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### **CHAPTER 295**

# **COMPANIES SUBJECT TO GROSS EARNINGS TAXES**

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#### 295.50 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of sections 295.50 to 295.59, the following terms have the meanings given.

[For text of subds 2 and 2a, see M.S.1994]

- Subd. 3. **Gross revenues.** "Gross revenues" are total amounts received in money or otherwise by:
  - (1) a resident hospital for patient services;
  - (2) a resident surgical center for patient services;
- (3) a nonresident hospital for patient services provided to patients domiciled in Minnesota:
- (4) a nonresident surgical center for patient services provided to patients domiciled in Minnesota:
- (5) a resident health care provider, other than a staff model health carrier, for patient services:
- (6) a nonresident health care provider for patient services provided to an individual domiciled in Minnesota or patient services provided in Minnesota;
- (7) a wholesale drug distributor for sale or distribution of legend drugs that are delivered: (i) to a Minnesota resident by a wholesale drug distributor who is a nonresident pharmacy directly, by common carrier, or by mail; or (ii) in Minnesota by the wholesale drug distributor, by common carrier, or by mail, unless the legend drugs are delivered to another wholesale drug distributor who sells legend drugs exclusively at wholesale. Legend drugs do not include nutritional products as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 9505.0325;
- (8) a staff model health plan company as gross premiums for enrollees, copayments, deductibles, coinsurance, and fees for patient services covered under its contracts with groups and enrollees;
  - (9) a resident pharmacy for medical supplies, appliances, and equipment; and
- (10) a nonresident pharmacy for medical supplies, appliances, and equipment provided to consumers domiciled in Minnesota or delivered into Minnesota.

#### Subd. 4. Health care provider. (a) "Health care provider" means:

- (1) a person furnishing any or all of the following goods or services directly to a patient or consumer: medical, surgical, optical, visual, dental, hearing, nursing services, drugs, medical supplies, medical appliances, laboratory, diagnostic or therapeutic services, or any goods and services not listed above that qualify for reimbursement under the medical assistance program provided under chapter 256B. For purposes of this clause, "directly to a patient or consumer" includes goods and services provided in connection with independent medical examinations under section 65B.56 or other examinations for purposes of litigation or insurance claims;
  - (2) a staff model health plan company; or
  - (3) an ambulance service required to be licensed.
- (b) Health care provider does not include hospitals, nursing homes licensed under chapter 144A or licensed in any other jurisdiction, pharmacies, surgical centers, bus and taxicab transportation, or any other providers of transportation services other than ambulance ser-

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vices required to be licensed, supervised living facilities for persons with mental retardation or related conditions, licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 4665.0100 to 4665.9900, residential care homes licensed under chapter 144B, board and lodging establishments providing only custodial services that are licensed under chapter 157 and registered under section 157.031 to provide supportive services or health supervision services, adult foster homes as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 9555.5050, and boarding care homes, as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 4655.0100.

[For text of subds 6 to 9c, see M.S.1994]

Subd. 10a. **Pharmacy.** "Pharmacy" means a pharmacy required to be licensed under chapter 151, or a pharmacy required to be licensed by any other jurisdiction.

[For text of subds 10b to 15, see M.S.1994]

**History:** 1995 c 234 art 9 s 4–6; 1995 c 264 art 18 s 1,2

#### 295.53 EXEMPTIONS; SPECIAL RULES.

Subdivision 1. **Exemptions.** (a) The following payments are excluded from the gross revenues subject to the hospital, surgical center, or health care provider taxes under sections 295.50 to 295.57:

- (1) payments received for services provided under the Medicare program, including payments received from the government, and organizations governed by sections 1833 and 1876 of title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act, United States Code, title 42, section 1395, and enrollee deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments, whether paid by the Medicare enrollee or by a Medicare supplemental coverage as defined in section 62A.011, subdivision 3, clause (10). Payments for services not covered by Medicare are taxable;
- (2) medical assistance payments including payments received directly from the government or from a prepaid plan;
  - (3) payments received for home health care services;
- (4) payments received from hospitals or surgical centers for goods and services on which liability for tax is imposed under section 295.52 or the source of funds for the payment is exempt under clause (1), (2), (7), (8), or (10);
- (5) payments received from health care providers for goods and services on which liability for tax is imposed under this chapter or the source of funds for the payment is exempt under clause (1), (2), (7), (8), or (10);
- (6) amounts paid for legend drugs, other than nutritional products, to a wholesale drug distributor reduced by reimbursements received for legend drugs under clauses (1), (2), (7), and (8);
- (7) payments received under the general assistance medical care program including payments received directly from the government or from a prepaid plan;
- (8) payments received for providing services under the MinnesotaCare program including payments received directly from the government or from a prepaid plan and enrollee deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments. For purposes of this clause, coinsurance means the portion of payment that the enrollee is required to pay for the covered service;
- (9) payments received by a resident health care provider or the wholly owned subsidiary of a resident health care provider for care provided outside Minnesota to a patient who is not domiciled in Minnesota;
  - (10) payments received from the chemical dependency fund under chapter 254B;
- (11) payments received in the nature of charitable donations that are not designated for providing patient services to a specific individual or group;
- (12) payments received for providing patient services incurred through a formal program of health care research conducted in conformity with federal regulations governing research on human subjects. Payments received from patients or from other persons paying on behalf of the patients are subject to tax;
- (13) payments received from any governmental agency for services benefiting the public, not including payments made by the government in its capacity as an employer or insurer;

(14) payments received for services provided by community residential mental health facilities licensed under Minnesota Rules, parts 9520.0500 to 9520.0690, community support programs and family community support programs approved under Minnesota Rules

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- port programs and family community support programs approved under Minnesota Rules, parts 9535.1700 to 9535.1760, and community mental health centers as defined in section 245.62, subdivision 2:
  - (15) government payments received by a regional treatment center;
  - (16) payments received for hospice care services;
- (17) payments received by a resident health care provider or the wholly owned subsidiary of a resident health care provider for medical supplies, appliances and equipment delivered outside of Minnesota;
- (18) payments received by a post-secondary educational institution from student tuition, student activity fees, health care service fees, government appropriations, donations, or grants. Fee for service payments and payments for extended coverage are taxable; and
- (19) payments received for services provided by: assisted living programs and congregate housing programs.
- (b) Payments received by wholesale drug distributors for prescription drugs sold directly to veterinarians or veterinary bulk purchasing organizations are excluded from the gross revenues subject to the wholesale drug distributor tax under sections 295.50 to 295.59.
- Subd. 2. **Deductions for staff model health plan company.** In addition to the exemptions allowed under subdivision 1, a staff model health plan company may deduct from its gross revenues for the year:
- (1) amounts paid to hospitals, surgical centers, and health care providers that are not employees of the staff model health plan company for services on which liability for the tax is imposed under section 295.52;
- (2) net amounts added to reserves, to the extent that the amounts added do not cause total reserves to exceed 200 percent of the statutory net worth requirement, the calculation of which may be determined on a consolidated basis, taking into account the amounts held in reserve by affiliated staff model health plan companies;
  - (3) assessments for the comprehensive health insurance plan under section 62E.11; and
- (4) amounts spent for administration as reported as total administration to the department of health in the statement of revenues, expenses, and net worth pursuant to section 62D.08, subdivision 3, clause (a).
- Subd. 3. **Separate statement of tax.** A hospital, surgical center, pharmacy, or health care provider must not state the tax obligation under section 295.52 in a deceptive or misleading manner. It must not separately state tax obligations on bills provided to patients, consumers, or other payers when the amount received for the services or goods is not subject to tax.

Pharmacies that separately state the tax obligations on bills provided to consumers or to other payers who purchase legend drugs may state the tax obligation as two percent of the wholesale price of the legend drugs. Pharmacies must not state the tax obligation as two percent of the retail price.

Whenever the commissioner determines that a person has engaged in any act or practice constituting a violation of this subdivision, the commissioner may bring an action in the name of the state in the district court of the appropriate county to enjoin the act or practice and to enforce compliance with this subdivision, or the commissioner may refer the matter to the attorney general or the county attorney of the appropriate county. Upon a proper showing, a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or other appropriate relief must be granted.

- Subd. 4. **Deduction for research.** (a) In addition to the exemptions allowed under subdivision 1, a hospital or health care provider which is exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or is owned and operated under authority of a governmental unit, may deduct from its gross revenues subject to the hospital or health care provider taxes under sections 295.50 to 295.57 revenues equal to expenditures for allowable research programs.
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision, expenditures for allowable research programs are the direct and general program costs for activities which are part of a formal program of med-

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ical and health care research approved by the governing body of the hospital or health care provider which also includes active solicitation of research funds from government and private sources. Allowable research must:

- (1) have as its purpose the development of new knowledge in basic or applied science relating to the diagnosis and treatment of conditions affecting the human body;
- (2) be subject to review by individuals with expertise in the subject matter of the proposed study but who have no financial interest in the proposed study and are not involved in the conduct of the proposed study; and
- (3) be subject to review and supervision by an institutional review board operating in conformity with federal regulations if the research involves human subjects or an institutional animal care and use committee operating in conformity with federal regulations if the research involves animal subjects. Research expenses are not exempt if the study is a routine evaluation of health care methods or products used in a particular setting conducted for the purpose of making a management decision. Costs of clinical research activities paid directly for the benefit of an individual patient are excluded from this exemption. Basic research in fields including biochemistry, molecular biology, and physiology are also included if such programs are subject to a peer review process.
- (c) No deduction shall be allowed under this subdivision for any revenue received by the hospital or health care provider in the form of a grant, gift, or otherwise, whether from a government or nongovernment source, on which the tax liability under section 295.52 is not imposed or for which the tax liability under section 295.52 has been received from a third party as provided for in section 295.582.
- (d) Effective beginning with calendar year 1995, the taxpayer shall not take the deduction under this section into account in determining estimated tax payments or the payment made with the annual return under section 295.55. The total deduction allowable to all taxpayers under this section for calendar years beginning after December 31, 1994, may not exceed \$65,000,000. To implement this limit, each qualifying hospital and qualifying health care provider shall submit to the commissioner by March 15 its total expenditures qualifying for the deduction under this section for the previous calendar year. The commissioner shall sum the total expenditures of all taxpayers qualifying under this section for the calendar year. If the resulting amount exceeds \$65,000,000, the commissioner shall allocate a part of the \$65,000,000 deduction limit to each qualifying hospital and health care provider in proportion to its share of the total deductions. The commissioner shall pay a refund to each qualifying hospital or provider equal to its share of the deduction limit multiplied by two percent. The commissioner shall pay the refund no later than May 15 of the calendar year.
- Subd. 5. Exemptions for pharmacies. (a) Pharmacies may exclude from their gross revenues subject to tax payments for medical supplies, appliances, and devices that are exempt under subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), (4), (5), (7), (8), and (13).
- (b) Resident pharmacies may exclude from their gross revenues subject to tax payments received for medical supplies, appliances, and equipment delivered outside of Minnesota.

History: 1995 c 234 art 9 s 7-9; 1995 c 264 art 14 s 2; art 18 s 3,4

#### 295.55 PAYMENT OF TAX.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S.1994]

Subd. 4. Electronic funds transfer payments. A taxpayer with an aggregate tax liability of \$120,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30, must remit all liabilities by means of a funds transfer as defined in section 336.4A–104, paragraph (a), in the subsequent calendar year. The funds transfer payment date, as defined in section 336.4A–401, is on or before the date the tax is due. If the date the tax is due is not a funds—transfer business day, as defined in section 336.4A–105, paragraph (a), clause (4), the payment date is on or before the first funds—transfer business day after the date the tax is due.

[For text of subds 5 and 6, see M.S. 1994]

Subd. 7. Extensions for filing returns. If good cause exists, the commissioner may extend the time for filing MinnesotaCare tax returns for not more than 60 days.

**History:** 1995 c 234 art 9 s 10; 1995 c 264 art 18 s 5

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#### 295.56 TRANSFER OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE.

When a hospital or health care provider transfers, assigns, or sells accounts receivable to another person who is subject to tax under this chapter, liability for the tax on the accounts receivable is imposed on the transferee, assignee, or buyer of the accounts receivable. No liability for these accounts receivable is imposed on the transferor, assignor, or seller of the accounts receivable.

**History:** 1995 c 234 art 9 s 11

# 295.57 COLLECTION AND ENFORCEMENT; REFUNDS; RULEMAKING; APPLICATION OF OTHER CHAPTERS; ACCESS TO RECORDS; INTEREST ON OVERPAYMENTS.

Subdivision 1. **Application of other chapters.** Unless specifically provided otherwise by sections 295.50 to 295.59, the enforcement, interest, and penalty provisions under chapter 294, appeal provisions in sections 289A.43 and 289A.65, criminal penalties in section 289A.63, and refunds provisions in section 289A.50, and collection and rulemaking provisions under chapter 270, apply to a liability for the taxes imposed under sections 295.50 to 295.59.

- Subd. 2. Access to records. For purposes of administering the taxes imposed by sections 295.50 to 295.59, the commissioner may access patients' records that contain billing or other financial information without prior consent from the patients. The data collected is classified as private or nonpublic data.
- Subd. 3. Interest on overpayments. Interest must be paid on an overpayment refunded or credited to the taxpayer from the date of payment of the tax until the date the refund is paid or credited. For purposes of this subdivision, the date of payment is the due date of the return or the date of actual payment of the tax, whichever is later.

**History:** 1995 c 234 art 9 s 12; 1995 c 264 art 18 s 6

# 295.581 PROHIBITION ON NON-MINNESOTACARE TRANSFERS FROM FUND.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, and notwithstanding section 645.33, money in the health care access fund shall be appropriated only for purposes that are consistent with past and current MinnesotaCare appropriations in Laws 1992, chapter 549; Laws 1993, chapter 345; Laws 1994, chapter 625; and Laws 1995, chapter 234, or for initiatives that are part of the section 1115 of the Social Security Act health care reform waiver submitted to the federal health care financing administration by the commissioner of human services as appropriated in Laws 1995, chapter 234.

**History:** 1995 c 234 art 9 s 13

#### 295.582 **AUTHORITY.**

(a) A hospital, surgical center, pharmacy, or health care provider that is subject to a tax under section 295.52, or a pharmacy that has paid additional expense transferred under this section by a wholesale drug distributor, may transfer additional expense generated by section 295.52 obligations on to all third-party contracts for the purchase of health care services on behalf of a patient or consumer. The additional expense transferred to the third-party purchaser must not exceed two percent of the gross revenues received under the third-party contract, and two percent of copayments and deductibles paid by the individual patient or consumer. The expense must not be generated on revenues derived from payments that are excluded from the tax under section 295.53. All third-party purchasers of health care services including, but not limited to, third-party purchasers regulated under chapter 60A, 62A, 62C, 62D, 62H, 62N, 64B, 65A, 65B, 79, or 79A, or under section 471.61 or 471.617, must pay the transferred expense in addition to any payments due under existing contracts with the hospital, surgical center, pharmacy, or health care provider, to the extent allowed under federal law. A third-party purchaser of health care services includes, but is not limited to, a health carrier, integrated service network, or community integrated service network that pays for health care services on behalf of patients or that reimburses, indemnifies, compensates, or otherwise insures patients for health care services. A third-party purchaser shall comply

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with this section regardless of whether the third-party purchaser is a for-profit, not-for-profit, or nonprofit entity. A wholesale drug distributor may transfer additional expense generated by section 295.52 obligations to entities that purchase from the wholesaler, and the entities must pay the additional expense. Nothing in this section limits the ability of a hospital, surgical center, pharmacy, wholesale drug distributor, or health care provider to recover all or part of the section 295.52 obligation by other methods, including increasing fees or charges.

(b) Each third-party purchaser regulated under any chapter cited in paragraph (a) shall include with its annual renewal for certification of authority or licensure documentation indicating compliance with paragraph (a). If the commissioner responsible for regulating the third-party purchaser finds at any time that the third-party purchaser has not complied with paragraph (a), the commissioner may by order fine or censure the third-party purchaser or revoke or suspend the certificate of authority or license of the third-party purchaser to do business in this state. The third-party purchaser may appeal the commissioner's order through a contested case hearing in accordance with chapter 14.

**History:** 1995 c 234 art 9 s 14

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