CHAPTER 624 CRIMES, OTHER PROVISIONS

624.01 Repealed. 624.713 Certain persons not to have pistols or semiautomatic military-style assault 624.22 Fireworks displays; permit; operator weapons; penalty.

certification. 624.731 Tear gas and tear gas compounds; 624.712 Definitions. electronic incapacitation devices.

624.01 [Repealed, 1995 c 186 s 103]

624.03 [Repealed, 1995 c 186 s 103]

624.22 FIREWORKS DISPLAYS; PERMIT; OPERATOR CERTIFICATION.

Subdivision 1. General requirements; permit; investigation; fee. (a) Sections 624.20 to 624.25 shall not prohibit the supervised display of fireworks by a statutory or home rule charter city, fair association, amusement park, or other organization, except that:

- (1) a fireworks display may be conducted only when supervised by an operator certified by the state fire marshal; and
- (2) a fireworks display must either be given by a municipality or fair association within its own limits, or by any other organization, whether public or private, only after a permit for the display has first been secured.
- (b) Every application for such a permit shall be made in writing to the municipal clerk at least 15 days in advance of the date of the display and shall list the name of an operator who (1) is certified by the state fire marshal and (2) will supervise the display. The application shall be promptly referred to the chief of the fire department who shall make an investigation to determine whether the operator of the display is competent and is certified by the state fire marshal, and whether the display is of such a character and is to be so located, discharged, or fired that it will not be hazardous to property or endanger any person. The fire chief shall report the results of this investigation to the clerk. If the fire chief reports that the operator is certified, that in the chief's opinion the operator is competent, and that the fireworks display as planned will conform to the safety guidelines of the state fire marshal provided for in paragraph (e), the clerk shall issue a permit for the display when the applicant pays a permit fee.
- (c) When the supervised fireworks display for which a permit is sought is to be held outside the limits of an incorporated municipality, the application shall be made to the county auditor and the duties imposed by sections 624.20 to 624.25 upon the clerk of the municipality shall be performed in such case by the county auditor. The duties imposed on the fire chief of the municipality by sections 624.20 to 624.25 shall be performed in such case by the county sheriff.
- (d) After such permit shall have been granted, sales, possession, use and distribution of fireworks for such display shall be lawful for that purpose only. No permit so granted shall be transferable.
- (e) By January 1, 1996, the state fire marshal shall adopt and disseminate to political subdivisions reasonable guidelines on fireworks display safety, which are exempt from chapter 14, that are consistent with sections 624.20 to 624.25 and the most recent editions of the Minnesota Uniform Fire Code and the National Fire Protection Association Standards, to insure that fireworks displays are given safely. In the guidelines, the state fire marshal shall allow political subdivisions to exempt the use of relatively safe fireworks for theatrical special effects, ceremonial occasions, and other limited purposes, as determined by the state fire marshal.
- Subd. 2. Operator certification requirements. (a) An applicant to be a supervising operator of a fireworks display shall meet the requirements of this subdivision before the applicant is certified by the state fire marshal.
 - (b) An applicant must be at least 21 years old.
- (c) An applicant must have completed a written examination, administered or approved by the state fire marshal, and achieved a passing score of at least 70 percent. The state fire

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marshal must be satisfied that achieving a passing score on the examination satisfactorily demonstrates the applicant's knowledge of statutes, codes, and nationally recognized standards concerning safe practices for the discharge and display of fireworks.

- (d) An applicant shall apply in writing to the state fire marshal by completing and signing an application form provided by the state fire marshal.
- (e) An applicant shall submit evidence of experience, which must include active participation as an assistant or operator in the performance of at least five fireworks displays, at least one of which must have occurred in the current or preceding year.
- Subd. 3. Certification application; fee. An applicant shall submit a completed initial application form including references and evidence of experience and successful completion of the written examination. Applicants shall pay a certification fee of \$100 to the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety. The state fire marshal shall review the application and send to the applicant written confirmation or denial of certification within 30 days of receipt of the application. Certification is valid for a period of four years from the date of issuance.
- Subd. 4. Classification. When an applicant has met the requirements of subdivisions 2 and 3, the state fire marshal shall certify and classify the operator for supervising proximate audience displays, including indoor fireworks displays, for supervising traditional outdoor fireworks displays, or for supervising both types of displays, based on the operator's documented experience.
- Subd. 5. **Responsibilities of operator.** The operator is responsible for ensuring the fireworks display is organized and operated in accordance with the state fire marshal's guidelines described in subdivision 1.
- Subd. 6. **Reports.** (a) The certified operator shall submit a written report to the state fire marshal within ten days following a fireworks display conducted by the operator if any of the following occurred:
 - (1) an injury to any person resulting from the display of fireworks;
 - (2) a fire or damage to property resulting from the display of fireworks; or
 - (3) an unsafe or defective pyrotechnic product or equipment was used or observed.
- (b) The certified operator shall submit a written report to the state fire marshal within 30 days following any other fireworks displays supervised by the operator.
- (c) The state fire marshal may require other information from operators relating to fireworks displays.
- Subd. 7. Operator certification renewal. An applicant shall submit a completed renewal application form prepared and provided by the state fire marshal, which must include at least the dates, locations, and authorities issuing the permits for at least three fireworks displays participated in or supervised by the applicant and conducted during the past four years. An applicant shall pay a certification renewal fee of \$100 to the state fire marshal division of the department of public safety. The state fire marshal shall review the application and send to the applicant written confirmation or denial of certification renewal within 30 days of receipt of the application. Certification is valid for a period of four years from the date of issuance.
- Subd. 8. Suspension, revocation, or refusal to renew certification. The state fire marshal may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew certification of an operator if the operator has:
 - (1) submitted a fraudulent application;
- (2) caused or permitted a fire or safety hazard to exist or occur during the storage, transportation, handling, preparation, or use of fireworks;
- (3) conducted a display of fireworks without receipt of a permit required by the state or a political subdivision;
- (4) conducted a display of fireworks with assistants who were not at least 18 years of age, properly instructed, and continually supervised; or
- (5) otherwise failed to comply with any federal or state law or regulation, or the guidelines, relating to fireworks.
- Subd. 9. Database. The commissioner of public safety shall maintain a database of the information required under this section for purposes of (1) law enforcement, (2) investiga-

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tive inquiries made under subdivision 1, and (3) the accumulation and statistical analysis of information relative to fireworks displays.

History: 1995 c 226 art 4 s 23

624.712 DEFINITIONS.

[For text of subds 1 to 4, see M.S.1994]

Subd. 5. Crime of violence. "Crime of violence" includes murder in the first, second, and third degrees, manslaughter in the first and second degrees, aiding suicide, aiding attempted suicide, felony violations of assault in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees, assaults motivated by bias under section 609.2231, subdivision 4, terroristic threats, use of drugs to injure or to facilitate crime, crimes committed for the benefit of a gang, commission of a crime while wearing or possessing a bullet—resistant vest, simple robbery, aggravated robbery, kidnapping, false imprisonment, criminal sexual conduct in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees, theft of a firearm, arson in the first and second degrees, riot, burglary in the first, second, third, and fourth degrees, harassment and stalking, shooting at a public transit vehicle or facility, reckless use of a gun or dangerous weapon, intentionally pointing a gun at or towards a human being, setting a spring gun, and unlawfully owning, possessing, operating a machine gun or short—barreled shotgun, and an attempt to commit any of these offenses, as each of those offenses is defined in chapter 609. "Crime of violence" also includes felony violations of the following: malicious punishment of a child; neglect or endangerment of a child; and chapter 152.

[For text of subds 6 to 10, see M.S.1994]

History: 1995 c 226 art 2 s 32

624.713 CERTAIN PERSONS NOT TO HAVE PISTOLS OR SEMIAUTOMATIC MILITARY-STYLE ASSAULT WEAPONS; PENALTY.

Subdivision 1. Ineligible persons. The following persons shall not be entitled to possess a pistol or semiautomatic military—style assault weapon or, except for paragraph (a), any other firearm:

- (a) a person under the age of 18 years except that a person under 18 may carry or possess a pistol or semiautomatic military—style assault weapon (i) in the actual presence or under the direct supervision of the person's parent or guardian, (ii) for the purpose of military drill under the auspices of a legally recognized military organization and under competent supervision, (iii) for the purpose of instruction, competition, or target practice on a firing range approved by the chief of police or county sheriff in whose jurisdiction the range is located and under direct supervision; or (iv) if the person has successfully completed a course designed to teach marksmanship and safety with a pistol or semiautomatic military—style assault weapon and approved by the commissioner of natural resources;
- (b) except as otherwise provided in clause (i), a person who has been convicted of, or adjudicated delinquent or convicted as an extended jurisdiction juvenile for committing, in this state or elsewhere, a crime of violence unless ten years have elapsed since the person has been restored to civil rights or the sentence or disposition has expired, whichever occurs first, and during that time the person has not been convicted of or adjudicated for any other crime of violence. For purposes of this section, crime of violence includes crimes in other states or jurisdictions which would have been crimes of violence as herein defined if they had been committed in this state;
- (c) a person who is or has ever been confined in Minnesota or elsewhere as a "mentally ill," "mentally retarded," or "mentally ill and dangerous to the public" person as defined in section 253B.02, to a treatment facility, or who has ever been found incompetent to stand trial or not guilty by reason of mental illness, unless the person possesses a certificate of a medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed in Minnesota, or other satisfactory proof that the person is no longer suffering from this disability;
- (d) a person who has been convicted in Minnesota or elsewhere of a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor violation of chapter 152, or a person who is or has ever been hospitalized

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or committed for treatment for the habitual use of a controlled substance or marijuana, as defined in sections 152.01 and 152.02, unless the person possesses a certificate of a medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed in Minnesota, or other satisfactory proof, that the person has not abused a controlled substance or marijuana during the previous two years;

- (e) a person who has been confined or committed to a treatment facility in Minnesota or elsewhere as "chemically dependent" as defined in section 253B.02, unless the person has completed treatment. Property rights may not be abated but access may be restricted by the courts;
- (f) a peace officer who is informally admitted to a treatment facility pursuant to section 253B.04 for chemical dependency, unless the officer possesses a certificate from the head of the treatment facility discharging or provisionally discharging the officer from the treatment facility. Property rights may not be abated but access may be restricted by the courts;
- (g) a person, including a person under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, who has been charged with committing a crime of violence and has been placed in a pretrial diversion program by the court before disposition, until the person has completed the diversion program and the charge of committing the crime of violence has been dismissed;
- (h) except as otherwise provided in clause (i), a person who has been convicted in another state of committing an offense similar to the offense described in section 609.224, subdivision 3, against a family or household member or section 609.2242, subdivision 3, unless three years have elapsed since the date of conviction and, during that time, the person has not been convicted of any other violation of section 609.224, subdivision 3, or 609.2242, subdivision 3, or a similar law of another state:
- (i) a person who has been convicted in this state or elsewhere of assaulting a family or household member and who was found by the court to have used a firearm in any way during commission of the assault is prohibited from possessing any type of firearm for the period determined by the sentencing court; or
 - (j) a person who:
- (1) has been convicted in any court of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year;
- (2) is a fugitive from justice as a result of having fled from any state to avoid prosecution for a crime or to avoid giving testimony in any criminal proceeding;
 - (3) is an unlawful user of any controlled substance as defined in chapter 152;
- (4) has been judicially committed to a treatment facility in Minnesota or elsewhere as a "mentally ill," "mentally retarded," or "mentally ill and dangerous to the public" person as defined in section 253B.02;
 - (5) is an alien who is illegally or unlawfully in the United States;
- (6) has been discharged from the armed forces of the United States under dishonorable conditions; or
 - (7) has renounced the person's citizenship having been a citizen of the United States.

A person who issues a certificate pursuant to this subdivision in good faith is not liable for damages resulting or arising from the actions or misconduct with a firearm committed by the individual who is the subject of the certificate.

The prohibition in this subdivision relating to the possession of firearms other than pistols and semiautomatic military-style assault weapons does not apply retroactively to persons who are prohibited from possessing a pistol or semiautomatic military-style assault weapon under this subdivision before August 1, 1994.

[For text of subds 1a to 3, see M.S.1994]

History: 1995 c 259 art 3 s 21

624.731 TEAR GAS AND TEAR GAS COMPOUNDS; ELECTRONIC INCAPACITATION DEVICES.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section:

(a) "authorized tear gas compound" means a lachrymator or any substance composed of a mixture of a lachrymator including chloroacetophenone, alpha—chloroacetophenone; phe-

nylchloromethylketone, orthochlorobenzalmalononitrile or oleoresin capsicum, commonly known as tear gas; and

(b) "electronic incapacitation device" means a portable device which is designed or intended by the manufacturer to be used, offensively or defensively, to temporarily immobilize or incapacitate persons by means of electric pulse or current, including devices operating by means of carbon dioxide propellant. "Electronic incapacitation device" does not include cattle prods, electric fences, or other electric devices when used in agricultural, animal husbandry, or food production activities.

[For text of subds 2 to 7, see M.S. 1994]

- Subd. 8. Penalties. (a) The following violations of this section shall be considered a felony:
- (1) The possession or use of tear gas, a tear gas compound, an authorized tear gas compound, or an electronic incapacitation device by a person specified in subdivision 3, paragraph (b).
- (2) Knowingly selling or furnishing of tear gas, a tear gas compound, an authorized tear gas compound, or an electronic incapacitation device to a person specified in subdivision 3, paragraph (b).
- (3) The use of an electronic incapacitation device as prohibited in subdivision 4, paragraph (a).
- (4) The use of tear gas or a tear gas compound as prohibited in subdivision 4, paragraph (d).
- (b) The following violations of this section shall be considered a gross misdemeanor: (1) the prohibited use of tear gas, a tear gas compound, or an authorized tear gas compound as specified in subdivision 4, paragraph (a); (2) the use of an electronic incapacitation device except as allowed by subdivision 2 or 6.
 - (c) The following violations of this section shall be considered a misdemeanor:
- (1) The possession or use of tear gas, a tear gas compound, an authorized tear gas compound, or an electronic incapacitation device which fails to meet the requirements of subdivision 2 by any person except as allowed by subdivision 6.
- (2) The possession or use of an authorized tear gas compound or an electronic incapacitation device by a person specified in subdivision 3, paragraph (a) or (c).
- (3) The use of tear gas, a tear gas compound, or an authorized tear gas compound except as allowed by subdivision 2 or 6.
- (4) Knowingly selling or furnishing an authorized tear gas compound or an electronic incapacitation device to a person specified in subdivision 3, paragraph (a) or (c).
- (5) Selling or furnishing of tear gas or a tear gas compound other than an authorized tear gas compound to any person except as allowed by subdivision 6.
- (6) Selling or furnishing of an authorized tear gas compound or an electronic incapacitation device on premises where intoxicating liquor is sold on an on-sale or off-sale basis or where 3.2 percent malt liquor is sold on an on-sale basis.
- (7) Selling an authorized tear gas compound or an electronic incapacitation device in violation of local licensing requirements.

[For text of subds 9 and 10, see M.S.1994]

History: 1995 c 244 s 35,36