CHAPTER 6256

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES FROGS AND TURTLES

FROGS

6256.0400

REPORTS, RECORDS, AND INSPECTIONS TO

TAKE FROGS FOR NONBAIT.

6256.0050 6256.0100 6256.0200

6256.0300

DEFINITION OF FROGS.
ALLOWED TIMES FOR TAKING FROGS.
SIZE LIMITS FOR LEOPARD FROGS AND

PERMITS FOR IMPORTING FROGS.

6256.0500 6256.0600 6256.0900 TAKING TURTLES. CLOSED TURTLE SEASONS. TURTLE PROPAGATION.

FROGS

6256.0050 DEFINITION OF FROGS.

BULL FROGS

"Frogs" means the following species:

- A. northern cricket frog (Acris crepitans);
- B. Cope's gray tree frog (Hyla chrysoscelis);
- C. gray tree frog (Hyla versicolor);
- D. spring peeper (Pseudacris crucifer);
- E. chorus frog (Pseudacris triseriata);
- F. bull frog (Rana catesbeiana);
- G. green frog (Rana clamitans);
- H. pickerel frog (Rana palustris);
- I. northern leopard frog (Rana pipiens);
- J. mink frog (Rana septentrionalis);
- K. wood frog (Rana sylvatica);
- L. American toad (Bufo americanus);
- M. great plains toad (Bufo cognatus);
- N. Canadian toad (Bufo hemiophrys);
- O. plains leopard frog (Rana blain);
- P. southern leopard frog (Rana utricularia);
- Q. pig frog (Rana grylio); and
- R. river frog (Rana becksheri).

Statutory Authority: MS s 97C.601

History: 23 SR 348

6256.0100 ALLOWED TIMES FOR TAKING FROGS.

Frogs may only be taken between sunrise and sunset, except as otherwise permitted.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97C.601; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484

6256.0200 SIZE LIMITS FOR LEOPARD FROGS AND BULL FROGS.

Northern leopard frogs (Rana pipiens) and bull frogs (Rana catesbeiana) must be more than six inches long when taken or possessed for purposes other than bait.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97C.601; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484; 23 SR 348

6256,0300 FROGS AND TURTLES

6256.0300 PERMITS FOR IMPORTING FROGS.

Live frogs may not be imported for purposes other than bait, unless authorized by a specific permit issued by the commissioner.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97C.601; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484

6256.0400 REPORTS, RECORDS, AND INSPECTIONS TO TAKE FROGS FOR NONBAIT.

All licensees and permittees who have taken frogs for purposes other than bait must report activities of the previous license year, on forms provided by the commissioner, before relicensing.

All licensees and permittees who take or possess frogs for purposes other than bait must keep a record book that includes the number or weight of each species of frog acquired by taking or purchase and sold, the name and address of each purchaser and seller, and the date of each transaction. These records must be kept current within 48 hours of a transaction.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97C.601; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484

TURTLES

6256,0500 TAKING TURTLES.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** This part applies to individuals possessing a turtle seller's, turtle seller's apprentice, or recreational turtle license or an angling license. The following turtle species may be taken: western painted turtle (*Chrysemys picta bellii*), snapping turtle (*Chelydra serpentina*), and spiny softshell (*Apalone spinifera*). A person possessing or selling turtles or turtle eggs under this part must also comply with other state and federal laws that regulate these activities.

- Subp. 2. **Equipment.** Turtles may be taken by a person possessing a turtle seller's, turtle seller's apprentice, or recreational turtle license by means of floating or submerged turtle traps, turtle hooks, and other commercial fishing gear authorized by the commissioner. Traps must not exceed five feet in width, four feet in height, and eight feet in length.
- Subp. 2a. Submerged turtle traps. Submerged traps must be constructed of either flexible webbing or wire. Flexible webbing traps must be of mesh size not less than 3-1/2 inches bar measure or seven inches stretch measure. Wire traps must be of mesh size not less than two inches by four inches bar measure and must have at least one square opening in the top panel measuring at least four inches on a side and two of the same dimension on each of the side panels near the top of the trap. A trap must be set in water shallow enough so that the top of the trap is at least level with the water surface.
- Subp. 2b. Floating turtle traps. Floating traps must have: (1) one or more openings above the water surface that measure at least ten inches by four inches; and (2) a mesh size of not less than one-half inch bar measure.
 - Subp. 3. [Repealed, 28 SR 629]
- Subp. 4. Operation of turtle trap. Each submerged trap must be checked and emptied at intervals not exceeding 48 hours and each floating trap must be checked and emptied at intervals not exceeding 120 hours. A turtle seller licensee or turtle seller's apprentice operating under a turtle seller's license may not operate more than 40 submerged turtle traps. A turtle seller's apprentice is not entitled to any traps in addition to those of the turtle seller. A recreational turtle licensee may not operate more than three turtle traps.

Subp. 5. Required marking of turtle traps.

- A. When in use, each turtle trap must have affixed on it a tag of permanent material visible from above, legibly bearing the name, address, and license number of the operator. This information must be recorded in an indelible manner on the tag. The tag must be of dimensions not less than 2-1/2 inches in length by five-eighths inch in width.
- B. The commissioner shall issue 40 submerged turtle trap identification tags to a turtle seller licensee and three recreational turtle trap identification tags to a recreational turtle licensee. Tags must be attached to submerged and recreational traps at all times. Lost tags must be reported within 48 hours to the local conservation officer or the commercial fisheries program consultant. The commissioner may reissue tags upon request.
- Subp. 6. Turtles taken incidental to other operations. Turtles listed in subpart 1 that are taken incidental to other commercial fishing operations may be possessed, transported, and sold, provided the operator is a holder of a turtle seller's license.

Subp. 7. Required reporting by turtle seller; record keeping.

- A. A holder of a turtle seller's license must submit reports, on forms provided by the commissioner, to the address identified on the form by the tenth day of each month for the preceding month for the months of March through November, whether or not any equipment was used to take turtles.
- B. In the report required in item A, the licensee must record daily operations, including separate entries for each water body. The records must include water body location, equipment used, numbers and pounds of each species of turtles taken, numbers of each species of turtles released at that water body, and other information about the operation as specified on the form provided by the commissioner. The records must be kept current within 48 hours of the last daily operation.
- C. A license shall not be renewed until all of the licensee's monthly reports for the previous calendar year are submitted and received at the address identified on the form.
- Subp. 8. Report on buying turtles for resale. A licensee who buys turtles for resale or for processing and resale must keep a correct and complete book record of all transactions and activities covered in the license, not inconsistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.425. Copies of the shipping documents for turtles being sent out of state must be part of and included with the monthly reports required under subpart 7.
- Subp. 9. Size limits. A turtle seller, turtle seller's apprentice, or recreational turtle licensee or a person harvesting turtles under an angling license is restricted to taking and possessing sizes of turtles as specified in items A and B. The turtle size is determined by measuring the top shell length (carapace, not including the curvature) from above the neck to above the tail.
 - A. Spiny softshells (A. spinifera) must be greater than 12 inches in shell length.
- B. Snapping turtles (Chelydra serpentina) must be greater than 12 inches in shell length.

Subp. 10. Turtle nests and eggs.

- A. A person may not collect turtle eggs from natural nests, except under a permit issued by the commissioner.
- B. A person with a turtle seller's license may not possess or sell turtle eggs, except as provided in item C. A person must have an aquatic farm license with a turtle endorsement or a private fish hatchery license with a turtle endorsement to possess or sell turtle eggs, as allowed by federal law, or to keep turtles for propagation.
- C. A person with a turtle seller's license may take the eggs from legally harvested gravid turtles and must place the eggs back into man-made nests in the wild within 48 hours of taking the eggs.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97C.605

History: 18 SR 83; 23 SR 348; 28 SR 629; 28 SR 1127

6256.0600 CLOSED TURTLE SEASONS.

- Subpart 1. Snapping turtles. A person may not take snapping turtles during the months of May and June, including persons harvesting turtles for personal use under an angling or recreational turtle license and persons harvesting turtles under a commercial netting, turtle seller's, turtle seller's apprentice, aquatic farm, or private fish hatchery license.
- Subp. 2. **Spiny softshells.** A person shall not take spiny softshells from June 1 to July 15, including persons harvesting turtles for personal use under an angling or recreational turtle license and persons harvesting turtles under a commercial netting, turtle seller's, turtle seller's apprentice, aquatic farm, or private fish hatchery license.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.045; 97C.605

History: 22 SR 292; 28 SR 629

6256.0900 TURTLE PROPAGATION.

- Subpart 1. Licensee with turtle endorsement. A person with an aquatic farm license with a turtle endorsement or a private fish hatchery license with a turtle endorsement shall sell, obtain, possess, transport, and propagate turtles and turtle eggs according to subparts 2 to 9.
- Subp. 2. **Turtle endorsement application.** A licensee who is requesting a turtle endorsement must submit an application, on forms provided by the commissioner, to the address on the form. An application must include the species of turtle, location of rearing and incubation facilities, and site diagram with turtle containment descriptions. The commissioner shall send applications for a turtle endorsement to other state and federal agencies that regulate turtles for review.
- Subp. 3. Application of other law. A person propagating turtles under this part must meet the requirements in Minnesota Statutes, sections 17.46 to 17.4999, and other state and federal laws that regulate the possession, processing, and sale of turtles and turtle eggs.
- Subp. 4. Out-of-state sources. Turtles and turtle eggs may not be obtained outside of the state unless the commissioner approves the species and source. The commissioner may apply more stringent requirements to turtles and eggs or sources of turtles and eggs from outside the state than are applied to turtles and eggs and sources of turtles and eggs from within the state to protect Minnesota's natural resources.
- Subp. 5. Acquisition of brood stock. A licensee shall apply for a permit to harvest adult turtles from the wild for brood stock. The commissioner shall issue a permit to the licensee to take from the wild, by use of commercial gear, up to 40 turtles of each species requested if:
 - A. the turtles or gravid turtles are not available for purchase;
 - B. the licensee does not have a turtle seller's license:
- C. the commissioner determines that wild populations of the requested species can sustain the harvest; and
- D. a permit to harvest turtle brood stock from the wild has not been issued to the licensee for the species requested in the last three years.

Game and fish laws and rules relating to daily limits, seasons, and methods apply to the taking of turtles pursuant to a permit issued under this subpart.

- Subp. 6. Containment. The turtle propagation facility must be an artificial pond, or other artificial containment structure, that has a system to prevent the escape of turtles into the wild. The commissioner shall conduct an inspection of the facility prior to licensing to determine compliance with this subpart.
- Subp. 7. **Disposal.** Disposal of live turtles, turtle offspring, viable eggs, carcasses, and eggs that did not hatch must be in compliance with other state and federal laws that regulate such disposal.

MINNESOTA RULES 2005

843 FROGS AND TURTLES 6256.0900

Subp. 8. Inspection and enforcement. Inspection of the facility and enforcement of this part shall be conducted according to Minnesota Statutes, section 17.4984, subdivision 6.

Subp. 9. **Record keeping.** Record keeping for the propagation of turtles must comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 17.4984, subdivision 7.

Statutory Authority: MS s 17.4997

History: 28 SR 629