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**TEACHERS 125.05** 

## CHAPTER 125

### **TEACHERS**

Sec.		Sec.	
125.01	Definitions.	125.15	Keeping of registers.
125.02	General control of schools.	125.16	Teachers' reports.
125.03	Teachers, definition, licensure.	125.17	Teacher tenure act; cities of the first
125.04	Oualified teacher defined.		class; definitions.
125.05	Board to issue licenses.	125.18	Sabbatical leave for school teachers.
125.06	Applicants trained in other states.	125,181	Professional practices; intent.
125.08	Teachers' licenses, fees.	125,182	Definitions.
125.09	Suspension or revocation of licenses.	125,183	Membership.
125.10	Outstanding certificates not impaired.	125.184	Meetings.
125.11	Recording of licenses; district superin-	125.185	Duties.
	tendent.	125.187	Validity of certificates or licenses.
125.12	Employment; contracts, termination.	125.52	Interstate agreement on qualifications
125.13	Exchange teachers.		of educational personnel.
125.14	Summer schools: teachers' contracts.	125.53	Designated state official.
	· · ·	125.54	Record of contracts.

125.01 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.01 **DEFINITIONS.** For purposes of this chapter, except for section 125.17, the teacher tenure act for cities of the first class, the words defined in section 120.02 have the same meaning.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 1 ]

125.02 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.02 GENERAL CONTROL OF SCHOOLS. The teacher shall have the general control and government of the school. When more than one teacher is employed in any district, one of the teachers may be designated by the board as principal and shall have the general control and supervision of the schools of the district, subject to the general supervisory control of the board and other officers.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 2 ]

**125.03** MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.03 TEACHERS, DEFINITION, LICENSURE. Subdivision 1. The term "teachers" for the purpose of licensure, means and includes any and all persons employed in a public school as members of the instructional and supervisory staff such as superintendents, principals, supervisors, classroom teachers, and librarians.

Subd. 2. [Repealed, 1975 c 162 s 42 ] Subd. 3. [Repealed, 1975 c 162 s 42 ] [ 1959 c 700 s 3-5; Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 3; 1975 c 162 s 31; 1976 c 222 s 10,208 ] **125.04** MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]

125.04 **QUALIFIED TEACHER DEFINED.** A qualified teacher is one holding a valid license, as hereinafter provided, to perform the particular service for which he is employed in a public school.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 4; 1973 c 749 s 1; 1976 c 222 s 11,208 ]

125.05 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.05 BOARD TO ISSUE LICENSES. Subdivision 1. Qualifications. The authority to license teachers as defined herein is vested in the board of teaching but based solely on criteria and qualifications approved by the state board of education. The authority to license superintendents and principals is vested in the state board of education. Licenses shall be issued to such persons as the board finds to be physically competent and morally fit to teach. Qualifications of teachers and other professional employees shall be issued by the board under the rules which it promulgates. Licenses shall be issued by the commissioner and the commissioner shall issue licenses to any qualified blind graduates of a school of education.

Subd. 2. Expiration and renewal. Each license shall bear the date of issue. Licenses shall expire and be renewed in accordance with rules promulgated by the board. Renewal requirements for the renewal of a license shall include the production of satisfactory evidence of successful teaching experience for at least one school year during the period covered by the license in grades or subjects for which the license is

#### 125.06 TEACHERS

valid or the completion of such additional preparation as the board shall prescribe.

Subd. 3. Effective date. This act is effective July 1, 1969. Nothing contained herein shall be construed as affecting the validity of a permanent certificate issued prior to July 1, 1969.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 5; 1969 c 435 s 1,3; 1973 c 749 s 2,3; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 222 s 12,27,208 ]

**125.06** MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.06 APPLICANTS TRAINED IN OTHER STATES. When a license to teach is authorized to be issued to any holder of a diploma or a degree of a Minnesota state university, or of the University of Minnesota, or of a liberal arts university, or a technical training institution, such license may also, in the discretion of the board of teaching, be issued to any holder of a diploma or a degree of a teacher training institution of equivalent rank and standing of any other state, granted by virtue of the completion of a course in teacher preparation essentially equivalent in content to that required by such Minnesota state university or the university of Minnesota or a liberal arts university in Minnesota or a technical training institution as preliminary to the granting of a diploma or a degree of the same rank and class.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 6; 1965 c 196 s 1; 1973 c 749 s 4; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1975 c 321 s 2; 1976 c 222 s 13,27,208 ]

125.061	MS 1953	[ Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
125.062	MS 1953	[ Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
125.065	MS 1953	[Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
125.066	MS 1953	[ Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
125.07	MS 1953	[Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
125.07	MS 1967	[ Repealed, 1969 c 435 s 2 ]
125.071 [ Expired ]		
1 <b>25.08</b>	MS 1953	[Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.08 TEACHERS' LICENSES, FEES. Each application for the issuance, renewal, or extension of a license to teach shall be accompanied by a processing fee in an amount set by the board of teaching by rule, which shall not be less than \$10. Except as otherwise provided in this section, such fee shall be paid to the commissioner, who shall deposit them with the state treasurer, as provided by law, and report each month to the commissioner of finance the amount of fees collected. The fee as set by the board shall be nonrefundable for applicants not qualifying for a license, provided however, that the fee shall be refunded by the state treasurer in those cases in which the applicant already holds a valid unexpired license.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 8; 1967 c 217 s 1; 1973 c 492 s 14; 1973 c 749 s 5; 1974 c 488 s 1; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 163 s 7; 1976 c 222 s 14,27,208 ]

125.09 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.09 SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF LICENSES. Subdivision 1. Grounds for revocation. The board of teaching may, on the written complaint of the board employing a teacher, or of a teacher organization, or of any other interested person, which complaint shall specify the nature and character of the charges, suspend or revoke such teacher's license to teach for any of the following causes:

(1) Immoral character or conduct;

(2) Failure, without justifiable cause, to teach for the term of his contract;

(3) Gross inefficiency or wilful neglect of duty; or

(4) Failure to meet licensure requirements; or

(5) Fraud or misrepresentation in obtaining a license.

Subd. 2. [ Repealed, 1976 c 222 s 209 ]

Subd. 3. [ Repealed, 1976 c 222 s 209 ]

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 9; Ex1967 c 25 s 6; 1969 c 869 s 1; 1971 c 155 s 1; 1973 c 749 s 6; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 222 s 15,27,208 ]

## TEACHERS 125.12

1 <b>25.09</b> 1	MS 1957	[ Renumbered 129.01 ]
1 <b>25.095</b>	MS 1957	[ Renumbered 129.02 ]
1 <b>25.096</b>	MS 1957	[ Renumbered 129.03 ]
125.097	MS 1957	[Renumbered 129.04]
1 <b>25.098</b>	MS 1957	[ Renumbered 129.05 ]
125.10	MS 1953	[ Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]

125.10 OUTSTANDING CERTIFICATES NOT IMPAIRED. No provision or regulation adopted by the state board shall affect the validity of certificates or licenses to teach in force on May 1, 1949, or the rights and privileges of the holders by virtue thereof, save that any such certificate or license may be suspended or revoked for any of the causes and by the procedures specified by law.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 10 ]

125.11 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.11 **RECORDING OF LICENSES; DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT.** No person shall be accounted a qualified teacher until such person has filed for record with the district superintendent where such person intends to teach a license, or certified copy thereof, authorizing such person to teach school in such district school system.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 11; 1975 c 162 s 32; 1976 c 222 s 16,208 ]

125.12 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.12 EMPLOYMENT; CONTRACTS, TERMINATION. Subdivision 1. Teacher defined. A superintendent, principal, supervisor, and classroom teacher and any other professional employee required to hold a license from the state department shall be deemed to be a "teacher" within the meaning of this section.

Subd. 2. Hiring, dismissing. School boards shall hire or dismiss teachers at duly called meetings. Where a husband and wife, brother and sister, or two brothers or sisters, constitute a quorum, no contract employing a teacher shall be made or authorized except upon the unanimous vote of the full board. No teacher related by blood or marriage, within the fourth degree, computed by the civil law, to a board member shall be employed except by a unanimous vote of the full board. The employment shall be by written contract, signed by the teacher and by the chairman and clerk. Contracts for teaching or supervision of teaching can be made only with qualified teachers. Such contract shall specify the wages per year and the general assignment of the teacher. A teacher shall have 10 days after receipt to consider, demand corrections, execute and return such contract, but this period shall not be construed to be an extension of the final resignation date in subdivision 4. No teacher shall be required to reside within the employing school district as a condition to teaching employment or continued teaching employment.

Probationary period. The first and second consecutive years of a Subd. 3. teacher's first teaching experience in Minnesota in a single school district shall be deemed to be a probationary period of employment, and after completion thereof, the probationary period in each school district in which he is thereafter employed shall be one year. A teacher who has complied with the then applicable probationary requirements in a school district prior to July 1, 1967, shall not be required to serve a new probationary period in the said district subsequent thereto. During the probationary period any annual contract with any teacher may or may not be renewed as the school board shall see fit; provided, however, that the school board shall give any such teacher whose contract it declines to renew for the following school year written notice to that effect before April 1. If the teacher requests reasons for any nonrenewal of a teaching contract, the school board shall give the teacher its reason in writing, including a statement that appropriate supervision was furnished describing the nature and the extent of such supervision furnished the teacher during his employment by the board, within ten days after receiving such request. The school board may, after a hearing held upon due notice, discharge a teacher during the probationary period for cause, effective immediately, under section 123.14, subdivision 4, or section 123.35, subdivision 5.

Subd. 4. Termination of contract after probationary period. A teacher who has completed his probationary period in any school district, and who has not been discharged or advised of a refusal to renew his contract pursuant to subdivision 3, shall

### 125.12 TEACHERS

have a continuing contract with such district. Thereafter, the teacher's contract shall remain in full force and effect, except as modified by mutual consent of the board and the teacher, until terminated by a majority roll call vote of the full membership of the board, upon one of the grounds specified in subdivisions 6 or 6a or 6b, or until the teacher is discharged pursuant to subdivision 8, or by the written resignation of the teacher submitted prior to April 1; provided, however, that if an agreement as to the terms and conditions of employment for the succeeding school year has not been adopted pursuant to the provisions of sections 179.61 to 179.77 prior to March 1, the teacher's right of resignation shall be extended to the 30th calendar day following the adoption of said contract in compliance with section 179.70, subdivision 2. Such written resignation by the teacher shall be effective as of June 30 if submitted prior to that date and the teachers' right of resignation for the school year then beginning shall cease on July 15. Before a teacher's contract is terminated by the board, the board shall notify the teacher in writing and state its ground for the proposed termination in reasonable detail together with a statement that the teacher may make a written request for a hearing before the board within 14 days after receipt of such notification. Within 14 days after receipt of this notification the teacher may make a written request for a hearing before the board and it shall be granted before final action is taken. If no hearing is requested within such period, it shall be deemed acquiescence by the teacher to the board's action. Such termination shall take effect at the close of the school year in which the contract is terminated in the manner aforesaid. Such contract may be terminated at any time by mutual consent of the board and the teacher and this section shall not affect the powers of a board to suspend, discharge, or demote a teacher under and pursuant to other provisions of law.

Subd. 5. **Retirement.** Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, a board may provide by rule that its teachers shall be retired at age 65.

Subd. 6. Grounds for termination. A continuing contract may be terminated, effective at the close of the school year, upon any of the following grounds:

(a) Inefficiency;

(b) Neglect of duty, or persistent violation of school laws, rules, regulations, or directives;

(c) Conduct unbecoming a teacher which materially impairs his educational effectiveness;

(d) Other good and sufficient grounds rendering the teacher unfit to perform his duties.

A contract shall not be terminated upon one of the grounds specified in clauses (a), (b), (c), or (d), unless the teacher shall have failed to correct the deficiency after being given written notice of the specific items of complaint and reasonable time within which to remedy them.

All evaluations and files generated within a school district relating to each individual teacher shall be available to each individual teacher upon his written request. Effective January 1, 1976, all evaluations and files, wherever generated, relating to each individual teacher shall be available to each individual teacher upon his written request. The teacher shall have the right to reproduce any of the contents of the files at the teacher's expense and to submit for inclusion in the file written information in response to any material contained therein; provided, however, a school district may destroy such files as provided by law.

Subd. 6a. Negotiated unrequested leave of absence. The school board and the exclusive bargaining representative of the teachers may negotiate a plan providing for unrequested leave of absence without pay or fringe benefits for as many teachers as may be necessary because of discontinuance of position, lack of pupils, financial limitations, or merger of classes caused by consolidation of districts. Failing to successfully negotiate such a plan by the beginning date of a new master contract, the provisions of subdivision 6b shall apply. The provisions of section 179.72 shall not apply for the purposes of this subdivision.

Subd. 6b. Unrequested leave of absence. The school board may place on unrequested leave of absence, without pay or fringe benefits, as many teachers as may be necessary because of discontinuance of position, lack of pupils, financial limitations, or merger of classes caused by consolidation of districts. The unrequested leave shall be effective at the close of the school year. In placing teachers on unrequested leave, the board shall be governed by the following provisions: (a) The board may place probationary teachers on unrequested leave first in the inverse order of their employment. No teacher who has acquired continuing contract rights shall be placed on unrequested leave of absence while probationary teachers are retained in positions for which the teacher who has acquired continuing contract rights is certified;

(b) Teachers who have acquired continuing contract rights shall be placed on unrequested leave of absence in fields in which they are certified in the inverse order in which they were employed by the school district. In the case of merger of classes caused by consolidation of districts or in the case of equal seniority, the order in which teachers who have acquired continuing contract rights shall be placed on unrequested leave of absence in fields in which they are certified shall be negotiable;

(c) Notwithstanding clauses (a) and (b), if either the placing of a probationary teacher on unrequested leave before a teacher who has acquired continuing rights or the placing of a teacher who has acquired continuing contract rights on unrequested leave before another teacher who has acquired continuing contract rights but who has greater seniority would place the district in violation of its affirmative action program, the district may retain the probationary teacher or the teacher with less seniority;

(d) Teachers placed on unrequested leave of absence shall be reinstated to the positions from which they have been given leaves of absence or, if not available, to other available positions in the school district in fields in which they are certified. Reinstatement shall be in the inverse order of placement on leave of absence. The order of reinstatement of teachers who have equal seniority and who are placed on unrequested leave in the same school year shall be negotiable;

(e) Teachers, other than probationary teachers, terminated under Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 125.12, Subdivision 6, Clause (e), in the 1973-74 school year shall be reinstated to the positions from which they have been terminated or, if not available, to other available positions in the school district in fields in which they are certified. Reinstatement shall be in the order of seniority. The order of reinstatement of continuing contract teachers who have equal seniority and who are terminated under Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 125.12, Subdivision 6, Clause (e) in the 1973-74 school year shall be negotiable. These teachers shall also be subject to clauses (f), (g), (h), (i) and (k) of this subdivision.

(f) No appointment of a new teacher shall be made while there is available, on unrequested leave, a teacher who is properly certified to fill such vacancy, unless the teacher fails to advise the school board within 30 days of the date of notification that a position is available to him, that he may return to employment and that he will assume the duties of the position to which appointed on a future date determined by the board;

(g) A teacher placed on unrequested leave of absence may engage in teaching or any other occupation during the period of this leave;

(h) The unrequested leave of absence shall not impair the continuing contract rights of a teacher or result in a loss of credit for previous years of service;

(i) The unrequested leave of absence of a teacher who is not reinstated shall continue for a period of two years after which the right to reinstatement shall terminate;

(j) The same provisions applicable to terminations of probationary or continuing contracts in subdivisions 3 and 4 shall apply to placement on unrequested leave of absence;

(k) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to impair the rights of teachers placed on unrequested leave of absence to receive unemployment compensation if otherwise eligible.

Subd. 7. Suspension and leave of absence for health reasons. Affliction with active tuberculosis or other communicable disease, mental illness, drug or alcoholic addiction, or other serious incapacity shall be grounds for temporary suspension and leave of absence while the teacher is suffering from such disability. Unless the teacher consents, such action shall be taken only upon evidence that suspension is required from a physician who has examined the teacher. The physician shall be competent in the field involved and shall be selected by the teacher from a list of three provided by the school board, and the examination shall be at the expense of the school district. A copy of the report of the physician shall be furnished the teacher upon request. If the teacher fails to submit to the examination within the prescribed time, the board may discharge him, effective immediately. In the event of mental illness, if the teacher sub-

### 125.12 TEACHERS

mits to such an examination and the examining physician's or psychiatrist's statement is unacceptable to the teacher or the board, a panel of three physicians or psychiatrists shall be selected to examine the teacher at the board's expense. The board and the teacher shall each select a member of this panel, and these two members shall select a third member. The panel shall examine the teacher and submit a statement of its findings and conclusions to the board. Upon receipt and consideration of the statement from the panel the board may suspend the teacher. The board shall notify the teacher in writing of such suspension and the reasons therefor. During the leave of absence the teacher shall be paid sick leave benefits by the district up to the amount of his unused accumulated sick leave, and after it is exhausted, the district may in its discretion pay him additional benefits. The teacher shall be reinstated to his position upon evidence from such a physician that he has made sufficient recovery and is capable of resuming performance of his duties in a proper manner. In the event that the teacher does not qualify for reinstatement within twelve months after the date of suspension, his continuing disability may be a ground for discharge under subdivision 8.

Subd. 8. Immediate discharge. A school board may discharge a continuingcontract teacher, effective immediately, upon any of the following grounds:

(a) Immoral conduct, insubordination, or conviction of a felony;

(b) Conduct unbecoming a teacher which requires the immediate removal of the teacher from his classroom or other duties;

(c) Failure without justifiable cause to teach without first securing the written release of the school board;

(d) Gross inefficiency which the teacher has failed to correct after reasonable written notice;

(e) Willful neglect of duty; or

(f) Continuing physical or mental disability subsequent to a twelve months leave of absence and inability to qualify for reinstatement in accordance with subdivision 7.

Prior to discharging a teacher the board shall notify the teacher in writing and state its ground for the proposed discharge in reasonable detail. Within ten days after receipt of this notification the teacher may make a written request for a hearing before the board and it shall be granted before final action is taken. The board may, however, suspend a teacher with pay pending the conclusion of such hearing and determination of the issues raised therein after charges have been filed which constitute ground for discharge.

Subd. 9. Hearing procedures. Any hearing held pursuant to Laws 1967, Chapter 890, shall be held upon appropriate and timely notice to the teacher, and shall be private or public at the discretion of the teacher. At the hearing, the board and the teacher may each be represented by counsel at its or his own expense, and such counsel may examine and cross-examine witnesses and present arguments. The board shall first present evidence to sustain the grounds for termination or discharge and then receive evidence presented by the teacher. Each party may then present rebuttal evidence. Dismissal of the teacher shall be based upon substantial and competent evidence in the record. All witnesses shall be sworn upon oath administered by the residing officer of the board. The clerk of the board shall issue subpoenas for witnesses or the production of records pertinent to the grounds upon the request of either the board or the teacher. The board shall employ a court reporter to record the proceedings at the hearing, and either party may obtain a transcript thereof at its own expense.

Subd. 10. **Decision.** After the hearing, the board shall issue a written decision and order. If the board orders termination of a continuing contract or discharge of a teacher, its decision shall include findings of fact based upon competent evidence in the record and shall be served on the teacher, accompanied by an order of termination or discharge, prior to April 1 in the case of a contract termination, or within ten days after conclusion of the hearing in the case of a discharge. If the decision of the board or of a reviewing court is favorable to the teacher, the proceedings shall be dismissed and the decision entered in the board minutes, and all references to such proceedings shall be excluded from the teacher's record file.

Subd. 11. Judicial review. The pendency of judicial proceedings shall not be ground for postponement of the effective date of the school board's order, but if judicial review eventuates in reinstatement of the teacher, the board shall pay the teacher all compensation withheld as a result of the termination or dismissal order.

Subd. 13. Exception. This section shall not apply to any district in a city of the first class.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 12; 1963 c 450 s 1; 1967 c 890 s 1; 1969 c 781 s 1; 1971 c 253 s 1; 1971 c 743 s 1; 1973 c 128 s 1; 1974 c 458 s 1-4; 1975 c 151 s 1; 1975 c 177 s 1; 1975 c 432 s 70; 1976 c 222 s 17,208 ]

125.13 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]

125.13 **EXCHANGE TEACHERS.** Subdivision 1. A person holding a license and contract to teach in a Minnesota public school and assigned by the employing district to teach elsewhere is an exchange teacher.

Subd. 2. Any district is authorized to assign a teacher for service elsewhere than in the employing district in exchange for a teacher with qualifications satisfactory to the commissioner.

Subd. 3. The exchange teacher shall retain all rights in the employing district as though teaching in that district.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 13; 1976 c 222 s 19,208 ]

**125.14** MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]

125.14 SUMMER SCHOOLS; TEACHERS' CONTRACTS. In order to encourage further preparation and education of its teachers, the board of an independent school district may stipulate in a teacher's contract the amount he or she may receive conditioned upon attending summer school.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 14 ]

**125.15** MS 1941 [Repealed, 1945 c 373 s 2]

125.15 KEEPING OF REGISTERS. Each teacher shall keep a register, furnished by the clerk, showing the daily attendance of each pupil, and such other matters as may be required in such register. He shall also keep such record of deportment and scholarship as may be required by the board. The register shall show the names and ages of all pupils, the names and number of days' attendance of all pupils between the ages of five and eight years, between eight and fifteen years, and between fifteen and twenty-one years, and the names of all paying tuition. The teacher shall return such register, properly kept, to the clerk within ten days after the close of the school year.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 15; 1975 c 162 s 33 ]

**125.16** MS 1941 [Repealed, 1945 c 373 s 2]

125.16 **TEACHERS' REPORTS.** No order shall be issued for the payment of the wages of any teacher while he is in default in making reports or in returning his register. The teachers, principals, and superintendents shall make such reports as may be required by law or the rules of the state or local board under like penalty.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 16; 1975 c 162 s 34 ]

125.165 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.17 MS 1941 [Repealed, 1945 c 373 s 2]

125.17 TEACHER TENURE ACT; CITIES OF THE FIRST CLASS; DEFINI-TIONS. Subdivision 1. Words, terms, and phrases. Unless the language or context clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended, the following words, terms, and phrases, for the purposes of the following subdivisions in this section shall be defined as follows:

(a) Teachers. The term "teacher" includes every person regularly employed, as a principal, or to give instruction in a classroom, or to superintend or supervise classroom instruction, or as placement teacher and visiting teacher. Persons regularly employed as counselors and school librarians shall be covered by these sections as teachers if licensed as teachers or as school librarians.

(b) School board. The term "school board" includes a majority in membership of any and all boards or official bodies having the care, management, or control over public schools.

(c) Demote. The word "demote" means to reduce in rank or to transfer to a lower branch of the service or to a position carrying a lower salary or compensation.

## 125.17 TEACHERS

Subd. 2. **Probationary period; discharge or demotion.** All teachers in the public schools in cities of the first class during the first three years of consecutive employment shall be deemed to be in a probationary period of employment during which period any annual contract with any teacher may, or may not, be renewed as the school board shall see fit. The school board may, during such probationary period, discharge or demote a teacher for any of the causes as specified in this code. A written statement of the cause of such discharge or demotion shall be given to the teacher by the school board at least 30 days before such removal or demotion shall become effective, and the teacher so notified shall have no right of appeal therefrom.

Subd. 3. **Period of service after probationary period; discharge or demotion.** After the completion of such probationary period, without discharge, such teachers as are thereupon re-employed shall continue in service and hold their respective position during good behavior and efficient and competent service and shall not be discharged or demoted except for cause after a hearing.

Any probationary teacher shall be deemed to have been re-employed for the ensuing school year, unless the school board in charge of such school shall give such teacher notice in writing before April 1 of the termination of such employment. In event of such notice the employment shall terminate at the close of the school sessions of the current school year.

Subd. 4. Grounds for discharge or demotion. Causes for the discharge or demotion of a teacher either during or after the probationary period shall be:

(1) Immoral character, conduct unbecoming a teacher, or insubordination;

(2) Failure without justifiable cause to teach without first securing the written release of the school board having the care, management, or control of the school in which the teacher is employed;

(3) Inefficiency in teaching or in the management of a school;

(4) Affliction with active tuberculosis or other communicable disease shall be considered as cause for removal or suspension while the teacher is suffering from such disability; or

(5) Discontinuance of position or lack of pupils.

Subd. 5. Hearing of charges against teacher. The charges against a teacher shall be in writing and signed by the person making the same and then filed with the secretary or clerk of the school board having charge of the school in which the teacher is employed. Such school board before discharging or demoting a teacher shall then accord the teacher against whom such charges have been filed a full hearing and give to the teacher at least ten days' notice in writing of the time and place of such hearing; such notice may be served personally or sent by registered mail addressed to such teacher at his last known post office address; provided, that if the charge be made by any person not in connection with the school system the charge may be disregarded by such school board. Upon such hearing being held such school board shall hear all evidence that may be adduced in support of the charges and for the teacher's defense thereto. Either party shall have the right to have a written record of the hearing at the expense of the board and to have witnesses subpoenaed and all witnesses so subpoenaed shall be examined under oath. Any member of the school board conducting such a hearing shall have authority to issue subpoenas and to administer oaths to witnesses.

Subd. 6. Counsel; examination of witnesses. Each party appearing before the school board shall have the right to be represented by counsel, and such counsel may examine and cross-examine witnesses and present arguments.

Subd. 7. **Hearings.** All hearings before the school board shall be private or may be public at the decision of the teacher against whom such charges have been filed.

Subd. 8. **Decision, when rendered.** Such hearing must be concluded and a decision in writing, stating the grounds on which it is based, rendered within 25 days after giving of such notice. Where the hearing is before a school board the teacher may be discharged or demoted upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the school board. If the charges, or any of such, are found to be true, the school board conducting the hearing shall discharge, demote, or suspend the teacher, as seems to be for the best interest of the school. No teacher shall be discharged for either of the causes specified in subdivision 4, clause (3), except during the school year, and then only upon charges filed at least four months before the close of the school sessions of

#### **TEACHERS 125.182**

such school year.

Subd. 9. Charges expunged from records. In all cases where the final decision is in favor of the teacher the charge or charges shall be physically expunged from the records.

Subd. 10. Suspension pending hearing; salary. Upon the filing of charges against a teacher, the school board may suspend the teacher from regular duty. If, upon final decision, the teacher is suspended or removed, the school board may in its discretion determine the teacher's salary or compensation as of the time of filing the charges. If the final decision is favorable to the teacher there shall be no abatement of salary or compensation.

Subd. 11. Services terminated by discontinuance or lack of pupils; preference given. Any teacher whose services are terminated on account of discontinuance of position or lack of pupils shall receive first consideration for other positions in the district for which she is qualified. In the event it becomes necessary to discontinue one or more positions, in making such discontinuance, teachers shall be discontinued in any department in the inverse order in which they were employed.

Subd. 12. **Records relating to individual teacher, access.** All evaluations and files generated within a school district relating to each individual teacher shall be available to each individual teacher upon his written request. Effective January 1, 1976, all evaluations and files, wherever generated, relating to each individual teacher shall be available to each individual teacher upon his written request. The teacher shall have the right to reproduce any of the contents of the files at the teacher's expense and to submit for inclusion in the file written information in response to any material contained therein; provided, however, a school district may destroy such files as provided by law.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 17; 1961 c 720 s 1; 1971 c 667 s 1; 1975 c 177 s 2; 1976 c 222 s 19,208 ]

125.18 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.18 SABBATICAL LEAVE FOR SCHOOL TEACHERS. Subdivision 1. A teacher who holds a license from the department and a contract for employment in a public school may be granted a sabbatical leave by the board employing such person under rules promulgated by such board.

Subd. 2. Any teacher who makes application for and accepts sabbatical leave shall agree that, upon the conclusion of said sabbatical leave, he shall return to his position for a period determined by the board before the leave is granted, or repay the district the portion of salary received while on sabbatical leave.

Subd. 3. Any teacher who has been granted a sabbatical leave shall retain all rights in the employing district as though teaching in that district.

Subd. 4. The term sabbatical leave, as used in this section, shall mean compensated leaves of absence granted for purposes of professional improvement or service.

[ Ex1959 c 71 art 6 s 18; 1976 c 222 s 208 ]

125.181 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]

125.181 **PROFESSIONAL PRACTICES; INTENT.** The purpose of sections 125.181 to 125.185, is to develop standards of ethical conduct for the guidance and improvement of the teaching profession and to provide measures through which the observance of such standards by the members of the profession may be promoted and enforced.

[ *Ex1967 c 25 s 1; 1973 c 749 s 7* ]

125.182 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.182 **DEFINITIONS.** Subdivision 1. For the purpose of Laws 1973, Chapter 749, the words, phrases and terms defined in this section shall have the meanings ascribed to them.

Subd. 2. "Teacher" means a supervisor, classroom teacher, or other similar professional employee required to hold a license from the state department of education.

Subd. 3. "Board" means the board of teaching.

125.183 TEACHERS

Subd. 4. "State board" means the state board of education. [ *Ex1967 c 25 s 2; 1973 c 749 s 8; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 222 s 20,21,27,208* ]

125.183 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.183 MEMBERSHIP. Subdivision 1. A board of teaching consisting of 17 members appointed by the governor is hereby established. Membership terms, compensation of members, removal of members, the filling of membership vacancies, and fiscal year and reporting requirements shall be as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09. No member shall be reappointed for more than one additional term.

Subd. 2. [ Repealed, 1975 c 136 s 77 ]

Subd. 3. Except for the representatives of higher education and the public, to be eligible for appointment to the board of teaching a person must be fully licensed for the position he holds and have at least five years teaching experience in Minnesota, including the two years immediately preceding nomination and appointment. The board shall be composed of one teacher whose responsibilities are those either of a counselor, librarian, psychologist, remedial reading teacher, speech therapist, vocational teacher, or certified school nurse, four elementary school classroom teachers, four secondary classroom teachers, three higher education representatives, from higher education faculties preparing teachers, two of whom shall be representatives of state institutions and one of whom shall be a representative of private institutions; one school administrator and four members of the public. Each nominee other than a public nominee shall be selected on the basis of his professional experience, and knowledge of teacher education, accreditation and licensure.

Subd. 4. The position of a member who leaves Minnesota or whose employment status changes to a category different from that from which he was appointed shall be deemed vacant.

Subd. 5. The provision of staff, administrative services and office space; the review and processing of complaints; the setting of fees; the selection and duties of an executive secretary to serve the board; and other provisions relating to board operations shall be as provided in chapter 214 and Laws 1976, Chapter 222, Sections 2 to 7. Membership terms, compensation of members, removal of members, the filling of membership vacancies, and fiscal year and reporting requirements shall be as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09.

[ Ex1967 c 25 s 3; 1973 c 749 s 9; 1975 c 136 s 1,2; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 149 s 27; 1976 c 222 s 22,23,27,208 ]

125.184 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.184 MEETINGS. Subdivision 1. The board of teaching shall meet regularly at such times and places as the board shall determine. Meetings shall be called by the chairman or at the written request of any eight members.

Subd. 2. The board of teaching shall have an executive secretary who shall be in the unclassified civil service and who shall not be a member of the board.

[ Ex1967 c 25 s 4; 1973 c 749 s 10; 1975 c 136 s 3; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 222 s 24,27 ]

125.185 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.185 DUTIES. Subdivision 1. The board of teaching shall develop by rule a code of ethics covering standards of professional teaching practices, including areas of ethical conduct and professional performance and methods of enforcement.

Subd. 2. The board shall act in an advisory capacity to members of the profession in matters of interpretation of the code of ethics.

Subd. 3. The board shall elect a chairman and such other officers as it may deem necessary.

Subd. 4. The board shall develop and create rules for the licensure of public school teachers and interns, which shall be submitted to the state board of education for approval, and from time to time the board of teaching shall revise or supplement the rules for licensure of public school teachers subject to approval by the state board of education. It shall be the duty of the board of teaching to establish rules for the approval of teacher education programs subject to approval by the board of education. Subject to rules approved by the board of education, the board of teaching shall also

#### **TEACHERS 125.187**

grant licenses to interns and to candidates for original licenses and receive recommendations from local committees as established by the board of teaching for the renewal of teaching licenses, to grant life licenses to those who qualify according to requirements established by the board of teaching, and suspend or revoke licenses pursuant to sections 125.09 and 214.10. With regard to vocational education teachers the board of teaching shall adopt and maintain as its rules the state plan for vocational education.

In the event the state board of education disapproves any proposal from the board of teaching, it shall give written notice of such disapproval within 60 days after the receipt of the proposal including its reasons. Any proposal disapproved by the state board may be resubmitted by the board of teaching at any time after the expiration of 45 days after the date of disapproval.

Subd. 5. The executive secretary of the board of teaching shall keep a record of the proceedings of and a register of all persons licensed under Laws 1973, Chapter 749. The register shall show the name, address, license number and the renewal thereof. The board shall on July 1, 1974, or as soon thereafter as is practicable, and each year thereafter compile a list of such duly licensed teachers and transmit a copy thereof to the board. A copy of the register shall be available during business hours at the office of the board to any interested person.

Subd. 6. The state board of education shall provide all necessary materials and assistance for the transaction of the business of the board and all moneys received by the board shall be paid into the state treasury as provided by law. The expenses of administering sections 125.01 to 125.187 shall be paid for from appropriations made to the state board of education and to the board of teaching.

Subd. 7. Any person who shall in any manner represent himself as a licensed teacher without a valid existing license issued to him by the board or any person who employs fraud or deception in applying for or securing a license shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Subd. 8. [ Repealed, 1976 c 271 s 98 ]

[ Ex1967 c 25 s 5; 1973 c 749 s 11; 1975 c 136 s 4; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 222 s 25,27,208; 1976 c 271 s 65 ]

NOTE: Subdivision 8 was also amended by Laws 1976, Chapter 222, Section 25, Subdivision 8, to read:

"Subd. 8. The board may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 15, in order to effect the purposes of Laws 1973, Chapter 749. Rules so adopted shall be subject to the approval of the state board of education as provided in Laws 1973, Chapter 749."

125.186 MS 1953 [Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9]

125.187 VALIDITY OF CERTIFICATES OR LICENSES. No rule adopted by the board of teaching shall affect the validity of certificates or licenses to teach in effect on July 1, 1974, or the rights and privileges of the holders thereof, except that any such certificate or license may be suspended or revoked for any of the causes and by the procedures specified by law.

[ 1973 c 749 s 12; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 222 s 26,27 ]

1 <b>25.19</b>	MS 1953	[ Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
1 <b>25.19</b>	MS 1969	[ Repealed, Ex1971 c 33 s 17 ]
1 <b>25.20</b>	MS 1953	[Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
1 <b>25.20</b>	MS 1969	[ Repealed, Ex1971 c 33 s 17 ]
125.21	MS 1953	[Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
125.21	MS 1969	[ Repealed, Ex1971 c 33 s 17 ]
125.22	MS 1949	[ Repealed, 1953 c 50 s 2 ]
125.22	MS 1969	[ Repealed, Ex1971 c 33 s 17 ]
125.23	MS 1953	[Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
125.23	MS 1969	[ Repealed, Ex1971 c 33 s 17 ]
125.24	MS 1953	[Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
125.24	MS 1969	[ Repealed, Ex1971 c 33 s 17 ]

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#### 125.52 TEACHERS

MS 1953	[ Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
MS 1969	[ Repealed, Ex1971 c.33 s 17 ]
MS 1953	[Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
MS 1969	[ Repealed, Ex1971 c 33 s 17 ]
MS 1953	[ Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
MS 1953	[ Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
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MS 1953	[Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
MS 1953	[ Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
MS 1953	[ Repealed, 1957 c 947 art 9 s 9 ]
MS 1957	[ Renumbered 129.06 ]
MS 1957	[ Renumbered 129.07 ]
MS 1957	[ Renumbered 129.08 ]
MS 1957	[Renumbered 129.09]
MS 1957	[ Renumbered 129.10 ]
MS 1957	[ Renumbered 129.11 ]
	MS 1969 MS 1969 MS 1953 MS 1953 MS 1953 MS 1953 MS 1953 MS 1953 MS 1953 MS 1953 MS 1953 MS 1957 MS 1957 MS 1957 MS 1957 MS 1957

125.52 INTERSTATE AGREEMENT ON QUALIFICATIONS OF EDUCA-TIONAL PERSONNEL. The interstate agreement on qualifications of educational personnel is hereby enacted into law and entered into with all jurisdictions legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

#### INTERSTATE AGREEMENT ON QUALIFICATIONS OF

#### EDUCATIONAL PERSONNEL

#### ARTICLE I

#### PURPOSE, FINDINGS, AND POLICY

(1) The states party to this agreement, desiring by common action to improve their respective school systems by utilizing the teacher or other professional educational person wherever educated, declare that it is the policy of each of them, on the basis of cooperation with one another, to take advantage of the preparation and experience of such persons wherever gained, thereby serving the best interests of society, of education, and of the teaching profession. It is the purpose of this agreement to provide for the development and execution of such programs of cooperation as will facilitate the movement of teachers and other professional educational personnel among the states party to it, and to authorize specific interstate educational personnel contracts to achieve that end.

(2) The party states find that included in the large movement of population among all sections of the nation are many qualified educational personnel who move for family and other personal reasons but who are hindered in using their professional skill and experience in their new locations. Variations from state to state in requirements for qualifying educational personnel discourage such personnel from taking the steps necessary to qualify in other states. As a consequence, a significant number of professionally prepared and experienced educators is lost to our school systems. Facilitating the employment of qualified educational personnel, without reference to their states of origin, can increase the available educational resources. Participation in this compact can increase the availability of educational manpower.

**TEACHERS 125.52** 

#### ARTICLE II

#### DEFINITIONS

As used in this agreement and contracts made pursuant to it, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(1) Educational personnel means persons who must meet requirements pursuant to state law as a condition of employment in educational programs.

(2) Designated state official means the educational official of a state selected by that state to negotiate and enter into, on behalf of this state, contracts pursuant to this agreement.

(3) Accept, or any variant thereof, means to recognize and give effect to one or more determinations of another state relating to the qualifications of educational personnel in lieu of making or requiring a like determination that would otherwise be required by or pursuant to the laws of a receiving state.

(4) State means a state, territory, or possession of the United States; the District of Columbia; or the commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

(5) Originating state means a state (and the subdivision thereof, if any) whose determination that certain educational personnel are qualified to be employed for specific duties in schools is acceptable in accordance with the terms of a contract made pursuant to article III.

(6) Receiving state means a state (and the subdivisions thereof) which accepts educational personnel in accordance with the terms of a contract made pursuant to article III.

#### ARTICLE III

### INTERSTATE EDUCATIONAL PERSONNEL CONTRACTS

(1) The designated state official of a party state may make one or more contracts on behalf of his state with one or more other party states providing for the acceptance of educational personnel. Any such contract for the period of its duration shall be applicable to and binding on the states whose designated state officials enter into it, and the subdivisions of those states, with the same force and effect as if incorporated in this agreement. A designated state official may enter into a contract pursuant to this article only with states in which he finds that there are programs of education, certification standards or other acceptable qualifications that assure preparation or qualification of educational personnel on a basis sufficiently comparable, even though not identical to that prevailing in his own state.

(2) Any such contract shall provide for:

(a) Its duration.

(b) The criteria to be applied by an originating state in qualifying educational personnel for acceptance by a receiving state.

(c) Such waivers, substitutions, and conditional acceptances as shall aid the practical effectuation of the contract without sacrifice of basic educational standards.

(d) Any other necessary matters.

(3) No contract made pursuant to this agreement shall be for a term longer than five years but any such contract may be renewed for like or lesser periods.

(4) Any contract dealing with acceptance of educational personnel on the basis of their having completed an educational program shall specify the earliest date or dates on which originating state approval of the program or programs involved can have occurred. No contract made pursuant to this agreement shall require acceptance by a receiving state of any persons qualified because of successful completion of a program prior to January 1, 1954.

(5) The certification or other acceptance of a person who has been accepted pursuant to the terms of a contract shall not be revoked or otherwise impaired because the contract has expired or been terminated. However, any certificate or other qualifying document may be revoked or suspended on any ground which would be sufficient for revocation or suspension of a certificate or other qualifying document initially granted or approved in the receiving state.

(6) A contract committee composed of the designated state officials of the contracting states or their representatives shall keep the contract under continuous review, study means of improving its administration, and report no less frequently than

### 125.52 TEACHERS

1964

once a year to the heads of the appropriate education agencies of the contracting states.

#### ARTICLE IV

#### APPROVED AND ACCEPTED PROGRAMS

(1) Nothing in this agreement shall be construed to repeal or otherwise modify any law or regulation of a party state relating to the approval of programs of educational preparation having effect solely on the qualification of educational personnel within that state.

(2) To the extent that contracts made pursuant to this agreement deal with the educational requirements for the proper qualification of educational personnel, acceptance of a program of educational preparation shall be in accordance with such procedures and requirements as may be provided in the applicable contract.

## ARTICLE V

#### INTERSTATE COOPERATION

The party states agree that:

(1) They will, so far as practicable, prefer the making of multilateral contracts pursuant to article III of this agreement.

(2) They will facilitate and strengthen cooperation in interstate certification and other elements of educational personnel qualification and for this purpose shall cooperate with agencies, organizations, and associations interested in certification and other elements of educational personnel qualification.

#### ARTICLE VI

## AGREEMENT EVALUATION

The designated state officials of any party state may meet from time to time as a group to evaluate progress under the agreement, and to formulate recommendations for changes.

#### ARTICLE VII

### OTHER ARRANGEMENTS

Nothing in this agreement shall be construed to prevent or inhibit other arrangements or practices of any party state or states to facilitate the interchange of educational personnel.

### ARTICLE VIII

#### EFFECT AND WITHDRAWAL

(1) This agreement shall become effective when enacted into law by two states. Thereafter it shall become effective as to any state upon its enactment of this agreement.

(2) Any party state may withdraw from this agreement by enacting a statute repealing the same, but no such withdrawal shall take effect until one year after the governor of the withdrawing state has given notice in writing of the withdrawal to the governors of all other party states.

(3) No withdrawal shall relieve the withdrawing state of any obligation imposed upon it by a contract to which it is a party. The duration of contracts and the methods and conditions of withdrawal therefrom shall be those specified in their terms.

### ARTICLE IX

## CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

This agreement shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this agreement shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this agreement is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any state or of the United States, or the application thereof to any government,

### TEACHERS 125.54

agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this agreement and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this agreement shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state participating therein, the agreement shall remain in full force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.

[ 1969 c 20 s 1 ]

125.53 **DESIGNATED STATE OFFICIAL.** For the purposes of the agreement set forth in section 125.52, the designated state official for this state shall be the commissioner of education.

[ 1969 c 20 s 2 ]

125.54 **RECORD OF CONTRACTS.** Two copies of all contracts made on behalf of this state pursuant to the agreement set forth in section 125.52 shall be kept on file in the office of the commissioner of education.

[ 1969 c 20 s 3 ]

1965