

**CHAPTER 1719**  
**BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH**  
**ANIMAL CARCASSES**

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**1719.0100 DEFINITIONS.**

Subpart 1. **Scope.** The definitions in this part apply to this chapter.

Subp. 2. **Animal food processing.** "Animal food processing" means the procedure in which carcasses or discarded animal parts are denatured or decharacterized for use as pet or mink food and offered for sale.

Subp. 3. **Board.** "Board" means the Board of Animal Health.

Subp. 4. **Carcass.** "Carcass" shall mean the body or any part thereof of any domestic animal or fowl that has died or has been killed otherwise than by being slaughtered for human or animal consumption. The term "domestic animal" does not include any species of domestic animal which in common practice is maintained in the home of the owner whether or not the particular domestic animal was so housed at any time prior to its death.

Subp. 5. **Collecting station.** "Collecting station" shall mean an establishment maintained and operated by a rendering plant to which a permit for the transportation of carcasses has been issued, where carcasses may be unloaded from trucks operating under permit, for temporary keeping. Such carcasses shall be reloaded only in trucks operated by the same plant which maintains and operates the collecting station.

Subp. 6. **Composting.** "Composting" means the controlled microbial degradation of organic material by thermophilic organisms to yield a stable humus with little odor.

Subp. 7. **Establishment.** "Establishment" means a place where carcasses or discarded animal parts are rendered or processed for mink or pet food or for other commercial uses.

Subp. 8. **Mink ranch.** "Mink ranch" shall mean a premises equipped and operated for the purpose of raising mink on which no other domestic animals are raised in conjunction with or proximal to the mink operation unless kept completely apart and separate from the mink so no intermingling of other domestic animals with mink nor access by other domestic animals to mink food can exist.

Subp. 9. **Mink rancher.** "Mink rancher" shall mean an owner or operator of a mink ranch.

Subp. 10. **Poultry.** "Poultry" means turkeys, chickens, and other domesticated fowl.

Subp. 11. **Rendering.** "Rendering" shall mean the processing of carcasses, fish, poultry, and parts thereof, including scraps and grease, by cooking under steam pressure. It shall include the skinning and dismembering of carcasses.

Subp. 12. **Rendering plant.** "Rendering plant" shall mean an establishment where rendering is conducted and shall include the rooms or buildings where skinning and dismembering of carcasses is conducted, the tanks in which carcasses are cooked, the rooms or buildings used for storage of hides or tankage or other products from such processing, and the adjacent area utilized in the operation of collecting, hauling, skinning, dismembering, and cooking carcasses, and the packaging, storing, and loading the finished product of the rendering operation, and the area used for the disposal of waste material unsuitable for rendering, and the liquid waste disposal facilities of such plant.

Subp. 13. **Truck.** "Truck" shall mean and include all vehicles or conveyances used for the transportation of carcasses and fish or other renderable parts or by-products thereof.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### 1719.0200 PERMITS.

Subpart 1. **Rendering plant.** A rendering plant permit may be issued by the board to the owner or operator of a rendering plant upon submission of an application for a permit on a form furnished by the board. The application shall include: name of rendering plant and location by city, village or township, and county; description of each truck to be used in the transportation of carcasses, including the license number and truck body number (see part 1720.0110); location of each collecting station, if any, by city, village or township, and county; signature of owner or operator of the rendering plant or authorized agent.

Subp. 2. **Pet animal or mink food processing plant.** The Minnesota Board of Animal Health may issue a permit to owners or operators of pet animal food processing plants or mink food processing plants to transport the carcasses of domestic animals that have died or have been killed, otherwise than by being slaughtered for human consumption, over the public highways to their plant for processing into pet animal food or mink food upon receipt of a properly executed application form furnished by the board.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1279; 17 SR 1357*

#### 1719.0300 PERMITS REQUIRED.

Subpart 1. **Permits to mink ranchers.** Permits may be issued to mink ranchers to pick up individual carcasses when a veterinarian, after examination, certifies to the board that to the best of the veterinarian's knowledge and belief the animal was not affected with any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease. Such certification shall be made on forms furnished by the board. Such permits shall contain sufficient information to identify the carcass or carcasses for which the permit is granted and the mink rancher to whom it is issued. The permit shall authorize the permittee to transport the specific carcass or carcasses from the premises where the animal died over public highways directly to the mink ranch operated by the permittee, but not across state lines. The board may refuse to issue such permit if the mink rancher making application therefor has in the past failed to comply with provisions of a special permit or these rules.

Subp. 2. **Validity of permits.** Permits shall be valid for one year from date of issue unless revoked in accordance with parts 1720.0510 to 1720.0530.

Subp. 3. **Permitted vehicles meeting applicable requirements.** Only permitted vehicles meeting the applicable requirements in parts 1720.0010 to 1720.0310 may be used for transporting carcasses received or picked up from livestock owners and carcasses, carcass parts, or other material transported to and from rendering plants, pet animal food processing plants, and mink food processing plants operating under permit from the Minnesota Board of Animal Health.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1279; 17 SR 1357*

#### 1719.0400 TRUCK OWNED BY PERSON OTHER THAN OWNER OR OPERATOR OF RENDERING PLANT.

If the application lists a truck owned by some person other than the owner or operator of the rendering plant, said owner or operator of the rendering plant shall be responsible for

compliance with all laws and regulations pertaining to the transportation of carcasses by the owner or operator of the truck listed. The application shall indicate the name and address of the owner of the truck, and the application shall be accompanied by a copy of a contract between the owner or operator of the rendering plant and the owner or operator of the truck.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.0500 INSPECTION OF PLANT FACILITIES AND TRUCKS.**

Subpart 1. **Inspection and report.** Before permits are issued, an inspection of the plant, collecting station, and trucks listed on the application shall be made by an agent of the board to determine if the facilities of the plant and the trucks meet the requirements set forth below. A report of said inspection shall be filed with the board.

Subp. 2. **Sanitation standards and procedures.** The facilities and vehicles must be inspected by an agent of the Minnesota Board of Animal Health, and sanitation standards and procedures for hauling and processing carcasses into inedible meat be in compliance with the requirements set forth in these rules before a permit can be issued.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.0700 CARCASS OF ANIMAL WHICH HAS DIED FROM ANTHRAX OR RABIES.**

Permits shall not allow the removal, transportation, or rendering of any carcass of an animal which has died from anthrax or rabies. When circumstances exist which do not reasonably allow the proper disposal of a carcass of an animal which has died from rabies or is suspected to have died from rabies, such carcasses may be transported by a qualified rendering truck directly to a rendering plant for special handling under the direct supervision of a veterinarian.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.0800 REMOVAL, TRANSPORTATION, OR PROCESSING OF CERTAIN CARCASSES.**

Permits shall not allow the removal, transportation, or processing of a carcass of any animal which knowingly has died from anthrax, rabies, or highly toxic materials, or which is decomposed.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.1000 ENDANGERING HEALTH OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS OF STATE.**

Whenever the board shall determine that the removal, transportation, or rendering of a carcass of an animal or fowl which has died or has been killed on account of some specified disease will endanger the health of the domestic animals of the state, they shall notify all rendering plants holding permits from the board, and thereafter no such plant shall remove, transport, or render the carcass of any animal or fowl which has died from or been killed because affected with or exposed to such disease.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.1200 TRANSPORTATION OF CARCASSES AND OTHER RENDERABLE PRODUCTS.**

Trucks permitted for the transportation of carcasses, other than carcasses destined for mink food under special permit, shall be equipped with a truck body or tank that is watertight and so constructed that no drippings or seepings from such carcasses can escape. The truck body or tank shall have a permanent cover and be completely enclosed. Cover arrangements other than permanent may be used on trucks or trailers in special circumstances such as hauling carcasses from collecting stations directly to the main plant provided it passes inspection

as being completely enclosed and prior approval is received from the board or its agent before it is used. The tailgate shall completely enclose the rear openings of the truck. Trucks used for hauling renderable products other than carcasses shall be adequately constructed to prevent dripping and equipped with a cover to prevent the transported product against undue exposure to the outside.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.1300 HAULING CARCASSES FOR MINK FOOD.**

Persons hauling carcasses destined for mink food under special permit shall keep such carcasses completely covered while transporting same over any public road.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.1400 HAULING CARCASSES FOR MEDICAL OR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES.**

Persons hauling carcasses for medical or scientific purposes shall do so in leakproof containers designed to prevent spillage or the dripping of liquid waste.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.1500 TRUCK BODY NUMBER.**

Each truck used for the transportation of carcasses shall be assigned a number by the rendering plant. This number shall be known as the "body number." Both the number of the permit issued the rendering plant and the body number of the truck shall be printed in a conspicuous place and manner on the left side of the truck bed or body in figures at least four inches high. No numbers are required on trucks hauling renderable parts, by-products, or fish other than carcasses, nor on trucks used to haul carcasses destined for mink food under special permit.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.1700 CLEANING AND DISINFECTION.**

Whenever a truck or person in charge thereof or the person's agent has been upon premises for the purpose of removing a carcass, and before such truck can be taken upon a public highway or upon other premises, the wheels of such truck, and the shoes or boots of persons which have been upon such premises, shall be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected with a disinfectant of a prescribed strength approved by the Board of Animal Health. Such cleaning and disinfection shall also be conducted prior to each time the truck or persons in charge thereof leave the premises of the rendering plant.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1279; 17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.1800 INSECTICIDE.**

Upon leaving any premises and prior to closing the permanent cover, a sufficient amount of insecticide shall be discharged into the truck body and cab to destroy and prevent accumulated flies from escaping at the next stop during the time from May 1 through September 30.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.1900 REMOVAL OF CARCASSES.**

No carcasses shall be removed from the truck except at the rendering plant of final disposal or at collecting stations as provided in parts 1720.0160 to 1720.0190. All carcasses shall be unloaded within enclosures or a building provided therefor.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

**1719.2000 VEHICLE CLEANING AND DISINFECTION.**

Subpart 1. **Use of vehicle for other purposes.** No vehicle used for the transportation of carcasses or other renderable products shall be used for any other purpose until thoroughly cleaned and disinfected. Any unrenderable article or thing which may be transported with a carcass or parts thereof shall be unloaded only at the rendering plant and be there disposed of by burning or burying, except metal containers which shall be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected before leaving the rendering plant.

Subp. 2. **Washing and disinfection of trucks.** Provision shall be made for washing and disinfection of trucks at the time carcasses are unloaded at collecting stations.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

**1719.2100 CARCASSES UNLOADED AT COLLECTING STATION.**

Carcasses unloaded at a collecting station shall be unloaded within enclosures or a building provided therefor. No such carcass shall be allowed to remain in the collecting station for a period longer than 24 hours before reloading into another permitted truck operated by the same rendering plant for transportation directly to such plant.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

**1719.2200 BUILDING REQUIREMENTS.**

Subpart 1. **Collecting stations.** No permit shall be issued to the owner of a rendering plant for the operation of a collecting station unless the station includes a building or buildings adapted to the purpose intended, provided with concrete floors with good drainage, and so constructed that it may be maintained in a sanitary condition. There shall be provision to prevent entrance to said building of rodents or other animals. All windows, doors, and other openings shall be properly screened unless a program for insect extermination satisfactory to the board is followed in such buildings and on the premises where such buildings are located.

Subp. 2. **Rendering plant.** No permit shall be issued to the owner of a rendering plant unless the plant includes a building or buildings adapted to the purpose intended, provided with concrete floors, and provided with good drainage, and so constructed that it may be maintained in a sanitary condition. There shall be provision to prevent entrance to said buildings of any rodents or other animals. All windows, doors, and other openings shall be properly screened unless a program for insect extermination satisfactory to the board is followed in such buildings and on such premises.

Subp. 3. **Plant requirements.** A plant shall be a structurally enclosed building with adequate ventilation, and constructed so it can be maintained at all times in a sanitary condition.

Subp. 4. **Gutters and drains.** Provide adequate gutters and drains with approved traps and vents. Floor washings, liquid waste, and sewage shall be disposed of through facilities which conform to the standards of the Department of Health and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency.

Subp. 5. **Structural parts of building or buildings.** Floors, walls, ceilings, posts, doors, and other structural parts of the building or buildings shall be of impervious materials or protected with impervious materials.

Subp. 6. **Insect-vermin extermination program.**

All windows, doors, and other openings shall be screened or constructed to prevent, as far as is practical, entry of mice, rats, flies, and other animals or insects. Management shall establish and maintain a routine insect-vermin extermination program.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

**1719.2300 RENDERING CARCASSES.**

All skinning and dismembering of carcasses shall be done in buildings properly constructed and provided therefor. The cooking vats shall be airtight except for proper escapes or vents for the live steam used in cooking. All such vents shall be furnished with ade-

quate closing facilities and necessary steam valve gauges to ensure that cooking shall be at the required steam pressure. All carcasses and parts thereof shall be disposed of by subjecting them to a recognized cooking and rendering procedure in vats or tanks under steam pressure.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.2400 FLOORS, WALLS, AND WATER.**

Subpart 1. **Floors and walls of collecting station.** Floors and walls of the collecting station shall be thoroughly flushed or scrubbed immediately upon removal of all carcasses and at least once daily while the collecting station is in operation, with live steam or boiling water. All floor washings and other liquid waste or accumulation of water shall be disposed of through proper disposal facilities which conform to the regulations of the Department of Health and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency.

Subp. 2. **Floors and walls.** Floors and walls of the plant shall be thoroughly flushed or scrubbed daily with live steam or boiling water when the plant is in operation. All floor washings and other liquid waste or accumulation of water from washing the viscera shall be disposed of through proper disposal facilities which conform to the rules of the Department of Health and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency.

Subp. 3. **Water.** The water shall be ample, potable, and approved. Install equipment to provide hot water, temperature 185 degrees Fahrenheit, or steam to all areas of the plant.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.2500 OFFICIAL OR ALTERNATE VETERINARIAN.**

Subpart 1. **Official veterinarian.** The plant management shall employ or engage the services of an accredited licensed veterinarian for the purpose of inspecting carcasses and supervising plant sanitation. The veterinarian selected may designate, with plant manager approval, an alternate veterinarian to perform this service in his or her absence. The veterinarian and alternate, if any, shall be named on the permit application. The veterinarian and alternate veterinarian shall be authorized by the Minnesota Board of Animal Health to act as official veterinarian.

Subp. 2. **Compensation for official or alternate veterinarian.** All compensation for services rendered by the official or alternate veterinarian shall be paid by the processing plant management.

Subp. 3. **Plant management failure to carry out sanitary procedures.** The official veterinarian shall report to the board any failure on the part of plant management to carry out sanitary procedures set forth in these rules.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1279; 17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.2600 INSPECTION BY VETERINARIAN.**

Carcasses presented to the veterinarian for inspection shall have the lungs, heart, liver, and kidneys attached. Prior to inspection, such carcasses shall be held in a chill room at a temperature of 40 to 45 degrees Fahrenheit to prevent decomposition.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### **1719.2700 CONDEMNED CARCASSES.**

Carcasses which show evidence of a dangerous communicable disease, decomposition, or any toxic material shall be declared unfit for processing into pet animal or mink food. Such carcasses shall be identified as condemned by slashing and denaturing with a material approved by the board. Condemned carcasses shall be held in a room or area separate from the processing area and removed from the plant within a reasonable time for processing by rendering only. Condemned carcasses or parts thereof shall be transported in permitted vehicles only.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

**1719.2800 REQUIREMENTS FOR PROCESSING, STORAGE, AND TRANSPORTATION.**

Subpart 1. **Carcasses passed for use in pet animal and mink food.** Carcasses passed for use in pet animal and mink food shall be identified, cut up, decharacterized, packaged, weighed, labeled, stored, and transported in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 9, chapter III, section 325.11 (1974).

Subp. 2. **Transportation.** A permit from the Minnesota Board of Animal Health must be obtained by all establishments or persons transporting decharacterized inedible meat or carcass parts within or out of the state of Minnesota. Permits are issued on an annual basis.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

**1719.2900 SANITATION.**

Subpart 1. **Processing.** All processing of animal carcasses into pet animal or mink food shall be accomplished in a plant maintained in a sanitary condition.

Subp. 2. **Cleaning processing area and equipment.** The entire processing area and equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned by hot water, 185 degrees Fahrenheit, or steam at the end of each working day.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

**1719.3000 RECORDS.**

All plants operating under a permit to process carcasses into pet animal and mink food shall keep the following records and make them available at all reasonable times to any agent of the Minnesota Board of Animal Health upon request: the name and address of the owner and the date an animal carcass was picked up and received for inspection and processing; inventory of number of cartons of inedible meat and carcass parts and the weight of the carton processed each day; running inventory of the number of cartons of inedible meat and carcass parts and weight of each carton stored and transported.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

**1719.3100 SANITATION GUIDELINES.**

Every attempt should be made to comply with the following sanitation guidelines which are designed to decrease bacterial contamination of the plant and the finished product:

A. Raw material room, processing room, and finished product room should be divided into completely separate areas by solid walls and ceilings.

B. Control work pattern of employees from one work area to another or supply equipment and space for scrubbing footwear, changing clothes, and washing hands between such work areas.

C. Avoid the transfer of equipment, tools, mechanical loaders, or scrapers, particularly from the raw material or processing area to the storage and blending areas.

D. Maintain a constant and active rodent, bird, and insect control program especially in areas where the finished product is stored.

E. Exclude visitors or provide good security measures such as disposable or washable footwear, and conduct tour from finished product to raw material area.

F. Avoid excess production, accumulation, and distribution of dust in the grinding area. Cover conveyor belts and whirling machinery to keep air movement at a minimum. Dust that settles on beams, shelves, window sills, and equipment should be removed by vacuuming.

G. Reprocess all spillage through the cookers.

H. Conduct a thorough daily cleanup of floors and equipment. Avoid the accumulation of pools of water. Keep floor and equipment as dry as possible.

I. Make adequate washing, showering, and dressing facilities available to all employees.

J. Cooperate with the salmonella monitoring system carried out by field veterinarians employed by the Minnesota Board of Animal Health and the Animal Health Division, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### 1719.3250 OFFAL PITS AND DEPOSITORIES.

Subpart 1. **Procedures; restrictions.** Stomach and intestinal contents from carcasses to be rendered, if not cooked with the carcass, or not washed into disposal facilities with other liquid waste, shall be deposited in a pit or depository provided therefor, and shall be allowed to remain in such pit or depository for at least three months. At the end of the three month period, such offal shall be buried or removed and spread on fields to which no domestic animals have access. No parts of carcasses other than stomach and intestinal contents shall be deposited in offal pits or depositories.

Subp. 2. **Location.** Pits or depositories shall not be located near any river, stream, lake, pond, or well, or any gulch or draw which is the source of any stream or drain, or on ground which may be flooded by the overflow water of any river, stream, lake, or pond.

Subp. 3. **Disposal of accumulated fluid.** Facilities shall be provided to drain any accumulation of fluid from pits or depositories directly into the waste disposal facilities as provided in part 1720.0220, excepting where pits are used, and provided such pits are so located that all fluids are absorbed by the underlying soil.

Subp. 4. **Construction.** Pits and depositories shall be so constructed that no dogs or other animals can gain access to the offal deposited therein.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03; 35.15*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### 1719.4000 COMPOSTING.

Subpart 1. **Species allowed.** Composting is allowed for poultry only, if parts 1719.0100 to 1719.4600 are followed. The board may authorize on an experimental or permit basis other species to be composted or alternative methods to be used.

Subp. 2. **Site selection.** In choosing a site for the construction of a facility, consideration must be given to prevailing winds and public view. Pollution Control Agency rules also apply to site selection.

Subp. 3. **Compost facility.** A composting facility must:

A. be built on an impervious, weightbearing pad that is large enough to allow the equipment to maneuver;

B. be covered with a roof to prevent excessive moisture on the composting material;

C. be built of rot-resistant material that is strong enough to withstand the force exerted by the equipment; and

D. be large enough to handle each day's normal mortality through the endpoint of the composting and that consists of a minimum of two heat cycles.

Pollution Control Agency and Department of Agriculture rules also govern the handling or storage of the manure and composted material.

Subp. 4. **Composting process.** The composting process must utilize at least the steps in items A to D.

A. Mortality must be processed daily.

B. A base of litter is required. The dead birds and litter plus bulking agent are added in layers so that the carbon to nitrogen ratio is in the range of 15:1 to 35:1 (optimal 23:1).

C. The dead birds must be kept six inches from the edges and sealed with litter each day.

D. The temperature must be taken and recorded on site daily. The compost temperature must reach a minimum of 130 degrees Fahrenheit. Approximately seven to ten days are needed in each heat cycle to process the carcasses and kill the pathogens. The temperature



drop indicates the time to mix and move the compost. A minimum of two heat cycles is required.

Subp. 5. **Protocol.** The owner of the compost facility shall have a written protocol for the operation containing at least the minimum steps in subpart 4 and shall instruct and be responsible for all employees to follow the protocol.

Subp. 6. **Pest control.** Flies, rodents, and vermin must be controlled so as not to be a health hazard to human or animal populations.

Subp. 7. **Transportation of dead birds.** Dead birds may be transported over public roads only in vehicles or containers that are leakproof and covered. The vehicles must be inspected by and have permits from the board.

Subp. 8. **Consulting and guidelines.** Best management practices, as recommended by the Cooperative Extension Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, are available to assist in the construction and operation of a compost facility and in the utilization of the end product.

Subp. 9. **Finished product.** The finished product must not contain visible pieces of soft tissue and must be handled, stored, and used according to Pollution Control Agency and Department of Agriculture rules.

Subp. 10. **Emergency and commercial composting.** The board shall authorize other composting processes for emergency, commercial, and other applications if a satisfactory protocol has been developed.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### 1719.4100 INSPECTION.

Representatives of the board may inspect an establishment, fur farm, or composting facility, and may review the operation protocol at any reasonable time.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### 1719.4300 REVOCATION OF OR REFUSAL TO ISSUE A PERMIT.

The board shall refuse to issue or shall revoke a permit under this chapter if the plant or trucks are operated in such an unsanitary manner as to endanger the health of domestic animals and fowl of this state or any other state, or if there is a serious or dangerous violation of Minnesota Statutes, section 35.82, or a rule adopted by the board under that statute.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### 1719.4400 NOTICE OF REFUSAL TO ISSUE PERMIT.

A notice of refusal to issue a permit must be in writing stating the reasons for the refusal and must be served personally or mailed by certified letter to the applicant.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### 1719.4500 NOTICE OF REVOCATION OF PERMIT.

A notice of revocation of permit must be in writing stating reasons for the revocation and must be effective not less than 30 days after service or mailing unless, in the judgment of the board, the health of domestic animals or fowl is endangered, in which case the revocation may be effective upon receipt by the permittee. The notice must be served personally or mailed by certified letter to the permittee at the permittee's last known address.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*

#### 1719.4600 APPEALS.

Any owner or operator may appeal a refusal of the board to issue a permit or a permit revocation. A notice of appeal must be filed with the board within 30 days of receipt of the

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notice of refusal to issue a permit or of a revocation. The board shall then promptly set a date for a hearing before a majority of the board or before a hearing officer appointed for that purpose. An appeal does not stay a revocation. The appealing party must be promptly notified in writing of the date set for the hearing. The hearing must be conducted in the manner provided by Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14.

**Statutory Authority:** *MS s 35.03*

**History:** *17 SR 1357*