

**CHAPTER 7050**  
**MINNESOTA POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY**  
**WATERS OF THE STATE**  
**WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR PROTECTION OF**  
**WATERS OF THE STATE**

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**7050.0100** [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

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### **WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR PROTECTION OF WATERS OF THE STATE**

#### **7050.0110 SCOPE.**

Parts 7050.0130 to 7050.0227 apply to all waters of the state, both surface and underground. This chapter includes a classification system of beneficial uses applicable to waters of the state, narrative and numeric water quality standards that protect specific beneficial uses, nondegradation provisions, and other provisions to protect the physical, chemical, and biological integrity of waters of the state. Parts 7050.0400 to 7050.0470 classify all surface waters within or bordering Minnesota and designate the beneficial uses for which these waters are protected. This chapter applies to point source and nonpoint source discharges and to the physical alterations of wetlands. Other water quality rules of general or specific application that include any more stringent water quality standards or prohibitions are preserved.

Effluent limits and treatment requirements for discharges of sewage, industrial wastes, and other wastes are located in chapter 7053.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 913; 12 SR 1810; 18 SR 2195; 32 SR 1699*

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**7050.0120** [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

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#### **7050.0130 GENERAL DEFINITIONS.**

Subpart 1. **Scope.** For purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meanings given them.

Subp. 2. **Terms defined in statute.** The terms "waters of the state," "groundwater," "water pollution," and "toxic pollutants," as well as any other terms for which definitions are given in the pollution control statutes, as used herein have the meanings given to them in Minnesota Statutes, sections 115.01 and 115.41, with the exception that disposal systems or treatment works operated under permit or certificate of compliance of the agency are not "waters of the state."

Subp. 3. **Seven-day ten-year low flow or  $7Q_{10}$ .**

A. "Seven-day ten-year low flow" or " $7Q_{10}$ " means the lowest average seven-day flow with a once in ten-year recurrence interval. A  $7Q_{10}$  is derived by identifying the lowest average flow for a

seven-consecutive-day period from daily flow records for each year of record, from a continuous flow gauging station. The seven-day average low flow values for each year are arrayed in order of magnitude and fitted to a probability distribution. The  $7Q_{10}$  is the stream or river flow that is equal to or exceeded by 90 percent of the values in the distribution.

B. The period of record for determining the specific flow for the stated recurrence interval, where records are available, shall include at least the most recent ten years of record, including flow records obtained after establishment of flow regulation devices, if any. Where stream flow records are not available, the flow may be estimated on the basis of available information on the watershed characteristics, precipitation, runoff, and other relevant data. The calculations shall not be applied to lakes and their embayments which have no comparable flow recurrence interval.

Subp. 4. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency or the commissioner's designee.

Subp. 5. **Nonpoint source.** "Nonpoint source" means a land management or land use activity that contributes or may contribute to ground and surface water pollution as a result of runoff, seepage, or percolation and that is not defined as a point source under Minnesota Statutes, section 115.01, subdivision 11.

Subp. 6. **Surface waters.** "Surface waters" means waters of the state excluding groundwater as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 115.01, subdivision 6.

Subp. 7. **Other terms.** Other terms and abbreviations used in this chapter are defined in the part in which they are used. Terms and abbreviations used in this chapter that are not specifically defined in applicable federal or state law shall be construed in conformance with the context, and in relation to the applicable section of the statutes pertaining to the matter, and current professional usage.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 913; 12 SR 1810; 15 SR 1057; 18 SR 2195; 32 SR 1699*

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## **7050.0140 USE CLASSIFICATIONS FOR WATERS OF THE STATE.**

Subpart 1. **Introduction.** Based on considerations of best usage and the need for water quality protection in the interest of the public, and in conformance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 115.44, the waters of the state are grouped into one or more of the classes in subparts 2 to 8. The classifications are listed in parts 7050.0400 to 7050.0470. The classifications should not be construed to be in order of priority, nor considered to be exclusive or prohibitory of other beneficial uses.

Subp. 2. **Class 1 waters, domestic consumption.** Domestic consumption includes all waters of the state that are or may be used as a source of supply for drinking, culinary or food processing use, or other domestic purposes and for which quality control is or may be necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare.

Subp. 3. **Class 2 waters, aquatic life and recreation.** Aquatic life and recreation includes all waters of the state that support or may support fish, other aquatic life, bathing, boating, or other recreational purposes and for which quality control is or may be necessary to protect aquatic or terrestrial life or their habitats or the public health, safety, or welfare.

Subp. 4. **Class 3 waters, industrial consumption.** Industrial consumption includes all waters of the state that are or may be used as a source of supply for industrial process or cooling water, or any other industrial or commercial purposes, and for which quality control is or may be necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare.

Subp. 5. **Class 4 waters, agriculture and wildlife.** Agriculture and wildlife includes all waters of the state that are or may be used for any agricultural purposes, including stock watering and irrigation, or by waterfowl or other wildlife and for which quality control is or may be necessary to protect terrestrial life and its habitat or the public health, safety, or welfare.

Subp. 6. **Class 5 waters, aesthetic enjoyment and navigation.** Aesthetic enjoyment and navigation includes all waters of the state that are or may be used for any form of water transportation or navigation or fire prevention and for which quality control is or may be necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare.

Subp. 7. **Class 6 waters, other uses and protection of border waters.** Other uses includes all waters of the state that serve or may serve the uses in subparts 2 to 6 or any other beneficial uses not listed in this part, including without limitation any such uses in this or any other state, province, or nation of any waters flowing through or originating in this state, and for which quality control is or may be necessary for the declared purposes in this part, to conform with the requirements of the legally constituted state or national agencies having jurisdiction over such waters, or for any other considerations the agency may deem proper.

Subp. 8. **Class 7 waters, limited resource value waters.** Limited resource value waters include surface waters of the state that have been subject to a use attainability analysis and have been found to have limited value as a water resource. Water quantities in these waters are intermittent or less than one cubic foot per second at the  $7Q_{10}$  flow as defined in part 7050.0130, subpart 3. These waters shall be protected so as to allow secondary body contact use, to preserve the groundwater for use as a potable water supply, and to protect aesthetic qualities of the water. It is the intent of the agency that very few waters be classified as limited resource value waters. The use attainability analysis must take into consideration those factors listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 115.44, subdivisions 2 and 3. The agency, in cooperation and agreement with the Department of Natural Resources with respect to determination of fisheries values and potential, shall use this information to determine the extent to which the waters of the state demonstrate that:

- A. the existing and potential faunal and floral communities are severely limited by natural conditions as exhibited by poor water quality characteristics, lack of habitat, or lack of water;
- B. the quality of the resource has been significantly altered by human activity and the effect is essentially irreversible; or
- C. there are limited recreational opportunities, such as fishing, swimming, wading, or boating, in and on the water resource.

The conditions in items A and C or B and C must be established by the use attainability analysis before the waters can be classified as limited resource value waters.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 913; 32 SR 1699*

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**7050.0150 DETERMINATION OF WATER QUALITY, BIOLOGICAL AND PHYSICAL CONDITIONS, AND COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS.**

Subpart 1. **Policy and scope.** The intent of the state is to protect and maintain surface waters in a condition which allows for the maintenance of all existing beneficial uses. The condition of a surface water body is determined by its physical, chemical, and biological qualities. The agency shall determine an exceedance of water quality standards or an impaired condition based on pollution of the waters of the state from point and nonpoint sources that has resulted in degradation of the physical, chemical, or biological qualities of the water body to the extent that attainable or previously existing beneficial uses are actually or potentially lost.

The narrative water quality standards in subpart 3 prescribe the qualities or properties of surface waters that are necessary for the protection of designated public uses and benefits. If the narrative standards in this part are exceeded, it is considered indicative of a polluted condition which is actually or potentially deleterious, harmful, detrimental, or injurious with respect to the designated uses of the waters of the state.

Subparts 5 to 7 list factors the commissioner will use to determine if surface waters are in compliance with applicable narrative standards in subpart 3. Determination of compliance with the narrative standards will be made for individual water bodies on a case-by-case basis.

Subp. 2. **Other standards preserved.** The requirements of this part are in addition to the application of other narrative or numeric water quality standards in this chapter. If the requirements of this part conflict with any other narrative or numeric standard in this chapter, the more stringent standard applies.

Subp. 3. **Narrative standards.** For all Class 2 waters, the aquatic habitat, which includes the waters of the state and stream bed, shall not be degraded in any material manner, there shall be no material increase in undesirable slime growths or aquatic plants, including algae, nor shall there be any significant increase in harmful pesticide or other residues in the waters, sediments, and aquatic flora and fauna; the normal fishery and lower aquatic biota upon which it is dependent and the use thereof shall not be seriously impaired or endangered, the species composition shall not be altered materially, and the propagation or migration of the fish and other biota normally present shall not be prevented or hindered by the discharge of any sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes to the waters.

Subp. 4. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this chapter and chapter 7053, the following terms have the meanings given them.

A. "122-day ten-year low flow" or "122Q<sub>10</sub>" means the lowest average 122-day flow with a once in ten-year recurrence interval. A 122Q<sub>10</sub> is derived using the same methods used to derive a 7Q<sub>10</sub>, and the guidelines regarding period of record for flow data and estimating a 7Q<sub>10</sub> apply equally to determining a 122Q<sub>10</sub>, as described in part 7050.0130, subpart 3.

B. "Altered materially," "material increase," "material manner," "seriously impaired," and "significant increase," as used in subparts 3, 5, and 6, mean that pollution of the waters of the state has resulted in degradation of the physical, chemical, or biological qualities of the water body to the extent that attainable or previously existing beneficial uses are actually or potentially lost.

C. "BOD<sub>5</sub>" or "five-day biochemical oxygen demand" means the amount of dissolved oxygen needed by aerobic biological organisms to break down organic material present in a given water sample at a certain temperature over a five-day period.

D. "Chlorophyll-a" means a pigment in green plants including algae. The concentration of chlorophyll-a, expressed in weight per unit volume of water, is a measurement of the abundance of algae.

E. "Diel flux" means the daily change in a constituent, such as dissolved oxygen or pH, when there is a distinct daily cycle in the measurement. Diel dissolved oxygen flux means the difference between the maximum daily dissolved oxygen concentration and the minimum daily dissolved oxygen concentration.

F. "Ecoregion" means an area of relative homogeneity in ecological systems based on similar soils, land use, land surface form, and potential natural vegetation. Minnesota ecoregions are shown on the map in part 7050.0468.

G. "Eutrophication" means the increased productivity of the biological community in water bodies in response to increased nutrient loading. Eutrophication is characterized by increased growth and abundance of algae and other aquatic plants, reduced water transparency, reduction or loss of dissolved oxygen, and other chemical and biological changes. The acceleration of eutrophication due to excess nutrient loading from human sources and activities, called cultural eutrophication, causes a degradation of water quality and possible loss of beneficial uses.

H. "Eutrophication standard" means the combination of indicators of enrichment and indicators of response as described in subpart 5. The indicators upon which the eutrophication standard for specific water bodies are based are as provided under subparts 5a to 5c.

I. "Fish and other biota" and "lower aquatic biota" mean the aquatic community including, but not limited to, game and nongame fish, minnows and other small fish, mollusks, insects, crustaceans and other invertebrates, submerged or emergent rooted vegetation, suspended or floating algae, substrate-attached algae, and microscopic organisms. "Other biota" includes aquatic or semiaquatic organisms that depend on aquatic systems for food or habitat such as amphibians and certain wildlife species.

J. "Hydraulic residence time" means the time water resides in a basin or, alternately, the time it would take to fill the basin if it were empty.

K. "Impaired water" or "impaired condition" means a water body that does not meet applicable water quality standards or fully support applicable beneficial uses, due in whole or in part to water pollution from point or nonpoint sources, or any combination thereof.

L. "Index of biological integrity" or "IBI" means an index developed by measuring attributes of an aquatic community that change in quantifiable and predictable ways in response to human disturbance, representing the health of that community.

M. "Lake" means an enclosed basin filled or partially filled with standing fresh water with a maximum depth greater than 15 feet. Lakes may have no inlet or outlet, an inlet or outlet, or both an inlet and outlet.

N. "Lake morphometry" means the physical characteristics of the lake basin that are reasonably necessary to determine the shape of a lake, such as maximum length and width, maximum and mean depth, area, volume, and shoreline configuration.

O. "Mixing status" means the frequency of complete mixing of the lake water from surface to bottom, which is determined by whether temperature gradients are established and maintained in the water column during the summer season.

P. "Measurable increase" or "measurable impact" means a change in trophic status that can be discerned above the normal variability in water quality data using a weight of evidence approach. The change in trophic status does not require a demonstration of statistical significance to be considered measurable. Mathematical models may be used as a tool in the data analysis to help predict changes in trophic status.

Q. "Natural causes" means the multiplicity of factors that determine the physical, chemical, or biological conditions that would exist in a water body in the absence of measurable impacts from human activity or influence.

R. "Normal fishery" and "normally present" mean the fishery and other aquatic biota expected to be present in the water body in the absence of pollution of the water, consistent with any variability due to natural hydrological, substrate, habitat, or other physical and chemical characteristics. Expected presence is based on comparing the aquatic community in the water body of interest to the aquatic community in representative reference water bodies.

S. "Nuisance algae bloom" means an excessive population of algae that is characterized by obvious green or blue-green pigmentation in the water, floating mats of algae, reduced light transparency, aesthetic degradation, loss of recreational use, possible harm to the aquatic community, or possible toxicity to animals and humans. Algae blooms are measured through tests for chlorophyll-a, observations of Secchi disk transparency, and observations of impaired recreational and aesthetic conditions by the users of the water body, or any other reliable data that identifies the population of algae in an aquatic community.

T. "Periphyton" means algae on the bottom of a water body. In rivers or streams, these forms are typically found attached to logs, rocks, or other substrates, but when dislodged the algae will become part of the seston.

U. "Readily available and reliable data and information" means chemical, biological, and physical data and information determined by the commissioner to meet the quality assurance and quality control requirements in subpart 8, that are not more than ten years old from the time they are used for the assessment. A subset of data in the ten-year period, or data more than ten years old can be used if credible scientific evidence shows that these data are representative of current conditions.

V. "Reference water body" means a water body least impacted by point or nonpoint sources of pollution that is representative of water bodies in the same ecoregion or watershed. Reference water bodies are used as a base for comparing the quality of similar water bodies in the same ecoregion or watershed.

W. "Reservoir" means a body of water in a natural or artificial basin or watercourse where the outlet or flow is artificially controlled by a structure such as a dam. Reservoirs are distinguished from river systems by having a hydraulic residence time of at least 14 days. For purposes of this item, residence time is determined using a flow equal to the 122Q<sub>10</sub> for the months of June through September.

X. "River nutrient region" means the geographic basis for regionalizing the river eutrophication criteria as described in Heiskary, S. and K. Parson, Regionalization of Minnesota's Rivers for Application of River Nutrient Criteria, Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (2013), which is incorporated by reference. The document is not subject to frequent change and is available through the Minitex interlibrary loan system.

Y. "Secchi disk" means a tool that is used to measure the transparency of lake water. A Secchi disk is an eight-inch weighted disk on a calibrated rope, either white or with quadrants of black and white. To measure water transparency with a Secchi disk, the disk is viewed from the shaded side of a boat. The depth of the water at the point where the disk reappears upon raising it after it has been lowered beyond visibility is recorded.

Z. "Secchi disk transparency" means the transparency of water as measured by either a Secchi disk, a Secchi tube, or a transparency tube.

AA. "Secchi tube" means a tool that is used to measure the transparency of stream or river water. A Secchi tube is a clear plastic tube, one meter in length and 1-3/4 inch in diameter, with a mini-Secchi

disk on a string. To measure water transparency, the tube is filled with water collected from a stream or river and, looking into the tube from the top, the weighted Secchi disk is lowered into the tube by a string until it disappears and then raised until it reappears, allowing the user to raise and lower the disk within the same water sample numerous times. The depth of the water at the midpoint between disappearance and reappearance of the disk is recorded in centimeters, which are marked on the side of the tube. If the Secchi disk is visible when it is lowered to the bottom of the tube, the transparency reading is recorded as "greater than 100 centimeters."

BB. "Seston" means particulate matter suspended in water bodies and includes plankton and organic and inorganic matter.

CC. "Shallow lake" means an enclosed basin filled or partially filled with standing fresh water with a maximum depth of 15 feet or less or with 80 percent or more of the lake area shallow enough to support emergent and submerged rooted aquatic plants (the littoral zone). It is uncommon for shallow lakes to thermally stratify during the summer. The quality of shallow lakes will permit the propagation and maintenance of a healthy indigenous aquatic community and they will be suitable for boating and other forms of aquatic recreation for which they may be usable. Shallow lakes are differentiated from wetlands and lakes on a case-by-case basis. Wetlands are defined in part 7050.0186, subpart 1a.

DD. "Summer-average" means a representative average of concentrations or measurements of nutrient enrichment factors, taken over one summer season.

EE. "Summer season" means a period annually from June 1 through September 30.

FF. "Transparency tube" means a tool that is used to measure the transparency of stream or river water. A transparency tube is a graduated clear plastic tube, 24 inches or more in length by 1-1/2 inches in diameter, with a stopper at the bottom end. The inside surface of the stopper is painted black and white. To measure water transparency, the tube is filled with water from a surface water; the water is released through a valve at the bottom end until the painted surface of the stopper is just visible through the water column when viewed from the top of the tube. The depth, in centimeters, is noted. More water is released until the screw in the middle of the painted symbol on the stopper is clearly visible; this depth is noted. The two observed depths are averaged to obtain a transparency measurement.

GG. "Trophic status or condition" means the productivity of a lake as measured by the phosphorus content, algae abundance, and depth of light penetration.

HH. "Water body" means a lake, reservoir, wetland, or a geographically defined portion of a river or stream.

Subp. 5. **Impairment of waters due to excess algae or plant growth.** In evaluating whether the narrative standards in subpart 3, which prohibit any material increase in undesirable slime growths or aquatic plants including algae, are being met, the commissioner will use all readily available and reliable data and information for the following factors of use impairment:

- A. representative summer-average concentrations of total phosphorus and total nitrogen measured in the water body;
- B. representative summer-average concentrations of chlorophyll-a seston measured in the water body;
- C. representative summer-average measurements of Secchi disk transparency in the water body;



D. representative summer-average concentrations of five-day biochemical oxygen demand measured in rivers and streams;

E. representative diel dissolved oxygen flux measurements in rivers and streams as averaged over a minimum of four consecutive days during the summer season;

F. representative measurements of pH in the water body during the summer season;

G. representative measurements of chlorophyll-a (periphyton) on substrates on the beds of rivers and streams during the summer season; and

H. any other scientifically objective, credible, and supportable factor.

**Subp. 5a. Impaired condition; lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs.**

A. For lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs, a finding of an impaired condition must be supported by data showing:

(1) elevated levels of nutrients under subpart 5, item A; and

(2) at least one factor showing impaired conditions resulting from nutrient overenrichment under subpart 5, items B and C.

B. The trophic status data described in subpart 5, items A to C and H, must be assessed in light of the magnitude, duration, and frequency of nuisance algae blooms in the water body; and documented impaired recreational and aesthetic conditions observed by the users of the water body due to excess algae or plant growth, reduced transparency, or other deleterious conditions caused by nutrient overenrichment.

C. Assessment of trophic status and the response of a given water body to nutrient enrichment will take into account the trophic status of reference water bodies; and all relevant factors that affect the trophic status of the given water body appropriate for its geographic region, such as the temperature, morphometry, hydraulic residence time, mixing status, watershed size, and location.

**Subp. 5b. Impaired condition; rivers and streams.** For rivers and streams, a finding of an impaired condition must be supported by data showing:

A. elevated levels of nutrients under subpart 5, item A, and at least one factor showing impaired conditions resulting from nutrient overenrichment under subpart 5, item B, D, E, F, or H; or

B. elevated levels of chlorophyll-a (periphyton) under subpart 5, item G.

**Subp. 5c. Impaired condition; navigational pools.** For navigational pools, a finding of impaired condition must be supported by data showing:

A. elevated levels of nutrients under subpart 5, item A; and

B. impaired conditions resulting from nutrient overenrichment under subpart 5, item B.

**Subp. 6. Impairment of biological community and aquatic habitat.** In evaluating whether the narrative standards in subpart 3, which prohibit serious impairment of the normal fisheries and lower aquatic biota upon which they are dependent and the use thereof, material alteration of the species composition, material degradation of stream beds, and the prevention or hindrance of the propagation and migration of fish and other biota normally present, are being met, the commissioner will consider all readily available and reliable data and information for the following factors of use impairment:

A. an index of biological integrity calculated from measurements of attributes of the resident fish community, including measurements of:

- (1) species diversity and composition;
- (2) feeding and reproduction characteristics; and
- (3) fish abundance and condition;

B. an index of biological integrity calculated from measurements of attributes of the resident aquatic invertebrate community, including measurements of:

- (1) species diversity and composition;
- (2) feeding characteristics; and
- (3) species abundance and condition;

C. an index of biological integrity calculated from measurements of attributes of the resident aquatic plant community, including measurements of:

- (1) species diversity and composition, including algae; and
- (2) species abundance and condition;

D. a quantitative or qualitative assessment of habitat quality, determined by an assessment of:

- (1) stream morphological features that provide spawning, nursery, and refuge areas for fish and invertebrates;
- (2) bottom substrate size and variety;
- (3) variations in water depth;
- (4) sinuosity of the stream course;
- (5) physical or hydrological alterations of the stream bed including excessive sedimentation;
- (6) types of land use in the watershed; and
- (7) other scientifically accepted and valid factors of habitat quality; and

E. any other scientifically objective, credible, and supportable factors.

A finding of an impaired condition must be supported by data for the factors listed in at least one of items A to C. The biological quality of any given surface water body will be assessed by comparison to the biological conditions determined for a set of reference water bodies which best represents the most natural condition for that surface water body type within a geographic region.

Subp. 7. **Impairment of waters relating to fish for human consumption.** In evaluating whether the narrative standards in subpart 3, which prevent harmful pesticide or other residues in aquatic flora or fauna, are being met, the commissioner will use the residue levels in fish muscle tissue established by the Minnesota Department of Health to identify surface waters supporting fish for which the Minnesota Department of Health recommends a reduced frequency of fish consumption for the protection of public health. A water body will be considered impaired when the recommended consumption frequency is less than one meal per week, such as one meal per month, for any member of the population. That is, a water body will not be considered impaired if the recommended consumption frequency is one meal per week, or any less restrictive recommendation such as two meals per week, for all members of the population. The impaired condition must be supported with measured data on the contaminant levels in the indigenous fish.

Subp. 8. **Determination of compliance.** In making tests or analyses of the waters of the state, sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes to determine compliance with the standards and water quality condition, samples shall be collected in a manner and place, and of such type, number, and frequency as may be considered necessary by the agency from the viewpoint of adequately reflecting the condition of the waters, the composition of the effluents, and the effects of the pollutants upon the specified uses. The samples shall be collected, preserved, and analyzed following accepted quality control and quality assurance methods, and according to the procedures in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 136. The agency may accept or may develop other methods, procedures, guidelines, or criteria for collecting and analyzing samples and measuring water quality characteristics. The commissioner will retain a record of all impairment decisions using the factors in this part, including all supporting data, for a minimum of eight years.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44; L 2005 1Sp1 art 2 s 151*

**History:** *9 SR 913; 15 SR 1057; 18 SR 2195; 27 SR 1217; 31 SR 1168; 32 SR 1699; 39 SR 154*

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**7050.0160** [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

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**7050.0170 NATURAL WATER QUALITY.**

The waters of the state may, in a natural condition, have water quality characteristics or chemical concentrations approaching or exceeding the water quality standards. Natural conditions exist where there is no discernible impact from point or nonpoint source pollutants attributable to human activity or from a physical alteration of wetlands. Natural background levels are defined by water quality monitoring. Where water quality monitoring data are not available, background levels can be predicted based on data from a watershed with similar characteristics.

Where natural background levels do not exceed applicable standards, the addition of pollutants from human activity and resulting point or nonpoint source discharges shall be limited such that, in total, the natural background levels and the additions from human activity shall not exceed the standards. When reasonable justification exists to preserve the higher natural quality of a water resource, the commissioner may use the natural background levels that are lower than the applicable site-specific standards to control the addition of the same pollutants from human activity. The reasonable justification must meet the requirements under parts 7050.0180 and 7050.0185.

Where background levels exceed applicable standards, the background levels may be used as the standards for controlling the addition of the same pollutants from point or nonpoint source discharges in place of the standards.

In the adoption of standards for individual waters of the state, the agency will be guided by the standards herein but may make reasonable modifications of the same on the basis of evidence brought forth at a public hearing if it is shown to be desirable and in the public interest to do so in order to encourage the best use of the waters of the state or the lands bordering such waters.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 913; 12 SR 1810; 18 SR 2195*

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#### **7050.0180 NONDEGRADATION FOR OUTSTANDING RESOURCE VALUE WATERS.**

Subpart 1. **Policy.** The agency recognizes that the maintenance of existing high quality in some waters of outstanding resource value to the state is essential to their function as exceptional recreational, cultural, aesthetic, or scientific resources. To preserve the value of these special waters, the agency will prohibit or stringently control new or expanded discharges from either point or nonpoint sources to outstanding resource value waters.

Subp. 2. **Definitions.** For the purpose of this part, the following terms have the meanings given them:

A. "Outstanding resource value waters" are waters within the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness, Voyageur's National Park, and Department of Natural Resources designated scientific and natural areas, wild, scenic, and recreational river segments, Lake Superior, those portions of the Mississippi River from Lake Itasca to the southerly boundary of Morrison County that are included in the Mississippi Headwaters Board comprehensive plan dated February 12, 1981, and other waters of the state with high water quality, wilderness characteristics, unique scientific or ecological significance, exceptional recreational value, or other special qualities which warrant stringent protection from pollution.

B. "New discharge" means a discharge that was not in existence on the effective date the outstanding resource value water was designated as described in parts 7050.0460 and 7050.0470.

C. "Expanded discharge" means, except as noted in this item, a discharge that changes in volume, quality, location, or any other manner after the effective date the outstanding resource value water was designated as described in parts 7050.0460 and 7050.0470, such that an increased loading of one or more pollutants results. In determining whether an increased loading of one or more pollutants would result from the proposed change in the discharge, the agency shall compare the loading that would result from the proposed discharge with the loading allowed by the agency as of the effective date of outstanding resource value water designation. This definition does not apply to the discharge of bioaccumulative chemicals of concern, as defined in part 7052.0010, subpart 4, to outstanding resource value waters in the Lake Superior Basin. For purposes of part 7050.0180, an expanded discharge of a bioaccumulative chemical of concern to an outstanding resource value water in the Lake Superior Basin is defined in part 7052.0010, subpart 18.

Subp. 3. **Prohibited discharges.** No person may cause or allow a new or expanded discharge of any sewage, industrial waste, or other waste to waters within the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness; those portions of Lake Superior north of latitude 47 degrees, 57 minutes, 13 seconds, east of Hat Point, south of the Minnesota-Ontario boundary, and west of the Minnesota-Michigan boundary; Voyageur's National Park; or Department of Natural Resources designated scientific and natural areas; or to federal or state wild river segments.

Subp. 4. **DNR designated scientific and natural areas.** Department of Natural Resources designated scientific and natural areas include but are not limited to:

A. Boot Lake, Anoka County;

B. Kettle River in sections 15, 22, 23, T 41 N, R 20, Pine County;

- C. Pennington Bog, Beltrami County;
- D. Purvis Lake-Ober Foundation, Saint Louis County;
- E. Waters within the borders of Itasca Wilderness Sanctuary, Clearwater County;
- F. Iron Springs Bog, Clearwater County;
- G. Wolsfeld Woods, Hennepin County;
- H. Green Water Lake, Becker County;
- I. Blackdog Preserve, Dakota County;
- J. Prairie Bush Clover, Jackson County;
- K. Black Lake Bog, Pine County;
- L. Pembina Trail Preserve, Polk County; and
- M. Falls Creek, Washington County.

Subp. 5. **State designated wild river segments.** State designated wild river segments include but are not limited to:

- A. Kettle River from the site of the former dam at Sandstone to its confluence with the Saint Croix River;
- B. Rum River from Ogechie Lake spillway to the northernmost confluence with Lake Onamia.

Subp. 6. **Restricted discharges.** No person may cause or allow a new or expanded discharge of any sewage, industrial waste, or other waste to any of the following waters unless there is not a prudent and feasible alternative to the discharge:

- A. Lake Superior, except those portions identified in subpart 3 as a prohibited discharges zone;
- B. those portions of the Mississippi River from Lake Itasca to the southerly boundary of Morrison County that are included in the Mississippi Headwaters Board comprehensive plan dated February 12, 1981;
- C. lake trout lakes, both existing and potential, as determined by the agency in conjunction with the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, outside the boundaries of the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness and Voyageurs National Park and identified in parts 7050.0460 to 7050.0470;
- D. federal or state designated scenic or recreational river segments; and
- E. calcareous fens identified in subpart 6b.

If a new or expanded discharge to these waters is permitted, the agency shall restrict the discharge to the extent necessary to preserve the existing high quality, or to preserve the wilderness, scientific, recreational, or other special characteristics that make the water an outstanding resource value water.

Subp. 6a. **Federal or state designated scenic or recreational river segments.** Waters with a federal or state scenic or recreational designation include but are not limited to:

- A. Saint Croix River, entire length;
- B. Cannon River from northern city limits of Faribault to its confluence with the Mississippi River;
- C. North Fork of the Crow River from Lake Koronis outlet to the Meeker-Wright county line;

- D. Kettle River from north Pine County line to the site of the former dam at Sandstone;
- E. Minnesota River from Lac qui Parle dam to Redwood County State-Aid highway 11;
- F. Mississippi River from County State-Aid Highway 7 bridge in Saint Cloud to northwestern city limits of Anoka; and
- G. Rum River from State Highway 27 bridge in Onamia to Madison and Rice Streets in Anoka.

Subp. 6b. **Calcareous fens.** The following calcareous fens are designated outstanding resource value waters:

- A. Becker County: Spring Creek WMA NHR fen, 34 (T.142, R.42, S.13);
- B. Carver County: Seminary fen, 75 (T.116, R.23, S.35);
- C. Clay County:
  - (1) Barnesville Moraine fen, 44 (T.137, R.44, S.18);
  - (2) Barnesville WMA fen, 10 (T.137, R.45, S.1);
  - (3) Barnesville WMA fen, 43 (T.137, R.44, S.18);
  - (4) Felton Prairie fen, 28 (T.142, R.46, S.36);
  - (5) Felton Prairie fen, 36 (T.141, R.46, S.13);
  - (6) Felton Prairie fen, 48 (T.142, R.45, S.31);
  - (7) Felton Prairie fen, 53 (T.141, R.46, S.24);
  - (8) Haugtvedt WPA North Unit fen, 54 (T.137, R.44, S.28, 29); and
  - (9) Spring Prairie fen, 37 (T.140, R.46, S.11);
- D. Clearwater County: Clearbrook fen, 61 (T.149, R.37, S.17);
- E. Dakota County:
  - (1) Black Dog Preserve fen, 63 (T.27, R.24, S.34);
  - (2) Fort Snelling State Park fen, 25 (T.27, R.23, S.4); and
  - (3) Nicols Meadow fen, 24 (T.27, R.23, S.18);
- F. Goodhue County:
  - (1) Holden 1 West fen, 3 (T.110, R.18, S.1);
  - (2) Perched Valley Wetlands fen, 2 (T.112, R.13, S.8); and
  - (3) Red Wing fen, 72 (T.113, R.15, S.21);
- G. Houston County: Houston fen, 62 (T.104, R.6, S.26);
- H. Jackson County:
  - (1) Heron Lake fen, 45 (T.103, R.36, S.29); and
  - (2) Thompson Prairie fen, 20 (T.103, R.35, S.7);
- I. Le Sueur County:
  - (1) Ottawa Bluff fen, 56 (T.110, R.26, S.3);

- (2) Ottawa WMA fen, 7 (T.110, R.26, S.11); and
- (3) Ottawa WMA fen, 60 (T.110, R.26, S.14);
- J. Lincoln County: Hole-in-the-Mountain Prairie fen, 6; Pipestone (T.108, R.46, S.1; T.109, R.45, S.31);
- K. Mahnomen County: Waubun WMA fen, 11 (T.143, R.42, S.25);
- L. Marshall County:
  - (1) Tamarac River fen, 71 (T.157, R.46, S.2);
  - (2) Viking fen, 68 (T.155, R.45, S.18);
  - (3) Viking fen, 70 (T.155, R.45, S.20); and
  - (4) Viking Strip fen, 69 (T.154, R.45, S.4);
- M. Martin County: Perch Creek WMA fen, 33 (T.104, R.30, S.7);
- N. Murray County: Lost Timber Prairie fen, 13 (T.105, R.43, S.2);
- O. Nicollet County:
  - (1) Fort Ridgely fen, 21 (T.111, R.32, S.6); and
  - (2) Le Sueur fen, 32 (T.111, R.26, S.16);
- P. Nobles County: Westside fen, 59 (T.102, R.43, S.11);
- Q. Norman County:
  - (1) Agassiz-Olson WMA fen, 17 (T.146, R.45, S.22);
  - (2) Faith Prairie fen, 15 (T.144, R.43, S.26);
  - (3) Faith Prairie fen, 16 (T.144, R.43, S.35);
  - (4) Faith Prairie fen, 27 (T.144, R.43, S.25); and
  - (5) Green Meadow fen, 14 (T.145, R.45, S.35, 36);
- R. Olmsted County:
  - (1) High Forest fen, 12 (T.105, R.14, S.14, 15); and
  - (2) Nelson WMA fen, 5 (T.105, R.15, S.16);
- S. Pennington County:
  - (1) Sanders East fen, 65 (T.153, R.44, S.7);
  - (2) Sanders East fen, 74 (T.153, R.44, S.7); and
  - (3) Sanders fen, 64 (T.153, R.44, S.18, 19);
- T. Pipestone County:
  - (1) Burke WMA fen, 57 (T.106, R.44, S.28); and
  - (2) Hole-in-the-Mountain Prairie fen, 6 (see Lincoln County, item J);
- U. Polk County:
  - (1) Chicog Prairie fen, 39 (T.148, R.45, S.28);

- (2) Chicog Prairie fen, 40 (T.148, R.45, S.33);
- (3) Chicog Prairie fen, 41 (T.148, R.45, S.20, 29);
- (4) Chicog Prairie fen, 42 (T.148, R.45, S.33);
- (5) Kittleson Creek Mire fen, 55 (T.147, R.44, S.6, 7);
- (6) Tympanuchus Prairie fen, 26 (T.149, R.45, S.17); and
- (7) Tympanuchus Prairie fen, 38 (T.149, R.45, S.16);

V. Pope County:

- (1) Blue Mounds fen, 1 (T.124, R.39, S.14, 15);
- (2) Lake Johanna fen, 4 (T.123, R.36, S.29); and
- (3) Ordway Prairie fen, 35 (T.123, R.36, S.30);

W. Redwood County:

- (1) Swedes Forest fen, 8 (T.114, R.37, S.19, 20); and
- (2) Swedes Forest fen, 9 (T.114, R.37, S.22, 27);

X. Rice County:

- (1) Cannon River Wilderness Area fen, 18 (T.111, R.20, S.34); and
- (2) Cannon River Wilderness Area fen, 73 (T.111, R.20, S.22);

Y. Scott County:

- (1) Savage fen, 22 (T.115, R.21, S.17);
- (2) Savage fen, 66 (T.115, R.21, S.16); and
- (3) Savage fen, 67 (T.115, R.21, S.17);

Z. Wilkin County:

- (1) Anna Gronseth Prairie fen, 47 (T.134, R.45, S.15);
- (2) Anna Gronseth Prairie fen, 49 (T.134, R.45, S.10);
- (3) Anna Gronseth Prairie fen, 52 (T.134, R.45, S.4);
- (4) Rothsay Prairie fen, 46 (T.136, R.45, S.33);
- (5) Rothsay Prairie fen, 50 (T.135, R.45, S.15, 16); and
- (6) Rothsay Prairie fen, 51 (T.135, R.45, S.9);

AA. Winona County: Wiscoy fen, 58 (T.105, R.7, S.15); and

BB. Yellow Medicine County:

- (1) Sioux Nation WMA NHR fen, 29 (T.114, R.46, S.17); and
- (2) Yellow Medicine fen, 30 (T.115, R.46, S.18).

Subp. 7. **Unlisted outstanding resource value waters.** The agency shall prohibit or stringently control new or expanded discharges to outstanding resource value waters not specified in subparts 3 to 6b to the extent that this stringent protection is necessary to preserve the existing high quality, or to preserve



the wilderness, scientific, recreational, or other special characteristics that make the water an outstanding resource value water.

Subp. 8. **Public hearing.** The agency shall provide an opportunity for a hearing before identifying and establishing additional outstanding resource value waters, before determining the existence or lack of prudent and feasible alternatives under subpart 6, and before prohibiting or restricting new or expanded discharges to outstanding resource value waters under subparts 3, 6, 6a, 6b, and 7.

Subp. 9. **Impact from upstream discharges.** The agency shall require new or expanded discharges to waters that flow into outstanding resource value waters be controlled so as to assure no deterioration in the quality of the downstream outstanding resource value water.

Subp. 10. **Thermal discharges.** If a thermal discharge causes potential water quality impairment, the agency shall implement the nondegradation policy consistent with section 316 of the Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 1326.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 913; 12 SR 1810; 15 SR 1057; 18 SR 2195; 22 SR 1466*

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#### **7050.0185 NONDEGRADATION FOR ALL WATERS.**

Subpart 1. **Policy.** The beneficial uses inherent in water resources are valuable public resources. It is the policy of the state to protect all waters from significant degradation from point and nonpoint sources and wetland alterations and to maintain existing water uses and aquatic and wetland habitats. Existing beneficial uses and the water quality necessary to protect the existing uses must be maintained and protected from point and nonpoint sources of pollution.

It is the policy of the agency that water quality conditions that are better than applicable water quality standards and are better than levels necessary to support existing beneficial uses must be maintained and protected unless the commissioner finds that, after full satisfaction of this part, a lowering of water quality is acceptable. In allowing a lowering of water quality, the existing beneficial uses must be fully maintained and protected and the provisions in subpart 3 must be applied.

Subp. 2. **Definitions.** For the purpose of this part, the following terms have the meanings given them:

- A. "New discharge" means a discharge that was not in existence before January 1, 1988.
- B. "Expanded discharge" means a discharge that changes in volume, quality, location, or any other manner after January 1, 1988, such that an increased loading of one or more pollutants results. In determining whether an increased loading of one or more pollutants would result from the proposed change in discharge, the agency shall compare the loading that would result from the proposed discharge with the loading allowed by the agency on January 1, 1988.
- C. "Baseline quality" means the quality consistently attained by January 1, 1988.
- D. "Existing" means in existence before January 1, 1988.
- E. "Economic or social development" means the jobs, taxes, recreational opportunities, and other impacts on the public at large that will result from a new or expanded discharge.

F. "Toxic pollutant" means a pollutant listed as toxic under section 307(a)(1) of the Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 1317(a)(1), or as defined by Minnesota Statutes, section 115.01, subdivision 20.

G. "Significant discharge" means:

(1) a new discharge of sewage, industrial, or other wastes greater than 200,000 gallons per day to any water other than a class 7, limited resource value water; or

(2) an expanded discharge of sewage, industrial, or other wastes that expands by more than 200,000 gallons per day and that discharges to any water other than a class 7, limited resource value water; or

(3) a new or expanded discharge containing any toxic pollutant at a mass loading rate likely to increase the concentration of the toxicant in the receiving water by greater than one percent over the baseline quality. This determination shall be made using:

(a) data collected from the receiving water or from a water representative of the receiving water;

(b) the entire  $7Q_{10}$  flow of the receiving water as defined in part 7050.0130, subpart 3; and

(c) a mass balance equation that treats all toxic pollutants as conservative substances.

Subp. 3. **Minimum treatment.** Any person authorized to maintain a new or expanded discharge of sewage, industrial waste, or other waste, whether or not the discharge is significant, shall comply with applicable water quality standards of this chapter and effluent limits in chapter 7053 and other applicable federal and state point source treatment requirements. Nonpoint sources of pollution shall be controlled as required by this chapter, chapters 7020 and 7080, and any other applicable federal or state requirements. All existing beneficial uses shall be maintained in the receiving waters.

Subp. 4. **Additional requirements for significant discharges.** If a person proposes a new or expanded significant discharge from either a point or nonpoint source, the agency shall determine whether additional control measures beyond those required by subpart 3 can reasonably be taken to minimize the impact of the discharge on the receiving water. In making the decision, the agency shall consider the importance of economic and social development impacts of the project, the impact of the discharge on the quality of the receiving water, the characteristics of the receiving water, the cumulative impacts of all new or expanded discharges on the receiving water, the costs of additional treatment beyond what is required in subpart 3, and other matters as shall be brought to the agency's attention.

Subp. 5. **Determination of significance.** A person proposing a new or expanded discharge of sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes shall submit to the commissioner the information required to determine whether the discharge is significant under subpart 2. If the discharge is sewage, the flow rate used to determine significance under this part is the design average wet weather flow for the wettest 30-day period. For discharges of industrial and other wastes, the flow rate to be used is the design maximum daily flow rate. In determining the significance of a discharge to a lake or other nonflowing receiving water, a mixing zone may be established under the guidelines of part 7050.0210, subpart 5.

Subp. 6. **Baseline quality.** If an existing discharge to a water of the state is eliminated or significantly reduced, baseline quality for purposes of this part shall be adjusted to account for the water quality impact associated with that particular discharge.

If no data are available to determine baseline quality or the data collected after January 1, 1988, are of better quality, then the commissioner shall authorize the use of data collected after January 1, 1988. If no data are available, the person proposing the discharge may collect new data in accordance with agency protocols.

Subp. 7. **Incremental expansions.** If a new or expanded discharge is proposed in increments, the increments must be added together to determine whether the discharge is a significant discharge. Once the criteria for a significant discharge are satisfied by adding together the increments, the requirements of this part shall apply to the discharge.

Subp. 8. **Determination of reasonable control measures for significant discharges.** The person proposing a new or expanded significant discharge of sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes shall submit to the commissioner information pertinent to those factors specified in subpart 4 for determining whether and what additional control measures are reasonable.

The commissioner shall provide notice and an opportunity for a public hearing in accordance with the permit requirements in chapter 7001 before establishing reasonable control requirements for a new or expanded significant discharge.

Subp. 9. **Physical alterations of wetlands.** The permit or certification applicant shall comply with part 7050.0186 if there is a proposed physical alteration that has the potential for a significant adverse impact to a designated use of a wetland and that is associated with a project that requires a national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) permit, a 401 certification under parts 7001.1400 to 7001.1470, or a state disposal system permit.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *12 SR 1810; 15 SR 1057; 18 SR 614; 18 SR 2195; 22 SR 1466; 24 SR 1105; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

## **7050.0186 WETLAND STANDARDS AND MITIGATION.**

Subpart 1. **Policy and wetland beneficial uses.** It is the policy of the state to protect wetlands and prevent significant adverse impacts on wetland beneficial uses caused by chemical, physical, biological, or radiological changes. The quality of wetlands shall be maintained to permit the propagation and maintenance of a healthy community of aquatic and terrestrial species indigenous to wetlands, preserve wildlife habitat, and support biological diversity of the landscape. In addition, these waters shall be suitable for boating and other forms of aquatic recreation as specified in part 7050.0222, subpart 6; general industrial use as specified in part 7050.0223, subpart 5; irrigation, use by wildlife and livestock, erosion control, groundwater recharge, low flow augmentation, storm water retention, and stream sedimentation as specified in part 7050.0224, subpart 4; and aesthetic enjoyment as specified in part 7050.0225, subpart 2.

### Subp. 1a. **Definitions.**

A. "Physical alteration" means the dredging, filling, draining, or permanent inundating of a wetland. Restoring a degraded wetland by reestablishing its hydrology is not a physical alteration.

B. "Wetlands" are those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps,

marshes, bogs, and similar areas. Constructed wetlands designed for wastewater treatment are not waters of the state. Wetlands must have the following attributes:

- (1) a predominance of hydric soils;
- (2) inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in a saturated soil condition; and
- (3) under normal circumstances, support a prevalence of such vegetation.

Subp. 1b. **Wetland pollution prohibited.** Wetland conditions shall be protected from chemical, physical, biological, or radiological changes to prevent significant adverse impacts to the designated beneficial uses listed in subpart 1. The nondegradation provisions in this chapter are applicable to wetlands.

Subp. 2. **Wetland mitigation principles.** The wetland mitigative sequence incorporates the principles in items A to C in descending order of priority. Wetland mitigation maintains nondegradation of wetland designated uses:

- A. avoid the impact altogether by not taking a certain action or parts of an action;
- B. minimize the impact by limiting the degree or magnitude of the action and its implementation, and by taking affirmative actions to rectify the impact and reduce or eliminate the impact over time; and
- C. mitigate the unavoidable impact to the designated uses of a wetland by compensation. Compensatory mitigation shall be accomplished in the following descending order of priority of replacement:
  - (1) restoration of a previously diminished wetland; and
  - (2) creation of a wetland.

Subp. 3. **Determination of wetland dependency.** A project is wetland dependent if wetland designated uses are essential to fulfill the basic purpose of the project. A wetland dependent project is exempt from subpart 4, but will follow the remainder of the mitigation sequence. Where the proposed project is not wetland dependent, the wetland mitigation sequence in subpart 2 must be followed.

Subp. 4. **Impact avoidance.** No person may cause or allow a physical alteration which has the potential for a significant adverse impact on one or more designated uses of a wetland, unless there is not a prudent and feasible alternative that would avoid impacts to the designated uses of the wetland.

A. Prudent and feasible alternatives that do not involve wetlands are presumed to be available unless clearly demonstrated otherwise by the permit or certification applicant.

B. If no prudent and feasible alternative is available for avoidance, potential significant adverse impacts to the designated uses of the wetland shall be minimized in compliance with subpart 5.

Subp. 5. **Impact minimization.**

A. The permit or certification applicant shall implement actions to minimize potential significant adverse impacts of the physical alteration.

B. In evaluating the applicant's actions to minimize impacts, the agency shall consider:

- (1) the spatial requirements of the project;

- (2) the location of existing structural or natural features that may dictate the placement or configuration of the project;
- (3) the purpose of the project and how the purpose relates to placement, configuration, or density;
- (4) the sensitivity of the site design to the natural features of the site, including topography, hydrology, and existing vegetation;
- (5) the designated uses and spatial distribution of the wetlands on the site;
- (6) individual and cumulative impacts; and
- (7) the applicable minimization activities identified in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 230, subpart H, as amended.

C. If the potential for significant adverse impacts on designated uses remains after all actions to minimize the impacts have been incorporated into the proposed project, unavoidable impacts shall be compensated for in compliance with subpart 6.

Subp. 6. **Impact compensation.** The permit or certification applicant shall provide compensatory mitigation for unavoidable impacts on the designated uses of the wetland in accordance with this subpart.

A. Compensatory mitigation must be sufficient to ensure replacement of the diminished or lost designated uses of the wetland that was physically altered.

B. Compensatory mitigation shall be accomplished in the following descending order of priority of replacement:

- (1) restoration of a previously diminished wetland; and
- (2) creation of a wetland.

C. If compensatory mitigation is accomplished by restoration or creation, the replacement wetland shall be of the same type and in the same watershed as the impacted wetland, to the extent prudent and feasible.

D. Compensatory mitigation shall be completed before or concurrent with the actual physical alteration of the wetland affected by the proposed project to the extent prudent and feasible.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *18 SR 2195; 32 SR 1699*

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#### **7050.0190 VARIANCE FROM STANDARDS.**

Subpart 1. **Variance.** In any case where, upon application of the responsible person or persons, the agency finds that by reason of exceptional circumstances the strict enforcement of any provision of these standards would cause undue hardship, that disposal of the sewage, industrial waste, or other waste is necessary for the public health, safety, or welfare; and that strict conformity with the standards would be unreasonable, impractical, or not feasible under the circumstances; the agency in its discretion may grant a variance therefrom upon such conditions as it may prescribe for prevention, control, or abatement of pollution in harmony with the general purposes of these classifications and standards and the intent of the

applicable state and federal laws. The United States Environmental Protection Agency shall be advised of any variances that may be issued under this part together with information as to the need therefor.

Subp. 2. **Listing.** By October 1 each year, the commissioner shall prepare a list of the variances in effect granted by the agency under this part. The list must be available for public inspection and must be provided to the United States Environmental Protection Agency. The list must identify the person granted the variance, the rule from which the variance was granted, the water affected, the year granted, and any restrictions that apply in lieu of the rule requirement.

Subp. 3. **Review.** Variances from water quality standards granted by the agency under this part shall be subject to agency and public review at least every three years. Variances from discharge effluent limits and treatment requirements are granted by the agency under parts 7000.7000 and 7053.0195. Variances may be modified or suspended under the procedures in part 7000.7000.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 913; 12 SR 1810; 19 SR 1310; 32 SR 1699*

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**7050.0200** [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

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## **7050.0210 GENERAL STANDARDS FOR WATERS OF THE STATE.**

Subpart 1. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

Subp. 2. **Nuisance conditions prohibited.** No sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes shall be discharged from either point or nonpoint sources into any waters of the state so as to cause any nuisance conditions, such as the presence of significant amounts of floating solids, scum, visible oil film, excessive suspended solids, material discoloration, obnoxious odors, gas ebullition, deleterious sludge deposits, undesirable slimes or fungus growths, aquatic habitat degradation, excessive growths of aquatic plants, or other offensive or harmful effects.

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

Subp. 4. **Highest levels of water quality.** The highest levels of water quality, including, but not limited to, dissolved oxygen, that are attainable in the waters of the state by continuous operation at the maximum capability of all primary and secondary units of treatment works or their equivalent, discharging effluents into the waters of the state, must be maintained in order to enhance conditions for the specified uses.

Subp. 5. **Mixing zones.** Reasonable allowance will be made for dilution of the effluents, which are in compliance with this chapter and chapter 7053, as applicable, following discharge into waters of the state. The agency, by allowing dilution, will consider the effect on all uses of the waters of the state into which the effluents are discharged. The extent of dilution allowed regarding any specific discharge as specified in part 7053.0205, subpart 7, shall not violate the applicable water quality standards in this chapter and chapter 7052, including the nondegradation requirements contained in those chapters. This subpart also applies in cases where a Class 7 water is tributary to a Class 2 water.

Mixing zones must be established by the agency on an individual basis, with primary consideration being given to the following guidelines:

- A. mixing zones in rivers shall permit an acceptable passageway for the movement of fish;
- B. the total mixing zone or zones at any transect of the stream should contain no more than 25 percent of the cross sectional area and/or volume of flow of the stream, and should not extend over more than 50 percent of the width;
- C. mixing zone characteristics shall not be lethal to aquatic organisms;
- D. for contaminants other than heat, the FAV, as defined in part 7050.0218, subpart 3, item O, for toxic pollutants should not be exceeded as a one-day mean concentration at any point in the mixing zone;
- E. mixing zones should be as small as possible, and not intersect spawning or nursery areas, migratory routes, water intakes, nor mouths of rivers; and
- F. overlapping of mixing zones should be minimized and measures taken to prevent adverse synergistic effects.

Subp. 6. [Renumbered 7050.0211, subpart 1]

Subp. 6a. [Renumbered 7050.0211, subpart 2]

Subp. 6b. [Renumbered 7050.0211, subpart 3]

Subp. 6c. **Other requirements preserved.** The requirements of this chapter are in addition to any requirement imposed by the Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, sections 1251 et seq., and its implementing regulations. In the case of a conflict between the requirements of this chapter and the requirements of the Clean Water Act or its implementing regulations, the more stringent requirement controls.

Subp. 7. **Minimum stream flow.** Point and nonpoint sources of water pollution shall be controlled so that the water quality standards will be maintained at all stream flows that are equal to or greater than the  $7Q_{10}$  for the critical month or months, unless another flow condition is specifically stated as applicable in this chapter.

Subp. 8. [Renumbered 7050.0213]

Subp. 9. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

Subp. 10. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

Subp. 11. [Repealed, 12 SR 1810]

Subp. 12. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

Subp. 13. **Pollution prohibited.** No sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes shall be discharged from either a point or a nonpoint source into the waters of the state in such quantity or in such manner alone or in combination with other substances as to cause pollution as defined by law. In any case where the waters of the state into which sewage, industrial waste, or other waste effluents discharge are assigned different standards than the waters of the state into which the receiving waters flow, the standards applicable to the waters into which the sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes discharged shall be supplemented by the following:

The quality of any waters of the state receiving sewage, industrial waste, or other waste effluents shall be such that no violation of the standards of any waters of the state in any other class shall occur by reason of the discharge of the sewage, industrial waste, or other waste effluents.

Subp. 13a. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

Subp. 14. [Repealed, 15 SR 1057]

Subp. 15. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

Subp. 16. [Renumbered 7050.0214]

Subp. 17. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

Subp. 18. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 913; 9 SR 2756; L 1987 c 186 s 15; 12 SR 1810; 15 SR 1057; 18 SR 614; 18 SR 2195; 22 SR 1466; 24 SR 1105; 27 SR 1217; 32 SR 1699*

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**7050.0216** [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

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**7050.0217 OBJECTIVES FOR PROTECTION OF SURFACE WATERS FROM TOXIC POLLUTANTS.**

Subpart 1. **Purpose and applicability.** The purpose of this part and part 7050.0218 is to establish methods for developing site-specific water quality criteria for toxic pollutants in the absence of numeric standards listed in parts 7050.0220, 7050.0222, and 7050.0227. The site-specific numeric criteria established by these methods protect Class 2 waters for the propagation and maintenance of fish and aquatic life, the consumption of fish and edible aquatic life by humans, the use of surface waters for public and private domestic consumption where applicable, and the consumption of aquatic organisms by wildlife. These criteria also protect the uses assigned to Class 7, limited resource value, waters as described in parts 7050.0140 and 7050.0227.



Subp. 2. **Objectives.** Protection of the aquatic community from the toxic effects of pollutants means the protection of no less than 95 percent of all the species in any aquatic community. Greater protection may be applied to a community if economically, recreationally, or ecologically important species are very sensitive.

Protection of human consumers of fish, other edible aquatic organisms, and water for drinking from surface waters means that exposure from noncarcinogenic chemicals shall be below levels expected to produce known adverse effects; and the incremental cancer risk from exposure to carcinogenic chemicals, singly or in mixtures, shall not exceed one in 100,000. The combined risk from mixtures of carcinogens will be determined as described in part 7050.0222, subpart 7, item D.

Protection of wildlife that eat aquatic organisms means the protection of the most sensitive wildlife species or populations. Greater protection may be applied if the exposed animals include endangered or threatened wildlife species listed in chapter 6134, or in Code of Federal Regulations, title 50, part 17, under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, United States Code, title 16, sections 1531 to 1543.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *15 SR 1057; 18 SR 2195; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

#### **7050.0218 METHODS FOR DETERMINATION OF CRITERIA FOR TOXIC POLLUTANTS, FOR WHICH NUMERIC STANDARDS NOT PROMULGATED.**

Subpart 1. **Purpose.** The Class 2 and Class 7 numeric water quality standards for toxic pollutants in parts 7050.0220, 7050.0222, and 7050.0227 do not address all pollutants which may be discharged to surface waters and cause toxic effects. Therefore, methods are established in this part to address on a site-by-site and case-by-case basis the discharge into surface waters of toxic pollutants not listed in parts 7050.0220, 7050.0222, and 7050.0227.

The agency may also adopt new standards according to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14, to replace those listed in parts 7050.0220 to 7050.0227 that are more stringent or less stringent if new scientific evidence shows that a change in the standard is justified.

Subp. 2. **Site-specific criteria.** Class 2 and Class 7 site-specific criteria for toxic pollutants shall be derived by the commissioner using the procedures in this part.

A. A site-specific criterion so derived is specific to the point source being addressed. Any effluent limitation derived from a site-specific criterion under this subpart shall only be required after the discharger has been given notice of the specific proposed effluent limitations and an opportunity to request a hearing as provided in part 7000.1800.

B. A site-specific criterion so derived for remedial action cleanup activities is specific to the affected surface water body.

Subp. 3. **Definitions.** For the purposes of parts 7050.0217 to 7050.0227, the following terms have the meanings given them.

A. "Acute-chronic ratio" or "ACR" means the ratio of the acute toxicity, expressed as a LC50 or EC50, of a toxicant to its chronic toxicity expressed as the chronic value. The ACR is used as a factor for estimating chronic toxicity on the basis of acute toxicity.

B. "Acute toxicity" means a stimulus severe enough to rapidly induce a response. In toxicity tests, a response is normally observed in 96 hours or less. Acute effects are often measured in terms of mortality or other debilitating effects, represented as LC50s or EC50s, and expressed as concentrations of mass per unit volume, percent effluent, or toxic units.

C. "Available scientific data" means information derived from scientific literature including: published literature in peer reviewed scientific journals, USEPA ambient water quality criteria documents, and other reports or documents published by the USEPA or other governmental agencies.

D. "Bioaccumulation factor" or "BAF" means the concentration of a pollutant in one or more tissues of an aquatic organism, exposed from any source of the pollutant but primarily from the water column, diet, and bottom sediments, divided by the average concentration in the solution in which the organism had been living, under steady state conditions.

E. "Bioconcentration factor" or "BCF" means the concentration of a pollutant in one or more tissues of an aquatic organism, exposed only to the water as the source of the pollutant, divided by the average concentration in the solution in which the organism had been living, under steady state conditions.

F. "Cancer potency factor" or "ql\*" means a factor indicative of a chemical's human cancer causing potential. The ql\* is the upper 95 percent confidence limit (one-sided) of the slope from a linear nonthreshold dose-response model used by the USEPA to provide an upper bound estimate of incremental cancer risk. The ql\* assumes a lifetime exposure and is expressed in days times kilogram body weight per milligram toxicant (d x kg/mg).

G. "Chronic toxicity" means a stimulus that lingers or continues for a long period of time, often one-tenth the life span or more. A chronic effect can be mortality, reduced growth, reproduction impairment, harmful changes in behavior, and other nonlethal effects.

H. "Chronic criterion" or "CC" means the highest water concentration of a toxicant or effluent to which organisms, including humans or wildlife, can be exposed indefinitely without causing chronic toxicity. "CC<sub>df</sub>" means a chronic criterion based on protecting humans from exposure to the pollutant from both drinking water and eating sport-caught fish. "CC<sub>f</sub>" means a chronic criterion based on protecting humans from exposure to the pollutant from eating sport-caught fish only. "CC<sub>w</sub>" means a chronic criterion based on protecting wildlife from exposure to the pollutant from eating aquatic organisms.

I. "Chronic standard" or "CS" means the highest water concentration of a toxicant to which organisms can be exposed indefinitely without causing chronic toxicity. Chronic standards are listed in parts 7050.0220 and 7050.0222.

J. "Chronic value" means the geometric mean of the highest tested concentration that did not cause an unacceptable adverse effect and the lowest tested concentration that did cause an unacceptable adverse effect, and in which all higher test values cause an effect, in an approved chronic test.

K. "Cold water fisheries" means a community of fish including species of trout and salmon from the Salmonidae family that inhabit trout waters as defined in part 7050.0420.

L. "Criterion" means a number or numbers established for a pollutant derived under this part, or issued by the USEPA, to protect aquatic life, humans, or wildlife.

M. "Duration" means the time over which the instream concentration of a pollutant is averaged for comparison with the standard or criterion.

N. "Effect concentration" or "EC50" means the toxicant concentration that causes equilibrium loss, immobilization, mortality, or other debilitating effects in 50 percent of the exposed organisms during a specific time of observation.

O. "Final acute value" or "FAV" means an estimate of the concentration of a pollutant corresponding to the cumulative probability of 0.05 in the distribution of all the acute toxicity values for the genera or species from the acceptable acute toxicity tests conducted on a pollutant. The FAV is the acute toxicity limitation applied to mixing zones in part 7050.0210, subpart 5; and to dischargers in parts 7053.0215, subpart 1; 7053.0225, subpart 6; and 7053.0245, subpart 1.

P. "Genus mean acute value" or "GMAV" means the geometric mean of the SMAVs available for the genus.

Q. "Lethal concentration" or "LC50" means the toxicant concentration killing 50 percent of the exposed organisms in a specific time of observation.

R. "Lowest observable adverse effect level" or "LOAEL" means the lowest tested concentration that caused a statistically significant occurrence of an adverse effect in comparison with a control when all higher test concentrations caused adverse effects.

S. "Maximum criterion" or "MC" means the highest concentration of a toxicant in water to which aquatic organisms can be exposed for a brief time with zero to slight mortality. The MC equals the FAV divided by two.

T. "Maximum standard" or "MS" means the highest concentration of a toxicant in water to which aquatic organisms can be exposed for a brief time with zero to slight mortality. The MS equals the FAV divided by two. Maximum standards are listed in part 7050.0222.

U. "National methods" means the methods the USEPA uses to develop aquatic life criteria as described in Stephan, C.E., D.J. Mount, D.J. Hansen, J.H. Gentile, G.A. Chapman, and W.A. Brungs, 1985, "Guidelines for Deriving Numerical National Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Organisms and Their Uses," USEPA, Office of Research and Development, Environmental Research Laboratories, Duluth MN; Narragansett, RI, Corvallis, OR. 98 p; available through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA.

V. "No observable adverse effect level" or "NOAEL" means the highest tested concentration that did not cause a statistically significant occurrence of an adverse effect in comparison with a control when no lower test concentration caused an injurious or adverse effect.

W. "Octanol to water partition coefficient" or " $K_{ow}$ " means the ratio of the concentration of a substance in the octanol phase to its concentration in the aqueous phase of a two-phase octanol to water system after equilibrium of the substance between the two phases has been achieved. The  $\log_{10} K_{ow}$  has been shown to be proportional to the bioconcentration potential of lipophilic organic chemicals.

X. "Parachor" means the surface tension adjusted molar volume, and specifically is the molecular weight of a liquid times the fourth root of its surface tension, divided by the difference between the density of the liquid and the density of the vapor in equilibrium with it; essentially constant over wide ranges of temperature. Parachor relates to the physical properties of a molecule that affect its potential to bioaccumulate in aquatic organisms.

Y. "Percent effluent" means the representation of acute or chronic toxicity of an effluent as a percent of whole effluent mixed in dilution water, where acute toxicity is expressed by LC50s or EC50s and chronic toxicity is expressed by NOAELs.

Z. "Reference dose" or "RfD" means an estimate of a daily exposure to the human population, including sensitive subpopulations, that is likely to be without appreciable risk or deleterious effects over a lifetime. The RfD is expressed in units of daily dose, mg/kg/day.

AA. "Relative source contribution factor" or "RSC" means the fraction of the total allowable daily dose of a toxic pollutant that is attributed to drinking water and fish consumption relative to other sources of the pollutant to humans, such as air or food, in the calculation of criteria. In the absence of sufficient data to establish a chemical-specific RSC value, the RSC is 0.2.

BB. "Species mean acute value" or "SMAV" means the geometric mean of all the available and acceptable acute values for a species.

CC. "Standard" means a number or numbers established for a pollutant or water quality characteristic to protect a specified beneficial use as listed in parts 7050.0221 to 7050.0227. The standard for a toxic pollutant includes the CS, MS, and FAV. Some pollutants do not have an MS or an FAV due to insufficient data. For these pollutants, the CS alone is the standard.

DD. "Toxic pollutant" has the meaning given it in part 7050.0185, subpart 2, item F.

EE. "Toxic unit" means a measure of acute or chronic toxicity in an effluent. One acute toxic unit (TUa) is the reciprocal of the effluent concentration that causes 50 percent effect or mortality to organisms for acute exposures (100/LC50); one chronic toxic unit (TUc) is the reciprocal of the effluent concentration that causes no observable adverse effect level on test organisms for chronic exposures (100/NOAEL).

FF. "USEPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

GG. "Water quality characteristic" means a characteristic of natural waters, such as total hardness or pH. Some water quality characteristics can affect the toxicity of pollutants to aquatic organisms.

HH. "Whole effluent toxicity test" means the aggregate toxic effect of an effluent measured directly by a toxicity test. Effects on tested organisms are measured and expressed as toxic units or percent effluent for both acute and chronic whole effluent toxicity tests.

Subp. 4. **Adoption of USEPA national criteria.** The USEPA establishes aquatic life criteria under section 304(a)(1) of the Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 1314. The USEPA criteria, subject to modification as described in this subpart, are applicable to Class 2 waters of the state. The USEPA has described the national methods for developing aquatic life criteria in "Guidelines for Deriving Numerical National Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Organisms and Their Uses."

USEPA criteria that vary with an ambient water quality characteristic such as total hardness or pH will be established for specific waters or reaches using data available to the commissioner. Central values such as the means or medians for the characteristic will be used unless there is evidence to support using different values. Values for water quality characteristics can be estimated for specific waters or reaches that have no data by using data from a nearby watershed with similar chemical properties.

A. The USEPA criteria are adopted unchanged by the agency, unless modified under item C, as the criteria applicable to designated trout waters. Trout (Class 2A) waters are listed in parts 7050.0420 and 7050.0470.

B. The USEPA criteria are adopted, subject to modification as described in this item or item C, for application to cool and warm water fisheries habitats and wetlands. Cool and warm water fisheries

(Class 2Bd, 2B, and 2C) waters are defined in part 7050.0430 or listed in part 7050.0470. Wetlands (Class 2D) waters are defined in part 7050.0425 or listed in part 7050.0470.

(1) Acute data, in the form of the ranked genus mean acute values used by the USEPA to determine the national criteria, are the data used to determine the Class 2Bd, 2B, 2C, and 2D criteria.

(2) GMAVs for fish in the family Salmonidae are deleted from the lowest of the ranked GMAVs so that all of the lowest four GMAVs in the USEPA data set are for nonsalmonid species. Following these deletions, no other salmonid GMAVs are deleted. If none of the lowest four GMAVs in the USEPA data set are for salmonid species, no GMAVs are deleted. The minimum of eight GMAVs specified in the national methods must be met, except that nonsalmonid fish can take the place of the salmonid requirement if the prescribed deletions eliminate all salmonids from the national data set.

(3) The number of GMAVs in the USEPA criteria data set is reduced by the number of salmonid GMAVs deleted.

(4) The FAV is determined according to the national methods as follows:

(a) for each species for which one or more acute value is available, a SMAV is calculated as the geometric mean of all the acceptable acute values;

(b) for each genus for which one or more SMAV is available, a GMAV is calculated as the geometric mean of all the SMAVs;

(c) the GMAVs are ranked from the lowest to the highest;

(d) a rank is assigned to the GMAVs from "1" for the lowest to "N" for the highest, and if two or more GMAVs are identical, successive ranks are arbitrarily assigned;

(e) the cumulative probability (P) for each GMAV is calculated as rank/(N+1);

(f) the four GMAVs that have cumulative probabilities closest to 0.05 are selected, and if there are less than 59 GMAVs, these will always be the lowest four GMAVs; and

(g) using the selected GMAVs and their respective cumulative probabilities, calculate:

$$S^2 = \frac{\Sigma((\ln \text{GMAV})^2) - ((\Sigma(\ln \text{GMAV}))^2/4)}{\Sigma(P) - ((\Sigma(\text{square root of } P))^2/4)}$$

$$L = \frac{\Sigma(\ln \text{GMAV}) - S(\Sigma(\text{square root of } P))}{4}$$

$$A = S(\text{square root of } 0.05) + L$$

$$\text{FAV} = e^A$$

where: FAV = final acute value

N = number of GMAVs

P = rank/N+1

ln = natural logarithm to base e S,L, and A are intermediate steps

(5) If, as a result of the recalculation of the USEPA criterion for application to Class 2Bd, 2B, 2C, and 2D waters, the FAV for these water classes is lower than the FAV for Class 2A waters, the Class 2Bd, 2B, 2C, or 2D FAV will be changed to equal the Class 2A FAV, unless the lower Class 2Bd, 2B, 2C, or 2D FAV is justified based on the available toxicological data.

(6) The MC is the FAV divided by two.

(7) The CC is determined using the national methods. If sufficient chronic data is available to determine the CC directly from chronic values, salmonid chronic values will be deleted from the national data set following the same procedures used for acute data in this item. If sufficient chronic data is not available, the USEPA ACR, subject to modification under item C, is divided into the FAV to determine the CC.

C. If the commissioner finds that the information that supports a USEPA criterion is no longer current or complete for reasons including, but not limited to, changes to the relationship between a water quality characteristic and toxicity; the ACR; the weight given to toxicity data for a commercially or recreationally important species; the RfD; the ql\*; or the BAF; then the commissioner shall evaluate all available information and modify the criterion according to the information and with the objectives in part 7050.0217. Any effluent limitation determined to be necessary based on criteria derived under this item shall only be required after the discharger has been given notice to the specific proposed effluent limitations and an opportunity to request a hearing as provided in part 7000.1800.

Subp. 5. **Toxicity-based criteria.** Toxicity-based aquatic life criteria shall be determined using the methods in this subpart when no USEPA criterion is available.

A. Criteria shall be determined using the USEPA national method if the minimum data required in this item and item B are met. Data for saltwater organisms can be used for nonionizable organic chemicals. Data for saltwater organisms cannot be used for ionizable organic or inorganic chemicals. Data for all North American species can be used. A minimum of eight GMAVs representing the following groups must be available:

- (1) species in three families in the phylum Chordata, one of which must be a salmonid;
- (2) a freshwater or saltwater crustacean;
- (3) a freshwater cladoceran;
- (4) a family in a phylum other than Chordata or Arthropoda; and
- (5) two other families not in the phylum Chordata.

B. The additional acute data requirements in subitems (1) and (2) apply when developing criteria for pesticides.

(1) If the chemical is an insecticide, one of the eight GMAVs required in item A, subitem (5), must be for an insect.

(2) If the chemical is a herbicide, the eight GMAVs required in item A must be supplemented with acute data for two plant species, one of which is an algal species.

C. The FAV is calculated as described in subpart 4, item B, subitem (4). No more than two of the lowest four GMAVs may be for a saltwater species.

D. The MC is the FAV divided by two.

E. The CC is the FAV divided by an ACR. Available chronic data are used to determine ACRs as described in item F and measured chronic values are compared to the CC. If an approved chronic value for a commercially, recreationally, or ecologically important freshwater species is lower than the CC, the CC will be set to equal that chronic value.

F. The ACR is determined according to subitems (1) to (3).

(1) A measured ACR is determined by dividing the acute value by the chronic value for the same species from tests that meet the requirements for determining ACRs in the national method. If more than one ACR is available for a species, a species mean ACR is calculated as the geometric mean of the available ACRs.

(2) A minimum of three measured ACRs, each for a different species, must be available to determine a final measured ACR. The final measured ACR is the geometric mean of all the available species mean ACRs.

(3) If no measured ACRs are available, the following default ACRs shall be used:

(a) an ACR of 20 is used with nonpesticide, nonbioaccumulative organic chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values of three or less; and

(b) an ACR of 55 is used with pesticides, inorganic chemicals, or bioaccumulative organic chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values greater than three.

(4) If two or fewer measured ACRs are available, the default ACRs in subitem (3) are incorporated into the calculation of the final ACR as follows:

(a) if two measured ACRs are available, the final ACR is the geometric mean of the two measured ACRs and the appropriate default ACR; and

(b) if one measured ACR is available, the final ACR is the geometric mean of the measured ACR and two appropriate default ACRs.

G. If the acute data available do not meet the requirements in items A and B, toxicity-based criteria can be determined by the method in this item. This method is not applicable to ionizable organic chemicals, or to bioaccumulative organic chemicals and pesticides with BCFs greater than 5,000 or  $\log K_{ow}$  values greater than 5.19.

(1) Acute data are assembled. A minimum of two acute values in the following groups must be available:

(a) a member of the class Osteichthyes (fish); and

(b) a member of one of the following genera in the family Daphnidae: *Daphnia*, *Ceriodaphnia*, *Simocephalus*.

(2) For insecticides, a third acute value must be available for an insect species in addition to the acute values required in subitem (1).

(3) For herbicides, two acute values for plant species, one of which is an algal species, must be available in addition to the acute values required in subitem (1).

(4) Data for saltwater species shall not be used except for purposes of determining ACRs.

(5) SMAVs are calculated as the geometric mean of all the acute values for one species.

(6) GMAVs are calculated as the geometric mean of the SMAVs.

(7) The lowest GMAV from among the available GMAVs is selected.

(8) The FAV is calculated by dividing the lowest GMAV by the appropriate factor listed below, depending on the number of GMAVs available that meet the minimum data requirements in subitems (2) and (3) and in item A.

Number of GMAVs	Factor
2	13.0
3	8.0
4	7.0
5	6.1
6	5.2
7	4.3

(9) The MC is calculated by dividing the FAV by two.

(10) A final ACR is determined as described in item F, except that the default ACR shall be 18 for all chemicals for which this method is applicable as specified in this item.

(11) The CC is calculated by dividing the FAV by the appropriate ACR.

(12) If chronic data are available, they are used to determine measured ACRs as described in item F, and chronic data are compared to the CC.

Subp. 6. **Human health-based criteria.** Human health-based aquatic life criteria protect humans from potential adverse effects of eating fish and edible aquatic organisms from Class 2 waters and from the consumption of drinking water from Class 1 surface waters (includes Class 2A and 2Bd waters).

The RfDs used to calculate criteria for noncarcinogenic chemicals and the q1\*s used to calculate criteria for carcinogenic chemicals are obtained from the Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS), online, maintained, and made available by the USEPA.

A. Criteria for noncarcinogenic chemicals applicable to surface waters designated Class 2A or 2Bd are calculated as follows:



$$CC_{df} \text{ mg/L} = \frac{\text{RfD mg/kg/day} \times 70 \text{ kg} \times \text{RSC}}{2 \text{ L/day} + [0.030 \text{ kg/day} \times \text{BAF}]}$$

where:  $CC_{df}$  = drinking water plus fish consumption chronic criterion in mg/L

RfD = reference dose in mg/kg/day

70 kg = standard weight of an adult

RSC = relative source contribution factor (see item E)

2 L/day = two liters of water consumed per day

0.030 kg/day = amount of fish assumed to be consumed per day

BAF = final BAF in L/kg

B. Criteria for noncarcinogenic chemicals applicable to Class 2B, 2C, or 2D surface waters are calculated as follows:

$$CC_f \text{ mg/L} = \frac{\text{RfD mg/kg/day} \times 70 \text{ kg} \times \text{RSC}}{0.01 \text{ L/day} + [0.030 \text{ kg/day} \times \text{BAF}]}$$

where:  $CC_f$  = fish consumption chronic criterion in mg/L

0.01 L/day = assumed incidental ingestion of water other variables as previously identified

C. Criteria for carcinogenic chemicals applicable to surface waters designated Class 2A or 2Bd are calculated as follows:

$$CC_{df} \text{ mg/L} = \frac{70 \text{ kg} \times 10^{-5}}{q1^* \times [2 \text{ L/day} + (0.030 \text{ kg/day} \times \text{BAF})]}$$

where:  $10^{-5}$  = a cancer risk level of one chance in 100,000

$q1^*$  = the cancer potency factor in days times kg/mg other variables as previously identified

D. Criteria for carcinogenic chemicals applicable to Class 2B or 2C surface waters are calculated as follows:

$$CC_f \text{ mg/L} = \frac{70 \text{ kg} \times 10^{-5}}{q1^* \times [0.01 \text{ L/day} + (0.030 \text{ kg/day} \times \text{BAF})]}$$

where: variables as previously identified

E. A default relative source contribution factor (RSC) of 0.2 must be used unless the Minnesota Department of Health uses a different exposure value in the calculation of a drinking water criterion, or sufficient exposure data is available to support an alternative value.

Subp. 7. **Bioaccumulation.** A final BAF can be determined either from bioaccumulation measurements in the field or from laboratory bioconcentration experiments. Laboratory tests should have a duration of at least 28 days, or the bioconcentration should have achieved steady state. Bioconcentration tests should meet the requirements in the national methods.

If measured BAFs and BCFs are not available for lipophilic organic chemicals, a final BAF can be estimated using the relationship between bioconcentration and the log of the octanol to water partition coefficient ( $\log K_{ow}$ ) as described in item D.

A. A final BAF for inorganic chemicals is equal to the geometric mean of the available BCFs and BAFs. The BCFs and BAFs can be for either whole body or edible tissue, or both.

B. A final BAF for lipophilic organic chemicals is determined when measured BAFs or BCFs and percent lipid data are available according to subitems (1) to (10).

(1) Measured BAFs and BCFs are assembled from USEPA documents, scientific literature, and other available sources of scientific data. BAFs and BCFs may be for edible portions of aquatic organisms or for the whole body.

(2) Normalized BAFs and BCFs are obtained by dividing the BAFs and BCFs by the arithmetic average percent lipid for the test organisms.

(3) Species mean BAFs are calculated as the geometric mean of all the normalized BAFs for a species. Species mean BCFs are calculated as the geometric mean of all the normalized BCFs for a species.

(4) A chemical-specific mean BAF or BCF is calculated as the geometric mean of the species mean BAFs or BCFs. The species mean normalized BAFs and BCFs for chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values less than three are averaged together. The species mean normalized BAFs and BCFs for chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values of three or more are averaged separately.

(5) A final BAF for a chemical with a  $\log K_{ow}$  value of less than three is determined as follows:

(a) for cold water fish, the normalized mean of the combined BAFs and BCFs is multiplied by six percent lipid; and

(b) for cool and warm water fish, the normalized mean of the combined BAFs and BCFs is multiplied by 1.5 percent lipid.

(6) A final BAF for a chemical with a  $\log K_{ow}$  value of three or more, for which measured BAFs and percent lipid data are available, is determined by multiplying the normalized mean BAF by six percent lipid for Class 2A waters or 1.5 percent lipid for Class 2Bd, 2B, and 2C waters.

(7) The final BAF for chemicals with a  $\log K_{ow}$  value of three or more, for which BCF and percent lipid data are available, is the value determined in subitem (6), multiplied by the appropriate factor from subitem (8).

(8) The BCF to BAF adjustment factor is applicable to lipophilic organic chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values of three or more, unless chemical-specific data indicates the application of the factor is not appropriate. A value of six is used to calculate the factor for chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values greater than six. The BCF to BAF adjustment factor is calculated using the following equation; the results shall not be less than one nor greater than 15:  $\log_{10}(\text{BCF to BAF factor}) = 0.384 \log_{10} K_{ow} - 0.00055 \text{ Parachor} - 1.128$ .

(9) The following are representative factors from the equation in subitem (8):

$\log K_{ow}$	Factor (at Parachor = 500)
3.0	0.6 (1.0 is used)
3.5	0.9 (1.0 is used)
4.0	1.4
4.5	2.1
5.0	3.3
5.5	5.1
6.0	8.0

(10) When both measured BAFs and BCFs are available for chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values of three or more, the commissioner will evaluate both BCFs and BAFs and other available scientific data to select the appropriate values to use.

C. A final BAF is determined for lipophilic organic chemicals having measured BAF or BCF data, but no percent lipid data, as follows:

(1) the geometric mean of the species mean BAFs is the final BAF;

(2) the geometric mean of the species mean BCFs and BAFs is the final BAF for chemicals having  $\log K_{ow}$  values less than three; and

(3) the final BAF for chemicals having  $\log K_{ow}$  values of three or more is the geometric mean of the species mean BCFs multiplied by the appropriate factor from the equation in item B, subitem (8). Chemicals may have both BAF and BCF data. The geometric mean BCF will be adjusted by the factor from the equation in item B, subitem (8), and the results compared to the measured BAFs. The commissioner

will evaluate both BCFs and BAFs and other available scientific data to select a final BAF. BAF data are usually preferred over BCF data.

D. A final BAF for lipophilic organic chemicals is determined according to subitems (1) to (4) when no measured BAFs or BCFs are available.

(1) A BCF can be estimated based on the relationship between BCFs and the  $\log K_{ow}$ . A value of six is used to calculate the BCF for chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values greater than six. The equation is:

$$\log_{10} BCF = 0.79 \log_{10} K_{ow} - 0.40$$

where:  $\log_{10} K_{ow}$  = the log of the octanol to water partition coefficient

If measured  $\log K_{ow}$  values are not available in the scientific literature, they may be estimated using quantitative structure activity relationships. The average percent lipid of the organisms used to establish this relationship is 7.6.

(2) BCFs estimated from the equation in subitem (1) are adjusted for the percent lipid of edible portions.

(a) The BCF for cold water fish equals the estimated BCF from the equation in subitem (1) times 6/7.6.

(b) The BCF for cool and warm water fish equals the estimated BCF from the equation in subitem (1) times 1.5/7.6.

(3) The final BAF for chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values less than three equals the estimated BCF from subitem (2).

(4) The final BAF for chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values of three or more equals the estimated BCF from subitem (2), multiplied by the factor from the equation in item B, subitem (8).

Subp. 8. **Taste and odor criteria.** The agency shall limit the addition of pollutants to surface waters to the extent necessary to protect fish and other edible freshwater organisms from acquiring objectionable tastes and odors. The agency will use the USEPA national organoleptic criteria, established under section 304(a)(1) of the Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 1314, when establishing concentrations above which unacceptable tastes and odors could be imparted to aquatic organisms.

Subp. 9. **Wildlife-based criteria.** The agency shall use the procedures in this subpart to establish wildlife-based criteria. Wildlife criteria shall protect wildlife consumers of freshwater aquatic organisms from adverse effects of toxic pollutants. Wildlife criteria are applicable to all surface waters, subject to the exceptions in subpart 10, item B, subitem (1).

A. Wildlife-based criteria shall be determined using toxicological information from available sources of scientific data for wildlife or domestic animal species, exposed to toxic pollutants through ingestion including gavage.

B. Wildlife-based criteria are calculated using the following formula:

$$CC_w \text{ mg/L} = \frac{\text{NOAEL} \times \text{BWt} \times \text{SSF}}{\text{DW} + (\text{F} \times \text{BAF})}$$

where:  $CC_w$  = wildlife chronic criterion in mg/L

NOAEL = no observable adverse effect level in mg of substance per kg of body weight per day (mg/kg BWt/day) as derived from mammalian or avian toxicity studies. If the NOAEL is in mg/L, the NOAEL will be multiplied by the average daily volume of water consumed by the test animals in liters per day and divided by the average weight of the test animals in kg. If the NOAEL is in mg/kg of food consumed, the NOAEL will be multiplied by the average amount of food consumed daily by the test animals and divided by the average weight of the test animals in kg

BWt = average body weight of test organisms in kg

SSF = species sensitivity factor to account for difference in the sensitivity in test species. This factor will vary between 1 and 0.1. The appropriate factor will be determined by the commissioner based on available scientific data on the relative sensitivity of the test organism compared to other wildlife species

DW = average volume of water consumed per day by the test animals in liters

F = average amount of food consumed per day by test animals in kg

BAF = BAF in liters per kg

C. Drinking (DW) and feeding (F) rates for test organisms can be estimated using the following equations if these rates are not available from the original study:

- (1) for mammalian species:
  - (a)  $DW = 0.099 \times (\text{BWt})^{0.90}$ ; and
  - (b)  $F = 0.0687 \times (\text{BWt})^{0.82}$ ; and
- (2) for avian species:
  - (a)  $DW = 0.059 \times (\text{BWt})^{0.67}$ ; and
  - (b)  $F = 0.058 \times (\text{BWt})^{0.65}$ .

D. A final BAF for calculating a wildlife chronic criterion ( $CC_w$ ) is determined as in subpart 7, except that the BCFs and BAFs are adjusted to represent whole body BCFs and BAFs.

- (1) Normalized BCFs and BAFs are multiplied by 12 percent lipid for  $CC_w$  applicable to Class 2A waters.
- (2) Normalized BCFs and BAFs are multiplied by five percent lipid for  $CC_w$  applicable to Class 2Bd, 2B, and 2C waters.
- (3) If percent lipid data is not available, whole body BCFs and BAFs are used as reported.

(4) BCFs estimated using the relationship between BCFs and the  $\log K_{ow}$  are normalized by dividing the estimated BCF by 7.6 and then multiplying by 12 for Class 2A waters or by five for Class 2Bd, 2B, and 2C waters.

(5) Measured or estimated BCFs for lipophilic organic chemicals with  $\log K_{ow}$  values in the range of three or more are multiplied by the factor from subpart 7, item B, subitem (8).

Subp. 10. **Applicable criteria.** The criterion for a pollutant includes: the CC, the MC, and the FAV. The criteria for toxic pollutants for surface waters are the lowest of the applicable criteria derived under this part.

A. Applicable criteria for Class 2A, 2Bd, 2B, 2C, and 2D surface waters are the lowest of the following:

- (1) a CC and MC based on toxicity to aquatic organisms from subpart 4 or 5;
- (2) a CC based on plant toxicity from subpart 4 or 5;
- (3) a  $CC_{df}$  or  $CC_f$  from subparts 6 and 7;
- (4) a concentration that will prevent unacceptable taste or odor in water, fish, or other edible aquatic organisms from subpart 8; or
- (5) a  $CC_w$  from subpart 9.

B. Applicable criteria for Class 7 waters are the lowest of the following:

- (1) a  $CC_w$  from subpart 9, if aquatic organisms can be sustained in the Class 7 water so that they are subject to predation by wildlife; or
- (2) other drinking water or aquatic life standards for toxic pollutants, consistent with the uses Class 7 waters are protected for under part 7050.0140.

C. If the site-specific application of criteria developed in this subpart is used to establish an effluent limitation for national pollutant discharge elimination system and state disposal system permits or to establish the degree of remedial action cleanup activities, the provisions of part 7050.0222, subpart 7, items B to E, apply.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 14.06; 115.03; 115.44; 116.07*

**History:** *15 SR 1057; 18 SR 2195; 19 SR 1310; 24 SR 1105; 32 SR 1699*

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## 7050.0220 SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS BY ASSOCIATED USE CLASSES.

Subpart 1. **Purpose and scope.** The numeric and narrative water quality standards in this chapter prescribe the qualities or properties of the waters of the state that are necessary for the designated public uses and benefits. If the standards in this chapter are exceeded, it is considered indicative of a polluted condition which is actually or potentially deleterious, harmful, detrimental, or injurious with respect to designated uses or established classes of the waters of the state.

All surface waters are protected for multiple beneficial uses. Numeric water quality standards are tabulated in this part for all uses applicable to four common categories of surface waters, so that all applicable standards for each category are listed together in subparts 3a to 6a. The four categories are:

- A. cold water sport fish (trout waters), also protected for drinking water: Classes 1B, 2A, 3A or 3B, 4A and 4B, and 5 (subpart 3a);
- B. cool and warm water sport fish, also protected for drinking water: Classes 1B or 1C, 2Bd, 3A or 3B, 4A and 4B, and 5 (subpart 4a);
- C. cool and warm water sport fish, indigenous aquatic life, and wetlands: Classes 2B, 2C, or 2D; 3A, 3B, 3C, or 3D; 4A and 4B or 4C; and 5 (subpart 5a); and
- D. limited resource value waters: Classes 3C, 4A and 4B, 5, and 7 (subpart 6a).

**Subp. 2. Explanation of tables.**

A. Class 1 domestic consumption (DC) standards are the United States Environmental Protection Agency primary (maximum contaminant levels) and secondary drinking water standards, as contained in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, parts 141 and 143, as amended through July 1, 2006. The DC standards are listed in subparts 3a and 4a, except that individual pollutants, substances, or organisms in the treatment technological, disinfectants, microbiological, and radiological categories are not listed unless they are listed because a secondary drinking water standard or a standard for another use class exists.

B. Certain drinking water standards are not applicable to Class 1 waters. The following are not applicable to Class 1 surface waters: the primary drinking water standards for acrylamide, epichlorohydrin, copper, lead, and turbidity (treatment technique standards) and the standards in the disinfectants and microbiological organisms categories. The drinking water standards not applicable to Class 1 ground waters are listed in part 7050.0221.

C. Class 2 standards for metals are expressed as total metal in subparts 3a to 5a, but must be converted to dissolved metal standards for application to surface waters. Conversion factors for converting total metal standards to dissolved metal standards are listed in part 7050.0222, subpart 9. The conversion factor for metals not listed in part 7050.0222, subpart 9, is one. The dissolved metal standard equals the total metal standard times the conversion factor. Water quality-based effluent limits for metals are expressed as total metal.

D. The tables of standards in subparts 3a to 6a include the following abbreviations and acronyms:

AN	means aesthetic enjoyment and navigation, Class 5 waters
*	an asterisk following the FAV and MS values or double dashes (–) means part 7050.0222, subpart 7, item E, applies
(c)	means the chemical is assumed to be a human carcinogen
CS	means chronic standard, defined in part 7050.0218, subpart 3
DC	means domestic consumption (drinking water), Class 1 waters
–	double dashes means there is no standard
exp. ()	means the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis
FAV	means final acute value, defined in part 7050.0218, subpart 3
IC	means industrial consumption, Class 3 waters

IR	means agriculture irrigation use, Class 4A waters
LS	means agriculture livestock and wildlife use, Class 4B waters
MS	means maximum standard, defined in part 7050.0218, subpart 3
NA	means not applicable
(S)	means the associated value is a secondary drinking water standard
su	means standard unit. It is the reporting unit for pH
TH	means total hardness in mg/L, which is the sum of the calcium and magnesium concentrations expressed as CaCO <sub>3</sub>
TON	means threshold odor number

E. Important synonyms or acronyms for some chemicals are listed in parentheses below the primary name.

F. When two or more use classes have standards for the same pollutant, the most stringent standard applies pursuant to part 7050.0450. All surface waters are protected for Class 6, but this class has no numeric standards so it is not included in the tables.

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 24 SR 1105]

Subp. 3a. **Cold water sport fish, drinking water, and associated use classes.** Water quality standards applicable to use Classes 1B, 2A, 3A or 3B, 4A and 4B, and 5 surface waters.

A. MISCELLANEOUS SUBSTANCE, CHARACTERISTIC, OR POLLUTANT

<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>AN</b>

(1) Ammonia, un-ionized as N, µg/L

16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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(2) Asbestos, >10 µm (c), fibers/L

-	-	-	7.0e+06	-	-	-	-
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(3) Bicarbonates (HCO<sub>3</sub>), meq/L

-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---



(4) Bromate, µg/L

–	–	–	10	–	–	–	–
---	---	---	----	---	---	---	---

(5) Chloride, mg/L

230	860	1,720	250(S)	50/100	–	–	–
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<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(6) Chlorine, total residual, µg/L

11	19	38	–	–	–	–	–
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(7) Chlorite, µg/L

–	–	–	1,000	–	–	–	–
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(8) Color, Pt-Co

30	–	–	15(S)	–	–	–	–
----	---	---	-------	---	---	---	---

(9) Cyanide, free, µg/L

5.2	22	45	200	–	–	–	–
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(10) *Escherichia (E.) coli* bacteria, organisms/100 mL

See item D	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
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2A CS	2A MS	2A FAV	1B DC	3A/3B IC	4A IR	4B IR	5 AN
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(11) Eutrophication standards for lakes and reservoirs (phosphorus, total, µg/L; chlorophyll-a, µg/L; Secchi disk transparency, meters)

See part 7050.0222, subparts 2 and 2a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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(12) Eutrophication standards for rivers, streams, and navigational pools (phosphorus, total µg/L; chlorophyll-a (seston), µg/L; five-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>), mg/L; diel dissolved oxygen flux, mg/L; chlorophyll-a (periphyton), mg/m<sup>2</sup>)

See part 7050.0222, subparts 2 and 2b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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(13) Fluoride, mg/L

-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
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(14) Fluoride, mg/L

-	-	-	2(S)	-	-	-	-
---	---	---	------	---	---	---	---

(15) Foaming agents, µg/L

-	-	-	500(S)	-	-	-	-
---	---	---	--------	---	---	---	---

(16) Hardness, Ca+Mg as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L

-	-	-	-	50/250	-	-	-
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<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(17) Hydrogen sulfide, mg/L

-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.02
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(18) Nitrate as N, mg/L

-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
---	---	---	----	---	---	---	---

(19) Nitrite as N, mg/L

-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
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(20) Nitrate + Nitrite as N, mg/L

-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
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(21) Odor, TON

-	-	-	3(S)	-	-	-	-
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<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>AN</b>

---

(22) Oil, µg/L

500	5,000	10,000	—	—	—	—	—
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(23) Oxygen, dissolved, mg/L

7, as a daily minimum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
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(24) pH minimum, su

6.5	—	—	6.5(S)	6.5/6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
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(25) pH maximum, su

8.5	—	—	8.5(S)	8.5/9.0	8.5	9.0	9.0
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(26) Radioactive materials

See item E	—	—	See item E	—	See item E	See item E	—
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<b>2A CS</b>	<b>2A MS</b>	<b>2A FAV</b>	<b>1B DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B IR</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(27) Salinity, total, mg/L

—	—	—	—	—	—	1,000	—
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(28) Sodium, meq/L

-	-	-	-	-	60% of total cations	-	-
(29) Specific conductance at 25°C, µmhos/cm							
-	-	-	-	-	1,000	-	-
(30) Sulfate, mg/L							
-	-	-	250(S)	-	-	-	-
(31) Sulfates, wild rice present, mg/L							
-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-
<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>AN</b>
<hr/>							
(32) Temperature, °F							
No material increase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(33) Total dissolved salts, mg/L							
-	-	-	-	-	700	-	-
(34) Total dissolved solids, mg/L							
-	-	-	500(S)	-	-	-	-
(35) Total suspended solids (TSS), mg/L							

See part  
7050.0222,  
subpart 2      -      -      -      -      -      -      -

B. METALS AND ELEMENTS

2A CS	2A MS	2A FAV	1B DC	3A/3B IC	4A IR	4B LS	5 AN
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(1) Aluminum, total, µg/L

87	748	1,496	50- 200(S)	-	-	-	-
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(2) Antimony, total, µg/L

5.5	90	180	6	-	-	-	-
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(3) Arsenic, total, µg/L

2.0	360	720	10	-	-	-	-
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(4) Barium, total, µg/L

-	-	-	2,000	-	-	-	-
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(5) Beryllium, total, µg/L

-	-	-	4.0	-	-	-	-
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<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(6) Boron, total, µg/L

-	-	-	-	-	500	-	-
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(7) Cadmium, total, µg/L

1.1	3.9	7.8	5	-	-	-	-
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Class 2A cadmium standards are hardness dependent. Cadmium values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 2, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate cadmium standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(8) Chromium +3, total, µg/L

207	1,737	3,469	-	-	-	-	-
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Class 2A trivalent chromium standards are hardness dependent. Chromium +3 values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 2, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate trivalent chromium standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(9) Chromium +6, total, µg/L

11	16	32	-	-	-	-	-
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(10) Chromium, total, µg/L

-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-
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<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(11) Cobalt, total, µg/L

2.8	436	872	-	-	-	-	-
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(12) Copper, total, µg/L

9.8	18	35	1,000 (S)	-	-	-	-
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Class 2A copper standards are hardness dependent. Copper values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 2, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate copper standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(13) Iron, total, µg/L

-	-	-	300(S)	-	-	-	-
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(14) Lead, total, µg/L

3.2	82	164	NA	-	-	-	-
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Class 2A lead standards are hardness dependent. Lead values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 2, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate lead standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(15) Manganese, total, µg/L

-	-	-	50(S)	-	-	-	-
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<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

(16) Mercury, total, in water, ng/L



6.9	2,400*	4,900*	2,000	—	—	—	—
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(17) Mercury, total in edible fish tissue, mg/kg or parts per million

0.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
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(18) Nickel, total, µg/L

158	1,418	2,836	—	—	—	—	—
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Class 2A nickel standards are hardness dependent. Nickel values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 2, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate nickel standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(19) Selenium, total, µg/L

5.0	20	40	50	—	—	—	—
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(20) Silver, total, µg/L

0.12	2.0	4.1	100(S)	—	—	—	—
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Class 2A silver MS and FAV are hardness dependent. Silver values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 2, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate silver standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(21) Thallium, total, µg/L

0.28	64	128	2	—	—	—	—
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(22) Zinc, total, µg/L

106	117	234	5,000 (S)	-	-	-	-
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Class 2A zinc standards are hardness dependent. Zinc values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 2, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate zinc standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

C. ORGANIC POLLUTANTS OR CHARACTERISTICS

<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(1) Acenaphthene, µg/L

20	56	112	-	-	-	-	-
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(2) Acetochlor, µg/L

3.6	86	173	-	-	-	-	-
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(3) Acrylonitrile (c), µg/L

0.38	1,140*	2,281*	-	-	-	-	-
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(4) Alachlor (c), µg/L

3.8	800*	1,600*	2	-	-	-	-
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(5) Aldicarb, µg/L

-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
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2A CS	2A MS	2A FAV	1B DC	3A/3B IC	4A IR	4B LS	5 AN
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(6) Aldicarb sulfone, µg/L

-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
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(7) Aldicarb sulfoxide, µg/L

-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
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(8) Anthracene, µg/L

0.035	0.32	0.63	-	-	-	-	-
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(9) Atrazine (c), µg/L

3.4	323	645	3	-	-	-	-
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(10) Benzene (c), µg/L

5.1	4,487*	8,974*	5	-	-	-	-
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2A CS	2A MS	2A FAV	1B DC	3A/3B IC	4A IR	4B LS	5 AN
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(11) Benzo(a)pyrene, µg/L

-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	-
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(12) Bromoform, µg/L

33	2,900	5,800	See sub- item (73)	–	–	–	–
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(13) Carbofuran, µg/L

–	–	–	40	–	–	–	–
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(14) Carbon tetrachloride (c), µg/L

1.9	1,750*	3,500*	5	–	–	–	–
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(15) Chlordane (c), ng/L

0.073	1,200*	2,400*	2,000	–	–	–	–
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<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(16) Chlorobenzene, µg/L (Monochlorobenzene)

20	423	846	100	–	–	–	–
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(17) Chloroform (c), µg/L

53	1,392	2,784	See sub- item (73)	–	–	–	–
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(18) Chlorpyrifos, µg/L

0.041	0.083	0.17	–	–	–	–	–
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(19) Dalapon, µg/L

–	–	–	200	–	–	–	–
(20) DDT (c), ng/L							
0.11	550*	1,100*	–	–	–	–	–
<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>
<hr/>							
(21) 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (c), µg/L							
–	–	–	0.2	–	–	–	–
(22) Dichlorobenzene (ortho), µg/L							
–	–	–	600	–	–	–	–
(23) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene (para) (c), µg/L							
–	–	–	75	–	–	–	–
(24) 1,2-Dichloroethane (c), µg/L							
3.5	45,050*	90,100*	5	–	–	–	–
(25) 1,1-Dichloroethylene, µg/L							
–	–	–	7	–	–	–	–

<b>2A CS</b>	<b>2A MS</b>	<b>2A FAV</b>	<b>1B DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
<hr/>							
(26) 1,2-Dichloroethylene (cis), µg/L							
-	-	-	70	-	-	-	-
(27) 1,2-Dichloroethylene (trans), µg/L							
-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-
(28) 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D), µg/L							
-	-	-	70	-	-	-	-
(29) 1,2-Dichloropropane (c), µg/L							
-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
(30) Dieldrin (c), ng/L							
0.0065	1,300*	2,500*	-	-	-	-	-
<b>2A CS</b>	<b>2A MS</b>	<b>2A FAV</b>	<b>1B DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
<hr/>							
(31) Di-2-ethylhexyl adipate, µg/L							
-	-	-	400	-	-	-	-
(32) Di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (c), µg/L							

1.9	—*	—*	6	—	—	—	—
(33) Di-n-Octyl phthalate, µg/L							
30	825	1,650	—	—	—	—	—
(34) Dinoseb, µg/L							
—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
(35) Diquat, µg/L							
—	—	—	20	—	—	—	—
<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>
<hr/>							
(36) Endosulfan, µg/L							
0.0076	0.084	0.17	—	—	—	—	—
(37) Endothall, µg/L							
—	—	—	100	—	—	—	—
(38) Endrin, µg/L							
0.0039	0.090	0.18	2	—	—	—	—
(39) Ethylbenzene (c), µg/L							

68	1,859	3,717	700	-	-	-	-
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(40) Ethylene dibromide, µg/L

-	-	-	0.05	-	-	-	-
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<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(41) Fluoranthene, µg/L

1.9	3.5	6.9	-	-	-	-	-
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(42) Glyphosate, µg/L

-	-	-	700	-	-	-	-
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(43) Haloacetic acids (c), µg/L (Bromoacetic acid, Dibromoacetic acid, Dichloroacetic acid, Monochloroacetic acid, and Trichloroacetic acid)

-	-	-	60	-	-	-	-
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(44) Heptachlor (c), ng/L

0.10	260*	520*	400	-	-	-	-
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(45) Heptachlor epoxide (c), ng/L

0.12	270*	530*	200	-	-	-	-
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<b>2A CS</b>	<b>2A MS</b>	<b>2A FAV</b>	<b>1B DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
<hr/>							
(46) Hexachlorobenzene (c), ng/L							
0.061	—*	—*	1,000	—	—	—	—
(47) Hexachlorocyclopentadiene, µg/L							
—	—	—	50	—	—	—	—
(48) Lindane (c), µg/L (Hexachlorocyclohexane, gamma-)							
0.0087	1.0*	2.0*	0.2	—	—	—	—
(49) Methoxychlor, µg/L							
—	—	—	40	—	—	—	—
(50) Methylene chloride (c), µg/L (Dichloromethane)							
45	13,875*	27,749*	5	—	—	—	—
<b>2A CS</b>	<b>2A MS</b>	<b>2A FAV</b>	<b>1B DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
<hr/>							
(51) Metolachlor							
23	271	543	—	—	—	—	—
(52) Naphthalene, µg/L							

65	409	818	-	-	-	-	-
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(53) Oxamyl, µg/L (Vydate)

-	-	-	200	-	-	-	-
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(54) Parathion, µg/L

0.013	0.07	0.13	-	-	-	-	-
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(55) Pentachlorophenol, µg/L

0.93	15	30	1	-	-	-	-
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Class 2A MS and FAV are pH dependent. Pentachlorophenol values shown are for a pH of 7.5 only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 2, for examples at other pH values and equations to calculate pentachlorophenol standards for any pH value.

<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(56) Phenanthrene, µg/L

3.6	32	64	-	-	-	-	-
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(57) Phenol, µg/L

123	2,214	4,428	-	-	-	-	-
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(58) Picloram, µg/L

-	-	-	500	-	-	-	-
---	---	---	-----	---	---	---	---

(59) Polychlorinated biphenyls (c), ng/L (PCBs, total)

0.014	1,000*	2,000*	500	—	—	—	—
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(60) Simazine, µg/L

—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
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<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>1B</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(61) Styrene (c), µg/L

—	—	—	100	—	—	—	—
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(62) 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, ng/L (TCDD-dioxin)

—	—	—	0.03	—	—	—	—
---	---	---	------	---	---	---	---

(63) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (c), µg/L

1.1	1,127*	2,253*	—	—	—	—	—
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(64) Tetrachloroethylene (c), µg/L

3.8	428*	857*	5	—	—	—	—
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(65) Toluene, µg/L

253	1,352	2,703	1,000	—	—	—	—
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<b>2A CS</b>	<b>2A MS</b>	<b>2A FAV</b>	<b>1B DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(66) Toxaphene (c), ng/L

0.31	730*	1,500*	3,000	—	—	—	—
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(67) 2,4,5-TP, µg/L (Silvex)

—	—	—	50	—	—	—	—
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(68) 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, µg/L

—	—	—	70	—	—	—	—
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(69) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, µg/L

329	2,957	5,913	200	—	—	—	—
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(70) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, µg/L

—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<b>2A CS</b>	<b>2A MS</b>	<b>2A FAV</b>	<b>1B DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(71) 1,1,2-Trichloroethylene (c), µg/L

25	6,988	13,976*	5	—	—	—	—
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(72) 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol, µg/L

2.0	102	203	—	—	—	—	—
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(73) Trihalomethanes, total (c), µg/L (Bromodichloromethane, Bromoform, Chlorodibromomethane, and Chloroform)

—	—	—	80	—	—	—	—
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(74) Vinyl chloride (c), µg/L

0.17	—*	—*	2	—	—	—	—
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(75) Xylenes, total, µg/L

166	1,407	2,814	10,000	—	—	—	—
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D. *Escherichia (E.) coli* bacteria shall not exceed 126 organisms per 100 milliliters as a geometric mean of not less than five samples representative of conditions within any calendar month, nor shall more than ten percent of all samples taken during any calendar month individually exceed 1,260 organisms per 100 milliliters. The standard applies only between April 1 and October 31.

E. For radioactive materials, see parts 7050.0221, subpart 2; 7050.0222, subpart 2; and 7050.0224, subparts 2 and 3.

Subp. 4. [Repealed, 24 SR 1105]

Subp. 4a. **Cool and warm water sport fish, drinking water, and associated use classes.** Water quality standards applicable to use Classes 1B or 1C, 2Bd, 3A or 3B, 4A and 4B, and 5 surface waters.

A. MISCELLANEOUS SUBSTANCE, CHARACTERISTIC, OR POLLUTANT

<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>1B/1C</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(1) Ammonia, un-ionized as N, µg/L

40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
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(2) Asbestos, >10 µm (c), fibers/L

- - - 7.0e+06 - - - -

(3) Bicarbonates (HCO<sub>3</sub>), meq/L

- - - - - 5 - -

(4) Bromate, µg/L

- - - 10 - - - -

(5) Chloride, mg/L

230 860 1,720 250(S) 50/100 - - -

**2Bd**      **2Bd**      **2Bd**      **1B/1C**      **3A/3B**      **4A**      **4B**      **5**  
**CS**      **MS**      **FAV**      **DC**      **IC**      **IR**      **LS**      **AN**

(6) Chlorine, total residual, µg/L

11 19 38 - - - - -

(7) Chlorite, µg/L

- - - 1,000 - - - -

(8) Color, Pt-Co

- - - 15(S) - - - -

(9) Cyanide, free, µg/L

5.2	22	45	200	-	-	-	-
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(10) *Escherichia (E.) coli* bacteria, organisms/100 mL

See item D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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<b>2Bd</b> <b>CS</b>	<b>2Bd</b> <b>MS</b>	<b>2Bd</b> <b>FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C</b> <b>DC</b>	<b>3A/3B</b> <b>IC</b>	<b>4A</b> <b>IR</b>	<b>4B</b> <b>LS</b>	<b>5</b> <b>AN</b>
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(11) Eutrophication standards for lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs (phosphorus, total, µg/L; chlorophyll-a, µg/L; Secchi disk transparency, meters)

See part 7050.0222, subparts 3 and 3a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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(12) Eutrophication standards for rivers, streams, and navigational pools (phosphorus, total µg/L; chlorophyll-a (seston), µg/L; five-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>), mg/L; diel dissolved oxygen flux, mg/L; chlorophyll-a (periphyton), mg/m<sup>2</sup>)

See part 7050.0222, subparts 3 and 3b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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(13) Fluoride, mg/L

-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
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(14) Fluoride, mg/L

-	-	-	2(S)	-	-	-	-
---	---	---	------	---	---	---	---

(15) Foaming agents, µg/L

- - - 500(S) - - -

(16) Hardness, Ca+Mg as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L

- - - - 50/250 - - -

<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>1B/1C</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(17) Hydrogen sulfide, mg/L

- - - - - - - 0.02

(18) Nitrate as N, mg/L

- - - 10 - - -

(19) Nitrite as N, mg/L

- - - 1 - - -

(20) Nitrate + Nitrite as N, mg/L

- - - 10 - - -

(21) Odor, TON

- - - 3(S) - - -



<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(22) Oil, µg/L

500	5,000	10,000	–	–	–	–	–
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(23) Oxygen, dissolved, mg/L

See part 7050.0222, subpart 3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
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(24) pH minimum, su

6.5	–	–	6.5(S)	6.5/6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
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(25) pH maximum, su

9.0	–	–	8.5(S)	8.5/9.0	8.5	9.0	9.0
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(26) Radioactive materials

See item E	–	–	See item E	–	See item E	See item E	–
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<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(27) Salinity, total, mg/L

- - - - - 1,000 -

(28) Sodium, meq/L

- - - - - 60% of total cations - -

(29) Specific conductance at 25°C, µmhos/cm

- - - - - 1,000 - -

(30) Sulfate, mg/L

- - - 250(S) - - -

(31) Sulfates, wild rice present, mg/L

- - - - - 10 - -

**2Bd CS      2Bd MS      2Bd FAV      1B/1C DC      3A/3B IC      4A IR      4B LS      5 AN**

(32) Temperature, °F

See item F - - - - - - - -

(33) Total dissolved salts, mg/L

- - - - - 700 - -

(34) Total dissolved solids, mg/L

-	-	-	500(S)	-	-	-	-
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(35) Total suspended solids (TSS), mg/L

See part 7050.0222, subpart 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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#### B. METALS AND ELEMENTS

<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(1) Aluminum, total, µg/L

125	1,072	2,145	50- 200(S)	-	-	-	-
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(2) Antimony, total, µg/L

5.5	90	180	6	-	-	-	-
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(3) Arsenic, total, µg/L

2.0	360	720	10	-	-	-	-
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(4) Barium, total, µg/L

-	-	-	2,000	-	-	-	-
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(5) Beryllium, total, µg/L

-	-	-	4.0	-	-	-	-
<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>

(6) Boron, total, µg/L

-	-	-	-	-	500	-	-
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(7) Cadmium, total, µg/L

1.1	33	67	5	-	-	-	-
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Class 2Bd cadmium standards are hardness dependent. Cadmium values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 3, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate cadmium standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(8) Chromium +3, total, µg/L

207	1,737	3,469	-	-	-	-	-
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Class 2Bd trivalent chromium standards are hardness dependent. Chromium +3 values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 3, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate trivalent chromium standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(9) Chromium +6, total, µg/L

11	16	32	-	-	-	-	-
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(10) Chromium, total, µg/L

-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-
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<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(11) Cobalt, total, µg/L

2.8	436	872	–	–	–	–	–
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(12) Copper, total, µg/L

9.8	18	35	1,000 (S)	–	–	–	–
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Class 2Bd copper standards are hardness dependent. Copper values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 3, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate copper standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(13) Iron, total, µg/L

–	–	–	300(S)	–	–	–	–
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(14) Lead, total, µg/L

3.2	82	164	NA	–	–	–	–
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Class 2Bd lead standards are hardness dependent. Lead values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 3, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate lead standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(15) Manganese, total, µg/L

–	–	–	50(S)	–	–	–	–
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<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(16) Mercury, total in water, ng/L

6.9            2,400\*        4,900\*        2,000        –            –            –            –

(17) Mercury, total in edible fish tissue, mg/kg or parts per million

0.2            –            –            –            –            –            –            –

(18) Nickel, total, µg/L

158            1,418        2,836        –            –            –            –            –

Class 2Bd nickel standards are hardness dependent. Nickel values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 3, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate nickel standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(19) Selenium, total, µg/L

5.0            20            40            50            –            –            –            –

(20) Silver, total, µg/L

1.0            2.0            4.1            100(S)        –            –            –            –

Class 2Bd silver MS and FAV are hardness dependent. Silver values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 3, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate silver standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>1B/1C</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(21) Thallium, total, µg/L

0.28            64            128            2            –            –            –            –

(22) Zinc, total, µg/L

106	117	234	5,000 (S)	–	–	–	–
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Class 2Bd zinc standards are hardness dependent. Zinc values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 3, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate zinc standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

## C. ORGANIC POLLUTANTS OR CHARACTERISTICS

<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B ICIC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(1) Acenaphthene, µg/L

20	56	112	–	–	–	–	–
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(2) Acetochlor, µg/L

3.6	86	173	–	–	–	–	–
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(3) Acrylonitrile (c), µg/L

0.38	1,140*	2,281*	–	–	–	–	–
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(4) Alachlor (c), µg/L

4.2	800*	1,600*	2	–	–	–	–
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(5) Aldicarb, µg/L

–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–
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<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B ICIC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(6) Aldicarb sulfone, µg/L

-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
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(7) Aldicarb sulfoxide, µg/L

-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
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(8) Anthracene, µg/L

0.035	0.32	0.63	-	-	-	-	-
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(9) Atrazine (c), µg/L

3.4	323	645	3	-	-	-	-
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(10) Benzene (c), µg/L

6.0	4,487*	8,974*	5	-	-	-	-
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<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B ICIC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(11) Benzo(a)pyrene, µg/L

-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	-
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## (12) Bromoform, µg/L

41	2,900	5,800	See subitem (73)	—	—	—	—
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## (13) Carbofuran, µg/L

—	—	—	40	—	—	—	—
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## (14) Carbon tetrachloride (c), µg/L

1.9	1,750*	3,500*	5	—	—	—	—
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## (15) Chlordane (c), ng/L

0.29	1,200*	2,400*	2,000	—	—	—	—
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<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>1B/1C</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>ICIC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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## (16) Chlorobenzene, µg/L (Monochlorobenzene)

20	423	846	100	—	—	—	—
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## (17) Chloroform (c), µg/L

53	1,392	2,784	See subitem (73)	—	—	—	—
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## (18) Chlorpyrifos, µg/L

0.041	0.083	0.17	–	–	–	–	–
(19) Dalapon, µg/L							
–	–	–	200	–	–	–	–
(20) DDT (c), ng/L							
1.7	550*	1,100*	–	–	–	–	–
<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>1B/1C</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>ICIC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>
<hr/>							
(21) 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (c), µg/L							
–	–	–	0.2	–	–	–	–
(22) Dichlorobenzene (ortho), µg/L							
–	–	–	600	–	–	–	–
(23) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene (para) (c), µg/L							
–	–	–	75	–	–	–	–
(24) 1,2-Dichloroethane (c), µg/L							
3.8	45,050*	90,100*	5	–	–	–	–
(25) 1,1-Dichloroethylene, µg/L							

-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B ICIC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>

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(26) 1,2-Dichloroethylene (cis), µg/L

-	-	-	70	-	-	-	-
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(27) 1,2-Dichloroethylene (trans), µg/L

-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-
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(28) 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D), µg/L

-	-	-	70	-	-	-	-
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(29) 1,2-Dichloropropane (c), µg/L

-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
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(30) Dieldrin (c), ng/L

0.026	1,300*	2,500*	-	-	-	-	-
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<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B ICIC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(31) Di-2-ethylhexyl adipate, µg/L

–	–	–	400	–	–	–	–
(32) Di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (c), µg/L							
1.9	–*	–*	6	–	–	–	–
(33) Di-n-Octyl phthalate, µg/L							
30	825	1,650	–	–	–	–	–
(34) Dinoseb, µg/L							
–	–	–	7	–	–	–	–
(35) Diquat, µg/L							
–	–	–	20	–	–	–	–
<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>1B/1C</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>ICIC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>
<hr/>							
(36) Endosulfan, µg/L							
0.029	0.28	0.56	–	–	–	–	–
(37) Endothall, µg/L							
–	–	–	100	–	–	–	–
(38) Endrin, µg/L							

0.016	0.090	0.18	2	–	–	–	–
(39) Ethylbenzene (c), µg/L							
68	1,859	3,717	700	–	–	–	–
(40) Ethylene dibromide, µg/L							
–	–	–	0.05	–	–	–	–
<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>1B/1C</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>ICIC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>
<hr/>							
(41) Fluoranthene, µg/L							
1.9	3.5	6.9	–	–	–	–	–
(42) Glyphosate, µg/L							
–	–	–	700	–	–	–	–
(43) Haloacetic acids (c), µg/L (Bromoacetic acid, Dibromoacetic acid, Dichloroacetic acid, Monochloroacetic acid, and Trichloroacetic acid)							
–	–	–	60	–	–	–	–
(44) Heptachlor (c), ng/L							
0.39	260*	520*	400	–	–	–	–
(45) Heptachlor epoxide (c), ng/L							

0.48	270*	530*	200	—	—	—	—
<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B ICIC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>

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(46) Hexachlorobenzene (c), ng/L

0.24	—*	—*	1,000	—	—	—	—
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(47) Hexachlorocyclopentadiene, µg/L

—	—	—	50	—	—	—	—
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(48) Lindane (c), µg/L (Hexachlorocyclohexane, gamma-)

0.032	4.4*	8.8*	0.2	—	—	—	—
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(49) Methoxychlor, µg/L

—	—	—	40	—	—	—	—
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(50) Methylene chloride (c), µg/L (Dichloromethane)

46	13,875*	27,749*	5	—	—	—	—
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<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B ICIC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(51) Metolachlor

23	271	543	–	–	–	–	–
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(52) Naphthalene, µg/L

81	409	818	–	–	–	–	–
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(53) Oxamyl, µg/L (Vydate)

–	–	–	200	–	–	–	–
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(54) Parathion, µg/L

0.013	0.07	0.13	–	–	–	–	–
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(55) Pentachlorophenol, µg/L

1.9	15	30	1	–	–	–	–
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Class 2Bd MS and FAV are pH dependent. Pentachlorophenol values shown are for a pH of 7.5 only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 3, for examples at other pH values and equations to calculate pentachlorophenol standards for any pH value.

<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B ICIC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(56) Phenanthrene, µg/L

3.6	32	64	–	–	–	–	–
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(57) Phenol, µg/L

123	2,214	4,428	–	–	–	–	–
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(58) Picloram, µg/L

— — — 500 — — — —

(59) Polychlorinated biphenyls (c), ng/L (PCBs, total)

0.029 1,000\* 2,000\* 500 — — — —

(60) Simazine, µg/L

— — — 4 — — — —

<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>2Bd</b>	<b>1B/1C</b>	<b>3A/3B</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>DC</b>	<b>ICIC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

(61) Styrene (c), µg/L

— — — 100 — — — —

(62) 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, ng/L (TCDD-dioxin)

— — — 0.03 — — — —

(63) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (c), µg/L

1.5 1,127\* 2,253\* — — — —

(64) Tetrachloroethylene (c), µg/L

3.8 428\* 857\* 5 — — — —

(65) Toluene, µg/L



253	1,352	2,703	1,000	—	—	—	—
<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B ICIC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>

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(66) Toxaphene (c), ng/L

1.3	730*	1,500*	3,000	—	—	—	—
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(67) 2,4,5-TP, µg/L (Silvex)

—	—	—	50	—	—	—	—
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(68) 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene, µg/L

—	—	—	70	—	—	—	—
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(69) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, µg/L

329	2,957	5,913	200	—	—	—	—
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(70) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, µg/L

—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
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<b>2Bd CS</b>	<b>2Bd MS</b>	<b>2Bd FAV</b>	<b>1B/1C DC</b>	<b>3A/3B ICIC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(71) 1,1,2-Trichloroethylene (c), µg/L

25	6,988*	13,976*	5	—	—	—	—
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(72) 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol, µg/L

2.0	102	203	—	—	—	—	—
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(73) Trihalomethanes, total (c), µg/L (Bromodichloromethane, Bromoform, Chlorodibromomethane, and Chloroform)

—	—	—	80	—	—	—	—
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(74) Vinyl chloride (c), µg/L

0.18	—*	—*	2	—	—	—	—
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(75) Xylenes, total, µg/L

166	1,407	2,814	10,000	—	—	—	—
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D. *Escherichia (E.) coli* bacteria shall not exceed 126 organisms per 100 milliliters as a geometric mean of not less than five samples representative of conditions within any calendar month, nor shall more than ten percent of all samples taken during any calendar month individually exceed 1,260 organisms per 100 milliliters. The standard applies only between April 1 and October 31.

E. For radioactive materials, see parts 7050.0221, subpart 3; 7050.0222, subpart 3; and 7050.0224, subparts 2 and 3.

F. Temperature must not exceed five degrees Fahrenheit above natural in streams and three degrees Fahrenheit above natural in lakes, based on monthly average of maximum daily temperature, except in no case shall it exceed the daily average temperature of 86 degrees Fahrenheit.

Subp. 5. [Repealed, 24 SR 1105]

Subp. 5a. **Cool and warm water sport fish and associated use classes.** Water quality standards applicable to use Classes 2B, 2C, or 2D; 3A, 3B, or 3C; 4A and 4B; and 5 surface waters. See parts 7050.0223, subpart 5; 7050.0224, subpart 4; and 7050.0225, subpart 2, for Class 3D, 4C, and 5 standards applicable to wetlands, respectively.

A. MISCELLANEOUS SUBSTANCE, CHARACTERISTIC, OR POLLUTANT

<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(1) Ammonia, un-ionized as N, µg/L

40	–	–	–	–	–	–
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(2) Bicarbonates (HCO<sub>3</sub>), meq/L

–	–	–	–	5	–	–
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(3) Chloride, mg/L

230	860	1,720	50/100/250	–	–	–
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(4) Chlorine, total residual, µg/L

11	19	38	–	–	–	–
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(5) Cyanide, free, µg/L

5.2	22	45	–	–	–	–
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<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(6) *Escherichia (E.) coli* bacteria, organisms/100 mL

See item D	–	–	–	–	–	–
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(7) Eutrophication standards for lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs (phosphorus, total, µg/L; chlorophyll-a, µg/L; Secchi disk transparency, meters)

See part        –                –                –                –                –  
 7050.0222,  
 subparts  
 4, 4a, and 5

(8) Eutrophication standards for rivers, streams, and navigational pools (phosphorus, total µg/L; chlorophyll-a (seston), µg/L; five-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>), mg/L; diel dissolved oxygen flux, mg/L; chlorophyll-a (periphyton), mg/m<sup>2</sup>)

See part        –                –                –                –                –                –  
 7050.0222,  
 subparts 4 and  
 4b

(9) Hardness, Ca+Mg as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L

–                –                –                50/250/500                –                –                –

(10) Hydrogen sulfide, mg/L

–                –                –                –                –                –                0.02

(11) Oil, µg/L

500                5,000                10,000                –                –                –                –

**2B,C&D**    **2B,C&D**    **2B,C&D**    **3A/3B/3C**    **4A**            **4B**            **5**  
**CS**            **MS**            **FAV**            **IC**            **IR**            **LS**            **AN**

(12) Oxygen, dissolved, mg/L

See part 7050.0222, subparts 4 to 6	–	–	–	–	–	–
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(13) pH minimum, su

6.5 See item E	–	–	6.5/6.0/6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
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(14) pH maximum, su

9.0 See item E	–	–	8.5/9.0/9.0	8.5	9.0	9.0
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(15) Radioactive materials

See item F	–	–	–	See item F	See item F	–
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(16) Salinity, total, mg/L

–	–	–	–	–	1,000	–
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<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(17) Sodium, meq/L

–	–	–	–	60% of total cations	–	–
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(18) Specific conductance at 25°C, μ mhos/cm

— — — — 1,000 — —

(19) Sulfates, wild rice present, mg/L

— — — — 10 — —

(20) Temperature, °F

See — — — — — — —  
item G

(21) Total dissolved salts, mg/L

— — — — 700 — —

(22) Total suspended solids (TSS), mg/L

See part — — — — — — —  
7050.0222,  
subpart 4

**B. METALS AND ELEMENTS**

<b>2B,C&amp;D</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(1) Aluminum, total, μg/L

125 1,072 2,145 — — — —

(2) Antimony, total, μg/L

31	90	180	–	–	–	–
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(3) Arsenic, total, µg/L

53	360	720	–	–	–	–
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(4) Boron, total, µg/L

–	–	–	–	500	–	–
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(5) Cadmium, total, µg/L

1.1	33	67	–	–	–	–
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Class 2B, 2C, and 2D cadmium standards are hardness dependent. Cadmium values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 4, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate cadmium standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(6) Chromium +3, total, µg/L

207	1,737	3,469	–	–	–	–
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Class 2B, 2C, and 2D trivalent chromium standards are hardness dependent. Chromium +3 values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 4, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate trivalent chromium standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(7) Chromium +6, total, µg/L

11	16	32	–	–	–	–
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(8) Cobalt, total, µg/L

5.0            436            872            –            –            –            –

(9) Copper, total, µg/L

9.8            18            35            –            –            –            –

Class 2B, 2C, and 2D copper standards are hardness dependent. Copper values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 4, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate copper standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(10) Lead, total, µg/L

3.2            82            164            –            –            –            –

Class 2B, 2C, and 2D lead standards are hardness dependent. Lead values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 4, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate lead standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

<b>2B,C&amp;D</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(11) Mercury, total in water, ng/L

6.9            2,400\*            4,900\*            –            –            –            –

(12) Mercury, total in edible fish tissue, mg/kg or parts per million

0.2            –            –            –            –            –            –

(13) Nickel, total, µg/L

158            1,418            2,836            –            –            –            –



Class 2B, 2C, and 2D nickel standards are hardness dependent. Nickel values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 4, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate nickel standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

(14) Selenium, total, µg/L

5.0	20	40	–	–	–	–
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(15) Silver, total, µg/L

1.0	2.0	4.1	–	–	–	–
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Class 2B, 2C, and 2D silver MS and FAV are hardness dependent. Silver values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 4, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate silver standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(16) Thallium, total, µg/L

0.56	64	128	–	–	–	–
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(17) Zinc, total, µg/L

106	117	234	–	–	–	–
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Class 2B, 2C, and 2D zinc standards are hardness dependent. Zinc values shown are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 4, for examples at other hardness values and equations to calculate zinc standards for any hardness value not to exceed 400 mg/L.

#### C. ORGANIC POLLUTANTS OR CHARACTERISTICS

<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(1) Acenaphthene, µg/L

20	56	112	–	–	–	–
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(2) Acetochlor, µg/L

3.6	86	173	–	–	–	–
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(3) Acrylonitrile (c), µg/L

0.89	1,140*	2,281*	–	–	–	–
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(4) Alachlor (c), µg/L

59	800	1,600	–	–	–	–
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(5) Anthracene, µg/L

0.035	0.32	0.63	–	–	–	–
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<b>2B,C&amp;D</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>IC</b>	<b>IR</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>

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(6) Atrazine (c), µg/L

10	323	645	–	–	–	–
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(7) Benzene (c), µg/L

98	4,487	8,974	–	–	–	–
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(8) Bromoform, µg/L

466	2,900	5,800	—	—	—	—
(9) Carbon tetrachloride (c), µg/L						
5.9	1,750*	3,500*	—	—	—	—
(10) Chlordane (c), ng/L						
0.29	1,200*	2,400*	—	—	—	—
<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
<hr/>						
(11) Chlorobenzene, µg/L (Monochlorobenzene)						
20	423	846	—	—	—	—
(12) Chloroform (c), µg/L						
155	1,392	2,78	—	—	—	—
(13) Chlorpyrifos, µg/L						
0.041	0.083	0.17	—	—	—	—
(14) DDT (c), ng/L						
1.7	550*	1,100*	—	—	—	—
(15) 1,2-Dichloroethane (c), µg/L						

190	45,050*	90,100*	–	–	–	–
<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>

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(16) Dieldrin (c), ng/L

0.026	1,300*	2,500*	–	–	–	–
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(17) Di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (c), µg/L

2.1	–*	–*	–	–	–	–
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(18) Di-n-Octyl phthalate, µg/L

30	825	1,650	–	–	–	–
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(19) Endosulfan, µg/L

0.031	0.28	0.56	–	–	–	–
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(20) Endrin, µg/L

0.016	0.090	0.18	–	–	–	–
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<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(21) Ethylbenzene (c), µg/L

68	1,859	3,717	—	—	—	—
(22) Fluoranthene, µg/L						
1.9	3.5	6.9	—	—	—	—
(23) Heptachlor (c), ng/L						
0.39	260*	520*	—	—	—	—
(24) Heptachlor epoxide (c), ng/L						
0.48	270*	530*	—	—	—	—
(25) Hexachlorobenzene (c), ng/L						
0.24	—*	—*	—	—	—	—
<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
<hr/>						
(26) Lindane (c), µg/L (Hexachlorocyclohexane, gamma-)						
0.036	4.4*	8.8*	—	—	—	—
(27) Methylene chloride (c), µg/L (Dichloromethane)						
1,940	13,875	27,749	—	—	—	—
(28) Metolachlor						

23	271	543	–	–	–	–
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(29) Naphthalene, µg/L

81	409	818	–	–	–	–
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(30) Parathion, µg/L

0.013	0.07	0.13	–	–	–	–
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<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(31) Pentachlorophenol, µg/L

5.5	15	30	–	–	–	–
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Class 2B, 2C, and 2D standards are pH dependent, except that the CS will not exceed 5.5 µg/L. Pentachlorophenol values shown are for a pH of 7.5 only. See part 7050.0222, subpart 4, for examples at other pH values and equations to calculate pentachlorophenol standards for any pH value.

(32) Phenanthrene, µg/L

3.6	32	64	–	–	–	–
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(33) Phenol, µg/L

123	2,214	4,428	–	–	–	–
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(34) Polychlorinated biphenyls (c), ng/L (PCBs, total)

0.029	1,000*	2,000*	–	–	–	–
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## (35) 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (c), µg/L

13	1,127	2,253	–	–	–	–
<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>

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## (36) Tetrachloroethylene (c), µg/L

8.9	428	857	–	–	–	–
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## (37) Toluene, µg/L

253	1,352	2,703	–	–	–	–
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## (38) Toxaphene (c), ng/L

1.3	730*	1,500*	–	–	–	–
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## (39) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, µg/L

329	2,957	5,913	–	–	–	–
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## (40) 1,1,2-Trichloroethylene (c), µg/L

120	6,988	13,976	–	–	–	–
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<b>2B,C&amp;D CS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D MS</b>	<b>2B,C&amp;D FAV</b>	<b>3A/3B/3C IC</b>	<b>4A IR</b>	<b>4B LS</b>	<b>5 AN</b>
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(41) 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol, µg/L

2.0            102            203            -                    -                    -                    -

(42) Vinyl chloride (c), µg/L

9.2            -\*                -\*                -                    -                    -                    -

(43) Xylenes, total, µg/L

166            1,407            2,814            -                    -                    -                    -

D. *Escherichia (E.) coli* bacteria shall not exceed 126 organisms per 100 milliliters as a geometric mean of not less than five samples representative of conditions within any calendar month, nor shall more than ten percent of all samples taken during any calendar month individually exceed 1,260 organisms per 100 milliliters. The standard applies only between April 1 and October 31.

E. For pH, maintain background. See part 7050.0222, subpart 6.

F. For radioactive materials, see parts 7050.0222, subpart 4; and 7050.0224, subparts 2 and 3.

G. Temperature must not exceed:

(1) Class 2B standard: five degrees Fahrenheit above natural in streams and three degrees Fahrenheit above natural in lakes, based on monthly average of maximum daily temperature, except in no case shall it exceed the daily average temperature of 86 degrees Fahrenheit;

(2) Class 2C standard: five degrees Fahrenheit above natural in streams and three degrees Fahrenheit above natural in lakes, based on monthly average of maximum daily temperature, except in no case shall it exceed the daily average temperature of 90 degrees Fahrenheit; and

(3) Class 2D standard: maintain background as defined in part 7050.0222, subpart 6.

Subp. 6. [Repealed, 24 SR 1105]

Subp. 6a. **Limited resource value waters and associated use classes.**

**A. WATER QUALITY STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO USE CLASSES 3C, 4A, 4B, 5, AND 7 SURFACE WATERS**

<b>7</b>	<b>3C</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>LIMITED</b>	<b>1C</b>	<b>1R</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>
<b>RESOURCE</b>				
<b>VALUE</b>				



(1) Bicarbonates (HCO<sub>3</sub>), meq/L

— — 5 — —

(2) Boron, µg/L

— — 500 — —

(3) Chloride, mg/L

— 250 — — —

(4) *Escherichia (E.) coli* bacteria, organisms/100 mL

See item B — — — —

(5) Hardness, Ca+Mg as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L

— 500 — — —

<b>7</b>	<b>3C</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>LIMITED</b>	<b>1C</b>	<b>1R</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>
<b>RESOURCE</b>				
<b>VALUE</b>				

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(6) Hydrogen sulfide, mg/L

— — — — 0.02

(7) Oxygen, dissolved, mg/L

See item C	–	–	–	–
(8) pH minimum, su				
6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
(9) pH maximum, su				
9.0	9.0	8.5	9.0	9.0
(10) Radioactive materials				
–	–	See item D	See item D	–
<b>7</b>	<b>3C</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>4B</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>LIMITED</b>	<b>1C</b>	<b>1R</b>	<b>LS</b>	<b>AN</b>
<b>RESOURCE</b>				
<b>VALUE</b>				
<hr/>				
(11) Salinity, total, mg/L				
–	–	–	1,000	–
(12) Sodium, meq/L				
–	–	60% of total cations	–	–
(13) Specific conductance at 25°C, µmhos/cm				
–	–	1,000	–	–

(14) Sulfates, wild rice present, mg/L

– – 10 – –

(15) Total dissolved salts, mg/L

– – 700 – –

(16) Toxic pollutants

See item E – – – –

B. *Escherichia (E.) coli* bacteria shall not exceed 630 organisms per 100 milliliters as a geometric mean of not less than five samples representative of conditions within any calendar month, nor shall more than ten percent of all samples taken during any calendar month individually exceed 1,260 organisms per 100 milliliters. The standard applies only between May 1 and October 31.

C. The level of dissolved oxygen shall be maintained at concentrations that will avoid odors or putrid conditions in the receiving water or at concentrations at not less than one milligram per liter (daily average) provided that measurable concentrations are present at all times.

D. For radioactive materials, see part 7050.0224, subparts 2 and 3.

E. Toxic pollutants shall not be allowed in such quantities or concentrations that will impair the specified uses.

**Subp. 7. Site-specific modifications of standards.**

A. The standards in this part and in parts 7050.0221 to 7050.0227 are subject to review and modification as applied to a specific surface water body, reach, or segment. If site-specific information is available that shows that a site-specific modification is more appropriate than the statewide or ecoregion standard for a particular water body, reach, or segment, the site-specific information shall be applied.

B. The information supporting a site-specific modification can be provided by the commissioner or by any person outside the agency. The commissioner shall evaluate all relevant data in support of a modified standard and determine whether a change in the standard for a specific water body or reach is justified.

C. Any effluent limit determined to be necessary based on a modified standard shall only be required after the discharger has been given notice of the specific proposed effluent limits and an opportunity to request a hearing as provided in part 7000.1800.

D. Through the procedures established in items A to C, the following site-specific reservoir eutrophication standards apply to Lake Pepin (25-0001-00) in lieu of the water quality standards listed in this part and part 7050.0222:

(1) Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 100
(2) Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 28

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 913; 12 SR 1810; 15 SR 1057; 18 SR 2195; 24 SR 1105; 24 SR 1133; 32 SR 1699; 39 SR 154*

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### **7050.0221 SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR CLASS 1 WATERS OF THE STATE; DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION.**

#### Subpart 1. **General.**

A. The numeric and narrative water quality standards in this part prescribe the qualities or properties of the waters of the state that are necessary for the domestic consumption designated public uses and benefits. If the standards in this part are exceeded in waters of the state that have the Class 1 designation, it is considered indicative of a polluted condition which is actually or potentially deleterious, harmful, detrimental, or injurious with respect to the designated uses.

B. The Class 1 standards in this part are the United States Environmental Protection Agency primary (maximum contaminant levels) and secondary drinking water standards, as contained in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, parts 141 and 143, as amended. These Environmental Protection Agency drinking water standards are adopted and incorporated by reference with the exceptions in this item. The following standards are not applicable to Class 1 ground waters: the primary drinking water standards for acrylamide, epichlorohydrin, copper, and lead (treatment technique standards) and standards in the disinfectants and disinfection by-products categories. The following standards are not applicable to Class 1 surface waters: the primary drinking water standards for acrylamide, epichlorohydrin, copper, lead, and turbidity (treatment technique standards) and the standards in the disinfectants and microbiological organisms categories.

Subp. 2. **Class 1A waters; domestic consumption.** The quality of Class 1A waters of the state shall be such that without treatment of any kind the raw waters will meet in all respects both the primary (maximum contaminant levels) and secondary drinking water standards issued by the United States Environmental Protection Agency as referenced in subpart 1. The Environmental Protection Agency drinking water standards are adopted and incorporated by reference, except as noted in subpart 1.

These standards will ordinarily be restricted to underground waters with a high degree of natural protection.

Subp. 3. **Class 1B waters.** The quality of Class 1B waters of the state shall be such that with approved disinfection, such as simple chlorination or its equivalent, the treated water will meet both the primary (maximum contaminant levels) and secondary drinking water standards issued by the United States Environmental Protection Agency as referenced in subpart 1. The Environmental Protection Agency drinking water standards are adopted and incorporated by reference, except as noted in subpart 1.

These standards will ordinarily be restricted to surface and underground waters with a moderately high degree of natural protection and apply to these waters in the untreated state.

Subp. 4. **Class 1C waters.** The quality of Class 1C waters of the state shall be such that with treatment consisting of coagulation, sedimentation, filtration, storage, and chlorination, or other equivalent treatment processes, the treated water will meet both the primary (maximum contaminant levels) and secondary drinking water standards issued by the United States Environmental Protection Agency as referenced in subpart 1. The Environmental Protection Agency drinking water standards are adopted and incorporated by reference, except as noted in subpart 1.

These standards will ordinarily be restricted to surface waters, and groundwaters in aquifers not considered to afford adequate protection against contamination from surface or other sources of pollution. Such aquifers normally would include fractured and channeled limestone, unprotected impervious hard rock where water is obtained from mechanical fractures or joints with surface connections, and coarse gravels subjected to surface water infiltration. These standards shall also apply to these waters in the untreated state.

Subp. 5. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

Subp. 6. **Additional standards.** In addition to the standards in subparts 2 to 5, no sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes from point or nonpoint sources, treated or untreated, shall be discharged into or permitted by any person to gain access to any waters of the state classified for domestic consumption so as to cause any material undesirable increase in the taste, hardness, temperature, chronic toxicity, corrosiveness, or nutrient content, or in any other manner to impair the natural quality or value of the waters for use as a source of drinking water.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *18 SR 2195; 24 SR 1105; 32 SR 1699; 39 SR 154*

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## **7050.0222 SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR CLASS 2 WATERS OF THE STATE; AQUATIC LIFE AND RECREATION.**

### **Subpart 1. General.**

A. The numeric and narrative water quality standards in this part prescribe the qualities or properties of the waters of the state that are necessary for the aquatic life and recreation designated public uses and benefits. If the standards in this part are exceeded in waters of the state that have the Class 2 designation, it is considered indicative of a polluted condition which is actually or potentially deleterious, harmful, detrimental, or injurious with respect to the designated uses.

B. Standards for metals are expressed as total metal in this part, but must be converted to dissolved metal standards for application to surface waters. Conversion factors for converting total to dissolved metal standards are listed in subpart 9. The conversion factor for metals not listed in subpart 9 is one. The dissolved metal standard equals the total metal standard times the conversion factor. Water quality-based effluent limits for metals are expressed as total metal.

C. The tables of standards in this part include the following abbreviations and acronyms:

*	an asterisk following the FAV and MS values or double dashes (–) means subpart 7, item E, applies
(c)	means the chemical is assumed to be a human carcinogen
°C	means degrees Celsius
CS	means chronic standard, defined in part 7050.0218, subpart 3
–	double dashes means there is no standard
°F	means degrees Fahrenheit
FAV	means final acute value, defined in part 7050.0218, subpart 3
HH	in the "basis" column means the standard is human health-based
MS	means maximum standard, defined in part 7050.0218, subpart 3
NA	means not applicable
su	means standard unit. It is the reporting unit for pH
TH	means total hardness in milligrams per liter, which is the sum of the calcium and magnesium concentrations expressed as CaCO <sub>3</sub>
Tox	in the "basis" column means the standard is toxicity-based

D. Important synonyms or acronyms for some chemicals are listed in parentheses below the primary name.

Subp. 2. **Class 2A waters; aquatic life and recreation.** The quality of Class 2A surface waters shall be such as to permit the propagation and maintenance of a healthy community of cold water sport or commercial fish and associated aquatic life, and their habitats. These waters shall be suitable for aquatic recreation of all kinds, including bathing, for which the waters may be usable. This class of surface waters is also protected as a source of drinking water. Abbreviations, acronyms, and symbols are explained in subpart 1.

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
Acenaphthene	µg/L	20	HH	56	112	Tox
Acetochlor	µg/L	3.6	Tox	86	173	Tox
Acrylonitrile (c)	µg/L	0.38	HH	1,140*	2,281*	Tox
Alachlor (c)	µg/L	3.8	HH	800*	1,600*	Tox

Aluminum, total	µg/L	87	Tox	748	1,496	Tox
Ammonia un-ionized as N	µg/L	16	Tox	–	–	NA

The percent un-ionized ammonia can be calculated for any temperature and pH by using the following equation taken from Emerson, K., R.C. Russo, R.E. Lund, and R.V. Thurston, Aqueous ammonia equilibrium calculations; effect of pH and temperature. Journal of the Fisheries Research Board of Canada 32: 2379-2383 (1975):

$$f = \frac{1}{10^{(pK_a - pH)} + 1} \times 100$$

where: f = the percent of total ammonia in the un-ionized state  
 $pK_a = 0.09 + (2730/T)$  (dissociation constant for ammonia)  
 T = temperature in degrees Kelvin (273.16° Kelvin = 0° Celsius)

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
Anthracene	µg/L	0.035	Tox	0.32	0.63	Tox
Antimony, total	µg/L	5.5	HH	90	180	Tox
Arsenic, total	µg/L	2.0	HH	360	720	Tox
Atrazine (c)	µg/L	3.4	HH	323	645	Tox
Benzene (c)	µg/L	5.1	HH	4,487*	8,974*	Tox
Bromoform	µg/L	33	HH	2,900	5,800	Tox
Cadmium, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in  $\mu\text{g/L}$  shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.7852[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-3.490)$

The MS in  $\mu\text{g/L}$  shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.128[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-3.828)$

The FAV in  $\mu\text{g/L}$  shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.128[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-3.1349)$

Where:  $\exp.$  is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total cadmium standards for five hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
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Cadmium, total					
CS $\mu\text{g/L}$	0.66	1.1	2.0	2.7	3.4
MS $\mu\text{g/L}$	1.8	3.9	8.6	14	19
FAV $\mu\text{g/L}$	3.6	7.8	17	27	37

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
<hr/>						
Carbon tetrachloride (c)	$\mu\text{g/L}$	1.9	HH	1750*	3500*	Tox
Chlordane (c)	ng/L	0.073	HH	1200*	2400*	Tox
Chloride	mg/L	230	Tox	860	1720	Tox
Chlorine, total residual	$\mu\text{g/L}$	11	Tox	19	38	Tox

Chlorine standard applies to conditions of continuous exposure, where continuous exposure refers to chlorinated effluents that are discharged for more than a total of two hours in any 24-hour period.



Chlorobenzene (Monochlorobenzene)	µg/L	20	HH	423	846	Tox
Chloroform (c)	µg/L	53	HH	1,392	2,784	Tox
Chlorpyrifos	µg/L	0.041	Tox	0.083	0.17	Tox
Chromium +3, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.819[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+1.561)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.819[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+3.688)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.819[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+4.380)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total chromium +3 standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
<hr/>					
Chromium +3, total					
CS µg/L	117	207	365	509	644
MS µg/L	984	1,737	3,064	4,270	5,405
FAV µg/L	1,966	3,469	6,120	8,530	10,797

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
Chromium +6, total	µg/L	11	Tox	16	32	Tox
Cobalt, total	µg/L	2.8	HH	436	872	Tox
Color value	Pt/Co	30	NA	—	—	NA
Copper, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.620[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.570)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.9422[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-1.464)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.9422[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.7703)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total copper standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
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Copper, total					
CS µg/L	6.4	9.8	15	19	23
MS µg/L	9.2	18	34	50	65
FAV µg/L	18	35	68	100	131

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
Cyanide, free	µg/L	5.2	Tox	22	45	Tox
DDT (c)	ng/L	0.11	HH	550*	1100*	Tox
1,2-Dichloroethane (c)	µg/L	3.5	HH	45,050*	90,100*	Tox
Dieldrin (c)	ng/L	0.0065	HH	1,300*	2,500*	Tox
Di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (c)	µg/L	1.9	HH	—*	—*	NA
Di-n-octyl phthalate	µg/L	30	Tox	825	1,650	Tox
Endosulfan	µg/L	0.0076	HH	0.084	0.17	Tox
Endrin	µg/L	0.0039	HH	0.090	0.18	Tox
<i>Escherichia (E.) coli</i>	See below	See below	HH	See below	See below	NA

Not to exceed 126 organisms per 100 milliliters as a geometric mean of not less than five samples representative of conditions within any calendar month, nor shall more than ten percent of all samples

taken during any calendar month individually exceed 1,260 organisms per 100 milliliters. The standard applies only between April 1 and October 31.

Ethylbenzene	µg/L	68	Tox	1,859	3,717	Tox
<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>

Eutrophication standards for Class 2A lakes and reservoirs.

Designated lake trout lakes in all ecoregions (lake trout lakes support natural populations of lake trout, *Salvelinus namaycush*):

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	12	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	3	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	No less than 4.8	NA	–	–	NA

Designated trout lakes in all ecoregions, except lake trout lakes:

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	20	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	6	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	No less than 2.5	NA	–	–	NA

Additional narrative eutrophication standards for Class 2A lakes and reservoirs are found under subpart 2a.

Eutrophication standards for Class 2A rivers and streams.

North River Nutrient Region:

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 50
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 7

Diel dissolved oxygen flux	mg/L	less than or equal to 3.0
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )	mg/L	less than or equal to 1.5

## Central River Nutrient Region:

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 100
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 18
Diel dissolved oxygen flux	mg/L	less than or equal to 3.5
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )	mg/L	less than or equal to 2.0

## South River Nutrient Region:

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 150
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 35
Diel dissolved oxygen flux	mg/L	less than or equal to 4.5
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )	mg/L	less than or equal to 3.0

Additional narrative eutrophication standards for Class 2A rivers and streams are found under subpart 2b.

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
Fluoranthene	µg/L	1.9	Tox	3.5	6.9	Tox
Heptachlor (c)	ng/L	0.10	HH	260*	520*	Tox
Heptachlor epoxide (c)	ng/L	0.12	HH	270*	530*	Tox
Hexachlorobenzene (c)	ng/L	0.061	HH	—*	—*	Tox
Lead, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.273[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-4.705)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.273[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-1.460)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.273[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.7643)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total lead standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
Lead, total					
CS µg/L	1.3	3.2	7.7	13	19
MS µg/L	34	82	197	331	477
FAV µg/L	68	164	396	663	956

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
Lindane (c) (Hexachlorocyclohexane, gamma-)	µg/L	0.0087	HH	1.0*	2.0*	Tox
Mercury, total in water	ng/L	6.9	HH	2,400*	4,900*	Tox
Mercury, total in edible fish	mg/kg ppm	0.2	HH	NA	NA	NA
Methylene chloride (c) Dichloromethane)	µg/L	45	HH	13,875*	27,749*	Tox
Metolachlor	µg/L	23	Tox	271	543	Tox
Naphthalene	µg/L	65	HH	409	818	Tox
Nickel, total	µg/L	equation	Tox/HH	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS shall not exceed the human health-based standard of 297 µg/L. For waters with total hardness values less than 212 mg/L, the CS in µg/L is toxicity-based and shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.846[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+1.1645)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.846[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+3.3612)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.846[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+4.0543)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total nickel standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
<hr/>					
Nickel, total					
CS µg/L	88	158	283	297	297
MS µg/L	789	1,418	2,549	3,592	4,582
FAV µg/L	1,578	2,836	5,098	7,185	9,164

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
<hr/>						
Oil	µg/L	500	NA	5,000	10,000	NA
Oxygen, dissolved	mg/L	See below	NA	–	–	NA

7.0 mg/L as a daily minimum. This dissolved oxygen standard requires compliance with the standard 50 percent of the days at which the flow of the receiving water is equal to the  $7Q_{10}$ .

Parathion	µg/L	0.013	Tox	0.07	0.13	Tox
Pentachlorophenol	µg/L	0.93	HH	equation	equation	Tox

The MS and FAV vary with pH and are calculated using the following equations:

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.005[\text{pH}]-4.830)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.005[\text{pH}]-4.1373)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For pH values less than 6.0, 6.0 shall be used to calculate the standard and for pH values greater than 9.0, 9.0 shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of pentachlorophenol standards for five pH values:

pH su	6.5	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.5
<hr/>					
Pentachlorophenol					
CS µg/L	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
MS µg/L	5.5	9.1	15	25	41
FAV µg/L	11	18	30	50	82

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
pH, minimum	su	6.5	NA	–	–	NA
pH, maximum	su	8.5	NA	–	–	NA
Phenanthrene	µg/L	3.6	Tox	32	64	Tox
Phenol	µg/L	123	Tox	2,214	4,428	Tox
Polychlorinated biphenyls, total (c)	ng/L	0.014	HH	1,000*	2,000*	Tox
Radioactive materials	NA	See below	NA	See below	See below	NA

Not to exceed the lowest concentrations permitted to be discharged to an uncontrolled environment as permitted by the appropriate authority having control over their use.

Selenium, total	µg/L	5.0	Tox	20	40	Tox
Silver, total	µg/L	0.12	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The MS and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.720[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-7.2156)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.720[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-6.520)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of silver standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
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Silver, total					
CS µg/L	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
MS µg/L	1.0	2.0	6.7	13	22
FAV µg/L	1.2	4.1	13	27	44

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2A)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
<hr/>						
Temperature	°C or °F	No material increase	NA	–	–	NA
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (c)	µg/L	1.1	HH	1,127*	2,253*	Tox
Tetrachloroethylene (c)	µg/L	3.8	HH	428*	857*	Tox
Thallium, total	µg/L	0.28	HH	64	128	Tox
Toluene	µg/L	253	Tox	1,352	2,703	Tox
Toxaphene (c)	ng/L	0.31	HH	730*	1,500*	Tox
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	µg/L	329	Tox	2,957	5,913	Tox
1,1,2-Trichloroethylene (c)	µg/L	25	HH	6,988*	13,976*	Tox
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	µg/L	2.0	HH	102	203	Tox
Total suspended solids (TSS)	mg/L	10	NA	–	–	NA
TSS standards for Class 2A may be exceeded for no more than ten percent of the time. This standard applies April 1 through September 30						
Vinyl chloride (c)	µg/L	0.17	HH	–*	–*	NA



Xylene, total m,p,o	µg/L	166	Tox	1,407	2,814	Tox
Zinc, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.8473[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+0.7615)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.8473[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+0.8604)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.8473[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+1.5536)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of zinc standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
Zinc, total					
CS µg/L	59	106	191	269	343
MS µg/L	65	117	211	297	379
FAV µg/L	130	234	421	594	758

**Subp. 2a. Narrative eutrophication standards for lakes and reservoirs.**

A. Eutrophication standards for lakes and reservoirs are compared to summer-average data. Exceedance of the total phosphorus and either the chlorophyll-a or Secchi disk transparency standard is required to indicate a polluted condition.

B. It is the policy of the agency to protect all lakes and reservoirs from the undesirable effects of cultural eutrophication. Lakes and reservoirs with a baseline quality better than the numeric eutrophication standards in subpart 2 must be maintained in that condition through the strict application of all relevant federal, state, and local requirements governing nondegradation, the discharge of nutrients from point and nonpoint sources, and the protection of lake or reservoir resources, including, but not limited to:

- (1) the nondegradation requirements in parts 7050.0180 and 7050.0185;
- (2) the phosphorus effluent limits for point sources, where applicable in chapter 7053;
- (3) the requirements for feedlots in chapter 7020;
- (4) the requirements for individual sewage treatment systems in chapter 7080;
- (5) the requirements for control of storm water in chapter 7090;
- (6) county shoreland ordinances; and
- (7) implementation of mandatory and voluntary best management practices to minimize point and nonpoint sources of nutrients.

C. Lakes and reservoirs with a baseline quality that is poorer than the numeric eutrophication standards in subpart 2 must be considered to be in compliance with the standards if the baseline quality is the result of natural causes. The commissioner shall determine baseline quality and compliance with these standards using data and the procedures in part 7050.0150, subpart 5.

D. When applied to reservoirs, the eutrophication standards in this subpart and subpart 2 may be modified on a site-specific basis to account for characteristics unique to reservoirs that can affect trophic status, such as water temperature, variations in hydraulic residence time, watershed size, and the fact that reservoirs may receive drainage from more than one ecoregion. Information supporting a site-specific standard can be provided by the commissioner or by any person outside the agency. The commissioner shall evaluate all data in support of a modified standard and determine whether a change in the standard for a specific reservoir is justified. Any total phosphorus effluent limit determined to be necessary based on a modified standard shall only be required after the discharger has been given notice of the specific proposed effluent limits and an opportunity to request a hearing as provided in part 7000.1800.

E. Eutrophication standards applicable to lakes and reservoirs that lie on the border between two ecoregions or that are in the Red River Valley (also referred to as Lake Agassiz Plains), Northern Minnesota Wetlands, or Driftless Area Ecoregion must be applied on a case-by-case basis. The commissioner shall use the standards applicable to adjacent ecoregions as a guide.

**Subp. 2b. Narrative eutrophication standards for rivers and streams.**

A. Eutrophication standards for rivers and streams are compared to summer-average data or as specified in subpart 2. Exceedance of the total phosphorus levels and chlorophyll-a (seston), five-day biochemical oxygen demand ( $BOD_5$ ), diel dissolved oxygen flux, or pH levels is required to indicate a polluted condition.

B. Rivers and streams that exceed the phosphorus levels but do not exceed the chlorophyll-a (seston), five-day biochemical oxygen demand ( $BOD_5$ ), diel dissolved oxygen flux, or pH levels meet the eutrophication standard.

C. For chlorophyll-a (periphyton), the standard is exceeded if concentrations exceed  $150 \text{ mg/m}^2$  more than one year in ten.

D. It is the policy of the agency to protect all rivers and streams from the undesirable effects of cultural eutrophication. Rivers and streams with a baseline quality better than the numeric eutrophication standards in subpart 3 must be maintained in that condition through the strict application of all relevant federal, state, and local requirements governing nondegradation, the discharge of nutrients from point and nonpoint sources, including:

- (1) the nondegradation requirements in parts 7050.0180 and 7050.0185;
- (2) the phosphorus effluent limits for point sources, where applicable, in chapter 7053;
- (3) the requirements for feedlots in chapter 7020;
- (4) the requirements for individual sewage treatment systems in chapter 7080;
- (5) the requirements for control of storm water in chapter 7090;
- (6) county shoreland ordinances; and
- (7) implementation of mandatory and voluntary best management practices to minimize point and nonpoint sources of nutrients.

E. Rivers and streams with a baseline quality that does not meet the numeric eutrophication standards in part 7050.0150, subpart 5b, are in compliance with the standards if the baseline quality is the result of natural causes. The commissioner must determine baseline quality and compliance with these standards using data and the procedures in part 7050.0150, subpart 5.

Subp. 3. **Class 2Bd waters.** The quality of Class 2Bd surface waters shall be such as to permit the propagation and maintenance of a healthy community of cool or warm water sport or commercial fish and associated aquatic life and their habitats. These waters shall be suitable for aquatic recreation of all kinds, including bathing, for which the waters may be usable. This class of surface waters is also protected as a source of drinking water. The applicable standards are given below. Abbreviations, acronyms, and symbols are explained in subpart 1.

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)	Units	Basis		Basis for MS, FAV		
		CS	for CS	MS	FAV	for MS, FAV
Acenaphthene	µg/L	20	HH	56	112	Tox
Acetochlor	µg/L	3.6	Tox	86	173	Tox
Acrylonitrile (c)	µg/L	0.38	HH	1,140*	2,281*	Tox
Alachlor (c)	µg/L	4.2	HH	800*	1,600*	Tox
Aluminum, total	µg/L	125	Tox	1,072	2,145	Tox
Ammonia un-ionized as N	µg/L	40	Tox	–	–	NA

The percent un-ionized ammonia can be calculated for any temperature and pH by using the following equation taken from Emerson, K., R.C. Russo, R.E. Lund, and R.V. Thurston, Aqueous ammonia equilibrium calculations; effect of pH and temperature. Journal of the Fisheries Research Board of Canada 32: 2379-2383 (1975):

$$f = 1 / (10^{(pK_a - pH)} + 1) \times 100$$

where: f = the percent of total ammonia in the un-ionized state

$pK_a = 0.09 + (2730/T)$  (dissociation constant for ammonia)

T = temperature in degrees Kelvin (273.16° Kelvin = 0° Celsius)

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
Anthracene	µg/L	0.035	Tox	0.32	0.63	Tox
Antimony, total	µg/L	5.5	HH	90	180	Tox
Arsenic, total	µg/L	2.0	HH	360	720	Tox
Atrazine (c)	µg/L	3.4	HH	323	645	Tox
Benzene (c)	µg/L	6.0	HH	4,487*	8,974*	Tox
Bromoform	µg/L	41	HH	2,900	5,800	Tox
Cadmium, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.7852[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-3.490)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.128[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-1.685)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.128[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.9919)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total cadmium standards for five hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
Cadmium, total					
CS µg/L	0.66	1.1	2.0	2.7	3.4
MS µg/L	15	33	73	116	160
FAV µg/L	31	67	146	231	319

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
Carbon tetrachloride (c)	µg/L	1.9	HH	1,750*	3,500*	Tox
Chlordane (c)	ng/L	0.29	HH	1,200*	2,400*	Tox
Chloride	mg/L	230	Tox	860	1,720	Tox
Chlorine, total residual	µg/L	11	Tox	19	38	Tox
Chlorine standard applies to conditions of continuous exposure, where continuous exposure refers to chlorinated effluents that are discharged for more than a total of two hours in any 24-hour period.						
Chlorobenzene (Monochlorobenzene)	µg/L	20	HH	423	846	Tox
Chloroform (c)	µg/L	53	HH	1,392	2,784	Tox
Chlorpyrifos	µg/L	0.041	Tox	0.083	0.17	Tox
Chromium +3, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.819[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+1.561)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.819[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+3.688)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.819[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+4.380)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total chromium +3 standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
Chromium +3, total					

Chromium +3, total

CS µg/L	117	207	365	509	644
MS µg/L	984	1,737	3,064	4,270	5,405
FAV µg/L	1,966	3,469	6,120	8,530	10,797

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
Chromium +6, total	µg/L	11	Tox	16	32	Tox
Cobalt, total	µg/L	2.8	HH	436	872	Tox
Copper, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.620[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.570)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.9422[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-1.464)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.9422[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.7703)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total copper standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
Copper, total					
CS µg/L	6.4	9.8	15	19	23
MS µg/L	9.2	18	34	50	65
FAV µg/L	18	35	68	100	131

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
Cyanide, free	µg/L	5.2	Tox	22	45	Tox
DDT (c)	ng/L	1.7	HH	550*	1,100*	Tox
1,2-Dichloroethane (c)	µg/L	3.8	HH	45,050*	90,100*	Tox
Dieldrin (c)	ng/L	0.026	HH	1,300*	2,500*	Tox
Di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (c)	µg/L	1.9	HH	—*	—*	NA
Di-n-octyl phthalate	µg/L	30	Tox	825	1,650	Tox
Endosulfan	µg/L	0.029	HH	0.28	0.56	Tox
Endrin	µg/L	0.016	HH	0.090	0.18	Tox
<i>Escherichia (E.) coli</i>	See below	See below	HH	See below	See below	NA

Not to exceed 126 organisms per 100 milliliters as a geometric mean of not less than five samples representative of conditions within any calendar month, nor shall more than ten percent of all samples taken during any calendar month individually exceed 1,260 organisms per 100 milliliters. The standard applies only between April 1 and October 31.

Ethylbenzene	µg/L	68	Tox	1,859	3,717	Tox
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<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
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Eutrophication standards for Class 2Bd lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs.

Lakes, Shallow Lakes, and Reservoirs in Northern Lakes and Forest Ecoregion

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	30	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	9	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	Not less than 2.0	NA	–	–	NA

## Lakes and Reservoirs in North Central Hardwood Forest Ecoregion

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	40	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	14	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	Not less than 1.4	NA	–	–	NA

## Lakes and Reservoirs in Western Corn Belt Plains and Northern Glaciated Plains Ecoregions

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	65	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	22	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	Not less than 0.9	NA	–	–	NA

## Shallow Lakes in North Central Hardwood Forest Ecoregion

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	60	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	20	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	Not less than 1.0	NA	–	–	NA

## Shallow Lakes in Western Corn Belt Plains and Northern Glaciated Plains Ecoregions

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	90	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	30	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	Not less than 0.7	NA	–	–	NA

Additional narrative eutrophication standards for Class 2Bd lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs are found under subpart 3a.



Eutrophication standards for Class 2Bd rivers and streams.

North River Nutrient Region

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 50
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 7
Diel dissolved oxygen flux	mg/L	less than or equal to 3.0
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )	mg/L	less than or equal to 1.5

Central River Nutrient Region

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 100
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 18
Diel dissolved oxygen flux	mg/L	less than or equal to 3.5
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )	mg/L	less than or equal to 2.0

South River Nutrient Region

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 150
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 35
Diel dissolved oxygen flux	mg/L	less than or equal to 4.5
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )	mg/L	less than or equal to 3.0

Additional narrative eutrophication standards for Class 2Bd rivers and streams are found under subpart 3b.

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
Fluoranthene	µg/L	1.9	Tox	3.5	6.9	Tox
Heptachlor (c)	ng/L	0.39	HH	260*	520*	Tox
Heptachlor epoxide (c)	ng/L	0.48	HH	270*	530*	Tox

Hexachlorobenzene (c)	ng/L	0.24	HH	—*	—*	Tox
Lead, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.273[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-4.705)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.273[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-1.460)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.273[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.7643)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total lead standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
<hr/>					
Lead, total					
CS µg/L	1.3	3.2	7.7	13	19
MS µg/L	34	82	197	331	477
FAV µg/L	68	164	396	663	956

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
Lindane (c) (Hexachlorocyclohexane, gamma-)	µg/L	0.032	HH	4.4*	8.8*	Tox
Mercury, total in water	ng/L	6.9	HH	2,400*	4,900*	Tox
Mercury, total in edible fish tissue	mg/kg ppm	0.2	HH	NA	NA	NA
Methylene chloride (c) (Dichloromethane)	µg/L	46	HH	13,875*	27,749*	Tox
Metolachlor	µg/L	23	Tox	271	543	Tox

Naphthalene	µg/L	81	Tox	409	818	Tox
Nickel, total	µg/L	equation	Tox/HH	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS shall not exceed the human health-based standard of 297 µg/L. For waters with total hardness values less than 212 mg/L, the CS in µg/L is toxicity-based and shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.846[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+1.1645)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.846[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+3.3612)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.846[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+4.0543)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total nickel standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
<hr/>					
Nickel, total					
CS µg/L	88	158	283	297	297
MS µg/L	789	1,418	2,549	3,592	4,582
FAV µg/L	1,578	2,836	5,098	7,185	9,164

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
<hr/>						
Oil	µg/L	500	NA	5,000	10,000	NA
Oxygen, dissolved	mg/L	See below	NA	–	–	NA

5.0 mg/L as a daily minimum. This dissolved oxygen standard may be modified on a site-specific basis according to part 7050.0220, subpart 7, except that no site-specific standard shall be less than 5 mg/L as a daily average and 4 mg/L as a daily minimum. Compliance with this standard is required 50 percent of the days at which the flow of the receiving water is equal to the 7Q<sub>10</sub>.

Parathion	µg/L	0.013	Tox	0.07	0.13	Tox
Pentachlorophenol	µg/L	1.9	HH	equation	equation	Tox

The MS and FAV vary with pH and are calculated using the following equations:

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.005[\text{pH}]-4.830)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.005[\text{pH}]-4.1373)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For pH values less than 6.0, 6.0 shall be used to calculate the standard and for pH values greater than 9.0, 9.0 shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of pentachlorophenol standards for five pH values:

pH su	6.5	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.5
<hr/>					
Pentachlorophenol					
CS µg/L	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
MS µg/L	5.5	9.1	15	25	41
FAV µg/L	11	18	30	50	82

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
<hr/>						
pH, minimum	su	6.5	NA	–	–	NA
pH, maximum	su	9.0	NA	–	–	NA
Phenanthrene	µg/L	3.6	Tox	32	64	Tox
Phenol	µg/L	123	Tox	2,214	4,428	Tox
Polychlorinated biphenyls, total (c)	ng/L	0.029	HH	1,000*	2,000*	Tox
Radioactive materials	NA	See below	NA	See below	See below	NA

Not to exceed the lowest concentrations permitted to be discharged to an uncontrolled environment as permitted by the appropriate authority having control over their use.

Selenium, total	µg/L	5.0	Tox	20	40	Tox
Silver, total	µg/L	1.0	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The MS and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.720[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-7.2156)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.720[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-6.520)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total silver standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
<hr/>					
Silver, total					
CS µg/L	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
MS µg/L	1.0	2.0	6.7	13	22
FAV µg/L	1.2	4.1	13	27	44

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
<hr/>						
Temperature	°F	See below	NA	-	-	NA

5°F above natural in streams and 3°F above natural in lakes, based on monthly average of the maximum daily temperatures, except in no case shall it exceed the daily average temperature of 86°F.

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (c)	µg/L	1.5	HH	1,127*	2,253*	Tox
Tetrachloroethylene (c)	µg/L	3.8	HH	428*	857*	Tox
Thallium, total	µg/L	0.28	HH	64	128	Tox
Toluene	µg/L	253	Tox	1,352	2,703	Tox
Toxaphene (c)	ng/L	1.3	HH	730*	1,500*	Tox
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	µg/L	329	Tox	2,957	5,913	Tox
1,1,2-Trichloroethylene (c)	µg/L	25	HH	6,988*	13,976*	Tox
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	µg/L	2.0	HH	102	203	Tox
Total suspended solids (TSS)						
North River Nutrient Region	mg/L	15	NA	-	-	NA
Central River Nutrient Region	mg/L	30	NA	-	-	NA
South River Nutrient Region	mg/L	65	NA	-	-	NA
Red River mainstem - headwaters to border	mg/L	100	NA	-	-	NA
TSS standards for the Class 2Bd North, Central, and South River Nutrient Regions and the Red River mainstem may be exceeded for no more than ten percent of the time. This standard applies April 1 through September 30						
Total suspended solids (TSS), summer average						
Lower Mississippi River mainstem - Pools 2 through 4	mg/L	32	NA	-	-	NA
Lower Mississippi River mainstem below Lake Pepin	mg/L	30	NA	-	-	NA

TSS standards for the Class 2Bd  
Lower Mississippi River may  
be exceeded for no more than  
50 percent of the time. This  
standard applies June 1 through  
September 30

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2Bd)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
Vinyl chloride (c)	µg/L	0.18	HH	—*	—*	NA
Xylene, total m,p,o	µg/L	166	Tox	1,407	2,814	Tox
Zinc, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.8473[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+0.7615)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.8473[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+0.8604)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.8473[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+1.5536)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total zinc standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
Zinc, total					
CS µg/L	59	106	191	269	343
MS µg/L	65	117	211	297	379
FAV µg/L	130	234	421	594	758

**Subp. 3a. Narrative eutrophication standards for Class 2Bd lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs.**

A. Eutrophication standards applicable to lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs that lie on the border between two ecoregions or that are in the Red River Valley (also referred to as Lake Agassiz Plains), Northern Minnesota Wetlands, or Driftless Area Ecoregion must be applied on a case-by-case basis. The commissioner shall use the standards applicable to adjacent ecoregions as a guide.

B. Eutrophication standards are compared to summer-average data. Exceedance of the total phosphorus and either the chlorophyll-a or Secchi disk transparency standard is required to indicate a polluted condition.

C. It is the policy of the agency to protect all lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs from the undesirable effects of cultural eutrophication. Lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs with a baseline quality better than the numeric eutrophication standards in subpart 3 must be maintained in that condition through the strict application of all relevant federal, state, and local requirements governing nondegradation, the discharge of nutrients from point and nonpoint sources, and the protection of lake, shallow lake, and reservoir resources, including, but not limited to:

- (1) the nondegradation requirements in parts 7050.0180 and 7050.0185;
- (2) the phosphorus effluent limits for point sources, where applicable in chapter 7053;
- (3) the requirements for feedlots in chapter 7020;
- (4) the requirements for individual sewage treatment systems in chapter 7080;
- (5) the requirements for control of storm water in chapter 7090;
- (6) county shoreland ordinances; and

(7) implementation of mandatory and voluntary best management practices to minimize point and nonpoint sources of nutrients.

D. Lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs with a baseline quality that is poorer than the numeric eutrophication standards in subpart 3 must be considered to be in compliance with the standards if the baseline quality is the result of natural causes. The commissioner shall determine baseline quality and compliance with these standards using data and the procedures in part 7050.0150, subpart 5.

E. When applied to reservoirs, the eutrophication standards in this subpart and subpart 3 may be modified on a site-specific basis to account for characteristics of reservoirs that can affect trophic status, such as water temperature, variations in hydraulic residence time, watershed size, and the fact that reservoirs may receive drainage from more than one ecoregion. Information supporting a site-specific standard can be provided by the commissioner or by any person outside the agency. The commissioner shall evaluate all data in support of a modified standard and determine whether a change in the standard for a specific reservoir is justified. Any total phosphorus effluent limit determined to be necessary based on a modified standard shall only be required after the discharger has been given notice of the specific proposed effluent limits and an opportunity to request a hearing as provided in part 7000.1800.

**Subp. 3b. Narrative eutrophication standards for rivers, streams, and navigational pools.**

A. Eutrophication standards for rivers, streams, and navigational pools are compared to summer-average data or as specified in subpart 3. Exceedance of the total phosphorus levels and chlorophyll-a (seston), five-day biochemical oxygen demand ( $BOD_5$ ), diel dissolved oxygen flux, or pH levels is required to indicate a polluted condition.

B. Rivers, streams, and navigational pools that exceed the phosphorus levels but do not exceed the chlorophyll-a (seston), five-day biochemical oxygen demand ( $BOD_5$ ), diel dissolved oxygen flux, or pH levels meet the eutrophication standard.

C. A polluted condition also exists when the chlorophyll-a (periphyton) concentration exceeds  $150 \text{ mg/m}^2$  more than one year in ten.

D. It is the policy of the agency to protect all rivers, streams, and navigational pools from the undesirable effects of cultural eutrophication. Rivers, streams, and navigational pools with a baseline quality better than the numeric eutrophication standards in subpart 3 must be maintained in that condition



through the strict application of all relevant federal, state, and local requirements governing nondegradation, the discharge of nutrients from point and nonpoint sources including:

- (1) the nondegradation requirements in parts 7050.0180 and 7050.0185;
- (2) the phosphorus effluent limits for point sources, where applicable, in chapter 7053;
- (3) the requirements for feedlots in chapter 7020;
- (4) the requirements for individual sewage treatment systems in chapter 7080;
- (5) the requirements for control of storm water in chapter 7090;
- (6) county shoreland ordinances; and
- (7) implementation of mandatory and voluntary best management practices to minimize point and nonpoint sources of nutrients.

E. Rivers, streams, and navigational pools with a baseline quality that does not meet the numeric eutrophication standards in part 7050.0150, subpart 5b, are in compliance with the standards if the baseline quality is the result of natural causes. The commissioner must determine baseline quality and compliance with these standards using data and the procedures in part 7050.0150, subpart 5.

Subp. 4. **Class 2B waters.** The quality of Class 2B surface waters shall be such as to permit the propagation and maintenance of a healthy community of cool or warm water sport or commercial fish and associated aquatic life, and their habitats. These waters shall be suitable for aquatic recreation of all kinds, including bathing, for which the waters may be usable. This class of surface water is not protected as a source of drinking water. The applicable standards are given below. Abbreviations, acronyms, and symbols are explained in subpart 1.

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)	Units	CS	Basis			Basis for MS, FAV
			for CS	MS	FAV	
Acenaphthene	µg/l	20	HH	56	112	Tox
Acetochlor	µg/L	3.6	Tox	86	173	Tox
Acrylonitrile (c)	µg/l	0.89	HH	1,140*	2,281*	Tox
Alachlor (c)	µg/L	59	Tox	800	1,600	Tox
Aluminum, total	µg/L	125	Tox	1,072	2,145	Tox
Ammonia un-ionized as N	µg/L	40	Tox	–	–	NA

The percent un-ionized ammonia can be calculated for any temperature and pH by using the following equation taken from Emerson, K., R.C. Russo, R.E. Lund, and R.V. Thurston, Aqueous ammonia

equilibrium calculations; effect of pH and temperature. Journal of the Fisheries Research Board of Canada 32: 2379-2383 (1975):

$$f = 1 / (10^{(pk_a - pH)} + 1) \times 100$$

where: f = the percent of total ammonia in the un-ionized state

$$pk_a = 0.09 + (2730/T) \text{ (dissociation constant for ammonia)}$$

T = temperature in degrees Kelvin (273.16° Kelvin = 0° Celsius)

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)	Units	Basis			Basis	
		CS	for CS	MS	FAV	for MS, FAV
Anthracene	µg/L	0.035	Tox	0.32	0.63	Tox
Antimony, total	µg/L	31	Tox	90	180	Tox
Arsenic, total	µg/L	53	HH	360	720	Tox
Atrazine (c)	µg/L	10	Tox	323	645	Tox
Benzene (c)	µg/L	98	HH	4,487	8,974	Tox
Bromoform	µg/L	466	HH	2,900	5,800	Tox
Cadmium, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.7852[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-3.490)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.128[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-1.685)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.128[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.9919)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total cadmium standards for five hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
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Cadmium, total						
CS µg/L	0.66	1.1	2.0	2.7	3.4	
MS µg/L	15	33	73	116	160	
FAV µg/L	31	67	146	231	319	

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
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Carbon tetrachloride (c)	µg/L	5.9	HH	1,750*	3,500*	Tox
Chlordane (c)	ng/L	0.29	HH	1,200*	2,400*	Tox
Chloride	mg/L	230	Tox	860	1,720	Tox

Chlorine, total residual	µg/L	11	Tox	19	38	Tox
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Chlorine standard applies to conditions of continuous exposure, where continuous exposure refers to chlorinated effluents that are discharged for more than a total of two hours in any 24-hour period.

Chlorobenzene (Monochlorobenzene)	µg/L	20	HH	423	846	Tox
Chloroform (c)	µg/L	155	Tox	1,392	2,784	Tox
Chlorpyrifos	µg/L	0.041	Tox	0.083	0.17	Tox
Chromium +3, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.819[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})+1.561])$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.819[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})+3.688])$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.819[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})+4.380])$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total chromium +3 standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
<hr/>					
Chromium +3, total					
CS µg/L	117	207	365	509	644
MS µg/L	984	1,737	3,064	4,270	5,405
FAV µg/L	1,966	3,469	6,120	8,530	10,797

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
Chromium +6, total	µg/L	11	Tox	16	32	Tox
Cobalt, total	µg/L	5.0	Tox	436	872	Tox
Copper, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.6200[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.570)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.9422[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-1.464)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.9422[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.7703)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total copper standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
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Copper, total					
CS µg/L	6.4	9.8	15	19	23
MS µg/L	9.2	18	34	50	65
FAV µg/L	18	35	68	100	131

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
Cyanide, free	µg/L	5.2	Tox	22	45	Tox
DDT (c)	ng/L	1.7	HH	550*	1,100*	Tox
1,2-Dichloroethane (c)	µg/L	190	HH	45,050*	90,100*	Tox
Dieldrin (c)	ng/L	0.026	HH	1,300*	2,500*	Tox
Di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (c)	µg/L	2.1	HH	—*	—*	NA
Di-n-octyl phthalate	µg/L	30	Tox	825	1,650	Tox
Endosulfan	µg/L	0.031	HH	0.28	0.56	Tox
Endrin	µg/L	0.016	HH	0.090	0.18	Tox
<i>Escherichia (E.) coli</i>	See below	See below	HH	See below	See below	NA

Not to exceed 126 organisms per 100 milliliters as a geometric mean of not less than five samples representative of conditions within any calendar month, nor shall more than ten percent of all samples taken during any calendar month individually exceed 1,260 organisms per 100 milliliters. The standard applies only between April 1 and October 31.

Ethylbenzene	µg/L	68	Tox	1,859	3,717	Tox
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<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
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Eutrophication standards for Class 2B lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs.

Lakes, Shallow Lakes, and Reservoirs in Northern Lakes and Forest Ecoregions

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	30	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	9	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	Not less than 2.0	NA	–	–	NA

## Lakes and Reservoirs in North Central Hardwood Forest Ecoregion

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	40	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	14	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	Not less than 1.4	NA	–	–	NA

## Lakes and Reservoirs in Western Corn Belt Plains and Northern Glaciated Plains Ecoregions

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	65	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	22	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	Not less than 0.9	NA	–	–	NA

## Shallow Lakes in North Central Hardwood Forest Ecoregion

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	60	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	20	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	Not less than 1.0	NA	–	–	NA

## Shallow Lakes in Western Corn Belt Plains and Northern Glaciated Plains Ecoregions

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	90	NA	–	–	NA
Chlorophyll-a	µg/L	30	NA	–	–	NA
Secchi disk transparency	meters	Not less than 0.7	NA	–	–	NA

Additional narrative eutrophication standards for Class 2B lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs are found in subpart 4a.

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
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Eutrophication standards for Class 2B rivers and streams.

North River Nutrient Region

Phosphorus, total			µg/L			less than or equal to 50
Chlorophyll-a (seston)			µg/L			less than or equal to 7
Diel dissolved oxygen flux			mg/L			less than or equal to 3.0
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )			mg/L			less than or equal to 1.5

Central River Nutrient Region

Phosphorus, total			µg/L			less than or equal to 100
Chlorophyll-a (seston)			µg/L			less than or equal to 18
Diel dissolved oxygen flux			mg/L			less than or equal to 3.5
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )			mg/L			less than or equal to 2.0

South River Nutrient Region

Phosphorus, total			µg/L			less than or equal to 150
Chlorophyll-a (seston)			µg/L			less than or equal to 40
Diel dissolved oxygen flux			mg/L			less than or equal to 5.0
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )			mg/L			less than or equal to 3.5

Site-specific standards for specified river reaches or other waters are:

Mississippi River Navigational Pool 1 (river miles 854.1 to 847.7 reach from Fridley to Ford Dam in St. Paul)

Phosphorus, total			µg/L			less than or equal to 100
Chlorophyll-a (seston)			µg/L			less than or equal to 35

Mississippi River Navigational Pool 2 (river miles 847.7 to 815.2 reach from Ford Dam to Hastings Dam)

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 125
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 35

Mississippi River Navigational Pool 3 (river miles 815.2 to 796.9 reach from Hastings Dam to Red Wing Dam)

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 100
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 35

Mississippi River Navigational Pool 4 (river miles 796.9 to 752.8 reach from Red Wing Dam to Alma Dam). Lake Pepin occupies majority of Pool 4 and Lake Pepin site-specific standards are used for this pool.

Mississippi River Navigational Pools 5 to 8 (river miles 752.8 to 679.1 Alma Dam to Genoa Dam)

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 100
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 35

Lake Pepin

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 100
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 28

Crow Wing River from confluence of Long Prairie River to the mouth of the Crow Wing River at the Mississippi River

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 75
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 13
Diel dissolved oxygen flux	mg/L	less than or equal to 3.5
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )	mg/L	less than or equal to 1.7

Crow River from the confluence of the North Fork of the Crow River and South Fork of the Crow River to the mouth of the Crow River at the Mississippi River

Phosphorus, total	µg/L	less than or equal to 125
Chlorophyll-a (seston)	µg/L	less than or equal to 27
Diel dissolved oxygen flux	mg/L	less than or equal to 4.0
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> )	mg/L	less than or equal to 2.5



Additional narrative eutrophication standards for Class 2B rivers and streams are found in subpart 4b.

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
Fluoranthene	µg/L	1.9	Tox	3.5	6.9	Tox
Heptachlor (c)	ng/L	0.39	HH	260*	520*	Tox
Heptachlor epoxide (c)	ng/L	0.48	HH	270*	530*	Tox
Hexachlorobenzene (c)	ng/L	0.24	HH	—*	—*	Tox
Lead, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.273[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-4.705)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.273[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-1.460)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.273[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-0.7643)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total lead standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
Lead, total					
CS µg/L	1.3	3.2	7.7	13	19
MS µg/L	34	82	197	331	477
FAV µg/L	68	164	396	663	956

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
Lindane (c) (Hexachlorocyclohexane, gamma-)	µg/L	0.036	HH	4.4*	8.8*	Tox
Mercury, total in water	ng/L	6.9	HH	2,400*	4,900*	Tox
Mercury, total in edible fish tissue	mg/kg ppm	0.2	HH	NA	NA	NA
Methylene chloride (c) (Dichloromethane)	µg/L	1,940	HH	13,875	27,749	Tox
Metolachlor	µg/L	23	Tox	271	543	Tox
Naphthalene	µg/L	81	Tox	409	818	Tox
Nickel, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.846[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+1.1645)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.846[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+3.3612)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.846[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/l})]+4.0543)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total nickel standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
Nickel, total					
CS µg/L	88	158	283	399	509
MS µg/L	789	1,418	2,549	3,592	4,582
FAV µg/L	1,578	2,836	5,098	7,185	9,164

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)	Units	Basis			Basis for MS, FAV	
		CS	for CS	MS	FAV	FAV
Oil	µg/l	500	NA	5,000	10,000	NA
Oxygen, dissolved	mg/L	See below	NA	–	–	NA

5.0 mg/L as a daily minimum. This dissolved oxygen standard may be modified on a site-specific basis according to part 7050.0220, subpart 7, except that no site-specific standard shall be less than 5 mg/L as a daily average and 4 mg/L as a daily minimum. Compliance with this standard is required 50 percent of the days at which the flow of the receiving water is equal to the  $7Q_{10}$ . This standard applies to all Class 2B waters except for those portions of the Mississippi River from the outlet of the Metro Wastewater Treatment Works in Saint Paul (River Mile 835) to Lock and Dam No. 2 at Hastings (River Mile 815). For this reach of the Mississippi River, the standard is not less than 5 mg/L as a daily average from April 1 through November 30, and not less than 4 mg/L at other times.

Parathion	µg/L	0.013	Tox	0.07	0.13	Tox
Pentachlorophenol	µg/L	equation	Tox/HH	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with pH and are calculated using the following equations:

For waters with pH values greater than 6.95, the CS shall not exceed the human health-based standard of 5.5 µg/L.

For waters with pH values less than 6.96, the CS in µg/L shall not exceed the toxicity-based standard of  $\exp.(1.005[\text{pH}]-5.290)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.005[\text{pH}]-4.830)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.005[\text{pH}]-4.1373)$

Where:  $\exp.$  is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For pH values less than 6.0, 6.0 shall be used to calculate the standard and for pH values greater than 9.0, 9.0 shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of pentachlorophenol standards for five pH values:

pH su	6.5	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.5
<hr/>					
Pentachlorophenol					
CS µg/L	3.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
MS µg/L	5.5	9.1	15	25	41
FAV µg/L	11	18	30	50	82

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
pH, minimum	su	6.5	NA	–	–	NA
pH, maximum	su	9.0	NA	–	–	NA
Phenanthrene	µg/L	3.6	Tox	32	64	Tox
Phenol	µg/L	123	Tox	2,214	4,428	Tox
Polychlorinated biphenyls, total (c)	ng/L	0.029	HH	1,000*	2,000*	Tox
Radioactive materials	NA	See below	NA	See below	See below	NA

Not to exceed the lowest concentrations permitted to be discharged to an uncontrolled environment as permitted by the appropriate authority having control over their use.

Selenium, total	µg/L	5.0	Tox	20	40	Tox
Silver, total	µg/L	1.0	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The MS and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.720[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-7.2156)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(1.720[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]-6.520)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total silver standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
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Silver, total					
CS µg/L	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
MS µg/L	1.0	2.0	6.7	13	22
FAV µg/L	1.2	4.1	13	27	44

<b>Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)</b>	<b>Units</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>Basis for CS</b>	<b>MS</b>	<b>FAV</b>	<b>Basis for MS, FAV</b>
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Temperature	°F	See below	NA	–	–	NA
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5°F above natural in streams and 3°F above natural in lakes, based on monthly average of the maximum daily temperatures, except in no case shall it exceed the daily average temperature of 86°F.

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (c)	µg/L	13	HH	1,127	2,253	Tox
Tetrachloroethylene (c)	µg/L	8.9	HH	428	857	Tox
Thallium, total	µg/L	0.56	HH	64	128	Tox
Toluene	µg/L	253	Tox	1,352	2,703	Tox
Toxaphene (c)	ng/L	1.3	HH	730*	1,500*	Tox
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	µg/L	329	Tox	2,957	5,913	Tox
1,1,2-Trichloroethylene (c)	µg/L	120	HH	6,988	13,976	Tox
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	µg/L	2.0	HH	102	203	Tox
Total suspended solids (TSS)						
North River Nutrient Region	mg/L	15	NA	–	–	NA
Central River Nutrient Region	mg/L	30	NA	–	–	NA

South River Nutrient Region	mg/L	65	NA	–	–	NA
Red River mainstem - headwaters to border	mg/L	100	NA	–	–	NA
TSS standards for the Class 2B North, Central, and South River Nutrient Regions and the Red River mainstem may be exceeded for no more than ten percent of the time. This standard applies April 1 through September 30						
Total suspended solids (TSS), summer average						
Lower Mississippi River mainstem - Pools 2 through 4	mg/L	32	NA	–	–	NA
Lower Mississippi River mainstem below Lake Pepin	mg/L	30	NA	–	–	NA
TSS standards for the Class 2B Lower Mississippi River may be exceeded for no more than 50 percent of the time. This standard applies June 1 through September 30						

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant (Class 2B)	Units	CS	Basis for CS	MS	FAV	Basis for MS, FAV
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Vinyl chloride (c)	µg/L	9.2	HH	–*	–*	NA
Xylene, total m,p,o	µg/L	166	Tox	1,407	2,814	Tox
Zinc, total	µg/L	equation	Tox	equation	equation	Tox

The CS, MS, and FAV vary with total hardness and are calculated using the following equations:

The CS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.8473[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+0.7615)$

The MS in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.8473[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+0.8604)$

The FAV in µg/L shall not exceed:  $\exp.(0.8473[\ln(\text{total hardness mg/L})]+1.5536)$

Where: exp. is the natural antilogarithm (base e) of the expression in parenthesis.

For hardness values greater than 400 mg/L, 400 mg/L shall be used to calculate the standard.

Example of total zinc standards for five total hardness values:

TH in mg/L	50	100	200	300	400
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Zinc, total					
CS µg/L	59	106	191	269	343
MS µg/L	65	117	211	297	379
FAV µg/L	130	234	421	594	758

**Subp. 4a. Narrative eutrophication standards for Class 2B lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs.**

A. Eutrophication standards applicable to lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs that lie on the border between two ecoregions or that are in the Red River Valley (also referred to as Lake Agassiz Plains), Northern Minnesota Wetlands, or Driftless Area Ecoregion must be applied on a case-by-case basis. The commissioner shall use the standards applicable to adjacent ecoregions as a guide.

B. Eutrophication standards are compared to summer-average data. Exceedance of the total phosphorus and either the chlorophyll-a or Secchi disk transparency standard is required to indicate a polluted condition.

C. It is the policy of the agency to protect all lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs from the undesirable effects of cultural eutrophication. Lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs with a baseline quality better than the numeric eutrophication standards in subpart 4 must be maintained in that condition through the strict application of all relevant federal, state, and local requirements governing nondegradation, the discharge of nutrients from point and nonpoint sources, and the protection of lake, shallow lake, and reservoir resources, including, but not limited to:

- (1) the nondegradation requirements in parts 7050.0180 and 7050.0185;
- (2) the phosphorus effluent limits for point sources, where applicable in chapter 7053;
- (3) the requirements for feedlots in chapter 7020;
- (4) the requirements for individual sewage treatment systems in chapter 7080;
- (5) the requirements for control of storm water in chapter 7090;
- (6) county shoreland ordinances; and

(7) implementation of mandatory and voluntary best management practices to minimize point and nonpoint sources of nutrients.

D. Lakes, shallow lakes, and reservoirs with a baseline quality that is poorer than the numeric eutrophication standards in subpart 4 must be considered to be in compliance with the standards if the baseline quality is the result of natural causes. The commissioner shall determine baseline quality and compliance with these standards using data and the procedures in part 7050.0150, subpart 5.

E. When applied to reservoirs, the eutrophication standards in this subpart and subpart 4 may be modified on a site-specific basis to account for characteristics of reservoirs that can affect trophic status, such as water temperature, variations in hydraulic residence time, watershed size, and the fact that reservoirs may receive drainage from more than one ecoregion. Information supporting a site-specific standard can be provided by the commissioner or by any person outside the agency. The commissioner shall evaluate all data in support of a modified standard and determine whether a change in the standard for a specific reservoir is justified. Any total phosphorus effluent limit determined to be necessary based on a modified standard shall only be required after the discharger has been given notice of the specific proposed effluent limits and an opportunity to request a hearing as provided in part 7000.1800.

**Subp. 4b. Narrative eutrophication standards for Class 2B rivers and streams.**

A. Eutrophication standards for rivers and streams are compared to summer-average data or as specified in subpart 4. Exceedance of the total phosphorus levels and chlorophyll-a (seston), five-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>), diel dissolved oxygen flux, or pH levels is required to indicate a polluted condition.

B. Rivers and streams that exceed the phosphorus levels but do not exceed the chlorophyll-a (seston), five-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>), diel dissolved oxygen flux, or pH levels meet the eutrophication standard.

C. A polluted condition also exists when the chlorophyll-a (periphyton) concentration exceeds 150 mg/m<sup>2</sup> more than one year in ten

D. It is the policy of the agency to protect all rivers, streams, and navigational pools from the undesirable effects of cultural eutrophication. Rivers, streams, and navigational pools with a baseline quality better than the numeric eutrophication standards in subpart 4 must be maintained in that condition through the strict application of all relevant federal, state, and local requirements governing nondegradation, the discharge of nutrients from point and nonpoint sources, including:

- (1) the nondegradation requirements in parts 7050.0180 and 7050.0185;
- (2) the phosphorus effluent limits for point sources, where applicable in chapter 7053;
- (3) the requirements for feedlots in chapter 7020;
- (4) the requirements for individual sewage treatment systems in chapter 7080;
- (5) the requirements for control of storm water in chapter 7090;
- (6) county shoreland ordinances; and
- (7) implementation of mandatory and voluntary best management practices to minimize point and nonpoint sources of nutrients.

E. Rivers, streams, and navigational pools with a baseline quality that does not meet the numeric eutrophication standards in subpart 4 are in compliance with the standards if the baseline quality is the result of natural causes. The commissioner must determine baseline quality and compliance with these standards using data and the procedures in part 7050.0150, subpart 5.

**Subp. 5. Class 2C waters.** The quality of Class 2C surface waters shall be such as to permit the propagation and maintenance of a healthy community of indigenous fish and associated aquatic life, and their habitats. These waters shall be suitable for boating and other forms of aquatic recreation for which the waters may be usable. The standards for Class 2B waters listed in subparts 4 and 4a shall apply to these waters except as listed below:



## Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant

*Escherichia (E.) coli*. Not to exceed 126 organisms per 100 milliliters as a geometric mean of not less than five samples representative of conditions within any calendar month, nor shall more than ten percent of all samples taken during any calendar month individually exceed 1,260 organisms per 100 milliliters. The standard applies only between April 1 and October 31.

Oxygen, dissolved. 5 mg/L as a daily minimum. This dissolved oxygen standard may be modified on a site-specific basis according to part 7050.0220, subpart 7, except that no site-specific standard shall be less than 5 mg/L as a daily average and 4 mg/L as a daily minimum. Compliance with this standard is required 50 percent of the days at which the flow of the receiving water is equal to the  $7Q_{10}$ .

This dissolved oxygen standard applies to all Class 2C waters except for those portions of the Mississippi River from the outlet of the metro wastewater treatment works in Saint Paul (River Mile 835) to Lock and Dam No. 2 at Hastings (River Mile 815) and except for the reach of the Minnesota River from the outlet of the Blue Lake wastewater treatment works (River Mile 21) to the mouth at Fort Snelling. For this reach of the Mississippi River the standard is not less than 5 mg/L as a daily average from April 1 through November 30, and not less than 4 mg/L at other times. For the specified reach of the Minnesota River the standard shall be not less than 5 mg/L as a daily average year-round.

Temperature. 5°F above natural in streams and 3°F above natural in lakes, based on monthly average of the maximum daily temperature, except in no case shall it exceed the daily average temperature of 90°F.

Subp. 6. **Class 2D waters; wetlands.**

A. The quality of Class 2D wetlands shall be such as to permit the propagation and maintenance of a healthy community of aquatic and terrestrial species indigenous to wetlands, and their habitats. Wetlands also add to the biological diversity of the landscape. These waters shall be suitable for boating and other forms of aquatic recreation for which the wetland may be usable. The standards for Class 2B waters listed under subpart 4 shall apply to these waters except as listed below:

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant	Class 2D Standard
Oxygen, dissolved	If background is less than 5.0 mg/L as a daily minimum, maintain background
pH	Maintain background
Temperature	Maintain background

B. "Maintain background," as used in this subpart, means the concentration of the water quality substances, characteristics, or pollutants shall not deviate from the range of natural background concentrations or conditions such that there is a potential significant adverse impact to the designated uses.

C. Activities in wetlands which involve the normal farm practices of planting with annually seeded crops or the utilization of a crop rotation seeding of pasture grasses or legumes, including the recommended applications of fertilizer and pesticides, are excluded from the standards in this subpart and the wetland standards in parts 7050.0224, subpart 4; 7050.0225, subpart 2; and 7050.0227. All other activities in these wetlands must meet water quality standards.

Subp. 7. **Additional standards; Class 2 waters.** The following additional standards and requirements apply to all Class 2 waters.

A. No sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes from point or nonpoint sources shall be discharged into any of the waters of this category so as to cause any material change in any other substances, characteristics, or pollutants which may impair the quality of the waters of the state or the aquatic biota of any of the classes in subparts 2 to 6 or in any manner render them unsuitable or objectionable for fishing, fish culture, or recreational uses. Additional selective limits or changes in the discharge bases may be imposed on the basis of local needs.

B. To prevent acutely toxic conditions, concentrations of toxic pollutants from point or nonpoint sources must not exceed the FAV as a one-day average at the point of discharge or in the surface water consistent with parts 7050.0210, subpart 5, item D; 7053.0215, subpart 1; 7053.0225, subpart 6; and 7053.0245, subpart 1.

If a discharge is composed of a mixture of more than one chemical, and the chemicals have the same mode of toxic action, the commissioner has the option to apply an additive model to determine the toxicity of the mixture using the following equation:

$$\frac{C_1}{FAV_1} + \frac{C_2}{FAV_2} + \dots + \frac{C_n}{FAV_n} \text{ equals a value of one or more, an acutely toxic condition if indicated}$$

where:  $C_1 \dots C_n$  is the concentration of the first to the  $n^{\text{th}}$  toxicant.

$FAV_1 \dots FAV_n$  is the FAV for the first to the  $n^{\text{th}}$  toxicant.

C. To prevent chronically toxic conditions, concentrations of toxic pollutants must not exceed the applicable CS or MS in surface waters outside allowable mixing zones as described in part 7050.0210, subpart 5. The CS and MS will be averaged over the following durations: the MS will be a one-day average; the CS, based on toxicity to aquatic life, will be a four-day average; and the CS, based on human health or wildlife toxicity, will be a 30-day average.

D. Concentrations of carcinogenic chemicals from point or nonpoint sources, singly or in mixtures, should not exceed a risk level of one chance in 100,000 in surface waters. Carcinogenic chemicals will be considered additive in their effect according to the following equation unless an alternative model is supported by available scientific evidence. The additive equation applies to chemicals that have a human health-based standard calculated with a cancer potency factor.

$$\frac{C_1}{CC_1} + \frac{C_2}{CC_2} + \dots + \frac{C_n}{CC_n} \text{ equals a value of one or more, a risk level greater than } 10^{-5} \text{ is indicated}$$

where:  $C_1 \dots C_n$  is the concentration of the first to the  $n^{\text{th}}$  carcinogen.

$CC_1 \dots CC_n$  is the drinking water plus fish consumption criterion ( $CC_{df}$ ) or fish consumption criterion ( $CC_p$ ) for the first to  $n^{\text{th}}$  carcinogenic chemical.

E. The provisions of this item apply to maximum standards (MS), final acute values (FAV), and double dashes (–) in this part and part 7050.0220 marked with an asterisk (\*). For carcinogenic or highly bioaccumulative chemicals with BCFs greater than 5,000 or  $\log K_{ow}$  values greater than 5.19, the human health-based chronic standard (CS) may be two or more orders of magnitude smaller than the acute toxicity-based MS. If the commissioner finds that a very large MS and FAV, relative to the CS for such pollutants is not protective of the public health, the MS and FAV shall be reduced according to the following guidelines:

If the ratio of the MS to the CS is greater than 100, the CS times 100 should be substituted for the applicable MS, and the CS times 200 should be substituted for the applicable FAV. Any effluent limit derived using the procedures of this item shall only be required after the discharger has been given notice of the specific proposed effluent limits and an opportunity to request a hearing as provided in part 7000.1800.

Subp. 8. [Repealed, 32 SR 1699]

Subp. 9. **Conversion factors for dissolved metal standards.**

Metal	Conversion Factor for CS	Conversion Factor for MS and FAV
Cadmium	$0.909 \cdot 1.1017 - [(\ln \text{TH, mg/L}) (0.0418)]$	$0.946 \cdot 1.1367 - [(\ln \text{TH, mg/L}) (0.0418)]$
Chromium +3	0.860	0.316
Chromium +6	0.962	0.982
Copper	0.960	0.960
Lead	$0.791 \cdot 1.4620 - [(\ln \text{TH, mg/L}) (0.1457)]$	$0.791 \cdot 1.4620 - [(\ln \text{TH, mg/L}) (0.1457)]$
Mercury	1.0	0.850
Nickel	0.997	0.998
Silver	0.850	0.850
Zinc	0.986	0.978

Conversion factors for cadmium and lead are hardness (TH) dependent. The factors shown in the table above are for a total hardness of 100 mg/L only. Conversion factors for cadmium and lead for other hardness values shall be calculated using the equations included in the table. The dissolved standard is the total standard times the conversion factor.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 14.06; 115.03; 115.44; 116.07*

**History:** *18 SR 2195; 19 SR 1310; 24 SR 1105; 27 SR 1217; 32 SR 1699; 39 SR 154*

**Published Electronically:** *August 14, 2014*

**7050.0223 SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR CLASS 3 WATERS OF THE STATE; INDUSTRIAL CONSUMPTION.**

Subpart 1. **General.** The numeric and narrative water quality standards in this part prescribe the qualities or properties of the waters of the state that are necessary for the industrial consumption designated public uses and benefits. If the standards in this part are exceeded in waters of the state that have the Class 3 designation, it is considered indicative of a polluted condition which is actually or potentially deleterious, harmful, detrimental, or injurious with respect to the designated uses.

Subp. 2. **Class 3A waters; industrial consumption.** The quality of Class 3A waters of the state shall be such as to permit their use without chemical treatment, except softening for groundwater, for most industrial purposes, except food processing and related uses, for which a high quality of water is required. The following standards shall not be exceeded in the waters of the state:

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant	Class 3A Standard
Chlorides (Cl)	50 mg/L
Hardness, Ca + Mg as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	50 mg/L
pH, minimum value	6.5
pH, maximum value	8.5

Subp. 3. **Class 3B waters.** The quality of Class 3B waters of the state shall be such as to permit their use for general industrial purposes, except for food processing, with only a moderate degree of treatment. The following standards shall not be exceeded in the waters of the state:

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant	Class 3B Standard
Chlorides (Cl)	100 mg/L
Hardness, Ca + Mg as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	250 mg/L
pH, minimum value	6.0
pH, maximum value	9.0

Subp. 4. **Class 3C waters.** The quality of Class 3C waters of the state shall be such as to permit their use for industrial cooling and materials transport without a high degree of treatment being necessary to avoid severe fouling, corrosion, scaling, or other unsatisfactory conditions. The following standards shall not be exceeded in the waters of the state:

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant	Class 3C Standard
Chlorides (Cl)	250 mg/L

Hardness, Ca + Mg as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	500 mg/L
pH, minimum value	6.0
pH, maximum value	9.0

Subp. 5. **Class 3D waters; wetlands.** The quality of Class 3D wetlands shall be such as to permit their use for general industrial purposes, except for food processing, with only a moderate degree of treatment. The following standards apply:

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant	Class 3D Standard
Chlorides (Cl)	Maintain background
Hardness, Ca + Mg as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	Maintain background
pH	Maintain background

For the purposes of this subpart, "maintain background" means the concentration of the water quality substance, characteristic, or pollutant shall not deviate from the range of natural background concentrations or conditions such that there is a potential significant adverse impact to the designated uses.

Subp. 6. **Additional standards.** Additional selective limits may be imposed for any specific waters of the state as needed.

In addition to the standards in subparts 2 to 5, no sewage, industrial waste, or other wastes from point or nonpoint sources, treated or untreated, shall be discharged into or permitted by any person to gain access to any waters of the state classified for industrial purposes so as to cause any material impairment of their use as a source of industrial water supply.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *18 SR 2195; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

#### **7050.0224 SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR CLASS 4 WATERS OF THE STATE; AGRICULTURE AND WILDLIFE.**

Subpart 1. **General.** The numeric and narrative water quality standards in this part prescribe the qualities or properties of the waters of the state that are necessary for the agriculture and wildlife designated public uses and benefits. Wild rice is an aquatic plant resource found in certain waters within the state. The harvest and use of grains from this plant serve as a food source for wildlife and humans. In recognition of the ecological importance of this resource, and in conjunction with Minnesota Indian tribes, selected wild rice waters have been specifically identified [WR] and listed in part 7050.0470, subpart 1. The quality of these waters and the aquatic habitat necessary to support the propagation and maintenance of wild rice plant species must not be materially impaired or degraded. If the standards in this part are exceeded in waters of the state that have the Class 4 designation, it is considered indicative of a polluted condition which is actually or potentially deleterious, harmful, detrimental, or injurious with respect to the designated uses.

Subp. 2. **Class 4A waters.** The quality of Class 4A waters of the state shall be such as to permit their use for irrigation without significant damage or adverse effects upon any crops or vegetation usually grown in the waters or area, including truck garden crops. The following standards shall be used as a guide in determining the suitability of the waters for such uses, together with the recommendations contained in Handbook 60 published by the Salinity Laboratory of the United States Department of Agriculture, and any revisions, amendments, or supplements to it:

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant	Class 4A Standard
Bicarbonates ( $\text{HCO}_3$ )	5 milliequivalents per liter
Boron (B)	0.5 mg/L
pH, minimum value	6.0
pH, maximum value	8.5
Specific conductance	1,000 micromhos per centimeter at 25°C
Total dissolved salts	700 mg/L
Sodium (Na)	60% of total cations as milliequivalents per liter
Sulfates ( $\text{SO}_4$ )	10 mg/L, applicable to water used for production of wild rice during periods when the rice may be susceptible to damage by high sulfate levels.
Radioactive materials	Not to exceed the lowest concentrations permitted to be discharged to an uncontrolled environment as prescribed by the appropriate authority having control over their use.

Subp. 3. **Class 4B waters.** The quality of Class 4B waters of the state shall be such as to permit their use by livestock and wildlife without inhibition or injurious effects. The standards for substances, characteristics, or pollutants given below shall not be exceeded in the waters of the state:

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant	Class 4B Standard
pH, minimum value	6.0
pH, maximum value	9.0
Total salinity	1,000 mg/L
Radioactive materials	Not to exceed the lowest concentrations permitted to be discharged to an uncontrolled environment as prescribed by the appropriate authority having control over their use.
Toxic substances	None at levels harmful either directly or indirectly

Additional selective limits may be imposed for any specific waters of the state as needed.

Subp. 4. **Class 4C waters; wetlands.** The quality of Class 4C wetlands shall be such as to permit their use for irrigation and by wildlife and livestock without inhibition or injurious effects and be suitable for erosion control, groundwater recharge, low flow augmentation, storm water retention, and stream sedimentation. The standards for Classes 4A and 4B waters shall apply to these waters except as listed below:

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant	Class 4C Standard
pH	Maintain background
Settleable solids	Shall not be allowed in concentrations sufficient to create the potential for significant adverse impacts on one or more designated uses.

For the purposes of this subpart, "maintain background" means the concentration of the water quality substance, characteristic, or pollutant shall not deviate from the range of natural background concentrations or conditions such that there is a potential significant adverse impact to the designated uses.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *18 SR 2195; 22 SR 1466; 24 SR 1105; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

#### **7050.0225 SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR CLASS 5 WATERS OF THE STATE; AESTHETIC ENJOYMENT AND NAVIGATION.**

Subpart 1. **General.** The numeric and narrative water quality standards in this part prescribe the qualities or properties of the waters of the state that are necessary for the aesthetic enjoyment and navigation designated public uses and benefits. If the standards in this part are exceeded in waters of the state that have the Class 5 designation, it is considered indicative of a polluted condition which is actually or potentially deleterious, harmful, detrimental, or injurious with respect to the designated uses.

Subp. 2. **Class 5 waters; aesthetic enjoyment and navigation.** The quality of Class 5 waters of the state shall be such as to be suitable for aesthetic enjoyment of scenery, to avoid any interference with navigation or damaging effects on property. The following standards shall not be exceeded in the waters of the state:

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant	Class 5 Standard	
	For nonwetlands	For wetlands
pH, minimum	6.0	Maintain background
pH, maximum	9.0	Maintain background
Hydrogen sulfide as S	0.02 mg/L	Maintain background

For the purposes of this subpart, "maintain background" means the concentration of the water quality substance, characteristic, or pollutant shall not deviate from the range of natural background concentrations or conditions such that there is a potential significant adverse impact to the designated uses.

Additional selective limits may be imposed for any specific waters of the state as needed.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *18 SR 2195; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

#### **7050.0226 SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR CLASS 6 WATERS OF THE STATE; OTHER USES.**

Subpart 1. **General.** The numeric and narrative water quality standards in this part prescribe the qualities or properties of the waters of the state that are necessary for other designated public uses and benefits. If the standards in this part are exceeded in waters of the state that have the Class 6 designation, it is considered indicative of a polluted condition which is actually or potentially deleterious, harmful, detrimental, or injurious with respect to the designated uses.

Subp. 2. **Class 6 waters; other uses.** The uses to be protected in Class 6 waters may be under other jurisdictions and in other areas to which the waters of the state are tributary, and may include any or all of the uses listed in parts 7050.0221 to 7050.0225, plus any other possible beneficial uses. The agency therefore reserves the right to impose any standards necessary for the protection of this class, consistent with legal limitations.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *18 SR 2195; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

#### **7050.0227 SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR CLASS 7 WATERS OF THE STATE; LIMITED RESOURCE VALUE WATERS.**

Subpart 1. **General.** The numeric and narrative water quality standards in this part prescribe the qualities or properties of the waters of the state that have limited resource value designated public uses and benefits. If the standards in this part are exceeded in waters of the state that have the Class 7 designation, it is considered indicative of a polluted condition which is actually or potentially deleterious, harmful, detrimental, or injurious with respect to the designated uses.

Subp. 2. **Class 7 waters; limited resource value waters.** The quality of Class 7 waters of the state shall be such as to protect aesthetic qualities, secondary body contact use, and groundwater for use as a potable water supply. Standards for substances, characteristics, or pollutants given below shall not be exceeded in the waters:

Substance, Characteristic, or Pollutant	Class 7 Standard
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<i>Escherichia (E.) coli</i>	Not to exceed 630 organisms per 100 milliliters as a geometric mean of not less than five samples representative of conditions within any calendar month, nor shall more than ten percent of all samples taken during any calendar month individually exceed 1,260 organisms per 100 milliliters. The standard applies only between May 1 and October 31.
Oxygen, dissolved	At concentrations which will avoid odors or putrid conditions in the receiving water or at concentrations at not less than 1 mg/L (daily average) provided that measurable concentrations are present at all times.
pH, minimum value	6.0
pH, maximum value	9.0
Toxic pollutants	Toxic pollutants shall not be allowed in such quantities or concentrations that will impair the specified uses.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *18 SR 2195; 24 SR 1105; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0300** [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0310** [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0320** [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0330** [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0340** [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0350** [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0360** [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

7050.0370 [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

7050.0380 [Repealed, 9 SR 913]

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

## CLASSIFICATIONS

### 7050.0400 BENEFICIAL USE CLASSIFICATIONS FOR SURFACE WATERS; SCOPE.

Parts 7050.0405 to 7050.0470 classify all surface waters within or bordering Minnesota and designate appropriate beneficial uses for these waters. The use classifications are defined in part 7050.0140.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 914; 12 SR 1810; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

### 7050.0405 PETITION BY OUTSIDE PARTY TO CONSIDER ATTAINABILITY OF USE.

Subpart 1. **Petition.** Any person may present evidence to the agency that a beneficial use assigned to a water body in this chapter does not exist or is not attainable and petition the agency to consider a reclassification of that water body under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.09. Outside parties must submit written evidence in support of the petition to the commissioner that includes:

- A. the name and address of the petitioner;
- B. the name, location, and description of the water body;
- C. the specific designated use or uses that do not exist or are unattainable in the water body and the reasons they do not exist or are unattainable;
- D. the reasons the current use classification is causing harm, unnecessary expense, or other hardship to the petitioner; and
- E. any additional supporting evidence including, but not limited to, water quality, hydrological, and other relevant data; pictures; testimony of local residents; survey results; and resolutions or actions by local organizations or governmental entities.

Subp. 2. **Disposition of petition.** Upon receiving a petition, the commissioner has 60 days to reply in writing and indicate a plan for disposition of the petition. The commissioner may request additional information from the petitioner if the request is considered incomplete, in which case the commissioner has 60 days to reply after the additional information is received and the petition is complete. If the commissioner finds that the evidence submitted supports a review of the designated uses, a use attainability analysis must be commenced within six months of the commissioner's reply to the complete petition. The petition becomes part of the use attainability analysis. If the commissioner finds that the use attainability analysis supports a change in use classification, the commissioner shall propose the change through rulemaking.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44; L 2005 1Sp1 art 2 s 151*

**History:** *31 SR 1168*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

#### **7050.0410 LISTED WATERS.**

Those waters of the state, except wetlands, that are specifically listed in part 7050.0470 are, in addition to any classifications listed in part 7050.0470, also classified as Class 3C, 4A, 4B, 5, and 6 waters. Wetlands that are specifically listed in part 7050.0470 are, in addition to any classifications listed in part 7050.0470, also classified as Class 3D, 4C, 5, and 6 waters.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 914; 18 SR 2195*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

#### **7050.0420 TROUT WATERS.**

Trout lakes identified in part 6264.0050, subpart 2, as amended through June 14, 2004, are classified as trout waters and are listed under part 7050.0470. Trout streams and their tributaries within the sections specified that are identified in part 6264.0050, subpart 4, as amended through June 14, 2004, are classified as trout waters. Trout streams are listed in part 7050.0470. Other lakes that are classified as trout waters are listed in part 7050.0470. All waters listed in part 7050.0470 as Class 1B, 2A, and 3B are also classified as Class 4A, 4B, 5, and 6 waters.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 914; 12 SR 1810; 15 SR 1057; 18 SR 2195; 24 SR 1105; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

#### **7050.0425 UNLISTED WETLANDS.**

Those waters of the state that are wetlands as defined in part 7050.0186, subpart 1a, and that are not listed in part 7050.0470 are classified as Class 2D, 3D, 4C, 5, and 6 waters.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *18 SR 2195; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

#### **7050.0430 UNLISTED WATERS.**

All surface waters of the state that are not listed in part 7050.0470 and that are not wetlands as defined in part 7050.0186, subpart 1a, are hereby classified as Class 2B, 3C, 4A, 4B, 5, and 6 waters.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 914; 12 SR 1810; 18 SR 2195; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0440 OTHER CLASSIFICATIONS SUPERSEDED.**

Parts 7050.0400 to 7050.0470 supersede any other previous classifications and any classifications in other rules.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 914; 12 SR 1810; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0450 MULTICLASSIFICATIONS.**

All surface waters of the state are classified in more than one class and all the water quality standards for each of the classes apply. If the water quality standards for particular parameters for the various classes are different, the more restrictive of the standards apply.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 914; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0460 WATERS SPECIFICALLY CLASSIFIED; EXPLANATION OF LISTINGS IN PART 7050.0470.**

Subpart 1. **Explanation of listings.** The waters of the state listed in part 7050.0470 are classified as specified. The specific stretch of watercourse or the location of a water body is described by township, range, and section. Any community listed in part 7050.0470 is the community nearest the water classified, and is included solely to assist in identifying the water. Most waters of the state are not specifically listed in part 7050.0470. See parts 7050.0425 and 7050.0430 for the classifications of waters not listed.

Subp. 2. **Outstanding international waters.** The waters listed in part 7050.0470, subpart 1, that are not designated as outstanding resource value waters or classified as Class 7 waters are designated as outstanding international resource waters under part 7052.0300, subpart 3. Unlisted waters classified in part 7050.0430 and unlisted wetlands classified in part 7050.0425 that are located in the Lake Superior Basin are also designated as outstanding international resource waters under part 7052.0300, subpart 3.

Subp. 3. **Abbreviations and symbols.** The listings in part 7050.0470 include the following abbreviations and symbols:

T., R., S. means township, range, and section, respectively.

An asterisk (\*) preceding the name of the water body means the water body is an outstanding resource value water.

[month/day/year/letter code] following the name of the outstanding resource value water in brackets is the effective date the water resource was designated as an outstanding resource value water. The letter code (P or R) indicates the applicable discharge restrictions in part 7050.0180, subpart 3 or 6. The letter code P corresponds to the prohibited discharges provision in part 7050.0180, subpart 3. The letter code R corresponds to the restricted discharges provision in part 7050.0180, subpart 6.

[WR] following the name of the water body means the water body is designated as a wild rice water in part 7050.0470, subpart 1.

Class 2Bd waters are Class 2B waters also protected for domestic consumption purposes (Class 1). Applicable standards for Class 2Bd waters are listed in part 7050.0222, subparts 3 and 3a.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

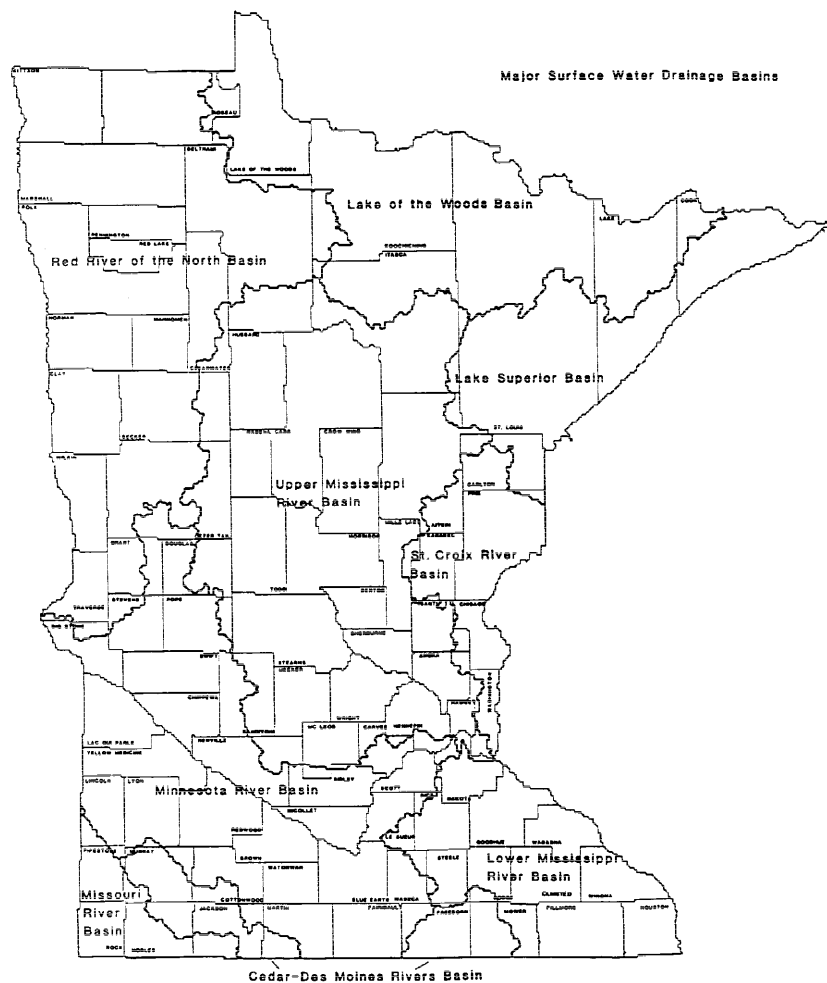
**History:** *9 SR 914; 12 SR 1810; 15 SR 1057; 18 SR 2195; 22 SR 1466; 32 SR 1699*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0465** [Repealed, 18 SR 2195]

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0466 MAP: MAJOR SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE BASINS.**



**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *18 SR 2195*

**Published Electronically:** *April 1, 2008*

**7050.0467** [Repealed, 39 SR 154]

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**7050.0468 MAP: MINNESOTA ECOREGIONS.**

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03*

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**7050.0470 CLASSIFICATIONS FOR SURFACE WATERS IN MAJOR DRAINAGE BASINS.**

Subpart 1. **Lake Superior Basin.** The water use classifications for the listed waters in the Lake Superior Basin are as identified in items A to D. See parts 7050.0425 and 7050.0430 for the classifications of waters not listed.

A. Streams:

- (1) Ahlenius Creek, (T.53, R.14, S.9, 10): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (2) Amenda Creek, (T.59, R.5, S.19, 20, 29, 30, 31; T.59, R.6, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (3) Amity Creek, (T.50, R.13, S.5, 6; T.50, R.14, S.1; T.51, R.13, S.31, 32; T.51, R.14, S.26, 27, 28, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (4) Amity Creek, East Branch (T.51, R.13, S.30, 31; T.51, R.14, S.13, 14, 15, 22, 24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (5) Anderson Creek, Carlton County, (T.46, R.17, S.11, 14, 15, 22, 26, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (6) Anderson Creek, St. Louis County, (T.49, R.15, S.16, 17, 18; T.49, R.16, S.12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (7) Artichoke Creek, (T.52, R.17, S.7, 17, 18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (8) Assinika Creek, (T.63, R.1E, S.1; T.63, R.2E, S.7, 8, 16, 17, 21; T.64, R.1E, S.36; T.64, R.2E, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (9) Bally Creek, (T.61, R.1W, S.3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11; T.61, R.2W, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (10) Baptism River, East Branch, (T.57, R.6, S.6; T.57, R.7, S.1, 2, 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17, 20; T.58, R.6, S.30, 31; T.58, R.7, S.13, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 30, 36; T.58, R.8, S.22, 23, 24, 25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (11) Baptism River, Main Branch, (T.56, R.7, S.3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 14, 15; T.57, R.7, S.20, 27, 28, 29, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (12) Baptism River, West Branch, (T.57, R.7, S.7, 17, 18, 20; T.57, R.8, S.1, 2, 12; T.58, R.8, S.2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 15, 16, 20, 21, 22, 28, 33, 34, 35, 36; T.59, R.8, S. 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (13) Barber Creek (East Swan River) (Chisholm Creek) Chisholm, (T.58, R.20, S.21, 22, 26, 27, 34, 35): 7;
- (14) Barker Creek, (T. 60, R.3W, S.5, 6, 7, 8; T.60, R.4W, S.3, 9, 10, 11, 12; T.61, R.4W, S.34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (15) Barrs Creek, (T.53, R.13, S.20, 27, 28, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (16) Bear Trap Creek (Beartrap Creek), (T.51, R.16, S.30; T.51, R.17, S.16, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (17) Beaver Dam Creek (Beaverdam Creek), (T.63, R.3E, S.2, 3, 4, 5; T.64, R.3E, S.32, 33, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (18) Beaver River (includes Kit Creek), (T.55, R.8, S.2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17; T.55, R.9, S.1, 2; T.56, R.8, S.31; T.56, R.9, S.4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36; T.57, R.9, S.28, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (19) Beaver River, East Branch (includes Hen Creek), (T.55, R.8, S.2; T.56, R.8, S.4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 15, 16, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 35, 36; T.57, R.8, S.7, 18, 19, 30, 31, 32; T.57, R.9, S.2, 3, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 23, 24, 25, 26, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (20) Beaver River, West Branch, (T.55, R.8, S.7, 17, 18; T.55, R.9, S.2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (21) Berry Creek (Breda), (T.55, R.12, S.6, 7; T.55, R.13, S.12, 13; T.56, R.11, S.6; T.56, R.12, S.1, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 21, 28, 29, 31, 32; T.57, R.11, S.10, 15, 16, 21, 28, 29, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;



- (22) Blackhoof River, (T. 47, R.16, S.29, 30; T.47, R.17, S.6, 7, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28; T.48, R.17, S.30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (23) Blesner Creek, (T.58, R.6, S.20, 29, 30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (24) Blind Temperance Creek, (T.60, R.4W, S.19, 29, 30, 32; T.60, R.5W, S.24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (25) Bluff Creek, (T.63, R.1W, S.13, 23, 24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (26) Boulder Creek, (T.53, 54, R.14): 2C;
- (27) Breda Creek (see Berry Creek);
- (28) Brule River, (T.62, R.2E, S.1, 2; T.62, R.3E, S.4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 15, 16, 22, 27, 34; T.63, R.2E, S.21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 35, 36; T.63, R.3E, S.30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (29) Brule River (excluding trout waters and waters within Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness), (T.63, 64, R.1W, 1E, 2E): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (30) Brule River, Little, (T.62, R.3E, S.19, 20, 29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (31) Budd Creek (Bud Creek), (T.55, R.9, S.7, 17, 18, 20, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (32) Buhl Creek, Buhl, (T.58, R.19, S.20, 29): 7;
- (33) \*Burnt Creek, [11/5/84P] (T.62, R.4W, S.8, 9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (34) Burnt Creek, (T.62, R.4W, S.16, 17, 20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (35) Cabin Creek, (T.59, R.6W, S.19, 20; T.59, R.7, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (36) Captain Jacobson Creek, (T.52, R.12, S.1, 2, 3; T.53, R.12, S.33, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (37) Carey Creek, (T.53, R.14, S.28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (38) Caribou Creek, (T.60, R.3W, S.2, 3, 10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (39) Caribou River, (T.58, R.6, S.1, 2, 11, 13, 14, 15, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 36; T.59, R.6, S.23, 24, 25, 26, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (40) Carlson Creek, (T.52, R.12, S.19; R.13, S.14, 15, 23, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (41) Carlson Creek (Stony Brook), (T.62, R.4E, S.3, 4, 9, 10; T.63, R.4E, S.31, 32, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (42) Cascade River, (T.60, R.2W, S.1; T.61, R.1W, S.19, 20, 21, 30, 31; T.61, R.2W, S.1, 12, 13, 14, 24, 25, 26, 35, 36; T.62, R.2W, S.10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23, 24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (43) \*Cascade River, North Branch [11/5/84P] (T.62, R.2W, S.3, 10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (44) Cascade River, North Branch (those waters outside the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness), (T.62, R.2W, S.10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (45) Castle Danger Creek (Campers), (T.54, R.9, S.30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (46) Cedar Creek, Lake County, (T.56, R.8, S.13, 14, 23, 24, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (47) Cedar Creek, Cook County, (T.59, R.5W, S.2; T.60, R.5W, S.14, 22, 23, 25, 26, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (48) Cemetery Creek, (T.51, R.17, S.4, 5, 9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (49) Chellberg Creek (Chalberg Creek), (T.51, R.16, S.7; T.51, R.17, S.1, 2, 3, 10, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (50) Chester Creek, (T.50, R.14, S.7, 8, 9, 14, 15, 16, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (51) Chester Creek, East Branch, (T.50, R.14, S.4, 5, 9, 15, 16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (52) Chicken Creek, (T.52, R.16, S.5, 7, 8, 18, 19; T.52, R.17, S.13, 24, 25; T.53, R.16, S.32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (53) Clear Creek, Carlton County, (T.46, R.17, S.9, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17, 20, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (54) Clear Creek, Carlton County, (T.47, R.15, S.7; T.47, R.16, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 12; T.48, R.16, S.33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (55) Cliff Creek, (T.61, R. 2E, S.3, 4, 5, 9, 10; T.62, R.2E, S.29, 30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (56) Cloudy Spring Creek, (T.57, R.9, S.5, 6, 7, 18; T.57, R.10, S.12, 13, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (57) Colville Creek, East, (T.61, R.3E, S.5; T.62, R.2E, S.25; T.62, R.3E, S.30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (58) Coolidge Creek, (T.55, R.14, S.19, 29, 30; T.55, R.15, S.25, 26, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (59) Cranberry Creek, (T.58, R.13): 2C;
- (60) Cross River, (T.58, R.4W, S.6; T.58, R.5W, S.1; T.59, R.4W, S.31; T.59, R.5W, S.4, 5, 8, 9, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 35, 36; T.60, R.5W, S.30, 31, 32; T.60, R.6, S.13, 24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (61) Crow Creek, (T.53, R.10, S.1, 2; T.54, R.10, S.15, 22, 23, 26, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (62) Crown Creek, (T.57, R.8, S.2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11; T.58, R.8, S.5, 6, 7, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33; T.58, R.9, S.1, 12, 13, 14, 24, 36; T.59, R.8, S.32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (63) Crystal Creek, (T.48, R.16, S.6; T.48, R.17, S.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (64) Cutface Creek (Good Harbor Creek), (T.61, R.1W, S.27, 28, 29, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (65) Dago Creek, (T.54, R.9, S.18, 19; T.54, R.10, S.2, 11, 12, 13; T.55, R.10, S.27, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (66) Deer Creek, (T.47, R.16, S.19, 20, 28, 29; T.47, R.17, S.11, 12, 13, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (67) Deer Yard Creek (Spruce Creek), (T.60, R.2W, S.4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 16, 17; T.61, R.2W, S.32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (68) Devil Track River, (T.61, R.1E, S.2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13; T.62, R.1E, S.26, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (69) Devil Track River, Little, (T.61, R.1E, S.4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10; T.61, R.1W, S.1, 2, 11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (70) Dragon Creek, (T.57, R.6, S.8, 9, 16, 17, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (71) Durfee Creek, (T.61, R.2E, S.5, 6, 8; T.62, R.1E, S.25, 36; T.62, R.2E, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (72) Dutchess Slough Creek (Dutch Slough), (T.50, R.17, S.4, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (73) Egge Creek, (T.57, R.7, S.2, 3, 4, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (74) Elbow Creek, Cook County, (T.62, R.1E, S.3, 4, 9, 10, 15, 22, 27, 34; T.63, R.1E, S.33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (75) Elbow Creek, Eveleth, (T.57, R.17, S.6; T.57, R.18, S.1): 7;
- (76) Elm Creek, (T.49, R.16, S.1, 2; T.50, R.16, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (77) Encampment River, (T.53, R.10, S.3, 10, 11; T.54, R.10, S.8, 16, 17, 21, 27, 28, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (78) Farquhar Creek, (T.62, R.4E, S.2, 11; T.63, R.4E, S.34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (79) \*Fiddle Creek, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.1W, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (80) Fiddle Creek, (T.63, R.1W, S.2, 3, 10, 15; T.64, R.1W, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (81) Flute Reed River, (T.62, R.3E, S.1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15; T.62, R.4E, S.17, 18, 20; T.63, R.3E, S.26, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (82) Fond du Lac Creek (Squaw), (T.49, R.17, S.9, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (83) Fox Farm Creek, (T.62, R.1E, S.19, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (84) French River, (T.51, R.12, S.7, 17, 18; T.51, R.13, S.1, 2, 3, 12; T.52, R.13, S.8, 9, 16, 17, 20, 21, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (85) Fry Creek, (T.62, R.2W, S.25; T.62, 1W, S.30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (86) Gauthier Creek, (T.62, R.3E, S.16, 20, 21, 22, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (87) Gill Creek, (T.48, R.16, S.2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (88) Gooseberry River, (T.54, R.9, S.18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27; T.54, R.10, S.4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13; T.55, R.10, S.4, 9, 16, 17, 20, 29, 30, 31, 32; T.56, R.10, S.33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (89) Gooseberry River, Little, (T.54, R.10, S.6; T.54, R.11, S.1; T.55, R.10, S.31; T.55, R.11, S.34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (90) Grand Portage Creek, (T.63, R.5E, S.1; T.63, R.6E, S.4, 5, 6; T.64,; R.6E, S.31, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (91) Greenwood River, (T.63, R.2E, S.1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 22, 23, 24; T.63, R.3E, S.6; T.64, R.2E, S.34; T.64, R.3E, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (92) Hay Creek, (T.49, R.16, S.3, 4, 9, 10, 15; T.50, R.16, S.20, 21, 28, 29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (93) Heartbreak Creek, (T.59, R.4W, S.18, 19; T.59, R.5W, S.2, 11, 12, 13; T.60, R.5W, S.27, 28, 33, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (94) Hellwig Creek, (T.52, R.17, S.3, 10, 14, 15, 23, 26; T.53, R.16, S.16, 18, 19, 20, 30; T.53, R.17, S.13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (95) Hockamin Creek, (T.57, R.7, S.17, 18, 19; T.57, R.8, S.13, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (96) Hollow Rock Creek, (T.63, R.5E, S.9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 23, 24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (97) Honeymoon Creek (Spring Creek), (T.61, R.4W, S.28, 31, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (98) Hornby Junction Creek (Whiteface River, South Branch), (T.55, R.13, S.5,6, 7; T.56, R.13, S.28, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (99) Horn Creek, (T.62, R.4W): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (100) Houghtaling Creek, (T.59, R.6, S.2, 3, 4, 5, 6; T.60, R.6, S.25, 32, 33, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (101) Humphrey Creek, (T.54, R.14, S.23, 26, 27, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (102) Hunter Creek (Hunters Creek), (T.46, R.18, S.2, 11, 12, 13; T.47, R.18, S.34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (103) Indian Camp Creek, (T.60, R.2W, S.3, 10, 11; T.61, R.2W, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (104) Indian Creek, (T.55, R.12, S.3; T.56, R.12, S.14, 22, 23, 27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (105) Irish Creek, (T.63, R.3E, S.8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 23, 24, 25, 26; T.63, R.4E, S.17, 18, 19): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (106) Joe Martin Creek (Martin Branch), (T.50, R.18, S.3, 4, 5, 7, 8; T.50, R.19, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (107) Johnson Creek, (T.50, R.17, S.3, 10, 11, 14; T.51, R.17, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (108) Johnson Creek, (T.55, R.12, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (109) Jonvick Creek, (T.60, R.2W, S.7, 19; T.60, R.3W, S.12, 13, 14, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (110) Junco Creek, (T.62, R.1W, S.1, 2, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 28; T.62, R.1E, S.6, 7; T.63, R.1E, S.20, 29, 30, 31; T.63, R.1W, S.24, 25, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (111) Kadunce Creek (Kadunce River), (T.61, R.2E, S.2; T.62, R.2E, S.9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23, 24, 26, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (112) Keene Creek, (T.49, R.14, S.18; T.49, R.15, S.1, 12, 13; T.50, R.15, S.24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (113) Kehtel Creek, (T.51, R.15, S.8, 17, 18, 19, 20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (114) Kimball Creek, (T.61, R.2E, S.3, 4, 10; T.62, R.2E, S.7, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (115) Kingsbury Creek, (T.49, R.15, S.4, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14; T.50, R.15, S.33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (116) Kinney Creek, (T.57, R.10, S.15, 21, 22, 28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (117) Knife River, (T.52, R.11, S.4, 5, 8, 9, 17, 18, 19, 31; T.53, R.11, S.4, 5, 7, 8, 17, 18, 20, 29, 32, 33; T.54, R.11, S.20, 29, 32; T.52, R.12, S.24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (118) Knife River, Little, (T.52, R.12, S.16, 17, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (119) Knife River, Little, East Branch, (T.53, R.11, S.17, 20, 21, 22, 27, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (120) Knife River, Little, West Branch, (T.52, R.11, S.6; T.53, R.11, S.31; T.53, R.12, S.13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (121) Knife River, West Branch, (T.52, R.11, S.5, 6, 8; T.52, R.12, S.1; T.53, R.12, S.2, 3, 10, 15, 16, 22, 23, 27, 28, 34, 35, 36; T.54, R.12, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (122) Koski Creek, (T.61, R.4W, S.5, 8; T.62, R.4W, S.31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (123) Lavi Creek, (T.52, R.15, S.21, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (124) Leskinen Creek, (T.57, R.7, S.15, 21, 22, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (125) Lester River, (T.50, R.13, S.4, 5, 8; T.51, R.13, S.5, 6, 7, 8, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 32, 33; T.51, R.14, S.1, 2, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 24; T.52, R.13, S.31, 32; T.52, R.14, S.21, 22, 23, 27, 28, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (126) Lindstrom Creek, (T.56, R.7, S.4; T.57, R.7, S.19, 30, 31, 32, 33; T.57, R.8, S.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (127) Lullaby Creek, (T.63, R.1E, S.4, 5, 8, 9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (128) Manganika Creek, Virginia, (T.58, R.17, S.19; T.58, R.18, S.24): 7;
- (129) Manitou River (Moose Creek), (T.57, R.6, S.3, 4, 10, 11; T.58, R.6, S.4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (130) Manitou River, Little, (T.57, R.6, S.2; T.58, R.6, S.34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (131) Manitou River, North Branch (Balsam Creek), (T.58, R.6, S.6; T.58, R.7, S.1, 2; T.59, R.6, S.31; T.59, R.7, S.15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 35, 36; T.59, R.8, S.1, 2, 12, 13, 24, 25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (132) Manitou River, South Branch (Junction Creek), (T.58, R.6, S.6; T.58, R.7, S.1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17, 18; T.58, R.8, S.1; T.59, R.7, S.29, 30, 31, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (133) Marais River, Little, (T.57, R.6, S.5, 8, 16, 17, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (134) Mark Creek, (T.61, R.2W, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (135) Marshall Creek, (T.52, R.15, S.10, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (136) Martin Creek, (T.58, R.6, S.2, 3, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (137) McCarthy Creek, (T.53, R.11, S.18; T.53, R.12, S.12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (138) Midway River (Rock Run), (T.49, R.15, S.5, 6; T.49, R.16, S.1, 12, 13, 14, 15, 21, 22; T.50, R.15, S.7, 8, 14, 15, 16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (139) Mile Post Forty-Three Creek (Fortythree Creek, East and West Branch), (T.56, R.8, S.2, 3, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (140) Miller Creek, (T.49, R.14, S.4; T.50, R.14, S.6, 18, 19, 29, 30, 32, 33; T.50, R.15, S.12, 13; T.51, R.14, S.31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (141) Mink Creek, (T.54, R.9, S.4, 5, 9; T.55, R.9, S.30, 31, 32; T.55, R.10, S.25, 26, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (142) Mission Creek, (T.48, R.15, S.5, 6; T.49, R.15, S.31; T.49, R.16, S.25, 26, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (143) Mississippi Creek, (T.61, R.2W, S.1, 2, 3; T.61, R.3W, S.1; T.62, R.2W, S.31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36; T.62, R.3W, S.24, 25, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (144) Mississippi Creek, Little, (T.62, R.2W, S.20, 21, 26, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (145) Mistletoe Creek, (T.60, R.3W, S.3, 4; T.61, R.2W, S.7, 18; T.61, R.3W, S.11, 13, 14, 15, 23, 24, 25, 26, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (146) Monker Creek, (T.61, R.1E, S.6, 7; T.62, R.1E, S.31; T.62, R.1W, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (147) Mons Creek, (T.62, R.3E, S.4; T.63, R.3E, S.28, 29, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (148) Moose Creek, (T.59, R.6, S.31, 32, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (149) Mud Creek, Carlton County, (T.47, R.15, S.18; T.47, R.16, S.5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (150) Mud Creek, St. Louis County, (T.54, R.12, S.20, 21, 22, 29, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (151) Mud Creek, Cook County, (T.62, R.1E, S.8, 9, 16, 17, 21, 22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (152) Mud Creek, Little, (T.57, R.11, S.11, 12, 14, 22, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (153) Murmur Creek, (T.61, R.2W, S.15, 20, 21, 22, 29, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (154) Murphy Creek (Maki Creek), (T.56, R.11, S.4, 5, 8, 17, 18, 19; T.57, R.10, S.4, 7, 8, 9, 18; T.57, R.11, S.13, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (155) Myhr Creek, (T.62, R.3E, S.23, 24, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (156) Nemadji Creek, (T.46, R.17, S.7, 8, 9, 18; T.46, R.18, S.13, 14, 15, 16, 22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (157) Nemadji River, North Fork (Nemadji River), (T.46, R.17, S.1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 17, 18, 19, 31, 32, 33; T.46, R.18, S.24, 25, 36; T.47, R.15, S.19, 30; T.47, R.16, S.23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32; T.47, R.17, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (158) Nemadji River, South Fork, (T.46, R.16, S.4, 5, 6, 7; T.46, R.17, S.1, 11, 12; T.47, R.15, S.30; T.47, R.16, S.25, 33, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (159) Nestor Creek (Nester Creek), (T.61, R.1W, S.4, 5, 6; T.61, R.2W, S.1; T.62, R.1W, S.31, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (160) Net River, (T.45, R.16, S.6; T.45, R.17, S.1; T.46, R.16, S.3, 4, 8, 9, 17, 20, 21, 29, 31, 32, 33; T.47, R.16, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (161) Net River, Little, (T.46, R.16, S.3, 10, 15, 22, 26, 27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (162) Nicadoo Creek (Nicado Creek), (T.56, R.7, S.7; T.56, R.8, S.1, 12; T.57, R.8, S.27, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (163) Nine Mile Creek (Ninemile Creek), (T.58, R.6, S.3, 4, 9, 16, 17; T.59, R.6, S.27, 28, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (164) Oliver Creek (Silver), (T.57, R.7, S.5, 6; T.57, R.8, S.1; T.58, R.7, S.31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (165) Onion Creek (Onion River and West Branch Onion River), (T.59, R.4W, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 12; T.60, R.4W, S.24, 25, 26, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (166) Otter Creek, Big (Otter Creek), (T.48, R.16, S.7; T.48, R.17, S.3, 10, 11, 12; T.49, R.17, S.19, 20, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35; T.49, R.18, S.25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (167) Otter Creek, Little, (T.48, R.17, S.7, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18; T.48, R.18, S.11, 12, 13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (168) Palisade Creek, (T.56, R.7, S.16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22; T.56, R.8, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (169) Pancake Creek, (T.54, R.22, S.20, 28, 29, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (170) Pancake Creek, (T.60, R.4W, S.17, 18; T.60, R.5W, S.11, 13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (171) Pecore Creek, (T.61, R.4W, S.19, 20, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (172) Peters Creek, (T.54, R.22, S.22, 23, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (173) Pigeon River (South Fowl Lake outlet to Pigeon Bay of Lake Superior): 1B, 2Bd, 3A;
- (174) Pike Lake Creek, (T.61, R.2W, S.10, 11, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (175) Pine Mountain Creek (Falls Creek), (T.63, R.1E, S.23, 26, 27, 28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (176) Pine River (White Pine River), (T.50, R.16, S.4, 8, 9, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 29, 30, 32; T.50, R.17, S.23, 24, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (177) Plouff Creek, (T.61, R.4W, S.17, 18; T.61, R.5W, S.2, 3, 11, 13, 14, 15, 23; T.62, R.5W, S.26, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (178) \*Plouff Creek [11/5/84P] (T.62, R.5W, S.23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (179) Poplar River (Missouri Creek), (T.60, R.3W, S.3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 28, 33; T.61, R.3W, S.30, 31; T.61, R.4W, S.10, 13, 14, 15, 22, 23, 25, 26, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (180) Portage Brook, (T.64, R.3E, S.24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34; T.64, R.4E, S.19, 20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (181) Railroad Creek, (T.50, R.17, S.1, 11, 12, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (182) Red River, (T.48, R.15, S.30; T.48, R.16, S.25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (183) Red Rock Creek, (T.63, R.5E, S.21, 22, 26, 27, 28, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (184) Reservation River, (T.62, R.5E, S.6; T.63, R.4E, S.23, 25, 26, 36; T.63, R.5E, S.16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 29, 30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (185) Rock Creek, (T.47, R.16, S.7, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24; T.47, R.17, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (186) Rock Cut Creek, (T.58, R.6, S.18, 19, 20; T.58, R.7, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (187) Rocky Run Creek, (T.49, R.15, S.6; T.50, R.15, S.30, 31; T.50, R.16, S.11, 12, 13, 24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (188) Rollins Creek, (T.59, R.3W, S.6; T.60, R.3W, S.29, 30, 31; T.60, R.4W, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (189) Rosebush Creek (Fall River), (T.61, R.1W, S.13, 23, 24, 25; T.61, R.1E, S.18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (190) Ross Creek, (T.52, R.13, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 5; T.53, R.13, S.33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (191) Ryan Creek, (T.55, R.14, S.14, 15, 22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (192) St. Louis River, [WR] (T.58, R.12, S.21, 22, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33; T.58, R.13, S.36): 2B, 3B;
- (193) Sargent Creek, (T.48, R.15, S.4, 5, 9, 10; T.49, R.15, S.28, 29, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (194) Sawbill Creek, (T.62, R.4W, S.7, 18, 19, 20, 28, 29, 30; T.62, R.5W, S.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (195) Sawmill Creek, (T.57, R.6, S.18; T.57, R.7, S.12, 13, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (196) Scanlon Creek, (T.49, R.16, S.30; T.49, R.17, S.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (197) Schmidt Creek, (T.51, R.12, S.17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (198) Schoolhouse Creek, (T.58, R.7, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (199) Section 16 Creek, (T.58, R.5W, S.16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (200) Section 36 Creek, (T.46, R.16, S.1, 2, 11, 12, 13; T.47, R.16, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (201) Silver Creek, Carlton County, (T.48, R.16, S.15, 16, 17, 21, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (202) Silver Creek, Lake County, (T.53, R.10, S.6, 7, 16, 17, 18, 21; T.53, R.11, S.1; T.54, R.10, S.18, 19, 30; T.54, R.11, S.11, 12, 13, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (203) Silver Creek, Big (Silver Creek), Carlton County, (T.46, R.17, S.14, 23, 24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (204) Silver Creek, East Branch, (T.53, R.10, S.5, 8, 9, 16, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (205) Sixmile Creek, (T.60, R.4W, S.13, 14, 15, 22, 23, 27, 28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (206) Skunk Creek, Lake County, (T.54, R.9, S.4, 9, 16, 17, 20; T.55, R.9, S.19, 29, 30, 32, 33; T.55, R.10, S.13, 14, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (207) Skunk Creek, Carlton County, (T.46, R.17, S.4, 5, 6; T.47, R.17, S.31, 33, 34, 35, 36; T.47, R.18, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (208) Spider Creek, (T.52, R.18, S.19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30; T.52, R.19, S.9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (209) Split Rock River, (T.54, R.8, S.6, 7; T.54, R.9, S.1, 2, 12; T.55, R.9, S.26, 28, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (210) Split Rock River, East Branch, (T.55, R.9, S.4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 14, 15, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26; T.56, R.9, S.30, 31, 32; T.56, R.10, S.1, 11, 12, 13, 14, 24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (211) Split Rock River, West Branch, (T.55, R.9, S.6, 7, 8, 16, 17, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28; T.55, R.10, S.1; T.56, R.10, S.22, 26, 27, 33, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;



- (212) Spring Creek, Carlton County, (T.46, R.17, S.3, 4, 5, 6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (213) Spring Creek, St. Louis County, (T.54, R.12, S.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (214) Stanley Creek, (T.52, R.11, S.18, 19; T.52, R.12, S.4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (215) State Line Creek, (T.46, R.15, S.6, 7, 18, 19, 30, 31; T.46, R.16, S.12, 13, 24, 25, 36; T.47, R.15, S.30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (216) Stewart Creek, (T.49, R.15, S.21, 22, 26, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (217) Stewart River, (T.53, R.10, S.18, 19, 20, 29; T.53, R.11, S.2, 3, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15; T.54, R.11, S.3, 4, 10, 15, 22, 26, 27, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (218) Stewart River, (T.55, R.11, S.7; T.55, R.12, S.12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (219) Stewart River, Little, (T.53, R.10, S.19, 20, 29; T.53, R.11, S.9, 15, 16, 22, 23, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (220) Stickle Creek, (T.63, R.1W, S.1, 2, 11, 12, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (221) Stone Creek, (T.61, R.2E, S.2, 3; T.62, R.2E, S.21, 22, 27, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (222) Stoney Creek (Stony Creek or Rock Creek), Lake County, (T.55, R.9, S.30; T.55, R.10, S.20, 23, 24, 25, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (223) Stony Brook, Carlton County, (T.46, R.17, S.10, 11, 15, 16, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (224) Stony Creek, Little, Cook County, (T.63, R.2E, S.4, 5, 9; T.64, R.2E, S.31, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (225) Stream Number 30, (T.54, R.8, S.5, 6; T.55, R.8, S.19, 30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (226) Stumble Creek, (T.59, R.5W, S.16, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (227) Stump River (Lower Stump River), (T.64 R.4E, S.18; T.64, R.3E, S.8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 23, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (228) Sucker River (Big Sucker Creek), (T.51, R.12, S.3, 4, 10; T.52, R.12, S.18, 19, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33; T.52, R.13, S.1, 12, 13, 24, 25; T.53, R.12, S.19, 20, 30, 31; T.53, R.13, S.24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (229) Sucker River, Little, (T.51, R.12, S.2, 3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (230) Sugar Loaf Creek, (T.58, R.5W, S.17, 19, 20, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (231) Sullivan Creek, (T.56, R.11, S.1, 2, 10, 11, 15; T.57, R.10, S.19, 30; T.57, R.11, S.24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (232) Sundling Creek, (T.61, R.1W, S.10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18; T.61, R.2W, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (233) Swamp River, (T.63, R.3E, S.25, 26, 36; T.63, R.4E, S.20, 29, 30; T.64, R.4E, S.21, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (234) Swamper Creek, (T.64, R.1E, S.20, 29, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (235) Swan Creek, East, (T.56, R.20, S.3, 4, 5, 10, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (236) Swan Creek, Little, (T.56, R.19, S.17, 19, 20, 30; T.56, R.20, S.25, 26, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (237) Swan River, East (Barber Creek), (T.55, R.19, S.18, 19, 30, 31; T.55, R.20, S.1, 2, 12, 13; T.56, R.20, S.2, 3, 11, 14, 23, 26, 27, 35; T.57, R.20, S.28, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (238) Swan River, West (excluding trout waters), (T.55, 56, R.20, 21): 2C;
- (239) Swanson Creek, (T.61, R.4W, S.6, 7, 8; T.61, R.5W, S.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (240) Tait River, (T.60, R.3W, S.4; T.61, R.3W, S.28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (241) Talmadge Creek (Talmadge River), (T.51, R.12, S.19; T.51, R.13, S.9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (242) Temperance River, (T.59, R.4W, S.5, 6, 7, 8, 18, 19, 30, 31, 32; T.60, R.4W, S.5, 6, 7, 8, 17, 20, 28, 29, 32, 33; T.61, R.4W, S.4, 8, 9, 16, 17, 19, 20, 30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (243) Temperance River (excluding trout waters), (T.62, R.4W): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (244) Thirty-nine Creek, Big, (T.56, R.8, S.19, 30, 31; T.56, R.9, S.1, 2, 3, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 22, 23, 24, 25; T.57, R.9, S.22, 26, 27, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (245) Thirty-nine Creek, Little, (T.56, R.8, S.6, 7, 8, 17, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30; T.56, R.9, S.1, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (246) Thompson Creek, (T.62, R.1W, S.17, 19, 20; T.62, R.2W, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (247) Tikkanen Creek, (T.57, R.7, S.5, 6, 8, 16, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (248) Timber Creek, (T.62, R.1E, S.1; T.63, R.1E, S.25, 36; T.63, R.2E, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (249) Tischer Creek (Congdon Creek/Hartley), (T.50, R.14, S.2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 13, 14; T.51, R.14, S.29, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (250) Torgenson Creek, (T.61, R.4W, S.30; T.61, R.5W, S.24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (251) Tower Creek, St. Louis County, (T.55, R.14, S.8, 9, 17, 18, 19; T.55, R.15, S.24, 25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (252) Tower Creek, Lake County, (T.57, R.7, S.9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (253) Trappers Creek, (T.56, R.11, S.2, 3, 9, 10, 16, 17, 19, 20; T.57, R.11, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (254) Trout Brook, (T.54, R.22, S.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (255) Twin Points Creek, (T.54, R.9, S.10, 11, 13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (256) Two Island River, (T.58, R.5W, S.2, 3, 4, 11; T.59, R.5W, S.7, 8, 17, 18, 20, 21, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34; T.59, R.6, S.11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (257) Ugstad Creek, (T.51, R.15, S.21, 22, 26, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (258) Unnamed (Deer) Creek, (T.47, R.16, S.19, 29, 30; T.47, R.17, S.13, 14, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (259) Unnamed Creek, Carlton County, (T.47, R.17, S.28, 29, 33, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (260) Unnamed Creek, Carlton County, (T.47, R.17, S.31, 32, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (261) Unnamed Creek, (T.55, R.8, S.20, 21, 29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (262) Unnamed Creek, Meadowlands, (T.53, R.19, S.22, 23): 7;
- (263) Unnamed Creek, (S-17-6), (T.53, R.11, S.30, 31, 32; T.53, R.12, S.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (264) Unnamed Creek, (S-17-9), (T.53, R.11, S.5; T.54, R.11, S.20, 29, 30, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (265) Unnamed Ditch, Gilbert, (T.58, R.17, S.23, 24, 25, 36): 7;
- (266) Us-kab-wan-ka (Rush), (T.52, R.16, S.2, 11, 14, 23; T.53, R.15, S.5, 6; T.53, R.16, S.1, 11, 12, 14, 15, 22, 23, 27, 34, 35; T.54, R.15, S.23, 24, 26, 27, 32, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (267) Wanless Creek, (T.60, R.6, S.27, 33, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (268) Whiteface River, South Branch, (see Hornby Junction Creek);
- (269) Whyte Creek, (T.57, R.10, S.1, 2, 11, 14, 23, 26, 27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (270) Woods Creek, (T.61, R.1E, S.1, 12, 13; T.62, R.1E, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (271) Wyman Creek, (T.58, R.14, S.3, 4; T.59, R.14, S.11, 13, 14, 23, 24, 26, 27, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B; and
- (272) \*All other streams in the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness [11/5/84P]: 1B, 2Bd, 3B.

B. Lakes:

- (1) \*Alder Lake, 16-0114-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.1E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (2) \*Alton Lake, 16-0622-00, [11/5/84P] (T.62, 63, R.4, 5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (3) Artichoke Lake, 69-0623-00, [WR] (T.52, R.17, S.17, 18, 19, 20): 2B, 3B;
- (4) Bath Lake, 16-0164-00, (T.62, R.1W, S.5, 6; T.63, R.1W, S.31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (5) Bean Lake (Lower Twin), 38-0409-00, (T.56, R.8W, S.25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (6) Bear Lake (see Twin Lake, Upper);
- (7) Bearskin Lake, East, 16-0146-00, (T.64, R.1E, 1W): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (8) \*Bearskin Lake, West, 16-0228-00, [3/7/88R] (T.64, 65, R.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (9) \*Bench Lake, 16-0063-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 2E, S.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (10) Benson Lake, 38-0018-00, (T.58, R.6W, S.29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (11) \*Birch Lake, 16-0247-00, [3/7/88R] (T.65, R.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (12) \*Black Lake, 58-0001-00, [3/7/88P] (T.45, R.15): 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (13) Bluebill Lake, 38-0261-00, [WR] (T.59, R.7, S.15): 2B, 3B;
- (14) Bogus Lake, 16-0050-00, (T.62, R.2E, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (15) Bone Lake, 38-0065-00, (T.61, R.6W, S.13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (16) Bow Lake, 16-0211-00, (T.64, R.1W, S.15): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (17) Boys Lake, 16-0044-00, (T.62, R.2E, S.5, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (18) Breda Lake, 69-0037-00, [WR] (T.56, R.12, S.16): 2B, 3B;
- (19) Briar Lake, 69-0128-00, (T.53, R.13W, S.14, 15, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (20) \*Brule Lake, 16-0348-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.2, 3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (21) Cabin Lake, 38-0260-00, [WR] (T.59, R.7, S.13, 14, 23, 24): 2B, 3B;
- (22) Canton Mine Pit Lake, 69-1294-00, (T.58, R.16, S.2, 3): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (23) Caribou Lake, 16-0360-00, [WR] (T.60, R.3W, S.1, 2, 11, 12; T.61, R.3W, S.35, 36):  
2B, 3B;
- (24) Carrot Lake, 16-0071-00, (T.64, R.2E, S.17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (25) Cedar Lake, 69-0431-00, (T.58, R.15W, S.20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (26) Chester Lake, 69-0033-00, (T.64, R.3E, S.32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (27) Christine Lake, 16-0373-00, [WR] (T.61, R.3W, S.28, 29, 32): 2B, 3B;
- (28) Clearwater Lake (Clear Lake), 69-0397-00, (T.52, R.15W, S.23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (29) \*Clearwater Lake (Emby Lake), 16-0139-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.1E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (30) Colby Lake, 69-0249-00, (T.58, R.14): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (31) \*Cone Lake, 16-0412-00, North, [11/5/84P] (T.63, 64, R.3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (32) Corona Lake, 09-0048-00, (T.48, R.19W, S.11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (33) Corsica Mine Pit Lake, 69-1316-00, (T.58, R.16, S.18): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (34) Crosscut Lake, 38-0257-00, (T.59, R.7W, S.7, 18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (35) \*Crystal Lake, 16-0090-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.1E, 2E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (36) \*Daniels Lake, 16-0150-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.1E, 1W): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (37) \*Davis Lake, 16-0435-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (38) Devilfish Lake, 16-0029-00, (T.64, R.3E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (39) Divide (Towhey) Lake, 38-0256-00, (T.59, R.7W, S.7, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (40) Duke Lake, 16-0111-00, (T.63, R.1E, S.30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (41) \*Duncan Lake, 16-0232-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (42) \*Dunn Lake, 16-0245-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (43) East Lake, 38-0020-00, (T.59, R.6W, S.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (44) \*Echo Lake, 38-0028-00, [3/7/88R] (T.59, R.6, S.14, 15, 22, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (45) Elbow Lake, Little, 69-1329-00, (T.57, R.18W, S.9, 10, 16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (46) Embarrass Mine Pit (Sabin Lake or Lake Mine), 69-0429-00, (T.58, R.15W, S.5, 6):  
1B, 2A, 3B;
- (47) Esther Lake, 16-0023-00, (T.63, R.3E, S.6; T.64, R.3E, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (48) \*Fan Lake (West Lily), 16-0084-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.2E): 1B, 2Bd, 3A;
- (49) Feather Lake, 16-0905-00, (T.61, R.5W, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (50) Flour Lake, 16-0147-00, (T.64, R.1E, 1W): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (51) Fourmile Lake, 16-0639-00, [WR] (T.60, R.5W, S.4, 8, 9, 10, 16, 17): 2B, 3B;
- (52) Fowl Lake, North, 16-0036-00, (T.64, 65, R.3E): 1B, 2Bd, 3A;
- (53) Fowl Lake, South, 16-0034-00, (T.64, 65, R.3E): 1B, 2Bd, 3A;
- (54) Fraser Mine Pit Lake, (T.58, R.20, S.23): 1C, 2Bd, 3C, until the city of Chisholm no longer uses Fraser Mine Pit Lake as a water supply source for its public water system, and then the classification is identified in part 7050.0430;
- (55) \*Gadwall Lake (Gadwell Lake), 16-0060-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.2E, S.3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (56) \*Gaskin Lake, 16-0319-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (57) \*Gogebic Lake, 16-0087-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.2E, S.30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (58) Goldeneye (Duck) Lake, 38-0029-00, (T.59, R.6W, S.15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (59) \*Greenwood Lake, 16-0077-00, [3/7/88R] (T.64, R.2E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (60) Hay Lake, 69-0435-00, [WR] (T.59, R.15, S.8): 2B, 3B;
- (61) Hungry Jack Lake, 16-0227-00, (T.64, 65, R.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (62) Jim Lake (Jerry Lake), 16-0135-00, (T.64, R.1E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (63) Judson Mine Pit, 69-1295-00, (T.58, R.19W, S.20, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (64) Junco Lake, 16-0159-00, (T.62, R.1W, S.11, 12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (65) \*Kemo Lake, 16-0188-00, [3/7/88R] (T.63, R.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (66) Kimball Lake, 16-0045-00, (T.62, R.2E, S.7, 8, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (67) Leo Lake, 16-0198-00, (T.64, R.1W, S.4, 5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (68) Lieung (Lieuna) Lake, 69-0123-00, [WR] (T.53, R.13, S.3, 4, 9, 10): 2B, 3B;
- (69) \*Lily Lakes (Vaseux Lake and Fan Lake), 16-0083-00 and 16-0084-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.2E): 1B, 2Bd, 3A;
- (70) Lima Lake, 16-0226-00, (T.64, R.1W, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (71) \*Lizz Lake, 16-0199-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.1W, S.7, 18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (72) Loaine (Sand) Lake, 69-0016-00, (T.54, R.12W, S.16, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (73) Loft Lake, 16-0031-00, (T.64, R.3E, S.21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (74) Long Lake, 69-0044-00, [WR] (T.57, R.12, S.4, 5; T.58, R.12, S.32, 33): 2B, 3B;
- (75) Margaret Lake, 16-0896-00, (T.64, R.3E, S.27, 28, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (76) Marsh Lake, 16-0488-00, [WR] (T.62, R.4W, S.22, 23, 27, 28): 2B, 3B;
- (77) McFarland Lake, 16-0027-00, (T.64, R.3E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (78) Mesabi (Missabe) Mountain Mine Pit Lake, 69-1292-00, (T.58, R.17, S.8): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (79) Mink Lake, 16-0046-00, (T.62, R.2E, S.8): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (80) Mirror Lake, 69-0234-00, (T.52, R.14W, S.19, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (81) \*Misquah Lake, 16-0225-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (82) Moore Lake, 16-0489-00, [WR] (T.62, R.4W, S.23, 24): 2B, 3B;
- (83) Moosehorn Lake, 16-0015-00, (T.63, R.3E, S.36; T.63, R.4E, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (84) \*Moose Lake, 16-0043-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.2E, 3E): 1B, 2A, 3A;
- (85) Morton Mine Pit Lake, 69-1310-00, (T.57, R.21, S.10, 11, 14): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (86) \*Moss Lake, 16-0234-00, [3/7/88R] (T.65, R.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (87) \*Mountain Lake, 16-0093-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.1E, 2E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (88) Muckwa Lake, 16-0105-00, (T.63, R.1E, S.21, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (89) \*Mulligan Lake, 16-0389-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.3W, S.1, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (90) Musquash Lake, 16-0104-00, (T.63, R.1E, S.20, 28, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (91) Normanna Lake, 69-0122-00, (T.52, R.13W, S.7, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (92) Northern Light Lake, 16-0089-00, [WR] (T.63, R.2E, S.29, 30, 31, 32, 33; T.63, R.1E, S.25): 2B, 3B;
- (93) Olga Lake, 16-0024-00, (T.63, R.3E, S.6; T.64, R.3E, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (94) Olson Lake, 16-0158-00, (T.62, R.1W, S.9, 16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (95) \*Onega Lake (Omega Lake), 16-0353-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.2, 3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (96) \*Otto Lake, Lower (South Otto), 16-0323-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (97) Pancore (Lost) Lake, 16-0475-00, (T.61, R.4W, S.22, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (98) Papoose Lake, 69-0024-00, [WR] (T.55, R.12, S.9): 2B, 3B;
- (99) \*Partridge Lake, 16-0233-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (100) \*Pemmican Lake, 16-0085-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.2E, S.22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (101) \*Pike Lake, West, 16-0086-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.2E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (102) Pine Lake, 16-0194-00, (T.63, R.1W, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (103) \*Pine Lake, 16-0041-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 65, R.1E, 2E, 3E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (104) Pine Mountain Lake, 16-0108-00, (T.63, R.1E, S.26, 27, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (105) Poplar Lake, 16-0239-00, (T.64N, R.1, 2W): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (106) \*Ptarmigan Lake, 16-0183-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.1, S.20, 29): 1B 2Bd, 3B;
- (107) \*Ram Lake, 16-0174-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.1W, S.9, 10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (108) Rice Lake, 16-0453-00, [WR] (T.61 R.3W, S.7; T.61, R.4W, S.2, 11, 12): 2B, 3B;
- (109) \*Rose Lake, 16-0230-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (110) Round Island Lake, 38-0417-00 [WR] (T.59, R.8, S.12): 2B, 3B;
- (111) Round Lake, 69-0048-00, [WR] (T.58, R.12, S.25, 26): 2B, 3B;
- (112) St. James Mine Pit, 69-0428-00, (T.58, R.15W, S.3, 4): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

- (113) Saint Mary's Lake, 69-0651-00, (T.57, R.17, S.9, 16, 17): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (114) \*Sawbill Lake, 16-0496-00, [11/5/84P] (T.62, 63, R.4): 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (115) Section 8 Lake, 38-0258-00, (T.59, R.7W, S.8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (116) Seven Beaver Lake, 69-0002-00, [WR] (T.58, R.11, 12): 2B, 3A;
- (117) Shady, North, Lake, 16-0076-00, (T.64, R.2E, S.21, 22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (118) Shoe Lake, 16-0080-00, (T.64, 2E, S.30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (119) Sled Lake, 16-0897-00, (T.63, R.1W, S.3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (120) \*Sock Lake, 16-0335-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.2W, S.26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (121) Sonju Lake, 38-0248-00, (T.58, R.7W, S.27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (122) \*South Lake, 16-0244-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (123) Spring Hole Lake, 69-1372-00, (T.55, R.14W, S.14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (124) \*State Lake, 16-0293-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, 64, R.2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (125) Steer Lake, 38-0920-00, (T.60, R.6W, S.32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (126) Stone Lake, 69-0686-00, [WR] (T.55, R.17, S.6; T.55, R.18, S.1; T.56, R.17, S.31; T.56, R.18, S.36): 2B, 3B;
- (127) Stone Lake (Skibo Lake), 69-0046-00, [WR] (T.58, R.12, S.17, 19, 20): 2B, 3B;
- (128) Stone Lake (Murphy Lake or Tommila Lake), 69-0035-00, [WR] (T.56, R.12, S.13, 24): 2B, 3B;
- (129) \*Superior, Lake, excluding the portions identified in subitem (130) 16-0001-00, [11/5/84R] (T.49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, R.14W-7E): 1B, 2A, 3A;
- (130) \*Superior, Lake, 16-0001-00, [3/9/98P] (those portions of Lake Superior north of latitude 47 degrees, 57 minutes, 13 seconds, east of Hat Point, south of the Minnesota-Ontario boundary, and west of the Minnesota-Michigan boundary): 1B, 2A, 3A;
- (131) Swamp River (Reservoir), 16-0901-00, [WR] (T.63, R.4E, S.4; T.64, R.4E, S.33): 2B, 3B;
- (132) \*Swan Lake, 16-0268-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (133) Talus Lake, 16-0187-00, (T.63, R.1W, S.26, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (134) Thompson Lake, 16-0160-00, (T.62, R.1W, S.19, 20, 29, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (135) Thrasher Lake, 16-0192-00, (T.63, R.1W, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (136) Thrush Lake, 16-0191-00, (T.63, R.1W, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (137) \*Topper Lake, 16-0336-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.2W, S.27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (138) \*Trout Lake, 16-0049-00, [3/7/88R] (T.62, R.2E): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (139) \*Trout Lake, Little, 16-0170-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (140) Turnip Lake, 16-0132-00, (T.64, R.1E, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (141) Twin Lake, 69-1345-00, (T.50, R.14W, S.28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (142) \*Twin Lake, Upper (Bear Lake), 38-0408-00, [3/7/88R] (T.56, R.8, S.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (143) Unnamed Lake, 16-0903-00, (T.63, R.3E, S.20, 21, 28, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (144) Unnamed Lake, 16-0908-00, (T.63, R.1W, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (145) \*Unnamed Lake, 16-0237-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.1, S.19, 30; T.63, R.2, S.24, 25): 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (146) \*Vale Lake, 16-0061-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.2E, S.3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (147) Vaseux Lake (East Lily), see Lily Lakes;
- (148) \*Vista Lake, 16-0224-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (149) \*Wanighan Lake (Trap Lake), 16-0349-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, 64, R.2, 3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (150) \*Wee Lake, 16-0183-00, [11/5/84P] (T.62, R.4W, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (151) \*Wench Lake, 16-0398-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.3W, S.7, 18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (152) White Pine Lake, 16-0369-00, [WR] (T.61, R.3W, S.19, 20, 29, 30): 2B, 3B;
- (153) \*Winchell Lake, 16-0354-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.2, 3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (154) \*All other lakes in the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness [11/5/84P]: 1B, 2Bd, 3B; and
- (155) \*All wetlands in the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness [11/5/84P]: 2D.

C. Calcareous Fens: None currently listed.

D. Scientific and Natural Areas: \*Black Lake Bog [3/7/88P] Waters within the Black Lake Bog Scientific and Natural Area, Pine County, (T.45, R.15, S.18, 19, 30; T.45, R.16, S.13, 24, 25): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D.

Subp. 2. **Lake of the Woods Basin.** The water use classifications for the listed waters in Lake of the Woods Basin are as identified in items A to D. See parts 7050.0425 and 7050.0430 for the classifications of waters not listed.

A. Streams:

- (1) Angora Creek, (T.61, R.18, S.9, 10, 15, 16, 21, 22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (2) Arrowhead Creek (Trapper Creek), (T.60, R.8, S.3, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 34; T.61, R.8, S.14, 15, 21, 22, 27, 28, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (3) Ash River (Camp Ninety Creek), (T.66, R.20, S.4, 5, 9; T.67, R.20, S.5, 6, 8, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30, 31, 32; T.67, R.21, S.36; T.68, R.20, S.13, 14, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 28, 29, 31, 33; T.68, R.19, S.17, 18; T.68, R.21, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (4) Beaver Creek, (T.62, 63, R.20): 2C;
- (5) Beauty Creek, (T.67, R.21, S.23, 24, 25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (6) Blackduck River (Black Duck River), (T.66, R.19, S.5, 6, 7, 8, 17; T.66, R.20, S.1; T.67, R.19, S.29, 31, 32; T.67, R.20, S.2, 3, 4, 10, 14, 15, 23, 24, 25, 26, 36; T.68, R.20, S.26, 27, 28, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;



- (7) Camp Creek, (T.60, R.8, S.3, 4, 9, 10; T.61, R.8, S.27, 28, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (8) Camp Creek, West, (T.60, R.8, S.4, 5, 7, 8, 16, 17, 20, 21; T.61, R.8, S.33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (9) Camp E Creek, (T.60, R.9, S.7, 18; T.60, R.10, S.11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (10) Dark River, (T.60, R.19, S.19, 20, 30; T.60, R.20, 10, 11, 12, 13, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (11) Dinner Creek, (T.153, R.26, S.4, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 23, 24; T.154, R.26, S.7, 18, 19, 29, 30, 32, 33; T.154, R.27, S.1, 12; T.155, R.26, S.30, 31; T.155, R.27, S.25, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (12) Dumbbell River, (T.60, R.7, S.3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16, 18, 19, 20, 28, 29, 31, 32; T.61, R.7, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (13) Fawn Creek, (T.66, R.20, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 12; T.67, R.20, S.15, 22, 23, 26, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (14) Folly Creek, (T.60, R.7, S.2, 3, 10, 11, 14, 15, 22, 23, 24, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (15) Gardner Brook, (T.63, 64, R.23, 24): 2C;
- (16) Grassy Creek, (T.61, R.13, S.6; T.61, R.14, S.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (17) Harrigan Creek, (T.62, R.23, S.10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (18) Harris Lake Creek (Harris Creek), (T.60, R.10, S.6; T.61, R.10, S.19, 30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (19) Hay Creek, (T.153, R.26, S.4, 8, 9, 17, 20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (20) Hill Creek, (T.60, R.8, S.19, 30; T.60, R.9, S.24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (21) Indian Sioux River, Little, (T.65, R.15): 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (22) Inga Creek, (T.60, R.9, S.2, 3; T.61, R.9, S.14, 22, 23, 27, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (23) \*Inga Creek [11/5/84P] (T.61, R.9, S.11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (24) Isabella River, Little, (T.59, R.8, S.3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 15, 16, 22; T.60, R.8, S.31, 32; T.60, R.9, S.5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 15, 16, 22, 25, 26, 27, 36; T.61, R.9, S.9, 16, 17, 20, 21, 29, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (25) \*Isabella River, Little, [11/5/84P] (T.61, R.9, S.3, 4, 9, 10; T.62, R.9, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (26) Island River, (T.61, R.7, 8): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (27) Jack Pine Creek, (T.60, R.8, S.5, 6, 7, 8, 18; T.61, R.8, S.19, 20, 29, 30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (28) Johnson Creek, (T.60, R.18, S.6, 7, 8, 17, 20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (29) Kawishiwi River, outside Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness, (Source to Fall Lake): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (30) Kinmount Creek, (T.67, R.20, S.19; T.67, R.21, S.13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (31) Longstorff Creek, (T.62, R.12, S.6, 7; T.63, R.12, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (32) Lost River, (T.65, R.19, S.6; T.65, R.20, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12; T.65, R.21, S.1; T.66, R.20, S.20, 25, 27, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (33) Mary Ann Creek, (T.58, R.10, S.16, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (34) Mike Kelly Creek (Kelly Creek), (T.60, R.11, S.14, 15, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (35) Mitawan Creek, (T.60, R.9, S.1, 12; T.61, R.8, S.18, 19, 31; T.61, R.9, S.12, 13, 24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (36) \*Mitawan Creek, [11/5/84P] (T.61, R.8, S.5, 6, 7; T.61, R.9, S.1, 2, 12; T.62, R.9, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (37) Moose River, St. Louis County, (T.68, R.18, 19): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (38) Moose River, outside Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness, (T.65, R.14): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (39) Nine Mile Creek (Ninemile Creek), (T.66, R.19, S.4; T.67, R.19, S.7, 8, 18, 19, 20, 21, 27, 28, 29, 33; T.67, R.20, S.12, 13, 14, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (40) Nip Creek, (T.59, R.11, S.3, 4; T.60, R.11, S.21, 22, 27, 28, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (41) Nira Creek, (T.61, R.11, S.22, 23, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (42) Pitt Creek, (T.159, R.32, S.4, 9, 16; T.160, R.32, S.21, 28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (43) Portage Creek, (T.65, R.21): 2C;
- (44) Portage River, (T.65, R.14, S.24; T.65, R.13, S.19, 20, 28, 29): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (45) Rainy River, (Outlet of Rainy Lake to Dam in International Falls): 1B, 2Bd, 3A;
- (46) Rainy River, (Dam in International Falls to Railroad Bridge in Baudette): 1C, 2Bd, 3A;
- (47) Rainy River, (Railroad Bridge in Baudette to Lake of the Woods): 2B, 3A;
- (48) Sand Creek, (T.60, R.21, S.3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 14; T.61, R.20, S.19; T.61, R.21, S.3, 10, 11, 14, 15, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 33, 34, 35; T.62, R.21, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (49) Scott Creek, (T.59, R.7, S.4; T.60, R.7, S.9, 10, 15, 16, 21, 22, 27, 33, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (50) Section 30 Creek, (T.63, R.11, S.30; T.63, R.12, S.24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (51) Sea Gull River, (T.66N, R.4W, S.30, 31): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (52) Shine Brook (Swine Creek), (T.62, R.25, S.11, 14, 15, 16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (53) Snake Creek, (T.60, R.10, S.1; T.61, R.9, S.19, 30, 31; T.61, R.10, S.24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (54) Snake River, (T.60, R.10, S.3; T.61, R.9, S.18, 19; T.61, R.10, S.23, 24, 26, 27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (55) \*Snake River, [11/5/84P] (T.61, R.9, S.7; T.61, R.10, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (56) Sphagnum Creek, (T.60, R.9, S.4; T.61, R.9, S.28, 29, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (57) Stoney Brook (Stony Brook), (T.60, R.22, S.3, 4; T.61, R.22, S.13, 24, 25, 35, 36; T.61, R.21, S.7, 18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (58) Tomato Creek, (T.161, R.34, S.3, 9, 10; T.162, R.34, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (59) Tomlinson Creek, (T.60, R.7, S.18, 19, 31; T.60, R.8, S.24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (60) Trout Brook, (T.66, R.26, S.19, 30; T.66, R.27, S.24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (61) Two Rivers, East, (T.61, R.14, S.7, 8; T.61, R.15, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 12; T.62, R.14, S.29, 30, 31, 32; T.62, R.15, S.32, 33, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (62) Two Rivers, West, (T.61, R.15, S.6, 7, 8, 9, 14, 15, 16, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (63) Unnamed Creek, (T.65, R.19, S.4, 5; T.66, R.19, S.33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (64) Valley River, (T.62, R.23, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 24; T.63, R.22, S.6, 7, 8, 9, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30; T.63, R.23, S.24, 25, 26, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (65) Venning Creek, (T.60, R.23, S.1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14; T.61, R.23, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (66) Victor Creek, (T.60, R.9, S.12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (67) Weiss Creek, (T.59, R.9, S.2, 3, 11; T.60, R.9, S.27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (68) Wenho Creek, (T.58, R.10, S.17, 20, 21, 27, 28, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (69) Zippel Creek, West Branch, (T.162, R.33, 34): 2C;
- (70) \*All other streams in the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness [11/5/84P]: 1B, 2Bd, 3B; and
- (71) \*All other streams in the Voyageurs National Park [11/5/84P]: 2B, 3B.

B. Lakes:

- (1) \*Adams Lake, 38-0153-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (2) \*Agamok Lake, 38-0011-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.5, 6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (3) \*Ahmakose Lake, 38-0365-00 [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (4) \*Ahsab Lake, 38-0516-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.8W, S.27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (5) \*Alpine Lake, 16-0759-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (6) \*Alruss Lake, 69-0005-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.11W, S.7; T.64, R.12W, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (7) \*Amoeber Lake, 38-0227-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.6, 7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (8) \*Arkose Lake, 38-0382-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 65, R.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (9) \*Ashdick Lake (Caribou Lake), 38-0210-00, [11/5/84P] (T.66, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (10) \*Basswood Lake, 38-0645-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 65, R.9, 10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (11) \*Bat Lake, 16-0752-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 65, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (12) \*Beartrack Lake, 69-0480-00, [11/5/84P] (T.67, R.15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (13) \*Beaver Lake (Elbow Lake), 38-0223-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, 64, R.6, 7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (14) Beaver Hut Lake, 38-0737-00, (T.61, R.10W, S.30, 31; T.61, R.11, S.25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (15) Beetle Lake, 38-0551-00, (T.60, R.9W, S.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (16) Big Lake, 69-0190-00, (T.64, 65, R.13): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

- (17) \*Bingshick Lake, 16-0627-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.4, 5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (18) \*Brandt Lake (Brant Lake), 16-0600-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (19) \*Burntside Lake, 69-0118-00, [3/7/88R] (T.63, 64, R.12, 13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (20) Camp Four (Wessman) Lake, 69-0788-00, (T.59, R.19W, S.4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (21) \*Camp Lake, 38-0789-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.11): 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (22) \*Caribou Lake, 31-0620-00, [3/7/88R] (T.58, R.26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (23) \*Cash Lake, 16-0438-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (24) Cedar Lake, 38-0810-00, (T.63, R.11, 12): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (25) Chant Lake, 69-0172-00, (T.63, R.13W, S.10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (26) \*Cherokee Lake, 16-0524-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, 64, R.4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (27) \*Cherry Lake, 38-0166-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (28) \*Conchu Lake, 38-0720-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.10W, S.21, 22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (29) \*Crab Lake (includes West Crab Lake, 69-0297-00), 69-0220-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (30) Crab Lake, 16-0357-00, (T.65, R.2, 3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (31) Crane Lake, 69-0616-00, (T.67, 68, R.16, 17): 1B, 2A, 3A;
- (32) \*Crooked Lake, 16-0723-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (33) \*Crooked Lake, 38-0817-00, [11/5/84P] (T.66, R.11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (34) \*Cruiser Lake (Trout Lake), 69-0832-00, [11/5/84P] (T.69, 70, R.19): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (35) Cub Lake, 69-1318-00, (T.61, R.14W, S.2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (36) Dan Lake, 38-0853-00, (T.63, R.10W, S.17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (37) Deepwater Lake, 69-0858-00, (T.59, R.20W, S.2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (38) Dry Lake, 69-0064-00, (T.63, R.12W, S.9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (39) Dry Lake, Little, 69-1040-00, (T.63, R.12W, S.9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (40) \*Eddy Lake, 38-0187-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (41) Eikela Lake, 38-0677-00, (T.60, R.10W, S.22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (42) Ennis Lake, 38-0634-00, (T.64, R.9W, S.33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (43) Erskine Lake, 31-0311-00, (T.61, R.24W, S.2, 3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (44) \*Ester Lake (Gnig Lake), 38-0207-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, 66, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (45) \*Eugene Lake, 69-0473-00, [11/5/84P] (T.67, R.15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (46) \*Explorer Lake (South Three Lake), 38-0399-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.7, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (47) Extortion Lake, 16-0450-00, (T.65, R.3W, S.31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (48) Fall Lake, 38-0811-00, (T.63, 64, R.11, 12): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;

- (49) Farm Lake, 38-0779-00, (T.62, 63, R.11): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (50) \*Fat Lake, 69-0481-00, [11/5/84P] (T.67, R.15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (51) \*Fay Lake, 16-0783-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (52) Fenske Lake, 69-0085-00, (T.64, R.12, S.29, 30, 32): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (53) \*Fern Lake, 16-0716-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (54) \*Fern Lake, West, 16-0718-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (55) \*Finger Lake, 69-0348-00, [11/5/84P] (T.67, R.14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (56) \*Fishdance Lake, 38-0343-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (57) \*Found Lake, 38-0620-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.9W, S.10, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (58) \*Fraser Lake, 38-0372-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (59) \*French Lake, 16-0755-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 65, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (60) \*Frost Lake, 16-0571-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (61) \*Gabimichigami Lake, 16-0811-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 65, R.5, 6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (62) \*Ge-Be-On-Equat Lake, 69-0350-00, [11/5/84P] (T.67, R.14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (63) \*Gijikiki Lake (Cedar Lake), 38-0209-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, 66, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (64) \*Gillis Lake, 16-0753-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 65, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (65) Glacier Pond No. 1, 38-0712-00, (T.63, R. 10W, S.11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (66) Glacier Pond No. 2, 38-0712-02, (T.63, R.10W, S.11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (67) \*Gordon Lake, 16-0569-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (68) Gull Lake, 16-0632-00, (T.66, R.4, 5): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (69) \*Gun Lake, 69-0487-00, [11/5/84P] (T.67, 68, R.15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (70) \*Gunflint Lake, 16-0356-00, [3/7/88R] (T.65, R.2, 3, 4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (71) Gunflint Lake, Little, 16-0330-00, (T.65, R.2): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (72) Gypsy Lake, 38-0665-00, (T.60, R.10W, S.6, 7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (73) Hanson Lake, 69-0189-00, (T.64, R.13W, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (74) \*Hanson Lake, 38-0206-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, 66, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (75) High Lake, 69-0071-00, (T.63, R.12W, S.3, 4, 5; T.64, R.12W, S.33, 34): 1B, 2A,  
3B;
- (76) Hogback (Twin or Canal) Lake, 38-0057-01 and 38-0057-02, (T.60, R.6W, S.31):  
1B, 2A, 3B;
- (77) \*Holt Lake, 38-0178-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (78) \*Howard Lake, 16-0789-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (79) \*Hustler Lake, 69-0343-00, [11/5/84P] (T.66, 67, R.14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (80) \*Ima Lake (Slate Lake), 38-0400-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.7, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (81) Indian Lake, 38-0440-00, (T.60, R.8W, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (82) \*Jacob (Louis) Lake, 69-0077-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.12W, S.11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (83) James (Jammer) Lake, 69-0734-00, (T.60, R.18W, S.27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (84) Jasper Lake, 38-0641-00, (T.63, 64, R.9, 10): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (85) \*Jasper Lake, 16-0768-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (86) \*Johnson Lake, 69-0691-00, [3/7/88R] (T.67, 68, R.17, 18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (87) Jouppi Lake, 38-0909-00, (T.59, R.8W, S.14, 22, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (88) Judd Lake, 38-0615-00, (T.63, R.9W, S.4, 5; T.64, R.9W, S.32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (89) \*Kabetogama Lake, 69-0845-00, [11/5/84P] (T.69, 70, R.19, 20, 21, 22): 1B, 2Bd,  
3A;
- (90) \*Karl Lake, 16-0461-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.3, 4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (91) \*Kek Lake, Little, 38-0228-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.6, 7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (92) \*Kekekabic Lake, 38-0226-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 65, R.6, 7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (93) \*Knife Lake, 38-0404-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.6, 7, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (94) \*Lake of the Clouds Lake (Dutton Lake), 38-0169-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.6): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (95) Lake of the Woods, 39-0002-00, (T.161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, R.30,  
31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2Bd, 3A;
- (96) Lake Vermilion, 69-0378-00, (T.61, 62, 63, R.14, 15, 16, 17, 18): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (97) \*Larson Lake, 31-0317-00, [3/7/88R] (T.61, R.24W, S.16, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (98) Little Long Lake, 69-0066-00, (T.63, R.12): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (99) \*Long Island Lake, 16-0460-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.3, 4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (100) \*Loon Lake, 16-0448-00, [3/7/88R] (T.65, R.3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (101) \*Loon Lake, 69-0470-00, [11/5/84P] (T.66, 67, R.15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (102) \*Lunar Lake (Moon Lake), 38-0168-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (103) \*Lynx Lake, 69-0383-00, [11/5/84P] (T.66, R.14, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (104) \*Magnetic Lake, 16-0463-00, [3/7/88R] (T.65, R.3, 4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (105) \*Makwa Lake (Bear Lake), 38-0147-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (106) \*Marble Lake, 38-0109-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (107) \*Mavis Lake, 16-0528-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.4W, S.4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (108) \*Mayhew Lake, 16-0337-00, [3/7/88R] (T.65, R.2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (109) \*Meditation Lake, 16-0583-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.4W, S.7, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (110) \*Mesaba Lake, 16-0673-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (111) Miner's Mine Pit, 69-1293-00, (T.63, R.12W, S.26, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (112) \*Missing Link Lake, 16-0529-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.4W, S.4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (113) \*Missionary Lake (East Three Lake), 38-0398-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.7, 8): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (114) \*Moose Lake, 38-0644-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.9, 10): 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (115) \*Mora Lake, 16-0732-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (116) \*Mukooda Lake, 69-0684-00, [11/5/84P] (T.68, R.17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (117) \*Namakan Lake, 69-0693-00, [11/5/84P] (T.69, 70, R.17, 18, 19): 1B, 2Bd, 3A;
- (118) \*Neglige Lake, 38-0492-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.8W, S.1, 2, 11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (119) Nickel (Nichols) Lake, 31-0470-00, (T.59, R.25W, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (120) Norberg Lake, 69-1312-00, (T.61, R.14W, S.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (121) \*North Lake, 16-0331-00, [3/7/88R] (T.65, R.2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (122) North Lake, Little, 16-0329-00, (T.65, R.2): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (123) Norway Lake, 38-0688-00, (T.61, R.10W, S.3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (124) \*Ogishkemuncie Lake, 38-0180-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (125) \*Ojibway Lake (Upper Twin), 38-0640-00, [3/7/88R] (T.63, R.9, 10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (126) \*Owl Lake, 16-0726-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (127) \*Oyster Lake, 69-0330-00, [11/5/84P] (T.66, R.14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (128) \*Paulson Lake, 16-0626-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.4W, S.19; T.65, R.5W, S.24): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (129) Peanut Lake, 38-0662-00, (T.60, R.10W, S.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (130) Pelican Lake, 69-0841-00, (T.64, 65, R.19, 20, 21): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (131) \*Pellet Lake, 16-0592-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.4, S.19, 20): 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (132) \*Peter Lake, 16-0757-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 65, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (133) Pickerel Lake, 69-0934-00, (T.60, R.21W, S.17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (134) Portage Lake, 16-0327-00, (T.64, R. 2W, S.3, 4, 5; T.65, R.2W, S.33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (135) \*Portage Lake, 38-0524-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (136) Portage Lake, Little, 16-0297-00, (T.64, R.2W, S.3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (137) \*Powell Lake, 16-0756-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, 65, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (138) \*Rabbit Lake, 38-0214-00, [11/5/84P] (T.66, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (139) \*Rainy Lake, 69-0694-00, [11/5/84P] (T.70, 71, R.18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23): 1B, 2Bd,  
3A;
- (140) \*Raven Lake (Lynx Lake), 38-0113-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (141) \*Red Rock Lake, 16-0793-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, 66, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (142) Regenbogan Lake, 69-0081-00, (T.64, R.12W, S.18): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (143) \*Rog Lake, 16-0765-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.5W, S.16, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (144) \*Ruby Lake, Big, 16-0333-00, [11/5/84P] (T.66, R.14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (145) \*Saganaga Lake, 16-0633-00, [11/5/84P] (T.66, 67, R.4, 5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (146) \*Saganaga Lake, Little, 16-0890-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.5, 6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (147) \*Sand Point Lake, 69-0617-00, [11/5/84P] (T.67, 68, 69, R.16, 17): 1B, 2A, 3A;
- (148) Scarp (Cliff) Lake, 38-0058-00, (T.60, R.6W, S.31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (149) \*Sea Gull Lake, 16-0629-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, 66, R.4, 5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (150) \*Sema Lake (Coon Lake), 38-0386-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (151) Shoo-fly Lake, 38-0422-00, (T.59, R.8W, S.1; T.60, R.8W, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (152) \*Skull Lake, 38-0624-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.9W, S.14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (153) \*Snowbank Lake, 38-0529-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, 64, R.8, 9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (154) \*Spoon Lake (Fames Lake), 38-0388-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (155) \*Spring Lake, 69-0761-00, [3/7/88R] (T.68, R.18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (156) Steamhaul Lake, 38-0570-00, (T.60, R.9W, S.23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (157) \*Strup Lake, 38-0360-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (158) \*Sumpet Lake, 38-0283-00, [11/5/84P] (T.61, R.7): 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (159) Surber Lake, 16-0343-00, (T.65, R.2W, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (160) \*Takucmich Lake, 69-0369-00, [11/5/84P] (T.67, 68, R.14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (161) \*Tarry Lake, 16-0731-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (162) \*Thomas Lake, 38-0351-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, 64, R.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (163) \*Thumb Lake, 69-0352-00, [11/5/84P] (T.67, R.14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (164) Tofte Lake, 38-0724-00, (T.63, R.10W, S.2, 3, 10, 11; T.64, R.10W, S.35): 1B, 2A,  
3B;
- (165) \*Topaz Lake (Star Lake), 38-0172-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (166) \*Town Lake, 16-0458-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, 64, R.3, 4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (167) Trappers Lake, 38-0431-00, (T.60, R.8W, S.27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (168) Trip Lake, 16-0451-00, (T.65, R.3W, S.32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (169) \*Trout Lake, Big, 69-0498-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, 64, R.15, 16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (170) \*Trout Lake, Little (Pocket Lake), 69-0682-00, [11/5/84P] (T.68, R.17): 1B, 2A,  
3B;
- (171) \*Trygg (Twig) Lake, 69-0389-00, [11/5/84P] (T.68, R.14W, S.31; T.68, R.15W,  
S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (172) \*Tucker Lake (Trucker Lake), 16-0417-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.3): 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (173) \*Tuscarora Lake, 16-0623-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.4, 5): 1B, 2A, 3B;



- (174) Unnamed (Pear) Lake, 38-0769-00, (T.60, R.11W, S.4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (175) \*Unnamed Lake, 16-0598-00, [11/5/84P] (T.65, R.4, S.29, 30): 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (176) Unnamed Swamp, Winton, (T.63, R.11, S.19; T.63, R.12, S.24): 7;
- (177) \*Vera Lake, 38-0491-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (178) Vermilion, Lake, 69-0378-00, (see Lake Vermilion);
- (179) \*Virgin Lake, 16-0719-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (180) West Crab Lake, 69-0220-00, (see Crab Lake);
- (181) White Iron Lake, 69-0004-00, (T.62, 63, R.11, 12): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (182) \*Wine Lake, 16-0686-00, [11/5/84P] (T.63, R.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (183) \*Wisini Lake, 38-0361-00, [11/5/84P] (T.64, R.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (184) Woods, Lake of the, 39-0002-00, (see Lake of the Woods);
- (185) \*All other lakes in the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness [11/5/84P]: 1B, 2Bd, 3B;
- (186) \*All wetlands in the Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness [11/5/84P]: 2D;
- (187) \*All other lakes in the Voyageurs National Park [11/5/84P]: 2B, 3B; and
- (188) \*All other wetlands in the Voyageurs National Park [11/5/84P]: 2D.

C. Calcareous Fens: None currently listed.

D. Scientific and Natural Areas: \*Purvis Lake-Ober, [11/5/84P] Waters within the Purvis Lake-Ober Foundation Scientific and Natural Area, Saint Louis County, (T.62, R.13): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D.

Subp. 3. **Red River of the North Basin.** The water use classifications for the listed waters in the Red River of the North Basin are as identified in items A to D. See parts 7050.0425 and 7050.0430 for the classifications of waters not listed.

A. Streams:

- (1) Auganash Creek, (T.144, R.38, S.5; T.145, R.38, S.27, 28, 31, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (2) Bad Boy Creek, (T.144, R.39, S.13, 14, 22, 23, 27, 28, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (3) Badger Creek (Lower Badger Creek or County Ditch No. 11), (T.149, 150, 151, R.42, 43, 44): 2C;
- (4) Barnums Creek (Burnham Creek or County Ditch No. 72), (T.148, 149, 150, R.44, 45, 46, 47, 48): 2C;
- (5) Battle River, South Branch, (T.151, R.30, S.2, 3, 4, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (6) Bemis Hill Creek (County Ditch No. 9), (T.161, R.37, S.17, 20, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (7) Bois de Sioux River, (Mud Lake outlet to Otter Tail River in Breckenridge): 2C;
- (8) Brandberg Creek (Brandborg Creek), (T.133, R.38, S.20, 21, 28, 29, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (9) Buckboard Creek, (T.144, R.37, S.19, 30, 31; T.144, R.38, S.11, 12, 13, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (10) Clearwater River, (T.148, R.35, S.5, 6, 8, 17, 20, 29, 31, 32; T.149, R.35, S.20, 29, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (11) County Ditch No. 6A-2, Rothsay, (T.135, R.45, S.21, 28, 33): 7 (see subitem (68));
- (12) County Ditch No. 32, Sabin, (T.138, R.48, S.13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18): 7;
- (13) County Ditch No. 65, New York Mills, (T.135, R.37, S.18; T.135, R.38, S.13): 7;
- (14) Dead Horse Creek, (T.138, R.38, S.3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (15) Deerhorn Creek, (T.136, R.44, 45, 46): 2C;
- (16) Doran Slough, (T.131, 132, R.46, 47): 2C;
- (17) Eighteen Mile Creek, (T.127, R.46, 47): 2C;
- (18) Elbow Lake Creek (Solid Bottom Creek), (T.142, R.38, S.6; T.143, R.38, S.31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (19) Felton Creek, (T.141, R.44, S.7, 8, 17; T.141, R.45, S.7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 22; T.141, R.46, S.12, 13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (20) Five Mile Creek, (T.127, 128, R.45): 2C;
- (21) Gentilly River, (T.149, 150, R.45): 2C;
- (22) Hay Creek, (T.137, 138, R.44, 45, 46): 2C;
- (23) Hay Creek (County Ditch No. 7 or County Ditch No. 9), (T.161, 162, R.37, 38, 39): 2C;
- (24) Hill River, (T.148, 149, 150, R.39, 40, 41, 42): 2C;
- (25) Holmstad Creek, (T.136, R.37, S.7; T.136, R.38, S.12, 13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (26) Hoover Creek, (T.152, 153, 154, R.29, 30): 2C;
- (27) Joe River, (T.162, 163, 164, R.49, 50): 2C;
- (28) Joe River, Little, (T.163, R.47, 48): 2C;
- (29) Judicial Ditch No. 13, Goodridge, (T.154, R.40, S.16, 17, 18): 7;
- (30) Judicial Ditch No. 18, Goodridge, (T.154, R.40, S.18, 19, 27, 28, 29, 30; T.154, R.41, S.13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18; T.154, R.42, S.7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 16; T.154, R.43, S.9, 10, 11, 12, 16): 7;
- (31) Lawndale Creek, (T.135, R.45, S.5, 6; T.135, R.46, S.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (32) Lengby Creek, (T.147, R.39, S.33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (33) Long Branch Creek, (T.134, R.42, S.7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (34) Lost River, (T.148, R.38, S.20, 21, 22, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (35) Maple Creek, (T.147, 148, R.44, 45, 46): 2C;
- (36) Marsh Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 91), (T.144, 145, 146, R.41, 42, 43): 2C;
- (37) Meadow Creek, (T.151, R.30, S.6; T.151, R.31, S.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (38) Mud Creek, (T.144, R.37, S.13, 14, 22, 23, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (39) Mud River, (T.150, R.33, S.21, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (40) Mustinka River, (Old Channel), (T.127, 128, R.45, 46, 47): 2C;
- (41) Mustinka River, West Branch, (see Twelve Mile Creek, West Branch);
- (42) Mustinka River Ditch, (T.128, R.45, S.19; T.128, R.46, S. 13, 14, 23, 24): 2C;
- (43) Nasset Creek, (T.148, R.38, S.20, 28, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (44) O'Brien Creek, (T.149, R.32, S.2; T.150, R.32, S.23, 24, 26, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (45) Otter Tail River, (Height of Land Lake to mouth): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (46) Otter Tail River Diversion, (T.133, R.42, S.19, 30; T.133, R.43, S.25): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (47) Rabbit River, (T.130, 131, R.45, 46, 47): 2C;
- (48) Rabbit River, South Fork, (T.130, R.45, 46): 2C;
- (49) Red Lake River, (Outlet of Lower Red Lake to mouth): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (50) Red River of the North, (T.132, R.47, S.8 in Breckenridge to Canadian border): 1C,  
2Bd, 3C;
- (51) Roy Creek (Roy Lake Creek), (T.145, 146, R.39): 2C;
- (52) Rush Lake Creek, (T.135, R.38, S.23, 26, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (53) Schermerhorn Creek (Shimmelhorn Creek), (T.144, R.39, S.6; T.145, R.39, S.31;  
T.145, R.40, S.25, 26, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (54) Spring Creek (State Ditch No. 68), (T.145, 146, R.45, 46, 47): 2C;
- (55) Spring Creek, (T.142, R.41, 42): 2C;
- (56) Spring Creek, (T.149, R.30, S.4, 5, 9, 10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (57) Spring Lake Creek, (T.148, R.35, S.34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (58) Stony Creek, (T.137, 138, R.45, 46): 2C;
- (59) Sucker Creek, (T.138, R.40, S.18; T.138, R.41, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (60) Sucker Creek, (T.160, 161, R.39): 2C;
- (61) Tamarac River (Source to the dam in S.5, T.157, R.48 at Stephen), (T.157, 158, R.45,  
46, 47, 48): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (62) Toad River, (T.138, R.38, S.6, 7, 18, 19, 30; T.139, R.38, S.30, 31; T.139, R.39,  
S.25, 36; T.138, R.39, S.25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (63) Twelve Mile Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.126, 127, R.45): 2C;
- (64) Twelve Mile Creek (County Ditch No. 1), Donnelly, (T.126, R.43, S.16, 17, 18, 19,  
21, 22, 25, 26, 27; T.126, R.44, S.23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33; T.126, R.45, S.25, 26, 27, 28,  
36): 7;
- (65) Twelve Mile Creek, East Fork, (T.125, 126, R.44, 45): 2C;
- (66) Twelve Mile Creek, West Branch (West Branch Twelvemile Creek), (T.125, 126,  
127, 128, R.45, 46): 2C;
- (67) Twelve Mile Creek, West Fork, (T.125, 126, R.45): 2C;
- (68) Twin Lake Creek, (T.144, 145, R.40): 2C;

- (69) Two Rivers, Middle Branch, (Source to Hallock): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (70) Two Rivers, South Branch, (T.160, 161, R.41-49): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (71) Unnamed Creek, Rothsay, (T.135, R.45, S.21, 22, 23, 25, 26): 7 (see subitem (11));
- (72) Unnamed Creek, Shevlin, (T.147, R.36, S.17, 18; T.147, R.37, S.11, 12, 13, 14): 7;
- (73) Unnamed Ditch, Audubon, (T.139, R.42, S.4, 9): 7;
- (74) Unnamed Ditch, Lake Park, (T.139, R.43, S.4; T.140, R.43, S.33): 7;
- (75) Unnamed Ditch, Glyndon, (T.139, R.47, S.1, 2, 12; T.140, R.47, S.35): 7;
- (76) Unnamed Ditch, Callaway, (T.140, R.41, S.6; T.140, R.42, S.1, 2, 10, 11): 7;
- (77) Unnamed Ditch, Gary, (T.145, R.44, S.22, 27, 34): 7;
- (78) Unnamed Ditch, Erskine, (T.149, R.42, S.34, 35): 7;
- (79) Unnamed Ditch, Thief River Falls, (T.154, R.43, S.31, 32, 33): 7;
- (80) Unnamed Ditch, Warroad, (T.163, R.37, S.19, 20, 21, 22, 23; T.163, R.38, S.19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 30; T.163, R.39, S.25, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36): 7;
- (81) Whisky Creek, (T.136, 137, R.44, 45, 46): 2C;
- (82) Whisky Creek, (T.133, 134, R.46, 47, 48): 2C;
- (83) White Earth River, (T.142, 143, 144, R.40, 41, 42): 2C;
- (84) Willow Creek, New York Mills, (T.135, R.38, S.13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18): 7; and
- (85) Wolverton Creek, (T.135, 136, 137, R.48): 2C.

B. Lakes:

- (1) Bass Lake, 56-0722-00, (T.135, R.42W, S.10, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (2) Hanson Lake, 03-0177-00, (T.139, R.39W, S.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (3) Hoot Lake, 56-0782-00, (T.133, R.42, 43): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (4) Lake Bronson, 35-0003-00, (T.160, 161, R.46): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (5) Twin Lake, East, 03-0362-00, (T.138, R.41): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (6) Unnamed Slough, Vergas, (T.137, R.40, S.18; T.137, R.41, S.13, 24): 7;
- (7) Wapatus (Island) Lake, 15-0127-00, (T.144, R.38W, S.21, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B; and
- (8) Wright Lake, 56-0783-00, (T.133, R.42, 43): 1C, 2Bd, 3C.

C. Calcareous Fens:

- (1) \*Agassiz-Olson WMA fen, 17, Norman [4/18/94R] (T.146, R.45, S.22): 2D;
- (2) \*Anna Gronseth Prairie fen, 47, Wilkin [4/18/94R] (T.134, R.45, S.15): 2D;
- (3) \*Anna Gronseth Prairie fen, 49, Wilkin [4/18/94R] (T.134, R.45, S.10): 2D;
- (4) \*Anna Gronseth Prairie fen, 52, Wilkin [4/18/94R] (T.134, R.45, S.4): 2D;
- (5) \*Barnesville Moraine fen, 44, Clay [4/18/94R] (T.137, R.44, S.18): 2D;
- (6) \*Barnesville WMA fen, 10, Clay [3/7/88R] (T.137, R.45, S.1): 2D;

- (7) \*Barnesville WMA fen, 43, Clay [4/18/94R] (T.137, R.44, S.18): 2D;
- (8) \*Chicog Prairie fen, 39, Polk [4/18/94R] (T.148, R.45, S.28): 2D;
- (9) \*Chicog Prairie fen, 40, Polk [3/7/88R] (T.148, R.45, S.33): 2D;
- (10) \*Chicog Prairie fen, 41, Polk [3/7/88R] (T.148, R.45, S.20, 29): 2D;
- (11) \*Chicog Prairie fen, 42, Polk [3/7/88R] (T.148, R.45, S.33): 2D;
- (12) \*Clearbrook fen, 61, Clearwater [3/7/88R] (T.149, R.37, S.17): 2D;
- (13) \*Faith Prairie fen, 15, Norman [4/18/94R] (T.144, R.43, S.26): 2D;
- (14) \*Faith Prairie fen, 16, Norman [4/18/94R] (T.144, R.43, S.35): 2D;
- (15) \*Faith Prairie fen, 27, Norman [3/7/88R] (T.144, R.43, S.25): 2D;
- (16) \*Felton Prairie fen, 28, Clay [3/7/88R] (T.142, R.46, S.36): 2D;
- (17) \*Felton Prairie fen, 36, Clay [3/7/88R] (T.141, R.46, S.13): 2D;
- (18) \*Felton Prairie fen, 48, Clay [4/18/94R] (T.142, R.45, S.31): 2D;
- (19) \*Felton Prairie fen, 53, Clay [4/18/94R] (T.141, R.46, S.24): 2D;
- (20) \*Green Meadow fen, 14, Norman [4/18/94R] (T.145, R.45, S.35, 36): 2D;
- (21) \*Haugtvedt WPA North Unit, 54, Clay [4/18/94R] (T.137, R.44, S.28, 29): 2D;
- (22) \*Kittleson Creek Mire fen, 55, Polk [4/18/94R] (T.147, R.44, S.6, 7): 2D;
- (23) \*Rothsay Prairie fen, 46, Wilkin [4/18/94R] (T.136, R.45, S.33): 2D;
- (24) \*Rothsay Prairie fen, 50, Wilkin [4/18/94R] (T.135, R.45, S.15, 16): 2D;
- (25) \*Rothsay Prairie fen, 51, Wilkin [4/18/94R] (T.135, R.45, S.9): 2D;
- (26) \*Sanders East fen, 65, Pennington [4/18/94R] (T.153, R.44, S.7): 2D;
- (27) \*Sanders East fen, 74, Pennington [4/18/94R] (T.153, R.44, S.7): 2D;
- (28) \*Sanders fen, 64, Pennington [4/18/94R] (T.153, R.44, S.18, 19): 2D;
- (29) \*Spring Creek WMA NHR fen, 34, Becker [3/7/88R] (T.142, R.42, S.13): 2D;
- (30) \*Spring Prairie fen, 37, Clay [3/7/88R] (T.140, R.46, S.11): 2D;
- (31) \*Tamarac River fen, 71, Marshall [4/18/94R] (T.157, R.46, S.2): 2D;
- (32) \*Tympanuchus Prairie fen, 26, Polk [3/7/88R] (T.149, R.45, S.17): 2D;
- (33) \*Tympanuchus Prairie fen, 38, Polk [3/7/88R] (T.149, R.45, S.16): 2D;
- (34) \*Viking fen, 68, Marshall [4/18/94R] (T.155, R.45, S.18): 2D;
- (35) \*Viking fen, 70, Marshall [4/18/94R] (T.155, R.45, S.20): 2D;
- (36) \*Viking Strip fen, 69, Marshall [4/18/94R] (T.154, R.45, S.4): 2D; and
- (37) \*Waubun WMA fen, 11, Mahnomen [3/7/88R] (T.143, R.42, S.25): 2D.

D. Scientific and Natural Areas:

- (1) \*Green Water Lake, [11/5/84P] Waters within the Green Water Lake Scientific and Natural Area, Becker County, (T.141, R.38, S.28, 33, 34): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D; and

(2) \*Pembina Trail Preserve, [3/7/88P] Waters within the Pembina Trail Preserve Scientific and Natural Area, Polk County, (T.148, R.45, S.1, 2; T.149, R.44, S.18, 19, 30, 31; T.149, R.45, S.13, 24, 25, 36): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D.

Subp. 4. **Upper Mississippi River Basin (headwaters to the confluence with the St. Croix River).** The water use classifications for the listed waters in the Upper Mississippi River Basin from the headwaters to the confluence with the St. Croix River are as identified in items A to D. See parts 7050.0425 and 7050.0430 for the classifications of waters not listed.

A. Streams:

- (1) Alcohol Creek, (T.143, 144, R.34): 2C;
- (2) Arramba Creek, (T.40, R.30): 2C;
- (3) Barbour Creek, (T.44, R.28, S.28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (4) Basswood Creek, (T.141, 142, R.36, 37): 2C;
- (5) Battle Brook, (T.35, R.26, 27): 2C;
- (6) Battle Creek, (T.120, R.31): 2C;
- (7) Bear Brook, (T.144, 145, R.27): 2C;
- (8) Bear Creek, (T.145, R.36): 2C;
- (9) Beautiful Creek, (T.127, R.31): 2C;
- (10) Beaver Creek, (T.136, 137, R.32, 33): 2C;
- (11) Belle Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 18), (T.117, 118, R.32): 2C;
- (12) Black Bear Brook, (T.44, R.28, S.7, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (13) Birch Brook (Birch Branch), (T.141, R.25): 2C;
- (14) Black Brook, Mille Lacs County, (T.41, R.26): 2C;
- (15) Black Brook, (T.42, 43, R.30): 2C;
- (16) Blackhoof Creek, (T.46, R.29, S.16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (17) Blackwater Creek, (T.55, R.26, S.4): 2C;
- (18) Blueberry River, (T.138, 139, R.35, 36): 2C;
- (19) Bluff Creek, (T.135, 136, R.36, 37): 2C;
- (20) Bogus Brook (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.37, 38, R.25, 26): 2C;
- (21) Bogus Brook, Bock, (T.38, R.26, S.13, 14): 7;
- (22) Borden Creek, (T.44, R.28, S.8, 9, 17, 20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (23) Branch No. 3, Lateral 2, East Bethel/Ham Lake, (T.33, R.23, S.29, 32, along the west side of Minnesota Highway 65): 7;
- (24) Briggs Creek, (T.35, R.29, S.2, 11, 12, 14, 15, 22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (25) Bruce Creek, (T.53, R.22, S.6, 7; T.53, R.23, S.26; T.54, R.22, S.18, 19, 30, 31; T.54, R.23, S.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (26) Buckman Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.39, 40, R.30, 31): 2C;

- (27) Buckman Creek, Buckman, Buckman Coop Cry., (T.39, R.30, S.4, 5, 6, 9; T.39, R.31, S.1, 2, 10, 11; T.40, R.30, S.31; T.40, R.31, S.36): 7;
- (28) Bungo Creek, (T.137, R.30, S.6; T.137, R.31, S.1, 11, 12, 14, 21, 22, 23; T.138, R.30, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (29) Bungoshine Creek (Bungashing Creek), (T.145, R.32, S.28, 29, 30; T.145, R.33, S.25, 26, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (30) Bunker Hill Brook (Bunker Hill Creek), (T.38, R.30, S.6; T.38, R.31, S.1, 2, 10, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (31) Camp Creek, (T.43, R.28, S.4, 5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (32) Camp Ripley Brook, (T.132, R.29, S.18, 19; T.132, R.30, S.12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (33) Cat River (Cat Creek), (T.137, R.35, S.4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (34) Cat River (excluding trout waters), (T.136, 137, R.33, 34): 2C;
- (35) Cedar Creek, (T.138, R.31, S.23, 26, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (36) Chase Brook, (T.38, 39, R.27): 2C;
- (37) Clearwater Creek, (T.56, 57, R.25): 2C;
- (38) Cold Creek, (T.145, R.33, S.19): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (39) Cold Spring Creek, (T.123, R.30, S.14, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (40) Coon Creek, (T.43, R.29, 30): 2C;
- (41) Corey Brook (Cory Brook), (T.135, R.30, S.9, 15, 16, 21, 22, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (42) County Ditch No. 15 (Bear Creek), Bertha, (T.132, R.35, S.2; T.133, R.34, S.7; T.133, R.35, S.12, 13, 24, 25, 26, 35): 7;
- (43) County Ditch No. 17, St. Cloud, Bel Clare Estates, (T.124, R.29, S.13, 24, 25): 7;
- (44) County Ditch No. 23, Garfield, (T.129, R.38, S.26, 27): 7;
- (45) County Ditch No. 23A, Willmar, (T.119, R.34, S.29, 30, 32; T.119, R.35, S.23, 25, 26): 7;
- (46) County Ditch No. 28, East Bethel/Ham Lake, (T.32, R.23, S.4, 5, 6; T.33, R.23, S.29, 32 along the east side of Minnesota Highway 65): 7;
- (47) County Ditch No. 42, McGregor, (T.47, R.23, S.6; T.47, R.24, S.1; T.48, R.23, S.29, 31, 32): 7;
- (48) County Ditch No. 63, Near Hutchinson, West Lynn Coop Cry., (T.116, R.30, S.19, 20, 21, 28, 33): 7;
- (49) County Ditch No. 132, Lakeside, Lakeside Coop Cry., (T.116, R.31, S.16, 21): 7;
- (50) Crane Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 1), (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.116, 117, R.26, 27): 2C;
- (51) Crane Creek, Winsted, (T.117, R.27, S.14, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25): 7;
- (52) \*Crow River, North Fork, [11/5/84R] (From the Lake Koronis outlet to the Meeker - Wright County line): 2B, 3C;

- (53) Cullen Brook, (T.136, R.28, S.18, 19, 30; T.136, R.29, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (54) Dabill Brook, (T.137, R.31, S.1, 2, 10, 11; T.138, R.31, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (55) Daggett Brook, (T.43, R.29, 30): 2C;
- (56) Duel Creek, (T.129, R.32, S.20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (57) Eagle Creek, (T.120, R.29): 2C;
- (58) Elk River, Little, (T.130, 131, R.30, 31): 2C;
- (59) Elk River, South Branch, Little, (T.130, R.30, 31, 32): 2C;
- (60) Estes Brook, (T.36, 37, 38, R.27, 28): 2C;
- (61) Everton Creek, (T.149, R.30): 2C;
- (62) Fairhaven Creek, (T.121, R.28, S.5; T.122, R.28, S.29, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (63) Farley Creek, (T.147, R.28): 2C;
- (64) Farnham Creek, (T.135, R.32, S.5, 6, 7; T.136, R.32, S.2, 3, 9, 10, 16, 19, 20, 21, 29, 30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (65) Fawn Creek, (T.134, R.33, S.22, 27, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (66) Finn Creek, (T.135, R.37, S.27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (67) Fish Creek, (T.28, R.22): 2C;
- (68) Fletcher Creek, (T.42, R.31): 2C;
- (69) Foley Brook, (T.141, R.25): 2C;
- (70) Frederick Creek, (T.119, R.25, 26): 2C;
- (71) Frontenac Creek, (T.144, 145, R.34): 2C;
- (72) Gould Creek (Sucker Creek), (T.144, R.36, S.32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (73) Gould Creek (Sucker Creek), (T.143, R.36): 2C;
- (74) Hanson Brook, (T.40, R.27): 2C;
- (75) Hanson Brook (Threemile), (T.122, R.28, S.21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (76) Hasty Brook, (T.49, R.19, S.18; T.49, R.20, S.4, 5, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 23; T.50, R.20, S.28, 29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (77) Hay Creek, Crow Wing County, (T.43, 44, R.30, 31): 2C;
- (78) Hay Creek, Wadena County, (T.134, R.33, S.7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 17, 18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (79) Hay Creek (Mosquito Creek), (T.135, R.31, S.8, 9, 16, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (80) Hazel Creek, (T.127, R.29, 30): 2C;
- (81) Hellcamp Creek (Hellkamp Creek), (T.140, R.33, S.19; T.140, R.34, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (82) Hennepin Creek, (T.144, R.35, S.3, 10, 15, 16, 21; T.145, R.35, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (83) Hennepin Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.144, 145, 146, R.34, 35): 2C;



- (84) Hoblin Creek, (T.137, R.30, S.17, 18, 19): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (85) Indian Creek, (T.141, 142, R.36, 37): 2C;
- (86) Irish Creek, (T.129, R.31): 2C;
- (87) Iron Creek, (T.134, 135, R.31, 32): 2C;
- (88) Jewett Creek (Jewitts Creek or County Ditch No. 17), (T.119, 120, R.30, 31): 2C;
- (89) Johnson Creek, (T.137, R.25): 2C;
- (90) Judicial Ditch No. 1, Lakeside, Lakeside Coop Cry., (T.116, R.31, S.28, 33): 7;
- (91) Judicial Ditch No. 15, Buffalo Lake, Iowa Pork Industries, Hector, (T.115, R.31, S.15, 16, 20, 21, 29, 30; T.115, R.32, S.22, 25, 26, 27, 28, 32, 33): 7;
- (92) Kabekona River, (T.143, R.32, S.6, 7, 18, 19; T.143, R.33, S.2, 3, 4, 9, 11, 12, 24; T.144, R.33, S.29, 30, 32, 33; T.144, R.34, S.24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (93) Kawishiwash Creek, (T.142, R.32, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (94) Kettle Creek (Kettle River), (T.138, R.35, 36, 37): 2C;
- (95) Kinzer Creek, (T.123, R.30, S.27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (96) Kitchi Creek, (T.146, 147, R.29, 30): 2C;
- (97) Kitten Creek, (T.137, R.34, 35): 2C;
- (98) Larson Creek, (T.128, R.32, S.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (99) LaSalle Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.143, R.35): 2C;
- (100) LaSalle Creek, (T.143, R.35, S.6; T.144, R.35, S.19, 30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (101) LaSalle River, (T.144, 145, R.35): 2C;
- (102) Laura Brook, (T.141, R.26): 2C;
- (103) Libby Brook, (T.50, R.23, S.5, 6; T.50, R.24, S.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (104) Long Brook, Lower South, (T.44, R.30, S.12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (105) Long Brook, Upper South, (T.44, R.29, S.6, 7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (106) Long Lake Creek, (T.46, R.25, S.10, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (107) Luxemburg Creek, (T.123, R.28, S.16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (108) Matuska's Creek, (T.54, R.26, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (109) Meadow Creek, (T.128, R.30): 2C;
- (110) Meyers Creek (Johnson Creek), (T.122, R.28, S.4; T.123, R.28, S.22, 27, 33, 34):  
1B, 2A, 3B;
- (111) Michaud Brook, (T.140, R.25, S.7, 17, 18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (112) Mike Drew Brook, (T.38, 39, R.26, 27): 2C;
- (113) Mink Creek, Big, (T.41, 42, R.29, 30): 2C;
- (114) Mink Creek, Little, (T.40, 41, R.29, 30, 31): 2C;

- (115) \*Mississippi River, [11/5/84R] (From Lake Itasca to Fort Ripley, at the common boundary of Crow Wing and Morrison Counties): 2B, 3C;
- (116) \*Mississippi River, [11/5/84R] (From Fort Ripley, at the common boundary of Crow Wing and Morrison Counties, to the southerly boundary of Morrison County): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (117) Mississippi River, (From the southerly boundary of Morrison County to Stearns County State-Aid Highway 7 bridge in Saint Cloud in S.13, T.124, R.28): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (118) \*Mississippi River, [11/5/84R] (Stearns County State-Aid Highway 7 bridge in Saint Cloud in S.13, T.124, R.28 to the northwestern city limits of Anoka, river mile 873.5): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (119) Mississippi River, (From the northwestern city limits of Anoka, river mile 873.5, to the Upper Lock and Dam at Saint Anthony Falls in Minneapolis): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (120) Mississippi River, (Outlet of Metro Wastewater Treatment Works in Saint Paul, river mile 835.3, to river mile 830, Rock Island RR Bridge): 2C, 3C;
- (121) Morrison Brook, (T.52, R.26, S.4, 9, 10, 14, 15; T.53, R.26, S.7, 8, 18, 19, 29, 30, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (122) Muckey Creek (Wallingford Creek), (T.139, R.33, S.1, 2, 10, 11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (123) Necktie River (T.145, R.32, S.6, 7, 8, 9, 16; T.145, R.33, S.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (124) Nelson Hay Creek, (T.130, R.31, S.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (125) Northby Creek, (T.140, R.27): 2C;
- (126) Norway Brook, (T.139, R.30): 2C;
- (127) O'Brien Creek, (T.56, 57, R.22): 2C;
- (128) O'Neill Brook, (T.38, R.26): 2C;
- (129) Oak Ridge Creek (Oak Creek), (T.133, 134, R.36): 2C;
- (130) Olson Brook, (T.136, R.30, S.12, 13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (131) Peterson Creek, (T.134, R.30, S.29 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (132) Pickerel Creek, (T.56, R.22, S.7, 18; T.56, R.23, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (133) Pigeon River, (T.147, R.27): 2C;
- (134) Pike Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.129, R.30): 2C;
- (135) Pike Creek, Flensburg, (T.129, R.30, S.17, 18, 19, 20): 7;
- (136) Pillager Creek, (T.133, 134, R.30): 2C;
- (137) Pine River, South Fork, (T.138, R.31, S.14, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (138) Pioneer Creek, (T.118, R.24): 2C;
- (139) Pokegama Creek, (T.54, R.26, S.26, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (140) Pokegama Creek, Little, (T.54, R.26, S.26, 27, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (141) Pokety (Pickedee Creek), (T.144, R.32, S.29, 30; T.144, R.33, S.24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (142) Poplar Brook (Martin Creek), (T.135, R.32, S.5, 6; T.136, R.32, S.22, 27, 28, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (143) Prairie Brook, (T.36, R.27): 2C;
- (144) Rat Creek, (T.144, 145, R.34): 2C;
- (145) Rice Creek, (T.30, 31, 32, R.22, 23, 24): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (146) Rice Creek, Sherburne County, (T.35, R.29): 2C;
- (147) Robinson Hill Creek, (T.123, R.28, S.4, 9, 10, 15; T.124, R.28, S.31, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (148) Rock Creek, Little, (T.38, R.31, S.3, 4, 10, 15, 21, 22, 28; T.39, R.30, S.17, 18, 20, 21, 22; T.39, R.31, S.13, 14, 22, 23, 27, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (149) Rogers Brook, (T.134, R.30, S.29, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (150) Rosholt Creek, (T.55, R.23, S.22, 23, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (151) Round Creek, (T.43, R.31, S.14, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (152) Round Prairie Creek (Trout Creek), (T.127, R.33, S.4; T.128, R.33, S.20, 29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (153) \*Rum River, [11/5/84P] (From the Ogechie Lake spillway to the northernmost confluence with Lake Onamia): 2B, 3B;
- (154) \*Rum River, [11/5/84R] (From the State Highway 27 bridge in Onamia to Madison and Rice Streets in Anoka): 2B, 3C;
- (155) Sand Creek, Crow Wing County, (T.45, R.30, S.2, 3, 11, 13, 14; T.46, R.30, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (156) Sand Creek, (T.55, R.23, S.15, 22, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (157) Sauk Creek, Little, (T.127, R.34, S.1; T.128, R.34, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (158) Schoolcraft Creek, (T.142, R.34, S.5, 7, 8, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (159) Seven Mile Creek, (T.133, 134, R.30, 31): 2C;
- (160) Sisseebakwet Creek, (T.54, R.26, S.19, 29, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (161) Six Mile Brook, (T.144, R.26, 27): 2C;
- (162) Skimmerhorn Creek (Skimerhorn Creek), (T.149, R.30): 2C;
- (163) Skunk Creek, (T.144, 145, R.34): 2C;
- (164) Skunk River (Co. Dt. No. 37) (Co. Dt. No. 29), Brooten, (T.123, R.35, S.4, 5, 9; T.123, R.35, S.9, 10, 11, 12; T.123, R.34, S.3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8): 7;
- (165) Smart's Creek, (T.126, R.28, S.17, 18, 20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (166) Smith Creek, (T.53, R.26, S.1, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15; T.54, R.26, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (167) Smith Creek, Unnamed Tributary, (T.53, R.26, S.11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (168) Smith Creek, Unnamed Tributary, (T.54, R.26, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (169) Snake River, (T.33, R.28, S.1; T.34, R.28, S.2, 11, 14, 23, 26, 35, 36; T.35, R.28, S.20, 28, 29, 33, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (170) Snowball Creek, (T.56, R.23): 2C;
- (171) Split Hand Creek, (T.53, R.24, 25): 2C;
- (172) Spring Brook, Stearns County, (T.121, R.28, S.7; T.121, R.29, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (173) Spring Brook, Crow Wing County, (T.138, R.28, S.27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (174) Spring Brook (Spring Branch), Cass County, (T.139, R.26, S.3, 10, 11, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (175) Spring Brook, Lower, (T.57, R.25, S.6; T.58, R.25, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (176) Spring Creek, (T.55, R.23, S.25, 26, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (177) Spruce Creek, (T.130, R.36, S.3, 4, 9, 10; T.131, R.36, S.28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (178) Stag Brook, (T.121, 122, R.31): 2C;
- (179) Stall Creek, (T.143, R.33, S.12, 13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (180) Stanchfield Branch, Lower, Braham, (T.37, R.23, S.3, 10, 15, 22): 7;
- (181) Stocking Creek, (T.138, R.34, 35): 2C;
- (182) Stoney Brook (Stony Brook), Cass County, (T.135, R.29, S.5, 8, 9; T.136, R.29, S.30, 31, 32; T.136, R.30, S.20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30; T.136, R.31, S.24, 25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (183) Stony Brook (Stoney Brook), Foley, (T.36, R.29, S.2, 9, 10, 11, 16; T.37, R.29, S.35, 36): 7;
- (184) Stony Creek (Wabedo Creek), (T.140, R.28): 2C;
- (185) Stony Point Brook, (T.147, R.28, S.22, 27, 34): 2C;
- (186) Straight Creek, Upper, (Straight River), (T.140, R.36, S.6; T.141, R.36, S.30, 31; T.141, R.37, S.24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (187) Straight Lake Creek, (T.140, R.36, S.6; T.140, R.37, S.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (188) Straight River, (T.139, R.34, S.7; T.139, R.35, S.4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12; T.139, R.36, S.1; T.140, R.36, S.28, 29, 33, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (189) Sucker Creek (Gould Creek), (T.144, R.36, S.27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (190) Sucker Creek, Meeker County, (T.118, R.30, S.4, 5, 6, 7): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (191) Swamp Creek, Big, (T.137, 138, 139, R.32, 33): 2C;
- (192) Swamp Creek, Little, (T.136, 137, R.33): 2C;
- (193) Swan Creek, (T.134, 135, R.32): 2C;
- (194) Swan Creek, Little, (T.135, R.32): 2C;
- (195) Swift River, (T.142, R.27): 2C;
- (196) Taylor Creek, (T.128, R.31): 2C;
- (197) Ted Brook Creek, (T.130, R.31): 2C;

- (198) Thiel Creek (Teal), (T.121, R.28, S.5, 6, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (199) Tibbits Brook, (T.33, 34, R.26, 27): 2C;
- (200) Tibbetts Creek (Tibbetts Brook), (T.39, 40, R.27, 28): 2C;
- (201) Trout Brook, St. Paul, (T.29, R.22, S.18, 19): 7;
- (202) Tower Creek, (T.135, R.32): 2C;
- (203) Two Rivers, South Branch, Albany, (T.125, R.31, S.21, 22, 23): 7;
- (204) Two Rivers Springs, (T.51, R.23, S.19; T.51, R.24, S.24, 25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (205) Union Creek, (T.134, R.35, S.4, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19, 30, 31; T.135, R.35, S.27, 28, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (206) Unnamed Creek, Cass County, (T.137, R.31, S.4, 5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (207) Unnamed Creek, Cass County, (T.139, R.26, S.3, 10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (208) Unnamed Creek, Calumet, (T.56, R.23, S.21): 7;
- (209) Unnamed Creek, Montrose, Hiller Mobile Home Court, (T.119, R.26, S.22, 26, 27, 35): 7;
- (210) Unnamed Creek, Rogers, (T.120, R.23, S.15, 16, 22, 23): 7;
- (211) Unnamed Creek, Grove City, (T.120, R.32, S.34, 35, 36): 7;
- (212) Unnamed Creek, Albertville, (T.121, R.23, S.30; T.121, R.24, S.25, 36): 7;
- (213) Unnamed Creek, Eden Valley, Ruhland Feeds, (T.121, R.31, S.2; T.122, R.31, S.35): 7;
- (214) Unnamed Creek, Lake Henry, (T.123, R.33, S.11, 14): 7;
- (215) Unnamed Creek, Miltona, (T.129, R.36, S.6; T.130, R.36, S.30, 31): 7;
- (216) Unnamed Ditch, Braham, (T.37, R.23, S.2, 3): 7;
- (217) Unnamed Ditch, Ramey, Ramey Farmers Coop Cry., (T.38, R.28, S.4, 5; T.39, R.28, S.29, 30, 32; T.39, R.29, S.25, 26, 27, 28): 7;
- (218) Unnamed Ditch, McGregor, (T.48, R.23, S.31, 32): 7;
- (219) Unnamed Ditch, Nashwauk, (T.56, R.22, S.4, 5; T.57, R.22, S.32): 7;
- (220) Unnamed Ditch, Taconite, (T.56, R.24, S.22 SW1/4): 7;
- (221) Unnamed Ditch, Glencoe, Green Giant, (T.115, R.28, S.21, 22, 27, 28): 7;
- (222) Unnamed Ditch, Glencoe, Green Giant, (T.115, R.28, S.14, 23): 7;
- (223) Unnamed Ditch, Winsted, Green Giant, (T.117, R.27, S.10, 11): 7;
- (224) Unnamed Ditch, Montrose, Hiller Mobile Home Court, (T.119, R.26, S.34, 35): 7;
- (225) Unnamed Ditch, Kandiyohi, (T.119, R.34, S.10, 15, 21, 22, 28, 29): 7;
- (226) Unnamed Ditch, Rogers, (T.120, R.23, S.15): 7;
- (227) Unnamed Ditch, Belgrade, (T.123, R.34, S.19, 30): 7;
- (228) Unnamed Ditch, Flensburg, (T.129, R.30, S.30; T.129, R.31, S.25): 7;

- (229) Unnamed Ditch, Miliona, (T.130, R.36, S.30; T.130, R.37, S.25, 36): 7;
- (230) Unnamed Stream, Winsted, (T.117, R.27, S.11, 12): 7;
- (231) Unnamed Stream, Flensburg, (T.129, R.30, S.19, 30): 7;
- (232) Vandell Brook (Vondell Brook), (T.37, 38, R.26): 2C;
- (233) Van Sickle Brook, (T.138, R.26, S.14, 15, 23, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (234) Wallingford Brook (Wallingford Creek), (T.139, R.33, S.1, 2, 11; T.140, R.33, S.25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (235) Warba Creek, (T.54, R.23, S.13, 14, 15, 21, 22, 23, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (236) Welcome Creek, (T.56, 57, R.22): 2C;
- (237) Whitley's Creek (Whiteley Creek), (T.45, R.30, S.16, 17, 20, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (238) Whitney Brook, (T.39, R.26, 27): 2C;
- (239) Willow Creek, Otter Tail County, (T.133, R.38, S.2, 11; T.134, R.38, S.26, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (240) Willow Creek, Stearns and Meeker Counties, (T.121, R.29, S.10, 11, 14, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (241) Willow River, North Fork, (T.142, R.25): 2C;
- (242) Willow River, South Fork, (T.142, R.25): 2C;
- (243) Wilson Creek, (T.137, R.30): 2C; and
- (244) Wolf Creek, (T.42, R.30): 2C.

B. Lakes:

- (1) Allen Lake, 18-0208-00, (T.138, R.26W, S.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (2) Bald Eagle Lake, 62-0002-00, (T.30, 31, R.21, 22): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (3) Bee Cee Lake, 31-0443-00, (T.58, R.25W, S.28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (4) Benedict Lake, 29-0048-00, (T.142, R.32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (5) Benjamin Lake, 04-0033-00, (T.148, R.30W, S.7, 18; T.148, R.31W, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (6) Blacksmith Lake, 29-0275-00, (T.142, R.35W, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (7) \*Blue Lake, 01-0181-00, [3/7/88R] (T.46, 47, R.27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (8) \*Blue Lake, 29-0184-00, [3/7/88R] (T.141, R.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (9) \*Bluewater Lake, 31-0395-00, [3/7/88R] (T.57, R.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (10) Cenaiko Lake (Unnamed), 02-0654-00, (T.31, R.24W, S.26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (11) Centerville Lake, 02-0006-00, (T.31, R.22): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (12) Charley Lake, 62-0062-00, (T.30, R.23): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (13) Crappie Lake, 29-0127-00, (T.143, R.33W, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (14) Deep Lake, 62-0018-00, (T.30, R.22): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

- (15) Diamond Lake, 11-0396-00, (T.141, R.30W, S.26, 27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (16) Hazel Lake, 11-0295-00, (T.141, R.29W, S.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (17) Hay Lake, Lower, 18-0378-00, (T.137, R.28, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (18) \*Kabekona Lake, 29-0075-00, [3/7/88R] (T.142, 143, R.32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (19) Kennedy Lake, 31-0137-00, (T.58, R.23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (20) Kremer Lake, 31-0645-00, (T.58, R.26W, S.33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (21) LaSalle Lake, Lower, 29-0309-00, (T.145, R.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (22) Loon (Townline) Lake, 01-0024-00, (T.50, R.22W, S.7; T.50, R.23W, S.12, 13): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (23) Lucky Lake, 31-0603-00, (T.57, R.26W, S.14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (24) Mallen Mine Pit, 18-0740-00, (T.46, R.29W, S.17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (25) Manuel (South Yawkey) Mine Pit, 18-0435-00, (T.46, R.29W, S.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (26) Margaret Lake, 11-0045-00, (T.139, R.26W, S.16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (27) Marion Lake, 11-0046-00, (T.139, R.26W, S.16, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (28) Martin (Huntington, Feigh) Mine Pit, 18-0441-00, (T.46, R.29W, S.9, 10, 16): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (29) Moonshine Lake, Little (Moonshine), 31-0444-00, (T.58, R.25W, S.28, 33): 1B, 2A,  
3B;
- (30) Newman (Putnam) Lake, 29-0237-00, (T.145, R.34W, S.10, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (31) Otter Lake, 02-0003-00, (T.30, 31, R.22): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (32) Pennington (Mahnommen, Alstead, Arco) Mine Pit, 18-0439-00, (T.46, R.29W, S.3,  
9, 10, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (33) Perch Lake, 11-0826-00, (T.139, R.31W, S.33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (34) Pleasant Lake, 62-0046-00, (T.30, R.22, 23): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (35) Pleasant Lake, 18-0278-00, (T.137, R.27W, S.19): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (36) \*Pokegama Lake, 31-0532-01 and 31-0532-02, [3/7/88R] (T.54, 55, R.25, 26): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (37) Portsmouth Mine Pit, 18-0437-00, (T.46, R.29W, S.1, 2, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (38) \*Roosevelt Lake, 11-0043-00, [3/7/88R] (T.138, 139, R.26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (39) Sagamore Mine Pit, 18-0523-00, (T.46, R.29W, S.19; T.46, R.30W, S.24): 1B, 2A,  
3B;
- (40) Section 6 Mine Pit, 18-0667-00, (T.46, R.29W, S.6): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (41) Snoshoe Mine Pit, 18-0524-00, (T.46, R.29W, S.17, 18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (42) Snowshoe (Little Andrus) Lake, 11-0054-00, (T.139, R.26W, S.29, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (43) Strawberry Lake, 18-0363-00, (T.137, R.28W, S.27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (44) Sucker Lake, 62-0028-00, (T.30, R.22): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (45) Taylor Lake, 01-0109-00, (T.52, R.25W, S.16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (46) Teepee Lake, 11-0312-00, (T.141, R.29W, S.30; T.141, R.30W, S.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (47) Tioga Mine Pit, 31-0946-00, (T.55, R.26W, S.26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (48) Trout Lake, 31-0216-00, (T.55, 56, R.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (49) \*Trout Lake, Big, 31-0410-00, [3/7/88R] (T.57, 58, R.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (50) \*Trout Lake, Big, 18-0315-00, [3/7/88R] (T.137, 138, R.27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (51) \*Trout Lake, Little, 31-0394-00, [3/7/88R] (T.57, R.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (52) Unnamed Swamp, Flensburg, (T.129, R.31, S.25): 7;
- (53) Unnamed Slough, Miliona, (T.130, R.37, S.26, 35, 36): 7;
- (54) Unnamed Swamp, Staples, (T.133, R.33, S.1): 7;
- (55) Unnamed Swamp, Taconite, (T.56, R.24, S.22): 7;
- (56) Vadnais Lake, 62-0038-00, (T.30, R.22): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (57) Wabana Lake, 31-0392-00, (T.57, R.25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (58) Watab Lake, Big, 73-0102-00, (T.124, R.30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (59) Wilkinson Lake, 62-0043-00, (T.30, R.22): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (60) Willard Lake, 11-0564-00, (T.139, R.30W, S.15): 1B, 2A, 3B; and
- (61) Yawkey (North Yawkey) Mine Pit, 18-0434-00, (T.46, R.29W, S.1): 1B, 2A, 3B.

C. Calcareous Fens: None currently listed.

D. Scientific and Natural Areas:

- (1) \*Itasca Wilderness Sanctuary, [11/5/84P] Waters within the Itasca Wilderness Sanctuary, Clearwater County, (T.143, R.36): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D;
- (2) \*Iron Springs Bog, [11/5/84P] Waters within the Iron Springs Bog Scientific and Natural Area, Clearwater County, (T.144, R.36): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D;
- (3) \*Pennington Bog, [11/5/84P] Waters within the Pennington Bog Scientific and Natural Area, Beltrami County, (T.146, R.30): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D; and
- (4) \*Wolsfeld Woods, [11/5/84P] Waters within the Wolsfeld Woods Scientific and Natural Area, Hennepin County, (T.118, R.23): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D.

Subp. 5. **Minnesota River Basin.** The water use classifications for the listed waters in the Minnesota River Basin are as identified in items A to D. See parts 7050.0425 and 7050.0430 for the classifications of waters not listed.

A. Streams:

- (1) Altermatts Creek (County Ditch No. 39), Comfrey, (T.108, R.33, S.17, 19, 20, 30; T.108, R.34, S.24, 25, 35, 36): 7;
- (2) Assumption Creek, (T.115, R.23, S.2; T.116, R.23, S.34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (3) Badger Creek, (T.101, 102, R.28): 2C;



- (4) Beaver Creek, East Fork (County Ditch No. 63), Olivia, Olivia Canning Company, (T.115, R.34, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; T.115, R.35, S.1, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26; T.116, R.34, S.16, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35): 7;
- (5) Blue Earth River, East Fork, (Brush Creek to mouth): 2C, 3C;
- (6) Blue Earth River, West Fork, (Iowa border to mouth): 2C, 3C;
- (7) Boiling Spring Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.113, 114, R.37, 38): 2C;
- (8) Boiling Springs Creek (County Ditch No. 1B), Echo, (T.113, R.38, S.5, 8; T.114, R.37, S.19, 30; T.114, R.38, S.25, 26, 27, 32, 33, 34): 7;
- (9) Boot Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.105, 106, R.22, 23): 2C;
- (10) Boot Creek, New Richland, (T.105, R.22, S.6, 7; T.105, R.23, S.12, 13, 24): 7;
- (11) Brafées Creek, (T.116, 117, R.40): 2C;
- (12) Brush Creek, (Iowa border to mouth): 2C, 3C;
- (13) Bull Run Creek, Little, (T.106, R.24, 25): 2C;
- (14) Butterfield Creek, (T.106, 107, R.31, 32, 33): 2C;
- (15) Canby Creek, (T.114, R.45, S.17, 18; T.114, R.46, S.13, 14, 21, 22, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (16) Canby Creek (excluding trout waters), (South Dakota border to mouth): 2C, 3C;
- (17) Cedar Run Creek, (T.103, 104, R.32, 33): 2C;
- (18) Cherry Creek, Cleveland, (T.110, R.25, S.7, 8, 16, 17; T.110, R.26, S.12): 7;
- (19) Chetomba Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.116, 117, R.36, 37, 38): 2C;
- (20) Chetomba Creek, Prinsburg, (T.116, R.36, S.6, 7, 18, 19; T.116, R.37, S.8, 9, 14, 15, 16, 23, 24; T.117, R.36, S.8, 9, 16, 17, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32): 7;
- (21) Chippewa River (see also County Ditch No. 60);
- (22) Cobb Creek, Freeborn, (T.104, R.23, S.7, 8, 17; T.104, R.24, S.11, 12): 7;
- (23) Cobb Creek Ditch, Freeborn, (T.103, R.23, S.2; T.104, R.23, S.14, 15, 16, 23, 26, 35): 7;
- (24) Cobb River (Cobb River, Big), (T.103, 104, 105, 106, 107, R.23, 24, 25, 26, 27): 2C;
- (25) Cobb River, Little (County Ditch No. 8), (T.105, 106, R.23, 24, 25, 26): 2C;
- (26) Cottonwood Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.120, 121, 122, R.41, 42): 2C;
- (27) Cottonwood Creek, (T.119, R.41, S.4; T.120, R.41, S.21, 28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (28) County Ditch No. 1, Echo, (T.113, R.38, S.8, 9): 7;
- (29) County Ditch No. 4, Arco, (T.110, R.44, S.5; T.111, R.44, S.32, 33): 7;
- (30) County Ditch No. 4, Norwood, (T.115, R.25, S.30; T.115, R.26, S.13, 14, 24, 25): 7;
- (31) County Ditch No. 5, Marietta, (T.117, R.45, S.6, 7, 18; T.117, R.46, S.1; T.118, R.46, S.23, 25, 26, 36): 7;

- (32) County Ditch No. 6 (Judicial Ditch No. 11), Janesville, (T.107, R.24, S.4, 8, 9, 17, 18; T.107, R.25, S.13): 7;
- (33) County Ditch No. 7, Lowry, (T.126, R.39, S.25, 26): 7;
- (34) County Ditch No. 8 (see Cobb River, Little);
- (35) County Ditch No. 9 (see Hazel Creek);
- (36) County Ditch No. 12 (County Ditch No. 45), Waseca, (T.107, R.23, S.22, 23): 7;
- (37) County Ditch No. 12 (Rice Creek), Belview, (T.113, R.36, S.7, 8, 18, 19; T.113, R.37, S.15, 21, 22, 23, 24): 7;
- (38) County Ditch No. 14, Tyler, (T.109, R.43, S.18; T.109, R.44, S.2, 3, 11, 13, 14; T.110, R.44, S.33, 34): 7;
- (39) County Ditch No. 15 (see Unnamed Ditch, Madison);
- (40) County Ditch No. 22, Montgomery, Green Giant Company, (T.111, R.23, S.4, 9, 10; T.112, R.23, S.33): 7;
- (41) County Ditch No. 27, Madison, (T.117, R.43, S.3, 4, 5, 6; T.117, R.44, S.1; T.118, R.43, S.34; T.118, R.44, S.35, 36): 7;
- (42) County Ditch No. 28, Marietta, (T.118, R.46, S.22, 23, 26): 7;
- (43) County Ditch No. 38, Storden, (T.107, R.37, S.28, 29): 7;
- (44) County Ditch No. 40A, Lafayette, (T.111, R.29, S.8, 14, 15, 16, 17, 23, 24): 7;
- (45) County Ditch No. 42, Winthrop, (T.112, R.29, S.6, 7): 7;
- (46) County Ditch No. 44, Bricelyn, Owatonna Canning Company, (T.101, R.25, S.7, 8, 16, 17; T.101, R.26, S.1, 12; T.102, R.26, S.36): 7;
- (47) County Ditch No. 45, Renville, Southern Minnesota Beet Sugar Coop, (T.114, R.36, S.5, 6; T.115, R.36, S.7, 8, 9, 10, 17, 18, 19, 29, 30, 32): 7;
- (48) County Ditch No. 45, Branch Lateral 3, Renville, Golden Oval Eggs, (T.115, R.36, S.4, 5, 8): 7;
- (49) County Ditch No. 46, Willmar, (T.119, R.35, S.19, 20, 29): 7;
- (50) County Ditch No. 51, Le Center, (T.110, R.24, S.5, 6; T.111, R.24, S.31, 32; T.111, R.25, S.26, 35, 36): 7;
- (51) County Ditch No. 54, Montgomery, (T.112, R.23, S.26, 33, 34, 35): 7;
- (52) County Ditch No. 55 (see Rush River, North Branch);
- (53) County Ditch No. 60 (Chippewa River), Millerville, Millerville Coop Cry., (T.130, R.39, S.14, 22, 23, 27, 28, 32, 33): 7;
- (54) County Ditch No. 61, Kerkhoven, (T.120, R.37, S.21, 22): 7;
- (55) County Ditch No. 63, Hanska, (T.108, R.30, S.11, 12, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 27, 28): 7;
- (56) County Ditch No. 66, Bird Island, (T.115, R.34, S.15, 16, 17, 18, 22, 23): 7;

- (57) County Ditch No. 87, Wells, (T.103, R.24, S.6; T.104, R.24, S.31; T.104, R.25, S.36): 7;
- (58) County Ditch No. 104, Sacred Heart, (T.114, R.38, S.1, 2; T.115, R.37, S.7, 18; T.115, R.38, S.13, 24, 25, 26, 35, 36): 7;
- (59) County Ditch No. 109, Morgan, (T.111, R.34, S.4, 5, 8, 17; T.112, R.34, S.22, 23, 27, 28, 33): 7;
- (60) Crow Creek, (T.112, R.35): 2C;
- (61) Dry Creek, (T.108, 109, R.36): 2C;
- (62) Dry Weather Creek, (T.117, 118, R.39, 40, 41): 2C;
- (63) Dry Wood Creek, (T.122, 123, R.42, 43): 2C;
- (64) Eagle Creek, East Branch, (T.115, R.21, S.18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (65) Eagle Creek, Main Branch, (T.115, R.21, S.7, 18; T.115, R.22, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (66) Echo Creek, (T.114, R.37): 2C;
- (67) Eight Mile Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 7 or Eightmile Creek), (T.111, 112, 113, R.31): 2C;
- (68) Elm Creek, North Fork, (T.104, R.34): 2C;
- (69) Elm Creek, South Fork, (T.103, R.34): 2C;
- (70) Emily Creek, (T.118, 119, R.43): 2C;
- (71) Fish Creek, (T.123, 124, R.47, 48, 49): 2C;
- (72) Five Mile Creek, (T.120, R.44): 2C;
- (73) Florida Creek, (South Dakota border to mouth): 2C, 3C;
- (74) Foster Creek (County Ditch No. 1) (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.102, 103, R.24): 2C;
- (75) Foster Creek (County Ditch No. 1), Alden, (T.102, R.23, S.4, 5; T.103, R.23, S.31, 32; T.103, R.24, S.25, 36): 7;
- (76) Hassel Creek, (T.122, 123, R.38, 39): 2C;
- (77) Hawk Creek (County Ditch No. 10), Willmar/Pennock, (T.118, R.36, S.2, 3, 8, 10, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19; T.118, R.37, S.5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 23, 24, 30, 31; T.119, R.35, S.19; T.119, R.36, S.24, 25, 26, 35): 7;
- (78) Hazel Creek (County Ditch No. 9), (T.115, R.39, 40, 41, 42): 2C;
- (79) High Island Ditch No. 5, Arlington, (T.113, R.27, S.16, 17, 21, 22, 27): 7;
- (80) Hindeman Creek (Spring Creek), (T.111, R.32, S.19, 20; T.111, R.33, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (81) Iosco Creek, (T.108, R.23): 2C;
- (82) John's Creek, (T.110, R.32, S.1; T.111, R.31, S.31; T.111, R.32, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (83) Judicial Ditch No. 1, Delavan, (T.104, R.27, S.23, 25, 26, 36): 7;

- (84) Judicial Ditch No. 1A, Lafayette, (T.111, R.27, S.5, 6, 7; T.111, R.28, S.10, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19; T.111, R.29, S.24): 7;
- (85) Judicial Ditch No. 4, Dawson, Lac qui Parle Oil Coop, (T.117, R.43, S.7, 17, 18, 20, 21 NW1/4; T.117, R.44, S.12): 7;
- (86) Judicial Ditch No. 5, Murdock, (T.120, R.38, S.4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11; T.120, R.39, S.1, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12): 7;
- (87) Judicial Ditch No. 6, Hanska, (T.107, R.30, S.4; T.108, R.30, S.28, 33): 7;
- (88) Judicial Ditch No. 7 (see Eight Mile Creek);
- (89) Judicial Ditch No. 10, (see Wood Lake Creek);
- (90) Judicial Ditch No. 10 (Morgan Creek), Hanska, (T.108, R.30, S.1; T.109, R.30, S.35 SE1/4, 36 SW1/4): 7;
- (91) Judicial Ditch No. 12, Tyler, (T.109, R.43, S.9, 15, 16, 17, 18): 7;
- (92) Judicial Ditch No. 29, Arco, (T.111, R.44, S.21, 28, 33): 7;
- (93) Judicial Ditch No. 29 (Spring Creek), Evan, (T.110, R.33, S.6; T.111, R.33, S.21, 22, 28, 31, 32, 33): 7;
- (94) Judicial Ditch No. 29, Branch Lateral, Evan, (T.110, R.33, S.6, 7, 18): 7;
- (95) Judicial Ditch No. 30, Sleepy Eye, Del Monte Corporation, (T.109, R.32, S.4, 5, 6; T.110, R.32, S.31): 7;
- (96) Judicial Ditch No. 49 (Providence Creek), Amboy, (T.105, R.27, S.18, 19; T.105, R.28, S.13): 7;
- (97) Kennaley's Creek, (T.27, R.23, S.18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (98) Lac qui Parle River, (Lake Hendricks outlet to Minnesota River): 2C, 3C;
- (99) Lac qui Parle River, West Fork, (South Dakota border to mouth): 2C, 3C;
- (100) Lateral Ditch C of County Ditch No. 55, Gaylord, (T.112, R.28, S.2, 3; T.113, R.28, S.32, 33, 34): 7;
- (101) Lazarus Creek, (South Dakota border to Canby Creek): 2C, 3C;
- (102) Lazarus Creek (Canby Creek), (T.115, R.45, S.14 to mouth): 2B, 3C;
- (103) Le Sueur River, Little, (T.106, R.22): 2C;
- (104) Lone Tree Creek, Tracy, (T.109, R.39, S.2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9; T.110, R.38, S.19, 20, 30; T.110, R.39, S.25, 34, 35, 36): 7;
- (105) Long Lake Creek, (T.132, R.41, S.9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (106) Middle Creek (County Ditch No. 92), (T.113, 114, R.36): 2C;
- (107) Mink Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 60), (T.104, R.30, 31): 2C;
- (108) Minneopa Creek, Lake Crystal, (T.108, R.28, S.26, 27, 32, 33, 34): 7;
- (109) Minnesota River, (Big Stone Lake outlet to the Lac qui Parle dam): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

- (110) \*Minnesota River, [11/5/84R] (Lac qui Parle dam to the dam in Granite Falls S.34, T.116, R.39): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (111) \*Minnesota River, [11/5/84R] (from the dam in Granite Falls S.34, T.116, R.39 to Redwood County State-Aid Highway 11 bridge): 2B, 3C;
- (112) Minnesota River, (River Mile 22 to mouth): 2C, 3C;
- (113) Minnesota River, Little, (South Dakota border crossing to Big Stone Lake): 2C, 3C;
- (114) Morgan Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 10) (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.109, R.29, 30): 2C;
- (115) Mud Creek, (T.114, R.43, 44, 45): 2C;
- (116) Mud Creek, (T.123, R.36, S.28, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (117) Mud Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 19), DeGraff/Murdock, (T.121, R.37, S.31; T.121, R.38, S.18, 19, 20, 28, 29, 33, 34, 35, 36; T.121, R.39, S.11, 12, 13): 7;
- (118) Muddy Creek (Mud Creek) (County Ditch No. 2) (County Ditch No. 4), Chokio, (T.124, R.42, S.6, 7, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 23; T.124, R.43, S.1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8; T.124, R.44, S.1, 2, 3, 12; T.125, R.43, S.34, 35, 36): 7;
- (119) Palmer Creek (County Ditch No. 68), (T.116, 117, 118, R.39): 2C;
- (120) Paul's Creek, (T.110, R.26, S.14, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (121) Pelican Creek, (T.130, R.41, 42): 2C;
- (122) Pell Creek, Walnut Grove, (T.109, R.38, S.25, 26, 27, 28): 7;
- (123) Perch Creek, (T.104, 105, 106, R.29, 30): 2C;
- (124) Ramsey Creek, (T.112, R.36, S.1; T.113, R.36, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (125) Redwood River, (T.110, R.42, S.5, 8, 17; T.111, R.42, S.32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (126) Rice Creek, See County Ditch No. 12;
- (127) Rush River, Middle Branch (County Ditch No. 23, County Ditch No. 42B, or County Ditch No. 54), Winthrop, (T.112, R.27, S.16, 19, 20, 21, 30; T.112, R.28, S.18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27; T.112, R.29, S.7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18): 7;
- (128) Rush River, North Branch, (County Ditch No. 55), Gaylord (T.112, R.27, S.7, 8, 17; T.112, R.28, S.1, 2, 12): 7;
- (129) Saint James Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.105, 106, R.31, 32, 33): 2C;
- (130) Saint James Creek, Saint James, (T.106, R.31, S.5, 7, 8, 18; T.107, R.31, S.21, 22, 28, 32, 33): 7;
- (131) Seven Mile Creek, (T.109, R.27, S.2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (132) Shakopee Creek, (T.119, 120, R.36, 37, 38, 39, 40): 2C;
- (133) Silver Creek (County Ditch No. 3), (T.108, R.23, 24): 2C;
- (134) Smith Creek, (T.113, R.35, 36): 2C;
- (135) South Creek, (T.102, 103, R.28, 29, 30): 2C, 3C;

- (136) Spring Branch Creek, (T.106, R.29, 30): 2C;
- (137) Spring Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 29) (excluding trout waters) (see also Hindeman Creek and Judicial Ditch No. 29), (T.110, 111, R.33, 34): 2C;
- (138) Spring Creek (County Ditch No. 10A), (T.117, 118, R.39, 40): 2C;
- (139) Stony Run, (T.121, 122, R.45, 46): 2C;
- (140) Stony Run Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 21), (T.116, R.40): 2C;
- (141) Three Mile Creek (Threemile Creek), (T.112, R.33): 2C;
- (142) Timms Creek (County Ditch No. 35A), (T.114, 115, R.36): 2C;
- (143) Unnamed #1, (T.27, R.23, S.18; T.27, R.24, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (144) Unnamed #4, (T.27, R.24, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (145) Unnamed #7, (T.27, R.24, S.26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (146) Unnamed Creek, (T.108, R.28, S.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (147) Unnamed Creek, (T.108, R.28, S.5): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (148) Unnamed Creek, (T.110, R.26, S.10, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (149) Unnamed Creek, (T.108, R.28, S.6; T.109, R.29, S.25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (150) Unnamed Creek, Green Isle, (T.114, R.26, S.2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 17): 7;
- (151) Unnamed Creek, Lake Town Township, (T.115, R.24, S.3, 10, 11; T.116, R.24, S.27, 34): 7;
- (152) Unnamed Creek, Pennock, (T.118, R.37, S.2, 3, 4, 5; T.119, R.36, S.4, 5, 6, 7, 18, 19; T.119, R.37, S.24, 25, 26, 35): 7;
- (153) Unnamed Creek, Murdock, (T.120, R.38, S.1, 2; T.121, R.38, S.35): 7;
- (154) Unnamed Ditch, Burnsville Freeway Sanitary Landfill, (T.27, R.24, S.28, 33): 7;
- (155) Unnamed Ditch, Bricelyn, Owatonna Canning Company, (T.101, R.25, S.10): 7;
- (156) Unnamed Ditch, Truman, (T.104, R.30, S.2, 11; T.105, R.30, S.25, 26, 35): 7;
- (157) Unnamed Ditch (County Ditch No. 47), New Richland, (T.105, R.22, S.17, 18, 19; T.105, R.23, S.24): 7;
- (158) Unnamed Ditch, Lewisville, (T.105, R.30, S.3; T.106, R.30, S.14, 23, 26, 34, 35): 7;
- (159) Unnamed Ditch, Waldorf, (T.106, R.24, S.34): 7;
- (160) Unnamed Ditch (County Ditch No. 45), Waseca, (T.107, R.23, S.14, 23): 7;
- (161) Unnamed Ditch, Jeffers, (T.107, R.36, S.21): 7;
- (162) Unnamed Ditch, Storden, (T.107, R.37, S.19, 30): 7;
- (163) Unnamed Ditch, Eagle Lake, (T.108, R.25, S.18, 19; T.108, R.26, S.13): 7;
- (164) Unnamed Ditch, Walnut Grove, (T.109, R.38, S.28): 7;
- (165) Unnamed Ditch, Tracy, (T.109, R.39, S. 7, 18; T.109, R.40, S.13): 7;

- (166) Unnamed Ditch, Wabasso, (T.110, R.36, S.3; T.111, R.36, S.18, 19, 20, 28, 29, 33, 34; T.111, R.37, S.13): 7;
- (167) Unnamed Ditch, Lafayette, (T.111, R.29, S.6, 7, 8; T.111, R.30, S.12): 7;
- (168) Unnamed Ditch, Wabasso, (T.111, R.37, S.13, 24): 7;
- (169) Unnamed Ditch, Montgomery, (T.112, R.23, S.33): 7;
- (170) Unnamed Ditch, Winthrop, (T.112, R.29, S.4, 5, 6): 7;
- (171) Unnamed Ditch, Arlington, (T.113, R.27, S.21): 7;
- (172) Unnamed Ditch, Near Fernando, Round Grove Coop Cry., (T.113, R.30, S.5; T.114, R.29, S.19, 20, 30; T.114, R.30, S.25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32): 7;
- (173) Unnamed Ditch, Green Isle, (T.114, R.26, S. 19; T.114, R.27, S.11, 12, 13, 14, 24): 7;
- (174) Unnamed Ditch, New Auburn, (T.114, R.28, S.20): 7;
- (175) Unnamed Ditch, Porter, (T.114, R.44, S.21, 28): 7;
- (176) Unnamed Ditch, Bongards, Bongards Creameries, (T.115, R.25, S.9, 16): 7;
- (177) Unnamed Ditch, Clarkfield, (T.115, R.41, S.16): 7;
- (178) Unnamed Ditch, Clarkfield, (T.115, R.41, S.16, 21): 7;
- (179) Unnamed Ditch (County Ditch No. 15), Madison, (T.118, R.44, S.27, 28, 34, 35): 7;
- (180) Unnamed Ditch, Pennock, (T.119, R.36, S.2, 3, 4, 9, 10): 7;
- (181) Unnamed Ditch, DeGraff, (T.121, R.38, S.19, 29, 30): 7;
- (182) Unnamed Ditch, Hancock, (T.122, R.40, S.6; T.122, R.41, S.1, 12; T.123, R.40, S.18, 19, 30, 31; T.123, R.41, S.11, 12): 7;
- (183) Unnamed Ditch, Alberta, (T.124, R.43, S.3, 4): 7;
- (184) Unnamed Ditch, Farwell, Farwell Coop Cry. Assn., (T.126, R.39, S.6): 7;
- (185) Unnamed Ditch, Lowry, (T.126, R.39, S.26, 35): 7;
- (186) Unnamed Ditch, Brandon, (T.129, R.39, S.21, 22): 7;
- (187) Unnamed Ditch, Evansville, (T.129, R.40, S.10, 11): 7;
- (188) Unnamed Dry Run, Near Minneopa, Blue Earth - Nicollet Electric, (T.108, R.27, S.16): 7;
- (189) Unnamed Dry Run, Mankato, Southview Heights Coop Association, (T.108, R.26, S.19, 30; T.108, R.27, S.24): 7;
- (190) Unnamed Stream, Mankato, Midwest Electric Products, (T.109, R.26, S.20, 21, 28): 7;
- (191) Unnamed Stream, Savage, (T.115, R.21, S.8, 9): 7;
- (192) Wabasha Creek, (T.112, R.34): 2C;
- (193) Whetstone River, (South Dakota border to mouth): 2C, 3C;

(194) Old Whetstone River Channel, Ortonville, Big Stone Canning Company, (T.121, R.46, S.16, 21): 7;

(195) Willow Creek, (T.104, 105, R.31, 32): 2C;

(196) Wood Lake Creek, (Judicial Ditch No. 10), (T.113, 114, 115, R.38, 39): 2C;

(197) Yellow Bank River, North Fork, (South Dakota border to mouth): 2C, 3C;

(198) Yellow Bank River, South Fork, (South Dakota border to mouth): 2C, 3C; and

(199) Yellow Medicine River, North Fork, (South Dakota border to mouth): 2C, 3C.

B. Lakes:

(1) Amber Lake, 46-0034-00, (T.102, R.30): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

(2) Bardwell Lake, 46-0023-00, (T.102, R.30): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

(3) Budd Lake, 46-0030-00, (T.102, R.30): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

(4) Courthouse Lake, 10-0005-00, (T.115, R.23W, S.9): 1B, 2A, 3B;

(5) George Lake, 46-0024-00, (T.102, R.30): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

(6) Hall Lake, 46-0031-00, (T.102, R.30): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

(7) Mud Lake, 46-0035-00, (T.102, R.30): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

(8) One Hundred Acre Slough, Saint James, (T.106, R.31, S.7): 7;

(9) Silver Lake, North, 46-0016-00, (T.101, R.30): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

(10) Sisseton Lake, 46-0025-00, (T.102, R.30): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;

(11) Unnamed Marsh, Barry, (T.124, R.47, S.8): 7;

(12) Unnamed Slough, Kensington, (T.127, R.40, S.34): 7;

(13) Unnamed Slough, Brandon, (T.129, R.39, S.21, 22): 7;

(14) Unnamed Swamp, Minnesota Lake, (T.104, R.25, S.3, 4): 7;

(15) Unnamed Swamp (Skauby Lake), 17-0035-00, Storden, (T.107, R.37, S.30): 7;

(16) Unnamed Swamp, Sunburg, Sunburg Coop Cry., (T.122, R.36, S.30): 7;

(17) Unnamed Swamp, Lowry, (T.126, R.39, S.35, 36): 7; and

(18) Wilmert Lake, 46-0014-00, (T.101, R.30): 1C, 2Bd, 3C.

C. Calcareous Fens:

(1) \*Blackdog Preserve fen, 63, Dakota [3/7/88R] (T.27, R.24, S.27, 34): 2D;

(2) \*Blue Mounds fen, 1, Pope [4/18/94R] (T.124, R.39, S.14, 15): 2D;

(3) \*Fort Ridgely fen, 21, Nicollet [3/7/88R] (T.111, R.32, S.6): 2D;

(4) \*Fort Snelling State Park fen, 25, Dakota [3/7/88R] (T.27, R.23, S.4): 2D;

(5) \*Lake Johanna fen, 4, Pope [4/18/94R] (T.123, R.36, S.29): 2D;

(6) \*Le Sueur fen, 32, Nicollet [3/7/88R] (T.111, R.26, S.16): 2D;

(7) \*Nicols Meadow fen, 24, Dakota [3/7/88R] (T.27, R.23, S.18): 2D;



- (8) \*Ordway Prairie fen, 35, Pope [3/7/88R] (T.123, R.36, S.30): 2D;
- (9) \*Ottawa Bluffs fen, 56, Le Sueur [4/18/94R] (T.110, R.26, S.3): 2D;
- (10) \*Ottawa WMA fen, 7, Le Sueur [3/7/88R] (T.110, R.26, S.11): 2D;
- (11) \*Ottawa WMA fen, 60, Le Sueur, [3/7/88R] (T.110, R.26, S.14): 2D;
- (12) \*Perch Creek WMA fen, 33, Martin [3/7/88R] (T.104, R.30, S.7): 2D;
- (13) \*Savage fen, 22, Scott [3/7/88R] (T.115, R.21, S.17): 2D;
- (14) \*Savage fen, 66, Scott [3/7/88R] (T.115, R.21, S.16, 17): 2D;
- (15) \*Savage fen, 67, Scott [3/7/88R] (T.115, R.21, S.17): 2D;
- (16) \*Seminary fen, 75, Carver [4/18/94R] (T.116, R.23, S.35): 2D;
- (17) \*Sioux Nation WMA NHR fen, 29, Yellow Medicine [3/7/88R] (T.114, R.46, S.17): 2D;
- (18) \*Swedes Forest fen, 8, Redwood [4/18/94R] (T.114, R.37, S.19, 20): 2D;
- (19) \*Swedes Forest fen, 9, Redwood [4/18/94R] (T.114, R.37, S.22, 27): 2D; and
- (20) \*Yellow Medicine fen, 30, Yellow Medicine [4/18/94R] (T.115, R.46, S.18): 2D.

2D;

D. Scientific and Natural Areas: \*Blackdog Preserve, [3/7/88P] Waters within the Blackdog Preserve Scientific and Natural Area, Dakota County (T.27, R.24, S.27, 34): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D.

Subp. 6. **Saint Croix River Basin.** The water use for the listed waters in the Saint Croix River Basin are as identified in items A to D. See parts 7050.0425 and 7050.0430 for the classifications of waters not listed.

A. Streams:

- (1) Bang's Brook, (T.41, R.17, S.15, 20, 21, 22, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (2) Barnes Spring, (T.41, R.18, S.1, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (3) Bear Creek, (T.43, R.23, 24): 2C;
- (4) Beaver Creek, (T.35, R.20, S.7, 8, 17; T.35, R.21, S.3, 4, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15; T.36, R.21, S.33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (5) Bergman Brook, (T.42, 43, R.23, 24): 2C;
- (6) Bjork Creek, (T.42, R.16, S.2, 9, 10, 11): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (7) Brown's Creek, (T.30, R.20, S.18, 19, 20, 21; T.30, R.21, S.12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (8) Cons Creek, (T.41, R.17, S.15, 16, 22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (9) Crooked Creek (East Fork Crooked Creek), (T.41, R.17, S.6, 7, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30; T.41, R.18, S.11, 12, 13; T.42, R.17, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (10) Crooked Creek, West Fork, (T.41, R.18, S.11, 12; T.42, R.18, S.3, 4, 9, 10, 16; T.43, R.18, S.27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (11) Crystal Creek, (T.41, R.16, S.9, 10, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (12) Grindstone River, (T.42, R.21, S.20, 21, 28, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (13) Groundhouse River, West Fork, (T.39, 40, R.26): 2C;
- (14) Hay Creek, (T.40, R.18, S.6, 7, 8, 18, 19; T.41, R.18, S.10, 15, 20, 21, 22, 29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (15) Hay Creek, (T.42, 43, 44, R.15, 16): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (16) Hay Creek, Little, (T.40, R.18, S.8, 9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (17) \*Kettle River, [11/5/84R] (From the north Pine County line to the site of the former dam at Sandstone, at quarter section line between the NW 1/4 and SW 1/4, S.22, T.42, R.20): 2B, 3C;
- (18) \*Kettle River, [11/5/84P] (From the site of the former dam at Sandstone, at quarter section line between the NW 1/4 and SW 1/4, S.22, T.42, R.20 to its confluence with the Saint Croix River): 2B, 3B;
- (19) King Creek, (T.47, R.18, S.18, 19; T.47, R.19, S.1, 12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (20) Larson Creek, (T.44, R.17, S.5; T.45, R.17, S.29, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (21) Lawrence Creek, (T.33, R.19, S.2, 3, 10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (22) Lost Creek, (T.40, R.19, S.9, 10, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (23) McCullen Creek (Albrechts Creek or Meekers Creek), (T.42, R.16, S.28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (24) Mission Creek, (T.40, R.21, S.1, 2; T.41, R.20, S.31; T.41, R.21, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (25) Mission Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.39, 40, 41, R.20, 21): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (26) Moosehorn River (Moose River), (T.48, R.18, S.3, 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 23, 26, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (27) Old Mill Stream, (T.31, R.19, S.6; T.31, R.20, S.1; T.32, R.20, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (28) Pelkey Creek, (T.41, R.20, S.33, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (29) Rock Creek, (T.37, 38, R.20, 21): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (30) Rush Creek, (T.37, R.20, 21): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (31) \*Saint Croix River, [11/5/84R] (Wisconsin border crossing to Taylors Falls): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (32) \*Saint Croix River, [11/5/84R] (Taylors Falls to mouth): 1C, 2Bd, 3C;
- (33) Sand River (Sand Creek), (T.43, R.18, S.4, 5, 7, 8, 18, 19; T.43, R.19, S.24; T.44, R.18, S.33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (34) Spring Brook (Spring Creek), (T.41, R.20, S.16, 17, 18, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (35) Sunrise River, West Branch (County Ditch No. 13), (T.34, R.21, 22): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (36) Tamarack River, Lower, (Hay Creek to mouth): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (37) Tamarack River, Upper (Spruce River), (T.41, 42, R.15, 16): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (38) Unnamed Creek, (T.33, R.19, S.16, 21, 22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (39) Unnamed Creek, (T.33, R.19, S.31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (40) Unnamed Creek, (T.43, R.18, S.2, 3; T.44, R.18, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (41) Unnamed Ditch, Chisago City, (T.34, R.20, S.19, 29, 30, 32): 7;
- (42) Unnamed Ditch, Almelund, Almelund Coop Cry., (T.35, R.20, S.25): 7;
- (43) Unnamed Ditch, Moose Lake, (T.46, R.19, S.30): 7;
- (44) Unnamed Dry Run, Wahkon, (T.41, R.25, S.3; T.42, R.25, S.29, 32, 33, 34): 7;
- (45) Unnamed Stream (Falls Creek), (T.32, R.19, S.6, 7; T.32, R.20, S.1, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (46) Unnamed Stream (Gilbertson), (T.32, R.19, S.19): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (47) Unnamed Stream, Shafer, (T.34, R.19, S.32, 33, 34): 7;
- (48) Unnamed Stream (Willow Brook), (T.31, R.19, S.19): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (49) Valley Creek (Valley Branch), (T.28, R.20, S.9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (50) Wilbur Brook, (T.41, R.17, S.29, 30; T.41, R.18, S.23, 25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B; and
- (51) Wolf Creek, (T.42, R.18, S.4, 9, 16; T.43, R.18, S.32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B.

B. Lakes:

- (1) \*Grindstone Lake, 58-0123-00, [3/7/88R] (T.42, R.21): 1B, 2A, 3B; and
- (2) Unnamed Swamp, Shafer, (T.34, R.19, S.31, 32): 7.

C. Calcareous Fens: None currently listed.

D. Scientific and Natural Areas:

- (1) \*Boot Lake, [11/5/84P] Waters within the Boot Lake Scientific and Natural Area, Anoka County, (T.33, R.22): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D;
- (2) \*Falls Creek, [4/18/94P] (trout designated waters within Washington County), (T.32, R.19, S.7; T.32, R.20, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (3) \*Falls Creek, [4/18/94P] Waters within the Falls Creek Scientific and Natural Area, Washington County, (T.32, R.19, S.7; T.32, R.20, S.12): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D; and
- (4) \*Kettle River, [11/5/84P] Waters within the Kettle River Scientific and Natural Area, Pine County, (T.41, R.20): 2B, 3B.

Subp. 7. **Lower Mississippi River Basin (from the confluence with the St. Croix River to the Iowa border).** The water use classifications for the listed waters in the Lower Mississippi River Basin from the confluence with the St. Croix River to the Iowa border are as identified in items A to D. See parts 7050.0425 and 7050.0430 for the classifications of waters not listed.

A. Streams:

- (1) Ahrensfield Creek, (T.105, R.8, S.8, 9, 16, 17, 19, 20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (2) Albany Creek, West (excluding trout waters), (T.110, 111, R.12, 13): 2C;
- (3) Albany Creek, West, (T.110, R.12, S.28, 29, 30; T.110, R.13, S.23, 24, 25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (4) Badger Creek, (T.103, R.6, S.9, 16, 21, 22, 27, 28, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (5) Ballpark Creek, (T.102, R.4, S.19, 30; T.102, R.5, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (6) Bear Creek, (T.107, R.9, S.13, 14, 15, 16, 22): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (7) Bear Creek, North, Spring Grove (T.101, R.7, S.26, 27, 35): 7;
- (8) Bear Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.107, R.9, S.17, 20): 2C;
- (9) Bear Creek (North Bear Creek) (excluding Class 7 segment), (source to Iowa border):  
2C;
- (10) Beaver Creek, (T.102, R.6, S.5; T.103, R.6, S.18, 19, 29, 30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (11) Beaver Creek, East, (T.102, R.6, S.5, 6, 8, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (12) Beaver Creek, West, (T.102, R.6, S.5, 6, 7, 18, 19, 30; T.102, R.7, S.12, 13, 24, 25,  
26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (13) Beaver Creek, (T.108, R.10, S.15, 16, 19, 20, 21; T.108, R.11, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (14) Beaver Creek, (T.101, 102, R.13, 14): 2C, 3C;
- (15) Bee Creek, (T.101, R.6, S.29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (16) Big Springs Creek, (T.104, R.9, S.21, 22, 26, 27): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (17) Borson Spring, (T.105, R.8, R.29, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (18) Brush Valley Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.104, R.5): 2C;
- (19) Brush Valley Creek, (T.104, R.5, S.23, 24, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (20) Bullard Creek, (T.112, R.14, S.1, 2, 3, 10; T.113, R.14, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (21) Burns Valley Creek, East Branch, (T.106, R.7, S.3, 10, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (22) Burns Valley Creek, West Branch, (T.106, R.7, S.3, 4, 9, 16; T.107, R.7, S.34): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (23) Burns Valley Creek, Main Branch, (T.106, R.7, S.2; T.107, R.7, S.35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (24) Butterfield Creek, (T.103, R.4, S.6, 7, 8, 18): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (25) Camp Creek, (T.101, R.10, S.5, 8, 9; T.102, R.10, S.5, 8, 16, 17, 20, 29, 32): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (26) Camp Hayward Creek, (T.104, R.8, S.31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (27) Campbell Creek, (T.104, R.6, S.5, 7, 8, 18; T.105, R.6, S.21, 28, 29, 32): 1B, 2A,  
3B;
- (28) Canfield Creek (see South Branch Creek);
- (29) \*Cannon River, [11/5/84R] (from the northern city limits of Faribault at the common  
border of the SE1/4 and the NE1/4 of S.19, T.110, R.20 to its confluence with the Mississippi River): 2B,  
3C;
- (30) Cannon River, Little, (T.110, R.18, S.1, 10, 11, 12, 15; T.111, R.18, S.13, 24, 25,  
36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (31) Carters Creek (Curtis Creek), Wykoff, (T.103, R.12, S.4, 9, 15, 16, 22): 7;
- (32) Cedar Valley Creek (Cedar Creek), (T.105, R.6, S.6; T.106, R.6, S.1, 11, 12, 14, 15,  
21, 22, 28, 29, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (33) Chickentown Creek (M-9-10-10-2), (T.102, R.8, S.32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (34) Chub Creek, North Branch, (T.112, 113, R.19): 2C;
- (35) Clear Creek, (T.111, R.14, S.3, 10, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (36) Clear Creek, (T.102, R.4): 2C;
- (37) Cold Creek (Cold Spring Brook) (excluding trout waters), (T.110, 111, R.14): 2C;
- (38) Cold Spring Brook (Cold Creek), (T.110, R.13, S.30, 31; T.110, R.14, S.25, 36): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (39) Coolridge Creek, (T.105, R.9, S.23, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (40) Corey Creek, (T.105, R.6, S.18, 19; T.105, R.7, S.24, 25, 26, 27, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (41) County Ditch No. 15, Kilkenny, (T.110, R.23, S.22, 23): 7;
- (42) Crane Creek, (T.107, 108, R.20, 21, 22): 2C;
- (43) Crooked Creek, Main Branch, (T.102, R.4, S.18, 19, 20, 28, 29, 30; T.102, R.5, S.25,  
26, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (44) Crooked Creek, North Fork, (T.102, R.5, S.17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (45) Crooked Creek, South Fork, (T.102, R.5, S.26, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (46) Crystal Creek, (T.102, R.11, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (47) Crystal Creek, (T.103, R.5, S.6, 7, 18, 19; T.103, R.6, S.1, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (48) Dakota Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.105, R.5): 2C;
- (49) Dakota Creek, (T.105, R.4, S.7; T.105, R.5, S.1, 2, 3, 11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (50) Daley Creek, (T.103, R.7, S.4, 5, 8; T.104, R.7, S.33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (51) Diamond Creek, (T.103, R.8, S.18, 19; T.103, R.9, S.10, 11, 13, 14, 24): 1B, 2A,  
3B;
- (52) Dry Creek, (T.108, R.12, 13): 2C;
- (53) Duschee Creek, (T.102, R.10, S.1; T.103, R.10, S.23, 24, 25, 26, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (54) Dutch Creek, (T.112, R.20, 21): 2C;
- (55) Eitzen Creek, (T.101, R.5, S.22, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (56) Etna Creek, (T.102, R.13, S.25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (57) Ferguson Creek, (T.105, R.8, S.18; T.105, R.9, S.12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (58) Ferndale Creek, (T.104, R.7, S.29, 30, 31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (59) Forestville Creek (see North Branch Creek);
- (60) Frego Creek, (T.101, R.9, S.14, 15, 22, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (61) Garvin Brook, (T.106, R.8, S.4, 5, 8, 17; T.107, R.8, S.10, 11, 14, 15, 23, 26, 27, 33,  
34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (62) Gilbert Creek, (T.111, R.12, S.6; T.111, R.13, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 12; T.112, R.12,  
S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (63) Gilmore Creek, (T.106, R.7, S.6; T.107, R.7, S.20, 29, 30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (64) Girl Scout Camp Creek, (T.103, R.7, S.29, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (65) Gorman Creek, (T.109, R.11, S.1; T.110, R.10, S.29, 30, 31; T.110, R.11, S.36): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (66) Gribben Creek, (T.103, R.9, S.9, 16, 21, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (67) Hallum Creek, (T.103, R.7, S.31; T.103, R.8, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (68) Hamilton Creek, (T.103, R.13, NW 1/4 S.6; T.103, R.14, NE 1/4 S.1): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (69) Hammond Creek, (T.109, R.13, S.28, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (70) Harkcom Creek, (T.108, R.15, 16): 2C;
- (71) Hay Creek, (T.111, R.15, S.4; T.112, R.14, S.19; T.112, R.15, S.1, 12, 13, 23, 24,  
26, 27, 33, 34; T.113, R.15, S.24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (72) Hemmingway Creek (Hemingway Creek), (T.105, R.9, S.26, 28, 33, 34, 35): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (73) Homer Creek, (T.106, 107, R.6): 2C;
- (74) Indian Creek, East, (T.109, R.9, S.19; T.109, R.10, S.21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29,  
31, 32; T.109, R.11, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (75) Indian Creek, West, (T.109, R.11, S.6, 7, 8, 16, 17, 21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (76) Indian Spring Creek, (T.103, R.5): 2C;
- (77) Iowa River, Little, (T.101, 102, R.14): 2C;
- (78) Jordan Creek, Little (Carson Creek), (T.104, R.12, S.21, 22, 26, 27, 28): 1B, 2A,  
3B;
- (79) Judicial Ditch No. 1, Hayfield, (T.105, R.17, S.4, 5; T.106, R.17, S.31, 32; T.106,  
R.18, S.25, 26, 27, 36): 7;
- (80) Kedron Creek, (T.104, R.13, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (81) King Creek, (T.111, R.11, 12): 2C;
- (82) Kinney Creek, (T.105, R.13, S.1, 12, 13; T.106, R.13, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (83) Lanesboro Park Pond, (T.103, R.10, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (84) LeRoy Trout Pond, (T.101, R.14, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (85) Logan Creek (Logan Branch), (T.107, R.11, S.3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (86) Long Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.108, 109, R.12): 2C;
- (87) Long Creek, (T.109, R.12, S.3, 10, 15, 22, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (88) Lost Creek (Bear Creek), (T.104, R.11, S.18; T.104, R.12, S.8, 9, 10, 15, 16): 1B,  
2A, 3B;
- (89) Lynch Creek, (T.104, R.11, S.2, 11, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (90) MacKenzie Creek, (T.108, 109, R.21): 2C;
- (91) Mahoney Creek, (T.103, R.10): 2C;

- (92) Mahoods Creek, (T.103, R.12, S.20): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (93) Maple Creek, (T.102, R.8, S.3, 4; T.103, R.8, S.27, 28, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (94) Mazeppa Creek (Trout Brook), (T.109, R.14, S.4, 5, 9; T.110, R.14, S.19, 29, 30, 32; T.110, R.15, S.24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (95) Middle Creek, (T.109, R.11, S.18; T.109, R.12, S.2, 3, 11, 13, 14): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (96) Mill Creek, (T.104, R.11, S.5, 6; T.105, R.11, S.31; T.105, R.12, S.14, 23, 25, 26, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (97) Miller Creek, (T.111, R.12, S.7, 8, 9, 18; T.111, R.13, S.13, 24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (98) Money Creek, (T.105, R.7, S.3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 16, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (99) Mound Prairie Creek, (T.104, R.5): 2C;
- (100) Mud Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 6), (T.108, 109, R.20, 21): 2C;
- (101) Nepstad Creek (Shattuck Creek), (T.102, R.8, S.4, 5, 7, 8, 9; T.102, R.9, S.1, 2, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (102) Newburg Creek (M-9-10-10-1), (T.101, R.8, S.5, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (103) New Hartford Creek (see Pine Creek);
- (104) New Yorker Hollow Creek, (T.101, R.5, S.25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (105) North Branch Creek (Forestville Creek), (T.102, R.12, S.13, 14, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (106) Partridge Creek, (T.101, R.10, S.4; T.102, R.10, S.33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (107) Peterson Creek, (T.106, R.8, S.7, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (108) Pickwick Creek (Big Trout Creek), (T.106, R.5, S.7, 18; T.106, R.6, S.13, 23, 24, 26, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (109) Pickwick Creek, Little (Little Trout Creek), (T.106, R.5, S.18, 19, 29, 30, 32; T.106, R.6, S.13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (110) Pine Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.101, R.10): 2C, 3C;
- (111) Pine Creek (New Hartford Creek), (T.105, R.5, S.18, 19, 20, 29, 30, 31, 32; T.105, R.6, S.13, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (112) Pine Creek, Harmony, (T.101, R.9, S.31; T.101, R.10, S.24, 25, 36): 7;
- (113) Pine Creek, South Fork, (T.105, R.5, S.19; T.105, R.6, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (114) Pine Creek, Fillmore and Winona Counties, (T.104, R.9, S.2, 3, 4; T.105, R.9, S.25, 26, 33, 34, 35; T.105, R.8, S.30, 31, 32, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (115) Pine Creek, Dakota County, (excluding trout waters), (T.113, R.18): 2C;
- (116) Pine Creek, Dakota and Goodhue Counties, (T.112, R.17, S.5, 6, 8, 9; T.113, R.17, S.31; T.113, R.18, S.25, 26, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (117) Pleasant Valley Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.106, 107, R.6, 7): 2C;
- (118) Pleasant Valley Creek, (T.106, R.6, S.7, 18, 19; T.106, R.7, S.1, 12, 13, 24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (119) Plum Creek, (T.108, R.15): 2C;
- (120) Prairie Creek, (T.110, 111, 112, R.18, 19, 20): 2C;
- (121) Rice Creek (Sugar Creek), (T.103, R.11, S.3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9; T.104, R.11, S.14, 23, 28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (122) Riceford Creek, (T.101, R.7, S.6, 7, 18, 19; T.101, R.8, S.1, 12, 13, 24; T.102, R.7, S.29, 30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (123) Riceford Creek, Mabel, (T.101, R.8, S.24, 25, 26): 7;
- (124) Rollingstone Creek, (T.107, R.8, S.2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11; T.107, R.9, S.12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (125) Rollingstone Creek, Middle Branch, (T.107, R.8, S.9, 16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (126) Root River, Middle Branch, (T.103, R.12, S.8, 9): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (127) Root River, South Branch, (T.102, R.10, S.5, 6; T.102, R.11, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 18; T.102, R.12, S.13, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27; T.103, R.9, S.7, 18; T.103, R.10, S.13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 28, 29, 32, 33; T.103, R.11, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (128) Root River, South Fork, (T.102, R.8, S.2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 17, 18, 19; T.102, R.9, S.24, 25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (129) Rose Valley Creek, (T.105, R.5, S.22, 27, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (130) Rupprecht Creek (Rollingstone Creek), (T.107, R.9, S.13, 24, 25, 26, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (131) Rush Creek, (T.104, R.8, S.2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 13, 14; T.105, R.8, S.6, 7, 18, 19, 20, 29, 32, 33; T.105, R.9, S.1, 2, 12; T.106, R.9, S.26, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (132) Salem Creek, (T.106, R.15, 16): 2C;
- (133) Schueler Creek, (T.104, R.8, S.1, 2, 3): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (134) Second Creek (Handshaw Coulee), (T.111, R.12, S.15): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (135) Shady Creek, (T.104, R.11, S.19, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (136) Shattuck Creek (See Nepstad Creek);
- (137) Shingle Creek, (T.109, 110, R.17): 2C;
- (138) Silver Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.104, 105, R.6): 2C;
- (139) Silver Creek, (T.104, R.6, S.1, 2, 11, 12, 14; T.105, R.6, S.34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (140) Silver Spring Creek, (T.108, 109, R.13): 2C;
- (141) Snake Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.109, R.10): 2C;
- (142) Snake Creek, (T.109, R.10, S.10, 11, 14, 15, 16): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (143) South Branch Creek (Canfield Creek), (T.102, R.12, S.24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (144) Speltz Creek, (T.107, R.8, S.5, 6; T.108, R.8, S.31; T.108, R.9, S.36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (145) Spring Brook, (T.111, R.20, S.2, 3, 4): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (146) Spring Creek, (T.110, R.12, S.7, 17, 18, 20, 21, 27, 28, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;



- (147) Spring Creek, (T.112, R.15, S.5, 6, 7, 18; T.113, R.15, S.29, 31, 32, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (148) Spring Valley Creek, (T.103, R.12, S.8, 17, 18, 19, 20, 30; T.103, R.13, S.23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (149) Stockton Valley Creek, (T.106, R.8, S.2, 3, 10, 11, 14, 23; T.107, R.8, S.34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (150) Storer Creek, (T.104, R.5, S.17, 18, 19, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (151) Straight Creek, (T.107, R.9, S.2, 11, 12): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (152) Sugar Creek (Sugarloaf Creek), (T.112, R.13): 2C;
- (153) Sullivan Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.103, R.5): 2C;
- (154) Sullivan Creek, (T.103, R.5, S.12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (155) Swede Bottom Creek, (T.103, R.6, S.10): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (156) Thompson Creek (Indian Springs Creek), (T.103, R.4, S.5, 6, 7; T.103, R.5, S.12, 13, 14, 15, 21, 22, 28; T.104, R.4, S.32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (157) Torkelson Creek, (T.104, R.10, S.25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (158) Trout Brook, Wabasha County, (T.110, R.11, S.5, 8): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (159) Trout Brook, Dakota County, (T.112, R.17, S.1; T.113, R.17, S.26, 27, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (160) Trout Brook (Hay Creek Tributary), (T.113, R.15, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (161) Trout Brook (see also Mazeppa Creek);
- (162) Trout Brook (Mazeppa Creek), Goodhue, (T.110, R.15, S.3, 4; T.111, R.15, S.28, 33, 34): 7;
- (163) Trout Creek, Little (see Pickwick Creek, Little);
- (164) Trout Creek, Big (see Pickwick Creek);
- (165) Trout Run Creek (Trout Run), (T.104, R.10, S.4, 5, 8, 9, 16, 17, 20, 21; T.105, R.10, S.18, 19, 30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (166) Trout Run Creek (Trout Run) (excluding trout waters), (T.105, R.10): 2C;
- (167) Trout Run-Whitewater Park, (T.107, R.10, S.29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (168) Trout Valley Creek (Trout Creek), Wabasha and Winona Counties, (T.108, R.9, S.5, 8, 17, 20; T.109, R.9, S.31): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (169) Unnamed Creek, Houston County, (T.101, R.4, S.21): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (170) Unnamed Creek, Spring Grove, (T.101, R.7, S.14, 22, 23, 27): 7;
- (171) Unnamed Creek, Houston County, (T.102, R.4, S.18, 19, 20, 29, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (172) Unnamed Creek, Canton, (T.101, R.9, S.20): 7;
- (173) Unnamed Creek, Byron, (T.107, R.15, S.17, 20, 29): 7;
- (174) Unnamed Creek (Helbig), (T.110, R.11, S.28, 33): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (175) Unnamed Creek (M-9-10-5-3), (T.101, R.7, S.6; T.101, R.8, S.1, 2): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (176) Unnamed Creek (Whitewater Tributary), (T.108, R.10, S.35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (177) Unnamed Creek, (T.105, R.7, S.19, 29, 30; T.105, R.8, S.24): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (178) Unnamed Creek (Miller Valley), (T.106, R.5, S.21, 22, 27, 28): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (179) Unnamed Creek (Deering Valley), (T.108, R.8, S.20, 28, 29): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (180) Unnamed Creek (M-9-10-5-4), (T.101, R.8, S.12, 13): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (181) Unnamed Creek (T.104, R.8, S.19, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (182) Unnamed Creek, Plainview, (T.108, R.11, S.16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 27, 34): 7;
- (183) Unnamed Creek, West Concord, (T.108, R.17, S.17, 20, 21): 7;
- (184) Unnamed Creek, Hayfield, (T.105, R.17, S.3, 4): 7;
- (185) Unnamed Creek (Wells Creek Trib. #9), (T.111, R.14, S.8, 17): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (186) Unnamed Ditch, Claremont, (T.107, R.18, S.27, 34): 7;
- (187) Unnamed Ditch, Owatonna, (T.108, R.20, S.33): 7;
- (188) Unnamed Ditch, Lonsdale, (T.112, R.22, S.25, 35, 36): 7;
- (189) Unnamed Ditch, Hampton, (T.113, R.18, S.5, 6; T.114, R.18, S.31): 7;
- (190) Unnamed Dry Run, Altura, (T.107, R.9, S.7, 18): 7;
- (191) Unnamed Dry Run, Owatonna, Owatonna Canning Company, (T.107, R.20, S.6; T.107, R.21, S.1): 7;
- (192) Unnamed Dry Run, Owatonna, Owatonna Canning Company, (T.107, R.20, S.6; T.107, R.21, S.1): 7;
- (193) Unnamed Stream, Dodge Center, Owatonna Canning Company, (T.107, R.17, S.27, 34): 7;
- (194) Vermillion River, (T.113, R.20, S.1, 2, 3, 4, 9; T.114, R.18, S.19, 20; T.114, R.19, S.21, 22, 23, 24, 28, 29, 30, 31; T.114, R.20, S.33, 34, 35, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (195) Vesta Creek, (T.102, R.8, S.10, 11, 14, 15, 23): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (196) Wapsipinicon River, (T.101, R.15): 2C, 3C;
- (197) Waterloo Creek, (T.101, R.6, 7): 1B, 2Bd, 3C;
- (198) Watson Creek, (T.103, R.10, S.19, 20, 21, 29, 30; T.103, R.11, S.22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (199) West Albany Creek (see Albany Creek, West);
- (200) Whitewater River, Main Branch, (T.107, R.10, S.2, 3, 9, 10; T.108, R.10, S.1, 2, 10, 11, 14, 15, 22, 23, 26, 27, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (201) Whitewater River, South Branch, (T.106, R.9, S.6; T.106, R.10, S.1; T.107, R.9, S.31; T.107, R.10, S.3, 10, 11, 13, 14, 24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (202) Whitewater River, Middle Branch, (T.106, R.11, S.2, 3, 10; T.107, R.10, S.9, 10, 16, 17, 19, 20, 30; T.107, R.11, S.24, 25, 26, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;

- (203) Whitewater River, North Branch (Winona and Wabasha), (T.107, R.10, S.5, 6, 7, 8, 9; T.107, R.11, S.1, 2, 3; T.108, R.11, S.30, 31, 32, 33, 34): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (204) Whitewater River, North Fork, Elgin, (T.108, R.12, S.25, 26, 27): 7;
- (205) Wildcat Creek (excluding trout waters), (T.103, R.4): 2C;
- (206) Wildcat Creek, (T.103, R.4, S.26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (207) Willow Creek, (T.101, R.11, S.1, 12; T.102, R.11, S.1, 12, 13, 24, 25, 36): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (208) Winnebago Creek, (T.101, R.4, S.28, 29, 30; T.101, R.5, S.7, 8, 14, 15, 16, 17, 22, 23, 24, 25; T.101, R.6, S.12): 1B, 2A, 3B; and
- (209) Wisel Creek, (T.101, R.8, S.5, 6, 8; T.102, R.8, S.19, 20, 29, 30, 31, 32): 1B, 2A, 3B.

B. Lakes:

- (1) Unnamed Marsh, Kilkenny, (T.110, R.23, S.22, 23): 7; and
- (2) Unnamed Swamp, Hampton, (T.113, R.18, S.8): 7.

C. Calcareous Fens:

- (1) \*Cannon River Wilderness Area fen, 18, Rice [3/7/88R] (T.111, R.20, S.34): 2D;
- (2) \*Cannon River Wilderness Area fen, 73, Rice [4/18/94R] (T.111, R.20, S.22): 2D;
- (3) \*High Forest fen, 12, Olmsted [4/18/94R] (T.105, R.14, S.14, 15): 2D;
- (4) \*Holden 1 West fen, 3, Goodhue [4/18/94R] (T.110, R.18, S.1): 2D;
- (5) \*Houston fen, 62, Houston [4/18/94R] (T.104, R.6, S.26): 2D;
- (6) \*Nelson WMA fen, 5, Olmsted [3/7/88R] (T.105, R.15, S.16): 2D;
- (7) \*Perched Valley Wetlands fen, 2, Goodhue [3/7/88R] (T.112, R.13, S.8): 2D;
- (8) \*Red Wing fen, 72, Goodhue [4/18/94R] (T.113, R.15, S.21): 2D; and
- (9) \*Wiscoy fen, 58, Winona [3/7/88R] (T.105, R.7, S.15): 2D.

D. Scientific and Natural Areas: None currently listed.

Subp. 8. **Cedar-Des Moines Rivers Basin.** The water use classifications for the listed waters in the Cedar-Des Moines Rivers Basin are as identified in items A to D. See parts 7050.0425 and 7050.0430 for the classifications of waters not listed.

A. Streams:

- (1) Bancroft Creek (County Ditch No. 63), (T.103, 104, R.21): 2C;
- (2) Cedar River, Little, (Source to Iowa border): 2C, 3C;
- (3) County Ditch No. 11, Sherburne, (T.101, R.32, S.4, 9, 10; T.102, R.32, S.7, 8, 16, 17, 21, 27, 28, 33, 34): 7;
- (4) County Ditch No. 11, Manchester, (T.103, R.22, S.11, 14, 23, 25, 26): 7;
- (5) County Ditch No. 48, Conger, (T.102, R.22, S.19, 20; T.102, R.23, S.24, 25, 26, 35): 7;

- (6) County Ditch No. 53 (see Soldier Creek);
- (7) Deer Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.101, R.19, 20): 2C, 3C;
- (8) Deer Creek (County Ditch No. 71), Myrtle, (T.101, R.19, S.18; T.101, R.20, S.13):  
7;
- (9) Dobbins Creek, (T.103, R.16, 17): 2C;
- (10) Goose Creek, Twin Lakes, (T.101, R.20, S.31; T.101, R.21, S.16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 26,  
27, 35, 36; T.101, R.22, S.12, 13): 7;
- (11) Heron Lake Outlet, (T.104, 105, R.37): 2C;
- (12) Jack Creek, Wilmont, (T.104, R.41, S.25, 26, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36): 7;
- (13) Lime Creek, (T.101, R.22, 23): 2C, 3C;
- (14) Murphy Creek, (T.103, R.18): 2C;
- (15) Okabena Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.102, 103, R.37, 38, 40): 2C;
- (16) Okabena Creek, Worthington, Worthington Lagoons and Allied Mills, (T.102, R.38,  
S.6, 7; T.102, R.39, S.7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18; T.102, R.40, S.13): 7;
- (17) Orchard Creek, (T.102, R.18, 19): 2C;
- (18) Roberts Creek, (T.103, 104, R.16, 17, 18): 2C;
- (19) Rose Creek, (T.102, 103, R.16, 17, 18): 2C;
- (20) Scheldorf Creek, (T.106, R.36, S.19, 30, 31; T.106, R.37, S.13, 24, 25): 1B, 2A, 3B;
- (21) Soldier Creek (Unnamed Stream and County Ditch No. 53), (T.101, R.32, 33): 2C,  
3C;
- (22) Turtle Creek, (T.103, R.18, 19, 20): 2C;
- (23) Unnamed Creek, Emmons, (T.101, R.22, S.31): 7;
- (24) Unnamed Creek, Brownsdale, (T.103, R.17, S.4, 9): 7;
- (25) Unnamed Creek, Blooming Prairie, (T.104, R.18, S.5, 8, 9, 16; T.105, R.18, S.31):  
7;
- (26) Unnamed Creek, Blooming Prairie, (T.105, R.19, S.25): 7;
- (27) Unnamed Creek, Iona, (T.105, R.41, S.3, 4, 9; T.106, R.40, S.19, 29, 30, 32; T.106,  
R.41, S.24, 25, 26, 34, 35): 7;
- (28) Unnamed Ditch, Myrtle, (T.101, R.20, S.12): 7;
- (29) Unnamed Ditch, Myrtle, (T.101, R.20, S.12, 13): 7;
- (30) Unnamed Ditch, Blooming Prairie, (T.105, R.19, S.25): 7;
- (31) Unnamed Stream (see Soldier Creek);
- (32) Wolf Creek, (T.103, R.16, 17, 18): 2C;
- (33) Woodbury Creek, (T.101, 102, R.18, 19): 2C; and
- (34) Woodson Creek, (T.102, R.18, S.14, 15): 1B, 2A, 3B.

B. Lakes: None currently listed.

C. Calcareous Fens:

(1) \*Heron Lake fen, 45, Jackson [3/7/88R] (T.103, R.36, S.29): 2D; and

(2) \*Thompson Prairie fen, 20, Jackson [3/7/88R] (T.103, R.35, S.7): 2D.

D. Scientific and Natural Areas: \*Prairie Bush Clover, [3/7/88P] Waters within the Prairie Bush Clover Scientific and Natural Area, Jackson County, (T.103, R.35, S.17): 2B, 3B, except wetlands which are 2D.

Subp. 9. **Missouri River Basin.** The water use classifications for the listed waters in the Missouri River Basin are as identified in items A to D. See parts 7050.0425 and 7050.0430 for the classifications of waters not listed.

A. Streams:

(1) Ash Creek, (T.101, R.45): 2C;

(2) Beaver Creek, (T.102, 103, 104, R.45, 46, 47): 2C, 3C;

(3) Flandreau Creek (excluding Class 7 segment), (T.107, 108, R.46, 47): 2C, 3C;

(4) Flandreau Creek, Lake Benton, (T.108, R.46, S.1, 2, 11; T.109, R.45, S.30, 31; T.109, R.46, S.36): 7;

(5) Judicial Ditch No. 13 (see Skunk Creek);

(6) Kanaranzi Creek, (Source to Iowa border): 2C, 3C;

(7) Medary Creek, (Source to South Dakota border): 2C, 3C;

(8) Mound Creek, (T.103, 104, R.45): 2C;

(9) Mud Creek, (T.101, 102, R.45, 46): 2C, 3C;

(10) Pipestone Creek, (Source to South Dakota border): 2C, 3C;

(11) Rock River (excluding Class 7 segment), (Source to Iowa border): 2C, 3C;

(12) Rock River, Holland, (T.107, R.44, S.18, 19, 20, 29; T.107, R.45, S.12, 13): 7;

(13) Rock River, Little, (source to Iowa border): 2C, 3C;

(14) Sater's Creek (Unnamed Creek), Luverne, Agri-Energy, (T.102, R.45, S.9, 14, 15, 16): 7;

(15) Sioux River, Little, (Source to Iowa border): 2C, 3C;

(16) Sioux River, West Fork Little, (Source to Iowa border): 2C, 3C;

(17) Skunk Creek (Judicial Ditch No. 13), (T.101, 102, R.37, 38, 39): 2C;

(18) Split Rock Creek, (Split Rock Lake outlet to South Dakota border): 2C, 3C;

(19) Unnamed Creek, Jasper, (T.104, R.46, S.6): 7;

(20) Unnamed Creek, Hatfield, (T.105, R.44, S.6, 7, 8; T.105, R.45, S.1; T.106, R.45, S.36): 7;

(21) Unnamed Creek, Hatfield, (T.106, R.45, S.34, 35, 36): 7;

(22) Unnamed Ditch, Luverne, Agri-Energy, (T.102, R.45, S.10, 15): 7;

(23) Unnamed Ditch, Steen, (T.101, R.45, S.31, 32): 7;

(24) Unnamed Ditch, Hills, (T.101, R.46, S.28, 33): 7; and

(25) Unnamed Ditch, Lake Benton, (T.109, R.45, S.17, 19, 20): 7.

B. Lakes: None currently listed.

C. Calcareous Fens:

(1) \*Burke WMA fen, 57, Pipestone [11/12/90R] (T.106, R.44, S.28): 2D;

(2) \*Hole-in-the-Mountain Prairie fen, 6, Pipestone [11/12/90R] (T.108, R.46, S.1; T.109, R.45, S.31): 2D;

(3) \*Lost Timber Prairie fen, 13, Murray [4/18/94R] (T.105, R.43, S.2): 2D; and

(4) \*Westside fen, 59, Nobles [11/12/90R] (T.102, R.43, S.11): 2D.

D. Scientific and Natural Areas: None currently listed.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 115.03; 115.44*

**History:** *9 SR 914; 12 SR 1810; 15 SR 1057; 18 SR 2195; 22 SR 1466; 24 SR 1105; 24 SR 1133; 27 SR 1217; 32 SR 1699*

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