

CHAPTER 394

BUILDING COMMISSIONS; PLANNING
DEVELOPMENT, ZONING

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BUILDING COMMISSION

394.01 HOW CONSTITUTED; OFFICERS.

In all counties in this state now having or which may hereafter have a population of over 100,000 and in which the building used for courthouse purposes is not owned jointly or in common with any city for city hall purposes, there shall be and hereby is created a commission to be known and designated as the county building commission, which shall be constituted as follows: The chairman of the board of county commissioners, the auditor of the county, and the treasurer of the county. The chairman of the board of county commissioners shall be president of the commission, the county auditor shall be secretary of the commission, and the county treasurer shall be the treasurer of the commission. The secretary shall keep all of the records and accounts of the commission, and the treasurer shall keep a correct account of its receipts and expenditures.

History: 1909 c 111 s 1 (970)

394.02 POWERS; DUTIES.

The county building commission shall have the entire care of all of the completed portions of the courthouse and of the completed grounds surrounding the same and shall have power to assign unassigned rooms in any part of the building, with entire control of any room in the building not permanently assigned to any official use, and of all halls, corridors, and stairways, and of all boiler and machinery rooms. It shall have the care and control of all engines, boilers, machinery, elevators, and all mechanical and electrical appliances of every nature in the building and of the grounds surrounding the building or connected therewith. It shall cause all of the occupied portions of the building to be properly heated, lighted, cleaned, and kept in repair for public use, and it shall have full authority to appoint any and all employees necessary to properly perform the duties hereby devolved upon the commission, with authority to fix the compensation of such employees and remove

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any thereof at its pleasure. Nothing contained in sections 394.01 to 394.05 shall be construed to interfere in any manner with the powers and duties of any courthouse commission that may be engaged in the completing and furnishing of such building as provided by Laws 1907, Chapter 223.

History: 1909 c 111 s 2 (971)

394.03 MONTHLY STATEMENTS OF EXPENSES; DUTIES OF AUDITOR AND TREASURER.

The county building commission shall at the beginning of each calendar month render a detailed statement to the county auditor of all its expenses necessarily incurred for the purposes contemplated by sections 394.01 to 394.05 during the last preceding month, and it shall thereupon be the duty of the auditor to forthwith draw cash warrants upon the county treasurer for the amount of the account so rendered by the commission. It shall be the duty of the treasurer to forthwith pay to the parties properly entitled thereto the several amounts specified in the account so rendered. The monthly account, before presentation to the auditor, shall be certified by each member of the commission as being just, true, and necessarily incurred.

History: 1909 c 111 s 3 (972)

394.04 COUNTY BOARD.

The board of county commissioners of any such county having a county building commission shall have nothing to do with the care of any such courthouse nor with the control of any portion of the building not specifically assigned for official use.

History: 1909 c 111 s 4 (973)

394.05 ANNUAL STATEMENT; TAX LEVY.

It shall be the duty of the county building commission, on or before the first day of July each year, to prepare a detailed statement of the estimated expenses of the commission for the ensuing year and transmit the same to the board of county commissioners at its next regular meeting thereafter. It shall then be the duty of the board of county commissioners to levy a tax, at its proper meeting, sufficient to meet such estimated expenditures.

History: 1909 c 111 s 5 (974)

- 394.06 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.07 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.08 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.09 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.10 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.11 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.12 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.13 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.14 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.15 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.16 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]
- 394.17 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]

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394.21 AUTHORITY TO CARRY ON COUNTY PLANNING AND ZONING ACTIVITIES.

Subdivision 1. For the purpose of promoting the health, safety, morals, and general welfare of the community any county in the state having less than 300,000 population according to the 1950 federal census is authorized to carry on county planning and zoning activities.

Subd. 2. [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]

History: 1959 c 559 s 1

394.22 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. The words or terms as used in sections 394.21 to 394.37 have the meanings given them in these sections unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the context.

Subd. 2. "Board" means the board of county commissioners.

Subd. 3. "Governing body" means a town board of supervisors, the council of a municipality, or board of county commissioners.

Subd. 4. "Municipality" means a city however organized.

Subd. 5. [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]

Subd. 6. "Official control" means legislatively defined and enacted policies, standards, precise detailed maps, and other criteria, all of which control the physical development of a municipality or a county or any part thereof or any detail thereof, and are the means of translating into ordinances all or any part of the general objectives of the comprehensive plan. Such official controls may include but are not limited to ordinances establishing zoning, subdivision controls, site plan regulations, sanitary codes, building codes, housing codes, and official maps.

Subd. 7. "Conditional use" means a land use or development as defined by ordinance that would not be appropriate generally but may be allowed with appropriate restrictions as provided by official controls upon a finding that (1) certain conditions as detailed in the zoning ordinance exist, and (2) the use or development conforms to the comprehensive land use plan of the county and (3) is compatible with the existing neighborhood.

Subd. 8. "Nonconformity" means any legal use, structure or parcel of land already in existence, recorded, or authorized before the adoption of official controls or amendments thereto that would not have been permitted to become established under the terms of the official controls as now written, if the official controls had been in effect prior to the date it was established, recorded or authorized.

Subd. 9. "Comprehensive plan" means the policies, statements, goals, and interrelated plans for private and public land and water use, transportation, and community facilities including recommendations for plan execution, documented in texts, ordinances and maps which constitute the guide for the future development of the county or any portion of the county.

Subd. 10. "Variance" means any modification or variation of official controls where it is determined that, by reason of exceptional circumstances, the strict enforcement of the official controls would cause unnecessary hardship.

Subd. 11. "Town" means any town, including those with the powers of a statutory city pursuant to law.

Subd. 12. "Official map" means a map adopted in accordance with section 394.361 which may show existing county roads and county state aid highways, proposed future county roads and highways, the area needed for widening existing

county roads and highways, and existing and future state trunk highway rights-of-way. An official map may also show the location of existing public land and facilities and other land needed for future public purposes, including public facilities such as parks, playgrounds, schools, and other public buildings, civic centers, and travel service facilities. When requested in accordance with section 394.32, subdivision 3, an official map may include existing and planned public land uses within incorporated areas.

History: 1959 c 559 s 2; 1963 c 692 s 1; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7; 1974 c 571 s 1-7; 1982 c 520 s 2

394.23 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN.

The board shall have the power and authority to prepare and adopt by ordinance, a comprehensive plan. A comprehensive plan or plans when adopted by ordinance shall be the basis for official controls adopted under the provisions of sections 394.21 to 394.37.

History: 1959 c 559 s 3; 1974 c 571 s 8

394.24 OFFICIAL CONTROLS.

Subdivision 1. Official controls which shall further the purpose and objectives of the comprehensive plan and parts thereof shall be adopted by ordinance.

Subd. 2. Official controls adopted by a board shall apply to and be binding upon the county or any parts thereof including areas within the incorporated limits of a municipality, when requested by the municipality under section 394.32.

Subd. 3. For the area within which official controls adopted by the board are effective, such controls shall apply to the use of land for both private and public purposes, provided that the need for adequate, timely and convenient public and semi-public services and facilities must receive due consideration in the formulation, administration and enforcement of all official controls and no land owned or leased by the federal or state government shall be subject to official controls of the county. With respect to the use of land for public purposes, the provisions of this subdivision shall not apply in the metropolitan area as described in section 473.122.

History: 1959 c 559 s 4; 1963 c 692 s 2; 1974 c 571 s 9-11; 1980 c 509 s 150

394.25 FORMS OF CONTROL.

Subdivision 1. Official controls shall be adopted by ordinance and may include but are not limited to the features set forth in this section.

Subd. 2. Zoning ordinances establishing districts within which the use of land or the use of water or the surface of water pursuant to section 378.32 for agriculture, forestry, recreation, residence, industry, trade, soil conservation, water supply conservation, surface water drainage and removal, conservation of shorelands, as defined in section 105.485, and additional uses of land and of the surface of water pursuant to section 378.32, may be by official controls encouraged, regulated, or prohibited and for such purpose the board may divide the county into districts of such number, shape, and area as may be deemed best suited to carry out the comprehensive plan. Official controls may also be applied to wetlands preservation, open space, parks, sewage disposal, protection of ground water, protection of flood plains as defined in section 104.02, protection of wild, scenic or recreational rivers as defined in section 104.33, protection of slope, soils, unconsolidated materials or bedrock from potentially damaging development, preservation of forests, woodlands and essential wildlife habitat, reclamation of non-metallic mining lands; protection and encourage-

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ment of access to direct sunlight for solar energy systems as defined in section 116J.06, subdivision 9; and the preservation of agricultural lands.

Subd. 3. Within each such district zoning ordinances or maps may also be adopted designating or limiting the location, height, width, bulk, type of foundation, number of stories, size of, and the specific uses for which dwellings, buildings, and structures may be erected or altered; the minimum and maximum size of yards, courts, or other open spaces; setback from existing roads and highways and roads and highways designated on an official map; protective measures necessary to protect the public interest including but not limited to controls relating to appearance, signs, lighting, hours of operation and other aesthetic performance characteristics including but not limited to noise, heat, glare, vibrations and smoke; the area required to provide for off street loading and parking facilities; heights of trees and structures near airports; and to avoid too great concentration or scattering of the population. All such provisions shall be uniform for each class of land or building throughout each district, but the provisions in one district may differ from those in other districts. No provision may prohibit earth sheltered construction as defined in section 116J.06, subdivision 2, or manufactured homes built in conformance with sections 327.31 to 327.35 that comply with all other zoning ordinances promulgated pursuant to this section.

Subd. 4. Official maps as defined in section 394.22, subdivision 12.

Subd. 5. [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]

Subd. 5a. In counties in the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.122, official maps may for a period of up to five years designate the boundaries of areas reserved for purposes of soil conservation, water supply conservation, flood control and surface water drainage and removal.

Subd. 6. [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]

Subd. 7. Specific controls pertaining to other subjects incorporated in the comprehensive plan or establishing standards and procedures to be employed in land development including, but not limited to, subdividing of land and the approval of land plats and the preservation and dedication of streets and land for other public purposes and the general design of physical improvement.

Subd. 8. Any statute of Minnesota, any administrative rule or regulation of any department of the state of Minnesota affecting the county, or any code, adopted by reference as part of the official control. The term "code" as used herein means any compilation of regulations or standards or part thereof prepared by any governmental agency or any trade or professional association for general distribution in printed form as a standard or model on the subject of building construction, plumbing, electric wiring, inflammable liquids, sanitary provisions, public health, safety, or welfare. Prior to adoption at least one copy of the statute, rule, regulation, ordinance or code shall be marked as official copies and filed for use and examination by the public in the office of the county auditor. Provisions of the statute, rule, regulation, ordinance or code thus incorporated in such ordinance by reference shall be as much a part of the ordinance as if they had been set out in full therein.

Subd. 9. Erosion and sediment controls with regard to clearing, grading, excavation, transporting and filling of lands. Erosion and sediment controls may include, but need not be limited to requiring the development of plans before any land is disturbed. Plans for disturbing land may be submitted to the appropriate soil and water conservation district for comment and review.

Subd. 10. An amendment to official controls may be initiated by the board, the planning commission, or by petition of affected property owners as defined in the official controls. An amendment not initiated by the planning commission shall be

referred to the planning commission, if there is one, for study and report and may not be acted upon by the board until it has received the recommendation of the planning commission.

History: 1959 c 559 s 5; 1963 c 692 s 3; 1969 c 777 s 2; 1974 c 317 s 1; 1974 c 571 s 12-19; 1978 c 786 s 12; Ex1979 c 2 s 39; 1980 c 509 s 151; 1981 c 356 s 248; 1982 c 490 s 1

394.26 PUBLIC HEARINGS.

Subdivision 1. [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]

Subd. 1a. In addition to public hearings required by section 375.51 prior to the adoption by ordinance of any comprehensive plan or amendments thereto or of any official control or amendment thereto, public hearings shall be held before any conditional use permit, any variance, and any proposal for a subdivision is approved or denied by the responsible authority, and in circumstances where a public hearing is otherwise required by sections 394.21 to 394.37. Such public hearings may be continued from time to time and additional hearings may be held.

Subd. 2. Notice of the time, place, and purpose of any public hearing shall be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the town, municipality, or other area concerned, and in the official newspaper of the county, at least ten days before the hearing, except that notice of public hearings in connection with the adoption by ordinance of any comprehensive plan or amendments thereto or adoption or amendment of any official controls shall be given in the manner provided by section 375.51, subdivision 2. In addition to the requirements of section 375.51, subdivision 2, written notice of public hearings on all official controls and amendments thereto shall be sent to the governing bodies of all towns and all municipalities located within the county. Written notice of public hearings regarding the application of official controls to specific properties, including but not limited to conditional uses, variances, zoning regulations, and subdivision regulations, shall be sent to all property owners of record within 500 feet of the affected property in incorporated areas. In unincorporated areas, the written notice shall be sent to property owners as follows:

(a) In the case of variances, to owners of record within 500 feet of the affected property;

(b) In the case of conditional uses, to owners of record within one-quarter mile of the affected property or to the ten properties nearest to the affected property, whichever would provide notice to the greatest number of owners;

(c) In the case of all other official controls, including but not limited to zoning regulations and subdivision regulations, to owners of record within one-half mile of the affected property.

Written notice shall also be given to the affected board of town supervisors, and the municipal council of any municipality within two miles of the affected property.

Subd. 3. [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]

Subd. 3a. The board may assign responsibility to conduct public hearings for one or more purposes to the planning commission, board of adjustment or any official or employee of the county, except as provided in section 375.51.

History: 1959 c 559 s 6; 1963 c 692 s 4; 1974 c 571 s 20-22; 1976 c 177 s 1; 1980 c 477 s 1

394.27 CREATION AND DUTIES OF A BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT.

Subdivision 1. Whenever a board of county commissioners shall have adopted official controls it shall at the same time as the adoption of such controls create a board of adjustment by ordinance.

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Subd. 2. The board of adjustment shall consist of at least three but not more than seven members, including at least one member from the unincorporated area of the county, whose appointment, term of office, or removal from the board shall be as provided in the ordinance creating the board of adjustment; provided that no elected officer of the county nor any employee of the board of commissioners shall serve as a member of the board of adjustment and that one member of such board of adjustment shall also be a member of any planning commission appointed under the provisions of sections 394.21 to 394.37. In an ordinance creating a three member board of adjustment, provision may be made for one alternate member. The alternate board member shall, when directed by the chairman, attend all meetings of the board and participate fully in its activities but shall not vote on any issue unless authorized to do so by the chairman. The chairman shall authorize the alternate board member to vote on an issue when a regular member is absent, physically incapacitated, abstains because of a possible conflict of interest, or is prohibited by law from voting on that issue. Any question of whether a particular issue involves a conflict of interest sufficient to disqualify a regular board member from voting thereon shall be decided by majority vote of all regular board members except the member who is being challenged. In the ordinance establishing the board of adjustment provision may be made for removal of any member for nonperformance of duty or misconduct in office and for the filling of vacancies for any unexpired term. The regular and alternate members of such board of adjustment may be paid compensation in an amount determined by the county board and may be paid their necessary expenses in attending meetings of the board and in the conduct of the business of the board.

Subd. 3. The board of adjustment shall elect a chairman and vice chairman from among its members and shall appoint a secretary who need not be a member of a board. It shall adopt rules for the transaction of its business and shall keep a public record of its transaction, findings, and determinations:

Subd. 4. The meetings of the board of adjustment shall be held at the call of the chairman and at such other times as the board in its rules of procedure may specify.

Subd. 5. The board of adjustment shall have the authority to order the issuance of variances, hear and decide appeals from and review any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by any administrative official charged with enforcing any ordinance adopted pursuant to the provision of sections 394.21 to 394.37, order the issuance of permits for buildings in areas designated for future public use on an official map and perform such other duties as required by the official controls. Such appeal may be taken by any person aggrieved or by any officer, department, board or bureau of a town, municipality, county, or state. In exercising its powers under this subdivision, the board of adjustment shall take into consideration the town board's recommendation when the board of adjustment's decision directly affects land within the town.

Subd. 6. An appeal from any order, requirement, decision, or determination of any administrative official shall be taken in such time as shall be prescribed by the ordinance creating the board of adjustment by filing with the board of adjustment a notice of appeal specifying the grounds thereof. The board of adjustment shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing of the appeal and give due notice thereof to the appelland and the officer from whom the appeal is taken and to the public and decide the same within a reasonable time which shall be defined in the ordinance establishing the board of adjustment. An appeal stays all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed from unless the board of adjustment to whom the appeal is taken certifies that by reason of the facts stated in the certificate a stay would cause imminent peril to life or property. The board of adjustment may reverse or affirm

wholly or partly, or may modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination appealed from and to that end shall have all the powers of the officer from whom the appeal was taken and may direct the issuance of a permit. The reasons for the board's decision shall be stated in writing.

Subd. 7. The board of adjustment shall have the exclusive power to order the issuance of variances from the terms of any official control including restrictions placed on nonconformities. Variances shall only be permitted when they are in harmony with the general purposes and intent of the official control in cases when there are practical difficulties or particular hardship in the way of carrying out the strict letter of any official control, and when the terms of the variance are consistent with the comprehensive plan. "Hardship" as used in connection with the granting of a variance means the property in question cannot be put to a reasonable use if used under the conditions allowed by the official controls; the plight of the landowner is due to circumstances unique to his property not created by the landowner; and the variance, if granted, will not alter the essential character of the locality. Economic considerations alone shall not constitute a hardship if a reasonable use for the property exists under the terms of the ordinance. Variances shall be granted for earth sheltered construction as defined in section 116J.06, subdivision 2, when in harmony with the official controls. No variance may be granted that would allow any use that is prohibited in the zoning district in which the subject property is located. The board of adjustment may impose conditions in the granting of variances to insure compliance and to protect adjacent properties and the public interest. The board of adjustment may consider the inability to use solar energy systems a "hardship" in the granting of variances.

Subd. 8. A certified copy of any order issued by the board of adjustment acting upon an appeal from an order, requirement, decision or determination by an administrative official, or a request for a variance, shall be filed with the county recorder or registrar of titles for record. The order issued by the board of adjustment shall include the legal description of the property involved. The board by ordinance shall designate the county official or employee responsible for meeting the requirements of this subdivision.

Subd. 9. All decisions by the board of adjustment in granting variances or in hearing appeals from any administrative order, requirement, decision or determination shall be final except that any aggrieved person or persons, or any department, board or commission of the jurisdiction or of the state shall have the right to appeal within 30 days, after receipt of notice of the decision, to the district court in the county in which the land is located on questions of law and fact.

History: 1959 c 559 s 7; 1963 c 692 s 5; 1974 c 571 s 23-29; 1976 c 181 s 2; 1978 c 786 s 13; Ex1979 c 2 s 40; 1981 c 356 s 248; 1984 c 392 s 1

394.28 APPROPRIATION FOR PLANNING ACTIVITY.

The board of county commissioners shall provide the funds, equipment, and accommodations necessary for such planning activity as the board determines. Such appropriation may include funds for the purpose of matching funds of other governmental units or for joint ventures engaged in with other governmental units.

Any county providing for county planning activities may receive grants-in-aid from or enter into reasonable agreements with any department or agency of the government of the United States or the state of Minnesota, to arrange for the receipt of federal or state funds in the interest of furthering the planning program.

History: 1959 c 559 s 8

394.29 MAY EMPLOY DIRECTOR AND STAFF.

To carry out the purposes of sections 394.21 to 394.37 the board may employ a planning director and such staff as it deems necessary to assist the planning director in carrying out his assigned responsibilities, including but not limited to a zoning administrator, sanitary inspector and a building official. If no planning director is appointed, the board shall designate a chief administrative officer who shall administer the official controls. The board may employ or contract with a planning authority or commission, any agency of the state or federal government, a regional development commission or with planning consultants, or with other specialists for such services as it requires.

History: 1959 c 559 s 9; 1974 c 571 s 30

394.30 PLANNING COMMISSION.

Subdivision 1. Any board of county commissioners may by ordinance appoint a planning commission composed of not less than five nor more than eleven members appointed by the chairman of the board. At least two members shall be residents of the portion of the county outside the corporate limits of municipalities. The manner of appointment and terms of office of the members shall be as provided in the ordinance. No more than one voting member of the commission shall be an officer or employee of the county. No voting member of the commission shall have received, during the two years prior to appointment, any substantial portion of his income from business operations involving the development of land within the county for urban and urban related purposes. In the ordinance establishing the planning commission the board may designate any county officer or employee as an ex officio member of such commission. The term of office and removal of any member for nonperformance of duty or misconduct in office as well as filling vacancies on the board shall be as provided in the ordinance creating the commission.

Subd. 2. [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]

Subd. 3. The members of the commission, other than members of the board of county commissioners, may be compensated in an amount determined by the county board. All commission members, including county commissioners, may be paid their necessary expenses in attending meetings of the commission and in the conduct of the business of the commission. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit the payment of a per diem to county commissioners pursuant to section 375.055, subdivision 1.

Subd. 4. The planning commission shall elect a chairman and secretary from among its members and cooperate with the planning director and other employees of the county in preparing and recommending to the board for adoption a comprehensive plan and recommendations for plan execution in the form of official controls and other measures, and amendments thereto. In all instances in which the planning commission is not the final authority, as authorized in subdivision 5, the commission shall review all applications for conditional use permits and plans for subdivisions of land and report thereon to the board.

Subd. 5. The board may by ordinance assign additional duties and responsibilities to the planning commission including but not restricted to the conduct of public hearings, the authority to order the issuance of some or all categories of conditional use permits, the authority to approve some or all categories of subdivisions of land, and the authority to approve some or all categories of planned unit developments. The planning commission may be required by the board to review any comprehensive plans and official controls and any plans for public land acquisition and

development sent to the county for that purpose by any local unit of government or any state or federal agency and shall report thereon in writing to the board.

History: 1959 c 559 s 10; 1963 c 692 s 6; 1974 c 571 s 31-34; 1975 c 301 s 14

394.301 CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS.

Subdivision 1. The board may by ordinance designate certain types of developments, including planned unit developments and certain land development activities as conditional uses under zoning regulations. Conditional uses may be approved upon a showing by an applicant that standards and criteria stated in the ordinance will be satisfied. Such standards and criteria shall include both general requirements for all conditional uses and, insofar as practicable, requirements specific to each designated conditional use.

Subd. 2. Conditional use permits shall be issued by the officer administering the official controls only upon the order of the board or the planning commission as designated by ordinance as the approval authority for one or more categories of conditional uses. The planning commission shall in all instances have an opportunity to review conditional uses prior to any final decision by the designated approval authority. Public hearings shall be held in accordance with section 394.26. In connection with ordering the issuance of a conditional use permit the designated approval authority may impose such additional restrictions or conditions as it deems necessary to protect the public interest, including but not limited to matters relating to appearance, lighting, hours of operation and performance characteristics. When appropriate, restrictive covenants may be entered into regarding such matters.

Subd. 3. A conditional use permit shall remain in effect for so long as the conditions agreed upon are observed, provided that nothing in this section shall prevent the board from enacting or amending official controls to change the status of conditional uses.

Subd. 4. A certified copy of any conditional use permit shall be filed with the county recorder or registrar of titles for record. The conditional use permit shall include the legal description of the property involved. The board by ordinance shall designate the county official or employee responsible for meeting the requirements of the subdivision.

History: 1974 c 571 s 35; 1976 c 181 s 2

394.31 [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]

394.312 RELATION TO OTHER COUNTY AUTHORITY.

All official controls in effect on August 1, 1974 shall remain in full force and effect until amended or repealed whether such controls were adopted by resolution of the board or by ordinance and whether or not comprehensive plans had been adopted before the official controls were adopted. Any official controls and any procedures for the administration of official controls which are in existence on August 1, 1974 shall be brought into compliance with Laws 1974, Chapter 571 within four years from August 1, 1974.

History: 1974 c 571 s 36; 1977 c 197 s 1

394.32 COOPERATION WITH MUNICIPALITIES.

Subdivision 1. The governing body of any municipality may contract with the board for planning and zoning services to be provided by the county, and the contract may provide that the municipality shall pay such fees as are agreed for the services performed.

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Subd. 2. The contract between the governing body of the municipality and the board may provide among other things for joint county-municipal planning activities, or it may designate the board as the planning agency for the municipality.

Subd. 3. The governing body of any municipality may request a county board to submit to such governing body a comprehensive plan for the municipality setting forth such provisions as the board deems applicable to the municipality and for its best interests, or to include the area within the municipality in a county-wide comprehensive plan, or to prepare official controls to apply to the area within the municipality. Notwithstanding the adoption of the comprehensive plan and recommendations for the municipality the plan and recommendations shall not be binding until official controls are adopted by the municipality in accordance with the plan or until the county adopts official controls for the areas within the incorporated limits of the municipality when requested by the governing body of the municipality. After the county adopts official controls for areas within a municipality, the county shall enforce the controls unless the county and municipality provided otherwise by agreement. A municipality may at any time, by resolution of its governing body, take over planning functions, including adoption and enforcement of official controls, with respect to areas within its corporate limits for which a county has adopted official controls.

Subd. 4. [Repealed, 1974 c 571 s 51]

History: 1959 c 559 s 12; 1974 c 571 s 37,38

394.33 RELATIONS WITH TOWNS.

Subdivision 1. The governing body of any town including any town with the powers of a statutory city pursuant to law may continue to exercise the authority to plan and zone as provided by law, but after the adoption of official controls for a county or portion thereof by the board of county commissioners no town shall enact or enforce official controls inconsistent with or less restrictive than the standards prescribed in the official controls adopted by the board. Nothing in this section shall limit any town's power to adopt official controls, including shoreland regulations which are more restrictive than provided in the controls adopted by the county. Upon the adoption or amendment of any official controls the governing body of the town shall file a certified copy thereof with the county recorder or registrar of titles for record. A certified copy of any official controls of any town which are in effect on August 1, 1974 shall also be filed by the governing body of the town with the county recorder or registrar of titles for record within one year from August 1, 1974.

Subd. 2. The board of supervisors of any town which has adopted or desires to adopt building and zoning regulations and restrictions pursuant to law shall have the authority granted the governing body of any municipality as provided in section 394.32.

History: 1959 c 559 s 13; 1963 c 692 s 7; 1965 c 678 s 1; 1974 c 571 s 39; 1976 c 181 s 2

394.34 INTERIM ZONING.

If a county is conducting, or in good faith intends to conduct studies within a reasonable time, or has held or is holding a hearing for the purpose of considering a comprehensive plan or official controls or an amendment, extension, or addition to either, or in the event new territory for which no zoning may have been adopted, may be annexed to a municipality, the board in order to protect the public health, safety, and general welfare may adopt as an emergency measure a temporary interim zoning map or temporary interim zoning ordinance, the purpose of which shall be to classify and regulate uses and related matters as constitutes the emergency. Such

interim resolution shall be limited to one year from the date it becomes effective and to one year to renewal thereafter.

History: 1959 c 559 s 14

394.35 FILING WITH THE COUNTY RECORDER.

Upon the adoption of any ordinance or other official control including any maps or charts supplemented to or as part thereof, the county auditor shall file a certified copy thereof with the county recorder for record. Ordinances, resolutions, maps or regulations filed with the county recorder or registrar of titles pursuant to sections 394.21 to 394.37 do not constitute encumbrances on real property.

History: 1959 c 559 s 15; 1974 c 571 s 40; 1976 c 181 s 2

394.36 NONCONFORMITIES.

Subdivision 1. Any nonconformity including the lawful use or occupation of land or premises existing at the time of the adoption of an official control hereunder may be continued, except as regulated, terminated or acquired by the board as provided in subdivisions 2 or 3, although such use or occupation does not conform to the provisions thereof, but if such nonconformity or occupancy is discontinued for a period of more than one year, or any nonconforming building or structure is destroyed by fire or other peril to the extent of 50 percent of its market value, any subsequent use or occupancy of the land or premises shall be a conforming use or occupancy.

Subd. 2. The board may by ordinance adopt such regulations not contrary to law as it deems desirable or necessary to classify, regulate and control, reduce the number or extent of and provide for the gradual elimination of nonconformities and occupancies, including requiring nonconformities to conform with the official controls of the county or terminate within a reasonable time as specified in the official controls. The board may by ordinance impose upon nonconformities additional regulations relating to appearance, signs, lighting, hours of operation and other aesthetic performance characteristics including but not limited to noise, heat, glare, vibrations and smoke.

Subd. 3. A nonconformity that is determined by the board to be detrimental to the achievement of the goals and objectives of the comprehensive plan may be acquired by the board by purchase.

History: 1959 c 559 s 16; 1974 c 571 s 41-43

394.361 OFFICIAL MAP.

Subdivision 1. Land that is needed for future street and highway purposes and as sites for other necessary public facilities and services is frequently diverted to nonpublic uses which could have been located on other lands without hardship or inconvenience to the owners. When this happens, public uses of land may be denied or may be obtained later only at prohibitive cost or at the expense of dislocating the owners and occupants of the land. Identification on official maps of land needed for future public uses permits both the public and private property owners to adjust their building plans equitably and conveniently before investments are made which will make such adjustments difficult to accomplish.

Subd. 2. The planning commission may develop and recommend for adoption by the board official maps and amendments thereto covering all or any portion of the unincorporated area of the county. Public hearings on proposed official maps and amendments thereto shall be held in accordance with section 394.26. The official map may be adopted and amended by ordinance by the board.

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All official maps shall be prepared in sufficient detail to permit the establishment of future acquisition lines on the ground. In unplatted areas a minimum of a centerline survey shall have been made prior to the preparation of the final draft of the official map. The accuracy of the future acquisition lines shown on the official map shall be attested to by the county surveyor. Copies of official maps and amendments shall be filed in accordance with section 394.35. One copy of the official map shall be furnished to the town clerk of each affected town.

Subd. 3. After an official map has been adopted and filed, the issuance of building permits by the county shall be subject to the provisions of this section. Whenever any street or highway is widened or improved or any new street is opened, or interests in lands for other public purposes are acquired by the county, it is not required in such proceedings to pay for any building or structure placed without a permit or in violation of conditions of a permit within the limits of the mapped street or highway or outside of any building line that may have been established upon the existing street or within any area thus identified for public purposes. The adoption of official maps does not give the county any right, title or interest in areas identified for public purposes thereon, but the adoption of a map does authorize the county to acquire such interests without paying compensation for buildings or structures erected in such areas without a permit or in violation of the conditions of a permit. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to buildings or structures in existence prior to the filing of the official map.

Subd. 4. If a permit for a building in such location is denied, the board of adjustment shall have the power, upon appeal by the owner of the land to authorize the issuance of a permit for building in such location in any case in which the board finds, upon the evidence and the arguments presented to it, (a) that the entire property of the appellant of which such area identified for public purposes forms a part cannot be put to a reasonable use by the owner unless such a permit is granted, and (b) that balancing the interest of the county in preserving the integrity of the official map and the comprehensive plan and interest of the owner of the property in the use of his property and in the benefits of ownership, the issuance of such permit is required by considerations of justice and equity. Prior to reaching a decision upon the appeal, public hearings shall be held in accordance with section 394.26. If the board of adjustment authorizes the issuance of a permit the board shall have six months from the date of the decision of the board of adjustment to institute proceedings to acquire such land or interest therein, and if no such proceedings are started within that time, the officer responsible shall issue a permit in accordance with the conditions stated in the authorization specifying the exact location, ground area, height and other details as to the extent and character of the building for which the permit is granted.

History: 1974 c 571 s 44

394.362 VARIANCES; ADVERSE EFFECT ON ENVIRONMENT.

Subdivision 1. The applicant for a variance which, in the opinion of the board of adjustment, may result in a material adverse effect on the environment may be requested by the board to demonstrate the nature and extent of the effect.

Subd. 2. The applicant for a conditional use permit which, in the opinion of the planning commission, may result in a material adverse effect on the environment may be requested by the board to demonstrate the nature and extent of the effect.

History: 1974 c 571 s 45

394.37 ENFORCEMENT.

Subdivision 1. The board shall provide for the enforcement of sections 394.21 to 394.37 and of ordinances and regulations made thereunder, and may impose enforcement duties on any officer, department, agency, or employee of the county. In a county in which subdivision regulations or controls are in force and have been filed or recorded as provided in section 394.35, the board may by ordinance require that a copy of some or all instruments which convey real estate be submitted by the county recorder to the administrative officer as provided in section 394.29, for review after recording. The officer shall examine each such instrument to determine whether the proposed conveyance complies with the subdivision and platting regulations of the county. If the conveyance does not comply with regulations, the administrative officer shall give notice by mail of the potential violation to the parties to the conveyance.

Subd. 2. It is declared unlawful for any person to violate any of the terms and provisions of sections 394.21 to 394.37 or the provisions of any ordinance, regulation, or other official control adopted by the board. Violation thereof shall be a misdemeanor. All fines for violations shall be paid to the county and shall be credited to the general revenue fund.

Subd. 3. In the event of a violation or a threatened violation of sections 394.21 to 394.37 or of any ordinance, regulation, or other official control adopted hereunder, the board, or any member thereof, in addition to other remedies, may institute appropriate actions or proceedings to prevent, restrain, correct, or abate such violations or threatened violations and it is the duty of the county attorney to institute such action.

Subd. 4. Any taxpayer of the county may institute mandamus proceedings in district court to compel specific performance by the proper official or officials of any duty required by sections 394.21 to 394.37 or by any ordinance adopted thereunder.

History: 1959 c 559 s 17; 1971 c 664 s 1; 1974 c 571 s 46; 1977 c 189 s 1