CHAPTER 6234 DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES SMALL GAME

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GENERAL RESTRICTIONS

6234.0100 GENERAL RESTRICTIONS FOR TAKING SMALL GAME.

Subpart 1. Use of handguns. All species of small game which may lawfully be taken with a rifle may also be taken with a handgun, subject to the same caliber restrictions that apply to rifles.

Subp. 2. Unattended electronic devices prohibited. A person may not use an unattended electronic device for the purpose of taking small game, except game birds.

Subp. 3. Wounded game included in bag limit. Wounded or captured game reduced to possession must be killed before being removed from the site where taken, and once reduced to possession must be included in a person's daily bag limit.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.031; 97B.605; 97B.711; 97B.911; 97B.915; 97B.921; 97B.924; 97B.925; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 484

6234.0200 TAKING RUFFED GROUSE AND SPRUCE GROUSE.

Subpart 1. **Open season.** Ruffed grouse and spruce grouse may be taken by firearm or bow and arrow from the Saturday on or nearest September 16 to December 31.

Subp. 2. **Bag limit.** A person may not take more than an aggregate of five ruffed grouse and spruce grouse per day or possess an aggregate of more than ten ruffed grouse and spruce grouse at a time.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.045; 97B.711; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 484; 19 SR 2222

6234.0300 TAKING SHARP-TAILED GROUSE.

Subpart 1. **Bag limits.** A person may not take more than three sharp—tailed grouse per day or possess more than six sharp—tailed grouse at a time.

Subp. 2. **Open area.** The open area to take sharp-tailed grouse is statewide except in that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary:

Beginning on U.S. Highway 2 at the west boundary of the state; thence along U.S. Highway 2 to U.S. Highway 71; thence northeast along U.S. Highway 71 to State

Trunk Highway (STH) 1; thence east along STH 1 to STH 73; thence south along STH 73 to U.S. Highway 2; thence west on U.S. Highway 2 to STH 200; thence west on STH 200 to STH 6; thence south on STH 6 to STH 18; thence east on STH 18 to STH 65; thence south on STH 65 to STH 70; thence east on STH 70 to the east boundary of the state; thence along the east, south, and west boundary of the state to the point of beginning.

Subp. 3. **Open season.** Sharp—tailed grouse may be taken by firearm or bow and arrow from the Saturday on or nearest September 16 to November 30.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.711; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 484

6234.0400 TAKING PHEASANTS.

- Subpart 1. **Open season.** Only cock (male) pheasants may be taken by firearm or bow and arrow from the Saturday on or nearest October 13 to the Sunday on or nearest December 16 from 9:00 a.m. to sunset each day.
- Subp. 2. **Bag limit.** A person may not take more than two cock pheasants per day or possess more than six cock pheasants at a time.
- Subp. 3. Firearm restriction. A person may not take pheasants with a rifle or handgun other than a .22 caliber rimfire using short, long, or long rifle ammunition.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.711; 97B.715; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 484; 19 SR 2222

6234.0500 TAKING GRAY PARTRIDGE.

Subpart 1. **Open season.** Gray (Hungarian) partridge may be taken by firearm or bow and arrow from the Saturday on or nearest September 16 to December 31.

Subp. 2. **Rifle restriction.** A person may not take gray partridge with a rifle or handgun other than a .22 caliber rimfire using short, long, or long rifle ammunition.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.711; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484

6234.0600 TAKING JACK RABBITS, COTTONTAIL RABBITS, AND SNOW-SHOE HARES.

Subpart 1. **Open season.** Jack rabbits, cottontail rabbits, and snowshoe hares may be taken by legal firearm, bow and arrow, and traps from the Saturday nearest September 16 to the last day in February.

Subp. 2. **Bag limits.** A person may not take more than ten cottontail rabbits, jack rabbits, and snowshoe hares, combined, per day or possess more than 20 cottontail rabbits, jack rabbits, and snowshoe hares, combined, at a time.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.045; 97B.605; 97B.615

History: 18 SR 83; 22 SR 292

6234.0700 TAKING GRAY SQUIRRELS AND FOX SQUIRRELS.

Subpart 1. **Open season.** Gray squirrels and fox squirrels may be taken by legal firearm, bow and arrow, and traps from the Saturday nearest September 16 to the last day in February.

Subp. 2. Bag limits. A person may not take more than an aggregate of seven gray squirrels and fox squirrels per day or possess more than an aggregate of 14 gray squirrels and fox squirrels at a time.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.045; 97B.605; 97B.611

History: 18 SR 83

6234.0800 HUNTING BY FALCONRY.

Subpart 1. **Bag limits.** A person may not take more than three small game animals per day in the aggregate or possess more than six small game animals in the aggregate.

Subp. 2. **Possession of firearms and bows and arrows prohibited.** A person may not hunt by falconry while in possession of, or having under control, any firearm or bow and arrow.

- Subp. 3. Open season and hours for nonmigratory small game. Nonmigratory small game may be taken by falconry from September 1 to the last day in February. Falconry hunting hours are from one—half hour before sunrise to sunset, except that pheasants may not be taken before 9:00 a.m.
- Subp. 4. Open season and hours for migratory game birds. Woodcock, sora and Virginia rails, common snipe, ducks, coots, and moorhens (gallinules) may be taken by falconry from September 1 to December 16. Geese may be taken by falconry from the Saturday nearest October 1 to December 16. Crows may be taken by falconry during the open season. Falconry hours are from one—half hour before sunrise to sunset, except during the regular waterfowl season when falconry hours are the same as waterfowl shooting hours.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.105

History: 18 SR 83

FURBEARERS

6234.0900 SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** The provisions of parts 6234.0900 to 6234.2300 apply to the use of traps or snares capable of taking a wild animal protected under provisions of Minnesota Statutes, sections 97B.601 to 97B.671 or 97B.901 to 97B.945.

- Subp. 2. **Terms.** The terms used in parts 6234.0900 to 6234.3500 have the meanings given them in this part.
- Subp. 3. **Authorized agent.** "Authorized agent" means a person authorized by a trapper, in writing, who possesses all necessary licenses to check, pick up, or reset traps set by the trapper.
- Subp. 4. **Bait.** "Bait" means any animal or animal parts, including live or dead fish, except that small aggregates of fur and feathers used for flagging purposes are not bait.
- Subp. 5. Waterset. "Waterset" means any body—gripping trap or snare set in which the body—gripping portion of the jaws or the snare loop, when set, is at least half—submerged in water. A completely submerged waterset is any set in which the body—gripping portions of the jaws or the snare loop, when set, is completely submerged in water.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.605; 97B.911; 97B.915; 97B.921; 97B.925

History: 18 SR 83

6234.1000 DESCRIPTION OF FURBEARER ZONES.

Subpart 1. Forest Furbearer Zone. That portion of the state lying within the following described boundary is known as the Forest Furbearer Zone.

Beginning on U.S. Highway 59 at the north boundary of the state; thence along U.S. Highway 59 to U.S. Highway 10; thence along U.S. Highway 10 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 210; thence along STH 210 to STH 18; thence along STH 18 to U.S. Highway 169; thence along U.S. Highway 169 to STH 23; thence along STH 23 to STH 65; thence along STH 65 to STH 70; thence along STH 70 to the east boundary of the state; thence along the east and north boundaries of the state to the point of beginning.

- Subp. 2. **Farmland Furbearer Zone.** That portion of the state lying outside of the Forest Furbearer Zone is known as the Farmland Furbearer Zone.
- Subp. 3. North Mink/Muskrat/Beaver/Otter Zone. That portion of the state lying within the following described boundary is known as the North Mink/Muskrat/Beaver/Otter Zone.

Beginning on State Trunk Highway (STH) 200 at the west boundary of the state; thence along STH 200 to U.S. Highway 2; thence along U.S. Highway 2 to STH 73; thence along STH 73 to STH 27; thence along STH 27 to Interstate Highway 35 (I–35); thence along I–35 to the Carlton–Pine County line; thence east along the Carlton–Pine County line to the east boundary of the state; thence along the east, north, and west boundaries of the state to the point of beginning.

Subp. 4. South Mink/Muskrat/Beaver/Otter Zone. That portion of the state lying outside of the North Mink/Muskrat/Beaver/Otter Zone is known as the South Mink/Muskrat/Beaver/Otter Zone.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.605; 97B.911; 97B.915; 97B.921; 97B.925

History: 18 SR 83

6234.1100 TAKING MINK AND MUSKRATS.

Subpart 1. Open season in North Zone. Mink and muskrats may be taken by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 26 to the last day in February in the North Zone.

- Subp. 2. Open season in South Zone. Mink and muskrats may be taken by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 30 to the last day in February in the South Zone.
 - Subp. 3. Bag limits. Mink and muskrats may be taken and possessed without limit.
- Subp. 4. **Special provisions.** The special provisions in items A to C apply to taking mink and muskrats.
 - A. Taking by the use of dogs or by digging is prohibited.
- B. Openings may be made in any muskrat house for the purpose of trapping if they are plugged by replacing all materials removed and wetting the materials down to prevent freezing within the structure. Traps may be set at natural entrances to muskrat runways and bank burrows.
- C. A person may not damage any muskrat house, muskrat runway, or muskrat bank den, except as provided by this part.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.911; 97B.915; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 484

6234.1200 TAKING RACCOON.

Subpart 1. **Open season.** Raccoons may be taken statewide, continuously, with legal firearms, bow and arrow, and by trapping.

- Subp. 2. Bag limits. Raccoons may be taken and possessed without limit.
- Subp. 3. **Special provisions.** A person may use an artificial light to locate, attempt to locate, or shoot a raccoon only if the raccoon has been treed or put at bay by dogs. The use of dogs and lights to take raccoon is regulated as provided by Minnesota Statutes, sections 97B.081, 97B.621, and 97B.931.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.541; 97B.605; 97B.621; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 484; 22 SR 292

6234.1300 TAKING RED FOX AND GRAY FOX.

Subpart 1. **Open season.** Gray fox may be taken statewide with legal firearms, bow and arrow, and by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest September 16 to March 15. Red fox may be taken statewide, continuously, with legal firearms, bow and arrow, and by trapping.

- Subp. 2. Bag limits. Red fox and gray fox may be taken and possessed without limit.
- Subp. 3. [Repealed, 19 SR 2222]
- Subp. 4. **Special provisions.** The special provisions in items A and B apply to taking red fox and gray fox.
- A. Fox may be run without being taken by the use of dogs at any time during the year except from March 16 to July 14 or under permit.
 - B. Dogs may be used for hunting fox during the open season.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.045; 97A.541; 97B.605; 97B.631; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 484; 22 SR 292

6234.1400 TAKING BADGER AND OPOSSUM.

Subpart 1. **Open season.** Badgers and opossums may be taken statewide with legal firearms, bow and arrow, and by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest September 16 to March 15.

Subp. 2. Bag limits. Badgers and opossums may be taken and possessed without limit.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.605; 97B.635; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 484

6234.1500 TAKING LYNX.

Taking lynx is prohibited statewide.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.605; 97B.625

History: 18 SR 83

6234,1600 TAKING BOBCAT.

Subpart 1. **Open season.** Bobcats may be taken with legal firearms, bow and arrow, and by trapping from the Saturday nearest December 1 to the Sunday nearest January 6.

Subp. 2. Open area. Bobcats may be taken only in that area of the state lying north of U.S. Highway 10.

Subp. 3. **Bag limits.** A person may not take more than five bobcats per season by either hunting or trapping or both. A person may not possess more than five bobcats at a time, except that a person may possess additional pelts that the person lawfully took, tagged, and registered during previous seasons.

Subp. 4. **Tagging bobcats.** Pelts and skinned carcasses are subject to the provisions of part 6234.2600.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.541; 97B.605; 97B.625; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 484

6234.1700 TAKING FISHER.

Subpart 1. Open season and area. Fisher may be taken only in the Forest Furbearer Zone by trapping from the Saturday nearest December 1 to the Sunday nearest December 16.

Subp. 2. **Bag limits.** A person may not take more than two fisher per season or possess more than two fisher at a time, except that a person may possess additional pelts that the person lawfully took, tagged, and registered during previous seasons.

Subp. 3. **Tagging.** Each fisher pelt must be tagged by the person taking it at the time and place where taken with a locking possession tag issued by the state. These tags must be obtained prior to the season according to the procedure provided by part 6234.2600. Tags will not be issued to persons under five years of age. Tags must be fastened to fisher pelts in the manner provided by part 6234.2600. Pelts and skinned carcasses are subject to the provisions of part 6234.2600.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.605; 97B.635; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 484

6234.1800 TAKING PINE MARTEN.

Subpart 1. **Open season.** Pine marten may be taken by trapping from the Saturday nearest December 1 to the Sunday nearest December 16.

Subp. 2. **Open area.** Pine marten may be taken only in the following described area: Beginning at the north boundary of the state at the point due north of the junction of State Trunk Highway (STH) 11 and STH 72; thence due south to said junction; thence south along STH 72 to STH 1; thence east along STH 1 to STH 65; thence south along STH 65 to U.S. Highway 169; thence east along U.S. Highway 169 to STH 37; thence east along STH 37 to U.S. Highway 53; thence south along U.S. Highway 53 to the north shore of Lake Superior; thence along the north shore of Lake Superior to the north boundary of the state; thence along the north boundary of the state to the point of beginning.

Subp. 3. **Bag limits.** A person may not take more than two pine marten per season or possess more than two pine marten at a time, except that a person may possess additional pelts which the person has lawfully taken, tagged, and registered during previous seasons.

Subp. 4. Tagging pine marten. Each pine marten or pelt must be tagged by the person taking it at the time and place where taken with a locking possession tag issued by the state.

These tags must be obtained prior to the season according to the procedure provided by part 6234.2600. Tags will not be issued to persons under five years of age. Tags must be fastened to the pine marten or their pelts in the manner provided by part 6234.2600. Pelts and skinned carcasses are subject to the provisions of part 6234.2600.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.605; 97B.635

History: 18 SR 83

6234.1900 TAKING BEAVER.

Subpart 1. Open season and bag limits for beaver in North Zone. Beaver may be taken and possessed without limit by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 26 to May 15.

Subp. 2. Open season and bag limits for beaver in South Zone. Beaver may be taken and possessed without limit by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 30 to May 15.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 97B.925* **History:** *18 SR 83; 20 SR 2287*

6234.2000 TAKING OTTER.

Subpart 1. **Open season for otter in North Zone.** Otter may be taken by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 26 to the Sunday nearest January 6.

- Subp. 2. Open season and area for otter in South Zone. Otter may be taken by trapping from 9:00 a.m. on the Saturday nearest October 30 to the Sunday nearest January 6 only in that portion of the zone lying north of Interstate Highway 94 beginning at the west boundary of the state; thence along Interstate Highway 94 to U.S. Highway 10; and thence along U.S. Highway 10 to the east boundary of the state.
- Subp. 3. **Bag limits.** A person may not take more than four otter per season, or possess more than four otter at a time, except that a person may possess additional pelts that the person lawfully took, tagged, and registered during previous seasons.
- Subp. 4. **Tagging otter.** Each otter or pelt must be tagged by the person taking it at the time and place where taken with a locking possession tag issued by the state. These tags must be obtained according to the procedure provided by part 6234.2600. Tags will not be issued to a person under five years of age. Tags must be fastened to otter or their pelts in the manner provided by part 6234.2600. Pelts are subject to the provisions of part 6234.2600.

Statutory Authority: *MS s 97B.921* **History:** *18 SR 83; 20 SR 2287*

6234.2100 SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR TAKING BEAVER AND OTTER.

Subpart 1. **Setting of traps.** Traps of any kind may not be set inside a beaver house or above the water line on the outside of a beaver house.

- Subp. 2. **Damage to beaver house or dam.** A person may not damage a beaver house or dam.
- Subp. 3. Use of snowmobiles and all-terrain vehicles. Snowmobiles and all-terrain vehicles may be used statewide to transport or check beaver or otter traps and to transport beaver or otter carcasses.
- Subp. 4. **Taking in wildlife management areas.** Beaver and otter may be taken by licensed trappers in wildlife management areas by permit issued by the appropriate state wildlife manager.
- Subp. 5. Taking in federal waterfowl production areas. Waterfowl production areas are open to the trapping of beaver and otter during established seasons.
- Subp. 6. Taking in national wildlife refuges. Within the Agassiz, Minnesota Valley, Rice Lake, Sherburne, Tamarac, and Upper Mississippi National Wildlife Refuges, beaver may be taken by licensed trappers by permit issued by the appropriate refuge manager. All other national wildlife refuges are closed to beaver trapping. All national wildlife refuges are closed to otter trapping.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.921; 97B.925; 97B.935

History: 18 SR 83

USE OF TRAPS

6234.2200 USE OF TRAPS.

- Subpart 1. **Trap-tending hours and use of lights.** Trap-tending hours and use of lights are regulated as provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 97B.931.
- Subp. 2. Trap—tending interval; nondrowning sets. Any trap, except a body—gripping or "conibear" type trap, capable of capturing a protected wild animal and not capable of drowning the animal must be tended at least once each calendar day and any animal captured must be removed from the trap. A body—gripping or "conibear" type trap need not be tended more frequently than once every third calendar day and any animal captured must be removed from the trap.
- Subp. 3. Trap—tending interval; drowning sets. Except for traps set under the ice, any trap capable of drowning the captured animal must be tended at least once each third calendar day and any animal captured must be removed from the trap.
- Subp. 4. Exposed bait. A person may not set or maintain any leghold trap within 20 feet of bait located in such a manner that it may be seen by soaring birds.
- Subp. 5. Size restriction on body—gripping traps. A person may not set, place, or operate, except as a waterset, any body—gripping or "conibear" type trap that has a maximum jaw opening, when set, of greater than 7–1/2 inches measured from the inside edges of the body—gripping portions of the jaws.
- Subp. 6. Size restriction on leghold traps. A person may not set, place, or operate any leghold trap that has a maximum jaw opening, when set, of greater than 8–3/4 inches measured from the inside edges of the jaws.
- Subp. 7. **Placement of body—gripping traps.** A person may not set, place, or operate in or within three feet of a culvert, except as a completely submerged waterset, any body—gripping or "conibear" type trap that has a maximum jaw opening, when set, of greater than 6–1/2 inches measured from the inside edges of the body—gripping portions of the jaws.
 - Subp. 8. [Repealed, 22 SR 292]
- Subp. 9. **Preemption of trapping site.** Prior to the opening of the trapping season for any protected species of wild animal, no trap, either set or unset, may be placed or staked and no flag, stake, or other device may be placed for the purpose of marking or preempting a trapping site.
- Subp. 10. Removal of traps. A trap placed for a protected wild animal may not be left in place, either set or unset, after the close of the applicable trapping season.
 - Subp. 11. [Repealed, 22 SR 292]E
- Subp. 12. Authorized agent. A trapper may authorize, in writing, an agent who possesses all necessary licenses to check, pick up, and reset, at the same site, traps set by the trapper. Authorized agents may remove trapped animals and, if the animal removed from the trap is required to be tagged as provided by part 6234.2600, must affix their own tag to the animal as prescribed.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.605; 97B.611; 97B.615; 97B.621; 97B.625; 97B.631; 97B.911; 97B.915; 97B.921; 97B.925

History: 18 SR 83; 20 SR 2287; 22 SR 292

USE OF SNARES

6234.2300 GENERAL RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF SNARES.

Subpart 1. **Regulation of snares as traps.** Unless otherwise specified, snares may be used for taking all species of protected wild animals that may be taken by the use of traps. The use of snares is subject to all rules for the use of traps that are consistent with parts 6234.2300 to 6234.2500.

Subp. 2. Snaring fox. Snares may not be used for taking fox in the Farmland Furbearer Zone. Snares may be used for taking fox in the Forest Furbearer Zone by permit issued by a conservation officer. Permits are effective during the regular fox trapping season and are valid until revoked.

Subp. 3. Snaring bobcat and lynx. Bobcat and lynx may not be taken by the use of snares.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.045; 97B.605; 97B.911; 97B.915; 97B.921; 97B.925

History: 18 SR 83

6234.2400 SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF SNARES.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** The provisions of parts 6234.2300 to 6234.2500 apply to the use of snares capable of taking a wild animal protected under provisions of Minnesota Statutes, sections 97B.601 to 97B.671 or 97B.901 to 97B.945.

- Subp. 2. Watersets in Farmland Zone. In the Farmland Furbearer Zone, a person may not set, place, or operate any snare except as a waterset.
- Subp. 3. Snaring in culverts. A person may not set, place, or operate a snare in a culvert, except as a completely submerged waterset.
- Subp. 4. **Removal of snares.** A snare set for a protected mammal may not be left in place after the close of the applicable trapping season.
- Subp. 5. Prohibition on snares placed in deer trails. Snares may not be set in deer trails.
- Subp. 6. Use of spring poles. Snares may not be used with spring poles or other devices where an animal caught in the snare will be wholly or partly lifted from the ground.
- Subp. 7. **Snare height.** A snare may not be set so that the top of the loop is more than 16 inches above the ground or, when the ground is snow—covered, more than 16 inches above the bottom of a person's footprint made in the snow beneath the snare with full body weight on the foot.
 - Subp. 8. Snare loop diameter. The diameter of a snare loop may not exceed ten inches.
- Subp. 9. Snare cable diameter. Snare cable or wire may not exceed one-eighth inch in diameter.
- Subp. 10. **Tending snares.** All snares not capable of drowning the captured animal must be tended at least once each calendar day and any animal captured must be removed from the snare.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.605; 97B.911; 97B.915; 97B.921; 97B.925

History: 18 SR 83

6234.2500 USE OF SNARES BY PREDATOR CONTROLLERS.

Certified predator controllers may use snares statewide at any time while conducting predator control authorized by the commissioner as provided by this chapter.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.671

History: 18 SR 83

TAGGING AND REGISTRATION OF PELTS

6234.2600 PELT TAGGING AND REGISTRATION.

Subpart 1. Possession tag application. Possession tags may be obtained as provided in items A to E.

- A. Application for fisher, otter, or pine marten possession tags must be made on forms provided by the commissioner. Persons who have reached their 13th birthday by the Friday nearest October 29 may not apply for possession tags without first purchasing a valid trapping license. Persons who have not yet reached their 13th birthday by the Friday nearest October 29 may apply for possession tags by supplying their birth date in place of trapping license number, except that no possession tags will be issued to persons born less than five years prior to the application deadline.
- B. A person may not submit more than one application for a legal allotment of fisher, otter, and pine marten possession tags. Any application that is not completed in accordance with the instructions on the application will be rejected.

- C. Completed applications must be submitted to a county auditor or mailed or delivered to the License Bureau.
 - D. The application deadline is the Friday nearest October 29.
- E. The applicant's portion of the possession tag application will be completed and returned to the applicant. This portion is a part of the trapper's license to take fisher, otter, and pine marten and must be in the trapper's possession while taking or transporting these species.
- Subp. 2. **Possession tagging.** Any possession tag or seal required to be affixed to a pelt at the time and place where taken must be fastened through the mouth and one eye opening in such a way that it cannot be removed without breaking the lock. Furbearer tags are not transferable.
- Subp. 3. **Registration of pelts.** The pelt of each bobcat, fisher, pine marten, and otter and the whole carcass of each bobcat must be presented, by the person taking it, to a conservation officer for registration before the pelt is sold and before the pelt is transported out of the state, but in no event more than 48 hours after the season closes for each species, respectively. The entire carcass of bobcat and the entire head of pine marten must be surrendered to the conservation officer. The pelt of bobcat, otter, fisher, and pine marten must have been removed from the carcass.
- Subp. 4. **Prohibition on tagging animals not personally taken.** A person may not affix any tag or seal to the pelt or carcass of any animal that the person did not take or is not authorized to take.
- Subp. 5. Requirement for tags and seals to remain affixed. Possession and registration tags or seals must remain affixed to the raw pelt until the pelt is tanned or mounted.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.605; 97B.625; 97B.635; 97B.901; 97B.911; 97B.915; 97B.921; 97B.925

History: 18 SR 83; 19 SR 2222; 20 SR 2287; 22 SR 292

SPECIAL FURBEARER RESTRICTIONS

6234.2700 SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS ON TAKING AND POSSESSION OF FURBEARERS.

The restrictions in items A and B apply to the possession and transportation of accidental captures.

- A. A person may not possess or transport a fisher, otter, pine marten, fox, bobcat, lynx, or timber wolf that was accidentally killed or was lawfully killed while causing or threatening injury or damage until the person notifies the local conservation officer, other authorized department employee, or regional enforcement office, of the killing and receives authorization to possess, transport, or skin the animal.
- B. A person may possess or transport mink, muskrat, beaver, badger, opossum, or raccoon accidentally killed or lawfully killed while causing or threatening injury or damage, only if the local conservation officer or other authorized employee of the department is notified within 24 hours of such killing and before any skinning has begun.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.605; 97B.911; 97B.915; 97B.921; 97B.925

History: 18 SR 83

6234.2800 PAYMENT OF PELTING FEES.

If a person recovers, treats, preserves, or transports the pelt of any fur—bearing animal that was accidentally killed, or lawfully killed while causing or threatening injury or damage, the person may be entitled to a pelting fee equal to 50 percent of the average value of a pelt in the lot of fur in which the pelt was sold or 50 percent of the proceeds of the sale of the pelt if not sold in a lot of fur. A pelting fee will not be paid on muskrats.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.055; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484; 20 SR 2287

6234.2900 PELTING FEE RESTRICTIONS.

The provisions in items A and B apply to the payment of pelting fees.

- A. A person must provide the pelt and carcass to the commissioner at the earliest opportunity.
- B. Claims for pelting fees must be submitted on forms provided by the commissioner. Claims will not be paid until the commissioner has certified that the claimant has used due care in recovering, treating, preserving, and transporting the pelt to maintain its value.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.055; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484

PREDATOR CONTROL

6234,3000 CERTIFICATION FOR PREDATOR CONTROL.

Subpart 1. Certification required. A person may not participate in the predator control program unless the person is certified.

- Subp. 2. Application process. Application for certification as a predator controller may be made on forms provided by the commissioner to a conservation officer in the applicant's county of residence on forms provided by the commissioner. The application shall include a summary of the applicant's experience and skill as a trapper or hunter.
- Subp. 3. **Predator controller qualification requirements.** A person will not be certified unless the person completes all information requested on the application and meets the following qualifications:
- A. for three years prior to the date of application, the person must not have been convicted of a violation of Minnesota Statutes, sections 97B.601 to 97B.901 to 97B.951, or a rule of the commissioner relating to furbearing animals; and
- B. the person must either demonstrate or attest to the person's skill in hunting or trapping, including the ability to distinguish signs, tracks, and trails of predators.
- Subp. 4. **Revocation of certification.** A certificate may be revoked if the controller is inactive in the program for 24 consecutive months.
- Subp. 5. **Inactivity in predator control program.** A certificate may be revoked if the controller is inactive in the program for two consecutive years.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.671; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484; 19 SR 2222

6234.3100 DESIGNATED CONTROL AREAS AND DATES OF OPERATION.

Subpart 1. **Reporting of damage.** Predator damage must be reported to a conservation officer on forms provided by the commissioner.

- Subp. 2. **Designation of corrective action.** If it is determined that corrective action in an area is necessary, a directive will be issued designating:
- A. the predator control area. The open area may not exceed a one—mile radius surrounding the damage site for coyotes and a one—half mile radius for fox;
 - B. the species of predators to be taken:
 - C. the allowable methods of control; and
- D. the effective dates. Between October 1 and the last day of February no areas may be open for predator control for more than 30 days. All control activities must cease at the expiration of the date specified in the directive. If an earlier date is not specified, all open areas close on October 1.
- Subp. 3. **Notification of eligible predator controllers.** When a predator control area has been opened, all certified predator controllers within 20 road miles of the control site will be notified. Additional predator controllers, more than 20 road miles from the control site, may be notified if necessary to abate the damage.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.671; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484; 19 SR 2222

6234.3200 USE OF SNARES FOR PREDATOR CONTROL.

Certified predator controllers may use snares statewide at any time when participating in the predator control program.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.671; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484

6234,3300 PROHIBITED METHODS OF PREDATOR CONTROL.

Subpart 1. Motor vehicles. Predators may not be taken from motor vehicles, airplanes, or snowmobiles.

Subp. 2. Poison. Poison may not be used in taking predators.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.671; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484

6234.3400 COMPENSATION FOR PREDATOR CONTROL.

Subpart 1. **Presentation of carcass.** A predator controller must, within 48 hours, present the entire unskinned carcass of each predator to the conservation officer in the county where taken. The conservation officer must remove the front feet and the ears from the unskinned carcass. The remaining carcass is the property of the predator controller and must be immediately removed.

- Subp. 2. **Identification of sites and methods.** Controllers must, upon request, specifically identify the method used to take the predator and the site where each predator for which payment is claimed was taken.
- Subp. 3. **Payment schedule.** The payments in items A and B will be made for predators taken according to this part.
 - A. For predators taken from March 1 through September 30:
 - (1) coyote (Brush Wolf), \$45; and
 - (2) fox, \$15.
 - B. For predators taken from October 1 through the last day in February:
 - (1) coyote (brush wolf), \$30; and
 - (2) fox, \$10.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97B.671; and others at 19 SR 6

History: 19 SR 484; 19 SR 2222

TAKE A KID HUNTING

6234.3500 TAKE A KID HUNTING.

Take A Kid Hunting Weekend, as provided by Minnesota Statutes, section 97A 445, is the weekend beginning on the Saturday nearest September 23.

Statutory Authority: MS s 97A.445

History: 18 SR 83