CHAPTER 6900 BOARD OF PODIATRY LICENSURE

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6900.0010 DEFINITIONS.

[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]

Subp. 1a. Acceptable graduate training. "Acceptable graduate training" means at least 12 consecutive months of postgraduate training in a clinical residency, preceptorship, or other graduate training as described in part 6900.0020, subparts 5, 6, 7, or 8.

Subp. 2. [Repealed, 15 SR 2629]

Subp. 3. [Repealed, 15 SR 2629]

[For text of subps 4 and 5, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. Suspend a license. "Suspend a license" means to discontinue a podiatrist's right to practice for a definite or indefinite time until specified conditions are met.

[For text of subp 7, see M.R.]

Subp. 8. Initial licensure period. For a license issued after the date on which the biennial renewal period becomes effective, "initial licensure period" means the period which begins on the date licensure is granted and ends on June 30 of the first fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the license is granted.

Statutory Authority: MS s 153.02; 153.16; 214.06; 214.12

History: 15 SR 2629

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[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]

- Subp. 4. **Graduate training.** Applicants graduating in 1987 and thereafter from a podiatric medical school must present evidence of satisfactory completion of acceptable graduate training.
- Subp. 5. Clinical residency. A clinical residency is a formal, structured post-doctoral training program approved by the Council on Podiatric Medical Education of the American Podiatric Medical Association and sponsored by and conducted in an institution such as a hospital or ambulatory health care facility or conducted by a college of podiatric medicine accredited by the Council on Podiatric Medical Education of the American Podiatric Medical Association. The residency must:
- A. provide the podiatric medical graduate with a well-rounded exposure in preparation for management of podiatric conditions and diseases as they are related to systemic diseases of children and adults;
- B. develop the podiatric medical graduate in the art of preventing and controlling podiatric conditions and diseases and in the promotion of foot health principally through mechanical and rehabilitative methods;

C. provide the podiatric medical graduate with clinical experience nec-

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essary to refine competency in the podiatric medical and surgical care of the foot as defined by the statutory scope of practice; or

D. provide the podiatric medical graduate with clinical experience necessary to become competent in the full scope of advanced podiatric medicine and surgery.

Subp. 6. Preceptorship. A preceptorship is a formal, structured postdoctoral training program, with written objectives appropriate to all aspects of the program and a written evaluation process, conducted by a podiatrist primarily in an office-based setting and controlled and supervised by a college of podiatric medicine accredited by the Council on Podiatric Medical Education of the American Podiatric Medical Association. The preceptorship must provide the recent podiatric medical graduate sufficient experiences to have further patient care exposure, to improve clinical management and communication skills, and to obtain increased self-confidence.

Subp. 7. Preceptor requirements. The preceptor must:

A. provide training in the care of children and adults that offers experience as defined by the statutory scope of practice including drug therapy, radiology, local anesthesia, analgesia, biomechanics, physical medicine, rehabilitation, and the following surgeries:

- (1) nail;
- (2) digital;
- (3) soft tissue;
- (4) forefoot;
- (5) metatarsal;
- (6) midfoot; and
- (7) rearfoot or ankle;
- B. hold a clinical appointment at a podiatric medical school or be a member of the teaching staff of a hospital sponsoring a residency program;
- C. have a hospital staff appointment with podiatric surgical privileges; however, the granting of staff privileges is solely within the discretion of individual institutions;
- D. not have been the subject of disciplinary action concerning professional conduct or practice; and
- E. instruct and direct the unlicensed podiatrist in the podiatrist's duties, oversee and check the work, provide general directions, and comply with at least the following criteria:
- (1) review and evaluate patient services provided by the unlicensed podiatrist on a daily basis from information in patient charts and records; review may either be in person or by telecommunication;
 - (2) be on-site at facilities staffed by an unlicensed podiatrist;
- (3) be present during the performance of surgical treatment by the unlicensed podiatrist; and
- (4) supervise no more than two unlicensed podiatrists at any one time.
- Subp. 8. Other graduate training. Other graduate training must meet the requirements of items A to C and of subpart 7, items A, D, and E, and include written goals, objectives, and an evaluation process.
- A. A licensed podiatrist must be designated as the unlicensed podiatrist's supervisor and assume full podiatric responsibility for patient services provided by the unlicensed podiatrist.
- B. The supervisor must obtain the approval of the board for the proposed graduate training, including its written goals and objectives, before the training begins.

- C. The supervisor must have a hospital appointment with surgical privileges or have a written arrangement for the unlicensed podiatrist to have at least four months experience with a licensed podiatrist who holds a hospital appointment with surgical privileges. However, the granting of staff privileges is solely within the discretion of individual institutions. The podiatrist with a hospital appointment and surgical privileges must be present during the performance of surgical treatment by the unlicensed podiatrist.
- Subp. 9. Personal appearance. The applicant shall be scheduled for a personal appearance before one or more members of the board or the executive director when the other requirements for licensure have been met. Applicants must be prepared to answer questions regarding ethics of practice.
- Subp. 10. License in other states. If an applicant is licensed in one or more states other than Minnesota, the applicant must cause a form supplied by the board to be submitted from the board of podiatric medicine in the state of original licensure and each state in which a license was held during the five years immediately preceding application.

Statutory Authority: MS s 153.02; 153.16; 214.06; 214.12

History: 15 SR 2629

6900.0030 [Repealed, 15 SR 2629]

6900.0160 TEMPORARY PERMIT.

Subpart 1. Prerequisites. An applicant for a temporary permit to practice podiatric medicine must submit a complete, acceptable application for a Minnesota license and temporary permit and pay the required fee for a temporary permit. The clinical examination and personal interview may be completed during the permit period.

The applicant must submit written evidence that the applicant has been accepted as a resident, preceptee, or graduate trainee in an acceptable graduate training program.

- Subp. 2. Term of permit. A granted permit is valid for the period of graduate training of 12 months beginning with the first day of graduate training. A permit may be reissued once if the applicant submits acceptable evidence that the training was interrupted by circumstances beyond the control of the applicant and that the sponsor of the program agrees to the extension.
- Subp. 2a. Revocation. The permit may be revoked if an applicant has engaged in conduct that constitutes grounds for denial of licensure or disciplinary action, discontinues training, or moves out of Minnesota.
- Subp. 3. Scope of practice. The scope of practice of the permit holder is limited to the performance of podiatric medicine within the structure of the acceptable graduate training program within which the permit holder is enrolled.

Statutory Authority: MS s 153.02; 153.16; 214.06; 214.12

History: 15 SR 2629

6900.0200 LICENSE RENEWAL.

Subpart 1. Active status. The license renewal term is 24 months beginning on July 1 and ending on June 30. Applications received and postmarked after June 30 in the year due will be returned for addition of the late renewal fee. The term of renewal begins on July 1 in odd-numbered years for a licensee whose license number is an odd number and in even-numbered years for a licensee whose licensee number is an even number. The July 1, 1991, renewal term for a licensee who renews in even-numbered years shall end June 30, 1992, and the renewal fee and continuing education hours shall be half the amount required for a 24-month renewal period. For the first renewal period following the initial licensure period, the fee for renewal of license is that fraction of \$450, to the near-

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est dollar, that is represented by the ratio of the number of days the license is held in the initial licensure period to 730 days.

An applicant for license renewal must submit to the board:

- A. an application form, renewal fee, and, if applicable, the late renewal fee. The application form must provide a place for the renewal applicant's signature and solicit information including the applicant's office address, and other information that may be reasonably requested by the board;
- B. evidence of participation in approved continuing education programs as described in part 6900.0300; and
 - C. other evidence as the board may reasonably require.

[For text of subp 2, see M.R.]

- Subp. 3. Notice. Any time after July 1 of the applicable year, the board will send to the last address on file with the board, a notice to licensees who have not applied for license renewal. The notice will state that the licensee has failed to make application for renewal; the amount of renewal and late fees and information about continuing education that must be submitted in order for the license to be renewed; that the licensee may voluntarily terminate the license by notifying the board; and that failure to respond to the notice by the date specified, which date must be at least 30 days after the notice is sent by the board, either by applying for license renewal as provided in subpart 1 or by notifying the board that the licensee has voluntarily terminated the license, will result in expiration of the license and terminating the right to practice.
- Subp. 4. **Result.** If the application for renewal as provided in subpart 1 or notice of voluntary termination is not received by the board by the date specified in the notice, the license will expire and the licensee's right to practice terminates on the date specified in the notice. The expiration and termination will not be considered a disciplinary action against the licensee.

[For text of subp 5, see M.R.]

- Subp. 6. Disciplinary action. The board, in lieu of the procedure in subpart 3, may initiate disciplinary action against any licensee for failure to submit fees or provide documentation of completion of continuing education requirements, and may add such failure to other grounds specified in Minnesota Statutes, sections 153.01 to 153.25 in any contested case proceeding initiated by the board against the licensee on the other grounds.
- Subp. 7. Name and address change. A podiatrist who has changed names must notify the board in writing as soon as possible and request a revised renewal certificate. The board may require substantiation of the name change by requiring official documentation.

A podiatrist must maintain with the board a correct mailing address to receive board communications and notices. A podiatrist who has changed addresses must notify the board in writing as soon as possible. Placing a notice in first class United States mail, postage prepaid and addressed to the licensee at the licensee's last known address, constitutes valid service.

Statutory Authority: MS s 153.02; 153.16; 214.06; 214.12

History: 15 SR 2629

6900.0210 REINSTATEMENT OF LICENSE.

Subpart 1. Requirements. Upon a podiatrist's compliance with the requirements in this part, the podiatrist's license must be reinstated. The podiatrist requesting reinstatement of a license shall submit the following materials:

A. an application form and relicensure fee;

[For text of items B to E, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. Revoked or suspended license. No license that has been suspended or revoked by the board will be reinstated unless the former licensee provides evidence of full rehabilitation from the cause for which the license was suspended or revoked and complies with the other reasonable conditions imposed by the board for the purpose of establishing the extent of rehabilitation. In addition, if the disciplinary action was based in part on failure to meet continuing education requirements, the license will not be reinstated until the former licensee has successfully completed the requirements. The board may require the licensee to pay the costs of the proceedings resulting in the suspension or revocation of a license under its disciplinary authority and the reinstatement or issuance of a new license. A licensee who has been disciplined by the board in a manner other than by suspension or revocation may be required by the board to pay the costs of the proceedings resulting in the disciplinary action.

[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]

Statutory Authority: MS s 153.02; 153.16; 214.06; 214.12

History: 15 SR 2629

6900.0250 FEES.

Subpart 1. Amounts. Fees are as follows:

- A. licensure, \$450;
- B. renewal of a license, \$450;
- C. late renewal of a license, an additional \$100;
- D. temporary permit, \$200;
- E. replacement of an original license document or renewal certificate, \$10; and
 - F. relicensure following expiration of license, \$550.
- Subp. 2. Requirements. Fees must be paid in United States money and are not refundable.

Statutory Authority: MS s 153.02; 153.16; 214.06; 214.12

History: 15 SR 2629

6900.0300 CONTINUING EDUCATION.

- Subpart 1. Requirement. Every podiatrist licensed to practice in Minnesota shall obtain 30 clock hours of continuing education in each two-year cycle of license renewal. The number of continuing education hours required during the initial licensure period is that fraction of 30 hours, to the nearest whole hour, that is represented by the ratio of the number of days the license is held in the initial licensure period to 730 days.
- Subp. 2. Obtaining continuing education hours. Continuing education hours shall be obtained in the following manner:
- A. attendance at educational programs approved by the board under subpart 3;
- B. attendance at hospital staff meetings (no more than three hours of hospital staff meetings may be used for license renewal each year); or
 - C. participation in acceptable graduate training.
- Subp. 3. Requirements of program approval. Each continuing education program used to meet the license renewal requirements must be approved by the board before the program is accepted as meeting requirements of this part.

In order for a continuing education program to be approved by the board, the program must meet the following criteria:

A. The content must be directly related to the practice of podiatric medicine as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 153.01, subdivision 2. Subjects such as practice management or those not of a scientific nature are not acceptable.

- B. The speaker must be a licensed podiatrist, other credentialed health care professional, or person especially qualified to address the subject.
- C. The sponsor must provide the attendee a written statement of attendance that includes the name and dates of the program, the name and address of the sponsor, the number of continuing education clock hours granted by the sponsor and approved by the board if prior approval has been sought, the name of the attendee and a signature of the sponsor or designee, or upon completion of the program, the sponsor must send the board a list of attendees.
- Subp. 3a. Procedure for program approval. Either the sponsor of a continuing education program or a licensee may submit the program for approval by the board.

The following information about the program is required:

- A. name and address of the program sponsor;
- B. dates and times of the program;
- C. subject or content matter of each item on the program together with the amount of time devoted to the subject;
- D. name of and identifying information about the speakers or instructors; and
- E. assurance that a written statement of attendance will be given to the podiatrist or that a list of attendees will be sent to the board.

The board shall approve each continuing education program for a specific number of clock hours of continuing education. One clock hour is 60 minutes. Partial hours will not be granted. Lunch breaks, rest periods, greetings, and other noneducational time will not be included.

Subp. 4. **Proof of attendance.** Proof of attendance at continuing education programs meeting the requirement of this part shall be submitted to the board within the renewal period in which it was attended in the form of a certificate, descriptive receipt, or affidavit.

Subp. 5. [Repealed, 15 SR 2629]

Statutory Authority: MS s 153.02; 153.16; 214 06; 214.12

History: 15 SR 2629

6900.0500 WAIVERS AND VARIANCES.

- Subpart 1. Application. A licensee or applicant for licensure may petition the board for a time-limited waiver or variance of any rule except for any part of a rule which incorporates a statutory requirement. The waiver or variance shall be granted if:
- A. adherence to the rule would impose an undue burden on the petitioner;
- B. the granting of a waiver or variance will not adversely affect the public welfare; and
- C. in the case of a variance, the rationale for the rule in question can be met by alternative practices or measures specified by the petitioner.
- Subp. 2. Renewal, reporting, and revocation. A waiver or variance shall be renewed upon reapplication according to the procedure described in subpart 1 if the circumstances justifying its granting continue to exist. Any petitioner who is granted a waiver or variance shall immediately notify the board in writing of any material change in the circumstances which justify its granting. A waiver or variance shall be revoked if a material change in the circumstances which justify its granting occurs or, in the case of a variance, if the petitioner has not complied with the alternative practices or measures specified in the petition.
- Subp. 3. Burden of proof. The burden of proof is upon the petitioner to demonstrate to the board that the requirements in subpart 1 have been met.

Subp. 4. Statement of reasons. The minutes of any meeting at which a waiver or variance is granted, denied, renewed, or revoked shall include the reason for the action.

Statutory Authority: MS s 153.02; 153.16; 214.06; 214.12

History: 15 SR 2629