MINNESOTA STATUTES 1975 SUPPLEMENT

256D.03 GENERAL ASSISTANCE ACT

[1975 c 437 art 2 s 8]

CHAPTER 259, CHANGE OF NAME, ADOPTION

 Sec.
 Sec.

 259.10
 Procedure.
 259.24
 Consents.

 259.11
 Order, filing copies.
 259.30
 Repealed.

259.10 Procedure.

A person who shall have resided in any county for one year may apply to the district court thereof to have his name, the names of his minor children, if any, and the name of his spouse, if the spouse joins in the application, changed in the manner herein specified. He shall state in his application the name and age of his spouse and each of his children, if any, and shall describe all lands in the state in or upon which he, his children and his spouse if their names are also to be changed by the application, claim any interest or lien, and shall appear personally before the court and prove his identity by at least two witnesses. If he be a minor, the application shall be made by his guardian or next of kin. Every person who, with intent to defraud, shall make a false statement in any such application shall be guilty of a misdemeanor provided, however, that no minor child's name may be changed without both of his parents having notice of the pending of the application for change of name, whenever practicable, as determined by the court.

[1975 c 52 s 1]

259.11 Order; filing copies.

Upon meeting the requirements of section 259.10, the court shall grant the application unless it finds that there is an intent to defraud or mislead or in the case of the change of a minor child's name, the court finds that such name change is not in the best interests of the child. The court shall set forth in the order the name and age of his spouse and each child of the applicant, if any, and shall state a description of the lands, if any, in which the applicant and his spouse and children, if any, claim to have an interest. The clerk shall file such order, and record the same in the judgment book. If lands be described therein, a certified copy of the order shall be filed for record, by the clerk, with the register of deeds of each county wherein any of the same are situated. Before doing so he shall present the same to the county auditor who shall enter the change of name in his official records and note upon the instrument, over his official signature, the words "change of name recorded." Any such order shall not be filed, nor any certified copy thereof be issued, until the applicant shall have paid to the clerk the cost of such record. The fee of the clerk shall be as provided by law. No application shall be denied on the basis of the marital status of the applicant.

[1975 c 52 s 2]

259.24 Consents.

Subdivision 1. Exceptions. No child shall be adopted without the consent of his parents and his guardian, if there be one, except in the following instances:

- (a) Consent shall not be required of the parent of an illegitimate child not entitled to notice of the proceedings under either sections 259.26 or 259.261.
- (b) Consent shall not be required of a parent who has abandoned the child, or of a parent who has lost custody of the child through a divorce decree, and upon whom notice has been served as required by section 259.26.
- (c) Consent shall not be required of a parent whose parental rights to the child have been terminated by a juvenile court or who has lost custody of a child through a final commitment of the juvenile court or through a decree in a prior adoption proceeding.
- (d) If there be no parent or guardian qualified to consent to the adoption, the consent may be given by the commissioner.

MINNESOTA STATUTES 1975 SUPPLEMENT

JUVENILES 260.155

(e) The commissioner or agency having authority to place a child for adoption pursuant to section 259.25, subdivision 1, shall have the exclusive right to consent to the adoption of such child.

[1975 c 208 s 33]

[For text of subds 2 to 7, see M.S.1974]

259.30 [Repealed, 1975 c 216 s 1]

CHAPTER 260. JUVENILES

Sec. 260.151 Investigation; physical and mental examination. Sec. 260.155 Hearing. 260.251 Costs of care. 260.311 Probation officers.

260.151 Investigation; physical and mental examination.

Subdivision 1. Upon request of the court the county welfare board or probation officer shall investigate the personal and family history and environment of any minor coming within the jurisdiction of the court under section 260.111 and shall report its findings to the court. The court may order any minor coming within its jurisdiction to be examined by a duly qualified physician. psychiatrist, or psychologist appointed by the court. With the consent of the commissioner of corrections and agreement of the county to pay the costs thereof, the court may, by order, place a minor coming within its jurisdiction in an institution maintained by the commissioner for the detention, diagnosis, custody and treatment of persons adjudicated to be delinquent, in order that the condition of the minor be given due consideration in the disposition of the case. Adoption investigations shall be conducted in accordance with the laws relating to adoptions. Any funds received under the provisions of this subdivision or under the provisions of section 260.175, clause (d) shall not cancel until the end of the fiscal year immediately following the fiscal year in which the funds were received. The funds are available for use by the commissioner of corrections during that period, and are hereby appropriated annually to the commissioner of corrections as reimbursement of the costs of providing these services to the juvenile courts.

[1975 c 434 s 27]

[For text of subd 2, see M.S.1974]

260.155 Hearing.

[For text of subds 1 to 3, see M.S.1974]

- **Subd. 4. Guardian ad litem.** (a) The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem to protect the interests of the minor when it appears, at any stage of the proceedings, that the minor is without a parent or guardian, or that his parent is a minor or incompetent, or that his parent or guardian is indifferent or hostile to the minor's interests, and in every proceeding alleging neglect or dependency. In any other case the court may appoint a guardian ad litem to protect the interests of the minor when the court feels that such an appointment is desirable. The court shall appoint the guardian ad litem on its own motion or in the manner provided for the appointment of a guardian ad litem in the district court.
- (b) The court may waive the appointment of a guardian ad litem pursuant to clause (a), whenever counsel has been appointed pursuant to subdivision 2 or is retained otherwise, and the court is satisfied that the interests of the minor are protected.
 - (c) In appointing a guardian ad litem pursuant to clause (a), if the court