

Labor, Industry

CHAPTER 175

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY

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175.001 REORGANIZATION OF STATE AGENCY. Subdivision 1. **Creation and organization.** The department of labor and industry is created under the supervision and control of the commissioner of labor and industry which office is hereby established. The commissioner of labor and industry, who shall be in unclassified service, shall be appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the senate for a four year term which shall coincide with the term of the governor and until his successor is duly appointed and has qualified. The governor may remove the commissioner at any time for cause after notice and hearing. In case of a vacancy, the governor may appoint a commissioner, who shall immediately take office and shall carry on all of the duties of the office until the next session of the legislature, when his appointment shall be submitted to the senate for approval. On January 4, 1971, the term of the incumbent commissioner shall expire.

Subd. 2. **Oath.** The commissioner before entering upon the duties of his office, shall take the oath prescribed by law.

Subd. 3. [Repealed, 1969 c 1129 art 8 s 17]

Subd. 4. **Delegation of powers, duties, responsibilities.** Subject to his control and under such conditions as he may prescribe, the commissioner may delegate any of his powers, duties, and responsibilities to an employee of his department. Appointments to exercise delegated power shall be by written order filed with the secretary of state.

Subd. 5. **Powers and duties.** Subject to the provisions of sections 175.001 to 175.006, relating to workmen's compensation all of the powers, duties and functions vested in or imposed upon the industrial commission immediately prior to July 1, 1967, are transferred to, vested in, and imposed upon the department of labor and industry.

[Ex1967 c 1 s 1; 1969 c 1129 art 8 s 15]

175.002 TRANSFER OF PROCEEDINGS. Any claim, action, proceeding or other business or matter undertaken or commenced prior to the passage of Extra Session Laws 1967, Chapter 1, by a department, the functions and powers and duties whereof are by sections 175.001 to 175.006 assigned and transferred to another department and which is pending at the time of the passage of Extra Session Laws 1967, Chapter 1, may be conducted and completed by the new department in the same manner and under the same terms and conditions and with the same effect as though it were undertaken or commenced and conducted or completed by the former department prior to said transfer.

[Ex1967 c 1 s 2]

175.003 TRANSFER OF EMPLOYEES. All persons in the classified service:

employed by a department the functions, powers and duties of which are transferred by sections 175.001 to 175.006 to another department, are hereby transferred to such other department without loss to the employee of any rights the employee may have acquired by reason of his employment at the time of the transfer.

[Ex1967 c 1 s 3]

175.004 UNEXPENDED MONEY, REALLOCATION. All unexpended funds appropriated to the department of labor and industry and industrial commission for the purposes of its functions, powers, or duties as heretofore administered by the industrial commission, shall be allocated by the commissioner of administration between the department of workmen's compensation and the department of labor and industry as established by sections 175.001 to 175.006, and the funds so allocated are reappropriated therefor.

[Ex1967 c 1 s 4]

175.005 ABOLITION OF FORMER DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY AND INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION. The department of labor and industry and the industrial commission as heretofore constituted are abolished and all of the now existing powers, duties and functions are transferred, vested, and imposed as provided by sections 175.001 to 175.006.

[Ex1967 c 1 s 5]

175.006 DIVISION OF WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION. Subdivision 1. **Creation and organization.** The division of workmen's compensation, generally administering the workmen's compensation law, is created within the department of labor and industry. There is created as a separate appellate tribunal for workmen's compensation, the workmen's compensation commission.

The commission shall be composed of three commissioners learned in the law, each serving in the unclassified service of the state civil service. Each commissioner shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, for a term of six years and until his successor is duly appointed and qualifies. The members of the workmen's compensation commission as now created shall be the members of the workmen's compensation commission until the expiration of the terms for which they have been appointed and qualified. Any vacancy in the commission shall be filled by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the senate, for the unexpired portion of the term in which the vacancy occurs.

Subd. 2. Oath; chairman. Each commissioner shall devote his entire time to the duties of his office. The commissioner whose term first expires shall be the chairman. Each commissioner before entering upon the duties of his office, shall take the oath prescribed by law.

Subd. 3. Governor may remove. The governor may at any time remove a commissioner for inefficiency, neglect of duty or malfeasance in office, but before removal he shall be furnished with a copy of the charges against him and have an opportunity to be heard in defense.

Subd. 4. Powers and duties. The powers and duties and functions vested in or imposed upon the industrial commission immediately prior to July 1, 1967, by Minnesota Statutes 1965, Chapter 176, and other applicable laws relating to workmen's compensation and by Minnesota Statutes 1965, Sections 251.041 to 251.053 and any act amendatory thereof, except as hereinafter provided, are transferred to, vested in, and imposed upon the commissioner of the department of labor and industry, the head of the workmen's compensation division.

[Ex1967 c 1 s 7; 1973 c 388 s 3, 4]

175.0061 POLICY. To enable the workmen's compensation commission to adequately discharge its duties and responsibilities as an appellate tribunal with decisions subject to review only by the supreme court, the legislature recognizes that the persons appointed to such commission should be experts in the workmen's compensation field. The legislature therefore declares that it is in the public interest to retain such specialists as long as they are able and qualified to perform their duties and exercise their responsibilities with the highest degree of skill and with the honor and integrity which has traditionally characterized this appellate tribunal.

[1973 c 388 s 5]

175.007 ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION; CREATION. Subdivision 1. The governor shall appoint, after consultation with the workmen's compensation commissioners, an advisory committee on workmen's compensation, which shall consist of five representatives of employers and five representatives of employees and three members representing the general public. The

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workmen's compensation commissioners shall be nonvoting members of the advisory committee.

Subd. 2. The advisory committee shall study and present to the legislature and the governor, on or before November 15 of each even numbered year, its findings relative to the costs, methods of financing, and the formula to be used to provide supplementary compensation to workers who have been determined permanently and totally disabled prior to July 1, 1969, and its findings relative to alterations in the scheduled benefits for permanent partially disabled, and other aspects of the Workmen's Compensation Act.

Subd. 3. The advisory committee voting members shall serve at the pleasure of the governor and shall be paid \$25 per diem and each shall be allowed his actual and necessary travel expense.

[1969 c 926 s 1-3]

175.01 [Obsolete]

175.02 [Repealed, 1969 c 9 s 51]

175.03 [Repealed, 1969 c 9 s 51]

175.04 [Repealed, 1969 c 9 s 51]

175.05 [Repealed, 1969 c 9 s 51]

175.06 [Repealed, 1969 c 9 s 51; 1969 c 1129 art 8 s 17]

175.07 COMMISSIONERS OR EMPLOYEES NOT TO TAKE PART IN POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS. Every commissioner and every officer or employee of the workmen's compensation commission or the department of labor and industry, who by solicitation or otherwise exerts his influence, directly or indirectly, to induce other officers or employees of the state to adopt his political views, or to favor any particular person or candidate for office, or to contribute funds for campaign or political purposes, shall be removed from his office or position by the authority appointing him.

[1921 c 81 s 5; 1969 c 9 s 35] (4036)

175.08 OFFICE. The workmen's compensation commission and the department of labor and industry shall keep their offices at Saint Paul and be provided by the commissioner of administration with suitable rooms and necessary furniture. They may hold sessions at any other place in the state when their convenience and that of the parties interested so requires.

[1921 c 81 s 6; 1969 c 9 s 36] (4037)

175.09 QUORUM. A majority of the commissioners shall constitute a quorum for the exercise of the powers conferred and the duties imposed on the workmen's compensation commission. A vacancy shall not impair the right of the remaining commissioners to exercise all the powers and perform all of the duties of the commission.

[1921 c 81 s 7; 1969 c 9 s 37] (4038)

175.10 SESSIONS TO BE PUBLIC. The department of labor and industry shall be open for the transaction of business during all business hours of each and every day, excepting Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. The hearings of the workmen's compensation commission and the workmen's compensation division shall be open to the public and may be adjourned from time to time. All the proceedings of the commission and the division shall be shown on their records, which shall be public records.

[1921 c 81 s 8; 1969 c 9 s 38; 1973 c 388 s 6] (4039)

175.101 DUTIES OF THE COMMISSIONER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY AS HEAD OF THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION DIVISION. Subdivision 1. It is the legislative purpose in creating a division of workmen's compensation, and in assigning to the commissioner of the department of labor and industry specific duties and responsibilities, to:

(a) provide for a unified department of labor and industry for the limited purposes of organization and administration of common administrative functions;

(b) assure the autonomy and maximum independence of the necessary adjudicative functions and quasi-legislative administrative duties of the division, and;

(c) separate and limit the functions and responsibilities of the existing workmen's compensation commission to those appropriate to an independent appellate reviewing body.

The commissioner of the department of labor and industry as head of the workmen's compensation division is the administrator of the workmen's compensation

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division. He shall possess only such powers and perform only such duties as are specifically prescribed by law.

Subd. 2. The commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall keep a full and true record of all proceedings of the workmen's compensation division and the workmen's compensation commission, issue all necessary processes, writs, warrants, and notices which the division or commission are required or authorized to issue and generally act as the administrator of the division of workmen's compensation in the department of labor and industry. Notices and other documents required to be served or filed on the division of workmen's compensation or the workmen's compensation commission shall be served on the commissioner of the department of labor and industry.

Subd. 3. The commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall appoint in the manner provided by law all personnel required by the workmen's compensation commission except that each workmen's compensation commissioner may appoint a secretarial assistant and a law clerk when necessary, each of whom shall be in the classified service of the state civil service. The commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall, in addition to providing for the above personnel, furnish the commission with supplies, equipment, adequate quarters, parking facilities as available, a library, funds for the reimbursement of its expenses unless otherwise provided for by law, funds as needed for performance of duties under sections 176.155 and 176.391, taking of testimony, transcripts, and the serving of subpoenas and documents, unless otherwise provided for by law.

[1973 c 388 s 7]

175.11 SEAL; CERTIFIED COPIES. Subdivision 1. The workmen's compensation division and the workmen's compensation commission shall each have a seal for the authentication of its orders and proceedings, upon which shall be inscribed the words, "Workmen's Compensation Division of Minnesota" or "Workmen's Compensation Commission of Minnesota" respectively, as the division or commission may prescribe. The courts of this state shall take judicial notice of such seal and of the signatures of the commissioners; and in all cases copies of orders, proceedings, or records of the division or commission, certified by a commissioner under his seal, shall be received in evidence, with the same force and effect given to the originals.

Subd. 2. The department of labor and industry shall have a seal for the authentication of its orders and proceedings upon which shall be inscribed "Department of Labor and Industry of Minnesota" and any other design the department prescribes. The courts of this state shall take judicial notice of the seal and of the signature of the commissioner of labor and industry. In all cases, copies of orders, proceedings, or records of the department, certified by the commissioner under its seal shall be received in evidence with the same force and effect given to the originals.

[1921 c 81 s 9; 1969 c 9 s 39; 1973 c 388 s 8] (4040)

175.12 [Repealed, 1973 c 388 s 171]

175.13 [Repealed, 1973 c 388 s 171]

175.14 TRAVELING EXPENSES. The workmen's compensation commissioners and the commissioner of labor and industry and the officers, assistants, and employees of the commission and department shall be paid out of the state treasury their actual and necessary expenses while traveling on the business of the commission or department. Vouchers for such expenses shall be itemized and sworn to by the persons incurring the expense, and be subject to the approval of the workmen's compensation commission or the commissioner of labor and industry.

[1921 c 81 s 12; 1969 c 9 s 41] (4043)

175.15 [Repealed, 1969 c 9 s 51]

175.16 DIVISIONS. The department of labor and industry shall consist of the following divisions: division of workmen's compensation, division of boiler inspection, division of occupational safety and health, division of statistics, division of women and children, division of employment, division of collection agencies, division of fee employment agencies, division of steamfitting standards, division of voluntary apprenticeship, and such other divisions as the commissioner of the department of labor and industry may deem necessary and establish. Each division of the department and persons in charge thereof shall be subject to the supervision of the commissioner of the department of labor and industry and, in addition to such duties as

are or may be imposed on them by statute, shall perform such other duties as may be assigned to them by said commissioner.

[1921 c 81 s 14; 1969 c 9 s 42, 52; 1973 c 388 s 9; 1973 c 732 s 26] (4045)

175.17 POWERS AND DUTIES, WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION COMMISSION, AND COMMISSIONER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY. (1) The workmen's compensation commission shall principally exercise appellate jurisdiction under the laws relating to workmen's compensation and the laws governing employees of the state, a county, or other governmental subdivision who contract tuberculosis;

(2) The commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall administer the laws relating to workmen's compensation and the laws governing employees of the state, a county, or other governmental subdivisions who contract tuberculosis;

(3) The workmen's compensation commission and the commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall jointly prescribe reasonable and proper rules and regulations governing rules of practice before the workmen's compensation division in nonappellate matters;

(4) The workmen's compensation commission shall prescribe rules of practice before it in appellate matters;

(5) The commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall collect, collate, and publish statistical and other information relating to work under its jurisdiction and make public reports in his judgment necessary, including such other reports as may be required by law;

(6) The commissioner of the department of labor and industry shall establish and maintain branch offices as needed for the conduct of the affairs of the workmen's compensation division.

[1921 c 81 s 15; 1955 c 847 s 19; 1969 c 9 s 43; 1973 c 388 s 10] (4046)

175.171 POWERS AND DUTIES, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY. The department of labor and industry shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) To exercise all powers and perform all duties now conferred and imposed on the department of labor and industry as heretofore constituted, and the bureaus of such department, so far as consistent with the provisions of this chapter;

(2) To adopt reasonable and proper rules and regulations relative to the exercise of its powers and duties, and proper rules to govern its proceedings and to regulate the mode and manner of all investigations and hearings, which shall not be effective until ten days after their adoption, and a copy of these rules and regulations shall be delivered to every citizen making application therefor;

(3) To collect, collate, and publish statistical and other information relating to the work under its jurisdiction, and to make public reports in its judgment necessary; and on or before October 1 in each even-numbered year the department shall report its doings, conclusions, and recommendations to the governor, which report shall be printed and distributed by November 15 of each even numbered year to the members of the legislature and otherwise as the department may direct;

(4) To establish and maintain branch offices as needed for the conduct of its affairs.

[1969 c 9 s 50; 1974 c 406 s 65]

175.18 QUALIFICATIONS OF INSPECTORS. No person shall be eligible to appointment as a chief factory inspector, elevator inspector, railroad inspector, or factory inspector, in the department of labor and industry, who is not possessed of practical experience and knowledge in and of the operation of such machinery, appliances, and work places as he may be called upon to inspect; and every person desiring such an appointment shall be required to pass such a competitive examination touching his general qualifications and his knowledge of the trade and technical phases of the work required in such a position as may be deemed necessary by the board of examiners to the proper discharge of the duties of such position. No person shall be appointed to the position of deputy labor commissioner who is not possessed of such qualifications as the board of examiners may determine necessary. No person shall be appointed superintendent of the bureau of women and children who is not competent to investigate and report to the department of labor and industry upon the conditions under which women and children are to work in all factories, workshops, hotels, restaurants, mercantile establishments, and other places where women and children are employed, with such recommendations as will

promote the health and welfare of the women and children so employed in this state. No person shall be competent for appointment as statistician in the department of labor and industry who has not demonstrated his competency to the satisfaction of the board of examiners, by his fulfillment of similar duties at a previous time, or, in the absence of, or in addition to, previous experience, cannot satisfactorily pass such examination as the board of examiners shall provide for the filling of such statistical position. Experts and special agents appointed by the department of labor and industry to assist in statistical or investigation work shall have such qualifications and pass such examinations as the board of examiners may specify. The department of labor and industry shall be empowered to temporarily appoint properly qualified persons who have not passed such examinations as are provided in this section for a period of not to exceed 60 days' duration. These appointments may not be renewed at the expiration of the 60 days unless such appointee has passed the regular examination for such position. No person shall be eligible to appointment to any position in the department of labor and industry who, in addition to passing such examinations or meeting such requirements as are specified by law, is unable to satisfy the board of examiners and the appointing officers of his moral, mental, and physical fitness to hold such position.

[1913 c 518 s 3; Ex1967 c 1 s 6] (4048)

175.19 DEFINITIONS. Subdivision 1. **Words, terms, and phrases.** Unless the language or context clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended, the following words, terms, and phrases, for the purposes of sections 175.18 to 175.20 and 175.24 to 175.27, shall be given the meanings subjoined to them.

Subd. 2. **Factory and mill.** The words "factory" and "mill" mean any premises where water, steam, electric, or other mechanical power is used in the aid of manufacturing or printing process there carried on.

Subd. 3. **Workshop.** The term "workshop" means any premises, room, or place, not a factory or mill, wherein manual labor is exercised by way of trade or for the purpose of gain in or incidental to a process of making, altering, repairing, cleaning, ornamenting, finishing, or adapting for sale or use any article or part thereof.

Subd. 4. **Engineering work.** The term "engineering work" means any work of construction, operation, alteration, or repair of a railroad or street railway, of the works or offices of any gas, telephone, telegraph, water, electric light, or mining company, or upon any sewer, bridge, tunnel, or building.

Subd. 5. **Mercantile establishments.** The term "mercantile establishments" means any wholesale or retail establishment, theater, bowling alley, pool room, or other place of amusement, hotels, restaurants, photograph galleries, and warehouses.

Subd. 6. **Application.** Nothing in subdivisions 2 to 5 shall interfere with the powers conferred by law upon the railroad and warehouse commissioners or the county mine inspectors.

[1913 c. 518 s. 7] (4049)

175.20 ENFORCEMENT. The department of labor and industry shall enforce all laws regulating the employment of minors and women, the protection of the health, lives, limbs, and rights of the working classes, and those prescribing the qualifications of persons in trades and crafts, and shall be clothed with the same powers for the enforcement of compulsory education and truancy laws as those conferred upon truant officers by section 120.14. It shall be empowered to gather statistics relating to all branches of labor, to labor troubles and unions, and to the economic and social conditions of the laboring classes. In the discharge of its duties the members and employees of the department may enter any factory, mill, workshop, warehouse, mercantile establishment, office, engineering work, or other place where persons are employed or any office from which such place of employment is directed or managed, at all reasonable times, give such direction as may be necessary to enforce the laws, and remain while engaged in their official duties. They may enter any place where intoxicating beverages are sold for the purpose of enforcing the child labor and school attendance laws or other duties imposed upon them. Any member of the department of labor and industry may issue subpoenas and take testimony and compel the attendance of witnesses, and shall have authority to administer oaths and take testimony under oath, but no person shall be compelled to attend as a witness unless he is paid the fees provided for witnesses in the district court.

The bureau of women and children shall have power to enforce and cause to be enforced by complaint in any court or otherwise all laws and local ordinances relating to the health, morals, comfort, and general welfare of women and children.

[1913 c 518 s 8; 1919 c 110 s 1; 1961 c 560 s 16] (4050)

175.21 TO MAKE STUDY OF CONDITIONS. For the purpose of improving the state employment offices and other employment agencies under its supervision and to enable it to more efficiently perform the duties imposed upon it and in cooperation with the federal authorities in an intelligent long-time employment program, the state department of labor and industry is hereby authorized to make a thorough, comprehensive, scientific, and objective study of labor conditions and to gather and record authentic and scientific data in relation thereto, and in this connection to operate a laboratory experiment or demonstration station.

[1931 c 5 s 1; Ex1967 c 1 s 6] (4050-1)

175.22 MAY RECEIVE GIFTS. The department of labor and industry is hereby authorized to receive and accept gifts or contributions of funds to be used in carrying out the purposes of section 175.21, to assist in the supervision and conduct of this study, and to defray, in whole or in part, the cost of the work.

[1931 c 5 s 2; Ex1967 c 1 s 6] (4050-2)

175.23 SUPERVISION OF FUNDS. Any funds or contributions so made shall be under the exclusive supervision and control of the department of labor and industry, may be deposited in such bank or banks as it may select, and may be disbursed in such manner and for such purposes as the department of labor and industry shall determine, consistent with the provisions of sections 175.21 to 175.23, and with the conditions and purposes of any such gift or contribution.

[1931 c 5 s 3; Ex1967 c 1 s 6] (4050-3)

175.24 DUTIES OF EMPLOYERS AND OTHERS TO MAKE REPORTS; PRESERVATION OF RECORDS. On request of the department of labor and industry, and within the time limited therein, every employer of labor, any officer of a labor organization, or any person from whom the department of labor and industry shall find it necessary to gather information, shall make a certified report to the department, upon blanks furnished by it, of all matters covered by the request. The names of persons or concerns supplying such information shall not be disclosed. Every notice, order, or direction given by such department shall be in writing, signed by an officer or inspector of such department, or a person specially designated for the purpose, and be served by him. Papers so served and all records and documents of the department are hereby declared public documents and shall not be destroyed within two years after their return or receipt by such department.

[1913 c. 518 s. 10] (4250)

175.25 PERSONS AGGRIEVED; POWERS OF DISTRICT COURT. Within ten days after the service of any order or direction of the department of labor and industry, any person aggrieved may apply to a judge of the district court for an order restraining its enforcement, and upon not more than 30 days' notice a hearing may be had before such court, or before three impartial expert referees appointed by the court, who shall file their report within ten days after the hearing. The court may alter, annul, or affirm the order or direction complained of; the decision to be based upon the hearing by the court, or upon the report of the referees. Such decision shall take the place of the original order. In cases of affirmation, the losing parties shall pay a reasonable compensation to the referees, to be fixed by the court. In case of decisions rendered adverse to the order of the department of labor and industry, such compensation shall be paid out of the appropriation for the support of the department.

[1913 c. 518 s. 11] (4251)

175.26 VIOLATION OF LOCAL ORDINANCES. When the department of labor and industry learns of a violation of a local ordinance for the protection of employees it shall give written notice thereof to the proper municipal authorities and take any steps permissible under the ordinances for its enforcement.

[1913 c. 518 s. 12] (4252)

175.27 DISCLOSURE OF NAMES OF PERSONS GIVING INFORMATION; REFUSAL TO TESTIFY; DENYING ADMISSION. Any officer, agent, or employee of the department of labor and industry who shall disclose the names of any persons supplying information at the request of such department shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person who, having been duly subpoenaed, shall refuse to attend or

testify in any hearing under the direction of the department of labor and industry shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any owner or occupant of any factory, mill, workshop, engineering work, store, or other place enumerated in section 175.20, or agent of such person, who shall refuse to admit thereto any officer, agent or employee of the department seeking entrance in the discharge of his duties, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person, firm, or corporation, or any of its officers or agents, who or which shall refuse to file with the department such reports as are required by it under the provisions of sections 175.18 to 175.20 and 175.24 to 175.27 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

[1913 c 518 s 14; 1917 c 14 s 1; Ex1967 c 1 s 6] (4253)

175.28 REPORT OF ACCIDENTS. When any accident to an employee resulting in death or requiring the aid of a surgeon occurs in connection with any factory, mill, workshop, or any engineering work, the employer, superintendent, or agent in charge within ten days thereafter shall furnish the department of labor and industry with written notice thereof, stating as fully as possible the time and place of its occurrence, the name and residence of the person killed or injured, and in case of injury the place to which he has been removed.

[R L s 1821; Ex1967 c 1 s 6] (4193)

175.29 SCOPE OF REPORT. It is hereby made the duty of every employer of labor engaged in industrial pursuits to make or cause to be made report of any accident to an employee which occurs in the course of his employment and which causes death or serious injury within 48 hours of the occurrence of such injury, and of all other accidents which occur to any of its, his, or their employees within the scope of their employment and of which the employer or his foreman has knowledge within 14 days after the occurrence of such accident; provided, that such injuries are sufficient to wholly or partially incapacitate the person injured from labor or service for more than the remainder of the day, shift, or turn on which the injury was incurred, which report shall be made in writing to the department of labor and industry, giving:

- (1) Name, age, sex, and occupation of injured person;
- (2) Date on which accident occurred and hour of day;
- (3) Whether person injured could speak English;
- (4) Occupation of employer;
- (5) Cause of injury;
- (6) Nature and extent of the injury and the probable length of disability;
- (7) Name and address of the attending surgeon;
- (8) Wages injured person was earning;
- (9) Length of time in service of employer and length of time at employment at which injured;
- (10) Dependents or nearest relatives in fatal cases, if known.

Accidents required to be reported within 48 hours may be reported by telegram, telephone, or personal notice. The written report of such accident shall then be made within 14 days or at such time as the department of labor and industry shall designate. The department of labor and industry may require such supplementary reports on any accident as it deems necessary for the securing of the information required. When an accident has been reported which subsequently terminates fatally a supplementary report shall be filed with the department by the employer within 48 hours after he receives knowledge of such death, stating that the injury has proved fatal.

[1913 c 416 s 1; 1919 c 359 s 1; Ex1967 c 1 s 6] (4194)

175.30 COPIES OF SETTLEMENT. Copies of all settlements made or releases obtained in respect to industrial accidents occurring in the state shall be filed with the department of labor and industry within ten days after such settlements are made and become part of the permanent records of the department of labor and industry.

[1913 c 416 s 2; 1919 c 359 s 1; Ex1967 c 1 s 6] (4195)

175.31 FAILURE TO REPORT. The failure to make such reports or file such copies of settlements or releases on the part of any person, copartnership, or corporation required to make or file the same within the time specified is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor.

[1913 c. 416 s. 3; 1919 c. 359 s. 1] (4196)

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175.32 REPORT NOT ADMISSIBLE IN EVIDENCE. No report so required to be made, nor any part thereof, shall be admitted in evidence or referred to at the trial of any action or in any judicial proceedings, except prosecutions for the violation of sections 175.29 to 175.32.

No such report nor any part thereof, nor any copy of the same nor any part thereof, shall be open to the public, nor shall any of the contents thereof be disclosed in any manner by any official or clerk or other employee of the state having access thereto, but the same may be used for state investigations and statistics only. Any such disclosure is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor and punishable as such.

[1913 c. 416 s. 4; 1919 c. 359 s. 1] (4197)

175.33 PHYSICIANS TO REPORT CERTAIN CASES OF POISON TO THE DEPARTMENT. Every physician attending on or called in to visit a patient whom he believes to be suffering from poisoning from lead, phosphorus, arsenic, or mercury or their compounds, or from anthrax, or from compressed air illness, contracted as a result of the nature of the patient's employment, shall send to the department of labor and industry a notice stating the name and full postal address and place of employment of the patient and the disease from which, in the opinion of the physician, the patient is suffering, with such other specific information as may be required by the department of labor and industry and which may be ascertained by the physician in the course of his duties.

[1913 c 21 s 1; Ex1967 c 1 s 6] (4198)

175.34 FAILURE TO REPORT. If any physician, when required by section 175.33 to send a notice, fails forthwith to send the same, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction, punished by a fine not exceeding \$10 or by imprisonment in the county jail for not exceeding ten days.

[1913 c. 21 s. 2] (4199)

175.35 ENFORCEMENT. It shall be the duty of the department of labor and industry to enforce the provisions of sections 175.33 and 175.34 and it may call upon the state and local boards of health for assistance.

[1913 c 21 s 3; Ex1967 c 1 s 6] (4200)

175.36 DESTRUCTION OF FILES AND RECORDS. The department of labor and industry is authorized to destroy the following files and records at the times and under the conditions herein specified:

(1) All files, records and correspondence in the department, covering the period prior to June 1, 1921;

(2) All files and records subsequent thereto, covering the period of one year, on June first on each succeeding year;

(3) Interim receipts filed as the same are audited and have served the purpose of the commission.

[1939 c 149 s 1; 1953 c 609 s 1; 1969 c 9 s 44; 1973 c 388 s 11] (4041-1)

175.37 COOPERATION WITH U. S. The department of labor and industry so far as is not inconsistent with its duties under the laws of this state, may assist and cooperate with the wage and hour division, the children's bureau, and any other authorized agency of the United States department of labor in the administration within this state of the act of congress known as the fair labor standards act of 1938, approved June 25, 1938, and amendments thereof. No additional expense shall be incurred by the department in rendering such assistance and cooperation except upon condition that the state be reimbursed therefor in accordance with federal laws and regulations and subject to the applicable laws of this state.

All moneys heretofore or hereafter received from the federal government for such reimbursement are hereby appropriated to the department of labor and industry to pay the cost of such assistance and cooperation.

[1941 c 68 s 1; Ex1967 c 1 s 6]

175.38 [Repealed, 1973 c 721 s 16]

175.39 [Repealed, 1973 c 721 s 16]