

Nineteen Hundred Thirty-One  
Supplement

to

# Mason's Minnesota Statutes

(1927 thru 1931)

Containing the text of the acts of the 1929 and 1931 Sessions of the  
Legislature, both new and amendatory, and notes showing repeals,  
together with annotations from the various courts, state  
and federal, construing the constitution, statutes,  
charters and court rules of Minnesota



Edited by  
WILLIAM H. MASON, Editor-in-Chief  
W. H. MASON, JR., Assistant Editor

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and nothing in this section shall be construed to permit the selling of uncooked meats, groceries, clothing, boots, or shoes. Provided, however, that the game of baseball when conducted in a quiet and orderly manner so as

not to interfere with the peace, repose and comfort of the community, may be played between the hours of one p. m. and six p. m. on the Sabbath day. (As amended Apr. 23, 1929, c. 308, §1.)

CHAPTER 99

Crimes against Public Health and Safety

§10241. Public nuisance defined.

Logging railroad over highway under Mason's Minn. Stat. 1927, §2558-1, etc., is not a public nuisance under this section. 174M305, 219NW172.

A newspaper business conducted in violation of §§10123-1 to 10123-3 is a public nuisance. 174M457, 219NW770.

Finding that school district was negligent in exposing school teacher to tuberculosis, sustained by evidence, but there was not sufficient evidence to show that it maintained a nuisance by its failure to make the school building sanitary, and it was not liable for damages under §3098. 177M454, 225NW449.

Act making possession of foul, offensive or injurious substance, compound or gas with wrongful intent a gross misdemeanor. Laws 1931, c. 86.

Owner of private lake cannot construct and maintain a channel to a public lake if it injuriously affects the public lake. Op. Atty. Gen., Sept. 26, 1929.

A misdemeanor. Op. Atty. Gen., June 20, 1930.

§10242. Itinerant carnivals prohibited.

174M457, 219NW770.

§10245. Maintaining or permitting building as a nuisance.

Owner of private lake cannot construct and maintain a channel to a public lake if it injuriously affects the public lake. Op. Atty. Gen., Sept. 26, 1929.

§10250. Adulteration or imitation of foods, etc.

Whether milk was free from adulteration held question for jury. 174M320, 219NW159.

§10255. Deadly weapons.

There was no fatal variance where information charged carrying of a revolver and proof showed weapon to be an automatic pistol. 176M238, 222NW925.

There was no error in refusing to hold that weapon was not loaded nor admitting it in evidence against objection that, because the prosecuting witness had by force taken it from defendant, it would virtually be compelling defendant to furnish evidence against himself. 176M238, 222NW925.

The question of criminal intent of defendant in carrying automatic pistol, held so far doubtful as to require new trial. 176M238, 222NW925.

Does not prohibit the use or possession of a pistol in the absence of an intent to use it against another. *Clarine v. A.*, 234NW295. See Dun. Dig. 10200a(2).

A father who furnished him with the pistol cannot be held liable for an accidental shooting by his son, in the absence of evidence that, because of youth, mental deficiency, recklessness, or other cause, it was unsafe to intrust the son with the weapon, and that the father was chargeable with knowledge of that fact. *Clarine v. A.*, 234NW295. See Dun. Dig. 10200.

§10263. Failure to ring bell, etc.

Liabilities for death resulting from failure to give signals. 173M7, 216NW245.

Failure to give crossing signal as proximate cause of collision at crossing. 178M322, 227NW45.

Evidence of failure to give signal. 179M480, 229NW797.

CHAPTER 100

Crimes against Public Peace

§10291. Use of firearms by minors.

A father who furnished him with the pistol cannot be held liable for an accidental shooting by his son, in the absence of evidence that, because of youth, mental deficiency, reckless-

ness, or other cause, it was unsafe to intrust the son with the weapon, and that the father was chargeable with knowledge of that fact. *Clarine v. A.*, 234NW295. See Dun. Dig. 4466, 10200.

CHAPTER 101

Crimes against Property

§10303. Other violations by officers.

City treasurer did not commit an offense under this section by making deposits in excess of collateral securities given by a bank in lieu of a depository bond under §1973-1. 172M324, 215NW174.

§10305. Officer interested in contract.—Every public officer who shall be authorized to sell or lease any property, to make any contract in his official capacity, or to take part in making any such sale, lease, or con-

tract, and every employee of such officer, who shall voluntarily become interested individually in such sale, lease, or contract, directly or indirectly, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor: provided, however, that any village or city council, town board, or school board, of any town, village or city of the fourth class, otherwise having authority to designate depository for village, city, town or school district funds, of any town, village, or city of the fourth class, may designate a bank