

CHANGES

IN THE

General Statutes of 1878,

OF THE

STATE OF MINNESOTA,

EFFECTED BY THE GENERAL LAWS OF THE EXTRA
SESSION OF 1881, AND THE REGULAR
SESSION OF 1883.

Arranged with reference to the Chapter and Section Amended.

SAINT PAUL:
WEST PUBLISHING COMPANY.
1883.

*§ 62. Appropriation for printing and binding. That the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying for the printing and binding of said five hundred copies. (*Id.* § 3.)

See page 83.

CHAPTER VI.

STATE OFFICERS.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

Change words "one thousand" in line two, *§ 12, p. 85, to "twelve hundred." (1883, c. 148, § 1.)

See page 85.

*§ 12a. Recording clerk authorized. The secretary of state is hereby empowered to employ in his office a recording clerk, who shall receive for his services the sum of seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum, and the sum aforesaid is hereby annually appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury belonging to the general revenue fund for the payment of said salary. (1883, c. 147, § 1.)

See page 85.

AUDITOR.

§ 23a. Auditor's book-keeper. That the state auditor is authorized to employ a book-keeper at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum. (1883, c. 146, § 1.)

See page 87.

TREASURER.

Add to sub. 2, § 37, (sec. 28,) page 89:

And the said board of auditors shall have authority to require the said treasurer to call for a new or an additional bond whenever in their opinion it is necessary for the complete protection of all the funds so deposited; but, whenever a new bond is taken under the provisions of this section, the original bond, and the rights and liabilities of the parties thereto, incurred or existing at or prior to the time of the approval and acceptance of such new bond, shall not in anywise be affected or impaired. (1883, c. 155, § 1.)

*§ 44. Use of state funds. The state treasurer is authorized to borrow and use temporarily, from funds having an available balance in the treasury, two hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to supply any deficiency that may exist in the revenue fund: *provided*, that it will not impair said respective funds so that they cannot meet all demands as the exigencies may require: *and provided further*, that the interest received on deposits or permanent trust funds in banks shall be apportioned to the proper current fund. (1874, c. 9, § 1, *as amended* 1881, c. 6, § 1; 1881, *Ex. Sess.* c. 39, § 1, *and* 1883, c. 10, § 1.)

*§ 44b. Transfer of state funds. That the state treasurer be and is hereby authorized to transfer from the forestry fund the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars to the sinking fund, and to use the amount so transferred for the redemption of the outstanding bonds of the loan of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three. And the state treasurer is also by this act authorized to transfer to the redemption fund created by the act approved January twelfth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, any balances there may be in the sinking fund, the seed-grain sinking fund, and the interest fund, after redeeming the balance of the loan of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and the coupons on the bonds so redeemed, and the coupons on the bonds of the loan of one

thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, authorized to be refunded by said act of January twelfth. (1883, c. 144, § 1.)

See page 90.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

*§ 77a. **Duties of, in certain cases.** That the railroad commissioner shall have the power and it shall be his duty to investigate, upon the written request of any person or firm, any complaint against any railroad company in this state in regard to unjust discriminations or extortions, and to use his influence to correct the same. (1881, *Ex. Sess.* c. 66, § 1.)

*§ 77b. **Duty as to unsafe bridges, etc.** That he shall examine all bridges and tracks reported to him as unsafe, so far as he may be able to do so, and exercise a general supervision over all railroads in this state, and shall report to the legislature, at its next session thereafter, any failure or refusal of any railroad company to do what he deems equitable and just, and for the best interests of the people, and not against the successful and profitable operation of the same. (*Id.* § 2.)

See page 95.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

*§ 102. Strike out the words "five hundred" and insert "one thousand." (1881, *Ex. Sess.* c. 21, § 1.)

See page 101.

NOTE.—As to further duties of state board of health see Gen. Laws 1883, c. 132. (The Health Code.)

STATE BOARD OF IMMIGRATION.

*§ 107. **Board—how constituted.** There is hereby created a state board of immigration, which shall consist of the governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, clerk of supreme court and state auditor. (1877, c. 76, § 1, as amended 1883, c. 11, § 1.)

See page 102, and Supp. 1881, p. 10.

*§ 111. **Appropriation for use of board.** That the sums of five thousand dollars per year, respectively, for the years one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three and one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, be and the same are hereby appropriated out of any money in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for the use of the state board of immigration, to be expended as provided in chapter seventy-six of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, and in acts amendatory thereto, being chapter thirty-four of the General Laws of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one and chapter ninety-four of the General Laws of the extra session of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one. (1883, c. 154, § 1.)

See page 103.

STATE BOARD OF CORRECTIONS AND CHARITIES.*

*§ 124. **State board of corrections and charities—how appointed—term.** The governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint six persons, not more than three of whom shall be from the same political party, who shall constitute a state board of corrections and charities, to serve without compensation, their traveling expenses only being defrayed by the state; two of whom, as indicated by the governor upon their appointment, shall serve for one year, two for two years, and two for three years; and upon the expiration of the term of each his place, and that of his successor, shall, in like manner, be filled for the term of three years. The governor shall be *ex officio* a member of said board and the president thereof. Appointments to fill vacancies caused by death,

* (An act to establish a state board of corrections and charities for the state of Minnesota. Approved March 2, 1883. *Laws* 1883, c. 127.)

MINNESOTA STATUTES 1883 SUPPLEMENT

10

STATE OFFICERS.

[CHAP.

resignation, or removal before the expiration of such terms, may be made for the residue of terms in the same manner as original appointments. (1883, c. 127, § 1.)
See page 106.

***§ 125. Meetings to be held quarterly—duties of board—investigation.** The state board of corrections and charities shall be provided with a suitable room in the state house. Regular meetings of the board shall be held quarterly, or oftener if required. They may make such rules and orders for the regulation of their own proceedings as they may deem necessary. They shall investigate the whole system of public charities and correctional institutions of the state, examine into the condition and management thereof, especially of prisons, jails, infirmaries, public hospitals, and asylums; and the officers in charge of all such institutions shall furnish to the board, on their request, such information and statistics as they may require; and to secure accuracy, uniformity, and completeness in such statistics, the board may prescribe such forms of report and registration as they may deem essential; and all plans for new jails and infirmaries shall, before the adoption of the same by the county authorities, be submitted to said board for suggestion and criticism. The governor, in his discretion, may, at any time, order an investigation by the board, or by a committee of its members, of the management of any penal, reformatory, or charitable institution of the state; and said board or committee, in making any such investigation, shall have power to send for persons and papers, and to administer oaths and affirmations; and the report of such investigation, with the testimony, shall be made to the governor, and shall be submitted by him, with his suggestions, to the legislature. (*Id.* § 2.)
See page 106.

***§ 126. Secretary—salary of.** The said board may appoint a secretary, who shall be paid for his services, in addition to his traveling expenses, an annual salary of not to exceed twelve hundred dollars, as may be agreed upon by the board. All accounts and expenditures shall be certified as may be provided by the board, and shall be paid by the state treasurer upon an order from the auditor of state. (*Id.* § 3.)

***§ 127. Board to make biennial reports.** The state board of corrections and charities shall, every two years, make a full report of all their doings during that period, stating in detail all expenses incurred, and showing the actual condition of all the state and county institutions, and making such suggestions as they may deem advisable; of which report one thousand copies shall be printed for the use of the legislature, and five hundred copies for the use of the board. (*Id.* § 4.)

***§ 128. Visitation—report on.** Whenever the governor shall deem it advisable and expedient to obtain information in respect to the condition and practicable workings of charitable, penal, pauper, and reformatory institutions in other states, he may authorize and designate any member of said board, or the secretary thereof, to visit such institutions in operation in other states; and by personal inspection to carefully observe and report to said board on all such matters relating to the conduct and management thereof as may be deemed to be interesting, useful, and of value to be understood in the government and discipline of similar institutions in this state. (*Id.* § 5.)

***§ 129. Members not to be interested in contracts.** No member of said board, or their secretary, shall be either directly or indirectly interested in any contract for building, repairing, or furnishing any institution, poor-house, or jail which by this act they are authorized to visit and inspect; nor shall any officer of such institution, jail, or poor-house be eligible to appointment on the board hereby created.
See page 106.