CHAPTER 148

OCCUPATIONS IN PROTECTION OF PUBLIC HEALTH

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CHIROPRACTORS

148.01 CHIROPRACTIC. Subdivision 1. For the purposes of sections 148.01 to 148.10, "chiropractic" is hereby defined as being the science of adjusting any abnormal articulations of the human body, especially those of the spinal column, for the purpose of giving freedom of action to impinged nerves that may cause pain or deranged function.

Subd. 2. The practice of chiropractic is hereby declared not to be the practice of medicine, surgery, or osteopathy.

[1919 c. 64 88. 2, 8; 1927 c. 230] (5725, 5731(c))

148.02 CHIROPRACTORS; STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS. There is hereby created and established a board to be known by the name and style of state board of chiropractic examiners.

[1919 c. 64 s. 1] (5724)

148.03 APPOINTMENT. The governor shall appoint a state board of chiropractic examiners consisting of two public members as defined for purposes of Laws 1973, Chapter 638 and five resident chiropractors who shall have practiced chiropractic in this state for at least three years immediately prior to the time of appointment, all of whom shall be graduates of a course of chiropractic, but no more than two of whom shall be graduates of the same school or college of chiropractic; one resident chiropractor to be appointed each year to serve five years and until his successor is appointed and qualifies to the end that each member shall serve five years after the first appointment. The terms of the initial public members shall

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be for three and five years from the date of appointment respectively. The board shall have the authority to prescribe rules and regulations relative to the examination of applicants for license to practice chiropractic and for the annual renewal of licenses. Vacancies caused by death or otherwise shall be filled by the governor within 60 days. No member of the board shall be financially interested in any chiropractic school or college or be in any way affiliated with the practice of other methods of healing as are now regulated by law in this state.

[1919 c 64 s 3; 1943 c 155 s 1; 1959 c 186 s 1; 1973 c 638 s 10] (5726)

148.04 PROCEDURE. The officers of the state board of chiropractic examiners shall have power to administer oaths, summon witnesses, and take testimony as to matters pertaining to its duties. It shall adopt a minimum of educational requirements not inconsistent with the provisions of sections 148.01 to 148.10, which shall be without prejudice, partiality, or discrimination as to the different schools or colleges of chiropractic. The board shall meet each year in March and September and at such other times as the majority of the board may deem proper. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The secretary shall keep a record of its proceedings. This report shall be prima facie evidence of all matters therein recorded.

[1919 c 64 s 4; 1967 c 149 s 1; 1973 c 638 s 11] (5727)

148.05 LICENSE AND FEE. At its first meeting the state board of chiropractic examiners shall issue to each member a license to practice chiropractic, for which he shall pay a fee of \$25. The board shall have a common seal and formulate rules to govern its actions.

[1919 c. 64 s. 5] (5728)

148.06 APPLICATION; EXAMINATION; LICENSE; FEE. Subdivision 1. License required; qualifications. No person shall practice chiropractic in this state without first being licensed by the state board of chiropractic examiners. The applicant shall have earned at least one half of all academic credits required for awarding of a baccalaureate degree from the university of Minnesota, or other university, college or community college of equal standing, in subject matter determined by the board, and taken a four-year resident course of at least eight months each in a school or college of chiropractic that is accredited by the council on chiropractic education or association of chiropractic colleges or their successors wherein the curriculum includes instruction in the following branches: anatomy, physiology, symptomatology, pathology, hygiene, dietetics, diagnoses, urinalysis, chiropractic orthopedy, intellectual adaption, and the science and art of chiropractic. The board may recommend a two year prechiropractic course of instruction to any such university, college or community college which in its judgment would satisfy the academic prerequisite for licensure as established by this section. An examination for a license shall be in writing. The applicant shall be required to give practical demonstration in vertebral palpation, nerve tracing, and adjusting. A license, counter-signed by the members of the board and authenticated by the seal thereof, shall be granted to each applicant who shall correctly answer 75 percent of the questions propounded in each of the above subjects and meets the standards of practical demonstration established by the board. Each application shall be accompanied by a fee of \$50. Such fee shall not be returned in the event of failure to pass, but the applicant may, within one year, present himself for examination without the payment of an additional fee. The board may waive the written examination and may grant a license to an applicant who holds a valid certificate from the national board of chiropractic examiners, provided such applicant meets the other requirements of this section and satisfactorily passes the practical examination before the board.

Subd. 2. Two year educational requirement for chiropractors. On July 1, 1975, or upon the second anniversary of the issuance of his license, whichever occurs last, and each year thereafter, each person licensed to practice chiropractic in this state shall provide the state board of chiropractic examiners evidence, of a nature suitable to the board, that such licensed person has attended, or participated in such amount of continuing education in chiropractic as shall be required by the board without discriminating between the philosophies of practice adhered to by the accrediting agencies set forth in section 1; however, this requirement shall be not less than five hours during the preceding year of licensure. The board may accept for compliance with this requirement any of the following which, in the opinion of the board, contributed directly to the chiropractic education of the licensee:

- (a) Attendance at lectures, workshops, college postgraduate courses, or scientific sessions of conventions; and
 - (b) Research, graduate study; and
- (c) Any other such evidence of continuing education the board may approve. Any licensed person who shall fail to comply with this requirement shall, at the discretion of the board, be reexamined to determine his competency to continue licensure. If, in the opinion of the board, such licensed person does not qualify for

discretion of the board, be reexamined to determine his competency to continue licensure. If, in the opinion of the board, such licensed person does not qualify for further licensed practice, the board shall suspend such license until such time as the chiropractor shall provide acceptable evidence to the board of his competency to practice.

[1919 c 64 s 6; 1927 c 230; 1959 c 186 s 2; 1967 c 706 s 1; 1974 c 564 s 1] (5729)

- 148.07 DISPOSITION OF FEES. Subdivision 1. Renewal; fee. All persons practicing chiropractic within this state, or licensed so to do, shall pay, on or before the first day of January of each year after a license is issued to them, as herein provided, to the board of chiropractic examiners a renewal fee of \$25, with a penalty of \$5 per month for each month or portion thereof for which a license fee is in arrears not to exceed a total of \$50, and upon payment of the renewal and upon compliance with all the rules and regulations of the board, shall be entitled to an annual renewal license. The secretary-treasurer shall, 30 days or more before January first of each year, mail to all chiropractors of this state a notice of the fact that the renewal fee will be due on or before the first of January. Nothing in sections 148.01 to 148.10 shall be construed so as to require that the renewal receipts shall be recorded as original licenses are required to be recorded.
- Subd. 2. **Management of funds.** All fees received by the board under sections 148.01 to 148.10 shall be paid to the secretary-treasurer, who shall forthwith deposit the same with the state treasurer to be credited along with any outstanding balance in the special fund of the board as of July 1, 1973 to the general fund. The expenses of administering sections 148.01 to 148.101 shall be paid from the appropriation made to the state board of chiropractic examiners.
- Subd. 3. **Report.** The secretary-treasurer shall, on the first Tuesday of October of each even numbered year, file with the governor a report of all receipts and disbursements and proceedings of the board for the preceding two years. He shall give bond in such sum and with such sureties as the board shall deem necessary. Each member of the board shall receive a fee of \$35 per day and ordinary and necessary expenses in the same amount and manner as state employees, in attending the meetings of the board and for such other times as he may actually be engaged in business of the board.

[1919 c 64 s 7; 1927 c 230 s 1; 1943 c 155 s 2; 1955 c 847 s 12; 1959 c 186 s 3; 1965 c 64 s 1; 1967 c 149 s 2; 1969 c 399 s 1; 1973 c 638 s 12, 13] (5730)

- 148.08 LICENSES RECORDED; RULES AND REGULATIONS. Subdivision 1. Where recorded. Every person holding a license from the state board of chiropractic examiners shall have it recorded in the office of the clerk of the district court of the county in which applicant practices and the date of recording shall be indicated thereon. The clerk of the district court shall keep in a book provided by him for the purpose a complete list of the licenses recorded, for which he shall receive a fee of \$1 for each license so recorded.
- Subd. 2. How regulated. Chiropractors shall be subject to the same rules and regulations, both municipal and state, that govern other licensed doctors or physicians in the control of contagious and infectious diseases, and shall be entitled to sign health and death certificates, and to all rights and privileges of other doctors or physicians in all matters pertaining to the public health, except prescribing internal drugs or the practice of surgery and obstetrics.

[1919 c. 64 s. 8; 1927 c. 230] (5731)

- 148.10 LICENSES REVOKED; NEW LICENSES. Subdivision 1. Grounds. The state board of chiropractic examiners may refuse to grant, or may revoke, a license to practice chiropractic, or may cause the name of a person licensed to be removed from the records in the office of the clerk of the district court for:
- (1) the publishing or distributing, or causing to be published or distributed, in newspapers, magazines, directories, pamphlets, posters, cards, or in any other manner by advertisement, wherein the term "cure" or "guarantee to cure" or similar terms are used; which is hereby declared to be fraudulent and misleading to the general public;

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- (2) the employment of fraud or deception in applying for a license or in passing the examination provided for in section 148.06;
- (3) the practice of chiropractic under a false or assumed name or the impersonation of another practitioner of like or different name;
 - (4) the conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude;
 - (5) habitual intemperance in the use of ardent spirits, narcotics, or stimulants;
 - (6) failure to pay the annual renewal license fee herein provided;
 - (7) professional misconduct.
- Any person duly licensed, or who is an applicant for a license to practice chiropractic, against whom any grounds for revoking or refusing a license is presented to the board with a view of having the board revoke, or refuse to grant, a license shall be furnished with a copy of the complaint and have a hearing before the board in person or by attorney, and witnesses may be examined by the board respecting the guilt or innocence of the accused. In case a license is revoked by the board, a certified copy of the order of revocation shall be filed forthwith in the office of the clerk of the district court, who shall make a notation of the revocation in the book in which the record of the license is kept and cancel the revoked license. The clerk shall receive a fee of \$1 for filing the order of revocation and making the notation and cancelation, which shall be paid by the board.
- Subd. 2. Issuance following refusal, revocation or cancelation. The state board of chiropractic examiners may, at any time within two years of the refusal or revocation or cancelation of a license under this section, by a majority vote, issue a new license or grant a license to the person affected, restoring him to, or conferring upon him, all the rights and privileges of, and pertaining to, the practice of chiropractic, as defined and regulated by sections 148.01 to 148.10. Any person to whom such have been restored shall pay to the secretary-treasurer the sum of \$100 upon issuance of a new license.

[1919 c 64 s 10; 1927 c 230; 1957 c 154 s 1; 1959 c 186 s 4] (5733)

148.101 VIOLATION. Any person who shall practice, or attempt to practice, chiropractic or who shall use any of the terms or letters "Doctors of Chiropractic," "Chiropractor," "D. C.," or any other title or letters under any circumstances as to lead the public to believe that the persons who so uses such terms is engaged in the practice of chiropractic, without having complied with the provisions of sections 148.01 to 148.10, shall be deemed guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and, upon conviction thereof, fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$100 or be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than 30 days nor more than six months or punished by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. It shall be the duty of the county attorney of the county in which such person practices to prosecute. Nothing therein shall be considered as interfering with any person engaged in other methods of healing as are now regulated by law in the state of Minnesota.

[1919 c 64 s 9; 1927 c 230] (5732)

148.11 [Repealed, 1963 c 45 s 12]

148.12 [Repealed, 1963 c 45 s 12]

148.13 [Repealed, 1963 c 45 s 12] 148.14 [Repealed, 1963 c 45 s 12]

148.15 [Repealed, 1963 c 45 s 12]

148.16 [Repealed, 1963 c 45 s 12]

148.17 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

REGISTERED NURSES

148.171 DEFINITIONS. As used in sections 148.171 to 148.285:

(1) The term "Board" shall mean Minnesota board of nursing.

(2) The term "Registered Nurse" abbreviated R.N., shall mean a natural person licensed by the Minnesota board of nursing to practice professional nursing.

(3) The practice of professional nursing means the performance for compensation or personal profit of the professional interpersonal service of: (a) providing a nursing assessment of the actual or potential health needs of individuals, families, or communities; (b) providing nursing care supportive to or restorative of life by functions such as skilled ministration of nursing care, supervising and teaching nursing personnel, health teaching and counseling, case finding and referral to other health resources; and (c) evaluating these actions.

The practice of professional nursing includes both independent nursing functions

and delegated medical functions which may be performed in collaboration with other health team members, or may be delegated by the professional nurse to other nursing personnel. Independent nursing function may also be performed autonomously. The practice of professional nursing requires that level of special education, knowledge, and skill ordinarily expected of an individual who has completed an approved professional nursing education program as described in section 148.211, subdivision 1.

[1945 c 242 s 1; 1955 c 34 s 1; 1959 c 140 s 1; 1974 c 554 s 1]

148.18 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

148.181 BOARD OF NURSING; MEMBERSHIP, APPOINTMENTS, VACANCIES, REMOVALS. Subdivision 1. The Minnesota board of nursing shall consist of 11 members appointed by the governor, each of whom shall be a resident of this state. Seven members shall be nurses who shall have completed at least an approved four-year high school course of study or its equivalent; shall have graduated from an accredited school of nursing; shall be licensed as a registered nurse in this state; shall have had at least five years experience in nursing following graduation, and four of whom shall have at least two years executive or teaching experience in nursing education and shall have been actively engaged in the practice of nursing within two years of her appointment. The remaining members shall be public members as defined for purposes of Laws 1973, Chapter 638 who shall serve five-year terms; provided that of the initial public members appointed, two shall serve a four-year term and two shall serve a five-year term beginning July 1, 1973. Each member of the board shall file with the department of state, the constitutional oath of office before beginning his or her term of office. Provided, however, that the present members of the Minnesota state board holding office under the provisions of the Minnesota nurse practice act shall serve as members of said board until the expiration of their respective terms or until their successors have been appointed and qualified.

Subd. 2. On expiration of the term of a member who is a nurse, the governor may appoint, from a list of members submitted by the Minnesota nurses' association and other professional nursing groups, a nurse to hold office for a term of five years. Such list should contain names of persons in number at least twice the number of places to be filled. Vacancies occurring on the board, when the member is a nurse, may be filled for the unexpired terms by appointments to be made by the governor from nominations submitted by the Minnesota nurses' association and other professional nursing groups in the manner aforesaid, within a period of 90 days

Subd. 3. The governor may remove any member from the board for neglect of any duty required by law or for incompetency or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct.

[1945 c 242 s 2; 1955 c 34 s 2; 1971 c 418 s 1; 1973 c 638 s 14]

148.19 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

148.191 ANNUAL MEETING; RULES; EXECUTIVE SECRETARY. Subdivision 1. The board shall meet annually in the month of August and shall elect from its members a president and a secretary who shall also be the treasurer. The board may appoint and employ an executive secretary as hereinafter provided who need not be a member of the board. It shall hold such other meetings during the year as may be deemed necessary to transact its business. A majority of the board, including one officer, shall constitute a quorum at any meeting.

Subd. 2. The board is authorized to adopt and, from time to time, revise such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the law, as may be necessary to enable it to carry into effect the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285. The board shall prescribe curricula and standards for schools and courses preparing persons for licensure under sections 148.171 to 148.285. It shall conduct or provide for surveys of such schools and courses at such times as it may deem necessary. It shall accredit such schools and courses as meet the requirements of sections 148.171 to 148.285 and of the board. It shall evaluate and approve courses for affiliation. It shall examine, license and renew the license of duly qualified applicants. It shall hold examinations at least once in each year at such time and place as it may determine. It shall conduct hearings upon charges calling for discipline of a licensee or revocation of a license. It shall have power to issue subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses, and administer oaths to persons giving testimony at hearings. It shall cause the prosecution of all persons violating sections 148.171 to 148.285 and have

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power to incur such necessary expense therefor. It shall keep a record of all its proceedings and make a biennial report to the governor on or before October 1 in each even-numbered year.

Subd. 3. The board may appoint and employ a qualified person to serve as executive secretary to the board, and it shall fix her compensation and define her duties. It may employ such other persons as may be necessary to carry on the work of the board. The treasurer or any other person employed who may have charge of funds, shall be bonded, as may be determined by the board.

[1945 c 242 s 3; 1955 c 847 s 13]

148.20 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

148.201 COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES. Each member of the board shall receive \$35 per day for each day actually engaged in the discharge of her duties, and ordinary and necessary expenses in the same amount and manner as state employees.

[1945 c 242 s 4; 1961 c 8 s 1; 1973 c 638 s 15]

148.21 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

- 148.211 APPLICATION; EXAMINATION; LICENSE; FEE. Subdivision 1. An applicant for a license to practice as a registered nurse shall submit to the board written evidence, verified by oath, on the application form prescribed by the board, that said applicant:
 - (1) Is 19 years of age;
 - (2) Is of good moral character;
 - (3) Is in good physical and mental health;
- (4) Has completed at least an approved four-year high school course of study or the equivalent thereof as determined by the board and shall meet such other preliminary qualification requirements as the board may prescribe; provided that an applicant who began her course of study in a school of nursing prior to the date Laws 1945, Chapter 242, became effective, submits in lieu thereof evidence of having completed the preliminary educational requirements in force at the time of her admission to the school of nursing;
- (5) Has completed a course of study at least 22 months in length in an accredited school of professional nursing and holds a diploma therefrom.
- Subd. 2. (1) The applicant shall be required to pass a written examination in such subjects as the board may determine. Each written examination may be supplemented by an oral or practical examination. Any applicant failing to pass such examination, may apply for re-examination. Upon passing such examination, the board shall issue to the applicant a license to practice nursing as a registered nurse.
- (2) The board may issue a license to practice nursing as a registered nurse without examination, to an applicant who has been duly licensed or registered as a registered nurse under the laws of another state, territory or foreign country, if in the opinion of the board the applicant has the qualifications equivalent to the qualifications required for registration of nurses in this state.
- Subd. 3. The applicant applying for a license to practice as a registered nurse shall pay a fee of \$25 to the board. Any applicant applying for re-examination shall pay a fee of \$10 for one part and \$5 for each additional part of a re-examination, not to exceed a total of \$20.

[1945 c 242 8 5; 1955 c 34 8 4; 1961 c 56 8 1; 1967 c 68 8 1; 1969 c 53 8 1]

148.22 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

148.221 PERSONS NOW HOLDING CERTIFICATE. Any person holding a license or certificate of registration to practice nursing as a registered nurse issued by the board which is valid on the effective date of Laws 1945, Chapter 242, shall be deemed to be licensed as a registered nurse under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285.

[1945 c. 242 s. 6]

148.23 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

148.231 REGISTRATION. Subdivision 1. Annual registration and certificate; fee; penalty. Every person licensed to practice nursing as a registered nurse shall be registered with the board as a licensed registered nurse, and in addition to the license, shall be issued a registration certificate for a calendar year. The registration shall be annually renewed for each calendar year and the board shall, on or before December 1 of each year, mail an application to such a licensee for renewal

registration and such licensee shall on or before the last day of such calendar year after receipt of such application, fill in same and return it to the board with a registration fee of \$4. A penalty fee of \$2 shall be added for applications postmarked after the last day of such calendar year. Upon receipt of the application and the fee, the board shall verify the accuracy of the application and issue to such applicant a certificate of renewal registration for the next calendar year.

- Subd. 2. **Delinquent.** Any person licensed under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285 who fails to re-register within the period hereinbefore provided, shall be deemed delinquent and shall not be entitled to practice nursing in this state as a registered nurse, until an application for renewal registration has been filed with the board accompanied by \$2 registration fee for each calendar year during which said applicant has been delinquent, up to a maximum of \$10, and a certificate of re-registration issued to such person.
- Subd. 3. Non-practicing list; renewal of license. A person licensed under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285 who desires to retire from practice temporarily, shall send a written notice to the board. Upon the receipt of such notice, the board shall place the name of such person on the non-practicing list. While so remaining on this list, the person shall not be subject to the payment of any fees, and shall not practice nursing in this state. When such person desires to resume practice he or she shall make application for re-registration and pay the annual registration fee for the current year to the board, and the registration certificate shall be issued to such applicant, and such person shall immediately be placed on the practicing list as a licensed registered nurse.
- Subd. 4. **Fee for license verification.** A person licensed under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285 who requests the board to verify such Minnesota license to another jurisdiction shall pay a fee of \$5 to the board for each verification.

[1945 c 242 s 7; 1947 c 286 s 1; 1955 c 34 s 5; 1961 c 8 s 2; 1967 c 68 s 2; 1969 c 53 s 2, 3; 1971 c 131 s 1]

148.24 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

- 148.241 **DEPOSIT OF MONEYS.** Subdivision 1. All moneys received by the board collected under sections 148.171 to 148.285 shall be paid to the treasurer of the board who shall deposit the same each month, with the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall deposit the money, together with any outstanding balance in any special fund of the board as of July 1, 1973, in the general fund. The expenses of administering sections 148.171 to 148.285 shall be paid from the appropriation made to the Minnesota board of nursing.
- Subd. 2. All amounts appropriated to the board shall be held subject to the order of the board to be used only for the purpose of meeting necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the purposes of sections 148.171 to 148.285, and the duties imposed thereby as well as the promotion of nursing education and standards of nursing care in this state.

[1945 c 242 s 8; 1955 c 34 s 3; 1973 c 638 s 16]

148.25 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

- 148.251 SCHOOL OF NURSING. Subdivision 1. An institution desiring to conduct a school of nursing shall apply to the board and submit evidence that:
- (1) It is prepared to give at least a 22 month course of theoretical instruction and practical experience in nursing as prescribed in the curriculum adopted by the board. Such instruction and experience may be secured in one or more institutions or agencies approved by the board.
- (2) It is prepared to meet other standards established by this law and by the board.
- Subd. 2. A survey of the institution or institutions with which the school is to be affiliated shall be made by a qualified representative of the board. Such representative shall submit a written report of the survey to the board. If, in the opinion of the board, the requirements for an accredited school of nursing are met, it shall approve the school as an accredited school of nursing.
- Subd. 3. From time to time as deemed necessary by the board, it shall be the duty of the board, through its representatives, to survey all schools of nursing in the state. Written reports of such surveys shall be submitted to the board by the representative. If the board determines that any accredited school of nursing is not maintaining the standards required by the statutes and by the board, notice thereof in writing specifying the defect or defects shall be given to the school. A

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school which fails to correct these conditions to the satisfaction of the board within a reasonable time shall be removed from the list of accredited schools of nursing.

[1945 c 242 s 9; 1961 c 56 s 2]

148.26 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

- 148.261 REVOCATION OF LICENSE. Subdivision 1. The board shall have power to deny, revoke or suspend any license to practice nursing issued by the board or applied for in accordance with the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285, or to otherwise discipline a licensee upon proof that the person:
- (1) Is guilty of fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a license to practice nursing as a registered nurse;
 - (2) Is guilty of gross immorality or of a crime, except misdemeanors;
 - (3) Is unfit or incompetent by reason of negligence, habits or other causes;
 - (4) Is habitually intemperate or is addicted to the use of habit-forming drugs;
 - (5) Is mentally incompetent;
 - (6) Is guilty of unprofessional conduct;
- (7) Has wilfully or repeatedly violated any of the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285.

Subd. 2. Before the board shall order any such suspension or revocation it shall, on its own motion, cause an investigation to be made, and shall issue a citation under the seal of the board, signed by the secretary, directing and requiring the holder of the license to show cause on a day certain why his or her license shall not be suspended or revoked on the grounds specified therein, and the holder of the license shall be given 20 days notice of the hearing, and the licensee shall be entitled to be represented by legal counsel. A stenographic record shall be kept of the proceedings. The action of the board in suspending or revoking a license hereunder, shall be subject to review at the election of the licensee by a writ of certiorari brought in the district court of Ramsey county, or by appeal to the said court or the district court in the county in which the licensee resides, in which event the matter shall be tried de novo. The action of the board shall stand until otherwise directed by the district court or the supreme court of the state of Minnesota, on appeal.

Subd. 3. Any registered nurse whose license has been suspended or revoked, may be reinstated or a new license issued to such nurse when in the discretion of the board the action is warranted, provided that such nurse shall pay all the costs of the proceedings resulting in the suspension or revocation of the license and reinstatement of a new license, and in addition thereto, pay a fee of \$15.

[1945 c. 242 s. 10]

148.27 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

148.271 ALLOWABLE UNLICENSED PRACTICES. The provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285 shall not prohibit:

- (1) The furnishing of nursing assistance in an emergency.
- (2) The practice of nursing by any legally qualified nurse of another state who is employed by the United States government or any bureau, division or agency thereof while in the discharge of his or her official duties.
- (3) The practice of nursing by a graduate of a school of professional nursing accredited by the board between the date of graduation and the date of notification to such graduate of the board action upon his or her application for licensure hereunder, provided that such graduate has taken the first examination for licensure hereunder following graduation given by the board and has been issued a permit by the board to engage in the practice of professional nursing while awaiting notification of the results of such examination. The board is authorized to issue permits to such graduates which shall permit the practice of professional nursing from the date of graduation until the date that the board shall notify such graduates of the results of their applications for registration conditioned upon such graduates making prompt application for registration and taking the first examination given by the board which they are eligible to take following graduation. Such permits shall not be renewable.
- (4) The practice of any profession or occupation licensed by the state by any person duly licensed to practice such profession or occupation, or the performance by such a person of any acts properly coming within the scope of such a profession, occupation or license.
 - (5) The practice of professional nursing prior to July 1, 1960, by any person

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who is not a registered nurse and who does not in any way assume or represent to be a registered nurse.

- (6) The practice of nursing, other than professional nursing as defined herein, by any person who does not assume or represent to be a registered or professional nurse.
- (7) The performance of any act in the nursing care of the sick by a nurse's aide under the direction of a registered nurse.
- (8) The practice of nursing by a person licensed as a professional nurse in another jurisdiction and qualified for licensure in the state of Minnesota pursuant to a temporary permit issued by the board of nursing which permit shall be issued by the board pursuant to such rules and regulations as it may promulgate, for the period between the submission of a proper application for licensure by such person and the date of action upon such application by the board.

(9) The practice of nursing in a private home by any person who does not

assume or represent to be a registered or professional nurse.

(10) The practice of nursing under the supervision of a licensed doctor of medicine.

[1945 c 242 s 11; 1959 c 140 s 2]

148.272 NURSING PERSONNEL; BOARD OF HEALTH REGULATIONS. Nothing in sections 148.171 and 148.271 to 148.283, shall affect the requirements of nursing personnel in nursing homes or hospitals as set forth by regulations of the state board of health.

[1959 c 140 8 3]

148.28 [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

- 148.281 VIOLATIONS. Subdivision 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, corporation, or association, to:
- (1) Sell or fraudulently obtain or furnish any nursing diploma, license or record, or aid or abet therein;
- (2) Practice professional nursing under cover of any diploma, license, or record illegally or fraudulently obtained or signed or issued unlawfully or under fraudulent representation;
- (3) Practice professional nursing unless duly registered or licensed to do so under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285;
- (4) Use in connection with his or her name any designation tending to imply that he or she is a registered nurse or a professional nurse unless duly registered or licensed so to practice professional nursing under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285;
- (5) Practice nursing during the time his or her license issued under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285 shall be suspended or revoked;
- (6) Conduct a school of nursing for the training of persons to become registered nurses or professional nurses unless the school or course has been accredited by the board.
- Subd. 2. Any person, corporation, or association violating any provisions of subdivision 1 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished according to law.

[1945 c 242 8 12, 13; 1959 c 140 8 4]

- 148.282 PROFESSIONAL NURSING: LICENSE. Prior to July 1, 1960, the board shall issue a license to practice professional nursing to any person who:
 - (1) Is of good moral character.
 - (2) Is in good physical and mental health.
- (3) Has practiced as a professional nurse in this state for the equivalent of two years prior to July 1, 1960.
- (4) Has completed a professional nursing education program which was accredited by a board of nursing in the United States or Canada at the time of completion, and which would have entitled such person to take an examination for licensure as a registered nurse under any act previously in force in this state.
- If any person meets the first three requirements above, but is unable to prove his or her educational qualifications, the board may issue such license upon being satisfied, by the giving of an examination or otherwise, that such person is qualified.

[1959 c 140 8 5]

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148.283 UNAUTHORIZED PRACTICE OF PROFESSIONAL NURSING. The practice of professional nursing by any person who has not been licensed to practice professional nursing under the provisions of sections 148.171 to 148.285, or whose license has been suspended or revoked, or has expired, is hereby declared to be inimical to the public health and welfare and to constitute a public nuisance. Upon complaint being made thereof by the board of nursing, or any prosecuting officer, and upon a proper showing of the facts, the district court of the county where such practice occurred may enjoin such acts and practice. Such injunction proceeding shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, all other penalties and remedies provided by law.

[1959 c 140 s 6]

148.285 TRANSFER OF ASSETS. All moneys, property, and property rights belonging to and under the control of the board of examiners, are hereby transferred and appropriated to the control and use of the board hereunder and the purpose provided herein.

[1945 c 242 s 14]

GRANTS-IN-AID

148.286 NURSING GRANTS-IN-AID. Subdivision 1. Entitlement, use, amount. The Minnesota board of nursing may award grants-in-aid to students attending a school of nursing in this state accredited in accordance with the laws pertaining to registered nurses and licensed practical nurses. Such grants shall be awarded to those students who are residents of this state and who are in need of economic assistance in securing such nursing education, and shall be awarded on the basis of need and ability. These grants shall be used solely to defray tuition and other fees and expenses incidental to such nursing education. No student shall receive a grant of more than \$2,000. Two-thirds of the grant shall be available to the student in the first year of her course, and the remainder thereof shall be divided equally between the remaining years of the course, provided, however, that the practical nurse grant shall not exceed \$300 and shall be available to the student in the first year of her course.

Subd. 2. Conditions of grant. The recipient of any grant-in-aid provided for hereunder must agree to practice in the field of nursing for at least one year immediately after graduation in the state of Minnesota unless excused by the board.

Subd. 3. Allocation; annual amount available. Not less than one-third of the amount available for grants in each fiscal year shall be awarded for grants in accredited schools, located in counties with a population of not exceeding 100,000 persons respectively. Provided, however, that at the end of six months of each fiscal year any amount remaining unallocated may be awarded for grants in any accredited school in the state of Minnesota. Except for amounts that may be necessary to pay any grants which have been awarded and not completed or terminated, any unexpended balance of the appropriated sums shall revert to the state treasury at the close of the said fiscal years. Of the amounts appropriated, not more than \$6,000 thereof shall be used for administration in each of the fiscal years.

[1961 c 446 s 1; 1961 c 567 s 2; 1965 c 106 s 1, 2; 1971 c 303 s 1]

LICENSED PRACTICAL NURSES

148.29 **DEFINITIONS.** Subdivision 1. For the purposes of sections 148.29 to 148.297, the terms defined in this section have the meanings ascribed to them.

Subd. 2. "Board" means "Minnesota Board of Nursing," provided that one registered nurse who is a member of the Minnesota board of nursing, chosen by lot, shall not be a member of the licensed practical nurses board for purposes of this definition, and for the purposes of sections 148.29 to 148.297 and Laws 1971, Chapter 418 only, five additional members shall be appointed by the governor, one of whom shall be a doctor of medicine duly licensed and registered in this state, one of whom shall be an administrator or superintendent of a licensed hospital located outside of a city of the first class, and three of whom shall be duly licensed and registered practical nurses.

Upon May 21, 1971, the governor shall appoint one of the new members for a two year term and one of the new members for a one year term; thereafter each new appointment shall be for a three year term. Members shall hold office until a successor is appointed and qualifies.

Subd. 3. "Licensed Practical Nurse," abbreviated L. P. N., means a person licensed by the Minnesota Board of Nursing to practice practical nursing.

Subd. 4. Practical nursing shall mean the performance for compensation of any of those services in observing and caring for the ill, injured, or infirm, in applying counsel and procedure to safeguard life and health, in administering treatment prescribed by a licensed health professional, or treatment and medication prescribed by a licensed doctor of medicine, osteopathy, or dentistry, or a licensed podiatrist, which are commonly performed by licensed practical nurses and which require specialized knowledge and skill such as are taught or acquired in an approved school of practical nursing, but which do not require the specialized education, knowledge and skill of a registered nurse. This shall not be construed to prevent the care of any ill, injured or infirm person by any member of his family or any friend, or his care by any person employed primarily as a companion, housekeeper, domestic servant, nursemaid or home health aide.

[1947 c 407 s 1; 1955 c 617 s 1; 1971 c 418 s 2, 3; 1973 c 638 s 17]

- 148.291 EXAMINATIONS. Subdivision 1. Qualifications. An applicant for a license to practice nursing as a licensed practical nurse shall submit to the board written evidence on a form provided by the board, verified by oath, that the applicant:
 - (1) Is at least 18 years of age;
 - (2) Is of good moral character;
 - (3) Is in good physical and mental health;
- (4) Has completed at least an eighth grade course of study in a grade school or its equivalent;
- (5) Has completed an approved course of not less than nine months for the training of licensed practical nurses.
- Subd. 2. Written; oral. The applicant shall be required to pass a written examination in such subjects as the board may determine within the scope of and commensurate with the work to be performed by a licensed practical nurse. Each written examination may be supplemented by an oral or practical examination. Any applicant failing to pass such examination, may apply for reexamination. Upon passing such examination the board shall issue to the applicant a license to practice as a licensed practical nurse.
- Subd. 3. License without examination. The board may issue a license to practice as a licensed practical nurse without examination to any applicant who has been duly licensed or registered as a licensed practical nurse or a person entitled to perform similar services under a different title, under the laws of another state, territory or foreign country, if, in the opinion of the board, the applicant has qualifications equivalent to the qualifications required in this state.
- Subd. 4. **Fee.** The applicant applying for a license to practice as a licensed practical nurse shall pay a fee of \$20 to the board. Any applicant applying for reexamination shall pay a fee of \$15.
- Subd. 5. **Prior practice.** Prior to January 1, 1973, the board shall issue a license to practice practical nursing to any individual who has been practicing practical nursing without a license for five of the prior ten years if he complies with requirements of section 148.291, subdivision 1, excluding (5) and with subdivisions 2 and 4.
- [1947 c 407 s 2; 1955 c 617 s 2; 1965 c 496 s 1; 1967 c 68 s 3; 1969 c 53 s 4; 1971 c 418 s 4, 5]
- APPROVED PROGRAM. Subdivision 1. Approved school. board shall set minimum standards for schools and courses preparing persons for licensing pursuant to sections 148.29 to 148.297, and cause the same to be written and filed with the secretary of the board. It may amend said requirements pursuant to sections 148.29 to 148.297 from time to time and any such amendment shall also be written and filed with the secretary of the board. It shall conduct or provide for surveys of such schools and courses at such time as it may deem necessary. It shall approve such schools as in the opinion of the board, meet the requirements of this law and of the board. It shall evaluate and approve courses for affiliations. If at any time, the board determines that any approved school is not maintaining the standards required by this law and by the board, notice thereof in writing specifying the defect or defects shall be given to the school. A school which fails to correct these conditions to the satisfaction of the board within a reasonable time shall be removed from the list of approved schools.
 - Subd. 2. New school. An institution desiring to initiate a school to prepare

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persons for licensing pursuant to sections 148.29 to 148.297 shall apply to the board and submit evidence that it is prepared to meet the standards established by this law and by the board. Upon satisfactory proof that adequate preparation has been made to comply with the standards established by this law and by the board, the board shall approve the establishment of the school.

[1947 c 407 8 3; 1955 c 617 8 3; 1965 c 496 8 2]

148.293 VIOLATIONS, EXEMPTIONS. Subdivision 1. It is unlawful for any person, corporation, or association to:

(1) Conduct a school of nursing for the training of persons to become licensed

practical nurses unless the school is approved by the board.

- (2) Use in connection with his or her name the words practical nurse, licensed practical nurse, or the letters "PN", "LPN", or any designation tending to imply that he or she is a practical nurse, or licensed practical nurse unless such person is licensed by the board.
- (3) Practice practical nursing unless duly licensed to do so under the provisions of sections 148.29 to 148.297.
- Subd. 2. Any person, corporation, or association violating any provisions of subdivision 1 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

[1947 c 407 s 4; 1955 c 617 s 4; 1965 c 496 s 3; 1971 c 418 s 6]

- 148.294 REGISTRATION. Subdivision 1. Annual registration. Every licensed practical nurse shall register annually with the board for each calendar year and pay a fee of \$4 on or before December 31 of the immediately preceding year; thereupon, the board shall issue a certificate of renewal registration. A penalty fee of \$2 shall be added for renewal registration applications postmarked after December 31 of the immediately preceding year.
- Subd. 2. Failure to re-register. A person licensed under the provisions of section 148.291 who fails to re-register within the period hereinbefore provided shall be deemed delinquent and shall not be entitled to practice nursing in this state as a licensed practical nurse, until an application for renewal registration has been flled with the board accompanied by \$2 registration fee for each calendar year during which said applicant has been delinquent, up to a maximum of \$10, and a certificate of re-registration issued to such person.
- Subd. 3. Notice of temporary retirement. A person licensed under the provisions of section 148.291 who desires to retire from practice temporarily, shall send a written notice to the board. Upon the receipt of such notice the board shall place the name of such person on the non-practicing list. While so remaining on this list, the person shall not be subject to the payment of any fees, and shall not practice nursing in this state. When such person desires to resume practice he or she shall make application for re-registration and pay the annual registration fee for the current year to the board, and the registration certificate shall be issued to such applicant, and such person shall immediately be placed on the practicing list as a licensed practical nurse.
- Subd. 4. Fee for license verification. A person licensed under the provisions of sections 148.29 to 148.297 who requests the board to verify such Minnesota license to another jurisdiction shall pay a fee of \$5 to the board for each verification.

[1947 c 407 s 5; 1955 c 617 s 5; 1961 c 177 s 1; 1967 c 68 s 4; 1969 c 53 s 5, 6; 1971 c 131 s 2]

148.295 [Renumbered 120.44]

- 148.296 BOARD; RULES, EXPENSES. Subdivision 1. The board is authorized to adopt rules as may be necessary to effectuate the provisions of sections 148.29 to 148.294. It has power to issue subpoenas, and to compel the attendance of witnesses, and to administer oaths. It shall cause the prosecution of all persons violating section 148.29 to 148.294.
- Subd. 2. Each member of the board shall receive \$35 per day for each day actually engaged in the discharge of board duties and ordinary and necessary expenses in the same amount and manner as state employees.

[1955 c 617 s 6; 1961 c 177 s 2; 1973 c 638 s 18]

148.297 REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF LICENSE; NOTICE, HEARING. Subdivision 1. The board shall have power to deny, revoke or suspend any license to practice nursing issued by the board or applied for in accordance with the provisions of sections 148.29 to 148.294, or to otherwise discipline a licensee upon proof that the person:

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- (1) Is guilty of fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a license to practice nursing as a practical nurse;
 - (2) Is guilty of gross immorality or of a crime, except misdemeanors;
 - (3) Is unfit or incompetent by reason of negligence, habits or other causes;
 - (4) Is habitually intemperate or is addicted to the use of habit-forming drugs;
 - (5) Is mentally incompetent;
- (6) Has wilfully or repeatedly violated any of the provisions of sections 148.29 to 148.294.
- Subd. 2. Before the board shall order any such suspension or revocation it shall cause an investigation to be made. It shall issue a citation under its seal, signed by the secretary, directing the licensee to show cause on a day certain why her license should not be suspended or revoked on the grounds specified therein. The licensee shall be given 20 days notice of the hearing, and is entitled to representation by counsel. A stenographic record shall be kept of the proceedings. The action of the board in suspending or revoking a license hereunder is subject to review by the district court.
- Subd. 3. Any practical nurse whose license is suspended or revoked may be reinstated or a new license issued to her when in the discretion of the board such action is warranted. The nurse shall pay all the costs of the proceedings resulting in the suspension or revocation of the license and reinstatement of a license and a fee of \$15.

[1955 c 617 8 7]

MIDWIVES

148.30 MIDWIFERY. Within the meaning of sections 148.30 to 148.32, a person who shall publicly profess to be a midwife or who, for a fee, shall attend to women in childbirth, shall be regarded as practicing midwifery. Nothing in sections 148.30 to 148.32 shall apply to gratuitous emergency services or to authorized medical practitioners.

[R. L. s. 2301] (5721)

148.31 LICENSES. A person desiring to practice midwifery in this state, if not already authorized so to do, shall apply to the state board of medical examiners for a license. This license shall be granted upon the production of a diploma from a school of midwifery recognized by the board or, after examination of the applicant, upon the consent of seven members thereof. Examinations shall be held concurrently with those provided for applicants for physicians' licenses. The fee for a license granted on diploma shall be \$1, and on examination, \$2.

 $[R. \ L. \ s. \ 2302] \ (5722)$

148.32 LICENSES; DENIAL, REVOCATION, REFUSAL. All licenses to practice midwifery heretofore or hereafter issued by the board of medical examiners must be annually renewed and a fee of \$1 be paid for each renewal. Licenses may be revoked, suspended, conditioned, limited, qualified or restricted, or renewals refused by the board for unprofessional or dishonorable conduct, or neglect to make proper returns to health officers of births, deaths, puerperal fever, and other contagious diseases.

A license to practice midwifery is suspended if (1) a guardian of the person of a licensee is appointed by order of a probate court pursuant to sections 525.54 to 525.612, for reasons other than the minority of the licensee; or (2) the licensee is committed by order of a probate court pursuant to sections 253A.01 to 253A.21 or 526.09 to 526.11. The license remains suspended until the licensee is restored to capacity by a court and, upon petition by the licensee, the suspension is terminated by the board after a hearing.

[R L s 2303; 1967 c 118 s 1; 1969 c 927 s 5] (5723)

148.33 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4] **148.34** [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4]

148.35 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4] 148.36 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4]

148 37 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4]

148.38 [Repealed, 1967 c 845 s 14]

148.39 [Repealed, 1967 c 845 s 14] 148.40 [Repealed, 1967 c 845 s 14]

148.41 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4]

148.42 [Repealed, 1967 c 845 s 14]

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 148.43
 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4]

 148.44
 [Repealed, 1967 c 845 s 14]

 148.45
 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4]

 148.46
 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4]

 148.47
 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4; 1974 c 224 s 6]

 148.48
 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4]

 148.51
 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4]

 148.511
 [Repealed, 1974 c 62 s 4]

OPTOMETRISTS

148.52 STATE BOARD OF OPTOMETRY. The state board of optometry shall consist of two public members as defined for purposes of Laws 1973, Chapter 638 and five qualified optometrists appointed by the governor, each for a term of three years and until his successor qualifies. Vacancies in the board shall be filled by like appointments for unexpired terms. The terms of the initial public members shall expire two and three years from the date of appointment respectively.

[1915 c 127 s 1; 1925 c 239 s 1; 1929 c 420 s 1; 1973 c 62 s 1; 1973 c 638 s 20] (5785)

148.53 **POWERS OF BOARD.** The state board of optometry shall have the power to make any rules and regulations and to do any and all things not inconsistent with law which it may deem necessary or expedient for the effective enforcement of sections 148.52 to 148.62 or for the full and efficient performance of its duties thereunder.

[1915 c. 127 s. 2; 1925 c. 239 s. 2; 1929 c. 420 s. 2] (5786)

148.54 BOARD; OFFICERS; SEAL; MEETINGS. The state board of optometry shall elect from among its members a president and may adopt a seal. An executive secretary or assistant may be employed who need not necessarily be a member of the board. For the purpose of examining applicants for license to practice optometry, the board shall meet at least once a year.

[1915 c 127 s 3; 1925 c 239 s 3; 1949 c 267 s 1] (5787)

148.55 COMPENSATION OF BOARD MEMBERS; ATTORNEY; ASSISTANTS; RECORDS. Each member shall receive from the funds of the state board of optometry \$35 a day for actual services and necessary travel and expense allowance not to exceed 24 days in any calendar year. For administrative and clerical services the secretary shall receive such compensation as the board may deem just and proper. The board may employ an attorney or other necessary assistants to aid in the enforcement of the provisions of sections 148.52 to 148.62, the attendant expense to be met from the funds of the board. The secretary shall keep a record of all proceedings, including therein the name of every applicant for examination or registration, which record shall be open for inspection.

[1915 c 127 s 4; 1925 c 239 s 4; 1949 c 267 s 2; 1967 c 381 s 1] (5788)

OPTOMETRISTS. Any person shall be deemed to be practicing optometry within the meaning of sections 148.52 to 148.62 who shall display a sign, such as an eye, a pair of eyes, a pair of glasses or spectacles, or who shall in any way advertise himself as an optometrist, or who shall employ any means for the measurement of the powers of vision or the adaptation of lenses or prisms for the aid thereof, or have in his possession testing appliances for the purpose of the measurement of the powers of vision, or diagnose any optical deficiency or deformity, visual or muscular anomaly of the human eye, or prescribe lenses, prisms, or ocular exercises for the correction or the relief of same, or who holds himself out as being able to do so. It shall be unlawful for any person who is not licensed as an optometrist in this state to fit, sell, or dispose of, or to take, receive, or solicit any order for the fitting, sale, or disposition of, any spectacles, eye glasses, or lenses for the correction of vision in any place within the state other than an established place of business wherein such spectacles, eye glasses, or lenses are commonly sold and dealt in; and it shall be unlawful for any person, not licensed as an optometrist thereunder, to sell or dispose of, at retail, any spectacles, eye glasses, or lenses for the correction of vision in any established place of business or elsewhere in this state except under the supervision, direction, and authority of a duly licensed optometrist holding a certificate under sections 148.52 to 148.62, who shall be in charge of and in personal attendance at the booth, counter, or place where such articles are sold or disposed of. Nothing in sections 148.52 to 148.62 shall be construed to apply to the sale of toy glasses, goggles consisting of plano-white or plano-colored lenses or ordinary colored

glasses or to the replacement of duplications of broken lenses, nor to sales upon prescription from persons legally authorized by the laws of this state to examine eyes and prescribe glasses therefor, nor shall it apply to regularly licensed physicians and surgeons. It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the practice of optometry without first procuring and filing for record a certificate of registration as a licensed optometrist pursuant to this section.

[1915 c. 127 s. 5; 1925 c. 239 s. 5; 1929 c. 420 s. 3] (5789)

148.57 LICENSE. Subdivision 1. Examination. A person not authorized to practice optometry in the state and desiring to do so shall apply to the secretary of the state board of optometry for examination and pay a fee of \$50 to the board. The candidate desiring to apply for examination by the board shall complete a form furnished by the board and shall file the same with the secretary of the board at least two weeks prior to the date of examination. With the submission of the application form, the candidate shall prove (a) that he is of good moral character, and (b) that he is a graduate of an optometry school requiring at least two academic years of preprofessional training for admittance to such school and which has been approved by the board, or that he is currently enrolled in the final year of study at such a school. The examination shall include both a written test and a practical demonstration and shall thoroughly test the fitness of the candidate to practice in this state. In regard to the written examination, the board (a) may prepare, administer, and grade the examination itself or (b) may recognize and approve in whole or in part a similar examination prepared, administered and graded by the national board of examiners in optometry or (c) may administer a recognized and approved examination prepared and graded by or under the direction of the national board of examiners in optometry. The board shall issue a license to each applicant who satisfactorily passes the examination and fulfills the other requirements stated in this section. The applicant shall pay to the board a fee of \$12 upon issuance of the license. In the event the candidate fails to pass a part of the examination, upon the payment of an additional fee of \$35, he may retake the examination at the time the board next schedules such examinations. The fees mentioned in this section are for the use of the board and in no case shall be refunded.

Subd. 2. **Reciprocity.** A person who holds a certificate of registration, or license, from another state, and who has practiced not less than three years in that state, may apply for licensure in Minnesota by filling out and swearing to an application for license by reciprocity form furnished by the board and by filling that form with the board secretary along with a fee of \$100 at least two weeks prior to the regular meeting at which the board is considering such applications. The application fee of \$100 shall be for the use of the board and in no case shall be refunded. To verify that the applicant possesses the knowledge and ability essential to the practice of optometry in this state, the board may for good cause request the applicant to perform a practical demonstration to its satisfaction. The applicant may then be issued a license if the requirements for registration or licensure in the other state are deemed by the board to be equivalent to those of sections 148.52 to 148.62; provided, that the other state accords like privileges to holders of certificates from the Minnesota board.

Subd. 3. Revocation suspension. The board, upon hearing, of which the accused shall have ten days notice in writing may revoke the license or suspend the right to practice of any person who has been convicted of any violation of sections 148.52 to 148.62 or of any other criminal offense, or who is found by the board to be grossly incompetent, afflicted with contagious disease, an habitual drunkard, or guilty of unprofessional conduct. "Unprofessional conduct" means any conduct of a character likely to deceive or defraud the public, including, among other things, price advertising, and free examination advertising, the loaning of his license by any licensed optometrist to any person; the employment of "cappers" or "steerers" to obtain business; splitting or dividing a fee with any person; the obtaining of any fee or compensation by fraud or misrepresentation; employing directly or indirectly any suspended or unlicensed optometrist to perform any work covered by sections 148.52 to 148.62; the advertising by any means of optometric practice or treatment or advice in which untruthful, improbable, misleading, or impossible statements are made. After one year, upon application and proof that the disqualification has ceased, the board may reinstate such person.

Subd. 4. Peddling or canvassing forbidden. Every registered optometrist who shall temporarily practice optometry outside or away from his regular regis-

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tered place of business shall display his registered certificate and deliver to each customer or person there fitted or supplied with glasses a receipt or record which shall contain his signature and show his permanent registered place of business or post-office address and number of his certificate, together with the amount charged therefor, but nothing contained in this section shall be construed as to permit peddling or canvassing by licensed optometrists.

[1915 c 127 8 6; 1925 c 239 8 6; 1929 c 420 8 4; 1949 c 267 8 3; 1967 c 381 8 2; 1973 c 62 8 2-4] (5790)

148.58 LICENSES FILED; FEE. The holder of any license issued pursuant to Laws 1973, Chapter 62, shall file the same for record with the clerk of the district court in each county wherein he conducts his practice and after record shall display it conspicuously at his place of practice. Upon removal to another county, he shall there in like manner file his license before engaging in practice therein. Such clerk's fee shall be as provided by law.

[1915 c 127 s 7; 1925 c 239 s 7; 1959 c 250 s 1; 1967 c 381 s 3; 1973 c 62 s 5] (5791)

148.59 ANNUAL LICENSE RENEWAL: FEES. Before April 1 each year, each authorized optometrist shall pay to the state board of optometry a fee of \$50, in default of which the board, upon a hearing and after 20 days notice given by registered mail to the last known address of the registrant, may revoke the license of any optometrist so in default; but the payment of such fee at or before the time of hearing, with such additional sum, not exceeding \$25 as may be fixed by the board, shall excuse the default. The board may collect such fee by suit. At the time of paying the fee required by this section, the optometrist shall inform the board of the address of the place or places where he conducts his practice. He shall also inform the board of any change in the address or addresses of his practice during the next 12 month period within one month of the change. The board may, after promulgation of rules relating thereto and the issuance of an initial list of approved courses, require that optometrists satisfactorily complete appropriate educational requirements as a condition precedent to annual license renewal. Courses conducted within the state of Minnesota to be eligible for approval by the board must be open to all optometrists licensed in this state. The board shall consider both curriculum and fees in approving courses.

[1915 c 127 s 8; 1925 c 239 s 8; 1949 c 267 s 4; 1959 c 378 s 1; 1967 c 381 s 4; 1973 c 62 s 6] (5792)

148.60 DISPOSAL OF FEES; REPORT. All fees collected under sections 148.52 to 148.62 shall be received by the secretary and deposited together with any unexpended balance in a special fund of the board as of July 1, 1973 in the general fund. The secretary shall give such bond as the board shall from time to time require. The expenses of administering sections 148.52 to 148.62 shall be paid from appropriations made to the state board of optometry. On or before October 1 in each even numbered year, the board shall make a biennial report to the governor of its proceedings, receipts and disbursements for the preceding two fiscal years.

[1915 c 127 s 9; 1925 c 239 s 9; 1955 c 847 s 14; 1973 c 638 s 21] (5793)

148.61 PENALTY. Subdivision 1. [Repealed, 1945 c 242 s 14]

Subd. 2. [Renumbered 148.511, subd. 1]

Subd. 3. [Renumbered 148.101]

Subd. 4. [Renumbered 148.511, subd. 2]

Subd. 5. Every person who shall violate any of the provisions of sections 148.52 to 148.62 shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

[1915 c 127 s 10; 1925 c 239 s 10] (5794)

148.62 **APPLICATION.** Sections 148.52 to 148.62 shall not be construed as forbidding any person licensed to practice any profession in this state from engaging in such profession as it may now be defined by law.

[1925 c 239 s 13] (5796-1)

PHYSICAL THERAPY

148.65 **DEFINITIONS.** Subdivision 1. **Physical therapy.** As used in sections 148.65 to 148.78 the term "physical therapy" means the treatment of any bodily or mental disorder of any person by the use of the physical, chemical and other properties of heat or cold, light, water, electricity, massage, mechanical devices and therapeutic exercise, which includes posture and rehabilitation procedures, provided nowever, the use of Roentgen rays and radium for diagnostic and therapeutic pur-

poses, and the use of electricity for surgical purposes, including cauterization, are not authorized under the term "physical therapy" as used in sections 148.65 to 148.78.

Subd. 2. **Physical therapist.** "Physical therapist" means a person who practices physical therapy as defined in sections 148.65 to 148.78 under the prescription, and direct supervision of a person licensed and registered in this state to practice medicine and surgery and whose license is in good standing.

[1951 c 479 s 1]

148.66 STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS, DUTIES. The state board of medical examiners, as now or hereafter constituted, hereinafter termed "the board," in the manner hereinafter provided, shall administer the provisions of this law.

[1951 c 479 s 2]

148.67 EXAMINING COMMITTEE. There is hereby created a state examining committee for physical therapists to assist the state board of medical examiners in carrying out the provisions of this law, regarding the qualifications and examination of physical therapists. The examining committee shall consist of five members, citizens and residents of the state of Minnesota, composed of three physical therapists, one licensed and registered doctor of medicine in the general practice of medicine, and one professor or associate or assistant professor from a course in physical therapy accredited by the state board of medical examiners.

[1951 c 479 s 3]

148.68 MEMBERS; TERMS, APPOINTMENT, VACANCIES. The governor by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint the members of the state examining committee for physical therapists for a term of three years. The first appointments shall be made as soon as may be after April 15, 1951. The terms of office of the members first appointed shall begin when they are appointed and qualify and shall continue thereafter for the following periods: two members for one year, two members for two years, and one member for three years, the said terms to end June 30 of the respective years. Upon the expiration of such terms and of all terms thereafter the governor shall appoint a successor to the member whose term expires, for a term of three years. For each of the above terms of the state examining committee, and at least 30 days prior to the expiration of each of said terms, and for any vacancy thereafter occurring, the governing body of the Minnesota chapter of the American Physical Therapy Association shall recommend to the governor three physical therapists qualified to serve on said state examining committee for each term of vacancy to be filled, and from said list of persons so recommended, the governor may appoint one member to said state examining committee. In the same manner the Council of the Minnesota State Medical Association shall recommend to the governor three doctors of medicine qualified to serve on said state examining committee and from said list of persons so recommended, the governor may appoint one doctor of medicine to said state examining committee. The state board of medical examiners shall recommend to the governor not less than two professors or associate or assistant professors qualified to serve on said state examining committee and from said list one may be appointed. After the appointment of the first state examining committee, each physical therapist appointed thereto shall be a duly registered physical therapist, shall have had not less than three years experience in the actual practice of physical therapy immediately preceding his appointment, and shall be actively engaged, in this state, in the practice of physical therapy during his incumbency. Each doctor of medicine appointed to the said state examining committee shall be duly licensed and registered to practice medicine and surgery in the State of Minnesota, and shall have had not less than four years actual experience in the practice of medicine and surgery. Vacancies in said state examining committee shall be filled by appointment by the governor as provided above within 60 days after such vacancy occurs, for the balance of the unexpired term and each member shall serve until his successor qualifies. Each member of the state examining committee, before entering upon the discharge of his duties shall take, subscribe and file with the secretary of state, the oath of office prescribed by the constitution.

[1951 c 479 s 4]

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148.69 OFFICERS. Within 30 days after the appointment of the members of the state examining committee for physical therapists provided for in section 148.67, they shall elect from their members a president, a vice-president, and a secretary, who shall each serve for one year or until their successors are elected and qualified. The examining committee shall serve in an advisory capacity to the state board of medical examiners, which board shall have authority to prescribe such reasonable rules and regulations relative to the qualification and examination of applicants as may be found necessary for the performance of its duties. As to any matters coming under its jurisdiction, the examining committee in session may take such testimony as it may deem necessary in the exercise of its powers and the performance of its duties under the provisions of sections 148.65 to 148.78, and any member of said committee shall have the power to administer oaths in the taking of such testimony. A simple majority of the committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The secretary shall keep a record of all the proceedings of said committee. Said examining committee shall meet at the University of Minnesota, and under the direction of the board, there conduct the examination for physical therapists twice each year, in January and in June. and may hold other meetings at such times and places as the examining committee and board shall determine. The examining committee shall make recommendations to the board concerning rules and regulations governing examination of and registration of physical therapists for its approval. The board may appoint and fix the salary of an assistant secretary and such other employees necessary to assist the examining committee and shall have the power to employ such expert assistant or assistants as it may deem necessary to carry out the purposes of sections 148.65 to 148.78. The compensation of each member of said examining committee shall be \$10 for each day actually spent in the performance of his duties, together with actual necessary expenses payable out of the funds of the board, as approved by said board.

[1951 c 479 s 5]

148.70 APPLICANTS, QUALIFICATIONS. It shall be the duty of the state board of medical examiners with the advice and assistance of the state examining committee to pass upon the qualifications of applicants for registration, provide for and conduct all examinations, determine the applicants who successfully pass examination, and duly register such applicants. A person who desires to be registered as a physical therapist and who

- (a) is at least 18 years old;
- (b) is of good moral character;
- (c) has obtained a high school education or its equivalent as determined by the board, and
- (d) has been graduated by a school of physical therapy approved by the board for training physical therapists, may make application on a form furnished by the board, for examination for registration as a physical therapist as defined in sections 148.65 to 148.78. In determining whether or not such approval shall be given, the board may take into consideration the approval or nonapproval of such schools by the appropriate council of the American Medical Association or of the Canadian Medical Association, if any, at the time of his graduation, or if graduated prior to 1936, the school or course was approved by the American Physical Therapy Association at the time of his graduation. Such examination shall embrace the following subjects: the applied sciences of anatomy, neuroanatomy, kinesiology, physiology, pathology, psychology, physics, physical therapy, as defined in sections 148.65 to 148.78, applied to medicine, neurology, orthopedics, pediatrics, psychiatry, surgery; medical ethics; and technical procedures in the practice of physical therapy as defined in sections 148.65 to 148.78, and such other subjects as the board may determine to be necessary. At the time of making such application, the applicant shall pay to the board \$15, no portion of which shall be returned.

[1951 c 479 s 6; 1973 c 725 s 17]

148.71 REGISTRATION. The state board of medical examiners shall register as a physical therapist, and shall furnish a certificate of registration to each applicant who successfully passes the examination provided for in sections 148.65 to 148.78 for registration as a physical therapist, and who is otherwise qualified as required herein.

[1951 c 479 s 7]

OCCUPATIONS IN PROTECTION OF PUBLIC HEALTH 148.75

148.72 EXAMINATIONS. Subdivision 1. When not required. The state board of medical examiners may register as a physical therapist, and may furnish a certificate of registration without examination to any person who applies for such registration on or before December 31, 1951, and who on April 18, 1951, meets the qualifications for a physical therapist or junior physical therapist as set forth by the American Registry of Physical Therapists, and who, at the time of application, is practicing physical therapy in the State of Minnesota, and who is otherwise qualified as required herein. At the time of making such application, such applicant shall pay to the board a fee of \$15, no portion of which shall be returned.

Subd. 2. Certificate of registration. Said board may issue a certificate of registration in physical therapy without examination therein to an applicant who presents evidence satisfactory to the board of having passed the examination of the American Registry of Physical Therapists, or an examination before a similar lawfully authorized examining board or officer of another state or of a foreign country, if the standards of such other state or foreign country are determined by said board to be as high as those of this state. At the time of making such application the applicant shall pay to the Board a fee of \$15, no portion of which shall be returned.

[1951 c 479 8 8]

148.73 RENEWALS. Every registered physical therapist shall, during the month of January 1952, and during each January thereafter, apply to the board for an extension of his registration and pay a fee of \$5. Registration that is not so extended on or before January 31 each year, shall automatically lapse on said date. The board, in its discretion, may revive and extend a lapsed registration on the payment of the required fees. Registrants shall likewise pay the said annual registration fee of \$5 for the balance of the first year of their registration.

[1951 c 479 s 9; 1959 c 282 s 1; 1961 c 323 s 1]

148.74 RULES. The board is authorized to adopt such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of sections 148.65 to 148.78. The secretary of the board shall keep a record of proceedings under these sections and a register of all persons registered under it. The register shall show the name, address, date and number of registration, and the renewal thereof. The board shall, on or before April 30 of each year, compile a list of such registered physical therapists and mail a copy thereof to the state board of health and the county attorney of each county. Any other interested person in the state may obtain a copy of such list on request to the board upon payment of such amount as may be fixed by the board, which shall not exceed the cost of the list so furnished. The board shall provide blanks, books, certificates, and such stationery and assistance as is necessary for the transaction of the business of the board and the state examining committee hereunder, and all money received by the board under sections 148.65 to 148.78 shall be paid into the state treasury as provided for by law, to be kept in a separate fund which shall be under the control, and for the use, of the board in carrying out and assisting in the enforcement of the provisions thereof.

[1951 c 479 s 10]

- 148.75 CERTIFICATES; DENIAL, SUSPENSION, REVOCATION. The state board of medical examiners may refuse to grant registration to any physical therapist, or may suspend, revoke, condition, limit, qualify or restrict the registration of any physical therapist for any of the following grounds:
- (a) Inability to practice physical therapy with reasonable skill and safety to patients by reason of illness, senility, drunkenness, use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals or any other type of material or as a result of any physical or mental condition;
 - (b) Conviction of a felony:
 - (c) Conviction of an offense involving moral turpitude;
 - (d) Conviction for violating any state or federal narcotic law;
 - (e) Procuring, aiding or abetting a criminal abortion;
 - (f) Obtaining, or attempting to obtain, registration by fraud or deception;
- (g) Conduct unbecoming a person registered as a physical therapist or detrimental to the best interests of the public;
- (h) The treatment or attempt to treat ailments or other health conditions of human beings other than by physical therapy and as authorized by sections 148.65

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to 148.78, and the undertaking to practice physical therapy independent of the prescription and direct supervision of a person licensed and registered in this state to practice medicine and surgery.

A certificate of registration to practice physical therapy is suspended if (1) a guardian of the person of the physical therapist is appointed by order of a probate court pursuant to sections 525.54 to 525.612, for reasons other than the minority of the physical therapist; or (2) the physical therapist is committed by order of a probate court pursuant to sections 253A.01 to 253A.21 or 526.09 to 526.11. The certificate of registration remains suspended until the physical therapist is restored to capacity by a court and, upon petition by the physical therapist, the suspension is terminated by the board of medical examiners after a hearing.

[1951 c 479 s 11; 1967 c 119 s 1; 1969 c 6 s 27; 1969 c 927 s 7; 1974 c 61 s 1; 1974 c 406 s 23]

148.76 CERTAIN WORDS, USE PROHIBITED. Any person who shall, in any manner, represent himself as a physical therapist, or who uses in connection with his name the words or letters Physical Therapist, Physiotherapist, Physical Therapy Technician, Registered Physical Therapist, P.T., P.T.T. or R.P.T., or any letters, words, abbreviations or insignia indicating or implying that he is a physical therapist, without a valid existing certificate of registration as a physical therapist issued to him pursuant to the provisions of sections 148.65 to 148.78, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor. Nothing therein shall prohibit any person licensed or registered, in this state, under another law, from carrying out the therapy or practice for which he is duly licensed or registered.

[1951 c 479 s 12]

- 148.77 VIOLATIONS. Subdivision 1. Any person employing fraud or deception in applying for or securing a certificate of registration as a physical therapist, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- Subd. 2. A person registered under sections 148.65 to 148.78 as a physical therapist shall not treat human ailments by physical therapy except under the prescription and direct supervision of a person licensed in this state to practice medicine and surgery and whose license is in good standing.
- Subd. 3. A person registered under sections 148.65 to 148.78 as a physical therapist shall not treat human ailments other than by physical therapy unless duly licensed or registered so to do under the laws of this state.
- Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of Subd. 4. a gross misdemeanor.

[1951 c 479 s 13]

148.78 PROSECUTION, ALLEGATIONS. In the prosecution of any person for violation of sections 148.65 to 148.78 as specified in section 148.76, it shall not be necessary to allege or prove want of a valid certificate of registration in physical therapy, but such matter shall be a matter of defense to be established by the accused.

[1951 c 749 8 14]

PSYCHOLOGISTS

148.79 [Repealed, 1973 c 685 s 14] 148.80 [Repealed, 1973 c 685 s 14] 148.81 [Repealed, 1973 c 685 s 14; 1974 c 406 s 91] 148.82 [Repealed, 1973 c 685 s 14] 148.83 [Repealed, 1973 c 685 s 14] 148.84 [Repealed, 1973 c 685 s 14]

148.85 [Repealed, 1973 c 685 s 14]

148.86 [Repealed, 1973 c 685 s 14]

148.87 COMPENSATION. All members of the board shall receive as compensation \$35 per day for attendance at board meetings and shall also receive their necessary expenses in the same manner and amount as state employees.

[1973 c 638 s 24]

148.88 CITATION. Sections 148.88 to 148.99 may be cited as the Minnesota licensing law for psychologists.

[1973 c 685 s 1]

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- 148.89 **DEFINITIONS.** Subdivision 1. For the purpose of Laws 1973, Chapter 685 the term "private practice of psychology" means the application for a fee, monetary or otherwise, to the public of psychological principles in the description, prediction and modification of human behavior and emotional adjustment, including but not restricted to such practices as:
- (1) Psychological assessment, including such functions as intelligence, personality, aptitude, and attitude appraisal;
 - (2) Psychological treatment of persons who have adjustment problems;
 - (3) Psychological counseling and guidance;
 - (4) Conducting behavioral research; and
 - (5) Teaching of psychology.
- Subd. 2. For the purpose of Laws 1973, Chapter 685 the term "collaboration" means consultation between a licensed psychologist and a licensed consultant psychologist on at least an annual basis but shall not necessarily require consultation on each case referred to a licensed psychologist.

[1973 c 685 s 2]

- 148.90 BOARD OF EXAMINERS. Subdivision 1. The state board of examiners of psychologists created pursuant to Laws 1951, Chapter 672, is abolished, the terms of office of its members are terminated, and a new state board of examiners of psychologists is hereby created with powers and duties as hereinafter prescribed. The new board shall consist of eleven members. In its initial composition, membership shall consist of (1) three psychologists whose qualifications shall be not less than those specified in section 148.91, subdivision 4, (2) two psychologists whose qualifications shall be those specified in section 148.91, subdivision 5, (3) two doctoral level psychologists, not necessarily licensed under Laws 1973, Chapter 685, whose specialties broadly represent the fields of interest in psychology, and (4) four public members. After the initial appointments, members specified in clause (1) shall be licensed consulting psychologists and members specified in clause (2) shall be licensed psychologists. The initial appointments to the new board of examiners shall include among the eleven members the three individuals most recently appointed to the state board of examiners of psychologists herein abolished.
 - Subd. 2. The members of the board shall:
 - (1) Be appointed by the governor.
- Public members of the board shall broadly represent the public interest and shall not:
 - (a) be members of health professions licensed by the state of Minnesota;
- (b) be a spouse, parent, child, or employee of a practicing psychologist or of a health professional licensed by the state of Minnesota;
- (c) be persons who are or were before their retirement persons who were engaged on a full or part time basis in the practice of psychology;
 - (2) Be residents of the state;
- (3) Subject to subdivision 3, serve for terms of four years, each term of office to expire on June 30, and no member of the board shall serve for more than two consecutive terms;
- (4) Designate its officers, fix the compensation of its employees, employ such personnel as it deems necessary, and pursuant to chapter 15, prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary to enable it to carry into effect the provisions of Laws 1973. Chapter 685: and
 - (5) Administer oaths pertaining to the business of the board.
- Subd. 3. The governor shall appoint the two appointees at the psychologist level for their initial term of office so as to give one a two year term, and one a three year term; the three appointees at the consulting psychologist level shall be appointed so as to give one a two year term, and one a four year term; the remaining two psychologists shall be appointed so as to give one a three year term and one a four year term. The governor shall appoint the initial public members of the board so that one member has a one year term, one member has a two year term, one member has a three year term and one member has a four year term. Thereafter, all appointees shall serve full four year terms of office. Each member shall hold office until a successor is appointed and qualifies. If a vacancy occurs, it shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired portion of the term.
- Subd. 4. The board shall annually report in writing to the governor. Such reports shall include the names of all psychologists to whom licenses have been granted as provided in sections 148.91 and 148.92, as well as any cases heard and decisions rendered; recommendations as to future policies, rules, and regulations;

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the names, remuneration, and duties of its employees; and an account of all moneys received and expended by it.

Subd. 5. The members of the board shall receive the sum of \$35 for each day actually employed in the discharge of his official duties and his necessary expenses incurred incidental thereto in the manner of state employees.

[1973 c 685 s 3]

- 148.91 REQUIREMENTS OF LICENSES. Subdivision 1. The board of examiners may grant licenses for two levels of psychological practice. The persons so licensed are to be known and are hereafter referred to as (a) licensed consulting psychologist and (b) licensed psychologist, or if both levels are referred to, as licensee.
- Subd. 2. Before granting any such license the board shall require every applicant therefor to pass an examination in psychology. This examination shall be given at least once each year, at such time and place and under such supervision as the board prescribes.
- Subd. 3. Each applicant shall pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$75 set by the board. The licenses granted hereunder shall be valid for a period of two years from date of issuance, but may be renewed biennially. The fee for renewal shall be \$35.
- Subd. 4. To become a licensed consulting psychologist a person must fulfill and comply with the requirements of subdivision 2 and satisfy the board that he:
 - Has attained the age of majority;
- (2) Is of good moral character and is not found to be engaging in unethical practices as defined within the code of ethics adopted pursuant to section 148.98;
- (3) Has received a doctorate degree with a major in psychology, which may include educational and child psychology, from an educational institution meeting standards which may be prescribed by regulation of the board; and
- (4) Has had at least two full years or their equivalent of post doctoral employment as a psychologist.
 - Subd. 5. To become a licensed psychologist, a person must have:
- (1) Received a doctorate or master's degree or has received the equivalent of a master's degree in a doctoral program with a major in psychology, which may include educational and child psychology, from an educational institution meeting the standards which may be prescribed by regulation of the board;
- (2) At least two full years of experience or its equivalent of employment as a psychologist after receiving the training upon which application for this license is made;
- (3) Otherwise fulfilled and complied with subdivision 2 and subdivision 4, clauses (1) and (2).

[1973 c 685 8 4]

[1973 c 685 s 5]

- 148.92 WAIVERS. Subdivision 1. For a period of two years from July 1, 1973 the board shall waive the requirements of section 148.91, subdivision 2, and grant the appropriate license to any person who meets or has met the requirements of section 148.91, subdivisions 3, and 4, or 5, who is qualified by experience to practice at the appropriate level of psychology, and who has engaged in such practice of a nature satisfactory to the board for at least two years or its equivalent, within five years prior to July 1, 1973.
- Subd. 2. The board may grant a license without an examination to any person who at the time of application is licensed or certified by a similar board of another state whose standards, in the judgment of the board, are not lower than those required by Laws 1973, Chapter 685 at the time he was licensed or certified in said state; or who is a diplomate of the American board of professional psychology.
- Subd. 3. The board may grant a license as a consulting psychologist without an examination to any person residing in the state who has applied for said license on or before a date two years after July 1, 1973 and who fulfills and complies with section 148.91, subdivisions 3, 4, clauses (1) and (2), and 5, clause (1), and who has had at least ten years experience of a type satisfactory to the board.
- 148.93 LIMITATION. A licensed psychologist may engage in private practice only in collaboration with at least one licensed consulting psychologist in his field of practice. In addition, a licensed psychologist so collaborating may form any other working relationships with members of his own or other professions insofar

as these do not violate other sections of this or other Minnesota Statutes. It shall be unlawful for any licensed psychologist or licensed consulting psychologist to divide fees with, or to pay a commission to, or to pay a referral fee to any other person who calls him in consultation or sends clients to him for psychological services as defined in Laws 1973, Chapter 685, provided that payment of a fee for collaborative services performed is not prohibited by this section.

[1973 c 685 s 6]

148.94 REVIEW. Any action of, or ruling, or order made or entered by the board declining to issue a license or recommending suspension or revocation of a license shall be subject to review under the procedures of chapter 15 and subject to the same powers and conditions as now provided by law in regard to rulings, orders and findings of other quasijudicial bodies in Minnesota, where not otherwise specifically provided.

[1973 c 685 s 7]

- 148.95 SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION. Subdivision 1. The license of any consulting psychologist or psychologist may be suspended or revoked by the board upon proof that he has been guilty of unprofessional conduct as defined by the rules established by the board or has violated the code of ethics adopted by the board.
- (1) No license shall be suspended or revoked or reprimand issued until after a hearing before the board. A notice of at least 30 days shall be served upon the licensee charged, either personally or by registered mail, stating the time and place of the hearing and setting forth the ground or grounds constituting the charges against him. The licensee is entitled to be heard in his defense and by counsel and may produce testimony and may testify in his own behalf. A record of the hearing shall be taken and presented. The hearing may be adjourned as necessary. If the licensee fails or refuses to appear, the board may proceed to hear and determine the charges in his absence. If he pleads guilty, or if upon hearing the charges, six members of the board find them to be true, the board may enter an order suspending or revoking the license or reprimanding him, as the case may be. The board shall record its findings and orders in writing.
- (2) The board, through its chairman or vice chairman, may compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of physical evidence before it from witnesses upon whom process is served anywhere within the state as in civil cases in the district court by subpoena issued over the signature of the chairman or vice chairman and the seal of the board. Upon request by an accused licensee and statement under oath that the testimony or evidence is reasonably necessary to his defense, the subpoena shall be served out of the district courts in this state and returned as a return in such case is made.
- (3) For reasons it deems sufficient and upon a vote of five of its members, the board may restore a license which has been revoked, reduce a period of suspension or withdraw a reprimand.

[1973 c 685 s 8]

- 148.96 PRESENTATION TO PUBLIC. No individual shall present himself or permit himself to be presented to the public by any title incorporating the word "psychological," "psychologist," or "psychology" other than those so licensed by Laws 1973, Chapter 685; except that:
- (1) Any psychologically trained individual employed by educational institutions recognized by a regional accrediting organization, federal, state, county, or local governmental institutions, agencies, research facilities, or agencies providing services on a contracting basis may represent himself by the academic or research title designated by that organization;
- (2) Any psychologically trained individual from such recognized institutions, as given in clause (1), may offer lecture services and be exempt from the provisions of this section; and
- (3) Persons preparing for the profession of psychologist under qualified supervision in recognized training institutions or facilities may be designated by such titles as "psychological intern," "psychological trainee," or others clearly indicating such training status.

[1973 c 685 s 9]

148.97 PENALTIES. Subdivision 1. Any person who shall engage in the private practice of psychology without having obtained a license under Laws 1973,

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Chapter 685 and any person who shall violate any other provision of Laws 1973, Chapter 685 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

- Subd. 2. The practice of psychology without a license as defined in Laws 1973, Chapter 685 may be enjoined by a district court of the state of Minnesota on petition by the board. In any such proceeding it shall not be necessary to show that any person is individually injured by the actions complained of. If the respondent is found guilty of the unlawful practice of psychology, the court shall enjoin him from so practicing unless and until he has been duly licensed. Procedure in such cases shall be the same as in any other injunction suit. The remedy by injunction hereby given is in addition to criminal prosecution and punishment.
- Subd. 3. (1) Nothing in Laws 1973, Chapter 685 shall be construed to limit the professional pursuits consistent with their training and code of ethics of professions such as teachers in recognized public and private schools, clergymen, physicians, social workers, alcohol or drug counselors, or optometrists or attorneys. However, in such performance any title used must be in accord with section 148.96.
- (2) Persons preparing for the profession of psychology may perform as a part of their training any functions specified in section 148.89, but only under qualified supervision.
- (3) Use of psychological techniques by business and industrial organizations for their own personnel purposes or by employment agencies or state vocational rehabilitation agencies for the evaluation of their own clients prior to recommendation for employment is also specifically allowed. However, no representative of an industrial or business firm or corporation may sell or offer for sale any psychological services as specified in section 148.89 unless such services are performed or supervised by individuals licensed under Laws 1973, Chapter 685.
- Subd. 4. Nothing in Laws 1973, Chapter 685 is to be construed as restricting a sociologist who holds a doctoral degree in sociology or social psychology awarded by an accredited institution, and who elects to represent himself to the public by the title "social psychologist" and who has notified the board of his intention to represent himself as such.
- Subd. 5. A psychological consultant who is not a resident of the state of Minnesota, but is licensed or certified by a similar board of another state whose standards, in the judgment of the board, are not lower than those required by Laws 1973, Chapter 685 at the time he was licensed or certified in said state or who meets the requirements of section 148.91, subdivision 4, and resides in a state which does not grant certification or licenses to psychologists may offer professional services in this state for no more than 60 days in any calendar year without holding a license under Laws 1973, Chapter 685, provided that such persons shall report to the board the nature and extent of their practice in this state if it exceeds 12 days in any calendar year.
- Subd. 6. Nothing in Laws 1973, Chapter 685 shall be construed to authorize a person licensed under Laws 1973, Chapter 685 to engage in the practice of any other profession licensed under Minnesota law unless he is duly licensed in that profession.

[1973 c 685 s 10]

- 148.98 CODE OF ETHICS. The board of examiners shall adopt a code of ethics to govern appropriate practices or behavior, as referred to in section 148.89. The board of examiners shall file such code with the secretary of state at least 30 days prior to the effective date of such code. This code of ethics shall include, but not be limited to, the following principles:
- (1) The psychologist recognizes the boundaries of his competence and the limitation of his techniques and does not offer services or use techniques that fail to meet professional standards established in particular fields.
- (2) The psychologist who engages in practice assists his client in obtaining professional help for all important aspects of his problem that fall outside the boundaries of the psychologist's competence.
- (3) A psychologist does not claim either directly or by implication professional qualifications that differ from actual qualifications, nor does he misrepresent his affiliation with any institution, organization, or individual, nor lead others to assume he has affiliations that he does not have.

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148.99 FEES DEPOSITED IN THE GENERAL FUND. Subdivision 1. All fees charged and collected by the board shall be deposited by it in the state treasury to the credit of the general fund.

Subd. 2. All moneys credited and appropriated to the state board of examiners of psychologists created pursuant to Laws 1971, Chapter 672, shall be transferred, on July 1, 1973, to the credit of the general fund in the state treasury.

[1973 c 685 s 12]

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