

1938 Supplement  
To  
**Mason's Minnesota Statutes**  
1927

(1927 to 1938)  
(Superseding Mason's 1931, 1934, and 1936 Supplements)

Containing the text of the acts of the 1929, 1931, 1933, 1935, and 1937 General Sessions, and the 1933-34, 1935-36, 1936, and 1937 Special Sessions of the Legislature, both new and amendatory, and notes showing repeals, together with annotations from the various courts, state and federal, and the opinions of the Attorney General; construing the constitution, statutes, charters and court rules of Minnesota together with digest of all common law decisions.



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way aiding therein, and shall be exhibited to any officer of the law, forest ranger, forest patrolman, game warden or other officer of the department of conservation at his request at any time. Any such officer shall have power to inspect any such trees, bushes, saplings, or shrubs when being transported in any vehicle or other means of conveyance or by common carrier and to make such investigation with reference thereto as may be necessary to determine whether or not the provisions of this act have been complied with, and to stop any vehicle or other means of conveyance, found carrying any such trees, bushes, saplings, or shrubs upon any public highways of this state for the purpose of making such inspection and investigation and to seize and hold subject to the order of the court any such trees, bushes, saplings, or shrubs, found being cut, removed, or transported in violation of this act. No common carrier or agent thereof shall receive for shipment or transportation any such trees, bushes, saplings, or shrubs unless the consignor, whose name and address shall be recorded, exhibited at the time of consignment the written consent or certified copy thereof herein provided for. Failure to so exhibit such written consent shall be prima facie evidence that no such consent was given or exists. ('27, c. 10, §1; Apr. 22, 1929, c. 285, §1.)

**10422-2. Penalties.**—Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall, for the first violation, be guilty of a misdemeanor; and for a second and each subsequent violation during the same calendar year shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor. Every written consent for any purpose specified in this act and every certified copy of such consent shall be deemed to be a written instrument within the meaning of the laws relating to forgery, and any person who shall forge any such written consent or certified copy thereof shall be guilty of forgery in the second degree, and shall be punished accordingly. Any person who shall lend or transfer or offer to lend or transfer any such written consent or certified copy thereof to another person who is not entitled to use the same, and any person not entitled to use any such written consent or certified copy thereof who shall use any such written consent or certified copy thereof, or who shall borrow, receive, or solicit from another any such written consent or certified copy thereof, shall be

guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and punished accordingly. ('27, c. 10, §2; Apr. 22, 1929, c. 285, §2.)

**10422-5. Certain acts to be misdemeanor.**—Every person who shall willfully place or deposit or cause to be placed or deposited, or who aids or abets or who conspires to aid or abet in the placing or depositing in, upon, under, against, or near to any building, car, vessel, or structure any foul, offensive or injurious substance or compound, or any gas, fluid or substance injurious to life or property, or any noxious or offensive gas, fluid or substance, with intent to wrongfully injure, molest or coerce another, or to injure the property or person of another, or to molest another in the use, management, conduct or control of his business or property; shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punishable by a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year. (Act Mar. 24, 1931, c. 86, §1.)

**10431. Coercion.**

To sustain an action for damages on the ground of coercion there must be some wrongful or unlawful act, acts or conduct sufficient to constrain the plaintiff against his will. 174M535, 219NW908.

A threat to shoot an officer if he takes property under replevin papers is a misdemeanor under this section and officer to whom threat is made may arrest without a warrant. 177M307, 225NW148.

Statutory costs denied respondents for failure of brief to comply with paragraph 3. 177M222, 225NW85.

It is not illegal for labor union to advertise that its membership does not patronize certain businesses, if there is no fraud, duress, intimidation, coercion, malice or defamation. Op. Atty. Gen. (641), July 6, 1936.

**10432. Injury to other property.**

Person hiring young man to put emery dust and waste in oil tank of automobile, resulting in damage, may be prosecuted under this section. Op. Atty. Gen., Mar. 4, 1933.

Throwing thistle seeds on neighbor's farm constitutes violation of this section. Op. Atty. Gen. (605a-18), Aug. 26, 1935.

**10433. Interfering with electrical apparatus.**

Section is without application to action for death of house mover attempting to get house under wires. Faribault v. N., 188M514, 247NW680.

**10437. Draining meandered lakes, etc.**

Owner of private lake cannot construct and maintain a channel to a public lake if it injuriously affects the public lake. Op. Atty. Gen., Sept. 26, 1929.

## CHAPTER 102

### Cruelty to Animals

**10443. Overworking animals, etc.**

Evidence held sufficient to support finding that horse's death resulted from starvation. State v. Maguire, 188M 627, 248NW216. See Dun. Dig. 279.

One in possession of horse under claim of lien is guilty if he permits it to starve to death. Id.

**10444. Cruelty in transportation.**

Prosecution must be for violation of statute and not "regulations" issued thereunder. Op. Atty. Gen. (293b-19), July 8, 1937.

**10450. Animal with infectious disease.**

Seller of infected hogs, held not entitled to directed verdict for price. 180M78, 230NW259.

## CHAPTER 103

### Miscellaneous Crimes

**10453 to 10455-3. [Repealed.]**

Repealed Mar. 19, 1937, c. 74, §25, post, §10455-28.

**10455-4. Definitions.**—The following words and phrases, as used in this act shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Persons" includes any corporation, association, co-partnership, or one or more individuals.

(2) "Physician" means a person authorized by law to practice medicine in this state and for the purposes of this act only, any other person authorized by law to treat sick and injured human beings in this state and to use narcotic drugs in connection with such treatment.

(3) "Dentist" means a person authorized by law to practice dentistry in this state.

(4) "Veterinarian" means a person authorized by law to practice veterinary medicine in this state.

(5) "Manufacturer" means a person who by compounding, mixing, cultivating, growing, or other process, produces or prepares narcotic drugs, but does not include an apothecary who compounds narcotic drugs to be sold or dispensed on prescriptions.

(6) "Wholesaler" means a person who supplies narcotic drugs that he himself has not produced or prepared, on official written orders, but not on prescriptions.

(7) "Apothecary" means a licensed pharmacist as defined by the laws of this state and, where the context so requires, the owner of a store or other place of business where narcotic drugs are compounded or