ETHICS IN GOVERNMENT 10A.01

CHAPTER 10A

ETHICS IN GOVERNMENT

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- 10A.01 **DEFINITIONS.** Subdivision 1. For the purposes of sections 10A.01 to 10A.34, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
- Subd. 2. "Administrative action" means an action by any official, board, commission or agency of the executive branch to make rules. "Administrative action" does not include the application or administration of those rules, except in cases of rate setting, power plant siting and others specified by the commission.
- Subd. 3. "Association" means business, corporation, firm, partnership, committee, labor organization, club, or any other group of two or more persons, which includes more than an immediate family, acting in concert.
- Subd. 4. "Business with which he is associated" means any association in connection with which the individual is compensated in excess of \$50 except for actual and reasonable expenses in any month as a director, officer, owner, member, partner, employer or employee, or is a holder of securities worth \$2,500 or more at fair market value.
- Subd. 5. "Candidate" means an individual who seeks nomination for election or election to any statewide office or legislative office, other than a federal office for which candidates are required to report under federal laws. The term candidate shall also include an individual who seeks nomination for election or election to supreme court and district court judgeships of the state. An individual shall be deemed to seek nomination for election or election if he has taken the action necessary under the law of the state of Minnesota to qualify himself for nomination for election or election to an office, has received contributions or made expenditures in excess of \$100, or has given his consent, implicit or explicit, for any other person to receive contributions or make expenditures in excess of \$100 with a view to bringing about his nomination for election or election to an office.
 - Subd. 6. "Board" means the state ethical practices board.
 - Subd. 7. "Contribution" means:
- (a) A gift, subscription, loan, advance, the providing of supplies, materials or equipment, or deposit of money or anything else of value made to influence the nomination for election or election of a candidate to office;
 - (b) A transfer of funds between political committees or political funds; or
- (c) The payment of compensation for the personal services of another person which are rendered to a candidate, political committee or political fund to influence the nomination for election or election of a candidate to office by any person other than that candidate, political committee or political fund.
- "Contribution" does not include services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering their time on behalf of a candidate, political committee or political fund, or coverage by news media, but only while acting in the ordinary course of business of publishing or broadcasting news items, editorials or other comments.

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- Subd. 8. "Depository" means any bank, savings and loan association or credit union, organized under federal or state law and transacting business within Minnesota.
- Subd. 9. "Election" means a general, special, primary or special primary election, or a convention or caucus of a political party held to nominate or endorse a candidate.

Subd. 10. "Expenditure" means:

- (a) A purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit or gift of money or anything of value, made for the purpose of influencing the nomination for election or election of any candidate to office; or
 - (b) A transfer of funds between political committees or political funds.

"Expenditure" does not include: (a) Services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering their time on behalf of a candidate, political committee, or political fund; or (b) expenses incurred by a member of the legislature or a person holding constitutional office in the executive branch, in performing services for constituents. The board shall have the power to determine whether the expense was incurred primarily for the purpose of providing a constituent service or is an expenditure within the meaning of this subdivision.

Subd. 11. "Lobbyist" means any individual:

- (a) Engaged for pay or other consideration, or authorized by another individual or association to spend money, who spends more than five hours in any month or more than \$250, not including travel expenses and membership dues, in any year, for the purpose of attempting to influence legislative or administrative action by communicating or urging others to communicate with public officials; or
- (b) Who spends more than \$250, not including traveling expenses and membership dues, in any year for the purpose of attempting to influence legislative or administrative action by communicating or urging others to communicate with public officials.

"Lobbyist" does not include any:

- (a) Public official or employee of the state or any of its political subdivisions or public bodies acting in his official capacity;
- (b) Party or his representative appearing in a proceeding before a state board, commission or agency of the executive branch unless the board, commission or agency is taking administrative action;
- (c) Individual in the course of selling goods or services to be paid for by public funds:
- (d) News media or their employees or agents acting in the ordinary course of business of publishing or broadcasting news items, editorials or other comments or paid advertisements which directly or indirectly urge official action;
- (e) Paid expert witness whose testimony is requested either by the body before which he is appearing or one of the parties to a proceeding, but only to the extent of preparing or delivering testimony; or
- (f) Stockholder of a family farm corporation as defined in section 500.24, subdivision 1, who does not spend over \$250, excluding travel expenses, in any year in communicating with public officials.
- Subd. 12. "Major political party" means a political party as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 7.
- Subd. 13. "Minor political party" means any party other than a major political party which ran a candidate on the statewide or legislative ballot in the last general election or files a petition with the secretary of state containing the names of 2,000 persons registered to vote in Minnesota and declaring that the signators desire to enable the party to receive money from the state elections campaign fund in the same manner as a major political party. For the purposes of Laws 1974, Chapter 470 prior to the general election in 1974, all persons who are eligible to vote in areas where there is no registration shall be considered registered voters.
 - Subd. 14. [Repealed, 1976 c 307 s 35]
- Subd. 15. "Political committee" means any political party, association or person other than an individual which has as its major purpose to support or oppose any candidate or to influence the nomination for election or election of a candidate.

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- Subd. 16. "Political fund" means any accumulation of dues or voluntary donations by an association other than a political committee, which accumulation is collected or expended for the purpose of influencing the nomination for election of a candidate.
- Subd. 17. "Political party" means either a major political party or a minor political party.

Subd. 18. "Public official" means any:

- (a) Member of the legislature;
- (b) Person holding a constitutional office in the executive branch and his chief administrative deputy;
- (c) Member of a state board or commission which has rule making authority, as "rule" is defined in section 15.0411, subdivision 3;
- (d) Person employed by the legislature as secretary of the senate, legislative auditor, chief clerk of the house, revisor of statutes, or researcher or attorney in the office of legislative research;
- (e) Person employed by the executive branch in any position specified in section 15A.081; and
- (f) Member of the metropolitan council, metropolitan transit commission, metropolitan sewer board or metropolitan airports commission.
- Subd. 19. "Office holder" means an individual who holds any statewide or legislative office, except a federal office for which candidates are required to report under federal laws, state supreme court justice or district court judge.

[1974 c 470 s 1; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 307 s 1-4]

- 10A.02 STATE ETHICAL PRACTICES BOARD. Subdivision 1. There is hereby created a state ethical practices board composed of six members. The members shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of three-fifths of both the senate and the house of representatives acting separately. Failure by either house to confirm the appointment of a board member within 45 legislative days after his appointment shall be deemed to be a refusal to advise and consent and his appointment shall terminate immediately after 45 legislative days or non-confirmation, whichever is earlier. One member shall be a former state legislator from a major political party different from that of the governor; one member shall be a former state legislator from the same political party as the governor; two members shall be persons who have not been public officials, held office in a political party other than precinct delegate, or been elected to public office for which party designation is required by statute in the three years prior to the time of their appointment; and the other two members shall not support the same political party. No more than three of the members of the board shall support the same political party.
- Subd. 2. Any appointment to fill a vacancy in an original or subsequent term shall be made only for the unexpired term of a member who is being replaced and shall retain the same stated qualifications as the member being replaced. The membership terms, compensation, removal of members on the board shall be as provided in section 15.0575 except that the extension of terms and the filling of vacancies shall be subject to the advice and consent of the legislature in the same manner as provided in subdivision 1.
- Subd. 3. The concurring vote of four members of the board shall be required to decide any matter before the board.
- Subd. 4. The board shall hold an organizational meeting within 45 days after April 13, 1974 at which time the members of the board shall elect from among their members a chairman, a vice-chairman and a secretary. The secretary shall keep a record of all proceedings and actions by the board. Meetings of the board shall be at the call of the chairman or at the call of any four members of the board acting together.
- Subd. 5. The board shall appoint an executive director who shall be in the unclassified service. The board may also employ and prescribe the duties of other permanent or temporary employees in the unclassified service as may be necessary to administer sections 10A.01 to 10A.34, subject to appropriation. The executive director and all other employees shall serve at the pleasure of the board. Expenses of the board shall be approved by the chairman or such other member as the rules of the board may provide and the expenses shall then be paid in the same manner as other

state expenses are paid.

Subd. 6. [Repealed, 1976 c 134 s 79]

- Subd. 7. All members and employees of the board shall be subject to any provisions of law regulating political activity by state employees. In addition, no member or employee of the board shall be a candidate for, or holder of, (a) a national, state, congressional district, legislative district, county or precinct office in a political party, or (b) an elected public office for which party designation is required by statute.
- Subd. 8. The board shall: (a) Report at the close of each fiscal year to the legislature, the governor and the public concerning the action it has taken, the names, salaries, and duties of all individuals in its employ and the money it has disbursed. The board shall include and identify in its report any other reports it has made during the fiscal year. It may indicate apparent abuses and offer legislative recommendations;
- (b) Prescribe forms for statements and reports required to be filed under sections 10A.01 to 10A.34 and make the forms available to persons required to file them;
- (c) Make available to the persons required to file the reports and statements a manual setting forth the recommended uniform methods of bookkeeping and reporting;
- (d) Develop a filing, coding and cross-indexing system consistent with the purposes of sections 10A.01 to 10A.34;
- (e) Make the reports and statements filed with it available for public inspection and copying by the end of the second day following the day on which they were received. Any person may copy a report or statement by hand or by duplicating machine and the board shall provide duplicating services at cost for this purpose. No information copied from reports and statements shall be sold or utilized by any person for any commercial purpose;
- (f) Nothwithstanding the provisions of section 138.163, preserve reports and statements for a period of five years from the date of receipt;
- (g) Compile and maintain a current list and summary of all statements or parts of statements pertaining to each candidate; and
 - (h) Prepare and publish reports as it may deem appropriate.
- Subd. 9. The executive director of the board or his staff shall inspect all material filed with the board as promptly as is necessary to comply with the provisions of sections 10A.01 to 10A.34. The executive director shall immediately notify the person required to file a document with the board if a written complaint is filed with the board by any registered voter alleging, or it otherwise appears, that a document filed with the board is inaccurate or does not comply with the provisions of sections 10A.01 to 10A.34 or that a person has failed to file a document required by sections 10A.01 to 10A.34.
- Subd. 10. The board may make audits and investigations with respect to statements and reports which are filed or which should have been filed under the provisions of sections 10A.01 to 10A.34. In all matters relating to its official duties, the board shall have the power to issue subpoenas and cause them to be served. If a person does not comply with a subpoena, the board may apply to the district court of Ramsey county for issuance of an order compelling obedience to the subpoena. A person failing to obey the order is punishable by the court as for contempt.
- Subd. 11. Any hearing or action of the board concerning any complaint or investigation shall be confidential and all information obtained by the board shall be privileged until the board makes a finding that the board believes there is or is not probable cause to conclude that a violation of Laws 1974, Chapter 470 has occurred. Any person, including any member or employee of the board, violating the confidentiality provisions of this subdivision shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor. The board shall make a finding within 30 days of receipt of a written complaint unless a majority of the board agrees to extend the time limit. After determination of its findings the board shall report any finding of probable cause to the appropriate law enforcement authorities.
- Subd. 12. The board may issue and publish advisory opinions on the requirements of sections 10A.01 to 10A.34 based upon real or hypothetical situations. An application for an advisory opinion may be made only by those who wish to use the opinion to guide their own conduct. The board shall issue written opinions on all such questions submitted to it within 30 days after receipt of written application, unless a

majority of the board agrees to extend the time limit.

Subd. 13. The provisions of chapter 15, shall apply to the board including the power to prescribe rules and regulations to carry out the purposes of sections 10A.01 to 10A.34.

[1974 c 470 s 2; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 134 s 5; 1976 c 307 s 5-8]

- 10A.03 LOBBYIST REGISTRATION. Subdivision 1. Each lobbyist shall file a registration form with the board within five days after he commences lobbying.
- Subd. 2. The registration form shall be prescribed by the board and shall include (a) the name and address of the lobbyist, (b) the principal place of business of the lobbyist, (c) the name and address of each person, if any, by whom the lobbyist is retained or employed or on whose behalf the lobbyist appears, and (d) a general description of the subject or subjects on which the lobbyist expects to lobby. If the lobbyist lobbies on behalf of an association the registration form shall include the name and address of the officers and directors of the association.

[1974 c 470 s 3: 1975 c 271 s 6]

- **10A.04 LOBBYING REPORTS.** Subdivision 1. Each lobbyist shall file reports of his activities with the board as long as he lobbies.
- Subd. 2. Each report shall cover the time from the last day of the period covered by the last report to 15 days prior to the current filing date. The reports shall be filed with the board by the following dates:
 - (a) February 15
 - (b) March 15
 - (c) April 15
 - (d) June 15
 - (e) October 15
- Subd. 3. Each person or association about whose activities a lobbyist is required to report shall provide the information required by sections 10A.03 to 10A.05 to the lobbyist no later than five days before the prescribed filing date.
- Subd. 4. The report shall include such information as the board may require from the registration form and the following information for the reporting period:
- (a) The lobbyist's total disbursements on lobbying and a breakdown of those disbursements into categories specified by the board, including but not limited to the cost of publication and distribution of each publication used in lobbying; other printing; media, including the cost of production; postage; travel; fees, including allowances; entertainment; telephone and telegraph; and other expenses;
- (b) The amount and nature of each honorarium, gift, loan, item or benefit, excluding contributions to a candidate, equal in value to \$20 or more, given or paid to any public official by the lobbyist or any employer or any employee of the lobbyist. The list shall include the name and address of each public official to whom the honorarium, gift, loan, item or benefit was given or paid and the date it was given or paid; and
- (c) Each original source of funds in excess of \$500 in any year used for the purpose of lobbying. The list shall include the name, address and employer, or, if self-employed, the occupation and principal place of business, of each payer of funds in excess of \$500.
- Subd. 4a. If in any reporting period the lobbyist's reportable disbursements total not over \$100 and no honorarium, gift, loan, item or benefit equal in value to \$20 or more was given or paid to any public official, a statement to that effect in lieu of the report may be filed for that period. The unreported disbursements shall be included in the report for the following period, unless the total for that period, including the carryover, is not over \$100. The October 15 report shall include all previously unreported disbursements, even though the total for the year is not over \$100.
- Subd. 5. The board shall notify by registered mail any lobbyist who fails after five days after a filing date imposed by section 10A.03 or this section to file a report or statement required by section 10A.03 or this section. A lobbyist who knowingly

fails to file such a report or statement within seven days after receiving notice from the board is guilty of a misdemeanor.

[1974 c 470 s 4; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 307 s 9,10]

10A.05 LOBBYIST REPORT. Within 30 days after each lobbyist filing date set by section 10A.04, the executive director of the board shall report to the governor, and the presiding officer of each house of the legislature, the names of the lobbyists registered who were not previously reported, the names of the persons or associations whom they represent as lobbyists and the subject or subjects on which they are lobbying.

[1974 c 470 s 5; 1975 c 271 s 6]

10A.06 CONTINGENT FEES PROHIBITED. No person shall employ a lobbyist for compensation which is dependent upon the result or outcome of any legislative or administrative action. Any person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

[1974 c 470 s 6]

- 10A.07 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST. Subdivision 1. Any public official who in the discharge of his official duties would be required to take an action or make a decision which would substantially affect his financial interests or those of a business with which he is associated, unless the effect on him is no greater than on other members of his business classification, profession or occupation, shall take the following actions:
- (a) He shall prepare a written statement describing the matter requiring action or decision and the nature of his potential conflict of interest;
- (b) He shall deliver copies of the statement to the board and to his immediate superior, if any;
- (c) If he is a legislator, he shall deliver a copy of the statement to the presiding officer of the house in which he serves; and
- (d) If a potential conflict of interest presents itself and there is insufficient time to comply with the provisions of clauses (a) to (c), the public official shall verbally inform his superior or the official body, or committee thereof, in which he serves of the potential conflict. He shall file a written statement with the board within one week after the potential conflict presents itself.
- Subd. 2. If the public official is not a legislator, his superior shall assign the matter, if possible, to another employee who does not have a potential conflict of interest. If he has no immediate superior, the public official shall remove himself, if possible, in a manner prescribed by the board from influence over the action or decision in question. If the public official is a legislator, the house of which he is a member may, at his request, excuse him from taking part in the action or decision in question.

[1974 c 470 s 7; 1975 c 271 s 6]

10A.08 REPRESENTATION DISCLOSURE. Any public official who represents a client for a fee before any board or commission which has rule making authority in a hearing conducted under chapter 15, shall disclose his participation in the action to the board within 14 days after his appearance.

[1974 c 470 s 8; 1975 c 271 s 6]

- 10A.09 STATEMENTS OF ECONOMIC INTEREST. Subdivision 1. Except for a candidate for elective office in the judicial branch, an individual shall file a statement of economic interest with the board:
 - (a) Within 60 days of accepting employment as a public official; or
- (b) Within 14 days after filing an affidavit of candidacy or petition to appear on the ballot for an elective public office; or
- (c) In the case of a public official requiring the advice and consent of the senate, prior to the submission of his name to the senate, and in any event, within 60 days after he undertakes the duties of his office.
- Subd. 2. The secretary of state or the appropriate county auditor upon receiving an affidavit of candidacy or petition to appear on the ballot from an individual required by this section to file a statement of economic interest, and any official who

nominates or employs a public official required by this section to file a statement of economic interest, shall notify the board of the name of the individual required to file a statement and the date of the affidavit, petition or nomination.

- Subd. 3. The board shall notify the secretary of state or the appropriate county auditor and, when necessary in the case of appointive office, the presiding officer of the house that will approve or disapprove the nomination, of the name of the individual who has filed a statement of economic interest with the board and the date on which the statement was filed.
- Subd. 4. The board shall notify by registered mail any candidate for elective office who fails within 14 days after filing for office to submit a statement of economic interest required by this section. A candidate who knowingly fails to submit a statement of economic interest within seven days after receiving notice from the board is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- Subd. 5. A statement of economic interest required by this section shall be on a form prescribed by the board. The individual filing shall provide the following information:
 - (a) His name, address, occupation and principal place of business;
- (b) The name of each business with which he is associated and the nature of that association; and
- (c) A listing of all real property within the state, excluding homestead property, in which he has a fee simple interest, a contract for deed or an option to buy, whether direct or indirect, and which interest is valued in excess of \$2,500. The filing shall indicate the street address and the municipality or the section, township, range and approximate acreage, whichever applies, and the county wherein the property is located.
- Subd. 6. Each individual who is required to file a statement of economic interest shall file a supplementary statement on April 15 of each year.
- Subd. 7. All public officials in office on April 13, 1974 shall file with the board a statement of economic interest within 60 days after the date the board issues statement of economic interest forms.
- Subd. 8. Any public official, except a member of the legislature or a constitutional officer, who is required to file a statement of economic interest and fails to do so by the prescribed deadline shall be suspended without pay by the board in the manner prescribed in the contested case procedures in chapter 15.

[1974 c 470 s 9; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 307 s 11]

10A.10 PENALTY FOR FALSE STATEMENTS. A report or statement required to be filed by sections 10A.02 to 10A.09 shall be signed and certified as true by the person required to file the report. Any person who signs and certifies to be true a report or statement which he knows contains false information or who knowingly omits required information is guilty of a felony.

[1974 c 470 s 10]

- 10A.11 ORGANIZATION OF POLITICAL COMMITTEES. Subdivision 1. Every political committee shall have a chairman and a treasurer. Nothing in Laws 1974, Chapter 470 shall prohibit them from being the same person.
- Subd. 2. No contribution shall be accepted and no expenditure shall be made by or on behalf of a political committee at a time when there is a vacancy in the office of treasurer.
- Subd. 3. The treasurer of a political committee may appoint as many deputy treasurers as necessary and shall be responsible for their accounts.
- Subd. 4. The treasurer of a political committee may designate not more than two depositories in each county in which a campaign is conducted.
- Subd. 5. No funds of a political committee shall be commingled with any personal funds of officers, members or associates of the committee.
- Subd. 6. Except for transfers of funds between political committees and transfers from the state election campaign fund, a political committee shall be financed solely through voluntary donations by natural persons or political funds.

Subd. 7. Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

[1974 c 470 s 11]

- 10A.12 POLITICAL FUNDS. Subdivision 1. No association shall make a transfer of funds to a candidate or political committee or make an expenditure which has as its purpose the influencing of the nomination for election or election or defeat of a candidate unless it is a political committee or unless the funds for the contribution or expenditure come solely from a political fund.
- Subd. 2. The contents of a political fund shall not be commingled with any other funds or with the personal funds of any officer or member of the fund.
- Subd. 3. Each association which has a political fund shall elect or appoint a treasurer of the political fund.
- Subd. 4. No donations to the political fund shall be accepted and no expenditures from the political fund shall be made while the office of treasurer of the political fund is vacant.
- Subd. 5. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, any association may, if not prohibited by law, transfer to its political fund money from that part of its treasury financed by dues or membership fees. Pursuant to section 10A.20, the source of the dues or membership fees must be disclosed if an aggregate amount in excess of \$50 of any member's dues, membership fees and voluntary contributions are transferred to the political fund within one year.
- Subd. 6. Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

[1974 c 470 s 12]

- 10A.13 ACCOUNTS WHICH MUST BE KEPT. Subdivision 1. It shall be the duty of the treasurer of a political committee or political fund to keep an account of:
- (a) The sum of all contributions except any contribution in kind valued at less than \$20 made to or for the political committee or political fund;
- (b) The name and address, if any, of any person making a contribution in excess of \$20, and the date and amount thereof; and
 - (c) All expenditures made by or on behalf of the committee or fund.

Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Subd. 2. The treasurer shall obtain a receipted bill, stating the particulars, for every expenditure made by or on behalf of a political committee or political fund of over \$100, and for any expenditure in a lesser amount if the aggregate amount of lesser expenditures to the same person during a year exceeds \$100. The treasurer shall preserve all receipted bills and accounts required to be kept by this section for four years.

[1974 c 470 s 13]

- 10A.14 REGISTRATION OF POLITICAL COMMITTEES AND POLITICAL FUNDS. Subdivision 1. The treasurer of a political committee or political fund shall register with the board by filing a statement of organization no later than 14 days after the date upon which the committee or fund has received contributions or made expenditures in excess of \$100. However, in the first year of Laws 1974, Chapter 470, treasurers shall file within 30 days after the board issues political committee or political fund registration forms.
 - Subd. 2. The statement of organization shall include:
 - (a) The name and address of the political committee or political fund;
 - (b) The names and addresses of the supporting associations of a political fund;
- (c) The name and address of the chairman, the treasurer, and any deputy treasurers;
 - (d) A listing of all depositories or safety deposit boxes used; and
 - (e) A statement as to whether the committee is a principal campaign committee.

- Subd. 3. [Repealed, 1976 c 307 s 35]
- Subd. 4. The board shall notify any person who fails to file a statement required by this section. A person who knowingly fails to file the statement within seven days after receiving notice from the board is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

[1974 c 470 s 14; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 307 s 12]

- 10A.15 CONTRIBUTIONS. Subdivision 1. Any anonymous contribution in excess of \$20 shall not be retained by any political committee or political fund, but shall be forwarded to the board and deposited to the general account of the state elections campaign fund.
- Subd. 2. Every person who receives a contribution in excess of \$20 for a political committee or political fund shall, on demand of the treasurer, and in any event within 14 days after receipt of the contribution, inform the treasurer of the amount, the name and, if known, the address of the person making the contribution and the date it was received.
- Subd. 3. All monetary contributions received by or on behalf of any candidate or political committee or political fund shall within 14 days after the receipt thereof, Sundays and holidays excepted, be deposited in a designated depository in an account designated "Campaign Fund of (name of committee or fund)".
- Subd. 4. Any person violating the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

[1974 c 470 s 15; 1975 c 271 s 6]

10A.16 EARMARKING. Any person, political committee or political fund which receives contributions or transfers of funds from any person or association with the condition, express or implied, that those funds or any part of them be directed to a particular candidate shall disclose to the ultimate recipient of such funds and in the reports required by section 10A.20, the original source of the funds, the fact that the funds were earmarked and the candidate to whom they are directed. The ultimate recipient of any funds so earmarked shall also disclose by report to the board the original source of the funds, and the person, political committee, or political fund through which they were directed. This section applies only to those contributions required to be disclosed by section 10A.20. Any person or association who knowingly accepts earmarked funds and fails to make the required disclosures is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

[1974 c 470 s 16; 1975 c 271 s 6]

- 10A.17 EXPENDITURES. Subdivision 1. All expenditures shall be authorized by the treasurer or deputy treasurer of the committee or fund making that expenditure.
- Subd. 2. No person or persons acting in concert other than the candidate and the treasurer of the candidate's principal campaign committee may make expenditures of more than \$20 with the authorization or consent, express or implied, of a candidate or his agent, or under the control, direct or indirect, of a candidate or his agent on behalf of a candidate without receiving from the treasurer of that candidate's principal campaign committee (i) prior written authorization and (ii) certification that the expenditures will not exceed the limits on expenditures as set forth in sections 10A.25 and 10A.27. All such expenditures shall be counted against the spending limitations of the candidate.
- Subd. 3. The treasurer or deputy treasurer of a political committee may make an authorization for petty cash in any reporting period of not more than \$100 per week for statewide elections and \$20 per week in legislative elections to be used for miscellaneous expenditures.
- Subd. 4. Each authorization shall state the amount and purpose of the expenditure and shall be signed by the treasurer or deputy treasurer of the committee making the expenditure and by the individual making the expenditure.
- Subd. 5. Any political committee, political fund or person who solicits or accepts contributions or make expenditures on behalf of any candidate without the written authorization of the candidate shall publicly disclose its lack of authorization. In all written communications with those from whom it solicits or accepts contributions or to whom it makes expenditures, the committee, fund or person shall state in writing and in conspicuous type that it is not authorized by the candidate and that the candidate

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is not responsible for its activities. A similar oral statement shall be included in all oral communications. A similar written statement shall be included in conspicuous type on the front page of all literature and advertisements published or posted and a similar oral statement included at the end of all broadcast advertisements by committee, fund or person in connection with the candidate's campaign.

Subd. 6. Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of subdivisions 1, 2, 3 or 5 or who falsely claims the lack of authorization is guilty of a misdemeanor.

[1974 c 470 s 17]

10A.18 BILLS WHEN RENDERED AND PAID. Every person who has a bill, charge or claim against any political committee or political fund for any expenditure shall render in writing to the treasurer of the committee or fund the bill, charge or claim within 60 days after the material or service is provided. Failure to so present the bill, charge or claim is a misdemeanor.

1974 c 470 s 18 1

- 10A.19 PRINCIPAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE. Subdivision 1. Every candidate shall designate and cause to be formed a single principal campaign committee which shall be responsible for reporting contributions and authorized expenditures on behalf of the candidate.
- Subd. 2. A candidate may at any time without cause remove and replace the chairman, treasurer, deputy treasurer or any other officer of the candidate's principal campaign committee.

[1974 c 470 s 19; 1976 c 307 s 13]

- 10A.20 CAMPAIGN REPORTS. Subdivision 1. The treasurer of every political committee and political fund shall begin to file the reports required by this section in the first year it receives contributions or makes expenditures in excess of \$100 and shall continue to file until the committee or fund is terminated.
- Subd. 2. The reports shall be filed with the board on or before January 31 of each year, and in each year in which the name of the candidate being supported is on the ballot, ten days before the primary or special primary and general or special election

If a scheduled filing date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the filing date shall be the next regular business day.

- Subd. 3. Each report under this section shall disclose:
- (a) The amount of liquid assets on hand at the beginning of the reporting period;
- (b) The name, address and employer, or, if self-employed, occupation of each person, political committee or political fund who has made one or more contributions to or for the political committee or political fund including the purchase of tickets for dinners, luncheons, rallies, and similar fund raising events within the year in an aggregate amount or value in excess of \$50 for legislative candidates and in excess of \$100 for statewide candidates, together with the amount and date of the contributions, and the aggregate amount of contributions within the year from each contributor so disclosed. The lists of contributors shall be in alphabetical order;
- (c) The total sum of individual contributions made to or for the political committee or political fund during the reporting period and not reported under clause (b);
- (d) Each loan to or from any person within the year in an aggregate amount or value in excess of \$100, together with the name and address, occupation and the principal place of business, if any, of the lender or any endorser and the date and amount of the loan;
 - (e) Each receipt in excess of \$100 not otherwise listed under clauses (b) to (d);
- (f) The total sum of all receipts by or for the political committee or political fund during the reporting period;
- (g) The name and address of each person to whom expenditures have been made by the political committee or political fund or on its behalf within the year in an aggregate amount in excess of \$100, the amount, date and purpose of each expenditure and the name and address of, and office sought by, each candidate on whose behalf the expenditure was made;

- (h) The sum of individual expenditures not otherwise reported under clause (g);
- (i) The total expenditures made by the political committee or political fund during the reporting period;
- (j) The amount and nature of any debt or obligation owed by or to the political committee or political fund, continuously reported until extinguished, and any written contract, promise or agreement to make a contribution or expenditure; and
- (k) For principal campaign committees only: The name of each person, committee or political fund, which has been authorized by the treasurer to make expenditures on behalf of the candidate and the nature and amount of each authorized expenditure.
- Subd. 3a. The reports of a principal campaign committee of a legislative candidate required by this section shall list in a prominent place on the first page of every report each county in which the legislative district lies.
- Subd. 4. The reports shall cover the time from the last day of the period covered by the last report to seven days prior to the filing date.
- Subd. 5. In any statewide election any contribution or contributions from a person or association totaling \$2,000 or more, or in any legislative election any contribution of \$200 or more, received after the period covered in the last report prior to an election and prior to the election shall be reported to the board by telegram within 48 hours after its receipt and in the next required report.
- Subd. 6. Every person, other than a political committee or political fund, who makes expenditures, other than by contribution to a political committee or political fund, in an aggregate amount in excess of \$100 within a year shall file with the board a statement containing the information required of a political committee, political fund or candidate. Statements required by this subdivision shall be filed on the dates on which reports by committees are filed.
- Subd. 7. If no contribution is received or expenditure made by or on behalf of a candidate, political fund or political committee during a reporting period, the treasurer of the committee or fund shall file with the board at the time required by this section a statement to that effect.
- Subd. 8. The board shall exempt any association or any of its members or contributors from the provisions of this section if disclosure would expose any or all of them to economic reprisals, loss of employment or threat of physical coercion.

An association may seek an exemption for all of its members or contributors only if it proves by clear and convincing evidence that a substantial number of its members or contributors would suffer a restrictive effect on their freedom of association if members were required to seek exemptions individually.

Subd. 9. The board shall exempt any individual from the provisions of this section who, by written request, demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that disclosure would expose him to economic reprisals, loss of employment or threat of physical coercion.

The board shall issue a written order to exempt the individual.

- Subd. 10. A political committee or a political fund or any of its members or contributors shall have standing to seek an exemption. All applications by associations for exemption shall be treated as contested cases within the meaning of chapter 15. The board by rule shall establish a procedure so that any individual seeking an exemption may proceed anonymously if he would be exposed to the reprisals listed in subdivision 9 were he to reveal his identity for the purposes of the hearing.
- Subd. 11. No person or association shall engage in economic reprisals or threaten loss of employment or physical coercion against any person or association because of that person's or association's political contributions or political activity. This subdivision shall not apply to compensation for employment or loss of employment when the political affiliation or viewpoint of the employee is a bona fide occupational qualification of the employment. Any person or association which violates this subdivision is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- Subd. 12. The board shall notify any person who fails to file a statement required by this section. A person who knowingly fails to file the statement within seven days after receiving notice from the board is guilty of a misdemeanor.

[1974 c 470 s 20; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 307 s 14-18]

- 10A.21 REPORTS TO COUNTY AUDITOR. Subdivision 1. All reports or statements that must be filed with the board by the principal campaign committee of legislative candidates shall be duplicated and filed by the board with the county auditor of each county in which the legislative district lies within 72 hours of the date the report or statement is required to be filed or, if the report or statement is delinquent, within 72 hours of the time the report is actually filed.
- Subd. 2. The copies of reports filed with the county auditor need not be certified copies.
- Subd. 3. Statements and reports filed with county auditor shall be available to the public in the manner prescribed by section 10A.02, subdivision 8, clause (e) and retained until four years after the election to which they pertain.

[1974 c 470 s 21; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 307 s 19]

- 10A.22 REPORTS AND STATEMENTS. Subdivision 1. A report or statement required by sections 10A.11 to 10A.34 to be filed by a treasurer of a political committee or political fund, or by any other person, shall be signed and certified as true by the person required to file the report. Any person who signs and certifies to be true a report or statement which he knows contains false information or who knowingly omits required information is guilty of a felony.
 - Subd. 2. [Repealed, 1976 c 307 s 35]
- Subd. 3. Each contribution in kind shall be valued at fair market value and reported on the appropriate schedule of receipts, identified as to its nature and listed as "contribution in kind". The total amount of goods and services contributed in kind shall be deemed to have been consumed in the reporting period in which received. Each contribution in kind shall be declared as an expenditure at the same fair market value and reported on the appropriate expenditure schedule, identified as "contribution in kind".
- Subd. 4. In determining the aggregate of a person's contributions, the treasurer shall list contributions from the same donor under the same name. In each instance when a contribution received from a person in a reporting period is added to previously reported unitemized contributions from the same contributor and the aggregate exceeds the disclosure threshold of section 10A.20, the name, address and employer, or, if self-employed, occupation of that contributor shall then be listed on the prescribed reporting forms. A candidate may refuse to accept any contribution.
- Subd. 5. A political committee or political fund making an expenditure, other than a transfer of funds, for or on behalf of more than one candidate for state or legislative office shall allocate the expenditure among the candidates on a reasonable cost basis and report this allocation for each candidate. The treasurer shall retain for audit any documents supporting the allocation.
- Subd. 6. Each person required to file any report or statement shall maintain records on the matters required to be reported, including vouchers, cancelled checks, bills, invoices, worksheets, and receipts, which will provide in sufficient detail the necessary information from which the filed reports and statements may be verified, explained, clarified and checked for accuracy and completeness, and he shall keep the records available for audit, inspection, or examination by the board or its authorized representatives for four years from the date of filing of the reports or statements or of changes or corrections thereto. Any person who knowingly violates any provisions of this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- Subd. 7. The treasurer of a political committee or political fund shall not accept a contribution of more than \$100 from a political committee or political fund not registered in this state unless the contribution is accompanied by a written statement which meets the disclosure requirements imposed by section 10A.20. This statement shall be certified as true and correct by an officer of the contributing committee or political fund. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply when the national affiliate of any political party in this state transfers money to its state affiliate and that money is expended by the state political party on behalf of candidates of that party generally, without referring to any of them specifically, in any advertisement published or posted, on any broadcast, or in any telephone conversation if that conversation mentions three or more candidates.

Subd. 8. [Repealed, 1976 c 307 s 35] [1974 c 470 s 22; 1975 c 271 s 6]

10A.23 CHANGES AND CORRECTIONS. Any material changes in information previously submitted and any corrections to a report or statement shall be reported in writing to the board within ten days following the date of the event prompting the change or the date upon which the person filing became aware of the inaccuracy. The change or correction shall identify the form and the paragraph containing the information to be changed or corrected. Any person who wilfully fails to report a material change or correction is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

[1974 c 470 s 23; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 307 s 20]

10A.24 DISSOLUTION OR TERMINATION. No political committee or political fund shall dissolve until it has settled all of its debts and filed a termination report. The termination report shall include all information required in periodic reports and a statement as to the disposition of any residual funds.

[1974 c 470 s 24]

- 10A.25 LIMITS ON CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURES. Subdivision 1. For the purposes of sections 10A.11 to 10A.34 a candidate for governor and a candidate for lieutenant governor, running together, shall be deemed to be a single candidate and all expenditures made by or on behalf of the candidate for governor and all expenditures made by or on behalf of the candidate for lieutenant governor shall be considered to be expenditures by or on behalf of the candidate for governor.
- Subd. 2. In a year in which a candidate stands for election no expenditures shall be made and no obligations to make expenditures shall be incurred by a candidate or by a political committee, political fund or individual which makes expenditures with the authorization, express or implied, and under the control, direct or indirect, of the candidate or his agents which results in the aggregate expenditure on behalf of the candidate of an amount in excess of the following amounts:
- (a) For governor and lieutenant governor, running jointly, 12 1/2 cents per capita or \$600,000, whichever is greater;
- (b) For attorney general, $2\ 1/2$ cents per capita or \$100,000, whichever is greater;
- (c) For secretary of state, state treasurer and state auditor, separately, 1 1/4 cents per capita or \$50,000, whichever is greater;
 - (d) For state senator, 20 cents per capita or \$15,000, whichever is greater;
 - (e) For state representative, 20 cents per capita or \$7,500, whichever is greater.
- Subd. 3. Notwithstanding subdivision 2, clause (a), a candidate for the endorsement for the office of lieutenant governor at the convention of a political party may spend \$30,000 or five percent of the amount in subdivision 2, clause (a) to seek endorsement. This amount shall be in addition to the amount which may be expended pursuant to subdivision 2, clause (a).
- Subd. 4. Notwithstanding subdivision 2 with respect to the 1974 general election, expenses incurred prior to April 13, 1974 shall not be counted against the spending limitations imposed by subdivision 2.
- Subd. 5. If the winning candidate in a contested race in a primary election receives less than twice as many votes as any one of his opponents in that election, he shall have added to the aggregate amount which may be expended by him or on his behalf an amount equal to one-fifth of the applicable amount as set forth in subdivision 2, or the amount actually expended by him or on his behalf in the primary election, whichever is less.
- Subd. 6. In a year in which an election does not occur for an office held or sought, no expenditures shall be made and no obligations to make expenditures shall be incurred by a candidate or officeholder or by a political committee, political fund or individual which makes expenditures with the authorization, express or implied, and under the control, direct or indirect, of the candidate or officeholder or his agents which shall result in the aggregate expenditure on behalf of the candidate or officeholder in that year of an amount in excess of 20 percent of the amount of the aggregate expenditure permitted by subdivision 2. Expenditures permitted by this subdivision shall be in addition to expenditures permitted by subdivision 2.
- Subd. 7. On or before January 15 of each year, the state demographer shall certify to the board the estimated population of the state of Minnesota for the last year ending before the date of certification. In determining the per capita amounts for

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each office in subdivision 2, the board shall use:

- (a) In the case of the elections for governor and lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer and state auditor, the total estimated population of the state;
- (b) In the case of the elections for state senator, 1/67 of the total estimated population of the state:
- (c) In the case of elections for state representative, 1/134 of the total estimated population of the state.
- Subd. 8. On or before January 31 of each year, the board shall determine and publish the amount, rounded off to the nearest hundred dollars, of the limits on campaign expenditures in subdivision 2.
- Subd. 9. An expenditure is made in the year in which the goods or services for which it was made are used or consumed.

[1974 c 470 s 25; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 307 s 21-23]

10A.26 TRANSFERS OF FUNDS EXCEPTED. Any transfer of funds or anything of pecuniary value from any political committee, political fund or political party to a principal campaign committee of a candidate shall not be considered to be an expenditure of funds on behalf of the candidate by the political committee, political fund or political party, but shall be reported as required by Laws 1974, Chapter 470.

[1974 c 470 s 26]

- 10A.27 ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS. Subdivision 1. No political committee, political fund, or individual, except a political party or the principal campaign committee of a candidate shall make expenditures on behalf or in opposition to the opponent of a candidate, or transfer funds to the principal campaign committee of a candidate, in an amount in excess of ten percent of the amount that may be spent by or on behalf of that candidate as set forth in section 10A.25.
- Subd. 2. No political party shall make expenditures on behalf of a candidate or transfer funds to the principal campaign committee of a candidate in an amount in excess of 50 percent of the amount that may be spent by or on behalf of that candidate as set forth in section 10A.25.
- Subd. 3. Expenditures by the state or local committee of any political party on behalf of candidates of that party generally, without referring to any of them specifically in any advertisement published, posted, or broadcast, or any official party sample ballot or telephone conversation listing three or more persons whose names are to appear on the ballot, shall not be allocated to any candidate or subject to the limitations of section 10A.25, subdivision 2.
- Subd. 4. For the purposes of this section, a political party includes a political party's organization within congressional districts, counties, legislative districts, municipalities, wards, precincts, and any legislative body.

[1974 c 470 s 27; 1976 c 307 s 24]

10A.28 PENALTY FOR EXCEEDING LIMITS. Any person or association that makes expenditures in excess of the limitations imposed by sections 10A.25 and 10A.27 shall be subject to a fine equal to four times the amount by which its expenditure exceeded the limit. If the board or county attorney has reason to believe that a person or association has made such excess expenditures, the board or county attorney shall bring an action in the district court of Ramsey county or, in the case of a legislative candidate, the district court of a county within the legislative district, to impose this penalty. All moneys recovered pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the general account of state elections campaign fund.

[1974 c 470 s 28; 1975 c 271 s 6]

- 10A.29 CIRCUMVENTION PROHIBITED. Any attempt by a person to circumvent the provisions of Laws 1974, Chapter 470, Sections 11 to 41 by redirecting funds through, or contributing funds on behalf of, another person is a gross misdemeanor.

 [1974 c 470 s 29]
- **10A.30 STATE ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN FUND.** Subdivision 1. There is hereby established an account within the general fund of the state to be known as the "state elections campaign fund."

Subd. 2. Within the state elections campaign fund account there shall be maintained a separate account for the candidates of each political party and a general account.

[1974 c 470 s 30; 1976 c 307 s 25]

- 10A.31 DESIGNATION OF INCOME TAX PAYMENTS. Subdivision 1. Effective with the taxable years beginning after December 31, 1973, every individual whose income tax liability after personal credit for the taxable year is \$1 or more may designate that \$1 shall be paid into the state elections campaign fund. In the case of a joint return of husband and wife having an income tax liability of \$2 or more, each spouse may designate that \$1 shall be paid.
- Subd. 2. The taxpayer may designate that the \$1 be paid into the account of a political party or into the general account.
- Subd. 3. The commissioner of the department of revenue shall on the first page of the income tax form notify the taxpayer of his right to allocate \$1 of his taxes (\$2 if filing a joint return) to finance the election campaigns of state candidates. The form shall also contain language prepared by the commissioner which permits the taxpayer to direct the state to allocate the \$1 (or \$2 if filing a joint return) to: (i) one of the major political parties; (ii) any minor political party which qualifies under the provisions of subdivision 3a; or (iii) all qualifying candidates as provided by subdivision 7.
- Subd. 3a. A minor political party qualifies for inclusion on the income tax form as provided in subdivision 3 if a candidate of that party filed for an office in the preceding general election, or if a petition on behalf of that party is filed as provided in section 10A.01, subdivision 13, by June 1 of the taxable year.
- Subd. 4. All moneys designated by individual taxpayers for the state elections campaign fund shall be credited to the appropriate account in the general fund of the state and shall be annually appropriated for distribution as set forth in subdivisions 5, 6 and 7.
- Subd. 5. In each calendar year the moneys in each party account and the general account shall be allocated to candidates as follows:
 - (a) 16 percent for the offices of governor and lieutenant governor jointly;
 - (b) 9.6 percent for the office of attorney general;
- (c) 4.8 percent each for the offices of secretary of state, state auditor and state treasurer;
- (d) in each calendar year during the period in which state senators serve a four year term, 20 percent for the office of state senator and 40 percent for the office of state representative;
- (e) in each calendar year during the period in which state senators serve a two year term, and in 1975 and 1976, 30 percent each for the offices of state senator and state representative;
- (f) all candidates of one party for the state senate and state house of representatives whose names are to appear on the ballot in the general election shall share equally in the funds allocated to their respective offices from their party account.

Moneys from any party account refused by any candidate shall be distributed to all other candidates of that party in proportion to their shares as provided in this subdivision. Moneys from the general account refused by any candidate shall be distributed to all other qualifying candidates in proportion to their shares as provided in this subdivision.

Beginning with calendar year 1977 and applying to taxable year 1976, the allocations from the state elections campaign fund shall be: 21 percent for the offices of governor and lieutenant governor filing jointly; 3.6 percent for the office of attorney general; 1.8 percent each for the offices of secretary of state, state auditor, and state treasurer; in each calendar year during the period in which state senators serve a four year term, 23 1/3 percent for the office of state senator and 46 2/3 percent for the office of state representative; and in each calendar year during the period in which state senators serve a two year term, 35 percent each for the offices of state senator and state representative.

Subd. 6. Within two weeks after certification by the state canvassing board of the results of the primary, the state treasurer shall distribute the available funds in each party account, as certified by the commissioner of revenue on September 15, to

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the candidates of that party who have signed the agreement as provided in section 10A.32, subdivision 3, and whose names are to appear on the ballot in the general election, according to the allocations set forth in subdivision 5. If there is no candidate of a party for any one office designated in subdivision 5 in any year in which that office appears on the ballot, the allocation for that office shall be distributed to all other candidates of that party in proportion to their shares as set forth in subdivision 5.

- Subd. 7. Within two weeks after certification by the state canvassing board of the results of the general election, the state treasurer shall distribute the available funds in the general account, as certified by the commissioner of revenue on November 15 and according to allocations set forth in subdivision 5, in equal amounts to all candidates for each statewide office who received at least five percent of the votes cast in the general election for that office, and to all candidates for legislative office who received at least ten percent of the votes cast in the general election for the specific office for which they were candidates.
- Subd. 8. Within one week after certification by the state canvassing board of the results of the primary, the board shall certify to the state treasurer the name of each candidate who has signed the agreement as provided in section 10A.32, subdivision 3, and the amount he is to receive from the available funds in his party account.
- Subd. 9. Within one week after certification by the state canvassing board of the results of the general election, the board shall certify to the state treasurer the name of each candidate who is qualified to receive funds from the general account, together with the amount he is to receive from the available funds in the general account.
- Subd. 10. In the event that on November 15 less than 98 percent of the tax returns have been processed, the commissioner of revenue shall certify to the board on December 7 the amount accumulated in each account since the previous certification. Within one week thereafter, the board shall certify to the state treasurer the amount to be distributed to each candidate according to the allocations as provided in subdivision 5. As soon as practicable therafter, the state treasurer shall distribute the amounts to the candidates. Any moneys accumulated after the final certification shall be maintained in the respective accounts for distribution in the next general election year.

[1974 c 470 s 31; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 307 s 26-33]

10A.32 LIMITATIONS UPON THE STATE ELECTION CAMPAIGN FUND. Subdivision 1. No candidate shall be entitled to receive from the state elections campaign fund an amount greater than the total amount of expenditures which may be made by him or on his behalf under sections 10A.25 and 10A.27. The amount by which the allocation exceeds the expenditure limit shall be distributed to all other candidates of the same party whose shares do not exceed their expenditure limits in proportion to their shares as set forth in section 10A.31.

- Subd. 2. No candidate shall be entitled to receive from the state election campaign fund an amount greater than the total amount actually expended by him or on his behalf in the year of the election. If the report required to be filed on or before January 31 in the year following the general election indicates that the amount received by the candidate is greater than the amount authorized to be expended on his behalf, the treasurer of his principal campaign committee shall refund to the state treasurer an amount equal to the difference. The refund in the form of a check or money order shall be submitted with such report and the board shall forward the refund to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund of the state.
- Subd. 3. As a condition of receiving any funds from the state elections campaign fund, any candidate, prior to receipt of the funds, shall agree by stating in writing to the board on or before September 1 that authorized expenditures on his behalf shall not exceed the expenditure limits as set forth in section 10A.25 and that his principal campaign committee shall not accept contributions for the period beginning with January 1 of the election year or the registration of his principal campaign committee, whichever occurs later, and ending December 31 of the election year which exceed 105 percent of the difference between the amount which may legally be expended by him or on his behalf, and the amount which he receives from the state elections campaign fund. Any amount by which his total contributions exceed 105 percent of the difference shall be refunded to the state treasurer. The refund in the form of a check or money order shall be submitted in the same manner as provided in subdivision 2.

For the purposes of this subdivision only, the total amount to be distributed to each candidate is calculated to be his share of the total estimated funds in his party account as provided in subdivision 3a, plus the total amount estimated as provided in subdivision 3a to be in the general account and set aside for that office divided by the number of candidates whose names are to appear on the general election ballot for that office. If the amount actually received by the candidate is greater by reason of a lesser number of qualifying candidates sharing in the funds in each account, and his contributions thereby exceed 105 percent of the difference, the agreement shall not be considered violated.

Subd. 3a. The commissioner of revenue shall certify to the board on or before the last day for filing for office his estimate of the total to be accumulated in each account in the state elections campaign fund after 100 percent of the tax returns have been processed. Within seven days after the last day for filing for office the secretary of state shall certify to the board the name, address, office sought, and party affiliation of each candidate who has filed with that office his affidavit of candidacy or petition to appear on the ballot. The auditor of each county shall certify to the board the same information for each candidate who has filed with that county his affidavit of candidacy or petition to appear on the ballot. Within seven days thereafter the board shall estimate the minimum amount to be received by each candidate who qualifies as provided in section 10A.31, subdivisions 6 and 7, and notify all candidates on or before August 15 of the applicable amount.

Subd. 4. If a political party for whose candidates funds have been accumulated in the state elections campaign fund does not have a candidate for any office, the moneys shall be maintained in that account until the year of the next general election. If in two successive general election years that political party does not have a candidate for any office, the accumulated funds shall be transferred to the general fund of the state.

[1974 c 470 s 32; 1975 c 271 s 6; 1976 c 307 s 34]

10A.33 APPLICATION. The provisions of sections 10A.30 to 10A.32 shall apply only in general elections and primary elections preceding general elections and shall not include special elections, special primary elections, conventions and caucuses of a political party.

[1974 c 470 s 33]

- 10A.34 REMEDIES. Subdivision 1. A person charged with a duty under sections 10A.02 to 10A.34 shall be personally liable for the penalty for failing to discharge it.
- Subd. 2. The board or a county attorney may seek an injunction in the district court to enforce the provisions of sections 10A.02 to 10A.34.
- Subd. 3. Unless otherwise provided, a violation of sections 10A.02 to 10A.34 is not a crime.

[1974 c 470 s 34; 1975 c 271 s 6]