# CHAPTER 2 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

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# COUNTIES

#### 2.01 NAMES AND BOUNDARIES.

The state is divided into the several counties named in the following schedule, the boundaries whereof, except as changed or established by vote of the people since the year 1892, are as fixed by the several laws referred to in the schedule after their respective names. The laws so referred to are hereby continued in force so far as they relate to the fixing of county lines at the respective dates of their passage.

#### **SCHEDULE**

Aitkin (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 2; 1871 c. 96; Sp. L. 1872 c. 145; 1887 c. 117); Anoka (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 4; Id. s. 36; Const. art. 11, s. 7); Becker (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 5); Beltrami (1866 c. 46; 1879 c. 10 s. 1; 1889 c. 75 s. 1); (Lake of the Woods County formed therefrom 1922); Benton (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 6); Big Stone (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 7; Sp. L. 1876 c. 159); Blue Earth (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 8); Brown (1865 c. 71 s. 3; G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 9); Carlton (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 10); Carver (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 11); Cass (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 12; 1883 c. 78 s. 1, 1887 c. 116 s. 1, c. 117 s. 1, c. 118 s. 1; 1889 c. 75 s. 2); Chippewa (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 13; 1868 c. 113 s. 1); Chisago (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 14); Clay (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 15); Clearwater (formed by

popular vote); Cook (1874 c. 100 s. 1); Cottonwood (1865 c. 71 s. 2; G.S. 1866 c. 16); Crow Wing (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 17; 1887 c. 118 s. 2); Dakota (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 18; 1871 c. 97 s. 1; 1874 c. 101 s. 1); Dodge (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 19); Douglas (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 20); Faribault (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 21); Fillmore (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 22); Freeborn (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 23); Goodhue (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 24); Grant (1868 c. 109 s. 5); Hennepin (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 25); Houston (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 26); Hubbard (1883 c. 78 s. 1); Isanti (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 27); Itasca (G.S. 1866 28; 1871 c. 96; 1887 c. 116 s. 1); (Koochiching County formed therefrom 1906); Jackson (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 29); Kanabec (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 30); Kandiyohi (G.S. 1866 c. 8 ss. 31, 41; 1870 c. 92 s. 1); Kittson (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 49; 1878 c. 59 s. 1; 1879 c. 10 s. 2); Koochiching (formed by popular vote 1906); Lac qui Parle (1871 c. 100 s. 1); Lake (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 33; 1874 c. 100 s. 1; 1895 c. 248); Lake of the Woods (formed by popular vote 1922); Le Sueur (Sts. 1849-58 c. 1 s. 71; G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 34); Lincoln (1873 c. 92 s. 1); Lyon (1868 c. 112 s. 1; 1869 c. 94 s. 1; 1873 c. 92 s. 1); McLeod (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 38); Mahnomen (formed by popular vote 1906); Marshall (1879 c. 10 s. 3; 1883 c. 81 s. 1); Martin (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 37); Meeker (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 39; 1870 c. 97 s. 1); Mille Lacs (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 40); Morrison (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 42; 1867 c. 116 s. 1; 1870 c. 98 s. 1); Mower (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 43); Murray (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 44); Nicollet (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 45); Nobles (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 46); Norman (1881 c. 92 s. 1); (Mahnomen County formed therefrom 1906); Olmsted (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 47); Otter Tail (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 48; 1872 c. 87 s. 1); Pennington (formed by popular vote 1910); Pine (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 50); Pipestone (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 51); Polk (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 52; 1866 c. 46 s. 1; 1881 c. 92 s. 1); Pope (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 53; 1866 c. 44 s. 1); Ramsey (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 54; 1874 c. 101 s. 1); Red Lake (formed by popular vote); (Pennington County formed therefrom 1910); Redwood (1865 c. 71 s. 1; G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 55; 1869 c. 94 s. 1; 1871 c. 98 s. 1; 1871 c. 100 s. 1; 1873 c. 92 s. 1); Renville (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 56; 1866 c. 43 s. 1; 1868 c. 10 s. 1; 1870 c. 97 s. 1); Rice (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 57); Rock (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 58); Roseau (formed by popular vote); St. Louis (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 59; 1895 c. 248); Scott (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 60; 1871 c. 97 s. 1; Sp. L. 1870 c. 2 subd. 1; Sp. L. 1875 c. 6 subd. 1 s. 2); Sherburne (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 61); Sibley (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 62); Stearns (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 63; 1870 c. 98 s. 1; 1874 c. 102 s. 1); Steele (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 64); Stevens (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 55; 1868 c. 109 s. 1); Swift (1870 c. 90 s. 1); Todd (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 66; 1867 c. 116 s. 2; 1868 c. 114 s. 1; 1874 c. 102 s. 1); Traverse (1881 c. 130 s. 1); Wabasha (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 68); Wadena (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 69); Waseca (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 70); Washington (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 71); Watonwan (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 72); Wilkin (1872 c. 83 s. 1); Winona (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 73); Wright (G.S. 1866 c. 8 s. 74); Yellow Medicine (1871 c. 98 s. 1).

NOTE: As to Big Stone and Lac qui Parle counties, see Laws 1937, Chapter 423, Section 1 as amended by Laws 1977, Chapter 48 and Laws 1979, Chapter 154, Sections 1 and 2.

**History:**  $RL \ s \ 5 \ (7)$ 

#### LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS

2.02 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.02 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.021 NUMBER OF MEMBERS.

For each legislature, until a new apportionment shall have been made, the senate is composed of 67 members and the house of representatives is composed of 135 members.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 1

#### 2.031 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

2.03	MS 1957	[Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.03	MS 1961	[Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.031 APPORTIONMENT.

Subdivision 1. The representatives in the senate and house of representatives are apportioned throughout the state in 67 legislative districts.

Subd. 2. The term "county, town or township, city, ward, precinct or election precinct" when used in a description of a district which is apportioned by this act means a geographical area established as such by law and as it existed on the date this act became effective.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 2; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.04 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.04 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1961 c 1 s 71]

# 2.041 FIRST DISTRICT.

The first legislative district consists of the counties of Houston and Fillmore and that part of the county of Winona consisting of the towns of Warren, Wilson, Homer, Richmond, Hart, Wiscoy, Pleasant Hill, New Hartford, and Dresbach and the city of Dakota and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 1A. The county of Fillmore is entitled to elect one representative.
- 1B. That part of the first legislative district not included in paragraph 1A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 3; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.05 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.05 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.051 SECOND DISTRICT.

The second legislative district consists of the county of Wabasha and that part of Winona county not included in the first legislative district and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 2A. That part of Winona county consisting of the cities of Winona and Goodview and the town of Winona is entitled to elect one representative.
- 2B. That part of the second legislative district not included in paragraph 2A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 4; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.06 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.06 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.061 THIRD DISTRICT.

The third legislative district consists of the counties of Steele, Dodge, and that part of Olmsted county consisting of the towns of Farmington, Oronoco, New Haven, Kalmar, Salem, Rock Dell, High Forest, Pleasant Grove, Orion, Elmira, Dover and Quincy and the cities of Byron, Stewartville and Dover, and that part of the city of Chatfield in Olmsted county and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 3A. The county of Steele is entitled to elect one representative.
- 3B. That part of the third legislative district not included in paragraph 3A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 5; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.07 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.07 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.071 FOURTH DISTRICT.

The fourth legislative district is composed of that part of Olmsted county consisting of the cities of Rochester and Eyota and the towns of Cascade, Haverhill, Viola, Eyota, Marion and Rochester and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 6; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.08 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.08 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.081 FIFTH DISTRICT.

The fifth legislative district consists of the county of Mower and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 5A. The city of Austin, except the third precinct of the second ward, is entitled to elect one representative.
- 5B. That part of the fifth legislative district not included in paragraph 5A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 7

2.09 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

**2.09** MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.091 SIXTH DISTRICT.

The sixth legislative district consists of Goodhue county and that part of Dakota county not included in the twelfth legislative district and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 6A. That part of the sixth legislative district in Dakota county and that part of Goodhue county consisting of the city of Cannon Falls and the towns of Stanton, Cannon Falls, Vasa and Welch is entitled to elect one representative.
- 6B. That part of the sixth legislative district not included in paragraph 6A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 8

2.10 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.10 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.101 SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The seventh legislative district consists of the county of Rice and that part of Le Sueur county not included in the fourteenth legislative district and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

#### 2.101 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

- 7A. That part of Rice county consisting of the towns of Northfield, Wheeling and Cannon City, the cities of Northfield, Faribault, and Nerstrand and that part of the city of Dennison in Rice county is entitled to elect one representative.
- 7B. That part of the seventh legislative district not included in paragraph 7A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 9; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

- 2.11 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
- **2.11** MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.111 EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The eighth legislative district consists of the county of Washington, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 10

- 2.12 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
- **2.12** MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.121 NINTH DISTRICT.

The ninth legislative district consists of Waseca county and Freeborn county and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 9A. That part of Freeborn county consisting of the towns of Newry, Moscow, Oakland, London, Shell Rock, Hayward, Riceland, and Albert Lea, the city of Albert Lea, and the cities of Hollandale, Hayward, Glenville and Myrtle is entitled to elect one representative.
- 9B. That part of the ninth legislative district not included in paragraph 9A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 11; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

- 2.13 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
- 2.13 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.131 TENTH DISTRICT.

The tenth legislative district consists of the counties of Faribault and Martin, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 10A. The county of Faribault is entitled to elect one representative.
- 10B. The county of Martin is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 12

- **2.14** MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
- **2.14** MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.141 ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

The eleventh legislative district consists of the county of Blue Earth, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 11A. The city of Mankato, except the sixteenth precinct, is entitled to elect one representative.
- 11B. That part of Blue Earth county not included in paragraph 11A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 13

2.15	MS 1957	[Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.15	MS 1961	[Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.151 TWELFTH DISTRICT.

The twelfth legislative district consists of that part of Dakota county consisting of the towns of Eagan, Lebanon, and Rosemount; the cities of Burnsville, Inver Grove Heights, Sunfish Lake, Mendota Heights, Mendota, Lilydale, Rosemount, West St. Paul and South St. Paul and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 12A. That part of Dakota county consisting of the cities of South St. Paul and Inver Grove Heights is entitled to elect one representative.
- 12B. That part of the twelfth legislative district not included in paragraph 12A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 14; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.16 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]2.16 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.161 THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

The thirteenth legislative district consists of that part of Wright county not included in legislative district sixteen and that part of Hennepin county consisting of the towns of Hassan, Champlin, and Dayton, and the cities of Rogers, Champlin, Greenfield, Corcoran, Maple Grove, Osseo, Brooklyn Park, Independence, Maple Plain, Loretto, Medina, Minnetrista, St. Bonifacius, and those parts of the cities of Rockford, Dayton and Hanover lying in Hennepin county and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 13A. That part of the thirteenth legislative district lying in Hennepin county is entitled to elect one representative.
- 13B. That part of the thirteenth legislative district not included in paragraph 13A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 15; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.17 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.17 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.171 FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

The fourteenth legislative district consists of the counties of Carver, Scott, and that part of LeSueur county consisting of the towns of Tyrone, Derrynane, Lanesburgh, and Montgomery; the cities of Heidelberg, LeSueur, Montgomery, and that part of the city of New Prague in LeSueur county, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 14A. The county of Carver and that part of the county of Scott consisting of the towns of Jackson and Louisville and the city of Shakopee is entitled to elect one representative.
- 14B. That part of the fourteenth legislative district not included in paragraph 14A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 16; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

#### 2.181 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

2.18	MS 1957	[Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.18	MS 1961	[Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.181 FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

The fifteenth legislative district consists of the counties of Nicollet, McLeod, and Sibley, and is entitled to elect one senator and three representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 15A. The county of McLeod, except the towns of Penn and Round Grove, and the city of Stewart is entitled to elect one representative.
- 15B. The county of Sibley, and that part of the county of McLeod consisting of the towns of Penn and Round Grove, and the city of Stewart, and that part of the county of Nicollet consisting of the towns of Lafayette, West Newton and Ridgely, and the city of Lafayette is entitled to elect one representative.
- 15C. That part of the county of Nicollet not included in paragraph 15B is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 17; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.19 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.19 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.191 SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

The sixteenth legislative district consists of the counties of Renville, Meeker and that part of Wright county consisting of the towns of Southside, French Lake, Cokato and Stockholm, and the cities of Cokato and South Haven and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

16A. The county of Renville is entitled to elect one representative.

16B. That part of the sixteenth legislative district not included in paragraph 16A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 18; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.20 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.20 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.201 SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

The seventeenth legislative district consists of the counties of Brown and Redwood, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

17A. The county of Redwood and that part of the county of Brown consisting of the towns of Eden and Prairieville and the cities of Cobden and Evan is entitled to elect one representative.

17B. That part of the county of Brown not included in paragraph 17A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 19; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.21 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]2.21 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.211 EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

The eighteenth legislative district consists of the counties of Cottonwood, Jackson and Watonwan, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 18A. The county of Jackson, and that part of the county of Cottonwood consisting of the towns of Great Bend, Lakeside and Mountain Lake, the cities of Windom, Bingham Lake and Mountain Lake are entitled to elect one representative.
- 18B. The county of Watonwan, and that part of the county of Cottonwood not included in paragraph 18A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 20; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.22 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.22 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.221 NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

The nineteenth legislative district consists of the counties of Murray, Nobles and Rock, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

19A. The county of Nobles is entitled to elect one representative.

19B. The counties of Rock and Murray is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 21

2.23 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.23 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.231 TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

The twentieth legislative district consists of the counties of Lincoln, Lyon, and Pipestone, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

20A. The counties of Pipestone and Lincoln is entitled to elect one representative.

20B. The county of Lyon is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 22

2.24 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.24 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.241 TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

The twenty-first legislative district consists of the counties of Chisago and Isanti, and that part of the county of Anoka consisting of the towns of Columbus, Linwood, Ham Lake, Grow, Oak Grove, Burns, and Ramsey, and the cities of St. Francis, East Bethel, Bethel, Anoka and that part of the city of Coon Rapids situated west of a line commencing at the north city limits and the center line of Hanson Boulevard, extending southerly on Hanson Boulevard and Hanson Boulevard extended to the main channel of the Mississippi River, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 21A. That part of the county of Anoka included in this section is entitled to elect one representative.
- 21B. The counties of Chisago and Isanti are entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 23; 1967 c 264 s 1; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

#### 2.251 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

2.25	MS 1957	[Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.25	MS 1961	[Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.251 TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

The twenty-second legislative district consists of the counties of Chippewa, Yellow Medicine and Lac qui Parle and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 22A. The county of Chippewa and that part of Lac qui Parle county consisting of the towns of Hantho, Lac qui Parle, Camp Release, Ten Mile Lake, Baxter, Cerro Gordo, and Lake Shore, the cities of Louisburg and Boyd, and that part of the city of Granite Falls in Yellow Medicine county is entitled to elect one representative.
- 22B. That part of the twenty-second legislative district not included in paragraph 22A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 24; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.26 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.26 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

## 2.261 TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

The twenty-third legislative district consists of the counties of Kandiyohi and Swift and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 23A. The county of Swift and that part of the county of Kandiyohi consisting of the towns of Norway Lake, Arctander, Mamre, Colfax, Lake Andrew, Dovre, Burbank and Roseville, and the cities of Regal and Sunberg is entitled to elect one representative.
- 23B. That part of the county of Kandiyohi not included in paragraph 23A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 25; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.27 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.27 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.271 TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

The twenty-fourth legislative district consists of the counties of Big Stone, Grant, Pope, Traverse, and Stevens, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

24A. The counties of Pope and Stevens is entitled to elect one representative.

24B. The counties of Big Stone, Grant, and Traverse is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 26

2.28 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]2.28 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.281 TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

The twenty-fifth legislative district consists of the counties of Pine, Kanabec, Mille Lacs, and Sherburne, except the city of St. Cloud, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

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The representative districts are divided as follows:

25A. The counties of Pine and Kanabec is entitled to elect one representative.

25B. That part of the twenty-fifth legislative district not included in paragraph 25A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 27

2.29 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]2.29 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.291 TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

The twenty-sixth legislative district consists of the county of Stearns except the city of St. Cloud, the towns of LeSauk and Brockway, the city of St. Stephens and that part of the city of Sartell in the county of Stearns and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

26A. That part of the county of Stearns consisting of the towns of Eden Lake, Luxemburg, Maine Prairie, Fairhaven, Lynden, St. Augusta, Rockville, Wakefield, Munson, Farming, Collegeville, St. Joseph, St. Cloud, and St. Wendel, the cities of Kimball Prairie, Rockville, Cold Spring, Richmond, Roscoe, Pleasant Lake, St. Joseph, Waite Park, and that part of the city of Eden Valley in the county of Stearns is entitled to elect one representative.

26B. That part of the twenty-sixth legislative district not included in paragraph 26A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 28; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.30 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

**2.30** MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.301 TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The twenty-seventh legislative district consists of the city of Bloomington in Hennepin county and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

27A. That part of the city of Bloomington consisting of precincts 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, and 11 is entitled to elect one representative.

27B. That part of the city of Bloomington consisting of precincts 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 12, 13, and 14 is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 29

2.31 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.31 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.311 TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The twenty-eighth legislative district consists of that part of the county of Hennepin consisting of the city of Richfield and the eighth precinct of the city of Edina, the Fort Snelling Reservation and any part of the area included in the Minneapolis-St. Paul International airport not a part of an incorporated municipality, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

28A. Precinct 8 of the city of Edina, and that part of the city of Richfield lying west of the following described line: Commencing at the northerly boundary

of the city of Richfield at its intersection with the railway tracks of the Minneapolis, Northfield, and Southern railway, then southerly along the railway right of way to 70th Street, thence easterly along 70th Street to Blaisdell Avenue, thence southerly along Blaisdell Avenue extended and Blaisdell Avenue and Blaisdell Avenue extended to 78th Street, or Highway No. 494, the southerly boundary of the city of Richfield; and is entitled to elect one representative.

28B. That part of the twenty-eighth legislative district not included in paragraph 28A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 30; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.32 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.32 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.321 TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

The twenty-ninth legislative district consists of that part of the county of Hennepin consisting of the city of Eden Prairie, the city of Edina except precinct 8, the city of Morningside, that part of the city of Minnetonka consisting of precincts 4, 5, 6 and 7, any part of the city of Chanhassen in Hennepin county, and the city of Hopkins and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

29A. The city of Morningside and the city of Edina except precinct eight is entitled to elect one representative.

29B. That part of the twenty-ninth legislative district not included in paragraph 29A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 31; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.33 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

**2.33** MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.331 THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

The thirtieth legislative district consists of that part of the county of Hennepin consisting of the city of St. Louis Park and that part of the city of Golden Valley south of Trunk Highway 55 and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

30A. That part of the city of Golden Valley south of Trunk Highway 55 and ward 1, and precincts 1, 2, 4 and 5 of ward 4 of the city of St. Louis Park is entitled to elect one representative.

30B. That part of the thirtieth legislative district not included in paragraph 30A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 32; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.34 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

**2.34** MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.341 THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

The thirty-first legislative district consists of that part of the county of Hennepin consisting of the cities of Robbinsdale and Crystal and that part of the city of Golden Valley lying north of Trunk Highway 55 and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 31A. The city of Crystal is entitled to elect one representative.
- 31B. That part of the thirty-first legislative district not included in paragraph 31A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 33; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.35 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.35 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.351 THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

The thirty-second legislative district consists of that part of the county of Hennepin consisting of the city of Brooklyn Center, that part of the county of Anoka consisting of the city of Columbia Heights, the city of Hilltop, and precinct 3 of ward 3 of the city of Fridley, and that part of the counties of Hennepin and Ramsey consisting of the city of St. Anthony and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

32A. The city of Brooklyn Center is entitled to elect one representative.

32B. That part of the thirty-second legislative district not included in paragraph 32A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 34; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.36 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

**2.36** MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.361 THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

The thirty-third legislative district consists of that part of the county of Hennepin consisting of the cities of Wayzata, Minnetonka Beach, Mound, Spring Park, Orono, Long Lake, Tonka Bay, Shorewood, Excelsior, Greenwood, Deephaven, Woodland, Plymouth, Medicine Lake, New Hope and that part of the city of Minnetonka consisting of precincts 1, 2, and 3 and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

33A. The cities of New Hope, Plymouth, Medicine Lake, that part of the city of Minnetonka consisting of precincts 1, 2, and 3 is entitled to elect one representative.

33B. That part of the thirty-third legislative district not included in paragraph 33A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 35; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.37 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.37 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

## 2.371 THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

The thirty-fourth legislative district consists of that part of the city of Minneapolis consisting of precincts 11 through 14 of the second ward, precinct 14 of the ninth ward, precincts 1 through 16 of the twelfth ward, and precinct 12 of the eleventh ward and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 36

**2.38** MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

**2.38** MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.381 THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

The thirty-fifth legislative district consists of that part of the city of Minneapolis consisting of precincts 8 through 16 of the eighth ward, precincts 10 through 12 of the ninth ward, and precincts 2 through 5, 7 through 11, and precincts 14, 15, and 16 of the eleventh ward, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 37

2.39 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.39 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.391 THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

The thirty-sixth legislative district consists of that part of the city of Minneapolis consisting of precincts 7, 10 and 13 through 16 of the seventh ward, precincts 4 through 7 of the eighth ward, precincts 1 through 11 of the tenth ward, and precincts 1 and 2 of the thirteenth ward, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 38

2.40 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.40 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.401 THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The thirty-seventh legislative district consists of that part of the city of Minneapolis consisting of precincts 12 through 15 of the tenth ward, precincts 1, 6 and 13 of the eleventh ward, and precincts 3 through 18 of the thirteenth ward, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 39

2.41 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.41 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.411 THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The thirty-eighth legislative district consists of that part of the city of Minneapolis consisting of precincts 10 through 12 of the fifth ward, precincts 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 16, and 18 of the sixth ward, precincts 1 through 6, 8, 9, 11, and 12 of the seventh ward, and precincts 1 through 3 of the eighth ward, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 40

2.42 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.42 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.421 THIRTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

The thirty-ninth legislative district consists of that part of the city of Minneapolis consisting of precincts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12 and 13 of the fourth ward, and precincts 1 through 8 of the fifth ward, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 41

2.43 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.43 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.431 FORTIETH DISTRICT.

The fortieth legislative district consists of that part of the city of Minneapolis consisting of precincts 1 and 4 of the first ward, precincts 1 through 14 of the third ward, precincts 6 and 10 of the fourth ward, and precinct 9 of the fifth ward, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 42

2.44 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
 2.44 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.441 FORTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

The forty-first legislative district consists of that part of the city of Minneapolis consisting of precincts 2, 3, and 5 through 11 of the first ward, and precincts 1 through 9 of the second ward, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 43

2.45 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
 2.45 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.451 FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

The forty-second legislative district consists of that part of the city of Minneapolis consisting of precinct 10 of the second ward, precincts 3, 4, 8 through 15, 17, 19, and 20 of the sixth ward, and precincts 1 through 9 and 13 of the ninth ward, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 44

2.46 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.46 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.461 FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

The forty-third legislative district consists of that part of the city of St. Paul described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the east city limits and the center line of East Minnehaha Avenue, extending westerly along the center line of East Minnehaha Avenue to the center line of Earl Street, extending northerly along the center line of Earl Street to the Northern Pacific Railway right of way, extending westerly and southwesterly along the Northern Pacific Railway right of way and the Northern Pacific Railway right of way extended, to the main channel of the Mississippi River, extending southwesterly along the main channel of the Mississippi River to the point of its intersection with the center line of Eagle Street extended, extending northwesterly along the center line of Eagle Street extended and Eagle Street to the center line of Kellogg Boulevard, extending northwesterly along the center line of Kellogg Boulevard to the center line of the Irvine Avenue, extending southwesterly along the center line of Irvine Avenue to the center line of Western Avenue, extending southerly along the center line of Western Avenue and Western Avenue extended to the main channel of the Mississippi River, extending southwesterly along the main channel of the Mississippi River to Annapolis Street extended, extending easterly along the center line of Annapolis Street extended and the south city limits, and the south city limits extended to the main channel of the Mississippi River, extending southerly along the main channel of the Mississippi River to the south Ramsey County line, extending easterly along the south Ramsey County line to the east city limits of the city of St. Paul, extending northerly along the east city limits to the point of beginning, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

#### 2.461 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

The representative districts are divided as follows:

43A. That portion of the forty-third legislative district situated west of a line commencing at the easterly extension of Annapolis Street and the main channel of the Mississippi River, and extending northerly and northwesterly along the main channel of the Mississippi River to the Northern Pacific Railway right of way extended is entitled to elect one representative.

43B. That portion of the forty-third legislative district not included in paragraph 43A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 45

2.47 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.47 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.471 FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

The forty-fourth legislative district consists of that part of the city of St. Paul described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the north city limits and the center line of Mississippi Street, extending southerly along the center line of Mississippi Street to the center line of East Minnehaha Avenue extended, extending easterly along the center line of East Minnehaha Avenue extended, and East Minnehaha Avenue to the Northern Pacific Railway right of way, extending northerly and easterly along the Northern Pacific Railway right of way to the center line of Earl Street, extending southerly along the center line of Earl Street to the center line of East Minnehaha Avenue, extending easterly along the center line of East Minnehaha Avenue to the city limits, extending northerly along the east city limits to the north city limits, extending westerly along the north city limits to the point of beginning, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

44A. That portion of the forty-fourth legislative district situated west of a line commencing at the intersection of the Northern Pacific Railway right of way and the center line of Earl Street, and extending northerly along the Northern Pacific Railway right of way to the center line of East Arlington Avenue, extending westerly along the center line of East Arlington Avenue to the center line of East Shore Drive, and extending northerly along the center line of East Shore Drive to the north city limits is entitled to elect one representative.

44B. That portion of the forty-fourth legislative district not included in paragraph 44A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 46

2.48 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.48 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.481 FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

The forty-fifth legislative district consists of that portion of the city of St. Paul described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the north city limits and the center line of Mississippi Street, extending southerly along the center line of Mississippi Street to the center line of East Minnehaha Avenue extended, extending easterly along the center line of East Minnehaha Avenue extended and East Minnehaha Avenue to the Northern Pacific Railway right of way, extending southerly along the Northern Pacific Railway right of way and the Northern Pacific Railway right of way extended to the main channel of the Mississippi River, extending southwesterly along the main channel of the Mississippi River to the center line of Eagle Street extended, extending northwesterly along the center line of Eagle Street extended and Eagle Street to the center line of Kellogg

Boulevard, extending northwesterly along the center line of Kellogg Boulevard to the center line of Irvine Avenue, extending southwesterly along the center line of Irvine Avenue to the center line of Western Avenue, extending northerly along the center line of Western Avenue to the center line of St. Anthony Avenue, extending westerly along the center line of St. Anthony Avenue to the center line of Mackubin Street, extending northerly along the center line of Mackubin Street to the center line of West Minnehaha Avenue, extending westerly along the center line of West Minnehaha Avenue to the center line of North Albert Street, extending northerly along the center line of North Albert Street to the center line of DeCourcy Drive, extending easterly along the center line of DeCourcy Drive to the center line of Lexington Parkway, extending northerly along the center line of Lexington Parkway to the Northern Pacific Railway right of way, extending easterly along the Northern Pacific Railway right of way to the center line of Como Place, extending northerly along the center line of Como Place and Como Place extended to the center line of East Como Boulevard, extending northerly along the center line of East Como Boulevard to the center line of North Victoria Street, extending northerly along the center line of North Victoria Street to the north city limits, extending easterly along the north city limits to the point of beginning, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 45A. That portion of the forty-fifth legislative district situated north and west of a line commencing at the intersection of the center lines of Mississippi Street and West Magnolia Avenue and extending westerly along the center line of West Magnolia Avenue to the center line of Rice Street, extending southerly along the center line of Rice Street to the center line of West Minnehaha Avenue extended, extending westerly along the center line of West Minnehaha Avenue extended and West Minnehaha Avenue to the center line of Mackubin Street is entitled to elect one representative.
- 45B. That portion of the forty-fifth legislative district not included in paragraph 45A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 47

2.49 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.49 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.491 FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

The forty-sixth legislative district consists of that part of the city of St. Paul described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Interstate Highway 35E and the main channel of the Mississippi River and extending northerly along the center line of Interstate Highway 35E to the center line of Milton Street, extending northerly along the center line of Milton Street to the center line of Hague Avenue, extending westerly along the center line of Hague Avenue to the center line of North Albert Street, extending northerly along the center line of North Albert Street, North Albert Street extended, and North Albert Street to the center line of West Minnehaha Avenue, extending easterly along the center line of West Minnehaha Avenue to the center line of Mackubin Street, extending southerly along the center line of Mackubin Street to the center line of St. Anthony Avenue, extending easterly along the center line of St. Anthony Avenue to the center line of Western Avenue, extending southerly along the center line of Western Avenue and Western Avenue extended, to the main channel of the Mississippi River, extending southwesterly along the main channel of the Mississippi River to the point of beginning, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

#### 2.491 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

- 46A. That portion of the forty-sixth legislative district situated south of a line commencing at the intersection of the center lines of Milton Street and Hague Avenue, extending northerly along the center line of Milton Street to the center line of Dayton Avenue, and extending easterly along the center line of Dayton Avenue to the center line of Western Avenue is entitled to elect one representative.
- 46B. That portion of the forty-sixth legislative district not included in paragraph 46A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 48

2.50 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.50 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.501 FORTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The forty-seventh legislative district consists of that part of the city of St. Paul described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the main channel of the Mississippi River and the center line of Interstate Highway 35E and extending northerly along the center line of Interstate Highway 35E to the center line of Milton Street, extending northerly along the center line of Milton Street to the center line of Hague Avenue, extending westerly along the center line of Hague Avenue to the center line of Snelling Avenue, extending southerly along the center line of Snelling Avenue and St. Clair Avenue extended to the main channel of the Mississippi River, extending southerly and easterly along the main channel of the Mississippi River to the point of beginning, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

47A. That portion of the forty-seventh legislative district situated west of a line commencing at the intersection of the center lines of Snelling Avenue and St. Clair Avenue and extending southerly along the center line of Snelling Avenue to the center line of Montreal Avenue, extending westerly along the center line of Montreal Avenue to the center line of Davern Street, and extending southerly along the center line of Davern Street and Davern Street extended to the main channel of the Mississippi River is entitled to elect one representative.

47B. That portion of the forty-seventh legislative district not included in paragraph 47A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 49

2.51 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.51 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.511 FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The forty-eighth legislative district consists of that part of the city of St. Paul described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the main channel of the Mississippi River and St. Clair Avenue extended, extending easterly along the center line of St. Clair Avenue extended and St. Clair Avenue to the center line of Snelling Avenue, extending northerly along the center line of Snelling Avenue to the center line of Hague Avenue, extending easterly along the center line of Hague Avenue to the center line of North Albert Street, extending northerly along the center line of North Albert Street extended and North Albert Street to the center line of DeCourcy Drive, extending easterly along the center line of DeCourcy Drive to the center line of Lexington Parkway, extending northerly along the center line of Lexington Parkway to the Northern Pacific Railway right of way, extending easterly along the Northern Pacific Railway right

of way to the center line of Como Place, extending northerly along the center line of Como Place and Como Place extended to the center line of East Como Boulevard, extending northerly along the center line of East Como Boulevard to the center line of North Victoria Street, extending northerly along the center line of North Victoria Street to the north city limits, extending westerly along the north city limits to the west city limits, extending southerly along the west city limits to the point of beginning and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 48A. That portion of the forty-eighth legislative district situated north of a line commencing at the west city limits and the center line of University Avenue, and extending southeasterly and easterly to the center line of North Albert Street is entitled to elect one representative.
- 48B. That portion of the forty-eighth legislative district not included in paragraph 48A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 50

2.52 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.52 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.521 FORTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

The forty-ninth legislative district consists of that part of the county of Ramsey consisting of the cities of Falcon Heights, Lauderdale, Roseville, Arden Hills, New Brighton, and Shoreview, and any unorganized territory surrounded by Shoreview, Arden Hills, New Brighton, and Mounds View, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

49A. The cities of Arden Hills, New Brighton, and Shoreview, any unorganized territory surrounded by Shoreview, Arden Hills, New Brighton, and Mounds View, and that part of the city of Roseville lying west of the center line of Lexington Avenue and north of the center line of State Highway 36 is entitled to elect one representative.

49B. That part of the forty-ninth legislative district not included in paragraph 49A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 51; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.53 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.53 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.531 FIFTIETH DISTRICT.

The fiftieth legislative district consists of that part of the county of Ramsey consisting of the cities of North St. Paul, Maplewood, Gem Lake, Little Canada, North Oaks, Vadnais Heights, and White Bear Lake and the town of White Bear, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

50A. The cities of North St. Paul and Maplewood are entitled to elect one representative.

50B. That part of the fiftieth legislative district not included in paragraph 50A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 52; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.54 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.54 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.541 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

#### 2.541 FIFTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

The fifty-first legislative district consists of the county of Benton, that part of the city of St. Cloud located in Sherburne county, and that part of Stearns county consisting of the city of St. Cloud, the towns of Le Sauk and Brockway, the city of St. Stephens, and that part of the city of Sartell located in Stearns county, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 51A. That part of the city of St. Cloud located in Stearns county is entitled to elect one representative.
- 51B. That part of the fifty-first legislative district not included in paragraph 51A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 53; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.55 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.55 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.551 FIFTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

The fifty-second legislative district consists of the counties of Aitkin and Carlton and that part of Crow Wing county consisting of the towns of Little Pine, Ross Lake, Dean Lake, Rabbit Lake, Deerwood, Bay Lake, Nokay Lake, Irondale, Wolford, Perry Lake and Fairfield, and the cities of Emily, Deerwood, Cuyuna, Riverton, Ironton, Trommald, and Crosby and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 52A. The county of Aitkin, that part of Crow Wing county included in the district and that part of Carlton county consisting of the towns of Beseman, Lakeview, Automba, Split Rock, Kalevala, Silver, Skelton and Atkinson and the unorganized territory north of the towns of Automba, Kalevala, Skelton and Atkinson and the cities of Kettle River, Cromwell, and Wright are entitled to elect one representative.
- 52B. That part of the fifty-second legislative district not included in paragraph 52A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 54; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.56 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

**2.56** MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.561 FIFTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

The fifty-third legislative district consists of Morrison county and that part of Crow Wing county not included in the fifty-second legislative district and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 53A. The county of Morrison is entitled to elect one representative.
- 53B. That part of the fifty-third legislative district not included in paragraph 53A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 55

2.57 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.57 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.571 FIFTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

The fifty-fourth legislative district consists of the counties of Douglas, Todd, and Wadena, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

54A. The county of Douglas and that part of Todd county consisting of the towns of Wykeham, Burleene, Leslie, Gordon, West Union, Kandota, Little Sauk, Reynolds, Iona, Eagle Valley, and Birchdale, and the cities of West Union, Clarissa, Eagle Bend, and that part of the city of Osakis in Todd county is entitled to elect one representative.

54B. That part of the fifty-fourth legislative district not included in paragraph 54A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 56; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.58 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]

2.58 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.581 FIFTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

The fifty-fifth legislative district consists of the county of Otter Tail, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 57

2.59 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.59 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.591 FIFTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

The fifty-sixth legislative district consists of the counties of Clay and Wilkin, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

56A. That part of the county of Clay consisting of the towns of Oakport and Moorhead, the cities of Moorhead and Dilworth is entitled to elect one representative.

56B. The county of Wilkin, and that part of the county of Clay not included in paragraph 56A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 58; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.60 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]2.60 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

### 2.601 FIFTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The fifty-seventh legislative district consists of those parts of the counties of Anoka and Ramsey consisting of the city of Fridley except precinct 3 of ward 3, the cities of Spring Lake Park, Mounds View, Lino Lakes, Centerville, Circle Pines, Lexington and Blaine, and that part of the city of Coon Rapids lying east of a line commencing at the north city limits and the center line of Hanson Boulevard, extending southerly along Hanson Boulevard and Hanson Boulevard extended to the main channel of the Mississippi River and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

57A. The city of Fridley except precinct 3 of ward 3, and the cities of Spring Lake Park and Mounds View, and that part of the city of Blaine that is in Ramsey county, is entitled to elect one representative.

#### 2.601 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

57B. That part of the fifty-seventh legislative district not included in paragraph 57A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 59; 1967 c 264 s 2; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.61 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.61 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.611 FIFTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The fifty-eighth legislative district consists of the counties of Cass and Itasca, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

58A. The county of Cass and all that part of the county of Itasca described as follows: All that part west of the east town line of the town of Spang and the west town line of the towns of Harris, Grand Rapids, Arbo and Wabana, north of the north town lines of the towns of Wabana, Lawrence and Nashwauk is entitled to elect one representative.

58B. That part of the county of Itasca not included in paragraph 58A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 60

2.62 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.62 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.621 FIFTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

The fifty-ninth legislative district consists of that part of the county of St. Louis consisting of precincts 47 through 75 of the city of Duluth, the towns of Cotton, Northland, New Independence, Grand Lake, Industrial, Herman, Midway, Solway, Brevator, Stoney Brook, Culver, Alborn, Payne, Meadowlands, Ness, and Arrowhead, and the cities of Brookston, Meadowlands and Proctor, and the unorganized territory known as Township 53, Range 16 is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

59A. That part of the city of Duluth consisting of precincts 47 through 65 is entitled to elect one representative.

59B. That part of the city of Duluth consisting of precincts 66 through 75 and the remainder of the county of St. Louis included in this section is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 61; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.63 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.63 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.631 SIXTIETH DISTRICT.

The sixtieth legislative district consists of that part of the county of St. Louis consisting of the towns of Fredenberg, Canosia, Rice Lake, and Gnesen; the unorganized territory known as Township 53, Range 15, and Township 54 in Ranges 14 and 15, and that part of the city of Duluth consisting of precinct 9 and precincts 14 through 46 and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 62

2.64 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.64 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.641 SIXTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

The sixty-first legislative district consists of the counties of Cook and Lake and that part of the county of St. Louis consisting of the towns of Fairbanks, Ault, Alden, Normanna, Lakewood, and Duluth; the unorganized territory known as Township 54, Range 13, and precincts 1 through 8 and 10 through 13 of the city of Duluth and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

61A. The counties of Cook and Lake and that part of the county of St. Louis outside of the city of Duluth included in this legislative district, and that part of the city of Duluth consisting of precincts 6 and 7 is entitled to elect one representative.

61B. That part of the city of Duluth consisting of precincts 1 through 5, 8, and 10 through 13 is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 63

2.65 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.65 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.651 SIXTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

The sixty-second legislative district consists of that portion of the county of St. Louis described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the north county line and the east county line, extending southerly on the east county line to the northeast corner of the town of Fairbanks, extending westerly on the north town line of the town of Fairbanks to the west town line of the town of Fairbanks, extending southerly on the west town lines of the towns of Fairbanks and Ault to the southwest corner of the town of Ault, extending westerly across the unorganized territory from the southwest corner of the town of Ault to the southeast corner of the town of Ellsburg, extending westerly on the south town line of the town of Ellsburg to the west town line of the town of Ellsburg, extending northerly along the west town line of the town of Ellsburg, and the east town lines of McDavitt, Clinton and Nicholls, and the west town lines of the towns of Wouri and Sandy, and the east town lines of the towns of Angora, Owens, and Beatty, to the south town line of the town of Portage, extending easterly on the south town line of the town of Portage to the east town line of the town of Portage, extending northerly on the east town line of the town of Portage and the east town line of the town of Portage extended to the north county line of the county of St. Louis, extending easterly on the north county line to the point of beginning, and including the cities of Eveleth and Leonidas and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 64; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.66 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]2.66 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.661 SIXTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

The sixty-third legislative district consists of that part of the county of St. Louis situated west and north of the following described line: Commencing at the south county line of the county of St. Louis and the southeastern corner of the town of Fine Lakes, extending northerly along the east town lines of the towns of Fine Lakes, Floodwood, Van Buren and Elmer to the south town line of Toivola, extending easterly along the south town lines of Toivola and Kelsey to the west town line of the town of Cotton, extending northerly along the west town line of the towns of Cotton and Ellsburg, and the east town lines of McDavitt, Clinton

#### 2.661 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

and Nicholls, and the west town lines of the towns of Wouri and Sandy, and the east town lines of the towns of Angora, Owens, and Beatty, to the south town line of the town of Portage, extending easterly on the south town line of the town of Portage to the east town line of the town of Portage, extending northerly on the east town line of the town of Portage and the east town line of the town of Portage extended to the north county line of the county of St. Louis and excluding the cities of Eveleth and Leonidas and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 65; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.67 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]2.67 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.671 SIXTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

The sixty-fourth legislative district consists of the counties of Lake of the Woods, Koochiching, and Beltrami, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

64A. The county of Beltrami except the towns of Lee, Hamre, Steenerson, Minnie, Spruce Grove, and Benville and the unorganized territory in Beltrami county lying north of the towns described in this paragraph 64A is entitled to elect one representative.

64B. That part of the sixty-fourth legislative district not included in paragraph 64A is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 66

2.68 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.68 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.681 SIXTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

The sixty-fifth legislative district consists of the counties of Becker, Hubbard, Mahnomen and Clearwater, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

65A. The county of Becker is entitled to elect one representative.

65B. The counties of Hubbard, Mahnomen and Clearwater is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 67

2.69 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70] 2.69 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.691 SIXTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

The sixty-sixth legislative district consists of the counties of Norman, Polk, and Red Lake, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

66A. The county of Norman and that part of the county of Polk consisting of the towns of Johnson, Chester, Gully, Tynsid, Roome, Andover, Fairfax, Kertsonville, Tilden, Grove Park, Badger, Lessor, Hill River, Eden, Vineland, Hammond, Russia, Onstad, Godfrey, Woodside, Knute, King, Brandsvold, Queen, Hubbard, Scandia, Reis, Liberty, Garfield, Garden, Winger, Sletten, Rosebud, and Columbia, and the cities of Trail, Gully, Mentor, Climax, Erskine, McIntosh,

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Nielsville, Beltrami, Fertile, Winger, Fosston, and Lengby, is entitled to elect one representative.

66B. The county of Red Lake and that part of the county of Polk not included in paragraph 66A is entitled to elect one representative.

**History:** Ex1966 c 1 s 68; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.70 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.70 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

#### 2.701 SIXTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The sixty-seventh legislative district consists of the counties of Pennington, Marshall, Kittson and Roseau, and is entitled to elect one senator and two representatives.

The representative districts are divided as follows:

- 67A. The county of Kittson and that part of the county of Roseau, consisting of the towns of Blooming Valley, Soler, Barto, Polonia, Dewey, Hereim, Deer, Lind, and the cities of Strathcona and Greenbush, and the unorganized territory north and west of the town of Soler, and that part of the county of Marshall not included in paragraph 67B is entitled to elect one representative.
- 67B. The county of Pennington, that part of the county of Roseau not included in paragraph 67A, and that part of the county of Marshall, consisting of the towns of Thief Lake, Whiteford, Grand Plain, Moylan, Eckvoll, Rollis, Moose River, Linsell, Veldt, Valley, and Espelie, and the city of Grygla, and the unorganized territory north of the town of Grand Plain is entitled to elect one representative.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 69; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

2.71 MS 1957 [Repealed, Ex1959 c 45 s 70]
2.71 MS 1961 [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

# 2.711 OMITTED OR DUPLICATED TERRITORY.

Subdivision 1. If there is any territory within the boundaries of this state which is not named in this act but (1) which lies within the boundaries of a representative district or (2) which lies between the boundaries of two or more representative districts, for the purposes of this act the territory referred to in clause (1) is a part of the representative district within which it lies, but the territory referred to in clause (2) is a part of the contiguous representative district having the smallest population.

- Subd. 2. If there is any territory within the boundaries of this state which lies within the boundaries of two or more representative districts, such territory is for the purposes of this act a part of the district which has the smallest population.
- Subd. 3. Any territory which becomes a part of a representative district pursuant to subdivisions 1 and 2 is a part of the legislative district of which such representative district is a part.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 70

#### 2.712 EFFECTIVE DATE.

This act shall apply to members of the legislature elected for any regular session of such legislature occurring after the final enactment of this act.

History: Ex1966 c 1 s 72

# **2.715** [Repealed, Ex1966 c 1 s 71]

NOTE: The apportionment of legislative districts in sections 2.041 to 2.701 is superseded by the orders of the United States district court for the district of Minnesota in LaComb v Growe, for--81 Civ 152.

#### 2.722 TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

#### JUDICIAL DISTRICTS

**2.72** [Repealed, Ex1957 c 14 s 8]

**2.721**  $\rightarrow$  [Repealed, 1961 c 561 s 17]

# 2.722 JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

Subdivision 1. **Description.** Effective July 1, 1959, the state is divided into ten judicial districts composed of the following named counties, respectively, in each of which districts two or more judges shall be chosen as hereinafter specified:

- 1. Goodhue, Dakota, Carver, LeSueur, McLeod, Scott, and Sibley; seven judges; and four permanent chambers shall be maintained in Red Wing, Hastings, Shakopee, and Glencoe and one other shall be maintained at the place designated by the chief judge of the district;
  - 2. Ramsey; 13 judges;
- 3. Wabasha, Winona, Houston, Rice, Olmsted, Dodge, Steele, Waseca, Freeborn, Mower, and Fillmore; six judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Faribault, Albert Lea, Austin, Rochester, and Winona;
  - 4. Hennepin; 24 judges;
- 5. Blue Earth, Watonwan, Lyon, Redwood, Brown, Nicollet, Lincoln, Cottonwood, Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, Rock, Faribault, Martin, and Jackson; five judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Marshall, Windom, Fairmont, New Ulm, and Mankato;
  - 6. Carlton, St. Louis, Lake, and Cook; six judges;
- 7. Benton, Douglas, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Otter Tail, Stearns, Todd, Clay, Becker, and Wadena; four judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Moorhead, Fergus Falls, Little Falls, and St. Cloud;
- 8. Chippewa, Kandiyohi, Lac qui Parle, Meeker, Renville, Swift, Yellow Medicine, Big Stone, Grant, Pope, Stevens, Traverse, and Wilkin; three judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Morris, Montevideo, and Willmar;
- 9. Norman, Polk, Marshall, Kittson, Red Lake, Roseau, Mahnomen, Pennington, Aitkin, Itasca, Crow Wing, Hubbard, Beltrami, Lake of the Woods, Clearwater, Cass and Koochiching; six judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Crookston, Thief River Falls, Bemidji, Brainerd, Grand Rapids, and International Falls;
- 10. Anoka, Isanti, Wright, Sherburne, Kanabec, Pine, Chisago, and Washington; ten judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Anoka, Stillwater, and other places designated by the chief judge of the district.
- Subd. 2. Altering boundaries. The supreme court, with the consent of a majority of the chief judges of the judicial districts, may alter the boundaries or change the number of judicial districts, except the second and fourth judicial districts.
- Subd. 3. Hennepin and Ramsey probate judges; courts. The probate judges of Ramsey and Hennepin probate courts in office on August 1, 1982, shall be district court judges of the second and fourth judicial districts, respectively, and shall continue in office for the balance of the term for which they were elected and shall be eligible for reelection. The offices of probate court of Ramsey and Hennepin counties, and all of their jurisdiction, records, powers, duties, functions, and personnel, are hereby transferred to the district courts of the second and fourth judicial districts respectively and made divisions of them. The chief judge

of the fourth judicial district shall at all times assign at least two judges to the probate court duties.

History: RL s 7; 1907 c 146 s 1; 1909 c 11 s 1; 1909 c 126 s 12,13; 1911 c 193 s 1,2; 1911 c 205 s 1; 1913 c 150 s 1; 1913 c 320 s 1; 1915 c 16 s 1; 1917 c 484 s 1; 1917 c 490 s 1; 1917 c 494 s 1; 1921 c 329 s 1; 1923 c 199 s 1; 1923 c 222 s 1; 1923 c 387 s 1; 1925 c 75 s 1-4; 1931 c 104 s 1; 1951 c 698 s 1-3; 1953 c 584 s 1-3; 1953 c 687 s 1; 1953 c 694 s 1-3; 1955 c 483 s 1; Ex1957 c 14 s 1,2; 1959 c 701 s 1; Ex1961 c 61 s 1; 1963 c 860 s 1; 1965 c 737 s 1; 1967 c 182 s 1; 1967 c 840 s 1; Ex1967 c 22 s 1; 1971 c 392 s 1; Ex1971 c 7 s 3; Ex1971 c 32 s 21; 1977 c 432 s 1; 1982 c 398 s 1,2 (11, 12)

2.723 MS 1971 [Expired]

# 2.724 CHIEF JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT, DUTIES.

Subdivision 1. When public convenience and necessity require it, the chief justice of the supreme court may assign any judge of any court to serve and discharge the duties of judge of any court in a judicial district not his own at such times as the chief justice may determine. A judge may appeal his assignment to serve on a court in a judicial district not his own to the supreme court and the appeal shall be decided before the assignment is effective. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, no judge shall be assigned to serve on a court in a judicial district which is located more than 50 miles from the boundary of his judicial district for more than 15 working days in any 12 month period, unless he consents to the assignment.

A transferred judge shall be subject to the assignment powers of the chief judge of the judicial district to which he is transferred.

- To promote and secure more efficient administration of justice, the chief justice of the supreme court of the state shall supervise and coordinate the work of the courts of the state. The supreme court may provide by rule that the chief justice not be required to write opinions as a member of the supreme court. Its rules may further provide for it to hear and consider cases in divisions, and it may by rule assign temporarily any retired justice of the supreme court or one district court judge at a time to act as a justice of the supreme court. Upon the assignment of a district court judge to act as a justice of the supreme court a district court judge previously acting as a justice may continue to so act to complete his duties. Any number of justices may disqualify themselves from hearing and considering a case, in which event the supreme court may assign temporarily a retired justice of the supreme court or a district court judge to hear and consider the case in place of each disqualified justice. At any time that a retired justice is acting as a justice of the supreme court under this section, he shall receive, in addition to his retirement pay, a further sum, to be paid out of the general fund of the state, as shall afford him the same salary as an associate justice of the supreme court.
- Subd. 3. The chief justice of the supreme court may assign a retired justice of the supreme court to act as a justice of the supreme court pursuant to subdivision 2 or as a judge of any other court. The chief justice may assign a retired judge of any court to act as a judge of any court except the supreme court. A judge acting pursuant to this subdivision shall receive pay and expenses in the amount and manner provided by law for judges serving on the court to which the retired judge is assigned, less the amount of retirement pay which the judge is receiving.
- Subd. 4. The chief justice shall exercise general supervisory powers over the courts in the state. His powers shall include, but not be limited to:
- (a) Supervision of the courts' financial affairs, programs of continuing education for judicial and nonjudicial personnel and planning and operations research;

- (b) Serving as chief representative of the court system and as liaison with other governmental agencies for the public; and
  - (c) Supervision of the administrative operations of the courts.

The chief justice may designate other justices or judges to assist him in the performance of his duties.

**History:** Ex1957 c 14 s 4,5; 1959 c 657 s 1; 1969 c 399 s 1; 1969 c 543 s 1; 1971 c 3 s 1; 1973 c 18 s 1; 1974 c 417 s 1; 1977 c 432 s 2

#### CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

2.73 [Repealed, 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 10]

#### 2.731 NUMBER OF DISTRICTS.

The state of Minnesota is divided into eight congressional districts, each of which is entitled to elect one representative to the Congress of the United States of America.

History: 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 1

**2.74** [Repealed, 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 10]

#### 2.741 FIRST DISTRICT.

The first congressional district shall consist of the counties of Dodge, Fillmore, Goodhue, Houston, Olmsted, Rice, Steele, Wabasha, Washington, and Winona, and that portion of the county of Dakota not included in the second congressional district.

History: 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 2; 1971 c 897 s 1

**2.75** [Repealed, 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 10]

# 2.751 SECOND DISTRICT.

The second congressional district shall consist of the counties of Blue Earth, Brown, Carver, Faribault, Freeborn, LeSueur, Martin, McLeod, Mower, Nicollet, Scott, Sibley, Waseca, and Watonwan, and that portion of the county of Dakota consisting of the towns of Eagan and Eureka, and the cities of Apple Valley, Burnsville, Farmington, and Lakeville, and that portion of the county of Hennepin consisting of the cities of Deephaven, Excelsior, Greenwood, Long Lake, Minnetrista, Mound, Orono, St. Bonifacius, Shorewood, Spring Park, Tonka Bay, and Woodland, and the cities of Minnetonka Beach and Wayzata.

History: 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 3; 1971 c 897 s 2; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

**2.76** [Repealed, 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 10]

#### 2.761 THIRD DISTRICT.

The third congressional district shall consist of that portion of the county of Hennepin consisting of the cities of Brooklyn Park, Chanhassen, Eden Prairie, Edina, Golden Valley, Medicine Lake, Minnetonka, New Hope, and Plymouth, the cities of Bloomington, Brooklyn Center, Crystal, Hopkins, Richfield, Robbinsdale, and St. Louis Park, any part of the area included in the Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport not a part of an incorporated municipality, and that portion of the city of Minneapolis described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Fifty-third Avenue North and Xerxes Avenue North, thence southerly along Xerxes Avenue North to Forty-first Avenue North, thence easterly along Forty-first Avenue North to Thomas Avenue North, thence southerly along Thomas

Avenue North to Thirty-eighth Avenue North, thence easterly along Thirty-eighth Avenue North to Sheridan Avenue North, thence southerly along Sheridan Avenue North to Thirty-fourth Avenue North, thence easterly along Thirty-fourth Avenue North to Girard Avenue North, thence northerly along Girard Avenue North to Thirty-eighth Avenue North, thence westerly along Thirty-eighth Avenue North to Humboldt Avenue North, thence northerly along Humboldt Avenue North to Forty-second Avenue North, thence westerly along Forty-second Avenue North to James Avenue North, thence northerly along James Avenue North to Forty-third Avenue North, thence westerly along Forty-third Avenue North to Penn Avenue North, thence northerly along Penn Avenue North to Forty-fourth Avenue North, thence easterly along Forty-fourth Avenue North to Oliver Avenue North, thence northerly along Oliver Avenue North to the right-of-way of the Soo Line Railroad, thence southeasterly along the right-of-way of the Soo Line Railroad to Forty-second Avenue North, thence easterly along the extension of Forty-second Avenue North to the main channel of the Mississippi River, thence northerly along the main channel of the Mississippi River to the extension of Fifty-third Avenue North, and thence westerly along Fifty-third Avenue North and its extension to the point of beginning, and the Fort Snelling Military Reservation.

History: 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 4; 1971 c 897 s 3; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

**2.77** [Repealed, 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 10]

#### 2.771 FOURTH DISTRICT.

The fourth congressional district shall consist of that portion of the county of Ramsey not included in the fifth congressional district.

**History:** 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 5; 1971 c 897 s 4

**2.78** [Repealed, 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 10]

#### 2.781 FIFTH DISTRICT.

The fifth congressional district shall consist of that portion of the county of Hennepin consisting of the city of St. Anthony and that portion of the city of Minneapolis not included in the third congressional district, and that portion of the county of Anoka consisting of the cities of Hilltop, Fridley and Columbia Heights, and that portion of the county of Ramsey consisting of the city of St. Anthony.

**History:** 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 6; 1971 c 897 s 5; 1973 c 123 art 5 s 7

**2.79** [Repealed, 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 10]

#### 2.791 SIXTH DISTRICT.

The sixth congressional district shall consist of the counties of Benton, Big Stone, Chippewa, Cottonwood, Jackson, Kandiyohi, Lac qui Parle, Lincoln, Lyon, Meeker, Mille Lacs, Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, Redwood, Renville, Rock, Sherburne, Stearns, Wright, and Yellow Medicine, and that portion of the county of Hennepin not included in the second, third, or fifth congressional districts.

History: 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 7; 1971 c 897 s 6

**2.80** [Repealed, 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 10]

#### 2.801 SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The seventh congressional district shall consist of the counties of Aitkin, Beltrami, Becker, Cass, Clay, Clearwater, Crow Wing, Douglas, Grant, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, Morrison, Norman, Otter Tail, Pennington, Polk, Pope, Red Lake, Roseau, Stevens, Swift, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, and Wilkin.

**History:** 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 8; 1971 c 897 s 7

**2.81** [Repealed, 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 10]

#### 2.811 EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The eighth congressional district shall consist of the counties of Carlton, Chisago, Cook, Isanti, Itasca, Kanabec, Koochiching, Lake, Pine, and St. Louis, and that part of the county of Anoka which is not included in the fifth congressional district.

**History:** 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 9; 1971 c 897 s 8

NOTE: The apportionment of congressional districts in sections 2.741 to 2.811 is superseded by the orders of the United States district court for the district of Minnesota in LaComb v Growe, for --81 Civ 414.

2.82 [Repealed, 2 Ex1961 c 2 s 10]