

CHAPTER 61B

LIFE AND HEALTH GUARANTY ASSOCIATION

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61B 03 [Repealed, 1993 c 319 s 20]

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61B 13 [Repealed, 1993 c 319 s 20]

61B 14 [Repealed, 1993 c 319 s 20]

61B 15 [Repealed, 1993 c 319 s 20]

61B 16 [Repealed, 1993 c 319 s 20]

61B 18 CITATION

Sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 may be cited as the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act

History 1993 c 319 s 3

61B 19 PURPOSE, SCOPE, LIMITATION OF COVERAGE, LIMITATION OF BENEFITS, CONSTRUCTION

Subdivision 1 **Purpose** (a) The purpose of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 is to protect, subject to certain limitations, the persons specified in subdivision 2 against failure in the performance of contractual obligations, under life insurance policies, health insurance policies, annuity contracts, and supplemental contracts specified in subdivision 2, because of the impairment or insolvency of the member insurer that issued the policies or contracts

(b) To provide this protection, an association of insurers has been created and exists to pay benefits and to continue coverages, as limited in sections 61B 18 to 61B 32

Members of the association are subject to assessment to provide funds to carry out the purpose of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32

Subd 2 **Scope** (a) Sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 provide coverage for the policies and contracts specified in paragraph (b) to

(1) persons who are owners of or certificate holders under these policies or contracts, or, in the case of unallocated annuity contracts, to the persons who are the contract holders or participants in a covered retirement plan, and who

(i) are residents, or

(ii) are not residents, but only under all of the following conditions the insurers that issued the policies or contracts are domiciled in the state of Minnesota, those insurers never held a license or certificate of authority in the states in which those persons reside, those states have associations similar to the association created by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32, and those persons are not eligible for coverage by those associations, and

(2) persons who, regardless of where they reside, except for nonresident certificate holders under group policies or contracts, are the beneficiaries, assignees, or payees of the persons covered under clause (1)

(b) Sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 provide coverage to the persons specified in paragraph (a) for direct, nongroup life, health, annuity, and supplemental policies or contracts, for subscriber contracts issued by a nonprofit health service plan corporation operating under chapter 62C, for certificates under direct group policies and contracts, and for unallocated annuity contracts issued by member insurers, except as limited by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32. Except as expressly excluded under subdivision 3, annuity contracts and certificates under group annuity contracts include, but are not limited to, guaranteed investment contracts, deposit administration contracts, unallocated funding agreements, allocated funding agreements, structured settlement agreements, lottery contracts, and any immediate or deferred annuity contracts. Covered unallocated annuity contracts include those that fund a qualified defined contribution retirement plan under sections 401, 403(b), and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1992.

Subd 3 **Limitation of coverage** Sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 do not provide coverage for

(1) a portion of a policy or contract under which the investment risk is borne by the policy or contract holder,

(2) a policy or contract of reinsurance, unless assumption certificates have been issued and the insured has consented to the assumption as provided under section 60A 09, subdivision 4a,

(3) a policy or contract issued by an assessment benefit association operating under section 61A 39, or a fraternal benefit society operating under chapter 64B,

(4) any obligation to nonresident participants of a covered retirement plan or to the plan sponsor, employer, trustee, or other party who owns the contract, in these cases, the association is obligated under this chapter only to participants in a covered plan who are residents of the state of Minnesota on the date of impairment or insolvency,

(5) an annuity contract issued in connection with and for the purpose of funding a structured settlement of a liability claim, where the liability insurer remains liable,

(6) a portion of an unallocated annuity contract which is not issued to or in connection with a specific employee, union, or association of natural persons benefit plan or a governmental lottery, including but not limited to, a contract issued to, or purchased at the direction of, any governmental bonding authority, such as a municipal guaranteed investment contract,

(7) a plan or program of an employer, association, or similar entity to provide life, health, or annuity benefits to its employees or members to the extent that the plan or

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program is self funded or uninsured, including benefits payable by an employer, association, or similar entity under

(i) a multiple employer welfare arrangement as defined in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, United States Code, title 29, section 1002(40)(A) as amended,

(ii) a minimum premium group insurance plan,

(iii) a stop loss group insurance plan, or

(iv) an administrative services only contract,

(8) any policy or contract issued by an insurer at a time when it was not licensed or did not have a certificate of authority to issue the policy or contract in this state,

(9) an unallocated annuity contract issued to an employee benefit plan protected under the federal Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation,

(10) a portion of a policy or contract to the extent that it provides dividends or experience rating credits except to the extent the dividends or experience rating credits have actually become due and payable or have been credited to the policy or contract before the date of impairment or insolvency, or provides that a fee or allowance be paid to a person, including the policy or contract holder, in connection with the service to, or administration of, the policy or contract, and

(11) a contractual agreement that establishes the member insurer's obligations to provide a book value accounting guaranty for defined contribution benefit plan participants by reference to a portfolio of assets that is owned by the benefit plan or its trustee, which in each case is not an affiliate of the member insurer

Subd 4 **Limitation of benefits** The benefits for which the association may become liable shall in no event exceed the lesser of

(1) the contractual obligations for which the insurer is liable or would have been liable if it were not an impaired or insolvent insurer, or

(2) subject to the limitation in clause (4), with respect to any one life, regardless of the number of policies or contracts

(i) \$300,000 in life insurance death benefits, but not more than \$100,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life insurance,

(ii) \$300,000 in health insurance benefits, including any net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values

(iii) \$100,000 in annuity net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values

(iv) \$300,000 in present value of annuity benefits for annuities which are part of a structured settlement or for annuities in regard to which periodic annuity benefits, for a period of not less than the annuitant's lifetime or for a period certain of not less than ten years, have begun to be paid, on or before the date of impairment or insolvency, or

(3) subject to the limitations in clauses (5) and (6), with respect to each individual resident participating in a retirement plan, except a defined benefit plan, established under section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1992, covered by an unallocated annuity contract, or the beneficiaries of each such individual if deceased, in the aggregate, \$100,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values,

(4) where no coverage limit has been specified for a covered policy or benefit, the coverage limit shall be \$300,000 in present value,

(5) in no event shall the association be liable to expend more than \$300,000 in the aggregate with respect to any one life under clause (2), items (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), and clause (4), and any one individual under clause (3),

(6) in no event shall the association be liable to expend more than \$7,500,000 with respect to all unallocated annuities of a retirement plan, except a defined benefit plan, established under section 401, 403(b) or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as

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amended through December 31, 1992. If total claims from a plan exceed \$7,500,000, the \$7,500,000 shall be prorated among the claimants,

(7) for purposes of applying clause (2)(n), with respect only to health insurance benefits, the term "any one life" applies to each individual covered by a health insurance policy,

(8) where covered contractual obligations are equal to or less than the limits stated in this subdivision, the association will pay the difference between the covered contractual obligations and the amount credited by the estate of the insolvent or impaired insurer, if that amount has been determined or, if it has not, the covered contractual limit, subject to the association's right of subrogation,

(9) where covered contractual obligations exceed the limits stated in this subdivision, the amount payable by the association will be determined as though the covered contractual obligations were equal to those limits. In making the determination, the estate shall be deemed to have credited the covered person the same amount as the estate would credit a covered person with contractual obligations equal to those limits, or

(10) the following illustrates how the principles stated in clauses (8) and (9) apply. The example illustrated concerns hypothetical claims subject to the limit stated in clause (2)(iii). The principles stated in clauses (8) and (9), and illustrated in this clause, apply to claims subject to any limits stated in this subdivision.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS OF

	\$50,000	
	Estate	Guaranty Association
0% recovery from estate	\$ 0	\$ 50,000
25% recovery from estate	\$ 12,500	\$ 37,500
50% recovery from estate	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000
75% recovery from estate	\$ 37,500	\$ 12,500
	\$100,000	
	Estate	Guaranty Association
0% recovery from estate	\$ 0	\$100,000
25% recovery from estate	\$ 25,000	\$ 75,000
50% recovery from estate	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
75% recovery from estate	\$ 75,000	\$ 25,000
	\$200,000	
	Estate	Guaranty Association

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0% recovery from estate	\$ 0	\$100,000
25% recovery from estate	\$ 50,000	\$ 75,000
50% recovery from estate	\$100,000	\$ 50,000
75% recovery from estate	\$150,000	\$ 25,000

For purposes of this subdivision, the commissioner shall determine the discount rate to be used in determining the present value of annuity benefits

Subd 5 Limited liability The liability of the association is strictly limited by the express terms of the covered policies and contracts and by the provisions of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 and is not affected by the contents of any brochures, illustrations, advertisements, or oral statements by agents, brokers, or others used or made in connection with their sale. This limitation on liability does not prevent an insured from proving liability that is greater than the express terms of the covered policy or contract. The insured must bring an action to claim the greater liability no later than one year after entry of an order of rehabilitation, conservation, or liquidation. The association is not liable for any extra-contractual, exemplary, or punitive damages. The association is not liable for attorney fees or interest other than as provided for by the terms of the policies or contracts, subject to the other limits of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32.

Subd 6 Adjustment of liability limits The dollar amounts stated in subdivision 4 shall be adjusted for inflation based upon the implicit price deflator for the gross domestic product compiled by the United States Department of Commerce and hereafter referred to as the index. The dollar amounts stated in subdivision 4 are based upon the value of the index for the fourth quarter of 1992, which is the reference base index for purposes of this subdivision. The dollar amounts in subdivision 4 shall change on October 1 of each year after 1993 based upon the percentage difference between the index for the fourth quarter of the preceding year and the reference base index, calculated to the nearest whole percentage point. The commissioner shall announce and publish, on or before April 30 of each year, the changes in the dollar amounts required by this subdivision to take effect on October 1 of that year. The commissioner shall use the most recent revision of the relevant gross domestic product implicit price deflators available as of April 1. If the United States Department of Commerce changes the base year for the gross domestic product implicit price deflator, the commissioner shall make the calculations necessary to convert from the old to the new base year. Changes must be in increments of \$10,000. No adjustment may be made until the change in the index results in at least a \$10,000 increase.

Subd 7 Construction (a) Sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 shall be liberally construed to effect the purpose of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32. Subdivision 1 is an aid and guide to interpretation.

(b) Participants in an employer sponsored plan, which is funded in whole or in part by a covered policy, as specified in subdivision 4, clause (3), shall only be required to verify their status as residents and the amount of money in the unallocated annuity that represents their funds. Both these matters may be verified by the employer sponsoring the plan from plan records. Payments made to a plan shall be deemed to be made on behalf of the resident participant and are not the funds of the plan, the plan trustee, or any nonresident plan participant, and to the extent of such payments, discharge the association's obligation.

History 1993 c 319 s 4, 1994 c 426 s 11, 1999 c 177 s 36

61B 20 DEFINITIONS

Subdivision 1 **Application** The definitions in this section apply to sections 61B 19 to 61B 32

Subd 2 **Account** "Account" means either of the two accounts created under section 61B 21, subdivision 1

Subd 3 **Annuity contracts** "Annuity contracts" means annuity contracts as described in section 60A 06, subdivision 1, clause (4)

Subd 4 **Association** "Association" means the Minnesota life and health insurance guaranty association

Subd 5 **Commissioner** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of commerce

Subd 6 **Contractual obligation** "Contractual obligation" means an obligation under a policy or contract or certificate under a group policy or contract, or portion of the policy or contract or certificate, for which coverage is provided under section 61B 19, subdivision 2

Subd 7 **Covered policy** "Covered policy" means a policy or contract to which sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 apply, as provided in section 61B 19, subdivision 2

Subd 8 **Current contractual obligation** "Current contractual obligation" means a contractual obligation which has become due and owing for (1) death benefits, (2) health insurance benefits (3) periodic annuity benefit or supplemental contract payments, provided the annuitant or payee elected the commencement of the periodic annuity benefit or supplemental contract payments before the date of impairment or insolvency, or if the annuitant or payee elected the commencement of the periodic annuity benefit or supplemental contract payments after the date of impairment or insolvency, (i) the election was made pursuant to a written plan, such as a retirement plan, which existed before the impairment or insolvency, or (ii) commencement of the periodic annuity benefit or supplemental contract payments was elected at or after the annuitant's attainment of age 65 and, in either case, was for a payment period of not less than the annuitant's lifetime or a period certain of not less than ten years, or (4) cash surrender or loan values or endowment proceeds or any portion thereof, but only if, and to the extent that, an emergency or hardship such as, but not limited to, the funds being reasonably necessary to pay education, medical, home purchase, or essential living expenses, is established in accordance with standards proposed by the association and approved by the commissioner. The hardship standards must also provide for an individual appeal to the board of directors in those circumstances which, while not meeting the standards approved by the commissioner, may truly be a hardship

Subd 9 **Direct life insurance** "Direct life insurance" means life insurance as described in section 60A 06, subdivision 1 clause (4), and does not include credit life insurance regulated under chapter 62B

Subd 10 **Health insurance** "Health insurance" means accident and health insurance as described in section 60A 06, subdivision 1, clause (5)(a), credit accident and health insurance regulated under chapter 62B, and subscriber contracts issued by a nonprofit health service plan corporation operating under chapter 62C

Subd 11 **Impaired insurer** "Impaired insurer" means a member insurer that is not an insolvent insurer, and

(1) is placed under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a court of competent jurisdiction. The order of rehabilitation or conservation referred to in this subdivision is the initial order granting a petition, application, or other request to begin a rehabilitation or conservatorship, or

(2) is determined by the commissioner to be potentially unable to fulfill its contractual obligations and the commissioner has notified the association of the determination

Subd 12 **Insolvent insurer** "Insolvent insurer" means a member insurer that is placed under an order of liquidation by a court of competent jurisdiction with a finding

of insolvency. The order of liquidation referred to in this subdivision is the initial order granting a petition, application, or other request to begin a liquidation.

Subd 13 Member insurer "Member insurer" means an insurer licensed or holding a certificate of authority to transact in this state any kind of insurance for which coverage is provided under section 61B 19, subdivision 2, and includes an insurer whose license or certificate of authority in this state may have been suspended, revoked, not renewed, or voluntarily withdrawn. The term does not include

- (1) a nonprofit hospital or medical service organization, other than a nonprofit health service plan corporation that operates under chapter 62C,
- (2) a health maintenance organization,
- (3) a fraternal benefit society,
- (4) a mandatory state pooling plan,
- (5) a mutual assessment company or an entity that operates on an assessment basis,
- (6) an insurance exchange,
- (7) a community integrated service network, or
- (8) an entity similar to those listed in clauses (1) to (7).

Subd 14 Person "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, unincorporated association, limited liability company, or voluntary organization.

Subd 15 Premiums "Premiums" means amounts received on covered policies or contracts less premiums, considerations, and deposits returned, and less dividends and experience credits on those covered policies or contracts to the extent not guaranteed in advance. The term does not include amounts received for policies or contracts or for the portions of policies or contracts for which coverage is not provided under section 61B 19, subdivision 3, except that assessable premium shall not be reduced on account of section 61B 19, subdivision 4, relating to limitations with respect to any one life, any one individual, and any one contract holder. Premiums subject to assessment under section 61B 24, include all amounts received on any unallocated annuity contract issued to a contract holder resident in this state if the contract is not otherwise excluded from coverage under section 61B 19, subdivision 3, provided that "premiums" shall not include any premiums in excess of the liability limit on any unallocated annuity contract specified in section 61B 19, subdivision 4.

Subd 16 Resident "Resident" means a person who resides in Minnesota at the time a member insurer is initially determined by the commissioner or a court to be an impaired or insolvent insurer and to whom a contractual obligation is owed. A person may be a resident of only one state, which in the case of a person other than a natural person is its principal place of business, and which, in the case of a trust, is the principal place of business of the settlor or entity which established the trust.

Subd 17 Supplemental contract "Supplemental contract" means an agreement entered into for the distribution of policy or contract proceeds.

Subd 18 Unallocated annuity contract "Unallocated annuity contract" means an annuity contract or group annuity certificate that is not issued to and owned by an individual, except to the extent of annuity benefits guaranteed to an individual by an insurer under the contract or certificate.

History 1993 c 319 s 5, 1994 c 625 art 8 s 3, 1996 c 446 art 2 s 10, 1997 c 225 art 2 s 62

61B 21 MINNESOTA LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION

Subdivision 1 Functions The Minnesota life and health insurance guaranty association shall perform its functions under the plan of operation established and approved under section 61B 25, and shall exercise its powers through a board of directors. The association is not a state agency for purposes of chapter 16A, 16B, 16C,

or 43A For purposes of administration and assessment, the association shall establish and maintain two accounts

(1) the life insurance and annuity account which includes the following subaccounts

- (i) the life insurance account,
 - (ii) the annuity account, and
 - (iii) the unallocated annuity account, and
- (2) the health insurance account

Subd 2 Supervision by commissioner of commerce The association is under the immediate supervision of the commissioner and is subject to the applicable provisions of the insurance laws of this state

History 1993 c 319 s 6, 1997 c 187 art 3 s 15, 1998 c 386 art 2 s 23

61B 22 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Subdivision 1 Members The board of directors of the association consists of nine members serving terms as established in the plan of operation under section 61B 25 Members of the board must be elected by member insurers, subject to the approval of the commissioner, for the terms of office specified in their nominations Vacancies on the board shall be filled for the remaining period of the term by a majority vote of the remaining board members, subject to approval of the commissioner In approving selections or in appointing members to the board, the commissioner shall consider whether all member insurers are fairly represented

Subd 2 Expenses Members of the board may be reimbursed from the assets of the association for reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by them as members of the board, but shall not otherwise be compensated by the association for their services

Subd 3 Committees and meetings Except as otherwise required under the plan of operation

(a) The board of directors may, by unanimous affirmative action of the entire board, designate three or more directors as an executive committee, which, to the extent determined by unanimous affirmative action of the entire board, has and shall exercise the authority of the board in the management of the business of the association This executive committee shall act only in the interval between meetings of the board, and is subject at all times to the control and direction of the board

(b) The board of directors may, by unanimous affirmative action of the entire board, create additional committees which have and shall exercise the specific authority and responsibility as determined by the unanimous affirmative action of the entire board

(c) Any action that may be taken at a meeting of the board of directors or of a lawfully constituted executive committee may be taken without a meeting if authorized by a writing or writings signed by all the directors or by all of the members of the committee, as the case may be This action is effective on the date on which the last signature is placed on the writing or writings, or on an earlier effective date established in the writing or writings

(d) Members of the board of directors or of a lawfully constituted executive committee may participate in a meeting of the board or committee by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment through which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other Participation in a meeting as provided in this paragraph constitutes presence in person at the meeting

Subd 4 Open meetings Board meetings are not subject to chapter 13D

History 1993 c 319 s 7

61B 23 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE ASSOCIATION

Subdivision 1 **Impaired domestic insurer** If a member insurer is an impaired domestic insurer, the association may, in its discretion, and subject to any conditions imposed by the association that do not impair the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer and that are approved by the commissioner, and that are, except in cases of court ordered conservation or rehabilitation, also approved by the impaired insurer

(1) guarantee, assume, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, or reinsured, any or all of the policies or contracts of the impaired insurer,

(2) provide money, pledges notes, guarantees, or other means as are proper to exercise the power granted in clause (1) and assure payment of the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer pending action under clause (1), or

(3) loan money to the impaired insurer

Subd 2 **Impaired insurer not paying claims** (a) If a member insurer is an impaired insurer, whether domestic, foreign, or alien, and the insurer is not paying claims in a timely manner as required under section 72A 201, based in whole or in part on the insurer's financial inability to pay claims then subject to the preconditions specified in paragraph (b), the association shall, in its discretion, either

(1) take any of the actions specified in subdivision 1, subject to the conditions in that subdivision, or

(2) provide for prompt payment of current contractual obligations

(b) The association is subject to the requirements of paragraph (a) only if the commissioner has begun a formal administrative or judicial proceeding which seeks to suspend the authority of the impaired insurer to write new business in this state and to require the impaired insurer to cooperate with the association in the administration of claims. The suspension of the impaired insurer's authority to write new business in this state shall continue until all payments of or on account of the impaired insurer's contractual obligations paid by the association, along with all expenses thereof and interest on these payments and expenses, shall have been repaid to the association or a plan of repayment of the payments, expenses, and interest by the impaired insurer shall have been approved by the association. If the commissioner ceases to seek an administrative or judicial order suspending the impaired insurer's authority to write new business in this state within 90 days, or is denied the order, the association shall not be required to proceed under this subdivision unless

(1) the impaired insurer has been placed under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a court of competent jurisdiction and

(2) the court has approved and entered an order providing that the rehabilitation or conservation proceedings shall not be dismissed, and neither the impaired insurer nor its assets shall be returned to the control of its shareholders or private management, and the impaired insurer is prohibited from soliciting or accepting new business or having a suspended or revoked license restored until at least one of the following events has occurred

(i) all payments of or on account of the impaired insurer's contractual obligations paid by all the affected guaranty associations, along with expenses thereof and interest on all of those payments and expenses incurred by those guaranty associations, have been repaid to them, or

(ii) a plan of repayment by the impaired insurer has been approved by all the affected guaranty associations

(c) The association shall endeavor to obtain access to those records of the impaired insurer as are needed for the association to discharge its obligations and, if requested by the association, the commissioner will assist the association in obtaining access to those records. If the association is not given access to the necessary records, the association shall be relieved of its responsibility to make benefit payments until the time it is given access to those records

(d) If the impaired insurer is subsequently determined to be insolvent by a court of competent jurisdiction in its state of domicile and is placed in liquidation, the association shall then proceed as provided in subdivision 3

Subd 3 **Insolvent insurer** If a member insurer is an insolvent insurer then, subject to any conditions imposed by the association and approved by the commissioner, the association shall, in its discretion

(1) guaranty, assume, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, or reinsured, the policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer,

(2) assure payment of the contractual obligations of the insolvent insurer which are due and owing,

(3) provide money, pledges, guarantees, or other means as are reasonably necessary to discharge its duties, or

(4) with respect only to life and health insurance policies, provide benefits and coverages in accordance with subdivision 4

Subd 4 **Payments, alternative policies** When proceeding under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (2), or subdivision 3, clause (4), the association shall, with respect to only life and health insurance policies

(a) Assure payment of benefits for premiums identical to the premiums and benefits, except for terms of conversion and renewability, that would have been payable under the policies of the impaired or insolvent insurer, for claims incurred

(1) with respect to group policies, not later than the earlier of the next renewal date under those policies or contracts or 45 days, but in no event less than 30 days, after the date on which the association becomes obligated with respect to those policies, or

(2) with respect to individual policies not later than the earlier of the next renewal date, if any, under those policies or one year, but in no event less than 30 days, from the date on which the association becomes obligated with respect to those policies

(b) Make diligent efforts to provide all known insureds or group policyholders with respect to group policies 30 days' notice of the termination of the benefits provided

(c) With respect to individual policies, make available to each known insured, or owner if other than the insured, and with respect to an individual formerly insured under a group policy who is not eligible for replacement group coverage, make available substitute coverage on an individual basis in accordance with paragraph (d), if the insureds had a right under law or the terminated policy to convert coverage to individual coverage or to continue an individual policy in force until a specified age or for a specified time, during which the insurer had no right unilaterally to make changes in any provision of the policy or had a right only to make changes in premium by class

(d)(1) In providing the substitute coverage required under paragraph (c), the association may offer either to reissue the terminated coverage or to issue an alternative policy

(2) Alternative or reissued policies must be offered without requiring evidence of insurability, and must not provide for any waiting period or exclusion that would not have applied under the terminated policy

(3) The association may reinsure any alternative or reissued policy

(e)(1) Alternative policies adopted by the association are subject to the approval of the commissioner. The association may adopt alternative policies of various types for future issuance without regard to any particular impairment or insolvency

(2) Alternative policies must contain at least the minimum statutory provisions required in this state and provide benefits that are not unreasonable in relation to the premium charged. The association shall set the premium in accordance with a table of rates which it shall adopt. The premium must reflect the amount of insurance to be provided and the age and class of risk of each insured, but must not reflect any changes in the health of the insured after the original policy was last underwritten

(3) Any alternative policy issued by the association must provide coverage of a type similar to that of the policy issued by the impaired or insolvent insurer, as determined by the association

(f) If the association elects to reissue terminated coverage at a premium rate different from that charged under the terminated policy, the premium must be set by the association in accordance with the amount of insurance provided and the age and class of risk, subject to approval of the commissioner or by a court of competent jurisdiction

(g) The association's obligations with respect to coverage under any policy of the impaired or insolvent insurer or under any reissued or alternative policy ceases on the date the coverage or policy is replaced by another similar policy by the policyholder, the insurer, or the association and the preexisting condition limitations have been satisfied

Subd 5 Obligations terminated Nonpayment of all unpaid premiums within 31 days after the date required under the terms of a guaranteed, assumed, alternative, or reissued policy or contract or substitute coverage terminates the association's obligations under the policy, contract, or coverage under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 with respect to the policy, contract, or coverage, except with respect to claims incurred or net cash surrender value that may be due in accordance with sections 61B 18 to 61B 32. The association will not terminate the policy or contract for nonpayment of premium until 31 days after the association sends a written cancellation notice by first class mail to the insured's last known address

Subd 6 Postliquidation premiums Premiums due for coverage after entry of any order of liquidation of an insolvent insurer belong to and are payable at the direction of the association, and the association is liable for unearned premiums due policy or contract owners arising after the entry of the order

Subd 7 Coverage by another state The association has no liability under this section for a covered policy of a foreign or alien insurer whose domiciliary jurisdiction or state of entry provides protection, by statute or rule, for residents of this state, which protection is substantially similar to that provided by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32, for residents of other states. Recovery provided for under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 is reduced by the amount of recovery under the coverage provided by another state or jurisdiction. If another state or jurisdiction providing substantially similar coverage as provided by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 denies coverage, the association shall provide coverage if the policyholder or contract holder is otherwise eligible, and the association is then subrogated to the rights of the person receiving benefits with respect to the other state or jurisdiction. If a person receiving benefits from the association has a claim remaining against another state or jurisdiction, whether or not such state or jurisdiction provides substantially similar protection within the meaning of this section, then such person's remaining claim has priority over any subrogation rights of the association with respect to that other state or jurisdiction

Subd 8 Liens and moratoriums (a) In carrying out its duties under subdivision 2 or 3, the association may request that there be imposed policy liens, contract liens, moratoriums on payments, or other similar means. The liens, moratoriums, or similar means may be imposed if the commissioner

(1) finds (i) that the amounts that can be assessed under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 are less than the amounts necessary to assure full and prompt performance of the impaired insurer's contractual obligations, (ii) that economic or financial conditions as they affect member insurers are sufficiently adverse to cause the imposition of policy or contract liens, moratoriums, or similar means to be in the public interest, (iii) that there is a reasonable likelihood that a plan of rehabilitation will be developed or other appropriate arrangements made for the orderly provision for covered contractual obligations of the impaired or insolvent insurer, and that the imposition of policy or contract liens, moratoriums, or similar means is necessary and appropriate to support the development of the plan of rehabilitation or other appropriate arrangements, (iv) that the imposition of policy or contract liens, moratoriums, or similar means is

necessary and appropriate to ensure the equitable treatment of all policyholders of impaired or insolvent insurers protected by the guaranty association, (v) that the imposition of policy or contract liens, moratoriums, or similar means is necessary and appropriate to encourage recovery of the maximum possible amount from the remaining assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer's estate, or (vi) that the imposition of policy or contract liens, moratoriums, or similar means is necessary and appropriate in order for the association to participate in any multistate plan of rehabilitation, conservation, or liquidation of the impaired or insolvent insurer, and the commissioner considers the plan to be in the best interests of the impaired or insolvent insurer's policyholders or the association's member insurers,

(2) finds, in the case of a moratorium, that current contractual obligations are being, and will continue to be, promptly paid, and

(3) approves the specific policy liens, contract liens, moratoriums, or similar means to be used

(b) Before being obligated under subdivision 2 or 3, the association may request that there be imposed temporary moratoriums or liens on payments of cash values and policy loans. The temporary moratoriums and liens may be imposed if approved by the commissioner

(c) A moratorium, lien, or other means imposed pursuant to this subdivision may be for (1) a specific term, or (11) an indefinite term which shall continue in effect until the commissioner at the request of the association or, on the commissioner's own motion after notice to the association, finds that the reason or reasons for the moratorium, lien, or other means no longer exists

Subd 9 Failure to act If the association fails to act within a reasonable period of time as provided in subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (2), 3, or 4, the commissioner has the powers and duties of the association with respect to impaired or insolvent insurers including, but not limited to, the power to make assessments

Subd 10 Assistance to commissioner The association may give assistance and advice to the commissioner, upon request, concerning rehabilitation, payment of claims, continuance of coverage, or the performance of other contractual obligations of an impaired or insolvent insurer

Subd 11 Standing in court The association has standing to appear before any court in this state with jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer concerning which the association is or may become obligated under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32. This standing extends to all matters germane to the powers and duties of the association, including proposals for reinsuring, modifying, or guaranteeing the policies or contracts of the impaired or insolvent insurer and the determination of the policies or contracts and contractual obligations. The association may appear or intervene before a court in another state with jurisdiction over an impaired or insolvent insurer for which the association is or may become obligated or with jurisdiction over a third party against whom the association may have rights through subrogation of the insurer's policyholders or of any other person, provided, however, in the case of any such appearance or intervention, the association shall not submit for adjudication its obligations to provide coverage under the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act without the prior approval of the commissioner

Subd 12 Assignments, subrogation rights (a) A person receiving benefits under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 shall be considered to have assigned the rights under, and any causes of action relating to, the covered policy or contract to the association to the extent of the benefits received because of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32, whether the benefits are payments of or on account of contractual obligations, continuation of coverage, or provision of substitute or alternative coverages. The association may require an assignment to it of those rights and causes of action by a payee, policy or contract owner, beneficiary, insured, or annuitant as a condition precedent to the receipt of rights or benefits conferred by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 upon that person. The subrogation rights of the association include any rights that a person may have as a

beneficiary of a plan covered under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, United States Code, title 29, section 1003, as amended

(b) The subrogation rights of the association under this subdivision against the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer have the same priority as those of a person entitled to receive benefits under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32

(c) In addition to paragraphs (a) and (b), the association has all common law rights of subrogation and other equitable or legal remedies that would have been available to the impaired or insolvent insurer or person receiving benefits under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32

Subd 13 Permissive powers The association may

(1) enter into contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32,

(2) sue or be sued, including taking any legal actions necessary or proper to recover any unpaid assessments under section 61B 26 to settle claims or potential claims against it,

(3) borrow money to effect the purposes of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 and any notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the association not in default are legal investments for domestic insurers and may be carried as admitted assets,

(4) employ or retain persons as are necessary to handle the financial transactions of the association, and to perform other functions as the association considers necessary or proper under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32,

(5) enter into arbitration or take legal action as may be necessary to avoid payment of improper claims,

(6) exercise, for the purposes of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 and to the extent approved by the commissioner, the powers of a domestic life or health insurer, but in no case may the association issue insurance policies or annuity contracts other than those issued to perform its obligations under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32,

(7) join an organization of one or more other state associations of similar purposes, to further the purposes and administer the powers and duties of the association,

(8) negotiate and contract with any liquidator, rehabilitator, conservator, or ancillary receiver to carry out the powers and duties of the association, and

(9) participate in the organization of and/or own stock in an entity which exists or was formed for the purpose of assuming liability for contracts or policies issued by impaired or insolvent insurers

History 1993 c 319 s 8

61B 24 ASSESSMENTS

Subdivision 1 Purpose For the purpose of providing the funds necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the association, the board of directors shall assess the member insurers, separately for each account or subaccount, at the times and for the amounts as the board finds necessary. Assessments are due not less than 30 days after prior written notice to the member insurers and accrue interest on and after the due date at the then applicable rate determined under section 549 09, subdivision 1, paragraph (c)

Subd 2 Classes of assessments There are two classes of assessments, as follows

(1) class A assessments must be made for the purpose of meeting administrative and legal costs and other expenses and examinations conducted under the authority of section 61B 27. Class A assessments may be made whether or not related to a particular impaired or insolvent insurer, and

(2) class B assessments must be made to the extent necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the association under section 61B 23 with regard to an impaired or an insolvent insurer

Subd 3 **Formula for determination** (a) The amount of a class A assessment shall be determined by the board and may be made on a pro rata or nonpro rata basis. If pro rata, the board may provide that it be credited against future class B assessments. A nonpro rata assessment shall not exceed \$500 per member insurer in any one calendar year.

(b) The amount of any class B assessment must be allocated for assessment purposes among the accounts or subaccounts pursuant to an allocation formula which may be based on the premiums or reserves of the impaired or insolvent insurer or any other standard considered by the board in its sole discretion as being fair and reasonable under the circumstances.

(c) Class B assessments against member insurers for each subaccount or account must be in the proportion that the average annual premiums received on business in this state by each assessed member insurer on policies or contracts covered by each subaccount or account for the three most recent calendar years for which information is available preceding the calendar year in which the insurer became impaired or insolvent, as the case may be, bears to the average annual premiums received on business in this state by all assessed member insurers on policies or contracts covered by that subaccount or account for those same calendar years. If the impaired insurer becomes insolvent, the date of impairment must be used to determine the assessment. Premiums for purposes of calculating average annual premium for calendar years prior to 1993 shall be determined in accordance with Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 61B 01 to 61B 16.

(d) Assessments for funds to meet the requirements of the association with respect to an impaired or insolvent insurer must not be made until necessary to implement the purposes of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32. Classification of assessments under subdivision 2 and computation of assessments under this subdivision must be made with a reasonable degree of accuracy, recognizing that exact determinations may not always be possible.

Subd 4 **Abatement or deferment** The association may abate or defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of a member insurer if, in the opinion of the board, payment of the assessment would endanger the ability of the member insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations. In the event an assessment against a member insurer is abated, or deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which the assessment is abated or deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments as provided in this section.

Subd 5 **Maximum assessment** (a) The total of all assessments upon a member insurer for the life and annuity account and for each subaccount of the life and annuity account shall not in any one calendar year exceed two percent of that member insurer's average annual premiums as calculated in subdivision 3, paragraph (c), on policies or contracts covered by that account or subaccount. If two or more assessments are made with respect to insurers that become impaired or insolvent in different calendar years, average annual premiums for purposes of the assessment percentage limitation are based upon the higher of the three-year averages calculated under subdivision 3, paragraph (c). If an impaired insurer becomes insolvent, the date of impairment must be used to determine the assessment. In addition, if the board of directors determines that a one percent assessment for any subaccount of the life and annuity account in any one calendar year will not provide an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, then pursuant to subdivision 3, the board of directors shall make a one percent assessment for the affected subaccount or subaccounts and assess the remaining necessary amount against all three subaccounts on a pro rata basis, provided that if the maximum annual two percent assessment limit would be exceeded in a subaccount by the assessment, then the other subaccounts will be assessed for the balance of any remaining necessary amount up to the maximum annual two percent limit in those other subaccounts.

(b) The total of all assessments upon a member insurer for the health account shall not in any one calendar year exceed two percent of that member insurer's average annual premiums as calculated under subdivision 3, paragraph (c), on policies or

contracts covered by that account. If two or more assessments are made with respect to insurers that become impaired or insolvent in different calendar years, average annual premiums for purposes of the assessment percentage limitation is based upon the higher of the three-year averages calculated under subdivision 3, paragraph (c).

(c) If the maximum assessment for an account, together with the other assets of the association in that account, does not provide in any one calendar year in that account an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, the necessary additional funds must be assessed as soon as permitted by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32.

(d) The board may adopt general principles in the plan of operation for allocating funds among claims, whether relating to one or more impaired or insolvent insurers, when the maximum assessment will be insufficient to cover anticipated claims.

(e) If assessments under this section are inadequate to pay all obligations of the impaired insurer that are or become due and owing, then the association shall prepare a plan approved by the commissioner for prioritization of payments. If the association adopts general principles in the plan of operations, the association shall use the general principles in preparing the plan required under this paragraph. No formerly impaired or insolvent insurer may be reinstated until all payments of or on account of the insurer's contractual obligations by the guaranty association, along with all expenses thereof and interest on all such payments and expenses, shall have been repaid to the guaranty association or a plan of repayment by the insurer shall have been approved by the commissioner.

Subd 6 Refund The board may, by an equitable method as established in the plan of operation, refund to member insurers, in proportion to the contribution of each insurer to that account or subaccount, the amount by which the assets of the account or subaccount exceed the amount the board finds is necessary to carry out during the coming year the obligations of the association with regard to that account or subaccount, including assets accruing from assignment, subrogation, net realized gains, and income from investments. A reasonable amount may be retained in any account or subaccount to provide funds for the continuing expenses of the association and for future losses.

Subd 7 Premium rates and dividends A member insurer may, in determining its premium rates and policyowner dividends as to any kind of insurance within the scope of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32, consider the amount reasonably necessary to meet its assessment obligations under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32.

Subd 8 Certificate of contribution The association shall issue to each insurer paying an assessment under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32, other than a class A assessment, a certificate of contribution, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, for the amount of the assessment so paid. All outstanding certificates must be of equal dignity and priority without reference to amounts or dates of issue. A certificate of contribution may be shown by the insurer in its financial statement as an asset in the form and for the amount, if any, and period of time as the commissioner may approve.

Subd 9 Survival of obligation In the event a member insurer engages in any reorganization, including any merger, consolidation, restructuring, incorporation, or reincorporation, the member's obligations under this chapter shall survive the reorganization with respect to assessments for impairments or insolvencies occurring before the date of the reorganization.

History 1993 c 319 s 9

61B 25 PLAN OF OPERATION

Subdivision 1 Adoption and amendment The purpose of the plan of operation is to assure the fair, reasonable, and equitable administration of the association under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32. Amendments to the plan of operation must be submitted to the commissioner and become effective upon the commissioner's written approval or 30 days after submission if the commissioner has not disapproved. If the association fails

to submit suitable amendments to the plan, the commissioner shall, after notice and hearing, adopt reasonable rules necessary or advisable to implement sections 61B 18 to 61B 32. The rules shall continue in force until modified by the commissioner or superseded by amendments submitted by the association and approved by the commissioner.

Subd 2 Compliance All member insurers shall comply with the plan of operation.

Subd 3 Contents The plan of operation must, in addition to requirements specified in sections 61B 18 to 61B 32:

- (1) establish procedures for handling the assets of the association,
- (2) establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board of directors under section 61B 22,
- (3) establish regular places and times for meetings including telephone conference calls of the board of directors or of the executive committee,
- (4) establish procedures for records to be kept of all financial transactions of the association, its agents, and the board of directors,
- (5) establish procedures for selecting the board of directors,
- (6) establish any additional procedures for assessments under section 61B 24, and
- (7) contain additional provisions necessary or proper for the execution of the powers and duties of the association.

Subd 4 Delegation of powers and duties The plan of operation may provide that any or all powers and duties of the association, except those under sections 61B 23, subdivision 13, clause (3), and 61B 24, are delegated to a corporation, association, or other organization which performs or will perform functions similar to those of this association, or its equivalent, in two or more states. The corporation, association, or organization shall be reimbursed for any payments made on behalf of the association and shall be paid for its performance of any function of the association. A delegation under this subdivision shall take effect only with the approval of both the board of directors and the commissioner and may be made only to a corporation, association, or organization which extends protection not substantially less favorable and effective than that provided by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32.

History 1993 c 319 s 10

61B 26 DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSIONER

(a) In addition to other duties and powers in sections 61B 18 to 61B 32, the commissioner shall:

- (1) notify the board of directors of the existence of an impaired or insolvent insurer within three days after a determination of impairment or insolvency is made or the commissioner receives notice of impairment or insolvency,
- (2) upon request of the board of directors, provide the association with a statement of the premiums in this and any other appropriate states for each member insurer,
- (3) when an impairment is declared and the amount of the impairment is determined, serve a demand upon the impaired insurer to make good the impairment within a reasonable time, notice to the impaired insurer shall constitute notice to its shareholders, if any, the failure of the insurer to promptly comply with the commissioner's demand shall not excuse the association from the performance of its powers and duties under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32, and
- (4) in a liquidation, conservation, or rehabilitation proceeding involving a domestic insurer, be appointed as the liquidator, conservator, or rehabilitator.

(b) The commissioner may suspend or revoke, after notice and hearing, the certificate of authority to transact insurance in this state of any member insurer which fails to pay an assessment when due or fails to comply with the plan of operation. As an alternative, the commissioner may levy a forfeiture on any member insurer which

fails to pay an assessment when due. A forfeiture shall not exceed five percent of the unpaid assessment per month, but no forfeiture shall be less than \$100 per month.

(c) An action of the board of directors or the association may be appealed to the commissioner if the appeal is taken within 30 days of the notice of the action being appealed. If a member company is appealing an assessment, the amount assessed must be paid to the association and be available to meet association obligations during the pendency of an appeal. If the appeal on the assessment is upheld, the amount paid in error or excess must be returned to the member company. Any final action or order of the commissioner is subject to judicial review in a court of competent jurisdiction, in the manner provided by chapter 14. A determination or decision by the commissioner under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 is not subject to the contested case or rulemaking provisions of chapter 14.

(d) The liquidator, rehabilitator, or conservator of an impaired insurer may notify all interested persons of the effect of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32.

(e) For the purposes of sections 61B 18 to 61B 32, the commissioner may delegate any of the powers conferred by law.

(f) Nonperformance of any of the acts specified in this section or failure to meet the specific time limits does not affect the association, its members, or any other person as to the person's duties and obligations.

History 1993 c 319 s 11

61B 27 PREVENTION OF INSOLVENCIES

(a) To aid in the detection and prevention of insurer insolvencies or impairments, the commissioner shall notify the commissioners of insurance of all the other states, territories of the United States, and the District of Columbia when the commissioner takes one of the following actions against a member insurer:

(i) revocation of license, or

(ii) suspension of license.

The notice must be mailed to all commissioners within 30 days following the action.

(b) If the commissioner deems it appropriate, the commissioner may:

(1) Report to the board of directors when the commissioner has taken any of the actions specified in paragraph (a) or has received a report from another commissioner indicating that an action specified in paragraph (a) has been taken in another state. The report to the board of directors must contain all significant details of the action taken or the report received from another commissioner.

(2) Report to the board of directors when the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe from an examination, whether completed or in process, of a member company that the company may be an impaired or insolvent insurer.

(3) Furnish to the board of directors the national association of insurance commissioners insurance regulatory information system ratios and listings of companies not included in the ratios developed by the national association of insurance commissioners, and the board may use the information in carrying out its duties and responsibilities under this section. The report and the information contained in it must be kept confidential by the board of directors until it has been made public by the commissioner or other lawful authority. Nothing in this provision supersedes other requirements of law.

(4) Notify the board if the commissioner makes a formal order requiring the company to restrict its premium writing, obtain additional contributions to surplus, withdraw from this state, reinsure all or any part of its business, or increase capital, surplus, or any other account for the security of policyholders or creditors.

(c) The commissioner may seek the advice and recommendations of the board of directors concerning any matter affecting the commissioner's duties and responsibilities.

regarding the financial condition of member insurers and of companies seeking admission to transact insurance business in this state

(d) The board of directors may, upon majority vote, make reports and recommendations to the commissioner upon matters germane to the solvency, liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation of any member insurer or germane to the solvency of a company seeking to do an insurance business in this state. Those reports and recommendations shall not be considered public documents.

(e) The board of directors, upon majority vote, shall notify the commissioner of information indicating that a member insurer may be an impaired or insolvent insurer.

(f) The board of directors may, upon majority vote, request that the commissioner order an examination of a member insurer which the board in good faith believes may be an impaired or insolvent insurer. Within 30 days of the receipt of the request, the commissioner shall begin the examination. The examination may be conducted as a national association of insurance commissioners examination or may be conducted by those persons designated by the commissioner. The cost of the examination must be paid by the association and the examination report must be treated as are other examination reports. In no event shall an examination report be released to the board of directors prior to its release to the public, but this shall not preclude the commissioner from complying with paragraph (a).

The commissioner shall notify the board of directors when the examination is completed. The request for an examination must be kept on file by the commissioner, but it shall not be open to public inspection prior to the release of the examination report to the public.

(g) The board of directors may, upon majority vote, make recommendations to the commissioner for the detection and prevention of insurer insolvencies.

(h) The board of directors may, at the conclusion of an insurer insolvency in which the association was obligated to pay covered claims, prepare a report to the commissioner containing the information it may have in its possession bearing on the history and causes of the insolvency. The board shall cooperate with the boards of directors of guaranty associations in other states in preparing a report on the history and causes of insolvency of a particular insurer and may adopt by reference any report prepared by those other associations.

(i) Nonperformance by the commissioner of any of the acts specified in this section or failure to meet the specified time limits does not affect the association, its members, or any other person as to the person's duties and obligations.

Nothing in this section supersedes other requirements of law.

History 1993 c 319 s 12

61B 28 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Subdivision 1 Records Records must be kept of all negotiations and meetings in which the association or its representatives are involved to discuss the activities of the association in carrying out its powers and duties under section 61B 23. Records of negotiations or meetings shall be made public only upon the termination of a liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation proceeding involving the impaired or insolvent insurer, upon the termination of the impairment or insolvency of the insurer, or upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing in this subdivision limits the duty of the association to report its activities under section 61B 27.

Subd 2 Reports (a) A report, recommendation or notification by the association, its board of directors, or officers to the commissioner concerning a member insurer, together with statements or documents furnished to the commissioner with, or subsequent to, a report, recommendation, or notification, is confidential and a privileged communication. Reports, recommendations, notifications, statements, and documents furnished to the commissioner are not admissible in whole or in part for any purpose in an action or proceeding against

(1) the association or its member insurers, officers, employees, or representatives submitting or providing the report, recommendation, notification, statement, or document, or

(2) a person, firm, or entity who in good faith furnishes to the association the information or document upon which the association has relied in making its report, recommendation, or notification to the commissioner

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 13 711, 13 715, and 13 719, the commissioner may release to the association's board of directors any or all nonpublic data collected and maintained by the commissioner on a member insurer or a potential member insurer Information furnished to the board of directors is private

Subd 3 Association as creditor For the purpose of carrying out its obligations under sections 61B 18 to 61B 32, the association is considered to be a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer to the extent of assets attributable to covered policies, reduced by amounts to which the association is entitled as subrogee under section 61B 23, subdivision 12 Assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer attributable to covered policies must be used to continue all covered policies and pay all contractual obligations of the impaired or insolvent insurer as required by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 Assets attributable to covered policies, as used in this subdivision, are that proportion of the assets which the reserves that should have been established for those policies bear to the reserves that should have been established for all policies of insurance written by the impaired or insolvent insurer

Subd 4 Prohibited sales practice No person, including an insurer, agent, or affiliate of an insurer, shall make, publish, disseminate, circulate, or place before the public, or cause directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in any newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio station or television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement, or statement, written or oral, which uses the existence of the Minnesota life and health insurance guaranty association for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance covered by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32 The notice required by subdivision 8 is not a violation of this subdivision This subdivision does not apply to the Minnesota life and health insurance guaranty association or an entity that does not sell or solicit insurance A person violating this section is guilty of a misdemeanor

Subd 5 Distribution to stockholders No distribution to stockholders of an impaired domiciliary insurer shall be made until the total amount of assessments levied by the association with respect to the insurer have been fully recovered by the association

Subd 6 Reinstatement No insurer may be reinstated to do business in this state until all payments of or on account of the impaired insurer's contractual obligations by the guaranty association, along with all expenses thereof and interest on all such payments and expenses, shall have been repaid to the guaranty association or a plan of repayment by the impaired insurer shall have been approved by the association

Subd 7 Notice concerning limitations and exclusions (a) No person, including an insurer, agent, or affiliate of an insurer or agent, shall offer for sale in this state a covered life insurance, annuity, or health insurance policy or contract without delivering at the time of application for that policy or contract a notice in the form specified in subdivision 8, or in a form approved by the commissioner under paragraph (b), relating to coverage provided by the Minnesota life and health insurance guaranty association The notice may be part of the application A copy of the notice must be given to the applicant The notice must be delivered to the applicant at the time of application for the policy or contract, except that if the application is not taken from the applicant in person, the notice must be sent to the applicant within 72 hours after the application is taken The person offering the policy or contract shall document the fact that the notice was given at the time of application or was sent within the specified time This does not require that the receipt of the notice be acknowledged by the applicant

(b) The association may prepare, and file with the commissioner for approval, a form of notice as an alternative to the form of notice specified in subdivision 8 describing the general purposes and limitations of this chapter. The form of notice shall

(1) state the name, address, and telephone number of the Minnesota life and health insurance guaranty association,

(2) prominently warn the policy or contract holder that the Minnesota life and health insurance guaranty association may not cover the policy or, if coverage is available, it will be subject to substantial limitations and exclusions and conditioned on continued residence in the state,

(3) state that the insurer and its agents are prohibited by law from using the existence of the Minnesota life and health insurance guaranty association for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance,

(4) emphasize that the policy or contract holder should not rely on coverage under the Minnesota life and health insurance guaranty association when selecting an insurer,

(5) provide other information as directed by the commissioner. The commissioner may approve any form of notice proposed by the association and, as to the approved form of notice, the association may notify all member insurers by mail that the form of notice is available as an alternative to the notice specified in subdivision 8.

(c) A policy or contract not covered by the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association or the Minnesota Insurance Guaranty Association must contain the following notice in ten-point type, stamped in red ink or contrasting type on the policy or contract and the application:

“THIS POLICY OR CONTRACT IS NOT PROTECTED BY THE MINNESOTA LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION OR THE MINNESOTA INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION IN THE CASE OF INSOLVENCY, PAYMENT OF CLAIMS IS NOT GUARANTEED. ONLY THE ASSETS OF THIS INSURER WILL BE AVAILABLE TO PAY YOUR CLAIM.”

This section does not apply to fraternal benefit societies regulated under chapter 64B.

Subd 8 **Form** The form of notice referred to in subdivision 7, paragraph (a), is as follows:

“

(insert name, current address, and
telephone number of insurer)

NOTICE CONCERNING POLICYHOLDER RIGHTS IN AN
INSOLVENCY UNDER THE MINNESOTA LIFE AND HEALTH
INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION LAW

If the insurer that issued your life, annuity, or health insurance policy becomes impaired or insolvent, you are entitled to compensation for your policy from the assets of that insurer. The amount you recover will depend on the financial condition of the insurer.

In addition, residents of Minnesota who purchase life insurance, annuities, or health insurance from insurance companies authorized to do business in Minnesota are protected, **SUBJECT TO LIMITS AND EXCLUSIONS**, in the event the insurer becomes financially impaired or insolvent. This protection is provided by the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association.

Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association
 (insert current
 address and telephone number)

The maximum amount the guaranty association will pay for all policies issued on one life by the same insurer is limited to \$300,000. Subject to this \$300,000 limit, the guaranty association will pay up to \$300,000 in life insurance death benefits, \$100,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life insurance, \$300,000 in health insurance benefits, including any net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, \$100,000 in annuity net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, \$300,000 in present value of annuity benefits for annuities which are part of a structured settlement or for annuities in regard to which periodic annuity benefits, for a period of not less than the annuitant's lifetime or for a period certain of not less than ten years, have begun to be paid on or before the date of impairment or insolvency, or if no coverage limit has been specified for a covered policy or benefit, the coverage limit shall be \$300,000 in present value. Unallocated annuity contracts issued to retirement plans, other than defined benefit plans, established under section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1992, are covered up to \$100,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, for Minnesota residents covered by the plan provided, however, that the association shall not be responsible for more than \$7,500,000 in claims from all Minnesota residents covered by the plan. If total claims exceed \$7,500,000, the \$7,500,000 shall be prorated among all claimants. These are the maximum claim amounts. Coverage by the guaranty association is also subject to other substantial limitations and exclusions and requires continued residency in Minnesota. If your claim exceeds the guaranty association's limits, you may still recover a part or all of that amount from the proceeds of the liquidation of the insolvent insurer, if any exist. Funds to pay claims may not be immediately available. The guaranty association assesses insurers licensed to sell life and health insurance in Minnesota after the insolvency occurs. Claims are paid from this assessment.

THE COVERAGE PROVIDED BY THE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR USING CARE IN SELECTING INSURANCE COMPANIES THAT ARE WELL MANAGED AND FINANCIALLY STABLE IN SELECTING AN INSURANCE COMPANY OR POLICY, YOU SHOULD NOT RELY ON COVERAGE BY THE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION.

THIS NOTICE IS REQUIRED BY MINNESOTA STATE LAW TO ADVISE POLICYHOLDERS OF LIFE, ANNUITY, OR HEALTH INSURANCE POLICIES OF THEIR RIGHTS IN THE EVENT THEIR INSURANCE CARRIER BECOMES FINANCIALLY INSOLVENT. THIS NOTICE IN NO WAY IMPLIES THAT THE COMPANY CURRENTLY HAS ANY TYPE OF FINANCIAL PROBLEMS. ALL LIFE, ANNUITY, AND HEALTH INSURANCE POLICIES ARE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE THIS NOTICE."

Additional language may be added to the notice if approved by the commissioner prior to its use in the form. This section does not apply to fraternal benefit societies regulated under chapter 64B.

Subd 9 Combination fixed variable policy The notice required in subdivision 8 must clearly describe what portions of a combination fixed-variable policy are not covered by the Minnesota life and health insurance guaranty association. The notice requirements specified in subdivision 7, paragraph (c), do not apply to a combination fixed-variable policy.

Subd 10 Effect of notices The distribution, delivery, contents, or interpretation of the notices described in subdivision 7, 8, or 9 shall not mean that either the policy or contract, or the owner or holder thereof would be covered in the event of the impairment or insolvency of a member insurer if coverage is not otherwise provided by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32. Failure to receive the notice does not give the policyholder,

contract holder certificate holder, insured, owner beneficiaries, assignees, or payees any greater rights than those provided by sections 61B 18 to 61B 32

History 1993 c 319 s 13, 1995 c 258 s 19,20, 1996 c 446 art 1 s 21, 1999 c 227 s 22

61B 29 EXAMINATION OF THE ASSOCIATION, ANNUAL REPORT

The association is subject to examination and regulation by the commissioner The board of directors shall submit to the commissioner before May 1 each year, a financial report in a form approved by the commissioner and a report of its activities during the association's preceding fiscal year

History 1993 c 319 s 14

61B 30 TAX EXEMPTIONS

Subdivision 1 State fees and taxes The association is exempt from payment of all taxes imposed under chapter 297I and all fees and all other taxes levied by this state or its subdivisions, except taxes levied on real property

Subd 2 Federal and foreign state taxes The association may seek exemption from payment of all fees and taxes levied by the federal or any other state government or its subdivision

History 1993 c 319 s 15, 2000 c 394 art 2 s 12

61B 31 INDEMNIFICATION

The association has authority to indemnify certain persons against certain expenses and liabilities as provided in section 300 083, including the power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of these persons as provided by section 300 083, subdivision 7 In applying section 300 083 for this purpose, the term "member insurers" shall be substituted for the terms "shareholders" and "stockholders" and the term "association" shall be substituted for the term "corporation"

History 1993 c 319 s 16

61B 32 STAY OF PROCEEDINGS, REOPENING DEFAULT JUDGMENTS

All proceedings in which the insolvent insurer is a party in a court in this state must be stayed 60 days from the date an order of liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation is final to permit proper legal action by the association on matters germane to its powers or duties As to judgment under a decision, order, verdict, or finding based on default, the association may apply to have the judgment set aside by the same court that made the judgment and may defend against the suit on the merits

History 1993 c 319 s 17