## **CHAPTER 469**

## ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Appointment, qualifications and	469.176	Limitations.
tenure of commissioners.	469.1763	Restrictions on pooling; five-year
Powers, duties.		limit.
Liable in contract or tort.	469.177	Computation of tax increment.
Liable in contract or tort.	469.1771	Violations.
Rosemount; port authority.	469.179	Existing projects; effective dates of
St. Paul.		amendments.
Powers.	469.1831	Neighborhood revitalization programs;
Liable in contract or tort.		first class cities.
Issuance of bonds.	469.201	Definitions.
Powers.	469.203	Targeted neighborhood revitalization
Designation of enterprise zones.		and financing program requirements.
State tax reductions.	469.207	Annual audit and report.
Definitions.		-
	tenure of commissioners. Powers, duties. Liable in contract or tort. Liable in contract or tort. Rosemount; port authority. St. Paul. Powers. Liable in contract or tort. Issuance of bonds. Powers. Designation of enterprise zones. State tax reductions.	tenure of commissioners. 469.1763 Powers, duties. Liable in contract or tort. 469.177 Liable in contract or tort. 469.1771 Rosemount; port authority. 469.179 St. Paul. Powers. 469.1831 Liable in contract or tort. Issuance of bonds. 469.201 Powers. 469.203 Designation of enterprise zones. State tax reductions. 469.207

## **469.006** APPOINTMENT, QUALIFICATIONS AND TENURE OF COMMIS-SIONERS.

## [For text of subd 1, see M.S. 1990]

Subd. 2. Multicounty commissioners. The governing body in the case of a county, and the mayor with the approval of the governing body in the case of a city, of each political subdivision included in a multicounty authority shall appoint one person as a commissioner of the authority at or after the time of the adoption of the resolution establishing the authority.

In the case of a multicounty authority comprising only two or three political subdivisions, the appointing authorities of the participating political subdivisions shall each appoint one additional commissioner whose term of office shall be as provided for a commissioner of a multicounty authority.

In the case of a multicounty authority comprising more than three political subdivisions, the appointing authorities of the participating political subdivisions may each appoint one additional commissioner whose term of office shall be as provided for a commissioner of a multicounty authority.

When the area of operation of a multicounty authority is increased to include an additional political subdivision, the appointing authority of each additional political subdivision shall appoint one or, if appropriate, two commissioners of the multicounty authority.

The appointing authority of each political subdivision shall appoint the successors of the commissioner appointed by it. The commissioners of a multicounty authority shall be appointed for terms of five years except that all vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired terms.

[For text of subd 3, see M.S.1990]

History: 1991 c 33 s 1

### 469.012 POWERS, DUTIES.

[For text of subds 1 to 7, see M.S. 1990]

Subd. 8. Interest reduction program; limitations. In developing the interest reduction program authorized by subdivision 7 the authority shall consider:

(1) the availability and affordability of other governmental programs;

(2) the availability and affordability of private market financing; and

(3) the need for additional affordable mortgage credit to encourage the construction and enable the purchase of housing units within the jurisdiction of the authority.

### 469.012 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The authority shall adopt rules for the interest reduction program. Interest reduction assistance shall not be provided if the authority determines that financing for the purchase of a housing unit or for the construction or rehabilitation of housing units is otherwise available from private lenders upon terms and conditions that are affordable by the applicant, as provided by the authority in its rules.

For the purposes of this subdivision an "assisted housing unit" is a housing unit which is rented or to be rented and which is a part of a rental housing development where the financing for the rental housing development is assisted with interest reduction assistance provided by the authority during the calendar year. If interest reduction assistance is provided for construction period interest for a rental housing development, the housing units in the housing development shall be considered assisted housing units for a period after occupancy of the housing units which is equal to the period during which interest reduction assistance is provided to assist the construction financing of the rental housing development. In any calendar year when an authority provides interest reduction assistance for assisted housing units (1) at least 20 percent of the total assisted housing units within the jurisdiction of the authority shall be held available for rental to families or individuals with an adjusted gross income which is equal to or less than 80 percent of the median family income, and (2) at least an additional 55 percent of the total assisted housing units within the jurisdiction of the authority shall be held available for rental to individuals or families with an annual adjusted gross income which is equal to or less than 66 times 120 percent of the monthly fair market rent for the unit established by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. At least 80 percent of the aggregate dollar amount of funds appropriated by an authority within any calendar year to provide interest reduction assistance for financing of construction, rehabilitation, or purchase of single family housing, as that term is defined in section 462C.02, subdivision 4, shall be appropriated for housing units that are to be sold to or occupied by families or individuals with an adjusted gross income which is equal to or less than 110 percent of median family income. For the purposes of this subdivision, "median family income" means the median family income established by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for the nonmetropolitan county or the standard metropolitan statistical area, as the case may be. The adjusted gross income must be adjusted by the authority for family size. The limitations imposed upon assisted housing units by this subdivision do not apply to interest reduction assistance for a rental housing development located in a targeted area as defined in section 462C.02. An authority that establishes a program pursuant to this subdivision shall by January 2 each year report to the commissioner of trade and economic development a description of the program established and a description of the recipients of interest reduction assistance.

[For text of subds 9 to 12, see M.S.1990]

History: 1991 c 291 art 10 s 3

## 469.014 LIABLE IN CONTRACT OR TORT.

Subject to the provisions of chapter 466, an authority shall be liable in contract or in tort in the same manner as a private corporation. The commissioners of an authority shall not be personally liable as such on its contracts, or for torts not committed or directly authorized by them. The property or funds of an authority shall not be subject to attachment, or to levy and sale on execution, but, if an authority refuses to pay a judgment entered against it in any court of competent jurisdiction, the district court for the county in which the authority is situated may, by writ of mandamus, direct the treasurer of the authority to pay the judgment.

History: 1991 c 342 s 11

## 469.0521 LIABLE IN CONTRACT OR TORT.

Subject to the provisions of chapter 466, a port authority shall be liable in contract or in tort in the same manner as a private corporation. The commissioners of a port

#### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 469.0813**

authority shall not be personally liable as such on its contracts, or for torts, not committed or directly authorized by them. The property or funds of a port authority shall not be subject to attachment, or to levy and sale on execution, but, if a port authority refuses to pay a judgment entered against it in any court of competent jurisdiction, the district court for the county in which the port authority is situated may, by writ of mandamus, direct the treasurer of the authority to pay the judgment from any unencumbered funds available for that purpose.

History: 1991 c 342 s 12

### 469.0813 ROSEMOUNT; PORT AUTHORITY.

Subdivision 1. Establishment; powers. The city of Rosemount may, by adoption of an enabling resolution in compliance with the procedural requirements of subdivision 3, establish a port authority commission that, subject to the provisions of subdivision 2, has the same powers as a port authority established under section 469.049 or other law, and a housing and redevelopment authority established under sections 469.001 to 469.047 or other law, and shall constitute an "agency" that may administer one or more municipal development districts under section 469.110. If the city establishes a port authority commission under this section, the city shall exercise all the powers relating to a port authority granted to any city by sections 469.048 to 469.068 or other law, and all powers relating to a housing and redevelopment authority granted to any city by sections 469.001 to 469.047 or other law.

Subd. 2. Limitation of powers. (a) The enabling resolution may impose the following limitations upon the actions of the port authority:

(1) that the port authority shall not exercise any specified powers contained in sections 469.001 to 469.047 and 469.048 to 469.068 or that the port authority shall not exercise any powers without the prior approval of the city council;

(2) that, except when previously pledged by the port authority, the city council may, by resolution, require the port authority to transfer any portion of the reserves generated by activities of the port authority which the city council determines is not necessary for the successful operation of the port authority, to the city general fund, to be used for any general purpose of the city;

(3) that the sale of all bonds or obligations issued by the port authority be approved by the city council before issuance;

(4) that the port authority follow the budget process for city departments as provided by the city and as implemented by the city council and mayor;

(5) that all official actions of the port authority must be consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan of the city, and any official controls implementing the comprehensive plan;

(6) that the port authority submit to the city council for approval by resolution any proposed project as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 8;

(7) that the port authority submit all planned activities for influencing the action of any other governmental agency, subdivision, or body to the city council for approval;

(8) that the port authority submit its administrative structure and management practices to the city council for approval; and

(9) any other limitation or control established by the city council by the enabling resolution.

(b) The enabling resolution may be modified at any time, subject to clause (e), and provided that any modification is made in accordance with the procedural requirements of subdivision 3.

(c) Without limiting the right of the port authority to petition the city council at any time, each year, within 60 days of the anniversary date of the initial adoption of the enabling resolution, the port authority shall submit to the city council a report stating whether and how the enabling resolution should be modified. Within 30 days of receipt of the recommendation, the city council shall review the enabling resolution,

#### 469.0813 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

consider the recommendations of the port authority, and make any modifications it considers appropriate; provided that any modification shall be made in accordance with the procedural requirements of subdivision 3.

(d) A determination by the city council that the limitations imposed under this section have been complied with by the port authority shall be conclusive.

(e) Limitations imposed under this section must not be applied in a manner that impairs the security of any bonds issued or contracts executed prior to the imposition of the limitation. The city council shall not modify any limitations in effect at the time any bonds or obligations are issued or contracts executed to the detriment of the holder of the bonds or obligations or any contracting party.

Subd. 3. Procedural requirement. (a) The creation of a port authority by the city of Rosemount must be by written resolution known as the enabling resolution. Prior to adoption of the enabling resolution, the city council shall conduct a public hearing. Notice of the time and place of hearing, a statement of the purpose of the hearing, and a summary of the resolution must be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the city once a week for two consecutive weeks. The first publication must appear not more than 30 days from the date of the public hearing.

(b) All modifications to the enabling resolution must be by written resolution and must be adopted after notice is given and a public hearing conducted as required for the original adoption of the enabling resolution.

Subd. 4. Name. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the city may choose the name of the commission.

Subd. 5. Removal of commissioners for cause. A commissioner of the port authority may be removed by the city council for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or misconduct in office. A commissioner shall be removed only after a hearing. A copy of the charges must be given to the commissioner at least ten days before the hearing. The commissioner must be given an opportunity to be heard in person or by counsel at the hearing. When written charges have been submitted against a commissioner, the city council may temporarily suspend the commissioner. If the city council finds that those charges have not been substantiated, the commissioner shall be immediately reinstated. If a commissioner is removed, a record of the proceedings, together with the charges and findings, shall be filed in the office of the city clerk.

Subd. 6. Effective date. This section is effective for the city of Rosemount the day after compliance with section 645.021, subdivision 3, by the governing body of the city of Rosemount.

History: 1991 c 291 art 21 s 17

### 469.084 ST. PAUL.

### [For text of subds 1 to 14, see M.S.1990]

Subd. 15. Bid law exemption. If the port authority receives real property through termination of a revenue agreement, as defined in section 469.153, subdivision 10, or as the result of refinancing and contracts with a corporation to operate the property, the corporation may sell, purchase, or rent supplies, materials, or equipment, or construct, alter, expand, repair, or maintain the real property without regard to section 471.345.

History: 1991 c 98 s 1

### 469.101 POWERS.

#### [For text of subds 1 to 22, see M.S. 1990]

Subd. 23. Supplying small business capital. Notwithstanding any contrary law, the authority may participate with public or private corporations or other entities, whose purpose is to provide seed or venture capital to small businesses that have facilities located or to be located in the district. For that purpose the authority may use not more

#### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 469.155**

than .... percent of available annual net income or \$.... annually, whichever is less, to invest in equities or acquire equity-type investments. These investments can be made directly in eligible corporations or entities or acquired through participation in a public or private seed or venture capital fund. The participation by the authority may not exceed in any year 25 percent of the total amount of funds provided for venture or seed capital purposes by all of the participants. The corporation, entity, or fund shall report in writing each six months to the commissioners of the authority all investments and other action taken by it since the last report. Funds contributed to the corporation or entity must be invested pro rata with each contributor of capital taking proportional risks on each investment. As used in this subdivision, the term "small business" has the meaning given it in section 645.445, subdivision 2.

History: 1991 c 295 s 2

81

## 469.1081 LIABLE IN CONTRACT OR TORT.

Subject to the provisions of chapter 466, an authority shall be liable in contract or in tort in the same manner as a private corporation. The commissioners of an authority shall not be personally liable as such on its contracts, or for torts, not committed or directly authorized by them. The property or funds of an authority shall not be subject to attachment, or to levy and sale on execution, but, if an authority refuses to pay a judgment entered against it in any court of competent jurisdiction, the district court for the county in which the authority is situated may, by writ of mandamus, direct the treasurer of the authority to pay the judgment from any unencumbered funds available for that purpose.

History: 1991 c 342 s 13

## 469.129 ISSUANCE OF BONDS.

Subdivision 1. General obligation bonds. The governing body may authorize, issue, and sell general obligation bonds to finance the acquisition and betterment of real and personal property needed to carry out the development program within the development district together with all relocation costs incidental thereto. The bonds shall mature within 30 years from the date of issue and shall be issued in accordance with sections 475.51, 475.53, 475.54, 475.55, 475.56, 475.60, 475.61, 475.62, 475.63, 475.65, 475.66, 475.66, 475.69, and 475.70. All tax increments received by the city pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1978, section 472A.08, shall be pledged for the payment of these bonds and used to reduce or cancel the taxes otherwise required to be extended for that purpose. The bonds shall not be included when computing the city's net debt. Bonds shall not be issued under this paragraph subsequent to August 1, 1979.

[For text of subd 2, see M.S.1990]

History: 1991 c 199 art 2 s 27

### 469.155 POWERS.

### [For text of subds 1 to 11, see M.S.1990]

Subd. 12. **Refunding.** It may issue revenue bonds to refund, in whole or in part, bonds previously issued by the municipality or redevelopment agency under authority of sections 469.152 to 469.165, and interest on them. The municipality or redevelopment agency may issue revenue bonds to refund, in whole or in part, bonds previously issued by any other municipality or redevelopment agency on behalf of an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1990, under authority of sections 469.152 to 469.155, and interest on them, but only with the consent of the original issuer of such bonds. The municipality or redevelopment agency may issue and sell warrants which give to their holders the right to purchase refunding bonds issuable under this subdivision prior to a stipulated date. The warrants are not required to be sold at public sale and all or any agreed portion of the proceeds of the warrants may be paid to the contracting party under the

82

#### 469.155 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

revenue agreement required by subdivision 5 or to its designee under the conditions the municipality or redevelopment agency shall agree upon. Warrants shall not be issued which obligate a municipality or redevelopment agency to issue refunding bonds that are or will be subject to federal tax law as defined in section 474A.02, subdivision 8. The warrants may provide a stipulated exercise price or a price that depends on the tax exempt status of interest on the refunding bonds at the time of issuance. The average interest rate on refunding bonds issued upon the exercise of the warrants to refund fixed rate bonds shall not exceed the average interest rate on fixed rate bonds to be refunded. The municipality may appoint a bank or trust company to serve as agent for the warrant holders and enter into agreements deemed necessary or incidental to the issuance of the warrants.

[For text of subds 13 to 18, see M.S.1990]

History: 1991 c 342 s 14

## 469.167 DESIGNATION OF ENTERPRISE ZONES.

[For text of subd 1, see M.S. 1990]

Subd. 2. Duration. The designation of an area as an enterprise zone shall be effective for seven years after the date of designation, except that enterprise zones in border cities eligible to receive allocations for tax reductions under section 469.169, subdivisions 7 and 8, and under section 469.171, subdivision 6a or 6b, shall be effective until these allocations have been expended.

[For text of subd 3, see M.S.1990]

History: 1991 c 291 art 21 s 14

## 469.171 STATE TAX REDUCTIONS.

[For text of subds 1 to 6a, see M.S.1990]

Subd. 6b. Additional border city allocations. In addition to tax reduction authorized under section 469.169, subdivisions 7 and 8, and under subdivision 6a, the commissioner may allocate \$1,000,000 for tax reductions as provided in this section to enterprise zones designated under section 469.168, subdivision 4, paragraph (c), except for zones located in cities of the first class. The money shall be allocated among the zones on a per capita basis. Limits on the maximum allocation to a zone imposed by section 469.169, subdivision 7, do not apply to allocations made under this subdivision.

[For text of subds 7 to 11, see M.S. 1990]

History: 1991 c 291 art 21 s 15

## 469.174 DEFINITIONS.

[For text of subds 1 to 6, see M.S. 1990]

Subd. 7. Original net tax capacity. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), "original net tax capacity" means the tax capacity of all taxable real property within a tax increment financing district as certified by the commissioner of revenue for the previous assessment year, provided that the request by an authority for certification of a new tax increment financing district or for the expansion of an existing district has been made to the county auditor by June 30. The original tax capacity of districts for which requests are filed after June 30 has an original tax capacity based on the current assessment year. In any case, the original tax capacity must be determined together with subsequent adjustments as set forth in section 469.177, subdivisions 1 and 4. In determining the original net tax capacity the net tax capacity of real property exempt from taxation at the time of the request shall be zero, except for real property which

#### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 469.174**

is tax exempt by reason of public ownership by the requesting authority and which has been publicly owned for less than one year prior to the date of the request for certification, in which event the net tax capacity of the property shall be the net tax capacity as most recently determined by the commissioner of revenue.

(b) The original net tax capacity of any designated hazardous substance site or hazardous substance subdistrict shall be determined as of the date the authority certifies to the county auditor that the authority has entered a redevelopment or other agreement for the removal actions or remedial actions specified in a development response action plan, or otherwise provided funds to finance the development response action plan. The original net tax capacity equals (i) the net tax capacity of the parcel or parcels in the site or subdistrict, as most recently determined by the commissioner of revenue, less (ii) the estimated costs of the removal actions and remedial actions as specified in a development response action plan to be undertaken with respect to the parcel or parcels, (iii) but not less than zero.

(c) The original net tax capacity of a hazardous substance site or subdistrict shall be increased by the amount by which it was reduced pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (ii), upon certification by the municipality that the cost of the removal and remedial actions specified in the development response action plan, except for long-term monitoring and similar activities, have been paid or reimbursed.

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "real property" shall include any property normally taxable as personal property by reason of its location on or over publicly owned property.

## [For text of subds 8 and 9, see M.S.1990]

Subd. 10. **Redevelopment district.** (a) "Redevelopment district" means a type of tax increment financing district consisting of a project, or portions of a project, within which the authority finds by resolution that one of the following conditions, reasonably distributed throughout the district, exists:

(1) parcels consisting of 70 percent of the area of the district are occupied by buildings, streets, utilities, or other improvements and more than 50 percent of the buildings, not including outbuildings, are structurally substandard to a degree requiring substantial renovation or clearance; or

(2) the property consists of vacant, unused, underused, inappropriately used, or infrequently used railyards, rail storage facilities, or excessive or vacated railroad rights-of-way.

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "structurally substandard" shall mean containing defects in structural elements or a combination of deficiencies in essential utilities and facilities, light and ventilation, fire protection including adequate egress, layout and condition of interior partitions, or similar factors, which defects or deficiencies are of sufficient total significance to justify substantial renovation or clearance.

A building is not structurally substandard if it is in compliance with the building code applicable to new buildings or could be modified to satisfy the building code at a cost of less than 15 percent of the cost of constructing a new structure of the same square footage and type on the site. The municipality may find that a building is not disqualified as structurally substandard under the preceding sentence on the basis of reasonably available evidence, such as the size, type, and age of the building, the average cost of plumbing, electrical, or structural repairs, or other similar reliable evidence. If the evidence supports a reasonable conclusion that the building is not disqualified as structurally substandard, the municipality may make such a determination without an interior inspection or an independent, expert appraisal of the cost of repair and rehabilitation of the building.

A parcel is deemed to be occupied by a structurally substandard building for purposes of the finding under paragraph (a) if all of the following conditions are met:

(1) the parcel was occupied by a substandard building within three years of the filing of the request for certification of the parcel as part of the district with the county auditor;

83

### 469.174 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

(2) the substandard building was demolished or removed by the authority or the demolition or removal was financed by the authority or was done by a developer under a development agreement with the authority:

(3) the authority found by resolution before the demolition or removal that the parcel was occupied by a structurally substandard building and that after demolition and clearance the authority intended to include the parcel within a district; and

(4) upon filing the request for certification of the tax capacity of the parcel as part of a district, the authority notifies the county auditor that the original tax capacity of the parcel must be adjusted as provided by section 469.177, subdivision 1, paragraph (h).

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, a parcel is not occupied by buildings, streets, utilities, or other improvements unless 15 percent of the area of the parcel contains improvements.

(d) For districts consisting of two or more noncontiguous areas, each area must qualify as a redevelopment district under paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), to be included in the district, and the entire area of the district must satisfy paragraph (a).

[For text of subds 10a to 21, see M.S.1990]

History: 1991 c 291 art 10 s 4.5

### **469.176 LIMITATIONS.**

Subdivision 1. Duration of tax increment financing districts. (a) Subject to the limitations contained in paragraphs (b) to (g), any tax increment financing district as to which bonds are outstanding, payment for which the tax increment and other revenues have been pledged, shall remain in existence at least as long as the bonds continue to be outstanding. The municipality may, at the time of approval of the initial tax increment financing plan, provide for a shorter maximum duration limit than specified in paragraphs (b) to (g). The specified limit applies in place of the otherwise applicable limit.

(b) The tax increment pledged to the payment of the bonds and interest thereon may be discharged and the tax increment financing district may be terminated if sufficient funds have been irrevocably deposited in the debt service fund or other escrow account held in trust for all outstanding bonds to provide for the payment of the bonds at maturity or date of redemption and interest thereon to the maturity or redemption date.

(c) For bonds issued pursuant to section 469.178, subdivisions 2 and 3, the full faith and credit and any taxing powers of the municipality or authority shall continue to be pledged to the payment of the bonds until the principal of and interest on the bonds has been paid in full.

(d) No tax increment shall be paid to an authority for a tax increment financing district after three years from the date of certification of the original net tax capacity of the taxable real property in the district by the county auditor, unless within the threeyear period (1) bonds have been issued in aid of the project containing the district pursuant to section 469.178, or any other law, except revenue bonds issued pursuant to sections 469.152 to 469.165, or (2) the authority has acquired property within the district, or (3) the authority has constructed or caused to be constructed public improvements within the district.

(e) No tax increment shall in any event be paid to the authority (1) after 25 years from date of receipt by the authority of the first tax increment for a mined underground space development district, redevelopment district, or housing district, (2) after 15 years after receipt by the authority of the first increment for a renewal and renovation district, (3) after 12 years from approval of the tax increment financing plan for a soils condition district, and (4) after eight years from the date of the receipt, or ten years from approval of the tax increment financing plan, whichever is less, for an economic development district.

#### ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 469.1763

For tax increment financing districts created prior to August 1, 1979, no tax increment shall be paid to the authority after April 1, 2001, or the term of a nondefeased bond or obligation outstanding on April 1, 1990, secured by increments from the district or project area, whichever time is greater, provided that in no case will a tax increment be paid to an authority after August 1, 2009, from such a district. If a district's termination date is extended beyond April 1, 2001, because bonds were outstanding on April 1, 1990, with maturities extending beyond April 1, 2001, the following restrictions apply. No increment collected from the district may be expended after April 1, 2001, except to pay or defease (i) bonds issued before April 1, 1990, or (ii) bonds issued to refund the principal of the outstanding bonds and pay associated issuance costs, provided the average maturity of the refunding bonds does not exceed the bonds refunded.

(f) Modification of a tax increment financing plan pursuant to section 469.175, subdivision 4, shall not extend the durational limitations of this subdivision.

(g) If a parcel of a district is part of a designated hazardous substance site or a hazardous substance subdistrict, tax increment may be paid to the authority from the parcel for longer than the period otherwise provided by this subdivision. The extended period for collection of tax increment begins on the date of receipt of the first tax increment from the parcel that is more than any tax increment received from the parcel before the date of the certification under section 469.174, subdivision 7, paragraph (b), and received after the date of certification to the county auditor described in section 469.174, subdivision 7, paragraph (b). The extended period for collection of tax increment is the lesser of: (1) 25 years from the date of commencement of the extended period; or (2) the period necessary to recover the costs of removal actions or remedial actions specified in a development response action plan.

(h) If a parcel located in the district has delinquent property taxes when the district terminates under the duration limits under this subdivision, the payment of the parcel's delinquent taxes made after decertification of the district are tax increments to the extent the nonpayment of property taxes caused the outstanding bonds or contractual obligations pledged to be paid by the district to be paid by sources other than tax increments or to go unpaid. The county auditor shall pay the appropriate amount to the district. The authority shall provide the county auditor with information regarding the payment of outstanding bonds or contractual obligations and any other information necessary to administer the payment, as requested by the county auditor.

[For text of subds 2 to 7, see M.S.1990]

History: 1991 c 291 art 10 s 6

## 469.1763 RESTRICTIONS ON POOLING; FIVE-YEAR LIMIT.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "Activities" means acquisition of property, clearing of land, site preparation, soils correction, removal of hazardous waste or pollution, installation of utilities, construction of public or private improvements, and other similar activities, but only to the extent that tax increment revenues may be spent for such purposes under other law.

(c) "Third party" means an entity other than (1) the person receiving the benefit of assistance financed with tax increments, or (2) the municipality or the development authority or other person substantially under the control of the municipality.

Subd. 2. Expenditures outside district. (a) For each tax increment financing district, an amount equal to at least 75 percent of the revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district must be expended on activities in the district or to pay bonds, to the extent that the proceeds of the bonds were used to finance activities in the district or to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. Not more than 25 percent of the revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district may be expended, through a development fund or otherwise, on activities outside of the district but within the defined geographic area of the project except to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. The reve

85

### 469.1763 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

nue derived from tax increments for the district that are expended on costs under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, paragraph (b), may be deducted first before calculating the percentages that must be expended within and without the district.

(b) In the case of a housing district, a housing project, as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 11, is an activity in the district.

(c) All administrative expenses are for activities outside of the district.

Subd. 3. Five-year rule. (a) Revenues derived from tax increments are considered to have been expended on an activity within the district under subdivision 2 only if one of the following occurs:

(1) before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are actually paid to a third party with respect to the activity;

(2) bonds, the proceeds of which must be used to finance the activity, are issued and sold to a third party before or within five years after certification, the revenues are spent to repay the bonds, and the proceeds of the bonds either are, on the date of issuance, reasonably expected to be spent before the end of the later of (i) the five-year period, or (ii) a reasonable temporary period within the meaning of the use of that term under section 148(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, or are deposited in a reasonably required reserve or replacement fund;

(3) binding contracts with a third party are entered into for performance of the activity before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent under the contractual obligation; or

(4) costs with respect to the activity are paid before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent to reimburse a party for payment of the costs, including interest on unreimbursed costs.

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, bonds include subsequent refunding bonds if the original refunded bonds meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2).

Subd. 4. Use of revenues for decertification. (a) Beginning with the sixth year following certification of the district, 75 percent of the revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district that remain after the expenditures permitted under subdivision 3 must be used only to pay:

(1) outstanding bonds, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a), clause (2), and (b);

(2) contracts, as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4); or

(3) credit enhanced bonds to which the revenues derived from tax increments are pledged, but only to the extent that revenues of the district for which the credit enhanced bonds were issued are insufficient to pay the bonds and to the extent that the increments from the unrestricted 25 percent share are insufficient.

(b) When the outstanding bonds have been defeased and when sufficient money has been set aside to pay contractual obligations as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), the district must be decertified and the pledge of tax increment discharged.

Subd. 5. Credit enhanced bonds. Except as otherwise provided in this section, revenues derived from tax increments may be used to pay debt service on credit enhanced bonds issued to finance activities outside of the district from which the revenues are derived, regardless of when the district is created. For purposes of this subdivision, "district" includes a district or a project area for which certification to collect increments was requested before August 1, 1979.

History: 1991 c 291 art 10 s 7-11

## 469.177 COMPUTATION OF TAX INCREMENT.

Subdivision 1. Original net tax capacity. (a) Upon or after adoption of a tax increment financing plan, the auditor of any county in which the district is situated shall, upon request of the authority, certify the original net tax capacity of the tax increment financing district as described in the tax increment financing plan and shall certify in

#### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 469.177**

each year thereafter the amount by which the original net tax capacity has increased or decreased as a result of a change in tax exempt status of property within the district, reduction or enlargement of the district or changes pursuant to subdivision 4.

(b) In the case of a mined underground space development district the county auditor shall certify the original net tax capacity as zero, plus the net tax capacity, if any, previously assigned to any subsurface area included in the mined underground space development district pursuant to section 272.04.

(c) For districts approved under section 469.175, subdivision 3, or parcels added to existing districts after May 1, 1988, if the classification under section 273.13 of property located in a district changes to a classification that has a different assessment ratio, the original net tax capacity of that property must be redetermined at the time when its use is changed as if the property had originally been classified in the same class in which it is classified after its use is changed.

(d) The amount to be added to the original net tax capacity of the district as a result of previously tax exempt real property within the district becoming taxable equals the net tax capacity of the real property as most recently assessed pursuant to section 273.18 or, if that assessment was made more than one year prior to the date of title transfer rendering the property taxable, the net tax capacity assessed by the assessor at the time of the transfer. If substantial taxable improvements were made to a parcel after certification of the district and if the property later becomes tax exempt, in whole or part, as a result of the authority acquiring the property through foreclosure or exercise of remedies under a lease or other revenue agreement, the amount to be added to the original net tax capacity of the district as a result of the property again becoming taxable is the amount of the parcel's value that was included in original net tax capacity when the parcel was first certified. The amount to be added to the original net tax capacity of the district as a result of enlargements equals the net tax capacity of the added real property as most recently certified by the commissioner of revenue as of the date of modification of the tax increment financing plan pursuant to section 469.175, subdivision 4.

(e) For districts approved under section 469.175, subdivision 3, or parcels added to existing districts after May 1, 1988, if the net tax capacity of a property increases because the property no longer qualifies under the Minnesota agricultural property tax law, section 273.111; the Minnesota open space property tax law, section 273.112; or the metropolitan agricultural preserves act, chapter 473H, or because platted, unimproved property is improved or three years pass after approval of the plat under section 273.11, subdivision 1, the increase in net tax capacity must be added to the original net tax capacity.

(f) Each year the auditor shall also add to the original net tax capacity of each economic development district an amount equal to the original net tax capacity for the preceding year multiplied by the average percentage increase in the market value of all property included in the economic development district during the five years prior to certification of the district.

(g) The amount to be subtracted from the original net tax capacity of the district as a result of previously taxable real property within the district becoming tax exempt, or a reduction in the geographic area of the district, shall be the amount of original net tax capacity initially attributed to the property becoming tax exempt or being removed from the district. If the net tax capacity of property located within the tax increment financing district is reduced by reason of a court-ordered abatement, stipulation agreement, voluntary abatement made by the assessor or auditor or by order of the commissioner of revenue, the reduction shall be applied to the original net tax capacity of the district when the property upon which the abatement is made has not been improved since the date of certification of the district and to the captured net tax capacity of the district in each year thereafter when the abatement relates to improvements made after the date of certification. The county auditor may specify reasonable form and content of the request for certification of the authority and any modification thereof pursuant to section 469.175, subdivision 4.

87

### 469.177 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

(h) If a parcel of property contained a substandard building that was demolished or removed and if the authority elects to treat the parcel as occupied by a substandard building under section 469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph (b), the auditor shall certify the original net tax capacity of the parcel using the greater of (1) the current net tax capacity of the parcel, or (2) the estimated market value of the parcel for the year in which the building was demolished or removed, but applying the class rates for the current year.

## [For text of subds 1a to 7, see M.S.1990]

Subd. 8. Assessment agreements. An authority may enter into a written assessment agreement with any person establishing a minimum market value of land. existing improvements, or improvements to be constructed in a district, if the property is owned or will be owned by the person. The minimum market value established by an assessment agreement may be fixed, or increase or decrease in later years from the initial minimum market value. An assessment agreement terminates on the earliest of the date on which conditions in the assessment agreement for termination are satisfied, the termination date specified in the agreement, or the date when tax increment is no longer paid to the authority under section 469.176, subdivision 1. The assessment agreement shall be presented to the county assessor, or city assessor having the powers of the county assessor, of the jurisdiction in which the tax increment financing district and the property that is the subject of the agreement is located. The assessor shall review the plans and specifications for the improvements to be constructed, review the market value previously assigned to the land upon which the improvements are to be constructed and, so long as the minimum market value contained in the assessment agreement appears, in the judgment of the assessor, to be a reasonable estimate, shall execute the following certification upon the agreement:

The undersigned assessor, being legally responsible for the assessment of the above described property, certifies that the market values assigned to the land and improvements are reasonable.

The assessment agreement shall be filed for record and recorded in the office of the county recorder or the registrar of titles of each county where the real estate or any part thereof is situated. The assessor shall value the property under section 273.11, except that the market value assigned shall not be less than the minimum market value established by the assessment agreement. The assessor may assign a market value to the property in excess of the minimum market value established by the assessment agreement. The owner of the property may seek, through the exercise of administrative and legal remedies, a reduction in market value for property tax purposes, but no city assessor, county assessor, county auditor, board of review, board of equalization, commissioner of revenue, or court of this state shall grant a reduction of the market value below the minimum market value established by the assessment agreement during the term of the agreement filed of record regardless of actual market values which may result from incomplete construction of improvements, destruction, or diminution by any cause, insured or uninsured, except in the case of acquisition or reacquisition of the property by a public entity. Recording an assessment agreement constitutes notice of the agreement to anyone who acquires any interest in the land or improvements that is subject to the assessment agreement, and the agreement is binding upon them.

[For text of subds 9 and 10, see M.S. 1990]

History: 1991 c 291 art 10 s 12,13

## 469.1771 VIOLATIONS.

## [For text of subd 1, see M.S. 1990]

Subd. 2. Collection of increment. If an authority includes or retains a parcel of property in a tax increment financing district that does not qualify for inclusion or

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#### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 469.1831**

retention within the district, the authority must pay to the county auditor an amount of money equal to the increment collected from the property for the year or years. The property must be eliminated from the original and captured tax capacity of the district effective for the current property tax assessment year. This subdivision does not apply to a failure to decertify a district at the end of the duration limit specified in the tax increment financing plan.

## [For text of subd 3, see M.S. 1990]

Subd. 4. Limitations. (a) If the increments are pledged to repay bonds that were issued before the lawsuit was filed under this section, the damages under this section may not exceed the greater of (1) ten percent of the expenditures or revenues derived from increment, or (2) the amount of available revenues after paying debt services due on the bonds.

(b) The court may abate all or part of the amount if it determines the action was taken in good faith and would work an undue hardship on the municipality.

[For text of subds 5 and 6, see M.S. 1990]

History: 1991 c 291 art 10 s 14,15

## 469.179 EXISTING PROJECTS; EFFECTIVE DATES OF AMENDMENTS.

[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S.1990]

Subd. 3. Act amendments; effective date presumptions. (a) This subdivision establishes presumptions as to the effective dates of acts amending sections 469.174 to 469.178. These rules supplement the rules under section 645.02. The rules in paragraphs (b) and (c) apply unless the act specifies a different intent as to the time of its application.

(b) If the act is effective on a date either specified by the act itself or under section 645.02, the act is effective for districts for which requests for certification are made after the specified date.

(c) If the act is effective for districts for which requests for certification are made after a specified date either under paragraph (b) or the terms of the act, the following rules apply:

(1) in the case of a district where the first request for certification is made after the specified date, the act applies in full and to the entire area of the district; and

(2) in the case of a district where the first request for certification was made on or before the specified date, the act applies only to the area of the district added by tax increment financing plan amendments for which certification is requested after the specified date.

History: 1991 c 291 art 10 s 16

# **469.1831** NEIGHBORHOOD REVITALIZATION PROGRAMS; FIRST CLASS CITIES.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S.1990]

Subd. 4. **Program money; distribution and restrictions.** (a) Neighborhood revitalization program money may only be expended in accordance with the program for a purpose listed in subdivision 3 or this subdivision. Program money may not be used in those project areas of the city where the city determines that private investment will be sufficient to provide for development and redevelopment of the project area without public sector assistance, except in cases where program money is being used to remove or rehabilitate structurally substandard or obsolete buildings. Revenues derived from tax increments may only be expended for the purposes otherwise permitted by law, except that notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the city must pay at least the following amount of program money, including revenues derived from tax increments: (1)

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89

### 469.1831 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

15 percent to the school district, (2) 7.5 percent to the county, and (3) 7.5 percent for social services. Payment must be made to the county and school district within 15 days after the city receives the distribution of increment revenues, provided that the payment for calendar year 1990 may be made at any time during the year. Payment to the county for social services delivery shall be paid only after approval of program and spending plans under paragraph (b). Payment to the school district for education programs and services shall be paid only after approval of program and spending plans under paragraph (b).

(b) The money distributed to the county in a calendar year must be deducted from the county's levy limit for the following calendar year. In calculating the county's levy limit base for later years, the amount deducted must be treated as a local government aid payment.

The city must notify the commissioner of education of the amount of the payment made to the school district for the year. The commissioner shall deduct from the school district's state education aid payments one-half of the amount received by the school district.

The program money paid to the school district must be expended for additional education programs and services in accordance with the program. The amounts expended by the school district may not replace existing services.

The money for social services must be paid to the county for the cost of the provision of social services under the plan, as approved by the policy board and the county board.

(c) The city must expend on housing programs and related purposes as provided by the program at least 75 percent of the program money, after deducting the payments to the school district and county.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, for a city of the first class qualifying under section 469.1781, paragraph (a), program money may be expended anywhere within the city by the authority for a purpose permitted by this section for any political subdivision.

## [For text of subd 5, see M.S. 1990]

Subd. 6. Citizen participation required. (a) The neighborhood revitalization program must be developed with the process outlined in this subdivision.

(b) The development of the program must include the preparation of neighborhood action plans. The city must organize neighborhood planning workshops to prepare the neighborhood action plans. The neighborhood workshops must include the participation of, whenever possible, all populations and interests in each neighborhood including renters, homeowners, people of color, business owners, representatives of neighborhood institutions, youth, and the elderly. The neighborhood action plan must be submitted to the policy board established under paragraph (c). The city must provide available resources, information, and technical assistance to prepare the neighborhood action plans.

(c) Each city that develops a program must establish a policy board whose membership includes members of the city council, county board, school board, and citywide library and park board where they exist appointed by the respective governing bodies; the mayor or designee of the mayor; and a representative from the city's house of representatives delegation and a representative from the city's state senate delegation appointed by the respective delegation. The policy board may also include representatives of citywide community organizations, neighborhood organizations, business owners, labor, and neighborhood residents. The elected officials and appointed members of the library board who are members of the policy board may appoint the other members of the board.

(d) The policy board shall review, modify where appropriate, and approve, in whole or in part, the neighborhood action plans and forward its recommendations for final action to the governing bodies represented on the policy board. The governing

#### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 469.203**

bodies shall review, modify where appropriate, and give final approval, in whole or in part, to those actions over which they have programmatic jurisdiction.

(e) Except for the legislative appointees, each of the governmental units and groups named in paragraph (c) may, by resolution or agreement of its governing body, become a member of the policy board. The nongovernmental organizations and persons named in paragraph (c) shall provide members of the policy board upon invitation by the governmental members of the policy board. The member to represent a nongovernmental organization shall be a member of the policy board only upon resolution or agreement of the governing body of the member's organization. Upon the resolution or agreement of two or more governmental bodies or governmental boards, the policy board shall be a joint powers board under section 471.59, except that no power may be exercised under section 471.59, subdivision 11. The policy board may:

(1) sue and be sued. All defenses and limitations available to municipalities under chapter 466 and other laws, shall apply to the policy board, its members, director, and other staff members;

(2) hire, retain, discipline, and terminate a director to direct its activities and accomplish its program. The director may hire necessary staff subject to authorization by the board;

(3) enter into contracts, leases, purchases, or other documents evidencing its undertakings. No contract, lease, or purchase or other document may be entered into unless funds have been appropriated or otherwise made available to the policy board;

(4) adopt bylaws for its own governance;

(5) enter into agreements with governmental units and governing boards, and nongovernmental organizations represented on the policy board for services required to fulfill the policy boards' purposes;

(6) accept gifts, donations, and appropriations from governmental or nongovernmental sources and apply for grants from them;

(7) review activities to determine whether the expenditure of program money and other money is in compliance with the neighborhood plans adopted by the policy board and approved by the governing bodies having jurisdiction over the program, and report its findings prior to October 1 of each year to all of the governmental units, agencies, and nongovernmental organizations represented on the policy board; and

(8) prepare annually an administrative budget for the ensuing year, estimating its expenditures and estimated revenues, and forward its proposed budget to the governmental units and agencies and nongovernmental organizations for appropriate action.

[For text of subd 7, see M.S. 1990]

History: 1991 c 59 s 1; 1991 c 291 art 10 s 17

## 469.201 DEFINITIONS.

## [For text of subd 1, see M.S. 1990]

Subd. 2. City. "City" means a city of the first class as defined in section 410.01 and a city of the second class that is designated as an economically depressed area by the United States Department of Commerce. For each city, a port authority, housing and redevelopment authority, or other agency or instrumentality, the jurisdiction of which is the territory of the city, is included within the meaning of city.

[For text of subds 3 to 12, see M.S. 1990]

History: 1991 c 345 art 1 s 93

## 469.203 TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD REVITALIZATION AND FINANC-ING PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S. 1990]

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91

#### 469.203 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Subd. 4. City approval of program. (a) Before adoption of a revitalization program under paragraph (b), the city must submit a preliminary program to the commissioner, the commissioner of trade and economic development, and the Minnesota housing finance agency for their comments. The city may not adopt the revitalization program until comments have been received from the state agencies or 30 days have elapsed without response after the program was sent to them. Comments received by the city from the state agencies within the 30-day period must be responded to in writing by the city before adoption of the program by the city.

(b) The city may adopt a revitalization program only after holding a public hearing after the program has been prepared. Notice of the hearing must be provided in a news-paper of general circulation in the city and in the most widely circulated community newspaper in the targeted neighborhoods not less than ten days nor more than 30 days before the date of the hearing.

(c) A certification by the city that a revitalization program has been approved by the city council for the targeted neighborhood must be provided to the commissioner together with a copy of the program. A copy of the program must also be provided to the Minnesota housing finance agency and the commissioner of trade and economic development.

(d) A revitalization program for the city may be modified at any time by the city council after a public hearing, notice of which is published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city and in the targeted neighborhood at least ten days nor more than 30 days before the date of the hearing. If the city council determines that the proposed modification is a significant modification to the program originally certified under paragraph (c), the city council shall implement the revitalization program approval and certification process of this subdivision for the proposed modification.

History: 1991 c 345 art 2 s 60

### 469.207 ANNUAL AUDIT AND REPORT.

Subdivision 1. Annual financial audit. In 1989 and subsequent years, at the end of each calendar year, the legislative auditor shall conduct a financial audit to review the spending of state money under sections 469.201 to 469.207. Before spending state money to implement a revitalization program, the city must consult with the legislative auditor to determine appropriate accounting methods and principles that will assist the legislative auditor in conducting its financial audit. The results of the financial audit must be submitted to the legislative audit commission, the commissioner, and the Minnesota housing finance agency.

Subd. 2. Annual report. A city that begins to implement a revitalization program in a calendar year must, by March 1 of the succeeding calendar year, provide a detailed report on the revitalization program or programs being implemented in the city. The report must describe the status of the program implementation and analyze whether the intended outcomes identified in section 469.203, subdivision 1, clause (4), are being achieved. The report must include at least the following:

(1) the number of housing units, including lost units, removed, created, lost, replaced, relocated, and assisted as a result of the program. The level of rent of the units and the income of the households affected must be included in the report;

(2) the number and type of commercial establishments removed, created, and assisted as a result of a revitalization program. The report must include information regarding the number of new jobs created by category, whether the jobs are full-time or part-time, and the salary or wage levels of both new and expanded jobs in the affected commercial establishments;

(3) a description of a statement of the cost of the public improvement projects that are part of the program and the number of jobs created for each \$20,000 of money spent on commercial projects and applicable public improvement projects;

(4) the increase in the tax capacity for the city as a result of the assistance to commercial and housing assistance; and

#### **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 469.207**

(5) the amount of private investment that is a result of the use of public money in a targeted neighborhood.

The report must be submitted to the commissioner, the Minnesota housing finance agency, and the legislative audit commission, and must be available to the public.

History: 1991 c 345 art 2 s 61,62

93