

# REVISED LAWS

# MINNESOTA

## 1905

ENACTED APRIL 18, 1905 TO TAKE EFFECT MARCH 1, 1906

EDITED AND ANNOTATED BY  
MARK B. DUNNELL

PUBLISHED UNDER CHAPTER 185, LAWS 1905

ST. PAUL  
PUBLISHED BY THE STATE  
1906

CHAPTER 2

TERRITORIAL DIVISIONS

COUNTIES

5. Names and boundaries—The state is divided into the several counties named in the following schedule, the boundaries whereof, except as changed or established by vote of the people since the year 1892, are as fixed by the several laws referred to in said schedule after their respective names. And the laws so referred to are hereby continued in force so far as they relate to the fixing of county lines at the respective dates of their passage.

SCHEDULE

Aitkin (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 2; 1871 c. 96; Sp. L. 1872 c. 145; 1887 c. 117); Anoka (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 4; Id. s. 36; Const. art. 11 s. 7); Becker (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 5); Beltrami (1866 c. 46; 1879 c. 10 s. 1; 1889 c. 75 s. 1); Benton (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 6); Big Stone (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 7; Sp. L. 1876 c. 159); Blue Earth (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 8); Brown (1865 c. 71 s. 3; G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 9); Carlton (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 10); Carver (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 11); Cass (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 12; 1883 c. 78 s. 1; 1887 c. 116 s. 1, c. 117 s. 1, c. 118 s. 1; 1889 c. 75 s. 2); Chippewa (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 13; 1868 c. 113 s. 1); Chisago (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 14); Clay (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 15); Clearwater (Formed by popular vote); Cook (1874 c. 100 s. 1); Cottonwood (1865 c. 71 s. 2; G. S. 1866 c. 16); Crow Wing (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 17; 1887 c. 118 s. 2); Dakota (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 18; 1871 c. 97 s. 1; 1874 c. 101 s. 1); Dodge (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 19); Douglas (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 20); Faribault (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 21); Fillmore (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 22); Freeborn (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 23); Goodhue (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 24); Grant (1868 c. 109 s. 5); Hennepin (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 25); Houston (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 26); Hubbard (1883 c. 78 s. 1); Isanti (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 27); Itasca (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 28; 1871 c. 96; 1887 c. 116 s. 1); Jackson (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 29); Kanabec (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 30); Kandiyohi (G. S. 1866 c. 8 ss. 31, 41; 1870 c. 92 s. 1); Kittson (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 49; 1878 c. 59 s. 1; 1879 c. 10 s. 2); Lac qui Parle (1871 c. 100 s. 1); Lake (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 33; 1874 c. 100 s. 1; 1895 c. 248); Le Sueur (Sts. 1849-58 c. 1 s. 71; G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 34); Lincoln (1873 c. 92 s. 1); Lyon (1868 c. 112 s. 1; 1869 c. 94 s. 1; 1873 c. 92 s. 1); McLeod (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 38); Marshall (1879 c. 10 s. 3; 1883 c. 81 s. 1); Martin (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 37); Meeker (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 39; 1870 c. 97 s. 1); Mille Lacs (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 40); Morrison (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 42; 1867 c. 116 s. 1; 1870 c. 98 s. 1); Mower (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 43); Murray (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 44); Nicollet (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 45); Nobles (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 46); Norman (1881 c. 92 s. 1); Olmsted (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 47); Otter Tail (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 48; 1872 c. 87 s. 1); Pine (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 50); Pipestone (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 51); Polk (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 52; 1866 c. 46 s. 1; 1881 c. 92 s. 1); Pope (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 53; 1866 c. 44 s. 1); Ramsey (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 54; 1874 c. 101 s. 1); Red Lake (Formed by popular vote); Redwood (1865 c. 71 s. 1; G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 55; 1869 c. 94 s. 1; 1871 c. 98 s. 1; 1871 c. 100 s. 1; 1873 c. 92 s. 1); Renville (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 56; 1866 c. 43 s. 1; 1868 c. 10 s. 1; 1870 c. 97 s. 1); Rice (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 57); Rock (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 58); Roseau (Formed by popular vote); St. Louis (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 59; 1895 c. 248); Scott (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 60; 1871 c. 97 s. 1; Sp. L. 1870 c. 2 subd. 1; Sp. L. 1875 c. 6 subd. 1 s. 2); Sherburne (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 61); Sibley (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 62); Stearns (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 63; 1870 c. 98 s. 1; 1874 c. 102 s. 1); Steele (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 64); Stevens (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 55; 1868 c. 109 s. 1); Swift (1870 c. 90 s. 1); Todd (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 66; 1867 c. 116 s. 2; 1868 c. 114 s. 1; 1874 c. 102 s. 1); Traverse (1881 c. 130 s. 1); Wabasha (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 68); Wadena (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 69); Waseca (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 70); Washington (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 71); Watonwan (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 72); Wilkin (1872 c. 83 s. 1); Winona (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 73); Wright (G. S. 1866 c. 8 s. 74); Yellow Medicine (1871 c. 98 s. 1).

LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS

08	-	6	-	105
09	-	-	-	268
09	-	-	-	490
97	-	-	-	120
99	-	-	-	45
01	-	-	-	77
02	-	-	-	84
03	-	-	-	11

6. Boundaries and apportionment—Until otherwise provided by law, the legislative districts of the state, and the apportionment of senators and representatives thereto, shall be as prescribed in Laws 1897 c. 120, as amended by Laws 1899 c. 45, Laws 1901 c. 77, Laws 1902 c. 84, and Laws 1903 c. 11.

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS

07	-	7	-	146
09	-	-	-	11

7. How composed—Number of judges—The state is hereby divided into eighteen judicial districts, composed of the following named counties, respec-

tively, in each of which districts one or more judges shall be chosen as hereinafter specified:

1. Goodhue, Dakota, Washington, Pine, Chisago, and Kanabec: two judges.
2. Ramsey: six judges.
3. Olmsted, Wabasha, and Winona: one judge.
4. Hennepin: six judges.
5. Dodge, Rice, Steele, and Waseca: one judge.
6. Blue Earth and Watonwan: one judge.
7. Benton, Douglas, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Otter Tail, Stearns, Todd, Clay, Becker, and Wadena: two judges.
8. Carver, Le Sueur, McLeod, Scott, and Sibley: one judge.
9. Lyon, Redwood, Brown, Nicollet, and Lincoln: one judge.
10. Fillmore, Freeborn, Houston, and Mower: one judge.
11. Carlton, St. Louis, Lake, and Cook: three judges.
12. Chippewa, Kandiyohi, Lac qui Parle, Meeker, Renville, Swift, and Yellow Medicine: two judges.
13. Cottonwood, Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, and Rock: one judge.
14. Norman, Polk, Marshall, Kittson, Red Lake, and Roseau: two judges.
15. Aitkin, Itasca, Crow Wing, Hubbard, Beltrami, Clearwater, and Cass: two judges.
16. Big Stone, Grant, Pope, Stevens, Traverse, and Wilkin: one judge.
17. Faribault, Martin, and Jackson: one judge.
18. Anoka, Isanti, Wright, and Sherburne: one judge.

7 (11)  
09 - - 126

7 (11)

09 (12) 134

### CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

**8. Composition**—The state is hereby divided into nine congressional districts, in each of which one representative to the Congress of the United States shall be elected; said districts being composed of the following named counties, respectively:

1. Dodge, Fillmore, Freeborn, Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Steele, Wabasha, Waseca, and Winona.
2. Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood, Faribault, Jackson, Martin, Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, Rock, and Watonwan.
3. Carver, Dakota, Goodhue, Le Sueur, McLeod, Nicollet, Rice, Scott, and Sibley.
4. Chisago, Ramsey, and Washington.
5. Hennepin.
6. Benton, Cass, Crow Wing, Douglas, Hubbard, Meeker, Morrison, Sherburne, Stearns, Todd, Wadena, and Wright.
7. Big Stone, Chippewa, Grant, Kandiyohi, Lac qui Parle, Lincoln, Lyon, Pope, Redwood, Renville, Stevens, Swift, Traverse, and Yellow Medicine.
8. Aitkin, Anoka, Carlton, Cook, Isanti, Itasca, Kanabec, Lake, Mille Lacs, Pine, and St. Louis.
9. Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Kittson, Marshall, Norman, Otter Tail, Polk, Red Lake, Roseau, and Wilkin. ('01 c. 92)

## CHAPTER 3

### THE LEGISLATURE

**9. Biennial and extra sessions**—The legislature shall assemble at the seat of government on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of each odd-numbered year, and at such other times as it may be called by the governor to meet in extra session. (217)

**10. Evidence of membership**—For all purposes of organization of either house of the legislature, a certificate of election thereto, duly executed by the