicants pursuant to this section consists of four parts a cover page, premium information, disclosure pages, and charts displaying the features of each benefit plan offered by the insurer

History: 1981 c 318 s 9, 1983 c 263 s 11, 1992 c 554 art 1 s 10, 1993 c 330 s 8, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 34

62A.40 REPLACEMENT REGULATED.

No msurer or agent shall replace a medicare supplement plan with another Medicare supplement plan of the same category unless there is a substantial difference in cost favorable to the policyholder, or the msured has previously demonstrated a dissatisfaction with the service presently being received from the current insurer. An insurer or agent may replace a Medicare supplement plan with a less comprehensive plan only if the prospective insured signs an acknowledgment that it is understood that the prospective insured will receive less benefits under the new policy than under the policy presently in force

History: 1981 c 318 s 10, 1986 c 444

62A.41 PENALTIES

Subdivision 1 Generally. Any insurer, general agent, agent, or other person who knowingly or willfully, either directly or indirectly, makes or causes to be made or induces or seeks to induce the making of any false statement or representation of a material fact with respect to comphance of any pohcy with the standards and requirements set forth in this section, falsely assumes or pretends to be acting, or misrepresents in any way, including a violation of section 62A 37, that the person is acting, under the authority or in association with Medicare, or any federal agency, for the purpose of selling or attempting to sell insurance, or in such pretended character demands, or obtains money, paper, documents, or anything of value, or knowingly sells a health insurance policy to an individual entitled to benefits under part A or part B of Medicare with the knowledge that such policy substantially duplicates health benefits to which such individual is otherwise entitled under a requirement of state or federal law other than under Medicare shall be guilty of a felony and subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 per violation, and the commissioner may revoke or suspend the license of any company, association, society, other insurer, or agent thereof

- Subd 2 **Sales of replacement policies.** An insurer or general agent, agent, manager's general agent, or other representative, who knowingly or willfully violates section 62A 40 is guilty of a felony and is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 per violation
- Subd 3 **Sales of duplicate policies.** An agent who knowingly or willfully violates section 62A 43, subdivision 1, is guilty of a felony and is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 per violation
- Subd 4 Unicensed sales. Notwithstanding section 60K 02, subdivision 1, a person who acts or assumes to act as an insurance agent without a valid license for the purpose of selling or attempting to sell Medicare supplement insurance, and the person who aids or abets the actor, is guilty of a felony and is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 per violation

History: 1981 c 318 s 11, 1986 c 444, 1989 c 258 s 7, 1992 c 564 art 3 s 21

62A.42 RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.

To carry out the purposes of sections 62A 31 to 62A 44, the commissioner may promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 14 These rules may

- (a) prescribe additional disclosure requirements for Medicare supplement plans, designed to adequately inform the prospective msured of the need and extent of coverage offered,
- (b) prescribe uniform pohcy forms in order to give the insurance purchaser a reasonable opportunity to compare the cost of insuring with various insurers and may prescribe reasonable measures as necessary to conform Medicare supplement policies and certificates to the requirements of federal law and regulations, and
- (c) establish other reasonable-standards to further the purpose of sections 62A 31 to 62A 44

History: 1981 c 318 s 12, 1982 c 424 s 130, 1983 c 263 s 12, 1992 c 554 art 1 s 11

62A.43 LIMITATIONS ON SALES.

Subdivision 1 **Duplicate coverage prohibited** No agent shall sell a Medicare supplement plan, as defined in section 62A 31, to a person who currently has one plan in effect, however, an agent may sell a replacement plan in accordance with section 62A 40, provided that the second plan is not made effective any sooner than necessary to provide continuous benefits for preexisting conditions. Every application for Medicare supplement insurance shall require a written statement signed by the applicant listing all health and accident misurance maintained by the applicant as of the date the application is taken and stating whether the applicant is entitled to any medical assistance. The written statement must be accompanied by a written acknowledgment, signed by the seller of the policy, of the request for and receipt of the statement

- Subd 2 **Refunds.** Notwithstanding the provisions of section 62A 38, an insurer which issues a Medicare supplement plan to any person who has one plan then in effect, except as permitted in subdivision 1, shall, at the request of the insured, either refund the premiums or pay any claims on the pohcy, whichever is greater. Any refund of premium pursuant to this section or section 62A 38 shall be sent by the insurer directly to the insured within 15 days of the request by the insured
- Subd 3 Action by commissioner. If the commissioner determines after an investigation that an insurer, has issued a Medicare supplement plan to a person who already has one plan, except as permitted in subdivision 1, the commissioner shall notify the insurer in writing of the determination. If the insurer thereafter fails to take reasonable action to prevent overselling, the commissioner may, in the manner prescribed in chapter 14, revoke or suspend the insurer's authority to sell accident and health insurance in this state or impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000, or both
- Subd 4 Other policies not prohibited. The prohibition in this section or the requirements of section 62A 31, subdivision 1, against the sale of duplicate Medicare supplement coverage do not preclude the sale of a health insurance policy or certificate if it will pay benefits without regard to other health coverage and if prospective purchasers are provided, on or together with the application for the policy or certificate, the appropriate disclosure statement for health insurance policies sold to Medicare beneficiaries that duplicate Medicare as prescribed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Notwithstanding this provision, if the commissioner determines that the coverage being sold is in fact Medicare supplement insurance, the commissioner shall notify the insurer in writing of the determination. If the insurer does not thereafter comply with sections 62A 31 to 62A 44, the commissioner may, pursuant to chapter 14, revoke or suspend the insurer's authority to sell accident and health insurance in this state or impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000, or both

History: 1983 c 263 s 13, 1986 c 444, 1987 c 337 s 56,57, 1991 c 129 s 4, 1994 c 485 s 31, 1999 c 90 s 4

62A.436 COMMISSIONS.

The commission, sales allowance, service fee, or compensation to an agent for the sale of a Medicare supplement plan must be the same for each of the first four years of the policy

In no event may the rate of commission, sales allowance, service fee, or compensation for the sale of a basic Medicare supplement plan exceed that which applies to the sale of an extended basic Medicare supplement plan

For purposes of this section, "compensation" includes pecuniary or nonpecuniary remuneration of any kind relating to the sale or renewal of the policy or certificate, including but not limited to bonuses, gifts, prizes, awards, and finder's fees

This section also applies to sales of replacement policies

History: 1989 c 258 s 8, 1992 c 554 art 1 s 12, 1993 c 330 s 9

62A.44 APPLICATIONS.

Subdivision 1 **Applicant copy.** No individual Medicare supplement plan shall be issued or delivered in this state unless a signed and completed copy of the application for insurance is left with the applicant at the time application is made

- Subd 2 Questions (a) Application forms shall include the following questions designed to elicit information as to whether, as of the date of the application, the applicant has another Medicare supplement or other health insurance policy or certificate in force or whether a Medicare supplement policy or certificate is intended to replace any other accident and sickness policy or certificate presently in force A supplementary application or other form to be signed by the applicant and agent containing the questions and statements may be used
 - "(1) You do not need more than one Medicare supplement policy or certificate
 - (2) If you purchase this policy, you may want to evaluate your existing health coverage and decide if you need multiple coverages
 - (3) You may be eligible for benefits under Medicaid and may not need a Medicare supplement policy or certificate
 - (4) The benefits and premiums under your Medicare supplement policy or certificate can be suspended, if requested, during your entitlement to benefits under Medicaid for 24 months. You must request this suspension within 90 days of becoming eligible for Medicaid. If you are no longer entitled to Medicaid, your policy or certificate will be reinstated if requested within 90 days of losing Medicaid eligibility.
 - (5) Counseling services may be available in Mmnesota to provide advice concerning medical assistance through state Medicaid, Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries (QMBs), and Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (SLMBs)

To the best of your knowledge

- (1) Do you have another Medicare supplement policy or certificate in force?
- (a) If so, with which company?
- (b) If so, do you intend to replace your current Medicare supplement policy with this policy or certificate?
 - (2) Do you have any other health insurance policies that provide benefits which this Medicare supplement policy or certificate would duplicate?
 - (a) If so, please name the company
 - (b) What kind of policy?
 - (3) Are you covered for medical assistance through the state Medicaid program? If so, which of the following programs provides coverage for you?
 - (a) Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB),

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- (b) Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB), or
- (c) full Medicaid Beneficiary?"
- (b) Agents shall list any other health insurance policies they have sold to the applicant
 - (1) List policies sold that are still m force
 - (2) List policies sold in the past five years that are no longer in force
- (c) In the case of a direct response issuer, a copy of the application or supplemental form, signed by the applicant, and acknowledged by the insurer, shall be returned to the applicant by the insurer on delivery of the policy or certificate
- (d) Upon determining that a sale will involve replacement of Medicare supplement coverage, any issuer, other than a direct response issuer, or its agent, shall furnish the applicant, before issuance or delivery of the Medicare supplement policy or certificate, a notice regarding replacement of Medicare supplement coverage. One copy of the notice signed by the applicant and the agent, except where the coverage is sold without an agent, shall be provided to the applicant and an additional signed copy shall be retained by the issuer. A direct response issuer shall deliver to the applicant at the time of the issuance of the policy or certificate the notice regarding replacement of Medicare supplement coverage.
- (e) The notice required by paragraph (d) for an issuer shall be provided in substantially the following form in no less than 12-point type

"NOTICE TO APPLICANT REGARDING REPLACEMENT OF MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT INSURANCE

(Insurance company's name and address)

SAVE THIS NOTICE! IT MAY BE IMPORTANT TO YOU IN THE FUTURE

According to (your apphcation) (information you have furnished), you intend to terminate existing Medicare supplement msurance and replace it with a policy or certificate to be issued by (Company Name) Insurance Company Your new pohcy or certificate will provide 30 days within which you may decide without cost whether you desire to keep the policy or certificate

You should review this new coverage carefully Compare it with all accident and sickness coverage you now have If, after due consideration, you find that purchase of this Medicare supplement coverage is a wise decision you should terminate your present Medicare supplement policy You should evaluate the need for other accident and sickness coverage you have that may duplicate this policy

STATEMENT TO APPLICANT BY ISSUER, AGENT, (BROKER OR OTHER REPRESENTATIVE) I have reviewed your current medical or health insurance coverage. To the best of my knowledge this Medicare

supplement policy will not duplicate your existing Medicare supplement policy because you intend to terminate the existing Medicare supplement policy. The replacement policy or certificate is being purchased for the following reason(s) (check one)
Additional benefits
No change in benefits, but lower premiums
Fewer benefits and lower premiums
Other (please specify)

(1) Health conditions which you may presently have (preexisting conditions) may not be immediately or fully covered under the new policy or certificate. This could result in denial or delay of a claim for benefits under the new

policy or certificate, whereas a similar claim might have been payable under your present policy or certificate

- (2) State law provides that your replacement policy or certificate may not contain new preexisting conditions, waiting periods, elimination periods, or probationary periods. The insurer will waive any time periods applicable to preexisting conditions, waiting periods, elimination periods, or probationary periods in the new policy (or coverage) for similar benefits to the extent the time was spent (depleted) under the original policy or certificate
- (3) If you still wish to terminate your present policy or certificate and replace it with new coverage, be certain to truthfully and completely answer all questions on the application concerning your medical and health history Failure to include all material medical information on an application may provide a basis for the company to deny any future claims and to refund your premium as though your policy or certificate had never been in force After the application has been completed and before you sign it, review it carefully to be certain that all information has been properly recorded (If the policy or certificate is guaranteed issue, this paragraph need not appear)

Do not cancel your present policy or certificate until you have received your new policy or certificate and you are sure that you want to keep it

	,
(Signature of Agent, Broker, or Oth	ier Representative)*
(Typed Name and Address of Issue	r, Agent, or Broker)
(Date)	
(Applicant's Signature)	
(Date)	

(f) Paragraph (e), clauses (1) and (2), of the replacement notice (applicable to preexisting conditions) may be deleted by an issuer if the replacement does not involve application of a new preexisting condition limitation

History: 1983 c 263 s 14, 1992 c 554 art 1 s 13, 1993 c 13 art 1 s 18, 1993 c 330 s 10, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 35

62A.45 [Renumbered 62A 3093]

LONG-TERM CARE POLICIES

62A.46 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1 Applicability. The definitions in this section apply to sections $62A\ 46$ to $62A\ 56$

Subd 2 Long-term care policy. "Long-term care policy" means an individual or group policy, certificate, subscriber contract, or other evidence of coverage that

^{*}Signature not required for direct response sales "

provides benefits for prescribed long-term care, including nursing facility services or home care services, or both nursing facility services and home care services, pursuant to the requirements of sections 62A 46 to 62A 56

Sections 62A 46, 62A 48, and 62A 52 to 62A 56 do not apply to a long-term care pohcy issued to (a) an employer or employers or to the trustee of a fund established by an employer where only employees or retirees, and dependents of employees or retirees, are eligible for coverage or (b) to a labor union or similar employee organization. The associations exempted from the requirements of sections 62A 31 to 62A 44 under 62A 31, subdivision 1, clause (c) shall not be subject to the provisions of sections 62A 46 to 62A 56 until July 1, 1988

- Subd 3 Nursing facility. "Nursing facility" means (1) a facility that is licensed as a nursing home under chapter 144A, (2) a facility that is both licensed as a boarding care home under sections 144 50 to 144 56 and certified as an intermediate care facility for purposes of the medical assistance program, and (3) in states other than Minnesota, a facility that meets licensing and certification standards comparable to those that apply to the facilities described in clauses (1) and (2)
- Subd 4 Home care services. "Home care services" means one or more of the following prescribed services for the long-term care and treatment of an insured that are provided by a home health agency in a nonmistitutional setting according to a written diagnosis or assessment and plan of care
- (1) nursing and related personal care services under the direction of a registered nurse, including the services of a home health aide,
 - (2) physical therapy,
 - (3) speech therapy,
 - (4) respiratory therapy,
 - (5) occupational therapy,
 - (6) nutritional services provided by a licensed dietitian,
 - (7) homemaker services, meal preparation, and similar nonmedical services,
 - (8) medical social services, and
 - (9) other similar medical services and health-related support services
- Subd 5 **Prescribed long-term care.** "Prescribed long-term care" means a service, type of care, or procedure that could not be omitted without adversely affecting the patient's illness or condition and is specified in a plan of care prepared by either (1) a physician and a registered nurse and is appropriate and consistent with the diagnosis, or (2) a registered nurse or hoensed social worker based on an assessment of the insured's ability to perform the activities of daily living and to perform basic cognitive functions appropriately
- Subd 6 Qualified insurer. "Qualified insurer" means an entity licensed under chapter 62A or 62C
- Subd 7 **Physician.** "Physician" means a medical practitioner heensed or holding a temporary permit under sections 147 02, 147 03, 147 031, 147 037, or holding a residency permit under section 147 0391
- Subd 8 Plan of care. "Plan of care" means a written document prepared and signed by either (1) a physician and registered nurse that specifies medically prescribed long-term care services or treatment that are consistent with the diagnosis, or (2) by a registered nurse or licensed social worker that specifies prescribed long-term care services or treatment that are consistent with an assessment of the insured's ability to perform the activities of daily living and to perform basic cognitive functions appropriately. The plan of care must be prepared in accordance with accepted standards of practice and must contain services or treatment that could not be omitted without adversely affecting the patient's illness or condition.
 - Subd 9 Insured "Insured" means a person covered under a long-term care pohcy

- Subd 10 **Home health agency.** "Home health agency" means an entity that provides home care services and is (1) certified for participation in the medicare program, or (2) licensed as a home health agency where a state licensing statute exists, or is otherwise acceptable to the insurer if licensing is not required
- Subd 11 **Benefit period.** "Benefit period" means one or more separate or combined periods of confinement covered by a long-term care policy in a nursing facility or at home while receiving home care services. A benefit period begins on the first day the insured receives a benefit under the policy and ends when the insured has received no benefits for the same or related cause for an interval of 180 consecutive days.
- Subd 12 **Homebound or house confined.** "Homebound or house confined" means that a person is physically unable to leave the home without another person's aid because the person has lost the capacity of independent transportation or is disoriented
- Subd 13 **Benefit day.** "Benefit day" means each day of confinement in a nursing facility or each visit for home care services. For purposes of section 62A 48, subdivision 1, if the policyholder receives more than one home care service visit within a 24-hour period, each visit constitutes one benefit day

History: 1986 c 397 s 3, 1987 c 337 s 58, 1989 c 330 s 18, 1990 c 551 s 1-4, 1993 c 21 s 1, 1995 c 258 s 31,32, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 36

62A.48 LONG-TERM CARE POLICIES.

Subdivision 1 Policy requirements No individual or group policy, certificate, subscriber contract, or other evidence of coverage of nursing home care or other longterm care services shall be offered, issued, delivered, or renewed m this state, whether or not the policy is issued in this state, unless the policy is offered, issued, delivered, or renewed by a qualified insurer and the policy satisfies the requirements of sections 62A 46 to 62A 56 A long-term care policy must cover prescribed long-term care in nursing facilities or the prescribed long-term home care services in section 62A 46, subdivision 4, clauses (1) to (5), provided by a home health agency A long-term care policy may cover both prescribed long-term care in nursing facilities and the prescribed long-term home care services in section 62A 46, subdivision 4, clauses (1) to (5), provided by a home health agency Coverage under a long-term care policy, other than one that covers only nursing facility services, must include a mmimum lifetime benefit limit of at least \$25,000 for services A long-term care policy that covers only nursing facility services must include a minimum lifetime benefit limit of not less than one year of nursing facility services. Nursing facility and home care coverages under a long-term care policy must not be subject to separate lifetime maximums for policies that cover both nursing facility and home health care Prior hospitalization may not be required under a long-term care policy

The policy must cover preexisting conditions during the first six months of coverage if the insured was not diagnosed or treated for the particular condition during the 90 days immediately preceding the effective date of coverage. Coverage under the policy may include a waiting period of up to 180 days before benefits are paid, but there must be no more than one waiting period per benefit period, for purposes of this sentence, "days" can mean calendar or benefit days If benefit days are used, an appropriate premium reduction and disclosure must be made. If benefit days are used in connection with coverage for home care services, the waiting period for home care services must not be longer than 90 benefit days. No policy may exclude coverage for mental or nervous disorders which have a demonstrable organic cause, such as Alzheimer's and related dementias No policy may require the insured to be homebound or house confined to receive home care services. The policy must include a provision that the plan will not be canceled or renewal refused except on the grounds of nonpayment of the premium, provided that the msurer may change the premium rate on a class basis on any policy anniversary date. A provision that the policyholder may elect to have the premium paid in full at age 65 by payment of a higher premium

up to age 65 may be offered A provision that the premium would be waived during any period in which benefits are being paid to the insured during confinement in a nursing facility must be included A nongroup policyholder may return a policy within 30 days of its delivery and have the premium refunded in full, less any benefits paid under the policy, if the policyholder is not satisfied for any reason

No individual long-term care policy shall be offered or delivered in this state until the insurer has received from the insured a written designation of at least one person, in addition to the insured, who is to receive notice of cancellation of the policy for nonpayment of premium. The insured has the right to designate up to a total of three persons who are to receive the notice of cancellation, in addition to the insured. The form used for the written designation must inform the insured that designation of one person is required and that designation of up to two additional persons is optional and must provide space clearly designated for listing between one and three persons. The designation shall include each person's full name, home address, and telephone number. Each time an individual pohcy is renewed or continued, the insurer shall notify the insured of the right to change this written designation.

The insurer may file a pohcy form that utilizes a plan of care prepared as provided under section 62A 46, subdivision 5, clause (1) or (2)

- Subd 2 **Per diem coverage.** If benefits are provided on a per diem basis, the minimum daily benefit for care in a nursing facility must be the lesser of \$40 or actual charges under a long-term care pohcy and the minimum benefit per visit for home care under a long-term care pohcy must be the lesser of \$25 or actual charges. The home care services benefit must cover at least seven paid visits per week.
- Subd 3 Expense-incurred coverage. If benefits are provided on an expense-incurred basis, a benefit of not less than 80 percent of covered charges for prescribed long-term care must be provided
- Subd 4 Loss ratio. The anticipated loss ratio for long-term care policies must not be less than 65 percent for policies issued on a group basis or 60 percent for policies issued on an individual or mass-market basis
- Subd 5 Solicitations by mail or media advertisement. For purposes of this section, long-term care policies issued as a result of solicitations of individuals through mail or mass media advertising, including both print and broadcast advertising, shall be treated as individual policies
- Subd 6 Coordination of benefits. A long-term care policy may be secondary coverage for services provided under sections 62A 46 to 62A 56 Nothing in sections 62A 46 to 62A 56 shall require the secondary payor to pay the obligations of the primary payor nor shall it prevent the secondary payor from recovering from the primary payor the amount of any obhgation of the primary payor that the secondary payor elects to pay

There shall be no coordination of benefits between a long-term care policy and a pohcy designed primarily to provide coverage payable on a per diem, fixed indemnity or non-expense-incurred basis, or a policy that provides only accident coverage

- Subd 7 Existing policies. Nothing in sections 62A 46 to 62A 56 prohibits the renewal of the following long-term care policies
- (1) policies sold outside the state of Minnesota to persons who at the time of sale were not residents of the state of Minnesota,
 - (2) policies sold before August 1, 1986, and
- (3) pohcies sold before July 1, 1988, by associations exempted from sections 62A 31 to 62A 44 under section 62A 31, subdivision 6
- Subd 8 Cancellation for nonpayment of premium. No individual long-term care policy shall be canceled for nonpayment of premium unless the insurer, at least 30 days before the effective date of the cancellation, has given notice to the insured and to those persons designated pursuant to section 62A 48, subdivision 1, at the address provided by the insured for purposes of receiving notice of cancellation

Subd 9 Qualified long-term care. Sections 62A 46 to 62A 56 do not apply to policies marketed as qualified long-term care insurance policies under chapter 62S

History: 1986 c 397 s 4, 1987 c 337 s 59-62, 1988 c 689 art 2 s 8, 1989 c 209 art 2 s 1, 1989 c 330 s 19, 1990 c 551 s 5-7, 1993 c 330 s 12, 1994 c 625 art 8 s 4, 1995 c 258 s 33.34. 1996 c 389 s 1, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 37, 1997 c 71 art 2 s 5

62A.49 HOME CARE SERVICES COVERAGE.

Subdivision 1 Generally. Section 62A 48 does not prohibit the sale of policies, certificates, subscriber contracts, or other evidences of coverage that provide home care services only. Home care services only policies may be sold, provided that they meet the requirements set forth in sections 62A 46 to 62A 56, except that they do not have to meet those conditions that relate to long-term care in nursing facilities. Disclosures and representations regarding these policies must be adjusted accordingly to remove references to coverage for nursing home care.

Subd 2 **Provider networks and managed care.** Home health care services issued pursuant to this section may be provided through a hmited provider network and may employ managed care practices. If these methods are used, they must be adequately disclosed within the policy and any advertisements or representations regarding coverage. Pohcies may not be sold in areas where there are not sufficient providers to meet the needs of the policyholders located m that area.

History: 1994 c 485 s 32, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 38

62A.50 DISCLOSURES AND REPRESENTATIONS.

Subdivision 1 **Seal or emblems.** No graphic seal or emblem shall be displayed on any policy, or in connection with promotional materials on policy solicitations, that may reasonably be expected to convey to the purchaser that the policy form is approved, endorsed, or certified by a state or local unit of government or agency, the federal government, or a federal agency

- Subd 2 Cancellation notice. Long-term care policies issued on a nongroup basis must have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy stating that the policyholder may return the policy within 30 days of its delivery and have the premium refunded in full if the policyholder is not satisfied for any reason. A solicitation for a long-term care policy to be issued on a nongroup basis pursuant to a direct-response solicitation must state in substance that the policyholder may return the policy within 30 days of its delivery and have the premium refunded in full if the policyholder is not satisfied for any reason.
- Subd 3 **Disclosures.** No long-term care policy shall be offered or delivered in this state, whether or not the policy is issued in this state, and no certificate of coverage under a group long-term care policy shall be offered or delivered in this state, unless a statement containing at least the following information is delivered to the applicant at the time the application is made
- (1) a description of the benefits and coverage provided by the policy and the differences between this pohcy, a supplemental Medicare policy and the benefits to which an individual is entitled under parts A and B of Medicare,
- (2) a statement of the exceptions and limitations in the policy including the following language, as applicable, in bold print "THIS POLICY DOES NOT COVER ALL NURSING CARE FACILITIES OR NURSING HOME, HOME CARE, OR ADULT DAY CARE EXPENSES AND DOES NOT COVER RESIDENTIAL CARE READ YOUR POLICY CAREFULLY TO DETERMINE WHICH FACILITIES AND EXPENSES ARE COVERED BY YOUR POLICY",
- (3) a statement of the renewal provisions including any reservation by the insurer of the right to change premiums,
- (4) a statement that the outline of coverage is a summary of the pohcy issued or applied for and that the pohcy should be consulted to determine governing contractual provisions,

- (5) an explanation of the policy's loss ratio including at least the following language "This means that, on the average, policyholders may expect that \$ of every \$100 in premium will be returned as benefits to policyholders over the life of the contract".
- (6) a statement of the out-of-pocket expenses, including deductibles and copayments for which the insured is responsible, and an explanation of the specific out-of-pocket expenses that may be accumulated toward any out-of-pocket maximum as specified in the policy,
- (7) the following language, in bold print "YOUR PREMIUMS CAN BE INCREASED IN THE FUTURE THE RATE SCHEDULE THAT LISTS YOUR PREMIUM NOW CAN CHANGE",
- (8) the following language in bold print, with any provisions that are inapplicable to the particular policy omitted or crossed out "THIS POLICY HAS A WAITING PERIOD OF (CALENDAR OR BENEFIT) DAYS FOR NURSING CARE SERVICES AND A WAITING PERIOD OF (CALENDAR OR BENEFIT) DAYS FOR HOME CARE SERVICES THIS MEANS THAT THIS POLICY WILL NOT COVER YOUR CARE FOR THE FIRST (CALENDAR OR BENEFIT) DAYS AFTER YOU ENTER A NURSING HOME, OR THE FIRST (CALENDAR OR BENEFIT) DAYS AFTER YOU BEGIN TO USE HOME CARE SERVICES YOU WOULD NEED TO PAY FOR YOUR CARE FROM OTHER SOURCES FOR THOSE WAITING PERIODS", and
- (9) a signed and completed copy of the application for insurance is left with the applicant at the time the application is made
- Subd 4 Policies other than qualified long-term care insurance policies. A pohcy that is not intended to be a qualified long-term care insurance policy as defined under section 62S 01, subdivision 24, must include a disclosure statement in the pohcy and in the outline of coverage that the policy is not intended to be a qualified long-term care insurance policy. The disclosure must be prominently displayed and read as follows. This long-term care insurance policy (certificate) is not intended to be a qualified long-term care insurance contract as defined under section 7702 (B)(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. You should consult with your attorney, accountant, or tax advisor regarding the tax implications of purchasing long-term care insurance.

History: 1986 c 397 s 5, 1987 c 337 s 63, 1988 c 689 art 2 s 9, 1995 c 258 s 35, 1996 c 389 s 2, 1997 c 71 art 2 s 6, 1999 c 177 s 39

62A.52 REVIEW OF PLAN OF CARE.

The insurer may review an insured's plan of care at reasonable intervals, but not more frequently than once every 30 days

History. 1986 c 397 s 6

62A.54 PROHIBITED PRACTICES.

Unless otherwise provided for in sections 62A 46 to 62A 56, the solicitation or sale of long-term care policies is subject to the requirements and penalties applicable to the sale of Medicare supplement insurance policies as set forth in sections 62A 31 to 62A 44

It is misconduct for any agent or company to inake any misstatements concerning eligibility or coverage under the medical assistance program, or about how long-term care costs will or will not be financed if a person does not have long-term care insurance. Any agent or company providing information on the medical assistance program shall also provide information about how to contact the county human services department or the state department of human services.

History: 1986 c 397 s 7, 1988 c 689 art 2 s 10, 1992 c 564 art 1 s 33

62A.56 RULEMAKING.

Subdivision 1 **Permissive.** The commissioner may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 14 to carry out the purposes of sections 62A 46 to 62A 56 The rules may

- (1) establish additional disclosure requirements for long-term care policies designed to adequately inform the prospective insured of the need and extent of coverage offered.
- (2) prescribe uniform policy forms in order to give the purchaser of long-term care policies a reasonable opportunity to compare the cost of insuring with various insurers, and
- (3) establish other reasonable minimum standards as needed to further the purposes of sections 62A 46 to 62A 56
- Subd 2 **Mandatory.** The commissioner shall adopt rules under chapter 14 establishing general standards to ensure that assessments used in the prescribing of long-term care are reliable, valid, and clinically appropriate

History: 1986 c 397 s 8, 1990 c 551 s 8

DENIAL OF EXPENSES

62A.60 RETROACTIVE DENIAL OF EXPENSES.

In cases where the subscriber or insured is liable for costs beyond applicable copayments or deductibles, no insurer may retroactively deny payment to a person who is covered when the services are provided for health care services that are otherwise covered, if the insurer or its representative failed to provide prior or concurrent review or authorization for the expenses when required to do so under the policy, plan, or certificate If prior or concurrent review or authorization was provided by the insurer or its representative, and the preexisting condition limitation provision, the general exclusion provision and any other coinsurance, or other policy requirements have been met, the insurer may not deny payment for the authorized service or time period except in cases where fraud or substantive misrepresentation occurred

History: 1989 c 330 s 20, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 39

DISCLOSURES

62A.61 DISCLOSURE OF METHODS USED BY HEALTH CARRIERS TO DETERMINE USUAL AND CUSTOMARY FEES.

- (a) A health carrier that bases reimbursement to health care providers upon a usual and customary fee must maintain in its office a copy of a description of the methodology used to calculate fees including at least the following
 - (1) the frequency of the determination of usual and customary fees,
- (2) a general description of the methodology used to determine usual and customary fees, and
- (3) the percentile of usual and customary fees that determines the maximum allowable reimbursement
- (b) A health carrier must provide a copy of the information described in paragraph (a) to the commissioner of health or the commissioner of commerce, upon request
- (c) The commissioner of health or the commissioner of commerce, as appropriate, may use to enforce this section any enforcement powers otherwise available to the commissioner with respect to the health carrier. The commissioner of health or commerce, as appropriate, may require health carriers to provide the information required under this section and may use any powers granted under other laws relating to the regulation of health carriers to enforce compliance
- (d) For purposes of this section, "health carrier" has the meaning given in section $62A\,011$

(e) "Usual and customary" means the normal charge, in the absence of insurance, of the provider for a service or article, but not more than the prevailing charge in the area for like service or article A "like service" is the same nature and duration, requires the same skill, and is performed by a provider of similar training and experience A "like article" is one that is identically or substantially equivalent "Area" means the municipality or, in the case of a large city, a subdivision of the city, in which the service or article is actually provided or a greater area as is necessary to obtain a representative cross-section of charges for like service or article

History: 1993 c 345 art 8 s 3, 1997 c 225 art 2 s 5, 1999 c 177 s 40

62A.615 PREEXISTING CONDITIONS DISCLOSED AT TIME OF APPLICATION.

No insurer may cancel or rescind a health insurance pohcy for a preexisting condition of which the application or other information provided by the msured reasonably gave the msurer notice. No msurer may restrict coverage for a preexisting condition of which the application or other information provided by the insured reasonably gave the insurer notice unless the coverage is restricted at the time the policy is issued and the restriction is disclosed in writing to the insured at the time the pohcy is issued.

History: 1994 c 485 s 33

NURSING HOME COVERAGE FOR TERMINALLY ILL

62A.616 COVERAGE FOR NURSING HOME CARE FOR TERMINALLY ILL AND OTHER SERVICES.

An insurer may offer a health plan that covers nursing home care for the terminally ill, personal care attendants, and hospice care. For the purposes of this section, "terminally ill" means a diagnosis certified by a physician that a person has less than six months to live

History: 1995 c 258 s 36

PROJECT TO EXPAND HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE ...

62A.62 DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.

Subdivision 1 **Establishment.** The commissioner shall establish demonstration projects to allow health insurers regulated under this chapter and nonprofit health service plan corporations regulated under chapter 62C to extend coverage for health and services to individuals or groups currently unable to afford such coverage For purposes of this section, the commissioner may recommend legislation granting an exemption from minimum benefits required under chapter 62A, and any apphicable rules if there is reasonable evidence that the rules prohibit the operation of the demonstration project. The commissioner shall provide for public comment before recommending an exemption from any statute or rule

- Subd 2 Application and approval. An insurer or health service plan corporation electing to participate in a demonstration project shall apply to the commissioner for approval on a form developed by the commissioner. The application shall include at least the following
 - (1) a statement identifying the population that the project is designed to serve,
- (2) a description of the proposed project including a statement projecting a schedule of costs and benefits for the enrollee,
- (3) reference to the sections of Minnesota Statutes and department of commerce rules for which waiver is requested,
- (4) evidence that application of the requirements of applicable Minnesota Statutes and department of commerce rules would, unless waived, prohibit the operation of the demonstration project,

- (5) an estimate of the number of years needed to adequately demonstrate the project's effects, and
 - (6) other information the commissioner may reasonably require
- Subd 3 Commissioner's review of application for demonstration project. The commissioner shall approve, deny, or refer back to the insurer or health service plan corporation for modification, the application for a demonstration project within 60 days of receipt from the insurer or health service plan corporation. If the commissioner approves a project that requires legislation exempting the project from minimum benefit requirements, the commissioner shall make the approval contingent on enactment of the required legislation.
- Subd 4 Length of project. The commissioner may approve an application for a demonstration project for a maximum of six years, with an option to renew
- Subd 5 Report required. Each insurer or health service plan corporation for which a demonstration project is approved shall annually file a report with the commissioner summarizing the project's experience at the same time it files its annual report. The report shall be on a form developed by the commissioner and shall be separate from the annual report.
- Subd 6 **Approval may be rescinded.** The commissioner may rescind approval of a demonstration project if the commissioner finds that the project's operation is contrary to the information contained in the approved apphration
- Subd 7 Applicability. This section does not apply to the demonstration project established under section 256B 73

History: 1990 c 568 art 3 s 2

PROHIBITED AGREEMENTS

62A.63 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1 **Application.** For purposes of section 62A 64, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them

- Subd 2 **Health care provider.** "Health care provider" means a person, hospital, or health care facility, organization, or corporation that is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by the laws of this state to provide health care
- Subd 3 **Insurer**. "Insurer" means a health insurer regulated under this chapter, service plan corporation as defined under section 62C 02, subdivision 6, and health maintenance organization as defined under section 62D 02, subdivision 4

History: 1991 c 109 s 1

62A.64 HEALTH INSURANCE; PROHIBITED AGREEMENTS.

An agreement between an insurer and a health care provider may not

- (1) prohibit, or grant the mourer an option to prohibit, the provider from contracting with other insurers or payors to provide services at a lower price than the payment specified in the contract,
- (2) require, or grant the insurer an option to require, the provider to accept a lower payment in the event the provider agrees to provide services to any other insurer or payor at a lower price, or
- (3) require, or grant the insurer an option of, termination or renegotiation of the existing contract in the event the provider agrees to provide services to any other insurer or payor at a lower price

History: 1991 c 109 s 2

INDIVIDUAL MARKET REGULATION

62A.65 INDIVIDUAL MARKET REGULATION.

Subdivision 1 Applicability. No health carrier, as defined in section 62A 011, shall offer sell, issue, or renew any individual health plan, as defined in section 62A 011, to a Minnesota resident except m compliance with this section. This section does not apply to the comprehensive health association established in section 62E 10

- Subd 2 Guaranteed renewal. No individual health plan may be offered, sold, issued, or renewed to a Minnesota resident unless the health plan provides that the plan is guaranteed renewable at a premium rate that does not take into account the claims experience or any change in the health status of any covered person that occurred after the initial issuance of the health plan to the person. The premium rate upon renewal must also otherwise comply with this section. A health carrier must not refuse to renew an individual health plan prior to enrollment in Medicare Parts A and B, except for nonpayment of premiums, fraud, or misrepresentation.
- Subd 3 **Premium rate restrictions.** No individual health plan may be offered, sold, issued, for renewed to a Minnesota resident unless the premium rate charged is determined in accordance with the following requirements
- (a) Premium rates must be no more than 25 percent above and no more than 25 percent below the index rate charged to individuals for the same or similar coverage, adjusted pro rata for rating periods of less than one year. The premium variations permitted by this paragraph must be based only upon health status, claims experience, and occupation. For purposes of this paragraph, health status includes refraining from tobacco use or other actuarially valid lifestyle factors associated with good health, provided that the lifestyle factor and its effect upon premium rates have been determined by the commissioner to be actuarially valid and have been approved by the commissioner. Variations permitted under this paragraph must not be based upon age or applied differently at different ages. This paragraph does not prohibit use of a constant percentage adjustment for factors permitted to be used under this paragraph
- , (b) Premium rates may vary based upon the ages of covered persons only as provided in this paragraph. In addition to the variation permitted under paragraph (a), each health carrier may use an additional premium variation based upon age of up to plus or minus 50 percent of the index rate.
- (c) A health carrier may request approval by the commissioner to establish no more than three geographic regions and to establish separate index rates for each region, provided that the index rates do not vary between any two regions by more than 20 percent. Health carriers that do not do business in the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan area may request approval for no more than two geographic regions, and clauses (2) and (3) do not apply to approval of requests made by those health carriers. The commissioner may grant approval if the following conditions are met
 - (1) the geographic regions must be applied uniformly by the health carrier,
- (2) one geographic region must be based on the Minneapolis/St Paul metropolitan area,
- (3) for each geographic region that is rural, the index rate for that region must not exceed the index rate for the Minneapolis/St Paul metropolitan area, and
- (4) the health carrier provides actuarial justification acceptable to the commissioner for the proposed geographic variations in index, rates, establishing that the variations are based upon differences in the cost to the health carrier of providing coverage
- (d) Health carriers may use rate cells and must file with the commissioner the rate cells they use Rate cells must be based upon the number of adults or children covered under the pohcy and may reflect the availability of Medicare coverage. The rates for different rate cells must not in any way reflect generalized differences in expected costs between principal insureds and their spouses.

- (e) In developing its index rates and premiums for a health plan, a health carrier shall take into account only the following factors
- (1) actuarially valid differences in rating factors permitted under paragraphs (a) and (b), and
- (2) actuarially valid geographic variations if approved by the commissioner as provided in paragraph (c)
- (f) All premium variations must be justified in initial rate filings and upon request of the commissioner in rate revision filings. All rate variations are subject to approval by the commissioner.
- (g) The loss ratio must comply with the section 62A 021 requirements for individual health plans
- (h) The rates must not be approved, unless the commissioner has determined that the rates are reasonable. In determining reasonableness, the commissioner shall consider the growth rates applied under section 62J 04, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), to the calendar year or years that the proposed premium rate would be in effect, actuarially valid changes in risks associated with the enrollee populations, and actuarially valid changes as a result of statutory changes in Laws 1992, chapter 549
- Subd 4 Gender rating prohibited. No individual health plan offered, sold, issued, or renewed to a Minnesota resident may determine the premium rate or any other underwriting decision, including initial issuance, through a method that is in any way based upon the gender of any person covered or to be covered under the health plan. This subdivision prohibits the use of marital status or generalized differences in expected costs between principal insureds and their spouses
- Subd 5 Portability and conversion of coverage. (a) No individual health plan may be offered, sold, issued, or with respect to children age 18 or under renewed, to a Minnesota resident that contains a preexisting condition limitation, preexisting condition exclusion, or exclusionary rider, unless the limitation or exclusion is permitted under this subdivision and under chapter 62L, provided that, except for children age 18 or under, underwriting restrictions may be retained on individual contracts that are issued without evidence of insurability as a replacement for prior individual coverage that was sold before May 17, 1993 The individual may be subjected to an 18-month preexisting condition limitation, unless the individual has maintained continuous coverage as defined in section 62L 02. The individual must not be subjected to an exclusionary rider. An individual who has maintained continuous coverage may be subjected to a one-time preexisting condition limitation of up to 12 months, with credit for time covered under qualifying coverage as defined in section 62L 02, at the time that the individual first is covered under an individual health plan by any health carrier Credit must be given for all qualifying coverage with respect to all preexisting conditions, regardless of whether the conditions were preexisting with respect to any previous qualifying coverage. The individual must not be subjected to an exclusionary rider Thereafter, the individual must not be subject to any preexisting condition limitation, preexisting condition exclusion, or exclusionary rider under an individual health plan by any health carrier, except an unexpired portion of a limitation under prior coverage, so long as the individual maintains continuous coverage as defined in section 62L 02
- (b) A health carrier must offer an individual health plan to any individual previously covered under a group health plan issued by that health carrier, regardless of the size of the group, so long as the individual maintained continuous coverage as defined in section 62L 02. If the individual has available any continuation coverage provided under sections 62A 146, 62A 148, 62A 17, subdivisions 1 and 2, 62A 20, 62A 21, 62C 142, 62D 101, or 62D 105, or continuation coverage provided under federal law, the health carrier need not offer coverage under this paragraph until the individual has exhausted the continuation coverage. The offer must not be subject to underwriting, except as permitted under this paragraph. A health plan issued under this paragraph must be a qualified plan as defined in section 62E 02 and must not contain

any preexisting condition limitation, preexisting condition exclusion, or exclusionary rider, except for any unexpired limitation or exclusion under the previous coverage. The individual health plan must cover pregnancy on the same basis as any other covered illness under the individual health plan. The initial premium rate for the individual health plan must comply with subdivision 3. The premium rate upon renewal must comply with subdivision 2. In no event shall the premium rate exceed 90 percent of the premium charged for comparable individual coverage by the Minnesota comprehensive health association, and the premium rate must be less than that amount if necessary to otherwise comply with this section. An individual health plan offered under this paragraph to a person satisfies the health carrier's obligation to offer conversion coverage under section 62E 16, with respect to that person. Coverage issued under this paragraph must provide that it cannot be canceled or nonrenewed as a result of the health carrier's subsequent decision to leave the individual, small employer, or other group market. Section 72A 20, subdivision 28, applies to this paragraph

- Subd 6 Guaranteed issue not required. Nothing in this section requires a health carrier to initially issue a health plan to a Minnesota resident, except as otherwise expressly provided m subdivision 4 or 5
- Subd 7 Short-term coverage. (a) For purposes of this section, "short-term coverage" means an individual health plan that
- (1) is issued to provide coverage for a period of 185 days or less, except that the health plan may permit coverage to continue until the end of a period of hospitalization for a condition for which the covered person was hospitalized on the day that coverage would otherwise have ended,
- (2) is nonrenewable, provided that the health carrier may provide coverage for one or more subsequent periods that satisfy clause (1), if the total of the periods of coverage do not exceed a total of 185 days out of any 365-day period, plus any additional days covered as a result of hospitalization on the day that a period of coverage would otherwise have ended,
- (3) does not cover any preexisting conditions, including ones that originated during a previous identical policy or contract with the same health carrier where coverage was continuous between the previous and the current policy or contract, and
- (4) is available with an immediate effective date without underwriting upon receipt of a completed application indicating eligibility under the health carrier's eligibility requirements, provided that coverage that includes optional benefits may be offered on a basis that does not meet this requirement
- (b) Short-term coverage is not subject to subdivisions 2 and 5 Short-term coverage may exclude as a preexisting condition any injury, illness, or condition for which the covered person had medical treatment, symptoms, or any manifestations before the effective date of the coverage, but dependent children born or placed for adoption during the policy period must not be subject to this provision
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision 3, and section 62A 021, a health carrier may combine short-term coverage with its most commonly sold individual qualified plan, as defined in section 62E 02, other than short-term coverage, for purposes of complying with the loss ratio requirement
- (d) The 185 day coverage limitation provided in paragraph (a) applies to the total number of days of short-term coverage that covers a person, regardless of the number of policies, contracts, or health carriers that provide the coverage A written application for short-term coverage must ask the applicant whether the applicant has been covered by short-term coverage by any health carrier within the 365 days immediately preceding the effective date of the coverage being applied for Short-term coverage issued in violation of the 185-day limitation is valid until the end of its term and does not lose its status as short-term coverage, in spite of the violation A health carrier that knowingly issues short-term coverage in violation of the 185-day limitation is subject to the administrative penalties otherwise available to the commissioner of commerce or the commissioner of health, as appropriate

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(e) Time spent under short-term coverage counts as time spent under a preexisting condition limitation for purposes of group or individual health plans, other than short-term coverage, subsequently issued to that person, or to cover that person, by any health carrier, if the person maintains continuous coverage as defined in section 62L 02 Short-term coverage is a health plan and is qualifying coverage as defined in section 62L 02 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a health carrier is not required under any circumstances to provide a person covered by short-term coverage the right to obtain coverage on a guaranteed issue basis under another health plan offered by the health carrier, as a result of the person's enrollment m short-term coverage

Subd 8 Cessation of individual business. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 1 to 7, a health carrier may elect to cease doing business in the individual health plan market in this state if it complies with the requirements of this subdivision For purposes of this section, "cease doing busmess" means to discontinue issuing new individual health plans and to refuse to renew all of the health carrier's existing individual health plans issued in this state whose terms permit refusal to renew under the circumstances specified in this subdivision. This subdivision does not permit cancellation of an individual health plan, unless the terms of the health plan permit cancellation under the circumstances specified in this subdivision A health carrier electing to cease doing business in the individual health plan market in this state shall notify the commissioner 180 days prior to the effective date of the cessation. The cessation of business does not include the failure of a health carrier to offer or issue new business in the individual health plan market or continue an existing product line in that market, provided that a health carrier does not terminate, cancel, or fail to renew its current individual health plan business A health carrier electing to cease doing business in the individual health plan market shall provide 120 days' written notice to each policyholder covered by an individual health plan issued by the health carrier A health carrier that ceases to write new business in the individual health plan market shall continue to be governed by this section with respect to continuing individual health plan business conducted by the health carrier A health carrier that ceases to do business in the individual health plan market after July 1, 1994, is prohibited from writing new business in the individual health plan market in this state for a period of five years from the date of notice to the commissioner. This subdivision applies to any health maintenance organization that ceases to do business in the individual health plan market in one service area with respect to that service area only Nothing in this subdivision prohibits an affiliated health maintenance organization from continuing to do business in the individual health plan market in that same service area The right to refuse to renew an individual health plan under this subdivision does not apply to individual health plans issued on a guaranteed renewable basis that does not permit refusal to renew under the circumstances specified in this subdivision

History: 1992 c 549 art 3 s 12, 1993 c 247 art 3 s 6, 1993 c 345 art 8 s 4, 1994 c 506 s 1, 1994 c 625 art 10 s 8-12, 1995 c 234 art 7 s 4,5, 1998 c 407 art 8 s 1, 1998 c 408 s 25, 1999 c 177 s 41

62A.651 [Repealed, 2000 c 483 s 55]

62A.66 [Expired, 1992 c 549 art 5 s 21]