

## CHAPTER 373

## COUNTIES; POWERS, DUTIES, PRIVILEGES

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NOTE: For special laws relating to specific counties, see Table 1, Vol. 10.

**373.01 POWERS.**

Subdivision 1. Each county is a body politic and corporate and may:

- (1) Sue and be sued;
- (2) Acquire and hold real and personal property for the use of the county, and lands sold for taxes as provided by law;
- (3) Purchase and hold for the benefit of the county real estate sold by virtue of judicial proceedings, to which the county is a party;
- (4) Sell, lease, and convey real or personal estate owned by the county, and give contracts or options to sell, lease or convey it, and make orders respecting it as deemed conducive to the interests of the county's inhabitants. No sale, lease or conveyance of real estate owned by the county, nor any contract or option for it, shall be valid, without first advertising for bids or proposals in the official newspaper of the county for three consecutive weeks and once in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where the property is located. The notice shall state the time and place of considering the proposals, contain a legal description of any real estate, and a brief description of any personal property. All proposals shall be considered at that time, and the one most favorable to the county accepted, but the county board may, in the interest of the county, reject any or all proposals. Sales of personal property the value of which is estimated to exceed \$500 shall be made only after advertising for bids or proposals as provided for real estate. Sales of personal property the value of which is estimated to be less than \$500 may be made either on competitive bids or in the open market, in the discretion of the county board. In no case shall lands be disposed of without there being reserved to the county all iron ore and other valuable minerals in and upon the lands, with right to explore for, mine and remove the iron ore and other valuable minerals, nor shall the minerals and mineral rights be disposed of, either before or after disposition of the surface rights, otherwise than by mining lease, in similar general form to that provided by section 93.20 for mining leases affecting state lands. The lease shall be for a term not exceeding 50 years, and be issued on a royalty basis, the royalty to be not less than 25 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds, and fix a minimum amount of royalty payable during each year, whether mineral is removed or not. Prospecting options for mining leases may be granted for periods not exceeding one year. The options shall

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require, among other things, periodical showings to the county board of the results of exploration work done;

(5) Make all contracts and do all other acts in relation to the property and concerns of the county necessary to the exercise of its corporate powers.

Subd. 2. Notwithstanding any other contrary law, a county may enter into a rental purchase agreement or conditional sales agreement to acquire road equipment but the seller shall be limited to the remedy of recovery of the property in case of nonpayment of all or part of the purchase price. The purchase price shall be payable over not more than five years.

Subd. 3. A county board may, by resolution and without referendum, issue capital notes subject to the county debt limit to purchase capital equipment useful for county purposes that has an expected useful life at least equal to the term of the notes. The notes shall be payable in not more than five years and shall be issued on terms and in a manner the board determines. A tax levy shall be made for payment of the principal and interest on the notes, in accordance with section 475.61, as in the case of bonds. For purposes of this subdivision, "capital equipment" means public safety, ambulance, road construction or maintenance, medical, and data processing equipment.

**History:** *RL s 409; 1907 c 310 s 1; 1961 c 539 s 1; 1965 c 56 s 1; 1973 c 163 s 1; 1984 c 437 s 1; 1984 c 629 s 1 (638)*

**373.011** [Repealed, 1961 c 561 s 17]

## **373.013 CERTAIN COUNTY CONVEYANCES NOT INVALID.**

No deed of conveyance of real estate executed by a county before July 1, 1952 shall be held invalid or void for failure to comply with the requirements of section 373.01 relating to the resolution of the county board, notice of hearing on the resolution or publication of the resolution.

**History:** *1957 c 618 s 1; 1984 c 629 s 1*

## **373.02 POWERS, HOW EXERCISED.**

The powers of the county as a body politic and corporate shall only be exercised by the county board or in pursuance of a resolution adopted by the county board. Deeds and other written instruments made by the county shall be executed in its name by the chairman of the county board and by the clerk of the board.

**History:** *RL s 411; 1984 c 629 s 1 (641)*

## **373.03 CONVEYANCES TO COUNTY; EFFECT.**

All real and personal estate conveyed by any form of conveyance to a county or its inhabitants, or to any person for the use and benefit of a county or its inhabitants, shall be deemed to be the property thereof. The conveyances shall have the same force and effect as if made to the county by its corporate name.

**History:** *RL s 410; 1984 c 629 s 1 (640)*

## **373.04 CERTAIN COUNTIES AUTHORIZED TO CONSTRUCT BRANCH RAILROAD TRACKS.**

When county buildings, or buildings in which a county is interested with other counties, are on land adjacent to or near a railway track, the county where the buildings are located, may pay from its general revenue fund, or from any money raised by it in excess of its proportionate share for the institution, the costs of

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procuring a right of way for and the building of a branch track suitable for transportation from the railway track to the buildings of the articles and commodities needed by the institution and of persons going to and from it.

**History:** 1915 c 55; 1984 c 629 s 1 (639)

## 373.041 POLICE-OPERATED BROADCASTING STATIONS.

**Subdivision 1. Station and mobile units under direction of sheriff.** A county may establish, construct, equip and maintain a radio broadcasting station, with land-fixed repeater stations and two-way communication mobile units as necessary, to be used for public safety purposes under the direction of the sheriff. The county may acquire land by gift, purchase or condemnation for use as a site or sites for the station or stations. The county shall exercise its powers under this subdivision in conformance with any statewide plan for a coordinated system of radio communications adopted by the department of public safety after consultation with the professional communications officers representing law enforcement agencies involved in the plan. The department of public safety shall adopt rules or regulations to implement the statewide plan.

**Subd. 2. Rules and regulations; federal communications commission.** A county owning and maintaining a broadcasting station under subdivision 1 may, subject to the rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission, extend its facilities to any city located in the county, and to any adjoining county and any city in an adjoining county, upon application of its governing body to the county board requesting radio communication and service. All mobile radio equipment and apparatus for two-way communication used for the extended service shall be owned, maintained and serviced by the county owning the broadcasting station. Charges for the service extended to counties and municipalities shall be made on a cost sharing basis.

**Subd. 3. Sheriff radio and maintenance account.** All money received as charges for the service rendered under subdivision 2 shall be kept in an account designated the "Sheriff Radio and Maintenance Account," shall not be transferred or apportioned to any other fund or account, and shall be used for no other purpose than the purchase of radio equipment and maintenance of radio equipment and apparatus.

**Subd. 4. Sheriff; duties.** The sheriff of the county owning the radio facilities shall broadcast all police dispatches and reports submitted which, in the opinion of the sheriff, have a reasonable relation to or connection with the apprehension of criminals, the prevention of crime and the maintenance of peace and order throughout the area serviced by the broadcasting station or stations.

**History:** 1949 c 387 s 1-4; 1971 c 149 s 1,2; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7; 1984 c 629 s 1

## 373.045 COUNTY ROADS, BONDS.

A county may issue county road bonds to a total amount not exceeding \$250,000 to provide funds to match federal funds allocated or to be allocated to the county for the construction or improvement of roads. The bonds shall be issued as provided in chapter 475, and all of the provisions of chapter 475 apply to them except the bonds shall not be included in computing the net debt of the county.

**History:** 1955 c 584 s 1; 1984 c 629 s 1

**373.05 COUNTY BUILDINGS.**

Each county shall provide at the county seat, and keep in good repair, a suitable courthouse, supplied with fireproof vaults, a suitable and sufficient jail, and other necessary buildings.

**History:** *RL s 412; 1984 c 629 s 1 (643)*

**373.052 COUNTY OFFICES; CLOSING, EFFECT.**

Subdivision 1. County offices shall be open for public business on all business days except (a) legal holidays, (b) holidays established by the county board pursuant to contract with certified employee bargaining units, and (c) emergency situations. For purposes of this section "business day" means Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

Subd. 1a. The county board shall establish the hours during which county offices shall be open on business days.

Subd. 1b. The county board by resolution may authorize the closing of a county office on other days as stated in the resolution, if there is an emergency situation, public business is transacted at other reasonable times and places, and the public interest is served. An emergency closing may be retroactively approved by the county board at its next succeeding meeting.

Subd. 2. Any act authorized, required, or permitted by law or contract to be performed at or in county buildings, or their offices, which are closed as provided in this section, may be performed on the next succeeding regular business day and no liability or loss of rights on the part of any person shall result from the closing.

**History:** *1959 c 349 s 1; 1959 c 393 s 1,2; 1978 c 678 s 1; 1984 c 629 s 1*

**373.053 WAR MEMORIAL BUILDINGS.**

Subdivision 1. **County war memorial; limitation on cost.** Subject to the limitations of this section, a county may construct and maintain in the county a building, including a hospital, to be erected as a memorial to the men and women who have served in the armed forces of the United States during a time when it was at war, if the construction of the building at a sum not to exceed a specified amount is authorized by a vote of the electors of the county in the manner provided by section 375.20. The cost of the building shall not exceed \$250,000.

Subd. 2. **Supervision.** The war memorial building, if not a hospital, shall be under the supervision and control of the county board. The building shall be used as a meeting place for local or county units of any war veterans' organization chartered by the Congress of the United States, and if there is space, for offices of the organizations. The building may also contain the county library and the exhibits of the county historical society and other civic and recreational facilities as determined by the county board. If the memorial is a hospital, it shall be under the control of the county board or a hospital commission to be appointed by the board.

Subd. 3. **City may convey site.** A city in which the construction of a war memorial building or hospital has been authorized, may acquire and convey to the county without compensation a suitable tract of land upon which to construct the building.

Subd. 4. **War memorial building account.** To pay the cost of the war memorial building or hospital, the county board, after approval of the project by a vote of the electors of the county, may certify to the county auditor the amount necessary for the construction of the building and the portion of the amount to be levied in each succeeding taxable year, not exceeding five years, until the whole has been raised. The county auditor on receipt of the certification shall levy upon all

taxable property in the county a tax in each year certified by the county board sufficient to produce the amount certified. The proceeds of the tax levy shall be deposited in a separate "War Memorial Building Account."

Subd. 5. **Maintenance.** The county board may certify to the county auditor the amount necessary each year for the maintenance and operation of the building or hospital. The county auditor upon receipt of the certification shall levy a tax upon all taxable property in the county sufficient to produce the amount certified. The proceeds of the tax levy shall be credited to the War Memorial Building Account and shall be used only for the maintenance and operation of the war memorial building. Any balance remaining in the account at the end of any year shall be available for the next year, and the amount certified by the county board for the maintenance and operation of the war memorial building or hospital shall be reduced by the amount of the balance.

Subd. 6. **Gifts authorized.** To carry out the purposes of this section the county board or hospital commission may accept grants or gifts from the federal government or any of its agencies, or from any person.

**History:** 1945 c 399; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7; 1984 c 629 s 1

### 373.06 ACTIONS AGAINST COUNTIES.

No action shall be maintained by any claimant, except the state of Minnesota, against a county upon any claim except county orders, when the only relief demanded is a judgment for money, until the claim has been presented to the board and it has failed to act upon it within the time fixed by law, or the board consents to the institution of the action.

No action shall be brought by any person, except the state of Minnesota, upon any county order until the expiration of 30 days after a demand for payment of it has been made. Any judgment against the county entered in an action brought on an order without a demand is void.

**History:** RL s 620; 1923 c 210; 1984 c 629 s 1 (994)

### 373.07 SUITS AGAINST COUNTIES; SERVICE; JURORS.

Service of summons or other original process in actions against a county shall be made upon the chairman of the board or upon the county auditor, either during a session of the board, or within ten days before the day appointed for one. The person served shall immediately notify the county attorney of the service and give the board at its next regular meeting all the information he has regarding the action. In actions in which the county is a party, its inhabitants, if otherwise qualified, may be jurors.

**History:** RL s 413; 1974 c 394 s 5; 1984 c 629 s 1 (644)

NOTE: To extent inconsistent, superseded, Rules of Civil Procedure, Rules 4.03(e), 86.01 and 86.02.

### 373.08 COUNTY, HOW NAMED IN SUITS.

In all actions and proceedings by or against a county, the name in which it shall sue or be sued shall be "The county of ....." (insert name of the county). This provision shall not prevent county officers, when authorized by law, from suing in their official names for the benefit of the county.

**History:** RL s 414; 1984 c 629 s 1 (645)

**373.09 CLAIMS AGAINST COUNTY; APPEAL.**

When a claim against a county is disallowed in whole or part by the county board, the claimant may appeal to the district court by (1) filing a written notice of appeal in the office of the auditor within 15 days after written notice is mailed to the claimant by the county auditor showing the disallowance of the claim and (2) giving security for costs, to be approved by the auditor. The auditor shall notify the county attorney of the appeal.

When a claim is allowed in whole or in part by the board, no order shall be issued to pay it or any part of it, until three days after the date of the decision. The county attorney may, on behalf and in the name of the county, appeal from the decision to the district court, by filing a written notice of appeal in the office of the auditor within three days after the date of the decision appealed from. Any seven taxpayers of the county may appeal in their own names from the decision to the district court by (1) filing a written notice of appeal stating the grounds in the office of the auditor within three days after the date of the decision appealed from, and (2) giving security to the claimant for his costs and disbursements. The security shall be approved by a judge of the district court. After filing of a notice of appeal no order shall be issued in payment of the claim until a certified copy of the judgment of the court is filed in the office of the auditor. Upon filing of a notice of appeal, the court has jurisdiction of the parties and of the subject matter, and may compel a return to be made.

**History:** *RL s 415; 1925 c 317 s 1; 1933 c 191; 1943 c 114 s 1; 1945 c 246 s 1; 1959 c 212 s 1; 1969 c 673 s 1; 1983 c 359 s 54; 1984 c 629 s 1 (646)*

**373.10 PROCEEDINGS ON APPEAL.**

Within ten days after an appeal has been taken, the auditor shall, without charge, file in the office of the clerk of the court a certified copy of the claim and a transcript of the record of the action of the board on it, together with a copy of the notice of appeal, and the date of its filing in his office. The proceedings shall be put upon the calendar for trial as an issue of fact. The court shall direct pleadings to be made as in a civil action, upon which the proceeding shall be tried, and all questions of law summarily heard and determined. Issues of fact shall be tried and judgment rendered and perfected as in a civil action but no execution shall issue on the judgment except for the collection of a counter-claim or costs and disbursements in case of a judgment for them against a claimant.

**History:** *RL s 416; 1984 c 629 s 1 (647)*

**373.11 APPEALS; COUNTERCLAIM.**

An appeal from the judgment of the district court may be taken as in other civil cases within 30 days after the actual entry of the judgment. If no appeal is taken, a certified copy of the judgment shall be filed in the office of the auditor. If an appeal is taken, the determination of the court of appeals shall be certified to the district court and judgment entered in accordance with it, and that judgment certified to and filed in the office of the county auditor. In either case, after the certified copy is filed, orders shall be drawn on the county treasury in payment of any judgment in favor of a claimant. Execution may issue out of the district court for the collection of any costs awarded against a claimant. If costs are awarded against a claimant and there is any allowance on the claim in his favor, the amount of the costs shall be deducted from the allowance. In any case of an appeal, the county may interpose in

the district court as a counterclaim any demand which it has against the claimant, and have execution for the collection of any judgment in its favor.

**History:** *RL s 417; 1983 c 247 s 146; 1984 c 629 s 1 (648)*

### 373.12 JUDGMENTS AGAINST COUNTIES; HOW PAID.

When a judgment is recovered against a county, or against a county officer, in an action prosecuted by or against him officially and the judgment is to be paid by the county, no execution shall issue except as provided in this section. Unless reversed, the judgment shall be paid from funds in the treasury, if available. If funds are not available, the unpaid amount of the judgment shall be levied and collected as other county charges, and, when collected, shall be paid to the person in whose favor the judgment was rendered, upon the delivery of a proper voucher. If payment is not made within 30 days after the time the treasurer is required by law to make settlement with the auditor next after the rendition of the judgment, execution may issue, but only the property of the county shall be liable on it.

**History:** *RL s 418; 1984 c 629 s 1 (649)*

**373.13** MS 1967 [Local, St. Louis county]

**373.14** [Repealed, 1965 c 45 s 73]

**373.15** [Repealed, 1965 c 45 s 73]

**373.16** [Repealed, 1965 c 45 s 73]

**373.17** [Repealed, 1965 c 45 s 73]

**373.18** [Repealed, 1965 c 45 s 73]

**373.19** [Repealed, 1965 c 45 s 73]

**373.20** [Repealed, 1973 c 650 art 27 s 1]

**373.21** [Repealed, 1973 c 650 art 27 s 1]

**373.22** [Repealed, 1973 c 650 art 27 s 1]

**373.23** [Repealed, 1973 c 650 art 27 s 1]

**373.24** [Repealed, 1973 c 650 art 27 s 1]

### 373.25 TAX LEVY, COUNTY BUILDING FUND.

Subdivision 1. The county board of any county except Hennepin and St. Louis counties may provide a county building fund. In addition to all other kinds and amounts of taxes permitted by law to be levied for county purposes, the county board may include in its annual tax levy an amount for the county building fund. Its proceeds shall be credited to the county building fund. A county building fund established pursuant to this section to which a tax is credited may be used by the county solely to acquire, construct, reconstruct, maintain and repair buildings used in the administration of county affairs and to acquire lands necessary for those purposes.

Subd. 2. This section does not repeal or supersede any other law authorizing a levy for the same purpose.

**History:** *1949 c 693 s 1,2; 1973 c 583 s 20; 1978 c 743 s 13; 1984 c 629 s 1*

### 373.26 COUNTY PARKING FACILITIES.

Subdivision 1. **Application.** No motor vehicle, either privately or publicly owned, may be parked upon a parking lot or facilities owned or operated by a county except as authorized by this section.

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Subd. 2. **Regulations by resolution.** The county board may regulate, by resolution, the parking of motor vehicles, either privately or publicly owned, including the authority to make charges for parking privileges, upon any parking lot or facility owned or operated by the county.

Subd. 3. **Enforcement.** Regulations promulgated under subdivision 2 shall be enforced by the sheriff unless the county board has entered into a service contract for enforcement with the municipality where the parking lot or facility is located.

Subd. 4. **Removal and impounding of vehicles.** A motor vehicle parked upon a parking lot or facility owned and operated by the county not in conformity with the resolution of the county board regulating its operation and use may be deemed a public nuisance and the board may provide for the abatement of the nuisance by resolution.

Subd. 5. **Penalties.** A person, state, or county official, elective or appointed, firm, association, or corporation which violates a provision of this section or a resolution of the county board adopted under this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

All fines imposed and collected by a court for violations of the regulations shall be remitted by the court to the treasurer of the county within 30 days after the collection of the fine.

**History:** 1963 c 163 s 1; 1984 c 629 s 1

NOTE: Applicable to St. Louis county. See Laws 1965, Chapter 112.

## 373.27 GREAT RIVER ROAD, FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.

Subdivision 1. The county board of any county lying adjacent to the great river road or through which the great river road passes, may grant to the Mississippi river parkway commission of Minnesota, the commissioner of transportation, or the commissioner of natural resources the money it deems advisable, for the following purposes:

- (a) To promote and develop the great river road in Minnesota;
- (b) To pay actual expenses of commission members incurred in the performance of their duties as commissioners;
- (c) To purchase stationery and office supplies;
- (d) To pay dues to the national Mississippi river parkway commission; and
- (e) To purchase lands and interests in lands including scenic easements, in addition to the normal right of way required for the great river road.

Lands and interests in lands purchased may include parkway features such as lands necessary for recreation, safety rest areas, and the conservation of natural scenic beauty, including submarginal lands, faces of adjacent hillsides, lakeshore and river banks, swamps and residual parcels and areas of historical, archeological or scientific interest, in accordance with the joint report to congress and the plan proposed by the state and approved by the secretary of commerce and the secretary of the interior.

Subd. 2. County grants may come from any money available in the county treasury and the county may levy a tax upon the taxable property in the county to make the grants authorized by this section.

Subd. 3. All money grants under subdivision 1 shall be deposited in the general fund in the state treasury in a special account in the name of the commission or commissioner named in subdivision 1 to whom it was granted and is appropriated to the commission or commissioner for the purposes specified in the grant. The money shall not cancel but shall remain available until expended for the purpose or purposes for which it was granted. If no specific purpose is named in the grant, the



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money shall be available to the commission or commissioner for any of the purposes set forth in subdivision 1.

**History:** 1963 c 169 s 1,2; 1965 c 237 s 1; 1969 c 399 s 49; 1969 c 1129 art 3 s 1; 1973 c 583 s 21,22; 1976 c 166 s 7; 1984 c 629 s 1

NOTE: See sections 161.1419 to 161.148.

**373.28** [Repealed, 1984 c 629 s 4]

## **373.30 CHANGE IN POPULATION OF POPULOUS COUNTIES, APPLICATION OF STATUTES.**

A county with a population according to the 1960 federal census of less than 100,000 which has a population of over 100,000 according to the 1970 federal census may continue to use authorities granted to counties of under 100,000 population notwithstanding the change in population. Statutory limitations and mandatory provisions of law relating to counties of over 100,000 population shall not apply to counties which had a population according to the 1960 federal census of less than 100,000 population. Statutory limitations and mandatory provisions of law applicable to counties of under 100,000 shall continue to apply to counties which according to the 1960 federal census had less than 100,000 and which according to the 1970 federal census have a population in excess of 100,000. Application of legislation passed in 1969 or later shall not be affected by this section.

**History:** 1969 c 254 s 1; 1984 c 629 s 1

## **373.31 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS WITH SUBDIVISIONS AND CORPORATIONS OF OTHER STATES.**

Subdivision 1. A county or two or more adjacent counties may make an agreement with contiguous political subdivisions of an adjacent state, with nonprofit corporations, or both, to improve the economic development of the area.

Subd. 2. Notwithstanding any law, the county board of any county may appropriate from the general revenue fund a sum not to exceed one-thirtieth of a mill on the dollar of the taxable valuation of the county to carry out the purposes of this section.

**History:** 1971 c 452 s 1; 1973 c 773 s 1; 1984 c 593 s 38; 1984 c 629 s 1

## **373.32 LICENSE BUREAU AUTHORIZED.**

Any county may establish a county license bureau. The license bureau may be located in the county seat or at another location or locations the county board designates.

**History:** 1973 c 675 s 1; 1984 c 629 s 1

## **373.33 STATE LICENSES MAY BE ISSUED.**

A county license bureau may issue, process or assist in preparing an application for any license or permit issued by the state or a state official including but not limited to game and fish, trapping, wild rice harvest, motor vehicle, manufactured home, trailer, snowmobile, water craft or drivers license or as many of the licenses as designated by the county board. This authority does not include the issuance of marriage licenses. The county board may delegate the responsibility for the issuance of any county license or permit to the county license bureau.

**History:** 1973 c 675 s 2; 1981 c 365 s 9; 1984 c 629 s 1

**373.34 IMPLEMENTATION, NOTICE.**

Subdivision 1. Sections 373.32 to 373.37 shall be operative in a county when the county board passes a resolution declaring its intent to proceed under the sections and establish a bureau. The resolution establishing a county license bureau shall take effect when the county board designates but not less than 30 days after the date of the adoption of the resolution.

Subd. 2. A resolution establishing a county license bureau shall not be valid unless a notice of intention to adopt the resolution has been mailed by the clerk of the county board to each state department having responsibility for the issuance of a state license not less than 20 days before the date of the meeting at which the adoption of the resolution is to be considered. A similar notice shall be delivered by the clerk of the county board to the deputy registrar of motor vehicles for the county and to each county officer having the authority to issue, process or assist in the preparation of an application for the issuance of any license not less than ten days before the date of the meeting.

*History: 1973 c 675 s 3; 1984 c 629 s 1*

**373.35 DIRECTOR OF BUREAU.**

Subdivision 1. The county auditor shall serve as the director of the county license bureau or, if he chooses not to serve, the county board shall appoint any other county officer or employee, or any other person, to serve as the director upon the terms and conditions the county board deems advisable. The county board shall set the compensation of the director and may provide for the expenses of the office including the premium of any bond required to be furnished by the director. The director shall have the powers and duties imposed on the county officer who previously had the authority to issue or process the application for any license referred to in section 373.32.

Notwithstanding section 168.33, subdivision 2, the commissioner of public safety may appoint, and for cause discontinue, the director as the deputy registrar of motor vehicles in the county. If appointed a deputy registrar he shall have the same authority as a county auditor to appoint one or more deputy registrars as provided in section 168.33, subdivision 2.

Subd. 2. The director shall be responsible for all funds in his custody as director of the license bureau and shall deposit them in the county treasury, a state depository or forward the funds to the appropriate state official as provided by law or rule or as designated by the county board consistent with applicable statutes and rules. The director or an employee in the bureau may not retain any portion of the fee charged by law or any surcharge upon the license or application. The sole compensation shall be the salary provided by the county board.

*History: 1973 c 675 s 4; 1976 c 281 s 3; 1984 c 629 s 1*

**373.36** [Repealed, 1976 c 281 s 7]

**373.37 TERMINATION OF BUREAU.**

A county license bureau may be terminated in the same manner provided in section 373.34 to establish a license bureau. Duties and responsibilities assigned to the director of the license bureau shall then be vested in the officer or person who has responsibility for the function as provided by other law at the time of the termination.

*History: 1973 c 675 s 6; 1984 c 629 s 1*

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## **373.38 BUSINESS HOURS.**

County license bureaus shall maintain hours to best serve the public. They shall be open to the public each week for at least three hours one evening after 5:00 p.m. or on Saturday.

**History:** 1973 c 675 s 7; 1984 c 629 s 1

## **373.39 EXPENDITURES FOR FIRE PROTECTION AND COMMUNITY PROJECTS.**

Any county located outside the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, may appropriate moneys from its general fund or expend funds received from the federal government under the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972 (Title 1, Public Law 92-512) to make grants to cities and towns within the county to be used to provide fire protection, including the construction and equipping of local fire departments, or for other community projects. The grants may be terminated upon expiration of the federal act.

**History:** 1976 c 144 s 1; 1984 c 629 s 1