# MINNESOTA STATUTES 1975 SUPPLEMENT

## **COURT REPORTERS 486.05**

\$15,000 per year without the approval of the county board of each of the counties involved, and shall apportion the total salaries paid among the several counties to which the judges are assigned, according to the population of each county. Each county shall be required by the order to pay a specified amount thereof in monthly installments which shall be such proportion of the whole salaries as the population of the county is to the total population of the counties to which the judge is assigned as determined by the last census.

Subd. 3. The law clerks, in addition to their salary, shall be paid necessary mileage, traveling and hotel expenses accrued in their discharge of official duties while absent from home. The county auditor of the county for which the expenses were incurred, upon presentation of a verified statement approved by one of the judges, shall issue his warrant in payment thereof.

[1975 c 385 s I]

# 484.546 Superseded laws.

Any other law not repealed by Laws 1975, Chapter 385, Section 3 that provides for the employment of law clerks by district judges in judicial districts other than the second and fourth is superseded only to the extent it provides fewer clerks than provided by Laws 1975, Chapter 385, Section 1.

[1975 c 385 s 2]

### CHAPTER 485, CLERKS OF DISTRICT COURT

Sec. 485.018 Salary, counties under 75,000 inhabi-

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[For text of subds 1 and 2, see M.S.1974]

**Subd. 3.** [Repealed, 1975 c 301 s 16]

[For text of subds 4 to 8, see M.S.1974]

## **CHAPTER 486. COURT REPORTERS**

486.05 District court; reporters' salaries.

486.06 Charge for transcript.

### 486.05 District court; reporters' salaries.

The judge by an order filed with the county auditors on or before the second Monday in June, 1975, shall fix and establish the salary of the court reporter at an amount not exceeding \$19,100 per year, and, in such order, each judge, except those judges in the second and fourth judicial districts, shall apportion the salaries of the reporters in their respective districts among the several counties, and each county shall be required by such order to pay a specified amount thereof in monthly installments, which shall be such proportion of the whole salary as the population in each county bears to the total population in the district as set forth in the most recent federal census. It is provided, however, that in the event a judge is temporarily transferred to hold court in some county other than in his judicial district then, and in that event, the said county shall pay that part of the monthly salary of the judge's reporter as that part of the month worked by said reporter in said county. Each reporter shall have and maintain his residence in the district in which he is appointed. The reporter, in addition to his salary, shall be paid such sums as he shall accrue as necessary mileage, traveling, and hotel expenses while absent from the city in which he resides in the discharge of his official duties, such expenses to be paid by the county for which the same were incurred upon presentation of a verified itemized statement thereof approved by the judge; and the auditor of such county, upon presentation of such approved statement, shall issue his warrant in payment thereof.

# MINNESOTA STATUTES 1975 SUPPLEMENT

## 486.05 COURT REPORTERS

All laws now in force relating to the salary of district court reporters inconsistent herewith relating to any and all counties are hereby repealed and superseded, except the manner of setting salary as hereinbefore set forth shall not apply to the second and fourth judicial districts:

[1975 c 241 s 1]

### 486.06 Charge for transcript.

In addition to such salary, the reporter may charge for a transcript of his record ordered by any person other than the judge 35 cents per folio thereof and seven and one-half cents per folio for each manifold or other copy thereof when so ordered that it can be made with such transcript. This section shall not apply to the fourth judicial district.

[1975 c 258 s 3]

## **CHAPTER 487. COUNTY COURTS**

Sec. 487.02 Payment of expenses. Sec. 487.30 Conciliation court. 487.17 Forcible entry and unlawful detainer. 487.31 Divisions. Sec. 487.30 Conciliation court. Disposition of fines, fees and other moneys; accounts.

#### 487.02 Payment of expenses.

Subdivision 1. The salary and traveling expenses of a judge of the county court shall be paid by the county in which the expenses were incurred from the general revenue fund of the county. If the district consists of more than one county, the county of the judge's residence shall pay the judge and shall be reimbursed each month by the other counties of the district by apportioning the salary and expenses according to the respective population of the counties as determined by the last United States census.

[1975 c 381 s 22]

[For text of subd 2, see M.S.1974]

### 487.17 Forcible entry and unlawful detainer.

Whether or not title to real estate is involved, the county court has jurisdiction of actions of forcible entry and unlawful detainer or actions for unlawful removal or exclusion pursuant to section 504.25, involving land located wholly or partly within the county court district and of actions seeking relief for code violations pursuant to sections 566.18 to 566.33 involving premises located wholly or partly within the county court district.

[1975 c 410 s 6]

#### 487.27 Divisions.

Subdivision 1. Subject to the provisions of section 260.311 and rules of the supreme court, a county court shall establish a probate division, a family court division, and a civil and criminal division which shall include a conciliation court, and may establish within the civil and criminal division a traffic and ordinance violations bureau.

[1975 c 263 s 1]

[For text of subds 2 to 4, see M.S.1974]

## 487.30 Conciliation court.

Subdivision 1. The conciliation court shall hear and determine civil claims if the amount of money or property which is the subject matter of the claim does not exceed \$1,000 for the determination thereof without jury trial and by a simple and informal procedure. The rules of the supreme court shall provide for a right of appeal from the decision of the conciliation court to the county court for a trial on the merits. The territorial jurisdiction of a conciliation court shall be coextensive with the county in which the court is established.