# CHAPTER 6800 MINNESOTA BOARD OF PHARMACY PHARMACISTS' LICENSING AND OPERATION

6800 1250 APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSURE 6800 1600 CONTINUING EDUCATION ADVISORY TASK FORCE 6800 4210 SCHEDULE I CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES 6800 4220 SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

## 6800.1250 APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSURE.

Subpart 1. Submitting. Applicants for licensure by examination shall submit a completed application for examination including affidavits of internship, a copy of applicant's birth certificate, and a recent photograph. All applicants shall show evidence of graduation with a bachelor of science degree or doctor of pharmacy degree, as the first professional undergraduate degree in pharmacy, from a college of pharmacy or a department of pharmacy of a university approved by the board and meeting at least the minimum standards set by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education in the current edition of its accreditation manual. The evidence shall be shown by submitting an official final transcript showing the date on which degree was conferred. The above listed documents together with a check for \$200 must be submitted to the board at least 45 days prior to the examination. An applicant who is a graduate of a school or college of pharmacy located outside the United States, which has not been recognized and approved by the board, but who is otherwise qualified to apply for a license to practice pharmacy in this state, is considered to have satisfied the requirements of graduation if the applicant verifies to the board the applicant's academic record and the applicant's graduation. Before taking the licensing examination, a foreign graduate applicant shall pass the Foreign Pharmacy Graduate Equivalency Examination, which is recognized and approved by the board, given by the Foreign Pharmacy Graduate Examination Commission and demonstrate proficiency in the English language by passing the Test of English as a Foreign Language, which is recognized and approved by the board, given by the Educational Testing Service as a prerequisite to taking the licensure examination.

Subp. 2. Retaking exam. Any applicant who has failed to pass the examination required by Minnesota Statutes, section 151.06, 151.07, 151.10, or 151.12, may retake the examination within the next ensuing 14 months, provided that no applicant who has failed in three examinations shall be permitted to take a further examination, except upon petition setting forth facts acceptable to the board. The applicant shall, at least 45 days before an examination, notify the board in writing of the intention to retake the examination, certifying that information furnished on the original application remains true and correct, or reporting any changes therein, including additional education and experience, and shall submit a fee of \$200 payable to the Minnesota Board of Pharmacy. The board reserves the right to request a full and complete application.

[For text of subp 3, see M.R. 1987]

**Statutory Authority:** MS s 151.06 subd 1 cl (7),(9); 151.07; 152.02 subds 7,8; 214.06

History: 12 SR 2393

#### 6800.1600 CONTINUING EDUCATION ADVISORY TASK FORCE.

The continuing education advisory task force shall consist of not more than ten members. Three members of the advisory task force shall be pharmacists designated by the Minnesota State Pharmaceutical Association, three members shall be pharmacists designated by the Minnesota Society of Hospital Pharma-

cists, two members shall be pharmacists designated by the College of Pharmacy of the University of Minnesota, and two members shall be designated by the board. The continuing education advisory task force shall meet at least quarterly and shall annually elect a chair and vice chair from its membership. The executive director of the board of pharmacy shall act as secretary to the task force.

**Statutory Authority:** MS s 151.06 subd 1 cl (7),(9); 151.07; 152.02 subds 7,8; 214.06

History: 12 SR 2393

## 6800.4210 SCHEDULE I CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.

- Schedule I shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this part.
- A. Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opiates, including their isomers (whether optical, positional, or geometric), esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, or salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
  - (1) Acetylmethadol;
  - (2) Allylprodine;
  - (3) Alphacetylmethadol;
  - (4) Alphameprodine;
  - (5) Alphamethadol:
- (6) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl] propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine):
  - (7) Benzethidine;
  - (8) Betacetylmethadol;
  - (9) Betameprodine;
  - (10) Betamethadol:
  - (11) Betaprodine;
  - (12) Clonitazene:
  - (13) Dextromoramide;
  - (14) Diampromide;
  - (15) Diethylthiambutene:
  - (16) Difenoxin;
  - (17) Dimenoxadol;
  - (18) Dimepheptanol;
  - (19) Dimethylthiambutene;
  - (20) Dioxaphetyl butyrate:
  - (21) Dipipanone:
  - (22) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
  - (23) Etonitazene:
  - (24) Etoxeridine:
  - (25) Furethidine:
  - (26) Hydroxypethidine;
  - (27) Ketobemidone;
  - (28) Levomoramide;
  - (29) Levophenacylmorphan:
  - (30) MPPP;

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(31) Methyl substituted isomers of Fentanyl; [For text of item A, subitem 31, units (a) to (i), see M R. 1987]

(j) para-fluorofentanyl; N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-(4-fluorophenyl)-propanamide, its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers;

- (32) Morpheridine;
- (33) Noracymethadol;
- (34) Norlevorphanol;
- (35) Normethadone;
- (36) Norpipanone;
- (37) PEPAP; 1-(2-Phenylethyl)-4-Phenyl-4-Acetyloxypiperidine
- (38) Phenadoxone:
- (39) Phenampromide;
- (40) Phenomorphan;
- (41) Phenoperidine:
- (42) Piritramide;
- (43) Proheptazine;
- (44) Properidine;
- (45) Propiram;
- (46) Racemoramide;
- (47) Tilidine; and
- (48) Trimeperidine.

[For text of items B to F, see M.R. 1987]

**Statutory Authority:** MS s 151 06 subd 1 cl (7),(9); 151 07; 152.02 subds 7,8; 214.06

History: 12 SR 2393

#### 6800.4220 SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.

The following items are listed in schedule II:

[For text of items A and B, see M.R. 1987]

C. Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule any of the following opiates, including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation, dextrorphan and levopropoxyphene excepted:

Statutory Name

Some examples of common names, trade names, or names of products which contain a controlled substance.

(1) AlfentanilAlfenta(2) AlphaprodineNisentil(3) AnileridineLeritine

(4) Bezitramide

(5) Bulk Dextropropoxyphene (nondosage forms)

(6) Dihydrocodeine Paracodin (7) Dihydromorphinone Dilaudid

(8) Diphenoxylate

(9) Fentanyl Sublimaze, Innovar

(10) Isomethadone

(11) Levomethorphan

(13) Metazocine

(14) Methadone

(12) Levorphanol Levo-Dromoran

> Dolophine, Amidone, Adanon

Meperidine, Demerol,

Isonipecaine, Mepadin,

(15) Methadone-Intermediate 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenylbutane

(16) Moramide-Intermediate 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenyl-propanecarboxylic acid

(17) Pethidine (meperidine)

(18) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4phenylpiperidine

(19) Pethidine-Intermediate-B. ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4carboxylate

(20) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid

(21) Phenazocine (22) Piminodine

(23) Racemethorphan (24) Racemorphan

Prinadol Alvodine

Mepergan

Dromoran Sufenta

(25) Sufentanil [For text of item D, see M.R. 1987]

E. Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

Statutory Name

Some examples of common names, trade names, or names of products which contain a controlled substance.

**(1)** Amobarbital

(2)Pentobarbital

Phencyclidine Secobarbital

Amytal

Nembutal, Tuinal Sernyl, Sernylar Seconal

[For text of item F, see M.R. 1987]

G. Hallucinogenic substances.

[For text of item G, subitem (1), see M.R. 1987]

(2) Nabilone [another name for Nabilone: (±)-trans-3-(1,1dimethylheptyl)-6,6a,7,8,10,10a-hexahydro-1- hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-9Hdibenzo [b,d] pyran-9-one].

**Statutory Authority:** MS s 151.06 subd 1 cl (7),(9); 151.07; 152.02 subds 7,8; 214.06

History: 12 SR 2393