See HF5247

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

S.F. No. 4942

(SENATE AUTH	IORS: FREN	NTZ, Putnam and Klein)		
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS		
03/13/2024	12195	Introduction and first reading		
		Referred to State and Local Government and Veterans		
04/11/2024	13655	Withdrawn and re-referred to Energy, Utilities, Environment, and Climate		
04/18/2024		Comm report: To pass as amended and re-refer to Finance		
04/24/2024	14747a	Comm report: To pass as amended		
	14822	Second reading		
05/06/2024	16325a	Special Order: Amended		
	16348	Third reading Passed		
05/07/2024	16460	Author added Putnam		
05/13/2024	16652	Returned from House with amendment		
	16653	Senate not concur, conference committee of 5 requested		
	16947	Senate conferees Frentz; Klein; Putnam; Xiong; Dahms		
05/15/2024	16950	House conferees Acomb; Stephenson; Vang; Pursell; Kraft		
	16998	Author added Klein		
05/19/2024	18227c	Conference committee report, delete everything		
	18371	Motion to reject CC report, did not prevail		
	18372	Senate adopted CC report and repassed bill		
		Third reading		
	20025	House adopted SCC report and repassed bill		
		Presentment date 05/22/24		
		Governor's action Approval 05/24/24		
	20029			
		Effective date Various dates		

1.1

A bill for an act

relating to state government; amending agriculture policy provisions; establishing 12 and modifying agriculture programs; providing broadband appropriation transfer 1.3 authority; requiring an application for federal broadband aid; establishing a 1.4 supplemental budget for energy, transmission, and renewable energy purposes; 1.5 adding and modifying provisions governing geothermal energy, solar energy, and 1.6 other energy policy; establishing the Minnesota Energy Infrastructure Permitting 1.7 Act; authorizing administrative rulemaking; making technical changes; requiring 1.8 reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 3.7371, 1.9 subdivisions 2, 3, by adding subdivisions; 17.116, subdivision 2; 17.133, 1.10 subdivision 1; 18B.01, by adding a subdivision; 18B.26, subdivision 6; 18B.28, 1.11 by adding a subdivision; 18B.305, subdivision 2; 18B.32, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5; 1.12 18B.33, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; 18B.34, subdivisions 1, 4; 18B.35, subdivision 1; 1.13 18B.36, subdivisions 1, 2; 18B.37, subdivisions 2, 3; 18C.005, subdivision 33, by 1.14 adding a subdivision; 18C.115, subdivision 2; 18C.215, subdivision 1; 18C.221; 1.15 18C.70, subdivisions 1, 5; 18C.71, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, by adding a subdivision; 1.16 1.17 18C.80, subdivision 2; 18D.301, subdivision 1; 28A.10; 28A.151, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, by adding a subdivision; 28A.21, subdivision 6; 31.74; 31.94; 32D.30; 1.18 41B.039, subdivision 2; 41B.04, subdivision 8; 41B.042, subdivision 4; 41B.043, 1.19 subdivision 1b; 41B.045, subdivision 2; 41B.047, subdivision 1; 103I.621, 1.20 subdivisions 1, 2; 116C.83, subdivision 6; 116J.396, by adding a subdivision; 1.21 216A.037, subdivision 1; 216A.07, subdivision 3; 216B.098, by adding a 1.22 subdivision; 216B.16, subdivisions 6c, 8; 216B.2402, subdivisions 4, 10, by adding 1.23 a subdivision; 216B.2403, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 8; 216B.241, subdivisions 1c, 2, 1.24 11, 12; 216B.2421, subdivision 2; 216B.2425, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a 1.25 subdivision; 216B.2427, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 216B.243, 1.26 subdivisions 3, 3a, 4, 9; 216B.246, subdivision 3; 216C.10; 216C.435, subdivisions 1.27 1.28 3a, 3b, 4, 10, by adding subdivisions; 216C.436, subdivisions 1, 4, 7, 8, 10; 216E.08, subdivision 2; 216E.11; 216E.13; 216E.14; 216E.15; 216E.16; 216E.18, 1.29 subdivision 2a; 232.21, subdivisions 3, 7, 11, 12, 13; Minnesota Statutes 2023 1.30 Supplement, sections 10.65, subdivision 2; 17.055, subdivision 3; 17.133, 1.31 subdivision 3; 17.134, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 17.710; 18C.425, 1.32 subdivision 6; 18K.06; 116C.779, subdivision 1; 116C.7792; 216B.243, subdivision 1.33 8; 216C.08; 216C.09; 216C.331, subdivision 1; 216C.435, subdivision 8; 216C.436, 1.34 subdivisions 1b, 2; 216E.06; 216E.07; 216E.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; Laws 2023, 1.35 chapter 43, article 1, sections 2; 4; article 2, section 142, subdivision 9; Laws 2023, 1.36 chapter 60, article 10, section 2, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in 1.37 Minnesota Statutes, chapters 216C; 216G; 346; proposing coding for new law as 1.38

	SF4942	REVISOR	RSI	S4942-4	4th Engrossment
 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 2.11 2.12 2.13 2.14 2.15 2.16 2.17 2.18 2.19 	 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216I; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 3.7371, subdivision 7; 34.07; 216E.001; 216E.01, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10; 216E.02; 216E.021; 216E.03, subdivisions 2, 3a, 3b, 4, 9; 216E.04, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9; 216E.05, subdivisions 1, 3; 216E.08, subdivisions 1, 4; 216E.18, subdivisions 1, 2; 216F.01; 216F.01; 216F.012; 216F.015; 216F.02; 216F.03; 216F.05; 216F.06; 216F.07; 216F.08; 216F.081; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 216E.01, subdivisions 3a, 6, 9a; 216E.03, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11; 216E.04, subdivision 2; 216E.05, subdivision 2; 216F.04; Minnesota Rules, parts 1506.0010; 1506.0015; 1506.0020; 1506.0025; 1506.0030; 1506.0035; 1506.0040; 7850.1000; 7850.1100; 7850.1200; 7850.2000; 7850.2100; 7850.2000; 7850.2000; 7850.2000; 7850.2000; 7850.2000; 7850.2000; 7850.2000; 7850.2000; 7850.2000; 7850.2000; 7850.2000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.3000; 7850.4000; 7850.4000; 7850.4100; 7850.4200; 7850.4500; 7850.4600; 7850.4700; 7850.4800; 7850.4900; 7850.5000; 7850.4000; 7850.4500; 7850.4000; 7854.1000; 7854.1000; 7854.1200; 7854.1200; 7854.1300; 7854.1400; 7854.1500. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: 				
2.20			ARTICLE 1		
2.21		AGRICULTU	RE APPROPR	IATIONS	
2.22	Section 1. Laws 2023, chapter 43, article 1, section 2, is amended to read:				d:
2.23	Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
2.24 2.25	Subdivision 1. 7	Fotal Appropriation	\$	92,025,000 <u>88,325,000</u> \$	72,223,000 80,243,000
		Fotal Appropriation .ppropriations by Fund	\$, ,	· · ·
2.25 2.26 2.27		ppropriations by Fund 2024	2025	, ,	· · ·
2.25 2.26		ppropriations by Fund		, ,	· · ·
2.252.262.272.28	А	ppropriations by Fund 2024 91,626,000	2025 71,824,000	, ,	· · ·
2.252.262.272.282.29	A General Remediation	ppropriations by Fund 2024 <u>91,626,000</u> <u>87,926,000</u>	2025 71,824,000 <u>79,844,000</u> 399,000	, ,	· · ·
 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 2.29 2.30 	A General Remediation The amounts the	ppropriations by Fund 2024 <u>91,626,000</u> <u>87,926,000</u> 399,000	2025 71,824,000 <u>79,844,000</u> 399,000	, ,	· · ·
 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 2.29 2.30 2.31 	A General Remediation The amounts the	ppropriations by Fund 2024 91,626,000 87,926,000 399,000 at may be spent for each	2025 71,824,000 <u>79,844,000</u> 399,000	, ,	· · ·
 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 2.29 2.30 2.31 2.32 	A General Remediation The amounts tha purpose are spec	ppropriations by Fund 2024 <u>91,626,000</u> <u>87,926,000</u> 399,000 at may be spent for each cified in the following	2025 71,824,000 <u>79,844,000</u> 399,000	, ,	· · ·
 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 2.29 2.30 2.31 2.32 2.33 	A General Remediation The amounts the purpose are spec subdivisions. Subd. 2. Protec	ppropriations by Fund 2024 <u>91,626,000</u> <u>87,926,000</u> 399,000 at may be spent for each cified in the following	2025 71,824,000 <u>79,844,000</u> 399,000	, ,	· · ·
 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 2.29 2.30 2.31 2.32 2.33 2.34 	A General Remediation The amounts the purpose are spec subdivisions. Subd. 2. Protec	ppropriations by Fund 2024 <u>91,626,000</u> <u>87,926,000</u> 399,000 at may be spent for each cified in the following tion Services ppropriations by Fund 2024	2025 71,824,000 <u>79,844,000</u> 399,000	, ,	· · ·
 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 2.29 2.30 2.31 2.32 2.33 2.34 2.35 	A General Remediation The amounts the purpose are spec subdivisions. Subd. 2. Protec	ppropriations by Fund 2024 <u>91,626,000</u> <u>87,926,000</u> 399,000 at may be spent for each cified in the following tion Services	2025 71,824,000 <u>79,844,000</u> 399,000	, ,	· · ·
 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 2.29 2.30 2.31 2.32 2.33 2.34 2.35 2.36 2.37 	A General Remediation The amounts the purpose are spec subdivisions. Subd. 2. Protec A	ppropriations by Fund 2024 <u>91,626,000</u> <u>87,926,000</u> 399,000 at may be spent for each cified in the following tion Services ppropriations by Fund 2024 <u>32,034,000</u>	2025 71,824,000 <u>79,844,000</u> 399,000 n 2025 18,743,000	, ,	· · ·
 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 2.29 2.30 2.31 2.32 2.33 2.34 2.35 2.36 2.37 2.38 	A General Remediation The amounts tha purpose are spec subdivisions. Subd. 2. Protec A General Remediation	ppropriations by Fund 2024 91,626,000 87,926,000 399,000 at may be spent for each cified in the following tion Services ppropriations by Fund 2024 32,034,000 32,084,000	$2025 \\ \frac{71,824,000}{79,844,000} \\ 399,000$, ,	· · ·

Article 1 Section 1.

3.1	administrative funding for the voluntary
3.2	cleanup program.
3.3	(b) \$625,000 the first year and \$625,000
3.4	$\underline{\$1,120,000}$ the second year are for the soil
3.5	health financial assistance program under
3.6	Minnesota Statutes, section 17.134. The
3.7	commissioner may award no more than
3.8	\$50,000 of the appropriation each year to a
3.9	single recipient. Of the second year amount,
3.10	\$495,000 is for projects located in Dodge,
3.11	Fillmore, Goodhue, Houston, Mower,
3.12	Olmsted, Wabasha, or Winona County. The
3.13	commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of
3.14	this appropriation for costs incurred to
3.15	administer the program. Any unencumbered
3.16	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
3.17	year and is available in the second year.
3.18	Appropriations encumbered under contract on
3.19	or before June 30, 2025, for soil health
3.20	financial assistance grants are available until
3.21	June 30, 2027. The base for this appropriation
3.22	is \$639,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
3.23	thereafter.
3.24	(c) \$800,000 the first year is and \$75,000 the
3.25	second year are for transfer to the pollinator
3.26	research account established under Minnesota
3.27	Statutes, section 18B.051. The base for this
3.28	transfer is \$100,000 in fiscal year 2026 and
3.29	each year thereafter.
3.30	(d) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
3.31	second year are for transfer to the noxious
3.32	weed and invasive plant species assistance
3.33	account established under Minnesota Statutes,
3.34	section 18.89, to award grants under
3.35	Minnesota Statutes, section 18.90, to counties,

4.1	municipalities, and other weed management
4.2	entities, including Minnesota Tribal
4.3	governments as defined in Minnesota Statutes,
4.4	section 10.65. This is a onetime appropriation.
4.5	(e) \$175,000 the first year and \$175,000 the
4.6	second year are for compensation for
4.7	destroyed or crippled livestock under
4.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737. The first
4.9	year appropriation may be spent to compensate
4.10	for livestock that were destroyed or crippled
4.11	during fiscal year 2023. If the amount in the
4.12	first year is insufficient, the amount in the
4.13	second year is available in the first year. The
4.14	commissioner may use up to \$5,000 each year
4.15	to reimburse expenses incurred by university
4.16	extension educators to provide fair market
4.17	values of destroyed or crippled livestock. If
4.18	the commissioner receives federal dollars to
4.19	pay claims for destroyed or crippled livestock,
4.20	an equivalent amount of this appropriation
4.21	may be used to reimburse nonlethal prevention
4.22	methods performed by federal wildlife services
4.23	staff.
4.24	(f) \$155,000 the first year and \$155,000 the
4.25	second year are for compensation for crop

4.27 3.7371. If the amount in the first year is
4.28 insufficient, the amount in the second year is
4.29 available in the first year. The commissioner
4.30 may use up to \$10,000 of the appropriation
4.31 each year to reimburse expenses incurred by
4.32 the commissioner or the commissioner's

damage under Minnesota Statutes, section

- 4.33 approved agent to investigate and resolve
- 4.34 claims, as well as for costs associated with
- 4.35 training for approved agents. The

4.26

5.1	commissioner may use up to \$40,000 of the
5.2	appropriation each year to make grants to
5.3	producers for measures to protect stored crops
5.4	from elk damage. If the commissioner
5.5	determines that claims made under Minnesota
5.6	Statutes, section 3.737 or 3.7371, are
5.7	unusually high, amounts appropriated for
5.8	either program may be transferred to the
5.9	appropriation for the other program.
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5.10	(g) \$825,000 the first year and \$825,000 the
5.11	second year are to replace capital equipment
5.12	in the Department of Agriculture's analytical
5.13	laboratory.
5.14	(h) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the
5.15	second year are to support a meat processing
5.16	liaison position to assist new or existing meat
5.17	and poultry processing operations in getting
5.18	started, expanding, growing, or transitioning
5.19	into new business models.
5.20	(i) \$2,200,000 the first year and \$1,650,000
5.21	the second year are additional funding to
5.22	maintain the current level of service delivery
5.23	for programs under this subdivision. The base
5.24	for this appropriation is \$1,925,000 for fiscal
5.25	year 2026 and each year thereafter.
5.26	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
5.20	second year are for grants to organizations in
5.28	Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply
5.29	chains, and markets for continuous-living
5.30	cover crops and cropping systems in the early
5.31	stages of commercial development. For the
5.32	purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living
5.33	cover crops and cropping systems" refers to
5.34	agroforestry, perennial biomass, perennial
5.35	forage, perennial grains, and winter-annual

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6.1	cereal grains and oilseeds that have market
6.2	value as harvested or grazed commodities. By
6.3	February 1 each year, the commissioner must
6.4	submit a report to the chairs and ranking
6.5	minority members of the legislative
6.6	committees with jurisdiction over agriculture
6.7	finance and policy detailing uses of the funds
6.8	in this paragraph, including administrative
6.9	costs, and the achievements these funds
6.10	contributed to. The commissioner may use up
6.11	to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for
6.12	administrative costs. This is a onetime
6.13	appropriation.
6.14	(k) \$45,000 the first year and \$45,000 the
6.15	second year are appropriated for
6.16	wolf-livestock conflict-prevention grants. The
6.17	commissioner may use some of this
6.18	appropriation to support nonlethal prevention
6.19	work performed by federal wildlife services.
6.20	This is a onetime appropriation.
6.21	(1) \$10,000,000 the first year is for transfer to
6.22	the grain indemnity account established in
6.23	Minnesota Statutes, section 223.24. This is a
6.24	onetime transfer.
U.2T	
6.25	(m) \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
6.26	second year are for the PFAS in pesticides
6.27	review. This is a onetime appropriation.
6.28	(n) \$1,941,000 the first year is for transfer to
6.29	the food handler license account. This is a
6.30	onetime transfer.
6.31	(o) \$2,800,000 the second year is for nitrate
6.32	home water treatment, including reverse
6.33	osmosis, for private drinking-water wells with
() (

6.34 <u>nitrate in excess of the maximum contaminant</u>

7.1	level of ten milligrams per liter and located in
7.2	Dodge, Fillmore, Goodhue, Houston, Mower,
7.3	Olmsted, Wabasha, or Winona County. The
7.4	commissioner must prioritize households at
7.5	or below 300 percent of the federal poverty
7.6	guideline and households with infants or
7.7	pregnant individuals. The commissioner may
7.8	also use this appropriation for education,
7.9	outreach, and technical assistance to
7.10	homeowners. The commissioner of agriculture
7.11	may transfer money to the commissioner of
7.12	health to establish and administer a mitigation
7.13	program for contaminated wells located in
7.14	Dodge, Fillmore, Goodhue, Houston, Mower,
7.15	Olmsted, Wabasha, or Winona County.
7.16	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
7.17	16B.98, subdivision 14, the commissioner may
7.18	use up to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for
7.19	administrative costs. This is a onetime
7.20	appropriation and is available until June 30,
7.21	2027.
7.00	(n) \$50,000 the first year is to converse a
7.22	(p) \$50,000 the first year is to convene a
7.23	working group of interested parties, including
7.24	representatives from the Department of
7.25	Natural Resources, to investigate and
7.26	recommend options for addressing crop and
7.27	fence destruction due to Cervidae. By
7.28	February 1, 2025, the commissioner must
7.29	submit a report on the findings and
7.30	recommendations of the working group to the
7.31	chairs and ranking minority members of the
7.32	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
7.33	agriculture policy and finance.
7.34	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
7.35	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not
7.36	cancel at the end of the first year and is

	SF4942	REVISOR	RSI	S4942-4	4th Engrossment
8.1	available in the se	econd year. This is a	a onetime		
8.2	appropriation.				
8.3 8.4	Subd. 3. Agricul Development	tural Marketing a	ind	5,165,000	4,985,000
8.5	(a) \$150,000 the	first year and \$150	,000 the		
8.6	second year are t	o expand internation	onal trade		
8.7	opportunities and	l markets for Minne	esota		
8.8	agricultural prod	ucts.			
8.9	(b) \$186,000 the	first year and \$186	,000 the		
8.10	second year are f	for transfer to the M	linnesota		
8.11	grown account an	nd may be used as g	grants for		
8.12	Minnesota grown	promotion under N	linnesota		
8.13	Statutes, section	17.102. Notwithsta	nding		
8.14	Minnesota Statut	es, section 16A.28,	, the		
8.15	appropriations er	ncumbered under co	ontract on		
8.16	or before June 30	, 2025, for Minneso	ota grown		
8.17	grants in this para	graph are available	until June		
8.18	30, 2027.				
8.19	(c) \$634,000 the	first year and \$634	,000 the		
8.20	second year are f	for the continuation	of the		
8.21	dairy developme	nt and profitability			
8.22	enhancement pro	grams, including d	airy		
8.23	profitability team	s and dairy business	planning		
8.24	grants under Min	inesota Statutes, see	ction		
8.25	32D.30.				
8.26	(d) The commiss	ioner may use fund	ls		
8.27	appropriated in the	his subdivision for	annual		
8.28	cost-share payme	ents to resident farm	ners or		
8.29	entities that sell,	process, or package	e		
8.30	agricultural prod	ucts in this state for	the costs		
8.31	of organic certifi	cation. The commis	ssioner		
8.32	may allocate thes	se funds for assistar	nce to		
8.33	persons transition	ning from convention	onal to		
8.34	organic agricultu	re.			

9.1	(e) \$600,000 the first year and \$420,000 the
9.2	second year are to maintain the current level
9.3	of service delivery. The base for this
9.4	appropriation is \$490,000 \$510,000 for fiscal
9.5	year 2026 and each year thereafter.
9.6	(f) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
9.7	second year are for mental health outreach and
9.8	support to farmers, ranchers, and others in the
9.9	agricultural community and for farm safety
9.10	grant and outreach programs under Minnesota
9.11	Statutes, section 17.1195. Mental health
9.12	outreach and support may include a 24-hour
9.13	hotline, stigma reduction, and education.
9.14	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
9.15	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not
9.16	cancel at the end of the first year and is
9.17	available in the second year. This is a onetime
9.18	appropriation.
9.19	(g) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
9.20	second year are to award and administer grants
9.21	for infrastructure and other forms of financial
9.22	assistance to support EBT, SNAP, SFMNP,
9.23	and related programs at farmers markets.
9.24	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
9.25	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not
9.26	cancel at the end of the first year and is
9.27	available in the second year. This is a onetime
9.28	appropriation.
9.29	(h) \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the
9.30	second year are to award cooperative grants
9.31	under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.1016.
9.32	The commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent

- 9.33 of the appropriation each year to administer
- 9.34 the grant program. Notwithstanding Minnesota
- 9.35 Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered

	SF4942	REVISOR	RSI	S4942-4	4th Engrossment
10.1	balance does no	t cancel at the end	l of the first		
10.2	year and is avail	able in the second	l year. This		
10.3	is a onetime app	propriation.			
10.4 10.5	Subd. 4. Agricu Advancement	lture, Bioenergy,	and Bioproduct	37,809,000 34,034,000	33,809,000 38,159,000
10.6	(a) \$10,702,000	the first year and \$	10,702,000		
10.7	the second year	are for the agricul	ture		
10.8	research, educati	on, extension, and	technology		
10.9	transfer program	n under Minnesota	a Statutes,		
10.10	section 41A.14.	Except as provide	ed below,		
10.11	the appropriation	n each year is for	transfer to		
10.12	the agriculture re	esearch, education	, extension,		
10.13	and technology	transfer account u	nder		
10.14	Minnesota Statu	ites, section 41A.1	4,		
10.15	subdivision 3, an	nd the commission	ner shall		
10.16	transfer funds ea	ach year to the Bo	ard of		
10.17	Regents of the U	University of Minr	nesota for		
10.18	purposes of Min	inesota Statutes, se	ection		
10.19	41A.14. To the e	extent practicable,	money		
10.20	expended under	Minnesota Statute	es, section		
10.21	41A.14, subdivi	sion 1, clauses (1)) and (2),		
10.22	must supplemen	t and not supplant	t existing		
10.23	sources and leve	els of funding. The	e		
10.24	commissioner m	nay use up to one	percent of		
10.25	this appropriation	on for costs incurre	ed to		
10.26	administer the p	rogram.			
10.27	Of the amount ap	opropriated for the	agriculture		
10.28	research, educati	on, extension, and	technology		
10.29	transfer grant pr	ogram under Min	nesota		
10.30	Statutes, section	41A.14:			
10.31	(1) \$600,000 the	e first year and \$6	00,000 the		
10.32	second year are f	For the Minnesota A	Agricultural		
10.33	Experiment Stat	ion's agriculture r	apid		
10.34	response fund u	nder Minnesota St	tatutes,		
10.35	section 41A.14,	subdivision 1, cla	use (2);		

(2) up to 1,000,000 the first year and up to 11.1 \$1,000,000 the second year are for research 11.2 on avian influenza, salmonella, and other 11.3 turkey-related diseases and disease prevention 11.4 measures; 11.5 (3) \$2,250,000 the first year and \$2,250,000 11.6 the second year are for grants to the Minnesota 11.7 11.8 Agricultural Education Leadership Council to enhance agricultural education with priority 11.9 given to Farm Business Management 11.10 challenge grants; 11.11 (4) \$450,000 the first year is for the cultivated 11.12 wild rice breeding project at the North Central 11.13 Research and Outreach Center to include a 11.14 tenure track/research associate plant breeder; 11.15 (5) \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the 11.16 second year are for potato breeding; 11.17 (6) \$802,000 the first year and \$802,000 the 11.18 11.19 second year are to fund the Forever Green Initiative and protect the state's natural 11.20 resources while increasing the efficiency, 11.21 profitability, and productivity of Minnesota 11.22 farmers by incorporating perennial and 11.23 winter-annual crops into existing agricultural 11.24 practices. The base for the allocation under 11.25 11.26 this clause is \$802,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter. By February 1 each year, 11.27 the dean of the College of Food, Agricultural 11.28 and Natural Resource Sciences must submit 11.29 a report to the chairs and ranking minority 11.30 11.31 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture finance and policy 11.32 and higher education detailing uses of the 11.33 funds in this paragraph, including 11.34

11

12.1	administrative costs, and the achievements
12.2	these funds contributed to; and
12.3	(7) \$350,000 each year is for farm-scale winter
12.4	greenhouse research and development
12.5	coordinated by University of Minnesota
12.6	Extension Regional Sustainable Development
12.7	Partnerships. The allocation in this clause is
12.8	onetime . ;
12.9	(8) \$200,000 the second year is for research
12.10	on natural stands of wild rice; and
12.11	(9) \$250,000 the second year is for the
12.12	cultivated wild rice forward selection project
12.13	at the North Central Research and Outreach
12.14	Center, including a tenure track or research
12.15	associate plant scientist.
12.16	(b) The base for the agriculture research,
12.17	education, extension, and technology transfer
12.18	program is \$10,352,000 in fiscal year 2026
12.19	and \$10,352,000 in fiscal year 2027.
12.20	(c) <u>\$27,107,000</u> <u>\$23,332,000</u> the first year and
12.21	\$23,107,000 the second year are is for the
12.22	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
12.23	program under Minnesota Statutes, section
12.24	41A.12. Except as provided below, the
12.25	commissioner may allocate this appropriation
12.26	each year among the following areas:
12.27	facilitating the start-up, modernization,
12.28	improvement, or expansion of livestock
12.29	operations, including beginning and
12.30	transitioning livestock operations with
12.31	preference given to robotic dairy-milking
12.32	equipment; assisting value-added agricultural
12.33	businesses to begin or expand, to access new
12.34	markets, or to diversify, including aquaponics

13.1	systems, with preference given to hemp fiber
13.2	processing equipment; facilitating the start-up,
13.3	modernization, or expansion of other
13.4	beginning and transitioning farms, including
13.5	by providing loans under Minnesota Statutes,
13.6	section 41B.056; sustainable agriculture
13.7	on-farm research and demonstration; the
13.8	development or expansion of food hubs and
13.9	other alternative community-based food
13.10	distribution systems; enhancing renewable
13.11	energy infrastructure and use; crop research,
13.12	including basic and applied turf seed research;
13.13	Farm Business Management tuition assistance;
13.14	and good agricultural practices and good
13.15	handling practices certification assistance. The
13.16	commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of
13.17	this appropriation for costs incurred to
13.18	administer the program.
13.19	Of the amount appropriated for the agricultural
13.20	growth, research, and innovation program
13.21	under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12:
13.22	(1) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
13.23	the second year are is for distribution in equal
13.24	amounts to each of the state's county fairs to
13.25	preserve and promote Minnesota agriculture;
13.26	(2) \$5,750,000 the first year and \$5,750,000
13.27	the second year are is for incentive payments
13.28	under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41A.16,
13.29	41A.17, 41A.18, and 41A.20. Notwithstanding
13.30	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the first
13.31	year appropriation is available until June 30,
13.32	2025, and the second year appropriation is
13.33	available until June 30, 2026. If this
13.34	appropriation exceeds the total amount for
13.35	which all producers are eligible in a fiscal

14.1	year, the balance of the appropriation is
14.2	available for other purposes under this
14.3	paragraph . The base under this clause is
14.4	\$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
14.5	thereafter;
14.6	(3) \$3,375,000 the first year and \$3,375,000
14.7	the second year are is for grants that enable
14.8	retail petroleum dispensers, fuel storage tanks,
14.9	and other equipment to dispense biofuels to
14.10	the public in accordance with the biofuel
14.11	replacement goals established under
14.12	Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7911. A retail
14.13	petroleum dispenser selling petroleum for use
14.14	in spark ignition engines for vehicle model
14.15	years after 2000 is eligible for grant money
14.16	under this clause if the retail petroleum
14.17	dispenser has no more than 10 retail petroleum
14.18	dispensing sites and each site is located in
14.19	Minnesota. The grant money must be used to
14.20	replace or upgrade equipment that does not
14.21	have the ability to be certified for E25. A grant
14.22	award must not exceed 65 percent of the cost
14.23	of the appropriate technology. A grant award
14.24	must not exceed \$200,000 per station. The
14.25	commissioner must cooperate with biofuel
14.26	stakeholders in the implementation of the grant
14.27	program. The commissioner, in cooperation
14.28	with any economic or community development
14.29	financial institution and any other entity with
14.30	which the commissioner contracts, must
14.31	submit a report on the biofuels infrastructure
14.32	financial assistance program by January 15 of
14.33	each year to the chairs and ranking minority
14.34	members of the legislative committees and
14.35	divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture
14.36	policy and finance. The annual report must

15 1	include but not be limited to a summary of the
15.1	•
15.2	following metrics: (i) the number and types
15.3	of projects financed; (ii) the amount of dollars
15.4	leveraged or matched per project; (iii) the
15.5	geographic distribution of financed projects;
15.6	(iv) any market expansion associated with
15.7	upgraded infrastructure; (v) the demographics
15.8	of the areas served; (vi) the costs of the
15.9	program; and (vii) the number of grants to
15.10	minority-owned or female-owned businesses.
15.11	The base under this clause is \$3,000,000 for
15.12	fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter;
15.13	(4) \$1,250,000 the first year and \$1,250,000
15.14	the second year are is for grants to facilitate
15.15	the start-up, modernization, or expansion of
15.16	meat, poultry, egg, and milk processing
15.17	facilities. A grant award under this clause must
15.18	not exceed \$200,000. Any unencumbered
15.19	balance at the end of the second year does not
15.20	cancel until June 30, 2026, and may be used
15.21	for other purposes under this paragraph. The
15.22	base under this clause is \$250,000 in fiscal
15.23	year 2026 and each year thereafter;
15.24	(5) \$1,150,000 the first year and \$1,150,000
15.25	the second year are is for providing more
15.26	fruits, vegetables, meat, poultry, grain, and
15.27	dairy for children in school and early
15.28	childhood education eenters settings,
15.29	including, at the commissioner's discretion,
15.30	providing grants to reimburse schools and
15.31	early childhood education centers and child
15.32	care providers for purchasing equipment and
15.33	agricultural products. Organizations must
15.34	participate in the National School Lunch
15.35	Program or the Child and Adult Care Food

16.1	Program to be eligible. Of the amount
16.2	appropriated, \$150,000 each year is for a
16.3	statewide coordinator of farm-to-institution
16.4	strategy and programming. The coordinator
16.5	must consult with relevant stakeholders and
16.6	provide technical assistance and training for
16.7	participating farmers and eligible grant
16.8	recipients. The base under this clause is
16.9	\$1,294,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
16.10	thereafter;
16.11	(6) \$4,000,000 the first year is for Dairy
16.12	Assistance, Investment, Relief Initiative
16.13	(DAIRI) grants and other forms of financial
16.14	assistance to Minnesota dairy farms that enroll
16.15	in coverage under a federal dairy risk
16.16	protection program and produced no more
16.17	than 16,000,000 pounds of milk in 2022. The
16.18	commissioner must make DAIRI payments
16.19	based on the amount of milk produced in
16.20	2022, up to 5,000,000 pounds per participating
16.21	farm, at a rate determined by the commissioner
16.22	within the limits of available funding. Any
16.23	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
16.24	end of the first year and is available in the
16.25	second year. Any unencumbered balance at
16.26	the end of the second year does not cancel
16.27	until June 30, 2026, and may be used for other
16.28	purposes under this paragraph. The allocation
16.29	in this clause is onetime;
16.30	(7)(6) \$2,000,000 the first year and
16.31	\$2,000,000 the second year are is for urban
16.32	youth agricultural education or urban
16.33	agriculture community development; and
16.34	(8) (7) \$1,000,000 the first year and
16.35	\$1,000,000 the second year are is for the good

17.1 food access program under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.1017-; and 17.2 17.3 (8) \$225,000 the first year is to provide grants to secondary career and technical education 17.4 17.5 programs for the purpose of offering instruction in meat cutting and butchery. 17.6 17.7 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 17.8 16B.98, subdivision 14, the commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for 17.9 administrative costs. This is a onetime 17.10 appropriation. Grants may be used for costs, 17.11 including but not limited to: 17.12 (i) equipment required for a meat cutting 17.13 17.14 program; (ii) facility renovation to accommodate meat 17.15 cutting; and 17.16 (iii) training faculty to teach the fundamentals 17.17 of meat processing. 17.18 A grant recipient may be awarded a grant of 17.19 up to \$75,000 and may use up to ten percent 17.20 of the grant for faculty training. Priority may 17.21 be given to applicants who are coordinating 17.22 17.23 with meat cutting and butchery programs at Minnesota State Colleges and Universities 17.24 institutions or with local industry partners. 17.25 By January 15, 2025, the commissioner must 17.26 report to the chairs and ranking minority 17.27 17.28 members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture finance and 17.29 17.30 education finance by listing the grants made under this paragraph by county and noting the 17.31 number and amount of grant requests not 17.32 17.33 fulfilled. The report may include additional information as determined by the 17.34 Article 1 Section 1. 17

18.1	commissioner, including but not limited to
18.2	information regarding the outcomes produced
18.3	by these grants. If additional grants are
18.4	awarded under this paragraph that were not
18.5	covered in the report due by January 15, 2025,
18.6	the commissioner must submit an additional
18.7	report to the chairs and ranking minority
18.8	members of the legislative committees with
18.9	jurisdiction over agriculture finance and
18.10	education finance regarding all grants issued
18.11	under this paragraph by November 1, 2025.
18.12	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
18.13	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not
18.14	cancel at the end of the first year and is
18.15	available for the second year, and
18.16	appropriations encumbered under contract on
18.17	or before June 30, 2025, for agricultural
18.18	growth, research, and innovation grants are
18.19	available until June 30, 2028.
18.20	(d) \$27,457,000 the second year is for the
18.21	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
18.22	program under Minnesota Statutes, section
18.23	41A.12. Except as provided below, the
18.24	commissioner may allocate this appropriation
18.25	among the following areas: facilitating the
18.26	start-up, modernization, improvement, or
18.27	expansion of livestock operations, including
18.28	beginning and transitioning livestock
18.29	operations with preference given to robotic
18.30	dairy-milking equipment; assisting
18.31	value-added agricultural businesses to begin
18.32	or expand, to access new markets, or to
18.33	diversify, including aquaponics systems, with
18.34	preference given to hemp fiber processing
18.35	equipment; facilitating the start-up,

19.1	modernization, or expansion of other
19.2	beginning and transitioning farms, including
19.3	by providing loans under Minnesota Statutes,
19.4	section 41B.056; sustainable agriculture
19.5	on-farm research and demonstration; the
19.6	development or expansion of food hubs and
19.7	other alternative community-based food
19.8	distribution systems; enhancing renewable
19.9	energy infrastructure and use; crop research,
19.10	including basic and applied turf seed research;
19.11	Farm Business Management tuition assistance;
19.12	and good agricultural practices and good
19.13	handling practices certification assistance. The
19.14	commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of
19.15	this appropriation for costs incurred to
19.16	administer the program.
19.17	Of the amount appropriated for the agricultural
19.18	growth, research, and innovation program
19.19	under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12:
19.20	(1) \$1,000,000 the second year is for
19.21	distribution in equal amounts to each of the
19.22	state's county fairs to preserve and promote
19.23	Minnesota agriculture;
19.24	(2) \$5,750,000 the second year is for incentive
19.25	payments under Minnesota Statutes, sections
19.26	41A.16, 41A.17, 41A.18, and 41A.20.
19.27	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
19.28	16A.28, this appropriation is available until
19.29	June 30, 2027. If this appropriation exceeds
19.30	the total amount for which all producers are
19.31	eligible in a fiscal year, the balance of the
19.32	appropriation is available for other purposes
19.33	under this paragraph. The base under this
19.34	clause is \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and
19.35	each year thereafter;

20.1	(3) \$3,375,000 the second year is for grants
20.2	that enable retail petroleum dispensers, fuel
20.3	storage tanks, and other equipment to dispense
20.4	biofuels to the public in accordance with the
20.5	biofuel replacement goals established under
20.6	Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7911. A retail
20.7	petroleum dispenser selling petroleum for use
20.8	in spark ignition engines for vehicle model
20.9	years after 2000 is eligible for grant money
20.10	under this clause if the retail petroleum
20.11	dispenser has no more than ten retail
20.12	petroleum dispensing sites and each site is
20.13	located in Minnesota. The grant money must
20.14	be used to replace or upgrade equipment that
20.15	does not have the ability to be certified for
20.16	E25. A grant award must not exceed 65
20.17	percent of the cost of the appropriate
20.18	technology. A grant award must not exceed
20.19	\$200,000 per station. The commissioner must
20.20	cooperate with biofuel stakeholders in the
20.21	implementation of the grant program. The
20.22	commissioner, in cooperation with any
20.23	economic or community development
20.24	financial institution and any other entity with
20.25	which the commissioner contracts, must
20.26	submit a report on the biofuels infrastructure
20.27	financial assistance program by January 15 of
20.28	each year to the chairs and ranking minority
20.29	members of the legislative committees and
20.30	divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture
20.31	policy and finance. The annual report must
20.32	include but not be limited to a summary of the
20.33	following metrics: (i) the number and types
20.34	of projects financed; (ii) the amount of money
20.35	leveraged or matched per project; (iii) the
20.36	geographic distribution of financed projects;

21.1	(iv) any market expansion associated with
21.2	upgraded infrastructure; (v) the demographics
21.3	of the areas served; (vi) the costs of the
21.4	program; and (vii) the number of grants to
21.5	minority-owned or female-owned businesses.
21.6	The base under this clause is \$3,000,000 for
21.7	fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter;
21.8	(4) \$1,250,000 the second year is for grants
21.9	to facilitate the start-up, modernization, or
21.10	expansion of meat, poultry, egg, and milk
21.11	processing facilities. A grant award under this
21.12	clause must not exceed \$200,000. Any
21.13	unencumbered balance at the end of the second
21.14	year does not cancel until June 30, 2027, and
21.15	may be used for other purposes under this
21.16	paragraph. The base under this clause is
21.17	\$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
21.18	thereafter;
21.19	(5) \$1,275,000 the second year is for providing
21.20	more fruits, vegetables, meat, poultry, grain,
21.21	and dairy for children in school and early
21.22	childhood education settings, including, at the
21.23	commissioner's discretion, providing grants
21.24	to reimburse schools and early childhood
21.25	education and child care providers for
21.26	purchasing equipment and agricultural
21.27	products. Organizations must participate in
21.28	the National School Lunch Program or the
21.29	Child and Adult Care Food Program to be
21.30	eligible. Of the amount appropriated, \$150,000
21.31	is for a statewide coordinator of
21.32	farm-to-institution strategy and programming.
21.33	The coordinator must consult with relevant
21.34	stakeholders and provide technical assistance
21.35	and training for participating farmers and

22.1	eligible grant recipients. The base under this
22.2	clause is \$1,294,000 in fiscal year 2026 and
22.3	each year thereafter;
22.4	(6) \$4,000,000 the second year is for Dairy
22.5	Assistance, Investment, Relief Initiative
22.6	(DAIRI) grants and other forms of financial
22.7	assistance to Minnesota dairy farms that enroll
22.8	in coverage under a federal dairy risk
22.9	protection program and produced no more
22.10	than 16,000,000 pounds of milk in 2022. The
22.11	commissioner must make DAIRI payments
22.12	based on the amount of milk produced in
22.13	2022, up to 5,000,000 pounds per participating
22.14	farm, at a rate determined by the commissioner
22.15	within the limits of available funding. Any
22.16	unencumbered balance on June 30, 2026, may
22.17	be used for other purposes under this
22.18	paragraph. The allocation in this clause is
22.19	onetime;
22.20	(7) \$2,000,000 the second year is for urban
22.21	youth agricultural education or urban
22.22	agriculture community development;
22.23	(8) \$1,000,000 the second year is for the good
22.24	food access program under Minnesota
22.25	Statutes, section 17.1017; and
22.26	(9) \$225,000 the second year is for the
22.27	protecting livestock grant program for
22.28	producers to support the installation of
22.29	measures to prevent the transmission of avian
22.30	influenza. For the appropriation in this
22.31	paragraph, a grant applicant must document
22.32	a cost-share of 20 percent. An applicant's
22.33	cost-share amount may be reduced up to
22.34	\$2,000 to cover time and labor costs.
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22.35 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section

23.1	16B.98, subdivision 14, the commissioner may
23.2	use up to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for
23.3	administrative costs. This appropriation is
23.4	available until June 30, 2027. This is a onetime
23.5	appropriation. Notwithstanding Minnesota
23.6	Statutes, section 16A.28, this appropriation
23.7	does not cancel at the end of the second year
23.8	and is available until June 30, 2027.
23.9	Appropriations encumbered under contract on
23.10	or before June 30, 2027, for agricultural
23.11	growth, research, and innovation grants are
23.12	available until June 30, 2030.
23.13	(d) (e) The base for the agricultural growth,
23.14	research, and innovation program is
23.15	<u>\$16,294,000 \$17,582,000</u> in fiscal year 2026
23.16	and each year thereafter and includes \$200,000
23.17	each year for cooperative development grants.
23.18 23.19	Subd. 5. Administration and Financial Assistance
23.19	Assistance
23.19 23.20	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the
23.1923.2023.21	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and
23.1923.2023.2123.22	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations
 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02,
 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and
 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations
 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations must be disbursed no later than July 15 of each
 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 23.27 	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations must be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid
 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 23.27 23.28 	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations must be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in the
 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 23.27 23.28 23.29 	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations must be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in the previous calendar year.
 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 23.27 23.28 23.29 23.30 	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations must be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in the previous calendar year. (b) \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the
 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24 23.25 23.26 23.27 23.28 23.29 23.30 23.31 	Assistance (a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations must be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in the previous calendar year. (b) \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the second year are for grants to the Minnesota

23.34 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for

16,618,000	14,287,000
16,643,000	14,587,000

24.1	this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year
24.2	2026 and each year thereafter.
24.3	(c) \$2,000 the first year is for a grant to the
24.4	Minnesota State Poultry Association. This is
24.5	a onetime appropriation. Notwithstanding
24.6	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any
24.7	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
24.8	end of the first year and is available for the
24.9	second year.
24.10	(d) \$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the
24.11	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
24.12	Livestock Breeders Association. This is a
24.13	onetime appropriation.
24.14	(e) \$60,000 the first year and \$60,000 the
24.15	second year are for grants to the Northern
24.16	Crops Institute that may be used to purchase
24.17	equipment. This is a onetime appropriation.
24.18	(f) \$34,000 the first year and \$34,000 the
24.19	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
24.20	State Horticultural Society. This is a onetime
24.21	appropriation.
24.22	(g) \$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the
24.23	second year are for grants to the Center for
24.24	Rural Policy and Development. This is a
24.25	onetime appropriation.
24.26	(h) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the
24.27	second year are appropriated from the general
24.28	fund to the commissioner of agriculture for
24.29	grants to the Minnesota Turf Seed Council for
24.30	basic and applied research on: (1) the
24.31	improved production of forage and turf seed
24.32	related to new and improved varieties; and (2)
24.33	native plants, including plant breeding,
24.24	autriant management wast management

24.34 nutrient management, pest management,

25.1	disease management, yield, and viability. The
25.2	Minnesota Turf Seed Council may subcontract
25.3	with a qualified third party for some or all of
25.4	the basic or applied research. Any
25.5	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
25.6	end of the first year and is available in the
25.7	second year. The Minnesota Turf Seed Council
25.8	must prepare a report outlining the use of the
25.9	grant money and related accomplishments. No
25.10	later than January 15, 2025, the council must
25.11	submit the report to the chairs and ranking
25.12	minority members of the legislative
25.13	committees and divisions with jurisdiction
25.14	over agriculture finance and policy. This is a
25.15	onetime appropriation.
25.16	(i) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
25.17	second year are for grants to GreenSeam for
25.18	assistance to agriculture-related businesses to
25.19	support business retention and development,
25.20	business attraction and creation, talent
25.21	development and attraction, and regional
25.22	branding and promotion. These are onetime
25.23	appropriations. No later than December 1,
25.24	2024, and December 1, 2025, GreenSeam
25.25	must report to the chairs and ranking minority
25.26	members of the legislative committees with
25.27	jurisdiction over agriculture and rural
25.28	development with information on new and
25.29	existing businesses supported, number of new
25.30	jobs created in the region, new educational
25.31	partnerships and programs supported, and
25.32	regional branding and promotional efforts.
25.33	(j) \$1,950,000 the first year and \$1,950,000
25.34	the second year are for grants to Second
25.35	Harvest Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's

26.1	six Feeding America food banks for the
26.2	following purposes:
26.3	(1) at least \$850,000 each year must be
26.4	allocated to purchase milk for distribution to
26.5	Minnesota's food shelves and other charitable
26.6	organizations that are eligible to receive food
26.7	from the food banks. Milk purchased under
26.8	the grants must be acquired from Minnesota
26.9	milk processors and based on low-cost bids.
26.10	The milk must be allocated to each Feeding
26.11	America food bank serving Minnesota
26.12	according to the formula used in the
26.13	distribution of United States Department of
26.14	Agriculture commodities under The
26.15	Emergency Food Assistance Program. Second
26.16	Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts or
26.17	agreements with food banks for shared funding
26.18	or reimbursement of the direct purchase of
26.19	milk. Each food bank that receives funding
26.20	under this clause may use up to two percent
26.21	for administrative expenses. Notwithstanding
26.22	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any
26.23	unencumbered balance the first year does not
26.24	cancel and is available the second year;
26.25	(2) to compensate agricultural producers and
26.26	processors for costs incurred to harvest and
26.27	package for transfer surplus fruits, vegetables,
26.28	and other agricultural commodities that would
26.29	otherwise go unharvested, be discarded, or be
26.30	sold in a secondary market. Surplus
26.31	commodities must be distributed statewide to
26.32	food shelves and other charitable organizations
26.33	that are eligible to receive food from the food
26.34	banks. Surplus food acquired under this clause
26.35	must be from Minnesota producers and

27.1	processors. Second Harvest Heartland may
27.2	use up to 15 percent of each grant awarded
27.3	under this clause for administrative and
27.4	transportation expenses; and
27.5	(3) to purchase and distribute protein products,
27.6	including but not limited to pork, poultry, beef,
27.7	dry legumes, cheese, and eggs to Minnesota's
27.8	food shelves and other charitable organizations
27.9	that are eligible to receive food from the food
27.10	banks. Second Harvest Heartland may use up
27.11	to two percent of each grant awarded under
27.12	this clause for administrative expenses. Protein
27.13	products purchased under the grants must be
27.14	acquired from Minnesota processors and
27.15	producers.
27.16	Second Harvest Heartland must submit
27.17	quarterly reports to the commissioner and the
27.18	chairs and ranking minority members of the
27.19	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
27.20	agriculture finance in the form prescribed by

- 27.21 the commissioner. The reports must include
- 27.22 but are not limited to information on the
- 27.23 expenditure of funds, the amount of milk or
- 27.24 other commodities purchased, and the
- 27.25 organizations to which this food was
- 27.26 distributed. The base for this appropriation is
- 27.27 \$1,700,000 for fiscal year 2026 and each year
- 27.28 thereafter.
- 27.29 (k) \$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the
- 27.30 second year are for grants to the Southern
- 27.31 Minnesota Initiative Foundation to promote
- 27.32 local foods through an annual event that raises
- 27.33 public awareness of local foods and connects
- 27.34 local food producers and processors with
- 27.35 potential buyers.

28.1	(1) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the
28.2	second year are for grants to The Good Acre
28.3	for the Local Emergency Assistance Farmer
28.4	Fund (LEAFF) program to compensate
28.5	emerging farmers for crops donated to hunger
28.6	relief organizations in Minnesota. This is a
28.7	onetime appropriation.
28.8	(m) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the
28.9	second year are to expand the Emerging
28.10	Farmers Office and provide services to
28.11	beginning and emerging farmers to increase
28.12	connections between farmers and market
28.13	opportunities throughout the state. This
28.14	appropriation may be used for grants,
28.15	translation services, training programs, or
28.16	other purposes in line with the
28.17	recommendations of the Emerging Farmer
28.18	Working Group established under Minnesota
28.19	Statutes, section 17.055, subdivision 1. The
28.20	base for this appropriation is \$1,000,000 in
28.21	fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.
28.22	(n) \$50,000 the first year is to provide
28.23	technical assistance and leadership in the
28.24	development of a comprehensive and
28.25	well-documented state aquaculture plan. The
28.26	commissioner must provide the state
28.27	aquaculture plan to the legislative committees
28.28	with jurisdiction over agriculture finance and
28.29	policy by February 15, 2025.
28.30	(o) \$337,000 the first year and \$337,000 the
28.31	second year are for farm advocate services.
28.32	Of these amounts, \$50,000 the first year and
28.33	\$50,000 the second year are for the
28.34	continuation of the farmland transition
28.35	programs and may be used for grants to

29.1	farmland access teams to provide technical
29.2	assistance to potential beginning farmers.
29.3	Farmland access teams must assist existing
29.4	farmers and beginning farmers with
29.5	transitioning farm ownership and farm
29.6	operation. Services provided by teams may
29.7	include but are not limited to mediation
29.8	assistance, designing contracts, financial
29.9	planning, tax preparation, estate planning, and
29.10	housing assistance.
29.11	(p) \$260,000 the first year and \$260,000 the
29.12	second year are for a pass-through grant to
29.13	Region Five Development Commission to
29.14	provide, in collaboration with Farm Business
29.15	Management, statewide mental health
29.16	counseling support to Minnesota farm
29.17	operators, families, and employees, and
29.18	individuals who work with Minnesota farmers
29.19	in a professional capacity. Region Five
29.20	Development Commission may use up to 6.5
29.21	percent of the grant awarded under this
29.22	paragraph for administration.
29.23	(q) \$1,000,000 the first year is for transfer to
29.24	the agricultural emergency account established
29.25	under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.041.
29.26	(r) \$1,084,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
29.27	second year are to support IT modernization
29.28	efforts, including laying the technology
29.29	foundations needed for improving customer
29.30	interactions with the department for licensing
29.31	and payments. This is a onetime appropriation.
29.32	(s) \$275,000 the first year is for technical
29.33	assistance grants to certified community
29.34	development financial institutions that
29.35	participate in United States Department of

29

30.1	Agriculture loan or grant programs for small
30.2	or emerging farmers, including but not limited
30.3	to the Increasing Land, Capital, and Market
30.4	Access Program. For purposes of this
30.5	paragraph, "emerging farmer" has the meaning
30.6	given in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.055,
30.7	subdivision 1. The commissioner may use up
30.8	to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for costs
30.9	incurred to administer the program.
30.10	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
30.11	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not
30.12	cancel at the end of the first year and is
30.13	available in the second year. This is a onetime
30.14	appropriation.
30.15	(t) \$1,425,000 the first year and \$1,425,000
30.16	the second year are for transfer to the
30.17	agricultural and environmental revolving loan
30.18	account established under Minnesota Statutes,
30.19	section 17.117, subdivision 5a, for low-interest
30.20	loans under Minnesota Statutes, section
30.21	17.117.
30.22	(u) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
30.23	second year are for administrative support for
30.24	the Rural Finance Authority.
30.25	(v) The base in fiscal years 2026 and 2027 is
30.26	\$150,000 each year to coordinate
30.27	climate-related activities and services within
30.28	the Department of Agriculture and
30.29	counterparts in local, state, and federal
30.30	agencies and to hire a full-time climate
30.31	implementation coordinator. The climate
30.32	implementation coordinator must coordinate
30.33	efforts seeking federal funding for Minnesota's
30.34	agricultural climate adaptation and mitigation
30.35	efforts and develop strategic partnerships with

31.1	the private sector and nongovernment
31.2	organizations.
31.3	(w) \$1,200,000 the first year and \$930,000 the
31.4	second year are to maintain the current level
31.5	of service delivery. The base for this
31.6	appropriation is <u>\$1,085,000</u> <u>\$1,065,000</u> in
31.7	fiscal year 2026 and \$1,085,000 <u>\$1,065,000</u>
31.8	in fiscal year 2027 and each year thereafter.
31.9	(x) \$250,000 the first year is for a grant to the
31.10	Board of Regents of the University of
31.11	Minnesota to purchase equipment for the
31.12	Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory to test for
31.13	chronic wasting disease, African swine fever,
31.14	avian influenza, and other animal diseases.
31.15	The Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory must
31.16	report expenditures under this paragraph to
31.17	the legislative committees with jurisdiction
31.18	over agriculture finance and higher education
31.19	with a report submitted by January 3, 2024,
31.20	and a final report submitted by December 31,
31.21	2024. The reports must include a list of
31.22	equipment purchased, including the cost of
31.23	each item.
31.24	(y) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
31.25	the second year are to award and administer
31.26	down payment assistance grants under
31.27	Minnesota Statutes, section 17.133, with
31.28	priority given to emerging farmers as defined
31.29	in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.055,
31.30	subdivision 1 eligible applicants with no more
31.31	than \$100,000 in annual gross farm product
31.32	sales and eligible applicants who are producers
31.33	of industrial hemp, cannabis, or one or more
31.34	of the following specialty crops as defined by
31.35	the United States Department of Agriculture

32.1	for purposes of the specialty crop block grant
32.2	program: fruits and vegetables, tree nuts, dried
32.3	fruits, medicinal plants, culinary herbs and
32.4	spices, horticulture crops, floriculture crops,
32.5	and nursery crops. Notwithstanding Minnesota
32.6	Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered
32.7	balance at the end of the first year does not
32.8	cancel and is available in the second year and
32.9	appropriations encumbered under contract by
32.10	June 30, 2025, are available until June 30,
32.11	2027.
32.12	(z) \$222,000 the first year and \$322,000 the
32.13	second year are for meat processing training
32.14	and retention incentive grants under section
32.15	5. The commissioner may use up to 6.5
32.16	percent of this appropriation for costs incurred
32.17	to administer the program. Notwithstanding
32.18	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any
32.19	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
32.20	end of the first year and is available in the
32.21	second year. This is a onetime appropriation.
32.22	(aa) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the
32.23	second year are for transfer to the Board of
32.24	Regents of the University of Minnesota to
32.25	evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic
32.26	diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes,
32.27	and other plants including flax, timothy,
32.28	barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass,
32.29	clover, and other species and varieties that
32.30	were in commercial distribution and use in
32.31	Minnesota before 1970, excluding wild rice.
32.32	This effort must also protect traditional seeds
32.33	brought to Minnesota by immigrant
32.34	communities. This appropriation includes
32.35	funding for associated extension and outreach

- to small and Black, Indigenous, and People of
 Color (BIPOC) farmers. This is a onetime
 appropriation.
- 33.4 (bb) \$300,000 the second year is to award and
- 33.5 administer beginning farmer equipment and
- 33.6 infrastructure grants under Minnesota Statutes,
- 33.7 section 17.055. This is a onetime

33.8 appropriation.

- (cc) \$25,000 the first year is for the credit
- 33.10 market report. Notwithstanding Minnesota
- 33.11 Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered
- 33.12 <u>balance does not cancel at the end of the first</u>
- 33.13 year and is available in the second year. This
- 33.14 is a onetime appropriation.
- 33.15 (bb) (dd) The commissioner shall continue to
- 33.16 increase connections with ethnic minority and
- 33.17 immigrant farmers to farming opportunities
- 33.18 and farming programs throughout the state.

33.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

33.20 Sec. 2. Laws 2023, chapter 43, article 1, section 4, is amended to read:

33.21	Sec. 4. AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION	6,143,000	
33.22	RESEARCH INSTITUTE	\$ <u>6,368,000</u> \$	4,343,000

- 33.23 (a) \$300,000 the first year is for equipment
- 33.24 upgrades, equipment replacement, installation
- 33.25 expenses, and laboratory infrastructure at the
- 33.26 Agricultural Utilization Research Institute's
- 33.27 laboratories in the cities of Crookston,
- 33.28 Marshall, and Waseca.
- 33.29 (b) \$1,500,000 the first year is to replace
- analytical and processing equipment and make
- 33.31 corresponding facility upgrades at Agricultural
- 33.32 Utilization Research Institute facilities in the
- 33.33 cities of Marshall, Crookston, and Waseca. Of

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34.1	this amount, up t	o \$500,000 may 1	be used for			
34.2	renewable natural gas and anaerobic digestion					
34.3	projects. This is	a onetime approp	riation and			
34.4	is available until	June 30, 2026.				
34.5	(c) \$300,000 the	first year and \$30	00,000 the			
34.6	second year are t	o maintain the cu	irrent level			
34.7	of service delive	ry.				
34.8	(d) \$225,000 the	first year is to su	pport food			
34.9	businesses. This	is a onetime appr	opriation			
34.10	and is available u	until June 30, 202				
34.11	EFFECTIV	E DATE. This see	ction is effectiv	ve the day following fina	al enactment.	
34.12			ARTICL	E 2		
34.13		AG	GRICULTURE	POLICY		
34.14	Section 1 Min	nesota Statutes 20)22 section 3.7	7371, is amended by add	ling a subdivision	
34.15	to read:		<i>522</i> , 500 (10)(13.1	571, is unrended by udd	ing a subarvision	
24.16	Subd to De	Gnitian a (a) Eaa	and a second the	a appriant the following	torma have the	
34.16 34.17	meanings given.	Initions. (a) For	purposes of thi	s section, the following	terms have the	
34.18				zed by the Department		
34.19	determine if crop or fence damage was caused by elk and to assign a monetary value to the					
34.20	crop or fence dat	nage.				
34.21	(c) "Commiss	sioner" means the	e commissioner	of agriculture or the co	mmissioner's	
34.22	authorized repres	sentative.				
34.23	(d) "Estimate	d value" means tl	he current valu	e of crops or fencing as	determined by an	
34.24	approved agent.					
34.25	(e) "Owner" 1	means an individu	ual, firm, corpo	pration, copartnership, o	r association with	
34.26	an interest in cro	ps or fencing dan	naged by elk.			
34.27	Sec. 2. Minnes	ota Statutes 2022	, section 3.737	1, subdivision 2, is ame	nded to read:	
34.28	Subd. 2. Clai	m form <u>and rep</u>	orting. <u>(a)</u> The	owner must prepare a c	laim on forms	
34.29				e Department of Agricu		
34.30	website or by rec	quest from the con	mmissioner. Tł	e claim form must be fi	led with the	
34.31	commissioner.					

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35.1	(b) After di	scovering crop or t	fence damage su	spected to be caused b	y elk, an owner		
35.2	must promptly notify an approved agent of the damage. To submit a claim for crop or fence						
35.3	damage caused	l by elk, an owner	must complete t	he required portions of	the claim form		
35.4	provided by th	e commissioner. A	n owner who ha	s submitted a claim mu	ust provide an		
35.5	approved agen	t with all informati	on required to in	nvestigate the crop or f	ence damage.		
35.6		esota Statutes 2022	2, section 3.7371	, is amended by adding	g a subdivision to		
35.7	read:						
35.8	<u>Subd. 2a.</u> I	nvestigation and c	rop valuation.	(a) Upon receiving not	ification of crop or		
35.9	fence damage	suspected to be cau	ised by elk, an a	pproved agent must pro	omptly investigate		
35.10	the damage in a	a timely manner. An	n approved agen	t must make written fin	dings on the claim		
35.11				troyed or damaged by			
35.12	agent's finding	s must be based on	physical and ci	rcumstantial evidence,	including:		
35.13	(1) the cond	dition of the crop o	r fence;				
35.14	(2) the pres	sence of elk tracks;					
35.15	(3) the geographical design	graphic area of the	state where the	crop or fence damage	occurred;		
35.16	<u>(4) any sig</u> l	htings of elk in the	area; and				
35.17	(5) any oth	er circumstances th	at the approved	agent considers to be	relevant.		
35.18	(b) The abs	sence of affirmative	e evidence may l	be grounds for denial o	of a claim.		
35.19	<u>(c) On a cla</u>	im form, an approv	ved agent must n	nake written findings og	f the extent of crop		
35.20	or fence damag	ge and, if applicabl	e, the amount of	f crop destroyed.			
35.21	(d) For dan	nage to standing cro	ops, an owner m	ay choose to have the a	pproved agent use		
35.22	the method in	clause (1) or (2) to	complete the cla	aim form and determin	e the amount of		
35.23	crop loss:						
35.24	<u>(1) to subm</u>	it a claim form to th	ne commissioner	at the time that the sus	pected elk damage		
35.25	is discovered,	the approved agent	must record on	the claim form: (i) the	field's potential		
35.26	yield per acre;	(ii) the field's aver	age yield per act	re that is expected on the	he damaged acres;		
35.27	(iii) the estima	ted value of the cro	p; and (iv) the to	otal amount of loss. Up	oon completing the		
35.28	claim form, the	e approved agent m	nust submit the f	form to the commission	ier; or		
35.29	(2) to subm	nit a claim form to t	the commissione	er at the time that the c	rop is harvested,		
35.30	the approved a	gent must record o	n the claim forn	n at the time of the inve	estigation: (i) the		
35.31	percent of crop	loss from damage	; (ii) the actual y	yield of the damaged fi	eld when the crop		

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is harvested; (iii) the estimated value of the crop; and (iv) the total amount of loss. Upon
completing the claim form, the approved agent must submit the form to the commissioner.
(e) For damage to stored crops, an approved agent must record on the claim form: (1)
the type and volume of destroyed stored crops; (2) the estimated value of the crop; and (3)
the total amount of loss.

36.6 (f) For damage to fencing, an approved agent must record on the claim form: (1) the
 36.7 type of materials damaged; (2) the linear feet of the damage; (3) the value of the materials
 36.8 per unit according to National Resource Conservation Service specifications; and (4) the

- 36.9 calculated total damage to the fence.
- 36.10 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.7371, is amended by adding a subdivision to36.11 read:

36.12 Subd. 2b. Claim form. A completed claim form must be signed by the owner and an
36.13 approved agent. An approved agent must submit the claim form to the commissioner for
36.14 the commissioner's review and payment. The commissioner must return an incomplete claim
36.15 form to the approved agent. When returning an incomplete claim form to an approved agent,
36.16 the commissioner must indicate which information is missing from the claim form.

36.17 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.7371, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Compensation. (a) The crop An owner is entitled to the target price or the 36.18 market price, whichever is greater, estimated value of the damaged or destroyed crop plus 36.19 adjustments for yield loss determined according to agricultural stabilization and conservation 36.20 service programs for individual farms, adjusted annually, as determined by the commissioner, 36.21 upon recommendation of the commissioner's approved agent for the owner's county or 36.22 fence. Verification of crop or fence damage or destruction by elk may be provided by 36.23 submitting photographs or other evidence and documentation together with a statement 36.24 from an independent witness using forms prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner, 36.25 upon recommendation of the commissioner's approved agent, shall determine whether the 36.26 36.27 crop damage or destruction or damage to or destruction of a fence surrounding a crop or pasture is caused by elk and, if so, the amount of the crop or fence that is damaged or 36.28 destroyed. In any fiscal year, an owner may not be compensated for a damaged or destroyed 36.29 crop or fence surrounding a crop or pasture that is less than \$100 in value and may be 36.30 compensated up to \$20,000, as determined under this section, if normal harvest procedures 36.31 36.32 for the area are followed. An owner may not be compensated more than \$1,800 per fiscal year for damage to fencing surrounding a crop or pasture. 36.33

- 37.1 (b) In any fiscal year, the commissioner may provide compensation for claims filed37.2 under this section up to the amount expressly appropriated for this purpose.
- 37.3 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.055, subdivision 3, is amended
 37.4 to read:

Subd. 3. Beginning farmer equipment and infrastructure grants. (a) The commissioner
may award and administer equipment and infrastructure grants to beginning farmers. The
commissioner shall give preference to applicants who are emerging farmers experiencing
<u>limited land access or limited market access</u> as those terms are defined in <u>section 17.133</u>,
subdivision 1. Grant money may be used for equipment and infrastructure development.

37.10 (b) The commissioner shall develop competitive eligibility criteria and may allocate37.11 grants on a needs basis.

37.12 (c) Grant projects may continue for up to two years.

37.13 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.116, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

37.14 Subd. 2. Eligibility. (a) Grants may only be made to farmers, and organizations such as

37.15 <u>farms, agricultural cooperatives, educational institutions, individuals at educational</u>

37.16 institutions, or nonprofit organizations, Tribal governments, or local units of government

37.17 residing or located in the state for research or demonstrations on farms in the state.

37.18 (b) Grants may only be made for projects that show:

37.19 (1) the ability to maximize direct or indirect energy savings or production;

37.20 (2) a positive effect or reduced adverse effect on the environment; or

37.21 (3) increased profitability for the individual farm by reducing costs or improving37.22 marketing opportunities.

37.23 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.133, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

37.24 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have37.25 the meanings given.

37.26 (b) "Eligible farmer" means an individual who at the time that the grant is awarded:

37.27 (1) is a resident of Minnesota who intends to acquire farmland located within the state
37.28 and provide the majority of the day-to-day physical labor and management of the farm;

37.29 (2) grosses no more than \$250,000 per year from the sale of farm products; and

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38.1	(3) has not,	and whose spouse l	has not, at any	time had a direct or indi	irect ownership
38.2	interest in farm	land <u>; and</u>			
38.3	<u>(4) is not, a</u>	nd whose spouse is	not, related by	v blood or marriage to an	owner of the
38.4	farmland that t	he individual intend	ls to acquire.		
38.5	(c) "Farm d	own payment" mear	ns an initial, pa	rtial payment required by	a lender or seller
38.6	to purchase far	mland.			
38.7	(d) "Incuba	tor farm" means a fa	arm where:		
38.8	(1) individu	als are given tempo	orary, exclusiv	e, and affordable access	to small parcels
38.9	of land, infrast	ructure, and often tr	aining, for the	purpose of honing skills	s and launching a
38.10	farm business;	and			
38.11	(2) a majori	ty of the individuals	s farming the s	mall parcels of land grow	v industrial hemp,
38.12	cannabis, or on	e or more of the fol	lowing specia	lty crops as defined by the	ne United States
38.13	Department of	Agriculture for pur	poses of the sp	ecialty crop block grant	program: fruits
38.14	and vegetables,	tree nuts, dried fruit	s, medicinal pl	ants, culinary herbs and s	pices, horticulture
38.15	crops, floricult	ure crops, and nurse	ery crops.		
38.16	(e) "Limited	d land access" mean	s farming with	nout ownership of land a	nd:
38.17	(1) the indiv	vidual or the individ	lual's child ren	ts or leases the land, with	the term of each
38.18	rental or lease	agreement not excee	eding three yes	ars in duration, from a po	erson who is not
38.19	related to the in	ndividual or the indi	ividual's spous	e by blood or marriage;	or
38.20	(2) the indi	vidual rents the land	l from an incu	bator farm.	
38.21	(f) "Limited	l market access" me	eans the indivi	dual has gross sales of ne	o more than
38.22	<u>\$100,000 per y</u>	ear from the sale of	farm products	5.	
20.22			C		
38.23		esota Statutes 2023	Supplement, s	ection 17.133, subdivisio	on 3, is amended
38.24	to read:				
38.25	Subd. 3. Re	port to legislature.	No later than l	December 1, 2023, and an	nnually thereafter,
38.26	the commission	ner must provide a r	report to the ch	airs and ranking minorit	y members of the
38.27	legislative com	mittees having juris	sdiction over a	griculture and rural deve	elopment, in

compliance with sections 3.195 and 3.197, on the farm down payment assistance grantsunder this section. The report must include:

(1) background information on beginning farmers in Minnesota and any other information
that the commissioner and authority find relevant to evaluating the effect of the grants on
increasing opportunities for and the number of beginning farmers;

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39.1	(2) the numb	er and amount of	grants;		
39.2	(3) the geogr	aphic distribution	n of grants by co	ounty;	
39.3	(4) the numb	er of grant recipi	ents who are em	erging farmers;	

(5) the number of grant recipients who were experiencing limited land access or limited 39.4 market access when the grant was awarded; 39.5

(5) (6) disaggregated data regarding the gender, race, and ethnicity of grant recipients; 39.6

(6) (7) the number of farmers who cease to own land and are subject to payment of a 39.7 penalty, along with the reasons for the land ownership cessation; and 39.8

(7) (8) the number and amount of grant applications that exceeded the allocation available 39.9 in each year. 39.10

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.134, subdivision 3, is amended 39.11 to read: 39.12

Subd. 3. Grant eligibility. Any owner or lessee of farmland may apply for a grant under 39.13 this section. The commissioner must give preference to owners and lessees that have not 39.14 previously implemented an eligible project and owners and lessees that are certified or 39.15 assessed and pursuing certification under sections 17.9891 to 17.993. Local government 39.16 39.17 units, including cities; towns; counties; soil and water conservation districts; Minnesota Tribal governments as defined in section 10.65; and joint powers boards, are also eligible 39.18 for a grant. A local government unit that receives a grant for equipment or technology must 39.19 make those purchases available for use by the public. 39.20

39.21 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.134, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 39.22

39.23 Subd. 3a. Equipment sales limitation. In addition to the applicable grants management requirements imposed under sections 16B.97 to 16B.991, an owner or lessee that receives 39.24 a grant under this section to purchase equipment must certify to the commissioner that the 39.25 owner or lessee will not sell the equipment for at least ten years. 39.26

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.710, is amended to read: 39.27

17.710 AGRICULTURAL CONTRACTS. 39.28

(a) A production or marketing contract entered into, renewed, or amended on or after 39.29 July 1, 1999 2024, between an agricultural producer and a processor, marketer, or other 39.30

40.1 <u>purchaser</u> of agricultural products, including a cooperative organized under chapter 308A

40.2 <u>or 308B</u> must not contain provisions that prohibit the producer from disclosing terms,
40.3 conditions, and prices contained in the contract. Any provision prohibiting disclosure by
40.4 the producer is void.

40.5 (b) A contract entered into, renewed, or amended on or after July 1, 2023, between an
40.6 agricultural producer and an entity buying, selling, certifying, or otherwise participating in
40.7 a market for stored carbon must not contain provisions that prohibit the producer from
40.8 disclosing terms, conditions, and prices contained in the contract. Any provision prohibiting
40.9 disclosure by the producer is void.

40.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

40.11 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to40.12 read:

40.13 Subd. 1d. Application or use of a pesticide. "Application or use of a pesticide" includes:

40.14 (1) the dispersal of a pesticide on, in, at, or directed toward a target site;

40.15 (2) preapplication activities that involve the mixing and loading of a restricted use
 40.16 pesticide; and

40.17 (3) other restricted use pesticide-related activities, including but not limited to transporting
 40.18 or storing pesticide containers that have been opened; cleaning equipment; and disposing
 40.19 of excess pesticides, spray mix, equipment wash waters, pesticide containers, and other
 40.20 materials that contain pesticide.

40.21 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.26, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

40.22 Subd. 6. Discontinuance or cancellation of registration. (a) To ensure the complete
40.23 withdrawal from distribution or further use of a pesticide, a person who intends to discontinue
40.24 a pesticide registration must:

40.25 (1) terminate a further distribution within the state and continue to register the pesticide40.26 annually for two successive years; and

40.27 (2) initiate and complete a total recall of the pesticide from all distribution in the state
40.28 within 60 days from the date of notification to the commissioner of intent to discontinue
40.29 registration; or.

40.30 (3) submit to the commissioner evidence adequate to document that no distribution of
40.31 the registered pesticide has occurred in the state.

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41.1	(b) Upon	the request of a regis	strant, the com	missioner may immed	liately cancel
41.2				ioner may immediate	
41.3	of a pesticide	e product at the comr	nissioner's disc	cretion. When request	ing that the
41.4	commissione	r immediately cance	l registration o	f a pesticide product,	a registrant must
41.5	provide the c	commissioner with:			
41.6	<u>(1)</u> a state	ement that the pestici	de product is n	o longer in distributio	on; and
41.7	<u>(2) docum</u>	nentation of pesticide	gross sales from	n the previous year sup	porting the statement
41.8	under clause	<u>(1).</u>			
41.9		nnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18B	.28, is amended by ad	ding a subdivision to
41.10	read:				
41.11	<u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>A</u>	Advisory panel. Befo	ore approving th	ne issuance of an exper	rimental use pesticide
41.12	product regis	stration under this sec	ction, the comr	nissioner must conver	ne and consider the
41.13	advice of a pa	anel of outside scient	tific and health	experts. The panel m	ust include but is not
41.14	limited to rep	resentatives of the De	epartment of He	ealth, the Department	of Natural Resources,
41.15	the Pollution	Control Agency, and	d the Universit	y of Minnesota.	
41.16	Sec. 16. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	22, section 18B	.305, subdivision 2, i	s amended to read:
41.17	Subd. 2.	Fraining manual an	d examination	n development. The o	commissioner, in
41.18	consultation	with University of Mi	innesota Extens	sion and other higher e	ducation institutions,
41.19	shall continua	ally revise and update	e pesticide app	licator training manua	ils and examinations.
41.20	The manuals	and examinations mu	ust be written to	o meet or exceed the m	iinimum <u>competency</u>
41.21				mental Protection Ag	•
41.22	state specific	information. Pestici	de applicator ti	raining manuals and e	examinations must
41.23				e of Federal Regulation	
41.24				examinations must b	
41.25				n the examinations m	-
41.26			•	onsible agencies. Manu	
41.27			•	t discuss prevention of	•
41.28	-		of the state, and	nd economic threshold	Is and guidance for
41.29	insecticide us	se.			
41.30	Sec. 17. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	22, section 18B	.32, subdivision 1, is	amended to read:
41.31	Subdivisi	on 1. Requirement.	(a) A person n	nay not engage in stru	ctural pest control
41.32	applications:				

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42.1 (1) for hire without a structural pest control license; and

42.2 (2) as a sole proprietorship, company, partnership, or corporation unless the person is
42.3 or employs a licensed master in structural pest control operations-; and

42.4 (3) unless the person is 18 years of age or older.

42.5 (b) A structural pest control licensee must have a valid license identification card to
42.6 purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must display it upon
42.7 demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer.
42.8 The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner.

42.9 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Application. (a) A person must apply to the commissioner for a structural pest
control license on forms and in the manner required by the commissioner. The commissioner
shall require the applicant to pass a written, closed-book, monitored examination or oral
examination, or both, and may also require a practical demonstration regarding structural
pest control. The commissioner shall establish the examination procedure, including the
phases and contents of the examination.

(b) The commissioner may license a person as a master under a structural pest control
license if the person has the necessary qualifications through knowledge and experience to
properly plan, determine, and supervise the selection and application of pesticides in structural
pest control. To demonstrate the qualifications and become licensed as a master under a
structural pest control license, a person must:

42.21 (1) pass a closed-book test administered by the commissioner;

42.22 (2) have direct experience as a licensed journeyman under a structural pest control license
42.23 for at least two years by this state or a state with equivalent certification requirements or as
42.24 a full-time licensed master in another state with equivalent certification requirements; and

42.25 (3) show practical knowledge and field experience under clause (2) in the actual selection
42.26 and application of pesticides under varying conditions.

42.27 (c) The commissioner may license a person as a journeyman under a structural pest
42.28 control license if the person:

42.29 (1) has the necessary qualifications in the practical selection and application of pesticides;

42.30 (2) has passed a closed-book examination given by the commissioner; and

43.1 (3) is engaged as an employee of or is working under the direction of a person licensed43.2 as a master under a structural pest control license.

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43.3 (d) The commissioner may license a person as a fumigator under a structural pest control43.4 license if the person:

43.5 (1) has knowledge of the practical selection and application of fumigants;

43.6 (2) has passed a closed-book examination given by the commissioner; and

43.7 (3) is licensed by the commissioner as a master or journeyman under a structural pest43.8 control license.

43.9 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

43.10 Subd. 4. **Renewal.** (a) An applicator may apply to renew a structural pest control applicator license may be renewed on or before the expiration of an existing license subject 43.11 to reexamination, attendance at workshops a recertification workshop approved by the 43.12 commissioner, or other requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator 43.13 with information regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of 43.14 competency and ability to use pesticides safely and properly. A recertification workshop 43.15 must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, 43.16 part 171. Competency standards for a recertification workshop must be published on the 43.17 Department of Agriculture website. If the commissioner requires an applicator to attend a 43.18 recertification workshop and the applicator fails to attend the workshop, the commissioner 43.19 may require the applicator to pass a reexamination. The commissioner may require an 43.20 additional demonstration of applicator qualification if the applicator has had a license 43.21 suspended or revoked or has otherwise had a history of violations of this chapter. 43.22

(b) If <u>a person an applicator</u> fails to renew a structural pest control license within three
months of its expiration, the <u>person applicator</u> must obtain a structural pest control license
subject to the requirements, procedures, and fees required for an initial license.

43.26 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

43.27 Subd. 5. Financial responsibility. (a) A structural pest control license may not be issued
43.28 unless the applicant furnishes proof of financial responsibility. The commissioner may
43.29 suspend or revoke a structural pest control license if an applicator fails to provide proof of
43.30 financial responsibility upon the commissioner's request. Financial responsibility may be
43.31 demonstrated by:

43.32 (1) proof of net assets equal to or greater than \$50,000; or

44.1 (2) a performance bond or insurance of a kind and in an amount determined by the44.2 commissioner.

(b) The bond or insurance must cover a period of time at least equal to the term of the 44.3 applicant's applicator's license. The commissioner must immediately suspend the license 44.4 of a person an applicator who fails to maintain the required bond or insurance. The 44.5 performance bond or insurance policy must contain a provision requiring the insurance or 44.6 bonding company to notify the commissioner by ten days before the effective date of 44.7 44.8 cancellation, termination, or any other change of the bond or insurance. If there is recovery against the bond or insurance, additional coverage must be secured by the applicator to 44.9 maintain financial responsibility equal to the original amount required. 44.10

44.11 (c) An employee of a licensed person is not required to maintain an insurance policy or
44.12 bond during the time the employer is maintaining the required insurance or bond.

(d) Applications for reinstatement of a license suspended under the provisions of this
section must be accompanied by proof of satisfaction of judgments previously rendered.

44.15 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) A person may not apply a pesticide for hire without a
commercial applicator license for the appropriate use categories or a structural pest control
license.

(b) A commercial applicator licensee must have a valid license identification card to
purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must display it upon
demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer.
The commissioner shall prescribe the information required on the license identification
card.

(c) A person licensed under this section is considered qualified and is not required to
verify, document, or otherwise prove a particular need prior to use, except as required by
the federal label.

(d) A person who uses a general-use sanitizer or disinfectant for hire in response to
COVID-19 is exempt from the commercial applicator license requirements under this section.

44.29

(e) A person licensed under this section must be 18 years of age or older.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.33, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 45.1 Subd. 5. Renewal application. (a) A person An applicator must apply to the 45.2 commissioner to renew a commercial applicator license. The commissioner may renew a 45.3 commercial applicator license accompanied by the application fee, subject to reexamination, 45.4 attendance at workshops a recertification workshop approved by the commissioner, or other 45.5 requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator with information 45.6 regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of competence and 45.7 45.8 ability to use pesticides safely and properly. The applicant A recertification workshop must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. 45.9 Competency standards for a recertification workshop must be published on the Department 45.10 of Agriculture website. Upon the receipt of an applicator's renewal application, the 45.11 commissioner may require the applicator to attend a recertification workshop. Depending 45.12 on the application category, the commissioner may require an applicator to complete a 45.13

45.14 recertification workshop once per year, once every two years, or once every three years. If

45.15 the commissioner requires an applicator to attend a recertification workshop and the

45.16 applicator fails to attend the workshop, the commissioner may require the applicator to pass
45.17 a reexamination. An applicator may renew a commercial applicator license within 12 months
45.18 after expiration of the license without having to meet initial testing requirements. The
45.19 commissioner may require <u>an</u> additional demonstration of applicator qualification if a person
45.20 <u>the applicator</u> has had a license suspended or revoked or has had a history of violations of
45.21 this chapter.

(b) An applicant applicator that meets renewal requirements by reexamination instead
of attending workshops a recertification workshop must pay the equivalent workshop fee
for the reexamination as determined by the commissioner.

45.25 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.33, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

45.26 Subd. 6. Financial responsibility. (a) A commercial applicator license may not be issued

45.27 unless the applicant furnishes proof of financial responsibility. The commissioner may

45.28 suspend or revoke an applicator's commercial applicator license if the applicator fails to

45.29 provide proof of financial responsibility upon the commissioner's request. Financial

45.30 responsibility may be demonstrated by: (1) proof of net assets equal to or greater than

45.31 \$50,000; or (2) by a performance bond or insurance of the kind and in an amount determined

45.32 by the commissioner.

45.33 (b) The bond or insurance must cover a period of time at least equal to the term of the
45.34 applicant's applicator's license. The commissioner must immediately suspend the license

of a person an applicator who fails to maintain the required bond or insurance. The
performance bond or insurance policy must contain a provision requiring the insurance or
bonding company to notify the commissioner by ten days before the effective date of
cancellation, termination, or any other change of the bond or insurance. If there is recovery
against the bond or insurance, additional coverage must be secured by the applicator to
maintain financial responsibility equal to the original amount required.

46.7 (c) An employee of a licensed <u>person applicator</u> is not required to maintain an insurance
 46.8 policy or bond during the time the employer is maintaining the required insurance or bond.

46.9 (d) Applications for reinstatement of a license suspended under the provisions of this
46.10 section must be accompanied by proof of satisfaction of judgments previously rendered.

46.11 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

46.12 Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) Except for a licensed commercial applicator, certified
46.13 private applicator, or licensed structural pest control applicator, a person, including a
46.14 government employee, may not purchase or use a restricted use pesticide in performance
46.15 of official duties without having a noncommercial applicator license for an appropriate use
46.16 category.

46.17 (b) A licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides
46.18 and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a
46.19 law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required
46.20 by the commissioner.

46.21 (c) A person licensed under this section is considered qualified and is not required to
46.22 verify, document, or otherwise prove a particular need prior to use, except as required by
46.23 the federal label.

46.24 (d) A person licensed under this section must be 18 years of age or older.

46.25 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.34, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

46.26 Subd. 4. **Renewal.** (a) <u>A person An applicator must apply to the commissioner to renew</u> 46.27 a noncommercial applicator license. The commissioner may renew a license subject to 46.28 reexamination, attendance at <u>workshops a recertification workshop</u> approved by the 46.29 commissioner, or other requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator 46.30 with information regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of 46.31 competence and ability to use pesticides safely and properly. <u>A recertification workshop</u> 46.32 must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40,

47.1 part 171. Competency standards for a recertification website must be published on the
47.2 Department of Agriculture website. Upon the receipt of an applicator's renewal application,
47.3 the commissioner may require the applicator to attend a recertification workshop. Depending
47.4 on the application category, the commissioner may require an applicator to complete a

47.5 recertification workshop once per year, once every two years, or once every three years. If

47.6 <u>the commissioner requires an applicator to attend a recertification workshop and the</u>

47.7 applicator fails to attend the workshop, the commissioner may require the applicator to pass
47.8 <u>a reexamination</u>. The commissioner may require an additional demonstration of applicator
47.9 qualification if the applicator has had a license suspended or revoked or has otherwise had
47.10 a history of violations of this chapter.

47.11 (b) An <u>applicant applicator</u> that meets renewal requirements by reexamination instead
47.12 of attending <u>workshops a recertification workshop</u> must pay the equivalent workshop fee
47.13 for the reexamination as determined by the commissioner.

47.14 (c) An <u>applicator</u> has 12 months to renew the license after expiration without
47.15 having to meet initial testing requirements.

47.16 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.35, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Establishment. (a) The commissioner may establish categories of 47.17 structural pest control, commercial applicator, and noncommercial applicator licenses for 47.18 administering and enforcing this chapter., and private applicator certification consistent 47.19 with federal requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 171.101 and 47.20 171.105, including but not limited to the federal categories that are applicable to the state. 47.21 Application categories must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal 47.22 Regulations, title 40, part 171. Competency standards for application categories must be 47.23 published on the Department of Agriculture website. The categories may include pest control 47.24 operators and ornamental, agricultural, aquatic, forest, and right-of-way pesticide applicators. 47.25 Separate subclassifications of categories may be specified as to ground, aerial, or manual 47.26 methods to apply pesticides or to the use of pesticides to control insects, plant diseases, 47.27 47.28 rodents, or weeds.

47.29

(b) Each category is subject to separate testing procedures and requirements.

47.30 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

47.31 Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) Except for a licensed commercial or noncommercial
47.32 applicator, only a certified private applicator may use a restricted use pesticide to produce
47.33 an agricultural commodity:

48.1 (1) as a traditional exchange of services without financial compensation;

48.2 (2) on a site owned, rented, or managed by the person or the person's employees; or

48.3 (3) when the private applicator is one of two or fewer employees and the owner or
48.4 operator is a certified private applicator or is licensed as a noncommercial applicator.

(b) A person may not purchase a restricted use pesticide without presenting a license
card, certified private applicator card, or the card number.

48.7 (c) A person certified under this section is considered qualified and is not required to
48.8 verify, document, or otherwise prove a particular need prior to use, except as required by
48.9 the federal label.

48.10 (d) A person certified under this section must be 18 years of age or older.

48.11 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.36, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

48.12 Subd. 2. Certification. (a) The commissioner shall prescribe certification requirements and provide training that meets or exceeds United States Environmental Protection Agency 48.13 standards to certify private applicators and provide information relating to changing 48.14 48.15 technology to help ensure a continuing level of competency and ability to use pesticides properly and safely. Private applicator certification requirements and training must meet or 48.16 exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. 48.17 Competency standards for private applicator certification and training must be published 48.18 on the Department of Agriculture website. The training may be done through cooperation 48.19 with other government agencies and must be a minimum of three hours in duration. 48.20

(b) A person must apply to the commissioner for certification as a private applicator.
After completing the certification requirements, which must include an a proctored
examination as determined by the commissioner, an applicant must be certified as a private
applicator to use restricted use pesticides. The certification shall expire March 1 of the third
calendar year after the initial year of certification.

48.26

(c) The commissioner shall issue a private applicator card to a private applicator.

48.27 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

48.28 Subd. 2. Commercial and noncommercial applicators. (a) A commercial or
48.29 noncommercial applicator, or the applicator's authorized agent, must maintain a record of
48.30 pesticides used on each site. Noncommercial applicators must keep records of restricted
48.31 use pesticides. The record must include the:

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49.1	(1) date of the	pesticide use;			
49.2	(2) time the pe	esticide application v	vas completed;		
49.3	(3) brand nam	e of the pesticide, th	e United States Er	nvironmental Protect	ction Agency
49.4	registration numb	er, and rate used;			
49.5	(4) number of	units treated;			
49.6		e, wind speed, and v			
49.7		f the site where the p		ed;	
49.8		address of the custon			
49.9 49.10	(8) name of ap applicator compa	oplicator, name of co nv: and	mpany, license nu	mber of applicator	, and address of
49.11		nformation required	by the commission	ner.	
49.12		Frecords not relevant			be omitted upon
49.13	approval from the	e commissioner.			-
49.14	(c) All informa	ation for this record r	equirement must b	e contained in a do	cument for each
49.15		ion, except a map ma	•		
49.16 49.17	_	uired information m e forms available to	•	-	
49.18	(d) The record	l must be completed	no later than five	days after the appli	cation of the
49.19	pesticide.				
49.20	(e) A commer	cial applicator must	give a copy of the	record to the custo	omer.
49.21	(f) Records m	ust be retained by the	e applicator, comp	any, or authorized	agent for five
49.22	years after the dat	te of treatment.			
49.23		f a commercial or no			or exceed the
49.24	requirements in C	Code of Federal Regu	lations, title 40, p	art 171.	
49.25	Sec. 30. Minnes	sota Statutes 2022, se	ection 18B.37, sub	division 3, is amen	ided to read:
49.26	Subd. 3. Stru	ctural pest control a	applicators. (a) A	structural pest con	trol applicator
49.27	must maintain a r	ecord of each structu	ral pest control ap	plication conducted	d by that person
49.28	or by the person's	employees. The rec	ord must include t	he:	
49.29	(1) date of stru	actural pest control a	pplication;		
49.30	(2) target pest	•			

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50.1	(3) brand name of the pesticide, United States Environmental Protection Agency
50.2	registration number, and amount used;
50.3	(4) for fumigation, the temperature and exposure time;
50.4	(5) time the pesticide application was completed;
50.5	(6) name and address of the customer;
50.6	(7) name of structural pest control applicator, name of company and address of applicator
50.7	or company, and license number of applicator; and
50.8	(8) any other information required by the commissioner.
50.9	(b) All information for this record requirement must be contained in a document for
50.10	each pesticide application. An invoice containing the required information may constitute

50.11 the record.

50.12 (c) The record must be completed no later than five days after the application of the50.13 pesticide.

50.14 (d) Records must be retained for five years after the date of treatment.

50.15 (e) A copy of the record must be given to a person who ordered the application that is 50.16 present at the site where the structural pest control application is conducted, placed in a 50.17 conspicuous location at the site where the structural pest control application is conducted 50.18 immediately after the application of the pesticides, or delivered to the person who ordered 50.19 an application or the owner of the site. The commissioner must make sample forms available 50.20 that meet the requirements of this subdivision.

50.21 (f) A structural applicator must post in a conspicuous place inside a renter's apartment 50.22 where a pesticide application has occurred a list of postapplication precautions contained 50.23 on the label of the pesticide that was applied in the apartment and any other information 50.24 required by the commissioner.

50.25 (g) A record of a structural applicator must meet or exceed the requirements in Code of
 50.26 Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171.

50.27 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, is amended by adding a subdivision 50.28 to read:

50.29 Subd. 1c. Beneficial substance. "Beneficial substance" means any substance or 50.30 compound other than a primary, secondary, and micro plant nutrient, and excluding

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51.1	pesticides, th	at can be demonstrat	ed by scientific	research to be benefi	cial to one or more
51.2	species of pla	ants, soil, or media.			
51.3	Sec. 32. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	2. section 18C	005, subdivision 33, i	s amended to read:
51.4				t" means a substance	-
51.5				r biological character	
51.6 51.7				except fertilizers, agi ed by the commission	_
51.7	materials, pe	stierdes, and other m		ed by the commission	let 5 fuies.
51.8	Sec. 33. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18C	115, subdivision 2, is	amended to read:
51.9	Subd. 2. 4	Adoption of nationa	l standards. A	pplicable national star	ndards contained in
51.10	the 1996 offi	cial publication, nur	ber 49, most re	ecently published vers	ion of the official
51.11	publication o	f the Association of A	American Plant	Food Control Official	s including the rules
51.12	and regulation	ons, statements of uni	form interpreta	tion and policy, and th	ne official fertilizer
51.13	terms and de	finitions, and not oth	erwise adopted	by the commissioner	, may be adopted as
51.14	fertilizer rule	es of this state.			
51.15	Sec. 34. Mi	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 18C	215, subdivision 1, is	amended to read:
51.16	Subdivisi	on 1. Packaged fert	ilizers. (a) A pe	erson may not sell or o	distribute specialty
51.17	fertilizer in b	ags or other containe	rs in this state u	inless a label is placed	l on or affixed to the
51.18	bag or contai	ner stating in a clear,	legible, and cor	spicuous form the fol	lowing information:
51.19	(1) the ne	et weight and volume	, if applicable;		
51.20	(2) the br	and and grade, excep	ot the grade is n	ot required if primary	nutrients are not
51.21	claimed;				
51.22	(3) the gu	aranteed analysis;			
51.23	(4) the na	me and address of th	e guarantor;		
51.24	(5) directi	ons for use, except di	rections for use	are not required for cu	stom blend specialty
51.25	fertilizers; an	ıd			
51.26	(6) a deri	vatives statement.			
51.27	(b) A pers	son may not sell or dis	stribute fertilize	r for agricultural purp	oses in bags or other
51.28	containers in	this state unless a la	bel is placed or	or affixed to the bag	or container stating
51.29	in a clear, leg	tible, and conspicuou	s form the info	rmation listed in parag	raph (a), clauses (1)

51.30 to (4), except:

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- 52.1 (1) the grade is not required if primary nutrients are not claimed; and
- 52.2 (2) the grade on the label is optional if the fertilizer is used only for agricultural purposes
- 52.3 and the guaranteed analysis statement is shown in the complete form as in section 18C.211.
- 52.4 (c) The labeled information must appear:
- 52.5 (1) on the front or back side of the container;
- 52.6 (2) on the upper one-third of the side of the container;
- 52.7 (3) on the upper end of the container; or
- 52.8 (4) printed on a tag affixed to the upper end of the container.

52.9 (d) If a person sells a custom blend specialty fertilizer in bags or other containers, the

52.10 information required in paragraph (a) must either be affixed to the bag or container as

required in paragraph (c) or be furnished to the customer on an invoice or delivery ticketin written or printed form.

52.13 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.221, is amended to read:

52.14 **18C.221 FERTILIZER PLANT FOOD CONTENT.**

52.15 (a) Products that are deficient in plant food content are subject to this subdivision.

52.16 (b) An analysis must show that a fertilizer is deficient:

(1) in one or more of its guaranteed primary plant nutrients beyond the investigationalallowances and compensations as established by regulation; or

52.19 (2) if the overall index value of the fertilizer is shown below the level established by52.20 rule.

(c) A deficiency in an official sample of mixed fertilizer resulting from nonuniformity
is not distinguishable from a deficiency due to actual plant nutrient shortage and is properly
subject to official action.

(d) For the purpose of determining the commercial index value to be applied, the
commissioner shall determine at least annually the values per unit of nitrogen, available
phosphoric acid phosphate, and soluble potash in fertilizers in this state.

52.27 (e) If a fertilizer in the possession of the consumer is found by the commissioner to be 52.28 short in weight, the registrant or licensee of the fertilizer must submit a penalty payment of 52.29 two times the value of the actual shortage to the consumer within 30 days after official 52.30 notice from the commissioner. 53.1 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended
53.2 to read:

53.3 Subd. 6. **Payment of inspection fee.** (a) The person who registers and distributes in the 53.4 state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411 shall 53.5 pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.

(b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person
not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as
exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

(c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil 53.9 amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay the inspection fee 53.10 set under paragraph (e), and until June 30, 2024 2029, an additional 40 cents per ton, of 53.11 53.12 fertilizer, soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this state, with a minimum of \$10 on all tonnage reports. Notwithstanding section 18C.131, the commissioner 53.13 must deposit all revenue from the additional 40 cents per ton fee in the agricultural fertilizer 53.14 research and education account in section 18C.80. Products sold or distributed to 53.15 manufacturers or exchanged between them are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by 53.16 this subdivision if the products are used exclusively for manufacturing purposes. 53.17

(d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant
amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period
of three years.

(e) By commissioner's order, the commissioner must set the inspection fee at no less
than 39 cents per ton and no more than 70 cents per ton. The commissioner must hold a
public meeting before increasing the fee by more than five cents per ton.

53.24

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

53.25 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.70, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Establishment; membership. (a) The Minnesota Agricultural Fertilizer
Research and Education Council is established. The council is composed of <u>12</u> <u>15</u> voting
members as follows:

53.29 (1) two members one member of the Minnesota Crop Production Retailers;

53.30 (2) one member of the Minnesota Corn Growers Association;

53.31 (3) one member of the Minnesota Soybean Growers Association;

53.32 (4) one member of the sugar beet growers industry;

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54.1	(5) one r	nember of the Minneso	ta Associatio	n of Wheat Growers;		
54.2	(6) one r	nember of the potato gr	owers indust	ry;		
54.3	(7) one member of the Minnesota Farm Bureau;					
54.4	(8) one r	nember of the Minneso	ta Farmers U	nion;		
54.5	(9) one r	nember from the Minne	esota Irrigato	rs Association;		
54.6	(10) one	member of the Minnes	ota Grain an	d Feed Association; and		
54.7				ent Crop Consultant Ass	sociation or the	
54.8		ertified crop advisor pr	-			
54.9	<u>(12) one</u>	member representing t	he Minnesota	a Institute for Sustainable	e Agriculture;	
54.10	(13) one	member of the Minnes	ota Soil Hea	th Coalition;		
54.11	<u>(14) one</u>	member who is an exp	ert in public	health; and		
54.12	<u>(15) one</u>	member who is an expe	rt in water qu	ality and has performed	scientific research	
54.13	on water iss	ues.				
54.14	(b) Coun	cil members shall serve	e three-year t	erms. After the initial co	uncil is appointed,	
54.15	subsequent a	appointments must be s	taggered so t	hat one-third of council	membership is	
54.16	replaced eac	h year. Council members	s must be non	ninated by their organizat	i ons and appointed	
54.17	by the comm	nissioner <u>and, except fo</u>	or the membe	rs specified under parag	raph (a), clauses	
54.18	(14) and (15), nominated by their o	rganizations.	The council may add ex	officio members	
54.19	at its discret	ion. The council must r	neet at least	once per year, with all re	lated expenses	
54.20	reimbursed	oy members' sponsoring	g organizatio	ns or by the members th	emselves.	
54.21	Sec. 38. M	innesota Statutes 2022	, section 18C	.70, subdivision 5, is am	ended to read:	
54.22	Subd. 5.	Expiration. This section	on expires Ju	ne 30, 2025 2030.		
54.23	Sec. 39. M	innesota Statutes 2022	section 18C	.71, subdivision 1, is am	ended to read:	
54.24				oject activities include re		
54.25			-	n and application of ferti		
54.26		•	_	nerative agriculture, and	•	
54.27				nponent of outreach that	-	
54.28		-	applicability	to the production agricu	Iltural community	
54.29	or metropoli	tan fertilizer users.				

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55.1		nnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18C.7	1, is amended by add	ing a subdivision to
55.2	read:				
55.3	Subd. 1a.	Priorities and guida	nce. The council	must develop or upda	te research priorities
55.4	and request g	guidance related to:			
55.5	(1) the av	ailability of nitrogen	by manure type	and livestock specie	s based on
55.6	management	; and			
55.7	<u>(2) manur</u>	e management and fe	ertilizer best man	agement practices for	areas where surface
55.8	water or grou	Indwater are vulneral	ble to nitrate loss	ses, including the adju	istment of practices
55.9	based on vul	nerability such as coa	arse textured soi	ls, soils with shallow	bedrock, and karst
55.10	geology.				
55.11	Sec. 41. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	2, section 18C.7	1, subdivision 2, is a	mended to read:
55.12	Subd. 2. A	Awarding grants. Aj	pplications for p	rogram grants must b	be submitted in the
55.13	form prescrib	ed by the Minnesota	Agricultural Fe	rtilizer Research and	Education Council.
55.14	Applications	must be submitted o	n or before the c	leadline prescribed by	y the council. All
55.15	applications	are subject to a thoro	ugh in-state revi	ew by a peer commit	tee established and
55.16	approved by	the council. Each pro	oject meeting the	e basic qualifications	is subject to a yes
55.17	or no vote by	each council member	er. Projects chos	en to receive funding	must achieve an
55.18	affirmative v	ote from at least eigh'	<u>t ten</u> of the <u>12</u> 15	council members or	two-thirds of voting
55.19	members pre	sent. Projects awarde	ed program fund	s must submit an ann	ual progress report
55.20	in the form p	rescribed by the cour	ncil.		
55.01	S 42 M		2		
55.21	Sec. 42. MI	imesota Statutes 202	.2, section 18C.	1, subdivision 4, is a	mended to read:
55.22	Subd. 4. 1	Expiration. This sec	tion expires June	e 30, 2025 2030.	
55.23	Sec 13 Mi	innesota Statutes 202	2 section 18C 8	30, subdivision 2, is a	mended to read.
33.25	Sec. 45. 1011	linesota Statutes 202	2, section 180.6	50, SUDUIVISION 2, 18 a	mended to read.
55.24	Subd. 2. I	Expiration. This sec	tion expires Jun	e 30, 2025 2030.	
55.25	Sec 44 Mi	innesota Statutes 202	2 section 18D ?	301, subdivision 1, is	amended to read
JJ.2J					
55.26	Subdivisi	on 1. Enforcement r	required. (a) The	e commissioner shall	enforce this chapter

(b) Violations of chapter 18B, 18C, or 18F or rules adopted under chapter 18B, 18C, or
18F, or section 103H.275, subdivision 2, are a violation of this chapter.

55.27

and chapters 18B, 18C, and 18F.

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(c) Upon the request of the commissioner, county attorneys, sheriffs, and other officers
having authority in the enforcement of the general criminal laws shall take action to the
extent of their authority necessary or proper for the enforcement of this chapter or special
orders, standards, stipulations, and agreements of the commissioner.

- 56.5 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 18K.06, is amended to read:
- 56.6

5 **18K.06 RULEMAKING.**

(a) The commissioner shall adopt rules governing the production, testing, processing, 56.7 and licensing of industrial hemp. Notwithstanding the two-year limitation for exempt rules 56.8 under section 14.388, subdivision 1, Minnesota Rules, chapter 1565, published in the State 56.9 Register on August 16, 2021, is effective until August 16, 2025, or until permanent rules 56.10 implementing chapter 18K are adopted, whichever occurs first may adopt or amend rules 56.11 governing the production, testing, processing, and licensing of industrial hemp using the 56.12 procedure in section 14.386, paragraph (a). Section 14.386, paragraph (b), does not apply 56.13 to rules adopted or amended under this section. 56.14

- (b) Rules adopted under paragraph (a) must include but not be limited to provisionsgoverning:
- 56.17 (1) the supervision and inspection of industrial hemp during its growth and harvest;

56.18 (2) the testing of industrial hemp to determine delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol levels;

- (3) the use of background check results required under section 18K.04 to approve ordeny a license application; and
- 56.21 (4) any other provision or procedure necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(c) Rules issued under this section must be consistent with federal law regarding theproduction, distribution, and sale of industrial hemp.

56.24 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.10, is amended to read:

56.25

28A.10 POSTING OF LICENSE; RULES.

56.26 All such licenses shall be issued for a period of one year and shall be posted or displayed

56.27 in a conspicuous place at the place of business so licensed. Except as provided in sections

56.28 29.22, subdivision 4 and 31.39, all such license fees and penalties collected by the

56.29 commissioner shall be deposited into the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

- 56.30 The commissioner may adopt such rules in conformity with law as the commissioner deems
- necessary to effectively and efficiently carry out the provisions of sections 28A.01 to 28A.16.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
the meanings given them.

57.4 (b) "Farmers' market" means an association of three or more persons who assemble at 57.5 a defined location that is open to the public for the purpose of selling directly to the consumer 57.6 the products of a farm or garden occupied and cultivated by the person selling the product.

(c) "Food product sampling" means distributing to individuals at a farmers' market or
community event, for promotional or educational purposes, small portions of a food item
that include as a main ingredient a product sold by the vendor at the farmers' market or
community event. For purposes of this subdivision, "small portion" means a portion that is
no more than three ounces of food or beverage.

57.12 (d) "Food product demonstration" means cooking or preparing food products to distribute
57.13 to individuals at a farmers' market or community event for promotional or educational
57.14 purposes.

57.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

57.16 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

57.17 Subd. 2. Food sampling and demonstration. (a) Food used in sampling and

57.18 demonstration must be obtained from sources that comply with Minnesota Food Law.

- 57.19 (b) Raw animal, raw poultry, and raw fish products must not be served as samples.
- 57.20 (c) Food product sampling or food product demonstrations, including cooked animal,
- 57.21 poultry, or fish products, must be prepared on site at the event.
- 57.22 (d) Animal or poultry products used for food product sampling or food product

57.23 demonstrations must be from animals slaughtered under continuous inspection, either by

- 57.24 the USDA or through Minnesota's "Equal-to" inspection program.
- 57.25 (e) The licensing provisions of sections 28A.01 to 28A.16 shall not apply to persons 57.26 engaged in food product sampling or food product demonstrations.
- 57.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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58.1	Sec. 49. Min	nesota Statutes 202	2, section 28A.	151, subdivision 3, is	amended to read:
58.2	Subd. 3. Fo	od required to be	provided at no	cost. Food provided th	rough food product
58.3	sampling or fo	od product demons	strations must be	e provided at no cost t	to the individual
58.4	recipient of a s	ample.			
58.5	EFFECTI	VE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	e the day following fi	nal enactment.
58.6	Sec. 50. Min	nesota Statutes 202	2, section 28A.	151, subdivision 5, is	amended to read:
58.7	Subd. 5. Fo	od safety and equ	ipment standa	rds. <u>(a)</u> Any person c	onducting food
58.8	product sampli	ng or food product	demonstrations	s shall meet the same	food safety and
58.9	equipment star	idards that are requ	iired of a specia	l event food stand in l	Minnesota Rules,
58.10	parts 4626.185	5, items B to O, Q,	, and R; and 462	26.0330.	
58.11	(b) Notwith	standing paragrapl	h (a), a handwas	shing device is not rec	uired when only
58.12	prepackaged for	ood samples are off	fered.		
58.13	EFFECTI	VE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	e the day following fi	nal enactment.
58.14	Sec. 51. Min	nesota Statutes 202	2, section 28A.	151, is amended by a	dding a subdivision
58.15	to read:				
58.16	<u>Subd. 7.</u> Si	g nage. A food proc	luct provided th	rough food product s	ampling or food
58.17	product demor	strations must be a	accompanied by	a legible sign or plac	ard that lists the
58.18	product's ingre	dients and major fo	ood allergens.		
58.19	EFFECTI	VE DATE. This se	ction is effectiv	e the day following fi	nal enactment.
58.20	Sec. 52. Min	nesota Statutes 202	2, section 28A.	21, subdivision 6, is a	mended to read:
58.21	Subd. 6. Ex	xpiration. This sec	tion expires Jun	ue 30, 2027 _2037.	
58.22	Sec. 53. Min	nesota Statutes 202	2, section 31.74	4, is amended to read:	
58.23	31.74 SAL	E OF IMITATION	N HONEY.		
58.24	Subdivision	n 1. Honey defined	I. As used in thi	s section "honey" me	ans the nectar and
58.25	saccharine exu	dation of plants, ga	athered, modifie	ed and stored in the co	mb by honey bees,
58.26	which is levore	otatory, contains no	ot more than 25	percent of water, not	more than 25/100
58.27	percent of ash,	and not more than	eight percent s	ucrose.	
58.28	Subd. 2. Pr	ohibited sale. Not	withstanding an	y law or rule to the co	ntrary, it is unlawful
58.29	for any person	to sell or offer for sa	ale any product	which is in semblance	of honey and which

is labeled, advertised, or otherwise represented to be honey, if it is not honey. The word
"imitation" shall not be used in the name of a product which is in semblance of honey
whether or not it contains any honey. The label for a product which is not in semblance of
honey and which contains honey may include the word "honey" in the name of the product
and the relative position of the word "honey" in the product name, and in the list of
ingredients, when required, shall be determined by its prominence as an ingredient in the

59.7 product.

59.8 Subd. 4. Food consisting of honey and another sweetener. Consistent with the federal

59.9 act, the federal regulations incorporated under section 31.101, subdivision 7, and the

59.10 prohibition against misbranding in sections 31.02 and 34A.03, the label for a food in

59.11 semblance of honey and consisting of honey and another sweetener must include but is not

- 59.12 <u>limited to the following elements:</u>
- 59.13 (1) a statement of identity that accurately identifies or describes the nature of the food

59.14 or its characterizing properties or ingredients; and

59.15 (2) the common or usual name of each ingredient in the ingredient statement, in
 59.16 descending order of predominance by weight.

59.17 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 31.94, is amended to read:

59.18 **31.94 ORGANIC AGRICULTURE; COMMISSIONER DUTIES.**

(a) In order to promote opportunities for organic agriculture in Minnesota, thecommissioner shall:

(1) survey producers and support services and organizations to determine informationand research needs in the area of organic agriculture practices;

(2) work with the University of Minnesota and other research and education institutions
to demonstrate the on-farm applicability of organic agriculture practices to conditions in
this state;

(3) direct the programs of the department so as to work toward the promotion of organicagriculture in this state;

59.28 (4) inform agencies about state or federal programs that support organic agriculture59.29 practices; and

59.30 (5) work closely with producers, producer organizations, the University of Minnesota,
59.31 and other appropriate agencies and organizations to identify opportunities and needs as well

60.3 (b) By November 15 of each year that ends in a zero or a five, the commissioner, in 60.4 conjunction with the task force created in paragraph (c), shall report on the status of organic 60.5 agriculture in Minnesota to the legislative policy and finance committees and divisions with 60.6 jurisdiction over agriculture. The report must include available data on organic acreage and 60.7 production, available data on the sales or market performance of organic products, and 60.8 recommendations regarding programs, policies, and research efforts that will benefit 60.9 Minnesota's organic agriculture sector.

60.10 (c) A Minnesota Organic Advisory Task Force shall advise the commissioner and the
60.11 University of Minnesota on policies and programs that will improve organic agriculture in
60.12 Minnesota, including how available resources can most effectively be used for outreach,
60.13 education, research, and technical assistance that meet the needs of the organic agriculture
60.14 sector. The task force must consist of the following residents of the state:

60.15 (1) three organic farmers;

- 60.16 (2) one wholesaler or distributor of organic products;
- 60.17 (3) one representative of organic certification agencies;

60.18 (4) two organic processors;

- 60.19 (5) one representative from University of Minnesota Extension;
- 60.20 (6) one University of Minnesota faculty member;
- 60.21 (7) one representative from a nonprofit organization representing producers;
- 60.22 (8) two public members;

60.23 (9) one representative from the United States Department of Agriculture;

- 60.24 (10) one retailer of organic products; and
- 60.25 (11) one organic consumer representative.

60.26 The commissioner, in consultation with the director of the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment

60.27 Station; the dean and director of University of Minnesota Extension and the dean of the

60.28 College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences, shall appoint members to

60.29 serve three-year terms.

60.30 Compensation and removal of members are governed by section 15.059, subdivision 6.
60.31 The task force must meet at least twice each year and expires on June 30, 2024 2034.

(d) For the purposes of expanding, improving, and developing production and marketing
of the organic products of Minnesota agriculture, the commissioner may receive funds from
state and federal sources and spend them, including through grants or contracts, to assist
producers and processors to achieve certification, to conduct education or marketing
activities, to enter into research and development partnerships, or to address production or
marketing obstacles to the growth and well-being of the industry.

61.7 (e) The commissioner may facilitate the registration of state organic production and
61.8 handling operations including those exempt from organic certification according to Code
61.9 of Federal Regulations, title 7, section 205.101, and accredited certification agencies
61.10 operating within the state.

61.11

11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

61.12 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 32D.30, is amended to read:

61.13 **32D.30 DAIRY DEVELOPMENT AND PROFITABILITY ENHANCEMENT.**

61.14 Subdivision 1. Program. The commissioner must implement a dairy development and
 61.15 profitability enhancement program consisting of <u>a</u> dairy profitability enhancement teams
 61.16 <u>and program, dairy business planning grants, and other services to support the dairy industry.</u>

Subd. 2. Dairy profitability enhancement teams program. (a) The dairy profitability 61.17 enhancement teams program must provide one-on-one information and technical assistance 61.18 61.19 to dairy farms of all sizes to enhance their financial success and long-term sustainability. Teams The program must assist dairy producers in all dairy-producing regions of the state 61.20 and. Assistance to producers from the program may consist of be provided individually, as 61.21 a team, or through other methods by farm business management instructors, dairy extension 61.22 specialists, and other dairy industry partners. Teams The program may engage in activities 61.23 including such as comprehensive financial analysis, risk management education, enhanced 61.24 milk marketing tools and technologies, and facilitating or improving production systems, 61.25 including rotational grazing and other sustainable agriculture methods, and value-added 61.26 opportunities. 61.27

(b) The commissioner must make grants to regional or statewide organizations qualified
to manage the various components of the teams program and serve as program administrators.
Each regional or statewide organization must designate a coordinator responsible for
overseeing the program and submitting periodic reports to the commissioner regarding
aggregate changes in producer financial stability, productivity, product quality, animal
health, environmental protection, and other performance measures attributable to the program.

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62.1 The organizations must submit this information in a format that maintains the confidentiality62.2 of individual dairy producers.

Subd. 3. Dairy business planning grants. The commissioner may award dairy business
planning grants of up to \$5,000 per producer or dairy processor to develop comprehensive
business plans use technical assistance services for evaluating operations, transitional
changes, expansions, improvements, and other business modifications. Producers and
processors must not use dairy business planning grants for capital improvements.

Subd. 4. Funding allocation. Except as specified in law, the commissioner may allocate
dairy development and profitability enhancement program dollars <u>among for</u> the permissible
uses specified in this section <u>and other needs to support the dairy industry</u>, including efforts
to improve the quality of milk produced in the state, in the proportions that the commissioner
deems most beneficial to the state's dairy farmers.

Subd. 5. Reporting. No later than July 1 each year, the commissioner must submit a
detailed accomplishment report and work plan detailing future plans for, and the actual and
anticipated accomplishments from, expenditures under this section to the chairs and ranking
minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over
agriculture policy and finance. If the commissioner significantly modifies a submitted work
plan during the fiscal year, the commissioner must notify the chairs and ranking minority
members.

62.20 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.039, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

52.21 Subd. 2. **State participation.** The state may participate in a new real estate loan with an eligible lender to a beginning farmer to the extent of 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$400,000 \$500,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan.

62.26 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.04, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

62.27 Subd. 8. **State participation.** With respect to loans that are eligible for restructuring 62.28 under sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 and upon acceptance by the authority, the authority shall 62.29 enter into a participation agreement or other financial arrangement whereby it shall participate 62.30 in a restructured loan to the extent of 45 percent of the primary principal or \$525,00062.31 \$625,000, whichever is less. The authority's portion of the loan must be protected during 62.32 the authority's participation by the first mortgage held by the eligible lender to the extent 62.33 of its participation in the loan.

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63.1 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.042, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
63.2 Subd. 4. Participation limit; interest. The authority may participate in new
63.3 seller-sponsored loans to the extent of 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or
63.4 \$\frac{\$400,000}{\$500,000}\$, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the
63.5 authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms
63.6 of the seller's retained portion of the loan.

63.7 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.043, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. Loan participation. The authority may participate in an agricultural
improvement loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who meets the requirements of section
41B.03, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), and who is actively engaged in farming.
Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$400,000
<u>\$500,000</u>, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's
participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the
lender's retained portion of the loan.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.045, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 63.15 63.16 Subd. 2. Loan participation. The authority may participate in a livestock expansion and modernization loan with an eligible lender to a livestock farmer who meets the 63.17 requirements of section 41B.03, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), and who are actively 63.18 engaged in a livestock operation. A prospective borrower must have a total net worth, 63.19 including assets and liabilities of the borrower's spouse and dependents, of less than 63.20 \$1,700,000 in 2017 and an amount in subsequent years which is adjusted for inflation by 63.21 multiplying that amount by the cumulative inflation rate as determined by the United States 63.22 All-Items Consumer Price Index. 63.23

Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$525,000
\$625,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's
participation interest may be different from the interest rates and repayment terms of the
lender's retained portion of the loan.

63.28 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.047, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

63.29 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The authority shall establish and implement a disaster
63.30 recovery loan program to help farmers:

(1) clean up, repair, or replace farm structures and septic and water systems, as well as
replace seed, other crop inputs, feed, and livestock;

64.1 (2) purchase watering systems, irrigation systems, and other drought mitigation systems
64.2 and practices, and feed when drought is the cause of the purchase;

64.3 (3) restore farmland;

64.4 (4) replace flocks or livestock, make building improvements, or cover the loss of revenue
64.5 when the replacement, improvements, or loss of revenue is due to the confirmed presence
64.6 of a highly contagious animal disease in a commercial poultry or game flock, or a commercial
64.7 livestock operation, located in Minnesota; or

64.8 (5) cover the loss of revenue when the revenue loss is due to an infectious human disease64.9 for which the governor has declared a peacetime emergency under section 12.31.

64.10 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

64.11 Subd. 3. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture or the
 64.12 commissioner's designee.

64.13 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

64.14 Subd. 7. Grain. "Grain" means any cereal grain, coarse grain, or oilseed in unprocessed
 64.15 form for which a standard has been established by the United States Secretary of Agriculture,

64.16 dry edible beans, or agricultural crops designated by the commissioner by rule product

64.17 commonly referred to as grain, including wheat, corn, oats, barley, rye, rice, soybeans,

64.18 emmer, sorghum, triticale, millet, pulses, dry edible beans, sunflower seed, rapeseed, canola,

64.19 safflower, flaxseed, mustard seed, crambe, sesame seed, and other products ordinarily stored
64.20 in grain warehouses.

64.21 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

64.22 Subd. 11. Producer. "Producer" means a person who owns or manages a grain producing
64.23 or growing operation and holds or shares the responsibility for marketing that grain produced
64.24 grows grain on land owned or leased by the person.

64.25 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

64.26 Subd. 12. **Public grain warehouse operator.** "Public grain warehouse operator" means:

64.27 (1) a person licensed to operate operating a grain warehouse in which grain belonging to

64.28 persons other than the grain warehouse operator is accepted for storage or purchase, or; (2)

64.29 <u>a person</u> who offers grain storage or grain warehouse facilities to the public for hire; or (3)

64.30 a feed-processing plant that receives and stores grain, the equivalent of which, it processes

and returns to the grain's owner in amounts, at intervals, and with added ingredients that 65.1 are mutually agreeable to the grain's owner and the person operating the plant. 65.2 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 13, is amended to read: 65.3 Subd. 13. Scale ticket. "Scale ticket" means a memorandum showing the weight, grade 65.4 and kind of grain which is issued by a grain elevator or warehouse operator to a depositor 65.5 at the time the grain is delivered. 65.6 Sec. 67. [346.021] FINDER TO GIVE NOTICE. 65.7 A person who finds an estray and knows who owns the estray must notify the estray's 65.8 owner within seven days after finding the estray and request that the owner pay all reasonable 65.9 charges and take the estray away. A finder who does not know who owns an estray must 65.10 either: 65.11 (1) within ten days, file a notice with the town or city clerk and post a physical or online 65.12 notice of the finding of the estray. The notice must briefly describe the estray or provide a 65.13 photograph of the estray, provide the residence or contact information of the finder, and 65.14 provide the approximate location and time when the finder found the estray; or 65.15 (2) within seven days, surrender the estray to a local animal control agency or to a kennel 65.16 as defined in section 347.31, subdivision 2. 65.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 65.18 Sec. 68. Laws 2023, chapter 43, article 2, section 142, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 65.19 Subd. 9. Dairy law. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 17.984; 32D.03, subdivision 5; 65.20 32D.24; 32D.25, subdivision 1; 32D.26; 32D.27; and 32D.28, are repealed. 65.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 65.22 Sec. 69. REVIVAL AND REENACTMENT. 65.23 65.24 Minnesota Statutes, section 32D.25, subdivision 2, is revived and reenacted effective retroactively from July 1, 2023. 65.25 65.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

65.27 Sec. 70. <u>REPORT REQUIRED; COOPERATIVE FINANCIAL REPORTING.</u>

- 65.28 The commissioner of agriculture shall convene a cooperative financial reporting
- 65.29 workgroup, which must include producers who sell to a cooperative and representatives

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66.1 from cooperative management. The commissioner shall develop recommendations relating

66.2 to requirements for cooperatives to report on financial conditions and report back with

66.3 <u>recommendations to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture by January</u>

66.4 <u>3, 2025. Participating stakeholders must be given an opportunity to include written testimony</u>

66.5 to the legislative committees in the commissioner's report.

66.6 Sec. 71. <u>COMMERCIAL APPLICATOR LICENSE EXAMINATION LANGUAGE</u> 66.7 REQUIREMENTS.

66.8 By January 1, 2025, the commissioner of agriculture must ensure that examinations for 66.9 a commercial applicator license under Minnesota Statutes, section 18B.33, are available in

- 66.10 Spanish and that applicants are informed that the examinations can be taken in Spanish.
- 66.11 The commissioner must use money appropriated from the pesticide regulatory account
- 66.12 <u>under Minnesota Statutes, section 18B.05, for this purpose.</u>

66.13 Sec. 72. CREDIT MARKET REPORT REQUIRED.

66.14 <u>The commissioner of agriculture must convene a stakeholder working group to explore</u>

66.15 the state establishing a market for carbon credits, ecosystem services credits, or other credits

66.16 generated by farmers who implement clean water, climate-smart, and soil-healthy farming

66.17 practices. To the extent practicable, the stakeholder working group must include but is not

66.18 limited to farmers; representatives of agricultural organizations; experts in geoscience,

66.19 carbon storage, greenhouse gas modeling, and agricultural economics; industry

66.20 representatives with experience in carbon markets and supply chain sustainability; and

66.21 representatives of environmental organizations with expertise in carbon sequestration and

- agriculture. No later than February 1, 2025, the commissioner must report recommendations
- 66.23 to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture. The commissioner must
- 66.24 provide participating stakeholders an opportunity to include written testimony in the
- 66.25 <u>commissioner's report.</u>

66.26 Sec. 73. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>

(a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 3.7371, subdivision 7; and 34.07, are repealed.

66.28 (b) Minnesota Rules, parts 1506.0010; 1506.0015; 1506.0020; 1506.0025; 1506.0030;

66.29 <u>1506.0035; and 1506.0040, are repealed.</u>

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67.1			ARTICL	E 3		
67.2	BROADBAND					
67.3	Section 1. Min	nesota Statutes 20	022, section 116	J.396, is amended by add	ling a subdivision	
67.4	to read:					
67.5	Subd. 4. Tra	nsfer. The comm	issioner may tr	ansfer up to \$5,000,000	of a fiscal year	
67.6	appropriation be	tween the border-	-to-border broa	dband program, low den	sity population	
67.7	broadband progr	am, and the broad	dband line exte	nsion program to meet d	emand. The	
67.8	commissioner m	ust inform the ch	airs and rankin	g minority members of t	he legislative	
67.9	committees with	jurisdiction over	broadband fina	nce in writing when this	transfer authority	
67.10	is used. The writ	tten notice must in	nclude how mu	ch money was transferre	ed and why the	
67.11	transfer was mad	de. The written no	otice must also	be filed with the Legisla	tive Reference	
67.12	Library in comp	liance with Minne	esota Statutes,	section 3.195.		
67.13	Sec. 2. BROA	DBAND DEVEI	LOPMENT; A	PPLICATION FOR F	EDERAL	
67.14	FUNDING; AP	PROPRIATION	<u>l.</u>			
67.15	(a) The com	nissioner of empl	oyment and ec	onomic development mu	ist prepare and	
67.16	submit an application	ation to the United	l States Departr	ment of Commerce reque	sting State Digital	
67.17	Equity Capacity	Grant funding ma	ade available u	nder Public Law 117-58,	the Infrastructure	
67.18	Investment and .	Jobs Act.				
67.19	(b) The amou	unt awarded to M	innesota pursua	ant to the application sub	omitted under	
67.20	paragraph (a) is a	ppropriated to the	commissioner	of employment and econo	omic development	
67.21	for purposes of t	the commissioner	's Minnesota D	igital Opportunity Plan.		
67.22			ARTICL			
67.23				RGY FINANCE		
67.24	Section 1. APPI	ROPRIATIONS.				
67.25	The sums sho	own in the columns	s marked "Appr	opriations" are appropriat	ted to the agencies	
67.26	and for the purpo	oses specified in t	his article. The	appropriations are from	the general fund,	
67.27	or another name	d fund, and are av	vailable for the	fiscal years indicated for	r each purpose.	
67.28	The figures "202	24" and "2025" use	ed in this article	e mean that the appropria	tions listed under	
67.29	them are availab	le for the fiscal ye	ear ending June	e 30, 2024, or June 30, 20	025, respectively.	
67.30	"The first year"	is fiscal year 2024	4. "The second	year" is fiscal year 2025	. "The biennium"	
67.31	is fiscal years 20	024 and 2025.				
67.32 67.33				APPROPRIA Available for		

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68.1 68.2					<u>Enc</u> 2024	ling June 30	<u>2025</u>
68.3	Sec. 2. DEPART	MENT OF CO	MMERCE				
68.4	Subdivision 1. To	otal Appropriati	ion	<u>\$</u>		<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>1,133,000</u>
68.5	The amounts that	may be spent fo	r each				
68.6	purpose are speci	fied in the follow	ving				
68.7	subdivisions.						
68.8 68.9	Subd. 2. Therma Suitability Study	01	ork Site				
68.10	\$500,000 the seco	ond year is for th	e thermal				
68.11	energy network si	ite suitability stu	dy under				
68.12	article 6, section 5	51. This is a one	time				
68.13	appropriation and	is available unti	l December				
68.14	<u>31, 2025.</u>						
68.15	Subd. 3. SolarAP	PP+ Program					
68.16	<u>\$500,000 the seco</u>	ond year is for tra	unsfer to the				
68.17	SolarAPP+ progra	am account establ	ished under				
68.18	Minnesota Statute	es, section 216C.4	48, to award				
68.19	incentives to local	l units of govern	ment that				
68.20	deploy federally o	developed softwa	are to				
68.21	automate the revie	ew of application	ns and				
68.22	issuance of permi	ts for residential	solar				
68.23	projects. Incentive	es must be awar	ded only to				
68.24	local units of gov	ernment located	outside the				
68.25	electric service te	rritory of the pu	blic utility				
68.26	subject to Minnes	sota Statutes, sec	tion				
68.27	116C.779, subdiv	ision 1. This is a	a onetime				
68.28	transfer and is ava	ailable until June	e 30, 2028.				
68.29	Subd. 4. Grid-En	hancing Techn	ologies				
68.30	<u>\$133,000 the seco</u>	ond year is to (1)	participate				
68.31	in a Minnesota Pu	ublic Utilities Co	ommission				
68.32	proceeding to revi	ew electric transi	mission line				
68.33	owners' plans to c	leploy grid-enha	ncing				
68.34	technologies, and	(2) issue an ord	er to				

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implement	the plans. The base in t	fiscal year					
2026 is \$265,000 and the base in fiscal year							
2027 is \$26	5,000. The base in fisca	ul year 2028					
<u>is \$0.</u>							
Sec. 3. <u>PUI</u>	BLIC UTILITIES CO	OMMISSION	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	267,000		
(a) \$39,000	the second year is to s	support the					
Thermal Er	nergy Network Deploy	ment Work					
Group and	prepare a report under	article 6,					
section 49.	The base in fiscal year	2026 is					
\$77,000 and	d the base in fiscal year	2027 is \$0.					
(b) \$117,00	00 the second year is to	review					
electric trar	smission line owners'	plans to					
deploy grid	-enhancing technologi	es and					
develop a c	ommission order to im	plement					
approved pl	lans under article 6, sect	tion 52. The					
base in fisc	al year 2026 is \$157,00	00 and the					
base in fisc	al year 2027 is \$157,00	0. The base					
in fiscal yea	ar 2028 is \$0.						
(c) \$111,00	0 the second year is to	conduct a					
proceeding	to develop a cost-shar	ing					
mechanism	enabling developers of	distributed					
generation	projects to pay utilities	to expand					
distribution	line capacity in order	to					
interconnec	t to the grid. The base in	n fiscal year					
2026 is \$11	1,000 and the base in f	fiscal year					
2027 is \$77	,000. The base in fisca	1 year 2028					
is \$0.							

69.28 Sec. 4. GRANT ADMINISTRATION REPORTING.

69.29 (a) By July 1, 2024, the commissioner of commerce must report to the chairs and ranking

69.30 minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over energy finance

69.31 and policy regarding the anticipated costs to administer each named grant and competitive

69.32 grant program in Laws 2023, chapter 60, article 10, section 2, and Laws 2023, chapter 60,

69.33 article 11, section 2.

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70.1	(b) Within 90 days after each named grantee has fulfilled the obl	ligations of	the grantee's
70.2	2 grant agreement, the commissioner must report to the chairs and rar	ıking minor	rity members
70.3	3 of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over energy finance	e and policy	y on the final
70.4	4 cost to administer (1) each named grant included in paragraph (a), a	nd (2) each	named grant
70.5	5 in this article and article 5.		
70.6	6 (c) By January 15, 2025, and each year thereafter, the commiss	ioner must	report to the
70.7	chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees	having juris	sdiction over
70.8	8 energy finance and policy on the annual cost to administer (1) each	1 competitiv	ve grant
70.9	9 program included in paragraph (a), and (2) each competitive grant	program in	this article
70.10	and article 5.		
70.11	ARTICLE 5		
70.12	12 RENEWABLE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT APPRO	OPRIATIO	NS
70.13	13 Section 1. <u>APPROPRIATIONS.</u>		
70.14	14 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are app	propriated to	the agencies
70.15	and for the purposes specified in this article. Notwithstanding Min	nesota Stat	utes, section
70.16	16 <u>116C.779</u> , subdivision 1, paragraph (j), the appropriations are from	n the renew	able
70.17	development account in the special revenue fund established in Min	<u>inesota Stat</u>	tutes, section
70.18	18 <u>116C.779</u> , subdivision 1, and are available for the fiscal years indi	cated for ea	ch purpose.
70.19	19 The figures "2024" and "2025" used in this article mean that the app	propriations	s listed under
70.20	them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, or June	e 30, 2025,	respectively.
70.21	²¹ "The first year" is fiscal year 2024. "The second year" is fiscal year	<u>r 2025. "Th</u>	e biennium"
70.22	is fiscal years 2024 and 2025.		
70.23 70.24 70.25 70.26	Availab 25 End	OPRIATIO le for the Y ing June 30	lear
70.27	27 Sec. 2. <u>DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE</u>		
70.28	28 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Total Appropriation §	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>14,450,000</u>
70.29	29 The amounts that may be spent for each		
70.30	30 purpose are specified in the following		
70.31	31 <u>subdivisions.</u>		

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71.1	Subd. 2. Geot	hermal Energy Sys	tem; Sabathan	i		
71.2	Community (,	-		
71.3	<u>(a) \$6,000,000</u>) the second year is	for a grant			
71.4	to the Sabatha	ni Community Cent	ter in			
71.5	Minneapolis to	o construct a geother	rmal energy			
71.6	system that pro	ovides space heating	and cooling			
71.7	to the center.	This is a onetime ap	propriation			
71.8	and is available	le until June 30, 202	28.			
71.9	(b) For the put	rposes of this subdiv	vision,			
71.10	"geothermal e	nergy system" mear	ns a system			
71.11	composed of:	a heat pump that me	oves a			
71.12	heat-transferri	ing fluid through pip	oing			
71.13	embedded in t	the earth and absorb	s the earth's			
71.14	constant temp	erature; a heat exch	anger; and			
71.15	ductwork to d	istribute heated and	cooled air			
71.16	to a building.					
71.17	Subd. 3. Geot	hermal Planning (<u>Grants</u>			
71.18	\$1,200,000 th	e second year is for	transfer to			
71.19	the geotherma	al planning grant acc	count			
71.20	established un	ider Minnesota Statu	ites, section			
71.21	216C.47, for p	planning grants to po	olitical			
71.22	subdivisions to	o assess the feasibil	ity and cost			
71.23	of constructing	g geothermal energy	y systems.			
71.24		me appropriation ar	nd is			
71.25	available until	l June 30, 2029.				
71.26		gy Efficiency Proj	ects; Dakota			
71.27	<u>County</u>					
71.28	<u>(a) \$500,000 t</u>	the second year is fo	or a grant to			
71.29	Dakota Count	y for energy efficier	ncy projects			
71.30	that are located	d in the service area of	of the public			
71.31		to Minnesota Statut				
71.32	<u>116C.779. Thi</u>	is is a onetime approp	priation and			
71.33	is available un	ntil June 30, 2027.				
71.34	(b) For purpos	ses of this subdivision	on, "energy			
71.35	efficiency proj	ject" includes: (1) LI	ED lighting,			

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Article 5 Sec. 2.

RSI

- as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 72.1 216B.241, subdivision 5; (2) solar arrays; or 72.2 72.3 (3) heating, ventilating, or air conditioning 72.4 system improvements. Subd. 5. Anaerobic Digester Energy System 72.5 (a) \$5,000,000 the second year is for a grant 72.6 to Recycling and Energy, in partnership with 72.7 Dem-Con HZI Bioenergy, LLC, to construct 72.8 an anaerobic energy system in Louisville 72.9 Township. This is a onetime appropriation and 72.10 is available until June 30, 2028. 72.11 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, 72.12 "anaerobic energy system" means a facility 72.13 that uses diverted food and organic waste to 72.14 create renewable natural gas and biochar. 72.15 Subd. 6. SolarAPP+ Program 72.16 \$1,500,000 the second year is for transfer to 72.17 the SolarAPP+ program account established 72.18 under Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.48, 72.19 72.20 to award incentives to local units of government that deploy federally developed 72.21 72.22 software to automate the review of applications and issuance of permits for 72.23 residential solar projects. Incentives must be 72.24 awarded only to political subdivisions located 72.25 within the electric service territory of the 72.26 72.27 public utility that is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779, subdivision 1. This 72.28 is a onetime transfer. 72.29 Subd. 7. Ultraefficient Vehicle Development 72.30 Grants 72.31 \$250,000 the second year is transferred to the 72.32 72.33 ultraefficient vehicle development grant
- 72.34 account under article 6, section 48, to provide

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73.1	grants for dev	velopers and produce	ers of		
73.2	ultraefficient	vehicles. This is a or	netime		
73.3	transfer.				
73.4	Sec. 3. <u>PUBL</u>	JC UTILITIES CO	OMMISSION	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u> <u>1,000,000</u>
73.5	\$1,000,000 th	e second year is for	the carbon		
73.6	dioxide pipeli	nes study under artic	le 6, section		
73.7	<u>50. This is a c</u>	onetime appropriatio	on.		
73.8			ARTICLI	E 6	
73.9			ENERGY PO	DLICY	
73.10	Section 1. N	linnesota Statutes 20	022, section 103	3I.621, subdivisi	on 1, is amended to read:
73.11	Subdivisio	on 1. Permit. (a) Not	withstanding an	y department or a	gency rule to the contrary,
73.12	the commission	oner shall issue, on 1	request by the o	wner of the prop	erty and payment of the
73.13	permit fee, pe	rmits for the reinject	tion of water by	a properly const	ructed well into the same
73.14	aquifer from w	which the water was d	lrawn for the op	eration of a groun	dwater thermal exchange
73.15	device.				
73.16	(b) As a co	ondition of the perm	iit, an applicant	must agree to all	low inspection by the
73.17	commissioner	r during regular wor	king hours for c	lepartment inspe	ctors.
73.18	(c) Not mo	ore than 200 permits	s may be issued	for small system	ns having that (1) have
73.19	maximum cap	pacities of 20 gallons	s per minute or l	ess, and (2) are c	ompliant with the natural
73.20	resource wate	r-use requirements	under subdivisio	on 2. The small s	ystems are subject to
73.21	inspection twi	i ce a year.			
73.22	(d) Not mo	ore than ten 100 perr	nits may be issu	ed for larger syst	tems having that (1) have
73.23	maximum cap	pacities from_over 20) to 50 gallons p	per minute <u>, and (</u> 2	2) are compliant with the
73.24	natural resour	ce water-use require	ments under sul	odivision 2. The l	arger systems are subject
73.25	to inspection :	four times a year.			
73.26	(e) A perse	on issued a permit n	nust comply wit	th this section fo	the permit to be valid.
73.27	and permit con	nditions deemed nec	essary to protec	et public health an	nd safety of groundwater.
73.28	Permit condit	ions may include bu	t are not limited	d to:	
73.29	(1) notification	ation to the commiss	sioner at interva	als specified in th	ne permit conditions;
73.30	(2) system	operation and main	ntenance;		
73.31	(3) system	location and constr	uction;		

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74.1	(4) well lo	cation and construction	on;		
74.2	(5) signage	e requirements;			
74.3	(6) reports	of system construction	on, performa	nce, operation, and ma	aintenance;
74.4	(7) remova	al of the system upon	termination	of use or failure;	
74.5	(8) disclos	ure of the system at t	he time of p	operty transfer;	
74.6			-	e commissioner prior to	o deviating from the
74.7	<u> </u>	and conditions;			
74.8	(10) groun	dwater level monitor	ing; and		
74.9	(11) groun	dwater quality monit	oring.		
	· · ·				4 - 41
74.10				er's agent must submit	
74.11				commissioner, or in a	
74.12			y informatio	n necessary to protect	public health and
74.13	safety of grou	ndwater.			
74.14	(g) A perm	nit granted under this	section is no	t valid if a water-use p	ermit is required for
74.15	the project and	l is not approved by t	the commiss	ioner of natural resource	ces.
74.16	<u>EFFECTI</u>	VE DATE. This sect	tion is effect	ive the day following f	inal enactment.
74.17	Sec. 2. Minr	nesota Statutes 2022,	section 103I	.621, subdivision 2, is	amended to read:
74.18	Subd. 2. W	Vater-use requireme	nts apply. W	vater-use permit require	ements and penalties
74.19	under chapter	103F 103G and relat	ed rules ado	oted and enforced by th	he commissioner of
74.20	natural resour	ces apply to groundw	ater thermal	exchange permit recip	vients. A person who
74.21	violates a prov	ision of this section is	subject to en	forcement or penalties f	for the noncomplying
74.22	activity that a	re available to the cor	nmissioner a	and the Pollution Contr	rol Agency.
74.23	EFFECTI	VE DATE. This sect	tion is effect	we the day following f	inal enactment.
74.24	Sec. 3. Minn	esota Statutes 2023 S	upplement, s	ection 116C.779, subdi	ivision 1, is amended
74.25	to read:				
74.26	Subdivisio	n 1. Renewable deve	elopment ac	count. (a) The renewa	ble development
74.27	account is esta	blished as a separate	account in th	e special revenue fund	in the state treasury.
74.28	Appropriation	s and transfers to the	account shal	l be credited to the acc	ount. Earnings, such
74.29				ising from assets of the	-
74.30	credited to the	account. Funds rema	aining in the	account at the end of a	a fiscal year are not

canceled to the general fund but remain in the account until expended. The account shall
be administered by the commissioner of management and budget as provided under this
section.

(b) On July 1, 2017, the public utility that owns the Prairie Island nuclear generating
plant must transfer all funds in the renewable development account previously established
under this subdivision and managed by the public utility to the renewable development
account established in paragraph (a). Funds awarded to grantees in previous grant cycles
that have not yet been expended and unencumbered funds required to be paid in calendar
year 2017 under paragraphs (f) and (g), and sections 116C.7792 and 216C.41, are not subject
to transfer under this paragraph.

(c) Except as provided in subdivision 1a, beginning January 15, 2018, and continuing 75.11 each January 15 thereafter, the public utility that owns the Prairie Island nuclear generating 75.12 plant must transfer to the renewable development account \$500,000 each year for each dry 75.13 cask containing spent fuel that is located at the Prairie Island power plant for each year the 75.14 plant is in operation, and \$7,500,000 each year the plant is not in operation if ordered by 75.15 the commission pursuant to paragraph (i). The fund transfer must be made if nuclear waste 75.16 is stored in a dry cask at the independent spent-fuel storage facility at Prairie Island for any 75.17 part of a year. The total amount transferred annually under this paragraph must be reduced 75.18 by \$3,750,000. 75.19

(d) Except as provided in subdivision 1a, beginning January 15, 2018, and continuing 75.20 each January 15 thereafter, the public utility that owns the Monticello nuclear generating 75.21 plant must transfer to the renewable development account \$350,000 each year for each dry 75.22 cask containing spent fuel that is located at the Monticello nuclear power plant for each 75.23 year the plant is in operation, and \$5,250,000 each year the plant is not in operation if ordered 75.24 by the commission pursuant to paragraph (i). The fund transfer must be made if nuclear 75.25 waste is stored in a dry cask at the independent spent-fuel storage facility at Monticello for 75.26 any part of a year. 75.27

(e) Each year, the public utility shall withhold from the funds transferred to the renewable
development account under paragraphs (c) and (d) the amount necessary to pay its obligations
under paragraphs (f) and (g), and sections 116C.7792 and 216C.41, for that calendar year.

(f) If the commission approves a new or amended power purchase agreement, the
termination of a power purchase agreement, or the purchase and closure of a facility under
section 216B.2424, subdivision 9, with an entity that uses poultry litter to generate electricity,
the public utility subject to this section shall enter into a contract with the city in which the

poultry litter plant is located to provide grants to the city for the purposes of economic
development on the following schedule: \$4,000,000 in fiscal year 2018; \$6,500,000 each
fiscal year in 2019 and 2020; and \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2021. The grants shall be paid
by the public utility from funds withheld from the transfer to the renewable development
account, as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e).

(g) If the commission approves a new or amended power purchase agreement, or the 76.6 termination of a power purchase agreement under section 216B.2424, subdivision 9, with 76.7 76.8 an entity owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by two municipal utilities located north of Constitutional Route No. 8, that was previously used to meet the biomass mandate in 76.9 section 216B.2424, the public utility that owns a nuclear generating plant shall enter into a 76.10 grant contract with such entity to provide \$6,800,000 per year for five years, commencing 76.11 30 days after the commission approves the new or amended power purchase agreement, or 76.12 the termination of the power purchase agreement, and on each June 1 thereafter through 76.13 2021, to assist the transition required by the new, amended, or terminated power purchase 76.14 agreement. The grant shall be paid by the public utility from funds withheld from the transfer 76.15 to the renewable development account as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e). 76.16

(h) The collective amount paid under the grant contracts awarded under paragraphs (f)
and (g) is limited to the amount deposited into the renewable development account, and its
predecessor, the renewable development account, established under this section, that was
not required to be deposited into the account under Laws 1994, chapter 641, article 1, section
10.

(i) After discontinuation of operation of the Prairie Island nuclear plant or the Monticello 76.22 nuclear plant and each year spent nuclear fuel is stored in dry cask at the discontinued 76.23 facility, the commission shall require the public utility to pay \$7,500,000 for the discontinued 76.24 Prairie Island facility and \$5,250,000 for the discontinued Monticello facility for any year 76.25 in which the commission finds, by the preponderance of the evidence, that the public utility 76.26 did not make a good faith effort to remove the spent nuclear fuel stored at the facility to a 76.27 permanent or interim storage site out of the state. This determination shall be made at least 76.28 76.29 every two years.

76.30 (j) Funds in the account may be expended only for any of the following purposes:

76.31 (1) to stimulate research and development of renewable electric energy technologies;

(2) to encourage grid modernization, including, but not limited to, projects that implement
 electricity storage, load control, and smart meter technology; and

(3) to stimulate other innovative energy projects that reduce demand and increase system
efficiency and flexibility.

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77.3 Expenditures from the fund must benefit Minnesota ratepayers receiving electric service

^{77.4} from the utility that owns a nuclear-powered electric generating plant in this state or the

77.5 Prairie Island Indian community or its members.

The utility that owns a nuclear generating plant is eligible to apply for grants under thissubdivision.

(k) For the purposes of paragraph (j), the following terms have the meanings given:

(1) "renewable" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1, paragraph
(c), clauses (1), (2), (4), and (5); and

77.11 (2) "grid modernization" means:

(i) enhancing the reliability of the electrical grid;

(ii) improving the security of the electrical grid against cyberthreats and physical threats;and

(iii) increasing energy conservation opportunities by facilitating communication between
the utility and its customers through the use of two-way meters, control technologies, energy
storage and microgrids, technologies to enable demand response, and other innovative
technologies.

(1) A renewable development account advisory group that includes, among others, 77.19 representatives of the public utility and its ratepayers, and includes at least one representative 77.20 of the Prairie Island Indian community appointed by that community's tribal council, shall 77.21 develop recommendations on account expenditures. The advisory group must design a 77.22 request for proposal and evaluate projects submitted in response to a request for proposals. 77.23 The advisory group must utilize an independent third-party expert to evaluate proposals 77.24 submitted in response to a request for proposal, including all proposals made by the public 77.25 utility. A request for proposal for research and development under paragraph (j), clause (1), 77.26 77.27 may be limited to or include a request to higher education institutions located in Minnesota for multiple projects authorized under paragraph (j), clause (1). The request for multiple 77.28 projects may include a provision that exempts the projects from the third-party expert review 77.29 and instead provides for project evaluation and selection by a merit peer review grant system. 77.30 In the process of determining request for proposal scope and subject and in evaluating 77.31 responses to request for proposals, the advisory group must strongly consider, where 77.32 reasonable: 77.33

(1) potential benefit to Minnesota citizens and businesses and the utility's ratepayers;and

(2) the proposer's commitment to increasing the diversity of the proposer's workforceand vendors.

(m) The advisory group shall submit funding recommendations to the public utility,
which has full and sole authority to determine which expenditures shall be submitted by
the advisory group to the legislature. The commission may approve proposed expenditures,
may disapprove proposed expenditures that it finds not to be in compliance with this
subdivision or otherwise not in the public interest, and may, if agreed to by the public utility,
modify proposed expenditures. The commission shall, by order, submit its funding
recommendations to the legislature as provided under paragraph (n).

(n) The commission shall present its recommended appropriations from the account to
the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and
finance annually by February 15. Expenditures from the account must be appropriated by
law. In enacting appropriations from the account, the legislature:

(1) may approve or disapprove, but may not modify, the amount of an appropriation for
a project recommended by the commission; and

(2) may not appropriate money for a project the commission has not recommendedfunding.

(o) A request for proposal for renewable energy generation projects must, when feasible
 and reasonable, give preference to projects that are most cost-effective for a particular energy
 source.

(p) The advisory group must annually, by February 15, report to the chairs and ranking
minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over energy policy on
projects funded by the account for the prior year and all previous years. The report must,
to the extent possible and reasonable, itemize the actual and projected financial benefit to
the public utility's ratepayers of each project.

(q) By February 1, 2018, and each February 1 thereafter, the commissioner of
management and budget shall submit a written report regarding the availability of funds in
and obligations of the account to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate
and house committees with jurisdiction over energy policy and finance, the public utility,
and the advisory group.

 (\mathbf{r}) (q) A project receiving funds from the account must produce a written final report 79.1 that includes sufficient detail for technical readers and a clearly written summary for 79.2 nontechnical readers. The report must include an evaluation of the project's financial, 79.3 environmental, and other benefits to the state and the public utility's ratepayers. A project 79.4 receiving funds from the account must submit a report that meets the requirements of section 79.5 216C.51, subdivisions 3 and 4, each year the project funded by the account is in progress. 79.6

(s) (r) Final reports, any mid-project status reports, and renewable development account 79.7 79.8 financial reports must be posted online on a public website designated by the commissioner of commerce. 79.9

79.10 (t) (s) All final reports must acknowledge that the project was made possible in whole or part by the Minnesota renewable development account, noting that the account is financed 79.11 by the public utility's ratepayers. 79.12

(u) (t) Of the amount in the renewable development account, priority must be given to 79.13 making the payments required under section 216C.417. 79.14

 (\mathbf{v}) (u) Construction projects receiving funds from this account are subject to the 79.15 requirement to pay the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 177.42 and the requirements 79.16 and enforcement provisions in sections 177.27, 177.30, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.435, and 79.17 177.45. 79.18

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 116C.7792, is amended to read: 79.19

79.20

116C.7792 SOLAR ENERGY PRODUCTION INCENTIVE PROGRAM.

(a) The utility subject to section 116C.779 shall operate a program to provide solar 79.21 energy production incentives for solar energy systems of no more than a total aggregate 79.22 nameplate capacity of 40 kilowatts alternating current per premise. The owner of a solar 79.23 energy system installed before June 1, 2018, is eligible to receive a production incentive 79.24 under this section for any additional solar energy systems constructed at the same customer 79.25 location, provided that the aggregate capacity of all systems at the customer location does 79.26 not exceed 40 kilowatts. 79.27

(b) The program is funded by money withheld from transfer to the renewable development 79.28 account under section 116C.779, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) and (e). Program funds must 79.29 be placed in a separate account for the purpose of the solar energy production incentive 79.30 program operated by the utility and not for any other program or purpose. 79.31

(c) Funds allocated to the solar energy production incentive program in 2019 and 2020 79.32 remain available to the solar energy production incentive program. 79.33

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80.1 (d) The following amounts are allocated to the solar energy production incentive program:

80.2 (1) \$10,000,000 in 2021;

- 80.3 (2) \$10,000,000 in 2022;
- 80.4 (3) \$5,000,000 in 2023;
- 80.5 (4) \$11,250,000 in 2024; and
- 80.6 (5) \$6,250,000 in 2025; and
- 80.7 (6) \$5,000,000 each year, beginning in 2026 through 2035.

(e) Notwithstanding the Department of Commerce's November 14, 2018, decision in 80.8 Docket No. E002/M-13-1015 regarding operation of the utility's solar energy production 80.9 incentive program, half of the amounts allocated each year under paragraph (d), clauses (3), 80.10 (4), and (5), must be reserved for solar energy systems whose installation meets the eligibility 80.11 standards for the low-income program established in the November 14, 2018, decision or 80.12 successor decisions of the department. All other program operations of the solar energy 80.13 production incentive program are governed by the provisions of the November 14, 2018, 80.14 decision or successor decisions of the department. 80.15

(f) Funds allocated to the solar energy production incentive program that have not been
committed to a specific project at the end of a program year remain available to the solar
energy production incentive program.

80.19 (g) Any unspent amount remaining on January 1, 2028, must be transferred to the 80.20 renewable development account.

(h) A solar energy system receiving a production incentive under this section must be
sized to less than 120 percent of the customer's on-site annual energy consumption when
combined with other distributed generation resources and subscriptions provided under
section 216B.1641 associated with the premise. The production incentive must be paid for
ten years commencing with the commissioning of the system.

(i) The utility must file a plan to operate the program with the commissioner of commerce.
The utility may not operate the program until it is approved by the commissioner. A change
to the program to include projects up to a nameplate capacity of 40 kilowatts or less does
not require the utility to file a plan with the commissioner. Any plan approved by the
commissioner of commerce must not provide an increased incentive scale over prior years
unless the commissioner demonstrates that changes in the market for solar energy facilities
require an increase.

	SF4942	REVISOR	RSI	S4942-4	4th Engrossment
81.1	Sec. 5. Mir	mesota Statutes 2022,	section 216B.)98, is amended by a	adding a subdivision
81.2	to read:				
81.3	Subd 7	Social Security numb	er and individ	lual taxnaver ident	ification number. If
81.4		ires a new customer to		• •	
81.5	^	e, the utility must acce	•	•	
81.6		ecurity number. The ut	-		
81.7	individual ta	xpayer identification n	umber.		
81.8	Sec. 6. Mir	nnesota Statutes 2022,	section 216B.	16, subdivision 6c, is	s amended to read:
81.9	Subd. 6c.	Incentive plan for er	nergy conserv	ation and efficient t	fuel-switching
81.10	improvemer	nt. (a) The commission	n may order pu	blic utilities to deve	lop and submit for
81.11	commission	approval incentive pla	ns that describ	e the method of reco	overy and accounting
81.12	for utility con	nservation and efficien	nt fuel-switchir	ng expenditures and	savings. <u>For public</u>
81.13	utilities that p	provide electric service	, the commissi	on must develop and	implement incentive
81.14	plans designe	ed to promote energy co	onservation sepa	arately from the plans	s designed to promote
81.15		-switching. In develop	-	ve plans the commis	ssion shall ensure the
81.16	effective invo	olvement of interested	parties.		
81.17	(b) In app	proving incentive plans	s, the commiss	ion shall consider:	
81.18	(1) wheth	er the plan is likely to	increase utility	y investment in cost-	-effective energy
81.19	conservation	or efficient fuel swite	hing;		
81.20	(2) wheth	her the plan is compatil	ble with the int	terest of utility ratep	ayers and other
81.21	interested pa	rties;			
81.22	(3) wheth	er the plan links the in	ncentive to the	utility's performance	e in achieving
81.23	cost-effective	e conservation or effic	ient fuel switcl	ning; and	
81.24	(4) wheth	er the plan is in confli	ct with other p	rovisions of this cha	pter . ;
81.25	(5) wheth	er the plan conflicts w	vith other provi	sions of this chapter	; and
81.26	(6) the lik	ely financial impacts o	of the conservat	ion and efficient fuel	l-switching programs
81.27	on the utility	<u>.</u>			
81.28	(c) The co	ommission may set rate	s to encourage	the vigorous and effe	ctive implementation
81.29	of utility con	servation and efficient	t fuel-switching	g programs. The con	nmission may:
81.30	(1) increa	se or decrease any oth	erwise allowed	d rate of return on ne	et investment based
81.31	upon the util	ity's skill, efforts, and	success in con	serving improving th	ne efficient use of
81.32	energy throu	gh energy conservation	n or efficient f	uel switching;	

(2) share between ratepayers and utilities the net savings resulting from energy 82.1 conservation and efficient fuel-switching programs to the extent justified by the utility's 82.2 skill, efforts, and success in conserving improving the efficient use of energy; and 82.3 (3) adopt any mechanism that satisfies the criteria of this subdivision, such that 82.4 implementation of cost-effective conservation or efficient fuel switching is a preferred 82.5 resource choice for the public utility considering the impact of conservation or efficient fuel 82.6 switching on earnings of the public utility. 82.7 (d) Any incentives offered to electric utilities under this subdivision for efficient-fuel 82.8 switching projects expire December 31, 2032. 82.9 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.16, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 82.10 Subd. 8. Advertising expense. (a) The commission shall disapprove the portion of any 82.11 rate which makes an allowance directly or indirectly for expenses incurred by a public utility 82.12 to provide a public advertisement which: 82.13 (1) is designed to influence or has the effect of influencing public attitudes toward 82.14 legislation or proposed legislation, or toward a rule, proposed rule, authorization or proposed 82.15 authorization of the Public Utilities Commission or other agency of government responsible 82.16 for regulating a public utility; 82.17 82.18 (2) is designed to justify or otherwise support or defend a rate, proposed rate, practice or proposed practice of a public utility; 82.19 82.20 (3) is designed primarily to promote consumption of the services of the utility; (4) is designed primarily to promote good will for the public utility or improve the 82.21 utility's public image; or 82.22 (5) is designed to promote the use of nuclear power or to promote a nuclear waste storage 82.23 82.24 facility. (b) The commission may approve a rate which makes an allowance for expenses incurred 82.25 by a public utility to disseminate information which: 82.26 (1) is designed to encourage conservation efficient use of energy supplies; 82.27 82.28 (2) is designed to promote safety; or (3) is designed to inform and educate customers as to financial services made available 82.29 82.30 to them by the public utility.

C

(c) The commission shall not withhold approval of a rate because it makes an allowance
for expenses incurred by the utility to disseminate information about corporate affairs to its
owners.

83.4 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2402, is amended by adding a subdivision
83.5 to read:

83.6 Subd. 3a. Data mining facility. "Data mining facility" means all buildings, structures,

83.7 equipment, and installations at a single site where electricity is used primarily by computers

83.8 to process transactions involving digital currency that is not issued by a central authority.

83.9 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2402, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

83.10 Subd. 4. Efficient fuel-switching improvement. "Efficient fuel-switching improvement"
83.11 means a project that:

(1) replaces a fuel used by a customer with electricity or natural gas delivered at retail
by a utility subject to section 216B.2403 or 216B.241;

(2) results in a net increase in the use of electricity or natural gas and a net decrease in
source energy consumption on a fuel-neutral basis;

(3) otherwise meets the criteria established for consumer-owned utilities in section
216B.2403, subdivision 8, and for public utilities under section 216B.241, subdivisions 11
and 12; and

(4) requires the installation of equipment that utilizes electricity or natural gas, resultingin a reduction or elimination of the previous fuel used.

An efficient fuel-switching improvement is not an energy conservation improvement or energy efficiency even if the efficient fuel-switching improvement results in a net reduction in electricity or natural gas use. An efficient fuel-switching improvement does not include, and must not count toward any energy savings goal from, energy conservation improvements when fuel switching would result in an increase of greenhouse gas emissions into the atmosphere on an annual basis.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2402, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Gross annual retail energy sales. "Gross annual retail energy sales" means
a utility's annual electric sales to all Minnesota retail customers, or natural gas throughput
to all retail customers, including natural gas transportation customers, on a utility's
distribution system in Minnesota. Gross annual retail energy sales does not include:

84.1 (1) gas sales to:

84.2 (i) a large energy facility;

84.3 (ii) a large customer facility whose natural gas utility has been exempted by the

commissioner under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a, paragraph (a), with respect to natural

84.5 gas sales made to the large customer facility; and

(iii) a commercial gas customer facility whose natural gas utility has been exempted by
the commissioner under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), with respect to
natural gas sales made to the commercial gas customer facility;

84.9 (2) electric sales to:

84.10 (i) a large customer facility whose electric utility has been exempted by the commissioner
84.11 under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a, paragraph (a), with respect to electric sales made
84.12 to the large customer facility; or and

84.13 (ii) a data mining facility, if the facility:

84.14 (A) has provided a signed letter to the utility verifying the facility meets the definition
84.15 of a data mining facility; and

84.16(B) imposes a peak electrical demand on a consumer-owned utility's system equal to or84.17greater than 40 percent of the peak electrical demand of the system, measured in the same

84.18 manner as the utility that serves the customer facility measures electric demand for billing

84.19 purposes; or

(3) the amount of electric sales prior to December 31, 2032, that are associated with a
utility's program, rate, or tariff for electric vehicle charging based on a methodology and
assumptions developed by the department in consultation with interested stakeholders no
later than December 31, 2021. After December 31, 2032, incremental sales to electric
vehicles must be included in calculating a <u>public</u> utility's gross annual retail sales.

84.25 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2403, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Consumer-owned utility; energy-savings goal. (a) Each individual
consumer-owned <u>electric</u> utility subject to this section has an annual energy-savings goal
equivalent to 1.5 percent of gross annual retail energy sales and each individual

84.29 consumer-owned natural gas utility subject to this section has an annual energy-savings

84.30 goal equivalent to one percent of gross annual retail energy sales, to be met with a minimum

- 84.31 of energy savings from energy conservation improvements equivalent to at least $\frac{0.95}{0.90}$
- 84.32 percent of the consumer-owned utility's gross annual retail energy sales. The balance of

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energy savings toward the annual energy-savings goal may be achieved only by the following
consumer-owned utility activities:

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85.3 (1) energy savings from additional energy conservation improvements;

(2) electric utility infrastructure projects, as defined in section 216B.1636, subdivision
1, that result in increased efficiency greater than would have occurred through normal
maintenance activity;

85.7 (3) net energy savings from efficient fuel-switching improvements that meet the criteria 85.8 under subdivision 8, which may contribute up to 0.55 0.60 percent of the goal; or

(4) subject to department approval, demand-side natural gas or electric energy displaced
by use of waste heat recovered and used as thermal energy, including the recovered thermal
energy from a cogeneration or combined heat and power facility.

(b) The energy-savings goals specified in this section must be calculated based on weather-normalized sales averaged over the most recent three years. A consumer-owned utility may elect to carry forward energy savings in excess of 1.5 percent for a year to the next three years, except that energy savings from electric utility infrastructure projects may be carried forward for five years. A particular energy savings can only be used to meet one year's goal.

(c) A consumer-owned utility subject to this section is not required to make energy conservation improvements that are not cost-effective, even if the improvement is necessary to attain the energy-savings goal. A consumer-owned utility subject to this section must make reasonable efforts to implement energy conservation improvements that exceed the minimum level established under this subdivision if cost-effective opportunities and funding are available, considering other potential investments the consumer-owned utility intends to make to benefit customers during the term of the plan filed under subdivision 3.

(d) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, until July 1, 2026, spending by a
consumer-owned utility subject to this section on efficient fuel-switching improvements
implemented to meet the annual energy savings goal under this section must not exceed
0.55 percent per year, averaged over a three-year period, of the consumer-owned utility's
gross annual retail energy sales.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2403, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Consumer-owned utility; energy conservation and optimization plans. (a)
By June 1, 2022, and at least every three years thereafter, each consumer-owned utility must

85.33 file with the commissioner an energy conservation and optimization plan that describes the

programs for energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, load management, and other
measures the consumer-owned utility intends to offer to achieve the utility's energy savings
goal.

(b) A plan's term may extend up to three years. A multiyear plan must identify the total
energy savings and energy savings resulting from energy conservation improvements that
are projected to be achieved in each year of the plan. A multiyear plan that does not, in each
year of the plan, meet both the minimum energy savings goal from energy conservation
improvements and the total energy savings goal of 1.5 percent, or lower goals adjusted by
the commissioner under paragraph (k), must:

86.10 (1) state why each goal is projected to be unmet; and

86.11 (2) demonstrate how the consumer-owned utility proposes to meet both goals on an86.12 average basis over the duration of the plan.

86.13 (c) A plan filed under this subdivision must provide:

(1) for existing programs, an analysis of the cost-effectiveness of the consumer-owned
utility's programs offered under the plan, using a list of baseline energy- and capacity-savings
assumptions developed in consultation with the department; and

86.17 (2) for new programs, a preliminary analysis upon which the program will proceed, in
86.18 parallel with further development of assumptions and standards.

(d) The commissioner must evaluate a plan filed under this subdivision based on the 86.19 plan's likelihood to achieve the energy-savings goals established in subdivision 2. The 86.20 commissioner may make recommendations to a consumer-owned utility regarding ways to 86.21 increase the effectiveness of the consumer-owned utility's energy conservation activities 86.22 and programs under this subdivision. The commissioner may recommend that a 86.23 consumer-owned utility implement a cost-effective energy conservation or efficient 86.24 86.25 fuel-switching program, including an energy conservation program suggested by an outside source such as a political subdivision, nonprofit corporation, or community organization. 86.26

(e) Beginning June 1, 2023, and every June 1 thereafter, each consumer-owned utility
must file: (1) an annual update identifying the status of the plan filed under this subdivision,
including: (i) total expenditures and investments made to date under the plan; and (ii) any
intended changes to the plan; and (2) a summary of the annual energy-savings achievements
under a plan. An annual filing made in the last year of a plan must contain a new plan that
complies with this section.

(f) When evaluating the cost-effectiveness of a consumer-owned utility's energy
conservation programs, the consumer-owned utility and the commissioner must consider
the costs and benefits to ratepayers, the utility, participants, and society. The commissioner
must also consider the rate at which the consumer-owned utility is increasing energy savings
and expenditures on energy conservation, and lifetime energy savings and cumulative energy
savings.

(g) A consumer-owned utility may annually spend and invest up to ten percent of the
 total amount spent and invested on energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, or load
 <u>management</u> improvements on research and development projects that meet the <u>applicable</u>
 definition of energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, or load management improvement.

(h) A generation and transmission cooperative electric association or municipal power
agency that provides energy services to consumer-owned utilities may file a plan under this
subdivision on behalf of the consumer-owned utilities to which the association or agency
provides energy services and may make investments, offer conservation programs, and
otherwise fulfill the energy-savings goals and reporting requirements of this subdivision
for those consumer-owned utilities on an aggregate basis.

(i) A consumer-owned utility is prohibited from spending for or investing in energy
conservation improvements that directly benefit a large energy facility or a large electric
customer facility the commissioner has exempted under section 216B.241, subdivision 1a.

(j) The energy conservation and optimization plan of a consumer-owned utility may
include activities to improve energy efficiency in the public schools served by the utility.
These activities may include programs to:

(1) increase the efficiency of the school's lighting and heating and cooling systems;

87.24 (2) recommission buildings;

87.25 (3) train building operators; and

(4) provide opportunities to educate students, teachers, and staff regarding energyefficiency measures implemented at the school.

(k) A consumer-owned utility may request that the commissioner adjust the
consumer-owned utility's minimum goal for energy savings from energy conservation
improvements under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), for the duration of the plan filed under
this subdivision. The request must be made by January 1 of the year when the
consumer-owned utility must file a plan under this subdivision. The request must be based
on:

(1) historical energy conservation improvement program achievements;

88.2 (2) customer class makeup;

88.3 (3) projected load growth;

(4) an energy conservation potential study that estimates the amount of cost-effective
energy conservation potential that exists in the consumer-owned utility's service territory;
(5) the cost-effectiveness and quality of the energy conservation programs offered by

(5) the cost-effectiveness and quality of the energy conservation programs of
the consumer-owned utility; and

(6) other factors the commissioner and consumer-owned utility determine warrant anadjustment.

The commissioner must adjust the energy savings goal to a level the commissioner determines is supported by the record, but must not approve a minimum energy savings goal from energy conservation improvements that is less than an average of 0.95 percent per year over the consecutive years of the plan's duration, including the year the minimum energy savings goal is adjusted.

(1) A consumer-owned utility filing a conservation and optimization plan that includes
an efficient fuel-switching program to achieve the utility's energy savings goal must, as part
of the filing, demonstrate by a comparison of greenhouse gas emissions between the fuels
that the requirements of subdivision 8 are met, using a full fuel-cycle energy analysis.

88.19 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2403, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Energy conservation programs for low-income households. (a) A 88.20 consumer-owned utility subject to this section must provide energy conservation programs 88.21 to low-income households. The commissioner must evaluate a consumer-owned utility's 88.22 plans under this section by considering the consumer-owned utility's historic spending on 88.23 88.24 energy conservation programs directed to low-income households, the rate of customer participation in and the energy savings resulting from those programs, and the number of 88.25 low-income persons residing in the consumer-owned utility's service territory. A municipal 88.26 utility that furnishes natural gas service must spend at least 0.2 percent of the municipal 88.27 utility's most recent three-year average gross operating revenue from residential customers 88.28 88.29 in Minnesota on energy conservation programs for low-income households. A consumer-owned utility that furnishes electric service must spend at least 0.2 percent of the 88.30 consumer-owned utility's gross operating revenue from residential customers in Minnesota 88.31 on energy conservation programs for low-income households. The requirement under this 88.32 paragraph applies to each generation and transmission cooperative association's aggregate 88.33

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gross operating revenue from the sale of electricity to residential customers in Minnesotaby all of the association's member distribution cooperatives.

89.3 (b) To meet all or part of the spending requirements of paragraph (a), a consumer-owned utility may contribute money to the energy and conservation account established in section 89.4 216B.241, subdivision 2a. An energy conservation optimization plan must state the amount 89.5 of contributions the consumer-owned utility plans to make to the energy and conservation 89.6 account. Contributions to the account must be used for energy conservation programs serving 89.7 89.8 low-income households, including renters, located in the service area of the consumer-owned utility making the contribution. Contributions must be remitted to the commissioner by 89.9 February 1 each year. 89.10

89.11 (c) The commissioner must establish energy conservation programs for low-income households funded through contributions to the energy and conservation account under 89.12 paragraph (b). When establishing energy conservation programs for low-income households, 89.13 the commissioner must consult political subdivisions, utilities, and nonprofit and community 89.14 organizations, including organizations providing energy and weatherization assistance to 89.15 low-income households. The commissioner must record and report expenditures and energy 89.16 savings achieved as a result of energy conservation programs for low-income households 89.17 funded through the energy and conservation account in the report required under section 89.18 216B.241, subdivision 1c, paragraph (f). The commissioner may contract with a political 89.19 subdivision, nonprofit or community organization, public utility, municipality, or 89.20 consumer-owned utility to implement low-income programs funded through the energy and 89.21 conservation account. 89.22

(d) A consumer-owned utility may petition the commissioner to modify the required
spending under this subdivision if the consumer-owned utility and the commissioner were
unable to expend the amount required for three consecutive years.

89.26 (e) The commissioner must develop and establish guidelines for determining the eligibility of multifamily buildings to participate in energy conservation programs provided to 89.27 low-income households. Notwithstanding the definition of low-income household in section 89.28 216B.2402, a consumer-owned utility or association may apply the most recent guidelines 89.29 published by the department for purposes of determining the eligibility of multifamily 89.30 buildings to participate in low-income programs. The commissioner must convene a 89.31 stakeholder group to review and update these guidelines by August 1, 2021, and at least 89.32 once every five years thereafter. The stakeholder group must include but is not limited to 89.33 representatives of public utilities; municipal electric or gas utilities; electric cooperative 89.34 associations; multifamily housing owners and developers; and low-income advocates. 89.35

90.1 (f) Up to 15 percent of a consumer-owned utility's spending on low-income energy
90.2 conservation programs may be spent on preweatherization measures. A consumer-owned
90.3 utility is prohibited from claiming energy savings from preweatherization measures toward
90.4 the consumer-owned utility's energy savings goal.

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90.5 (g) The commissioner must, by order, establish a list of preweatherization measures
90.6 eligible for inclusion in low-income energy conservation programs no later than March 15,
90.7 2022.

(h) A Healthy AIR (Asbestos Insulation Removal) account is established as a separate 90.8 account in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. A consumer-owned utility may 90.9 elect to contribute money to the Healthy AIR account to provide preweatherization measures 90.10 for households eligible for weatherization assistance from the state weatherization assistance 90.11 program in section 216C.264. Remediation activities must be executed in conjunction with 90.12 federal weatherization assistance program services. Money contributed to the account by a 90.13 consumer-owned utility counts toward: (1) the minimum low-income spending requirement 90.14 under paragraph (a); and (2) the cap on preweatherization measures under paragraph (f). 90.15 Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of commerce to pay for 90.16 Healthy AIR-related activities. 90.17

(i) This paragraph applies to a consumer-owned utility that supplies electricity to a 90.18 low-income household whose primary heating fuel is supplied by an entity other than a 90.19 public utility. Any spending on space and water heating energy conservation improvements 90.20 and efficient fuel-switching by the consumer-owned utility on behalf of the low-income 90.21 household may be applied to the consumer owned utility's spending requirement under 90.22 paragraph (a). To the maximum extent possible, a consumer-owned utility providing services 90.23 under this paragraph must offer the services in conjunction with weatherization services 90.24 provided under section 216C.264. 90.25

90.26 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2403, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Criteria for efficient fuel-switching improvements. (a) A fuel-switching
improvement is deemed efficient if, applying the technical criteria established under section
216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (e), the improvement, relative to the fuel being
displaced:

90.31 (1) results in a net reduction in the amount of source energy consumed for a particular
90.32 use, measured on a fuel-neutral basis, using (i) the consumer-owned utility's or the utility's
90.33 electricity supplier's annual system average efficiency, or (ii) if the utility elects, a seasonal,

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91.1 monthly, or more granular level of analysis for the electric utility system over the measure's
91.2 life;

(2) results in a net reduction of statewide greenhouse gas emissions, as defined in section 91.3 216H.01, subdivision 2, over the lifetime of the improvement. For an efficient fuel-switching 91.4 improvement installed by an electric consumer-owned utility, the reduction in emissions 91.5 must be measured based on the hourly emissions profile of the consumer-owned utility or 91.6 the utility's electricity supplier, as reported in the most recent resource plan approved by 91.7 91.8 the commission under section 216B.2422. If the hourly emissions profile is not available, the commissioner must develop a method consumer-owned utilities must use to estimate 91.9 that value using (i) the consumer-owned utility's or the utility's electricity supplier's annual 91.10 average emissions factor, or (ii) if the utility elects, a seasonal, monthly, or more granular 91.11 level of analysis for the electric utility system over the measure's life; and 91.12

91.13 (3) is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits from the perspective of the
91.14 consumer-owned utility, participants, and society; and.

91.15 (4) is installed and operated in a manner that improves the consumer-owned utility's 91.16 system load factor.

91.17 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "source energy" means the total amount of primary
91.18 energy required to deliver energy services, adjusted for losses in generation, transmission,
91.19 and distribution, and expressed on a fuel-neutral basis.

91.20 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.241, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. Public utility; energy-saving goals. (a) The commissioner shall establish
energy-saving goals for energy conservation improvements and shall evaluate an energy
conservation improvement program on how well it meets the goals set.

(b) A public utility providing electric service has an annual energy-savings goal equivalent 91.24 to 1.75 percent of gross annual retail energy sales unless modified by the commissioner 91.25 under paragraph (c). A public utility providing natural gas service has an annual 91.26 energy-savings goal equivalent to one percent of gross annual retail energy sales, which 91.27 cannot be lowered by the commissioner. The savings goals must be calculated based on the 91.28 most recent three-year weather-normalized average. A public utility providing electric 91.29 service may elect to carry forward energy savings in excess of 1.75 percent for a year to 91.30 the succeeding three calendar years, except that savings from electric utility infrastructure 91.31 projects allowed under paragraph (d) may be carried forward for five years. A public utility 91.32 providing natural gas service may elect to carry forward energy savings in excess of one 91.33

92.1 percent for a year to the succeeding three calendar years. A particular energy savings can92.2 only be used to meet one year's goal.

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92.3 (c) In its energy conservation and optimization plan filing, a public utility may request
92.4 the commissioner to adjust its annual energy-savings percentage goal based on its historical
92.5 conservation investment experience, customer class makeup, load growth, a conservation
92.6 potential study, or other factors the commissioner determines warrants an adjustment.

92.7 (d) The commissioner may not approve a plan of a public utility that provides for an
92.8 annual energy-savings goal of less than one percent of gross annual retail energy sales from
92.9 energy conservation improvements.

92.10 The balance of the 1.75 percent annual energy savings goal may be achieved through92.11 energy savings from:

92.12 (1) additional energy conservation improvements;

92.13 (2) electric utility infrastructure projects approved by the commission under section
92.14 216B.1636 that result in increased efficiency greater than would have occurred through
92.15 normal maintenance activity; or

92.16 (3) subject to department approval, demand-side natural gas or electric energy displaced
92.17 by use of waste heat recovered and used as thermal energy, including the recovered thermal
92.18 energy from a cogeneration or combined heat and power facility.

(e) A public utility is not required to make energy conservation investments to attain
the energy-savings goals of this subdivision that are not cost-effective even if the investment
is necessary to attain the energy-savings goals. For the purpose of this paragraph, in
determining cost-effectiveness, the commissioner shall consider: (1) the costs and benefits
to ratepayers, the utility, participants, and society; (2) the rate at which a public utility is
increasing both its energy savings and its expenditures on energy conservation; and (3) the
public utility's lifetime energy savings and cumulative energy savings.

92.26 (f) On an annual basis, the commissioner shall produce and make publicly available a 92.27 report on the annual energy and capacity savings and estimated carbon dioxide reductions 92.28 achieved by the programs under this section and section 216B.2403 for the two most recent 92.29 years for which data is available. The report must also include information regarding any 92.30 annual energy sales or generation capacity increases resulting from efficient fuel-switching 92.31 improvements. The commissioner shall report on program performance both in the aggregate 92.32 and for each entity filing an energy conservation improvement plan for approval or review

by the commissioner, and must estimate progress made toward the statewide energy-savingsgoal under section 216B.2401.

93.3 (g) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, until July 1, 2026, spending by a
93.4 public utility subject to this section on efficient fuel-switching improvements to meet energy
93.5 savings goals under this section must not exceed 0.35 percent per year, averaged over three
93.6 years, of the public utility's gross annual retail energy sales.

93.7 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.241, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Public utility; energy conservation and optimization plans. (a) The
commissioner may require a public utility to make investments and expenditures in energy
conservation improvements, explicitly setting forth the interest rates, prices, and terms under
which the improvements must be offered to the customers.

(b) A public utility shall file an energy conservation and optimization plan by June 1, 93.12 on a schedule determined by order of the commissioner, but at least every three years. As 93.13 provided in subdivisions 11 to 13, plans may include programs for efficient fuel-switching 93.14 improvements and load management. An individual utility program may combine elements 93.15 93.16 of energy conservation, load management, or efficient fuel-switching. The plan must estimate the lifetime energy savings and cumulative lifetime energy savings projected to be achieved 93.17 under the plan. A plan filed by a public utility by June 1 must be approved or approved as 93.18 modified by the commissioner by December 1 of that same year. 93.19

(c) The commissioner shall evaluate the plan on the basis of cost-effectiveness and the 93.20 reliability of technologies employed. The commissioner's order must provide to the extent 93.21 practicable for a free choice, by consumers participating in an energy conservation program, 93.22 of the device, method, material, or project constituting the energy conservation improvement 93.23 and for a free choice of the seller, installer, or contractor of the energy conservation 93.24 improvement, provided that the device, method, material, or project seller, installer, or 93.25 contractor is duly licensed, certified, approved, or qualified, including under the residential 93.26 conservation services program, where applicable. 93.27

(d) The commissioner may require a utility subject to subdivision 1c to make an energy
conservation improvement investment or expenditure whenever the commissioner finds
that the improvement will result in energy savings at a total cost to the utility less than the
cost to the utility to produce or purchase an equivalent amount of new supply of energy.

(e) Each public utility subject to this subdivision may spend and invest annually up to
ten percent of the total amount spent and invested that the public utility spends and invests

on energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, or load management improvements under
this section by the public utility on research and development projects that meet the <u>applicable</u>
definition of energy conservation, efficient fuel-switching, or load management improvement.

94.4 (f) The commissioner shall consider and may require a public utility to undertake an
94.5 energy conservation program or efficient fuel-switching program, subject to the requirements
94.6 of subdivisions 11 and 12, that is suggested by an outside source, including a political
94.7 subdivision, a nonprofit corporation, or community organization. When approving a proposal
94.8 under this paragraph, the commissioner must consider the qualifications and experience of
94.9 the entity proposing the program and any other criteria the commissioner deems relevant.

94.10 (g) A public utility, a political subdivision, or a nonprofit or community organization that has suggested an energy conservation program, the attorney general acting on behalf 94.11 of consumers and small business interests, or a public utility customer that has suggested 94.12 an energy conservation program and is not represented by the attorney general under section 94.13 8.33 may petition the commission to modify or revoke a department decision under this 94.14 section, and the commission may do so if it determines that the energy conservation program 94.15 is not cost-effective, does not adequately address the residential conservation improvement 94.16 needs of low-income persons, has a long-range negative effect on one or more classes of 94.17 customers, or is otherwise not in the public interest. The commission shall reject a petition 94.18 that, on its face, fails to make a reasonable argument that an energy conservation program 94.19 is not in the public interest. 94.20

(h) The commissioner may order a public utility to include, with the filing of the public 94.21 utility's annual status report, the results of an independent audit of the public utility's 94.22 conservation improvement programs and expenditures performed by the department or an 94.23 auditor with experience in the provision of energy conservation and energy efficiency 94.24 services approved by the commissioner and chosen by the public utility. The audit must 94.25 specify the energy savings or increased efficiency in the use of energy within the service 94.26 territory of the public utility that is the result of the public utility's spending and investments. 94.27 The audit must evaluate the cost-effectiveness of the public utility's conservation programs. 94.28

(i) The energy conservation and optimization plan of each public utility subject to this
section must include activities to improve energy efficiency in public schools served by the
utility. As applicable to each public utility, at a minimum the activities must include programs
to increase the efficiency of the school's lighting and heating and cooling systems, and to
provide for building recommissioning, building operator training, and opportunities to
educate students, teachers, and staff regarding energy efficiency measures implemented at
the school.

(j) The commissioner may require investments or spending greater than the amounts
proposed in a plan filed under this subdivision or section 216C.17 for a public utility whose
most recent advanced forecast required under section 216B.2422 projects a peak demand
deficit of 100 megawatts or more within five years under midrange forecast assumptions.

(k) A public utility filing a conservation and optimization plan that includes an efficient
fuel-switching program to achieve the utility's energy savings goal must, as part of the filing,
demonstrate by a comparison of greenhouse gas emissions between the fuels that the
requirements of subdivisions 11 or 12 are met, as applicable, using a full fuel-cycle energy
analysis.

95.10 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.241, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Programs for efficient fuel-switching improvements; electric utilities. (a) 95.11 A public utility providing electric service at retail may include in the plan required under 95.12 subdivision 2 a proposed goal for efficient fuel-switching improvements that the utility 95.13 expects to achieve under the plan and the programs to implement efficient fuel-switching 95.14 improvements or combinations of energy conservation improvements, fuel-switching 95.15 95.16 improvements, and load management. For each program, the public utility must provide a proposed budget, an analysis of the program's cost-effectiveness, and estimated net energy 95.17 and demand savings. 95.18

(b) The department may approve proposed programs for efficient fuel-switching 95.19 improvements if the department determines the improvements meet the requirements of 95.20 paragraph (d). For fuel-switching improvements that require the deployment of electric 95.21 technologies, the department must also consider whether the fuel-switching improvement 95.22 can be operated in a manner that facilitates the integration of variable renewable energy 95.23 into the electric system. The net benefits from an efficient fuel-switching improvement that 95.24 is integrated with an energy efficiency program approved under this section may be counted 95.25 toward the net benefits of the energy efficiency program, if the department determines the 95.26 primary purpose and effect of the program is energy efficiency. 95.27

(c) A public utility may file a rate schedule with the commission that provides for annual
cost recovery of reasonable and prudent costs to implement and promote efficient
fuel-switching programs. The <u>utility, department, or other entity may propose, and the</u>
commission may not approve, <u>modify, or reject</u>, a <u>proposal for a financial incentive to</u>
encourage efficient fuel-switching programs operated by a public utility providing electric
service <u>approved under this subdivision</u>. When making a decision on the financial incentive

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proposal, the commission must apply the considerations established in section 216B.16, subdivision 6c, paragraphs (b) and (c).

- 96.3 (d) A fuel-switching improvement is deemed efficient if, applying the technical criteria
 96.4 established under section 216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (e), the improvement meets
 96.5 the following criteria, relative to the fuel that is being displaced:
- 96.6 (1) results in a net reduction in the amount of source energy consumed for a particular
 96.7 use, measured on a fuel-neutral basis, using (i) the utility's annual system average efficiency,
 96.8 or (ii) if the utility elects, a seasonal, monthly, or more granular level of analysis for the
 96.9 electric utility system over the measure's life;
- 96.10 (2) results in a net reduction of statewide greenhouse gas emissions as defined in section
 96.11 216H.01, subdivision 2, over the lifetime of the improvement. For an efficient fuel-switching
 96.12 improvement installed by an electric utility, the reduction in emissions must be measured
 96.13 based on the hourly emission profile of the electric utility, using the hourly emissions profile
- 96.14 in the most recent resource plan approved by the commission under section 216B.2422
- 96.15 using (i) the utility's annual average emissions factor, or (ii) if the utility elects, a seasonal,
- 96.16 monthly or more granular level of analysis, for the electric utility system over the measure's
 96.17 life; and
- 96.18 (3) is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits from the perspective of the utility,
 96.19 participants, and society; and.
- 96.20 (4) is installed and operated in a manner that improves the utility's system load factor.
- 96.21 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "source energy" means the total amount of primary
 96.22 energy required to deliver energy services, adjusted for losses in generation, transmission,
 96.23 and distribution, and expressed on a fuel-neutral basis.
- 96.24 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.241, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- 96.25 Subd. 12. Programs for efficient fuel-switching improvements; natural gas
- utilities. (a) As part of a public utility's plan filed under subdivision 2, a public utility that
 provides natural gas service to Minnesota retail customers may propose one or more programs
 to install electric technologies that reduce the consumption of natural gas by the utility's
 retail customers as an energy conservation improvement. The commissioner may approve
 a proposed program if the commissioner, applying the technical criteria developed under
 section 216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (e), determines that:
- 96.32 (1) the electric technology to be installed meets the criteria established under section96.33 216B.241, subdivision 11, paragraph (d), clauses (1) and (2); and

97.1 (2) the program is cost-effective, considering the costs and benefits to ratepayers, the97.2 utility, participants, and society.

97.3 (b) If a program is approved by the commission under this subdivision, the public utility
97.4 may count the program's energy savings toward its energy savings goal under section
97.5 216B.241, subdivision 1c. Notwithstanding section 216B.2402, subdivision 4, efficient
97.6 fuel-switching achieved through programs approved under this subdivision is energy
97.7 conservation.

97.8 (c) A public utility may file rate schedules with the commission that provide annual
97.9 cost-recovery for programs approved by the department under this subdivision, including
97.10 reasonable and prudent costs to implement and promote the programs.

97.11 (d) The commission may approve, modify, or reject a proposal made by the department or a utility for an incentive plan to encourage efficient fuel-switching programs approved 97.12 under this subdivision, applying the considerations established under section 216B.16, 97.13 subdivision 6c, paragraphs (b) and (c). The commission may approve a financial incentive 97.14 mechanism that is calculated based on the combined energy savings and net benefits that 97.15 the commission has determined have been achieved by a program approved under this 97.16 subdivision, provided the commission determines that the financial incentive mechanism 97.17 is in the ratepayers' interest. 97.18

97.19 (e) A public utility is not eligible for a financial incentive for an efficient fuel-switching
97.20 program under this subdivision in any year in which the utility achieves energy savings
97.21 below one percent of gross annual retail energy sales, excluding savings achieved through
97.22 fuel-switching programs.

97.23 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2425, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
97.24 Subdivision 1. List. The commission shall maintain a list of certified high-voltage
97.25 transmission line and grid enhancing technology projects.

97.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2025.

97.27 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2425, is amended by adding a subdivision
97.28 to read:

97.29 Subd. 1a. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the
97.30 meanings given.

97.31 (b) "Capacity" means the maximum amount of electricity that can flow through a
97.32 transmission line while observing industry safety standards.

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98.1	(c) "Con	gestion" means a condi	ition in which a	lack of transmission li	ine capacity prevents
98.2	the delivery	of the lowest-cost electron	ctricity dispate	hed to meet load at a	specific location.
98.3	(d) "Dvr	namic line rating" mea	ns hardware or	software used to calc	culate the thermal
98.4		sting transmission lines			
98.5		e and forecasted weath			
98.6	(e) "Grie	d enhancing technolog	y" means hardy	ware or software that	reduces congestion
98.7		the flexibility of the t			
98.8	high-voltag	e transmission line or re	erouting electri	city from overloaded 1	to uncongested lines,
98.9	while maint	taining industry safety	standards. Grid	l enhancing technolog	gies include but are
98.10	not limited	to dynamic line rating,	, advanced pow	ver flow controllers, a	nd topology
98.11	optimizatio	<u>n.</u>			
98.12	<u>(f)</u> "Pow	ver flow controller" me	eans hardware a	and software used to 1	eroute electricity
98.13	from overlo	aded transmission line	es to underutiliz	zed transmission lines	<u>.</u>
98.14	<u>(g)</u> "The	ermal limit" means the	temperature a	transmission line reac	ches when heat from
98.15	the electric	current flow within the	e transmission	line causes excessive	sagging of the
98.16	transmissio	n line.			
98.17	<u>(h)</u> "Top	ology optimization" me	eans a software	technology that uses r	nathematical models
98.18	to identify r	reconfigurations in the	transmission g	rid in order to reroute	electricity from
98.19	overloaded	transmission lines to u	inderutilized tra	ansmission lines.	
98.20	<u>(i)</u> "Trar	nsmission line" has the	meaning giver	n to "high-voltage tra	nsmission line" in
98.21	section 216	I.02, subdivision 8.			
98.22	<u>(j)</u> "Trar	nsmission system" mea	nns a network o	f high-voltage transm	nission lines owned
98.23	or operated	by an entity subject to	this section the	at transports electricit	ty to Minnesota
98.24	customers.				
98.25	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. This see	ction is effectiv	e the day following f	inal enactment.
98.26	Sec. 21. N	Ainnesota Statutes 2022	2, section 216E	3.2425, subdivision 2,	is amended to read:
98.27	Subd. 2.	List development; tr	ansmission <u>an</u>	d grid enhancing te	chnology projects
98.28	report. (a)	By November 1 of each	h odd-numbere	d year, a transmission	projects report must
98.29	be submitte	d to the commission by	y each utility, c	organization, or comp	any that:
98.30	(1) is a p	public utility, a municipa	al utility, a coop	perative electric associ	ation, the generation
98.31	and transmi	ssion organization that	t serves each ut	ility or association, o	r a transmission
98.32	company; a	nd			

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99.1 (2) owns or operates electric transmission lines in Minnesota, except a company or
99.2 organization that owns a transmission line that serves a single customer or interconnects a
99.3 single generating facility.

99.4 (b) The report may be submitted jointly or individually to the commission.

99.5 (c) The report must:

99.6 (1) list specific present and reasonably foreseeable future inadequacies in the transmission99.7 system in Minnesota;

99.8 (2) identify alternative means of addressing each inadequacy listed, including grid
99.9 enhancing technologies such as dynamic line rating, power flow controllers, topology
99.10 optimization, and other hardware or software that reduce congestion or enhance the flexibility
99.11 of the transmission system;

99.12 (3) identify general economic, environmental, and social issues associated with each99.13 alternative; and

99.14 (4) provide a summary of public input related to the list of inadequacies and the role of
99.15 local government officials and other interested persons in assisting to develop the list and
99.16 analyze alternatives.

99.17 (d) To meet the requirements of this subdivision, reporting parties may rely on available
99.18 information and analysis developed by a regional transmission organization or any subgroup
99.19 of a regional transmission organization and may develop and include additional information
99.20 as necessary.

(e) In addition to providing the information required under this subdivision, a utility 99.21 operating under a multiyear rate plan approved by the commission under section 216B.16, 99.22 subdivision 19, shall identify in its report investments that it considers necessary to modernize 99.23 the transmission and distribution system by enhancing reliability, improving security against 99.24 cyber and physical threats, and by increasing energy conservation opportunities by facilitating 99.25 communication between the utility and its customers through the use of two-way meters, 99.26 99.27 control technologies, energy storage and microgrids, technologies to enable demand response, and other innovative technologies. 99.28

99.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

99.30 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2427, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

99.31 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section and section 216B.2428,

99.32 the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "Biogas" means gas produced by the anaerobic digestion of biomass, gasification of
 biomass, or other effective conversion processes.

100.3 (c) "Carbon capture" means the capture of greenhouse gas emissions that would otherwise100.4 be released into the atmosphere.

(d) "Carbon-free resource" means an electricity generation facility whose operation does
not contribute to statewide greenhouse gas emissions, as defined in section 216H.01,
subdivision 2.

100.8 (e) "Disadvantaged community" means a community in Minnesota that is:

100.9 (1) defined as disadvantaged by the federal agency disbursing federal funds, when the 100.10 federal agency is providing funds for an innovative resource; or

100.11 (2) an environmental justice area, as defined under section 216B.1691, subdivision 1.

 $\frac{(e)(f)}{(f)}$ "District energy" means a heating or cooling system that is solar thermal powered or that uses the constant temperature of the earth or underground aquifers as a thermal exchange medium to heat or cool multiple buildings connected through a piping network.

100.15 (f)(g) "Energy efficiency" has the meaning given in section 216B.241, subdivision 1, 100.16 paragraph (f), but does not include energy conservation investments that the commissioner 100.17 determines could reasonably be included in a utility's conservation improvement program.

(g) (h) "Greenhouse gas emissions" means emissions of carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous
 oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride emitted by
 anthropogenic sources within Minnesota and from the generation of electricity imported
 from outside the state and consumed in Minnesota, excluding carbon dioxide that is injected
 into geological formations to prevent its release to the atmosphere in compliance with
 applicable laws.

(h) (i) "Innovative resource" means biogas, renewable natural gas, power-to-hydrogen,
 power-to-ammonia, carbon capture, strategic electrification, district energy, and energy
 efficiency.

(i) (j) "Lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions" means the aggregate greenhouse gas
 emissions resulting from the production, processing, transmission, and consumption of an
 energy resource.

100.30 (j) (k) "Lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions intensity" means lifecycle greenhouse gas 100.31 emissions per unit of energy delivered to an end user.

101.1 (k) (l) "Nonexempt customer" means a utility customer that has not been included in a 101.2 utility's innovation plan under subdivision 3, paragraph (f).

101.3 (h) (m) "Power-to-ammonia" means the production of ammonia from hydrogen produced 101.4 via power-to-hydrogen using a process that has a lower lifecycle greenhouse gas intensity 101.5 than does natural gas produced from conventional geologic sources.

101.6 $(\underline{m})(\underline{n})$ "Power-to-hydrogen" means the use of electricity generated by a carbon-free 101.7 resource to produce hydrogen.

101.8 (n) (o) "Renewable energy" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision
 101.9 1.

101.10 (o)(p) "Renewable natural gas" means biogas that has been processed to be

interchangeable with, and that has a lower lifecycle greenhouse gas intensity than, naturalgas produced from conventional geologic sources.

101.13 (p)(q) "Solar thermal" has the meaning given to qualifying solar thermal project in 101.14 section 216B.2411, subdivision 2, paragraph (d).

101.15 (q)(r) "Strategic electrification" means the installation of electric end-use equipment in 101.16 an existing building in which natural gas is a primary or back-up fuel source, or in a newly 101.17 constructed building in which a customer receives natural gas service for one or more 101.18 end-uses, provided that the electric end-use equipment:

(1) results in a net reduction in statewide greenhouse gas emissions, as defined in section
 216H.01, subdivision 2, over the life of the equipment when compared to the most efficient
 commercially available natural gas alternative; and

(2) is installed and operated in a manner that improves the load factor of the customer'selectric utility.

Strategic electrification does not include investments that the commissioner determines
could reasonably be included in the natural gas utility's conservation improvement program
under section 216B.241.

101.27 (s) "Thermal energy network" means a project that provides heating and cooling to
 101.28 multiple buildings connected via underground piping containing fluids that, in concert with
 101.29 heat pumps, exchange thermal energy from the earth, underground or surface waters,

101.30 wastewater, or other heat sources.

101.31 (r)(t) "Total incremental cost" means the calculation of the following components of a 101.32 utility's innovation plan approved by the commission under subdivision 2:

102.1 (1) the sum of:

(i) return of and on capital investments for the production, processing, pipelineinterconnection, storage, and distribution of innovative resources;

(ii) incremental operating costs associated with capital investments in infrastructure for
 the production, processing, pipeline interconnection, storage, and distribution of innovative
 resources;

102.7 (iii) incremental costs to procure innovative resources from third parties;

102.8 (iv) incremental costs to develop and administer programs; and

102.9 (v) incremental costs for research and development related to innovative resources;

102.10 (2) less the sum of:

(i) value received by the utility upon the resale of innovative resources or innovative
resource by-products, including any environmental credits included with the resale of
renewable gaseous fuels or value received by the utility when innovative resources are used
as vehicle fuel;

(ii) cost savings achieved through avoidance of purchases of natural gas produced from
conventional geologic sources, including but not limited to avoided commodity purchases
and avoided pipeline costs; and

(iii) other revenues received by the utility that are directly attributable to the utility'simplementation of an innovation plan.

102.20 (s)(u) "Utility" means a public utility, as defined in section 216B.02, subdivision 4, that 102.21 provides natural gas sales or natural gas transportation services to customers in Minnesota.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.2427, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

102.24 Subd. 9a. Thermal energy networks. Innovation plans filed after July 1, 2024, under

102.25 this section by a utility with more than 800,000 customers must include spending of at least

102.26 15 percent of the utility's proposed total incremental costs over the five-year term of the

102.27 proposed innovation plan for thermal energy networks projects. If the utility has developed

102.28 or is developing thermal energy network projects outside of an approved innovation plan,

102.29 the utility may apply the budget for the projects toward the 15 percent minimum requirement

102.30 without counting the costs against the limitations on utility customer costs under subdivision

102.31 <u>3.</u>

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103.1 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.08, is amended to read:

103.2 **216C.08 JURISDICTION.**

(a) The commissioner has sole authority and responsibility for the administration of 103.3 sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 and 216C.375 to administer this chapter. Other laws 103.4 notwithstanding, the authority granted to the commissioner shall supersede under this section 103.5 supersedes the authority given any other agency whenever overlapping, duplication, or 103.6 additional administrative or legal procedures might occur in the administration of sections 103.7 216C.05 to 216C.30 and 216C.375 administering this chapter. The commissioner shall 103.8 103.9 consult with other state departments or agencies in matters related to energy and shall contract with them the other state departments or agencies to provide appropriate services 103.10 to effectuate the purposes of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 and 216C.375 this chapter. Any 103.11 other department, agency, or official of this state or political subdivision thereof which 103.12 would in any way affect the administration or enforcement of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 103.13 and 216C.375 this chapter shall cooperate and coordinate all activities with the commissioner 103.14 to assure orderly and efficient administration and enforcement of sections 216C.05 to 103.15 103.16 216C.30 and 216C.375 this chapter.

103.17 (b) The commissioner shall designate a liaison officer whose duty shall be to insure the 103.18 maximum possible consistency in procedures and to eliminate duplication between the 103.19 commissioner and the other agencies that may be involved in energy.

103.20 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.09, is amended to read:

103.21 **216C.09 COMMISSIONER DUTIES.**

103.22 (a) The commissioner shall:

(1) manage the department as the central repository within the state government for thecollection of data on energy;

(2) prepare and adopt an emergency allocation plan specifying actions to be taken in the
event of an impending serious shortage of energy, or a threat to public health, safety, or
welfare;

(3) undertake a continuing assessment of trends in the consumption of all forms of energyand analyze the social, economic, and environmental consequences of these trends;

(4) carry out energy conservation measures as specified by the legislature and recommend
to the governor and the legislature additional energy policies and conservation measures as
required to meet the objectives of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 and 216C.375 this chapter;

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104.1 (5) collect and analyze data relating to present and future demands and resources for all104.2 sources of energy;

(6) evaluate policies governing the establishment of rates and prices for energy as related
to energy conservation, and other goals and policies of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 and
216C.375 this chapter, and make recommendations for changes in energy pricing policies
and rate schedules;

104.7 (7) study the impact and relationship of the state energy policies to international, national,
104.8 and regional energy policies;

(8) design and implement a state program for the conservation of energy; this program
shall include but not be limited to, general commercial, industrial, and residential, and
transportation areas; such program shall also provide for the evaluation of energy systems
as they relate to lighting, heating, refrigeration, air conditioning, building design and
operation, and appliance manufacturing and operation;

(9) inform and educate the public about the sources and uses of energy and the ways inwhich persons can conserve energy;

(10) dispense funds made available for the purpose of research studies and projects of
 professional and civic orientation, which are related to either energy conservation, resource
 recovery, or the development of alternative energy technologies which conserve
 nonrenewable energy resources while creating minimum environmental impact;

104.20 (11) charge other governmental departments and agencies involved in energy-related 104.21 activities with specific information gathering goals and require that those goals be met;

(12) design a comprehensive program for the development of indigenous energy
resources. The program shall include, but not be limited to, providing technical,
informational, educational, and financial services and materials to persons, businesses,
municipalities, and organizations involved in the development of solar, wind, hydropower,
peat, fiber fuels, biomass, and other alternative energy resources. The program shall be
evaluated by the alternative energy technical activity; and

(13) dispense loans, grants, or other financial aid from money received from litigation
or settlement of alleged violations of federal petroleum-pricing regulations made available
to the department for that purpose.

(b) Further, the commissioner may participate fully in hearings before the Public Utilities
 Commission on matters pertaining to rate design, cost allocation, efficient resource utilization,
 utility conservation investments, small power production, cogeneration, and other rate issues.

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105.1 The commissioner shall support the policies stated in section 216C.05 and shall prepare

and defend testimony proposed to encourage energy conservation improvements as defined

105.3 in section 216B.241.

105.4 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.10, is amended to read:

105.5 **216C.10 COMMISSIONER POWERS.**

105.6 (a) The commissioner may:

105.7 (1) adopt rules under chapter 14 as necessary to carry out the purposes of sections
 105.8 216C.05 to 216C.30 this chapter;

(2) make all contracts under sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 this chapter and do all things
necessary to cooperate with the United States government, and to qualify for, accept, and
disburse any grant intended for the administration of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 to
administer this chapter;

(3) provide on-site technical assistance to units of local government in order to enhancelocal capabilities for dealing with energy problems;

(4) administer for the state, energy programs under federal law, regulations, or guidelines,
and coordinate the programs and activities with other state agencies, units of local
government, and educational institutions;

(5) develop a state energy investment plan with yearly energy conservation and alternativeenergy development goals, investment targets, and marketing strategies;

(6) perform market analysis studies relating to conservation, alternative and renewableenergy resources, and energy recovery;

105.22 (7) assist with the preparation of proposals for innovative conservation, renewable,105.23 alternative, or energy recovery projects;

(8) manage and disburse funds made available for the purpose of research studies or
demonstration projects related to energy conservation or other activities deemed appropriate
by the commissioner;

105.27 (9) intervene in certificate of need proceedings before the Public Utilities Commission;

(10) collect fees from recipients of loans, grants, or other financial aid from money
received from litigation or settlement of alleged violations of federal petroleum-pricing
regulations, which fees must be used to pay the department's costs in administering those
financial aids; and

(11) collect fees from proposers and operators of conservation and other energy-related
programs that are reviewed, evaluated, or approved by the department, other than proposers
that are political subdivisions or community or nonprofit organizations, to cover the
department's cost in making the reviewal, evaluation, or approval and in developing additional
programs for others to operate.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner is designated the state agent to
apply for, receive, and accept federal or other funds made available to the state for the
purposes of sections 216C.05 to 216C.30 this chapter.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.331, subdivision 1, is amendedto read:

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms havethe meanings given.

(b) "Aggregated customer energy use data" means customer energy use data that is
combined into one collective data point per time interval. Aggregated customer energy use
data is data with any unique identifiers or other personal information removed that a
qualifying utility collects and aggregates in at least monthly intervals for an entire building
on a covered property.

(c) "Benchmark" means to electronically input into a benchmarking tool the total whole
 building energy use data and other descriptive information about a building that is required
 by a benchmarking tool.

(d) "Benchmarking information" means data related to a building's energy use generated
 by a benchmarking tool, and other information about the building's physical and operational
 characteristics. Benchmarking information includes but is not limited to the building's:

106.24 (1) address;

(2) owner and, if applicable, the building manager responsible for operating the building'sphysical systems;

106.27 (3) total floor area, expressed in square feet;

106.28 (4) energy use intensity;

106.29 (5) greenhouse gas emissions; and

(6) energy performance score comparing the building's energy use with that of similarbuildings.

(e) "Benchmarking tool" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency's
 Energy Star Portfolio Manager tool or an equivalent tool determined by the commissioner.

(f) "Covered property" means any property that is served by an investor-owned utility
in Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington County, or in any city
outside the metropolitan area with a population of over 50,000 residents, as determined by
the Minnesota State Demographic Center, served by a municipal energy utility or

investor-owned utility, and that has one or more buildings containing in sum 50,000 grosssquare feet or greater. Covered property does not include:

107.9 (1) a residential property containing fewer than five dwelling units;

(2) a property that is: (i) classified as manufacturing under the North American Industrial
Classification System; (ii) an energy-intensive trade-exposed customer, as defined in section
216B.1696; (iii) an electric power generation facility; (iv) a mining facility; or (v) an
industrial building otherwise incompatible with benchmarking in the benchmarking tool,
as determined by the commissioner;

107.15 (3) an agricultural building;

(4) a multitenant building that is served by a utility that <u>cannot supply is not supplying</u>
aggregated customer usage data <u>under subdivision 8 or is not using a customer usage data</u>
aggregation program to supply aggregated customer usage data to the benchmarking tool;
or

(5) other property types that do not meet the purposes of this section, as determined bythe commissioner.

107.22 (g) "Customer energy use data" means data collected from utility customer meters that 107.23 reflect the quantity, quality, or timing of customers' energy use.

(h) "Energy" means electricity, natural gas, steam, or another product used to: (1) provide
heating, cooling, lighting, or water heating; or (2) power other end uses in a building.

(i) "Energy performance score" means a numerical value from one to 100 that the Energy
Star Portfolio Manager tool calculates to rate a building's energy efficiency against that of
comparable buildings nationwide.

(j) "Energy Star Portfolio Manager" means an interactive resource management tool
developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency that (1) enables the
periodic entry of a building's energy use data and other descriptive information about a
building, and (2) rates a building's energy efficiency against that of comparable buildings
nationwide.

(k) "Energy use intensity" means the total annual energy consumed in a building dividedby the building's total floor area.

(1) "Financial distress" means a covered property that, at the time benchmarking isconducted:

108.5 (1) is the subject of a qualified tax lien sale or public auction due to property taxarrearages;

108.7 (2) is controlled by a court-appointed receiver based on financial distress;

108.8 (3) is owned by a financial institution through default by the borrower;

108.9 (4) has been acquired by deed in lieu of foreclosure; or

108.10 (5) has a senior mortgage that is subject to a notice of default.

108.11 (m) "Local government" means a statutory or home rule municipality or county.

108.12 (n) "Owner" means:

108.13 (1) an individual or entity that possesses title to a covered property; or

108.14 (2) an agent authorized to act on behalf of the covered property owner.

108.15 (o) "Qualifying utility" means a utility serving the covered property, including:

108.16 (1) an electric or gas utility, including:

108.17 (i) an investor-owned electric or gas utility serving customers in Anoka, Carver, Dakota,

108.18 Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington County, or in any city outside the metropolitan

area with a population of over 50,000 residents, as determined by the Minnesota State

108.20 Demographic Center, and serving properties with one or more buildings containing in sum

108.21 <u>50,000 gross square feet or greater;</u> or

108.22 (ii) a municipally owned electric or gas utility serving customers in any city with a

108.23 population of over 50,000 residents, as determined by the Minnesota State Demographic

108.24 Center, and serving properties with one or more buildings containing in sum 50,000 gross

108.25 square feet or greater;

108.26 (2) a natural gas supplier with five or more active commercial connections, accounts,

108.27 or customers in the state and serving customers in Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin,

108.28 Ramsey, Scott, or Washington County, or in any city outside the metropolitan area with a

108.29 population of over 50,000 residents, as determined by the Minnesota State Demographic

- 108.30 Center, and serving properties with one or more buildings containing in sum 50,000 gross
- 108.31 square feet or greater; or

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(3) a district steam, hot water, or chilled water provider serving customers in Anoka, 109.1

Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington County, or in any city outside 109.2

the metropolitan area with a population of over 50,000 residents, as determined by the 109.3

Minnesota State Demographic Center, and serving properties with one or more buildings 109.4

containing in sum 50,000 gross square feet or greater. 109.5

(p) "Tenant" means a person that occupies or holds possession of a building or part of 109.6 a building or premises pursuant to a lease agreement. 109.7

(q) "Total floor area" means the sum of gross square footage inside a building's envelope, 109.8 measured between the outside exterior walls of the building. Total floor area includes covered 109.9 parking structures. 109.10

(r) "Utility customer" means the building owner or tenant listed on the utility's records 109.11 as the customer liable for payment of the utility service or additional charges assessed on 109.12 the utility account. 109.13

(s) "Whole building energy use data" means all energy consumed in a building, whether 109.14 purchased from a third party or generated at the building site or from any other source. 109.15

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 109.16

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, subdivision 3a, is amended to read: 109.17 Subd. 3a. Cost-effective Energy improvements. "Cost-effective Energy improvements" 109.18 means: 109.19

(1) any new construction, renovation, or retrofitting of qualifying commercial real 109.20 property to improve energy efficiency that: (i) is permanently affixed to the property; and 109.21 (ii) results in a net reduction in energy consumption without altering the principal source 109.22 of energy, and has been identified or greenhouse gas emissions, as documented in an energy 109.23 audit as repaying the purchase and installation costs in 20 years or less, based on the amount 109.24 of future energy saved and estimated future energy prices or emissions avoided; 109.25

(2) any renovation or retrofitting of qualifying residential real property that is permanently 109.26 affixed to the property and is eligible to receive an incentive through a program offered by 109.27 the electric or natural gas utility that provides service under section 216B.241 to the property 109.28 109.29 or is otherwise determined to be a cost-effective an eligible energy improvement by the commissioner under section 216B.241, subdivision 1d, paragraph (a); 109.30

109.31 (3) permanent installation of new or upgraded electrical circuits and related equipment to enable electrical vehicle charging; or 109.32

(4) a solar voltaic or solar thermal energy system attached to, installed within, or
proximate to a building that generates electrical or thermal energy from a renewable energy
source that has been identified documented in an energy audit or renewable energy system
feasibility study as repaying their purchase and installation costs in 20 years or less, based
on the amount of future energy saved and estimated future energy prices, along with the
estimated amount of related renewable energy production.

110.7 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:

Subd. 3b. Commercial PACE loan contractor. "Commercial PACE loan contractor"
means a person or entity that installs cost-effective energy eligible improvements financed
under a commercial PACE loan program.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivisionto read:

Subd. 3e. Eligible improvement. "Eligible improvement" means one or more energy
 improvements, resiliency improvements, or water improvements made to qualifying real
 property.

110.16 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

110.17 Subd. 4. Energy audit. "Energy audit" means a formal evaluation of the energy consumption of a building by a certified energy auditor, whose certification is approved by 110.18 the commissioner, for the purpose of identifying appropriate energy improvements that 110.19 could be made to the building and including an estimate of the length of time a specific 110.20 energy improvement will take to repay its purchase and installation costs, based on the 110.21 amount of energy saved and estimated future energy prices effective useful life, the reduction 110.22 of energy consumption, and the related avoided greenhouse gas emissions resulting from 110.23 110.24 the proposed eligible improvements.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.435, subdivision 8, is amendedto read:

Subd. 8. Qualifying commercial real property. "Qualifying commercial real property"
means a multifamily residential dwelling, a commercial or industrial building, or farmland,
as defined in section 216C.436, subdivision 1b, that the implementing entity has determined,
after review of an energy audit, renewable energy system feasibility study, <u>water</u>
improvement study, resiliency improvement study, or agronomic assessment, as defined in

section 216C.436, subdivision 1b, can benefit from the installation of cost-effective energy

installing eligible improvements or land and water improvements, as defined in section

111.3 216C.436, subdivision 1b. Qualifying commercial real property includes new construction.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

- 111.5 Subd. 10. Renewable energy system feasibility study. "Renewable energy system
- 111.6 feasibility study" means a written study, conducted by a contractor trained to perform that
- analysis, for the purpose of determining the feasibility of installing a renewable energy
- system in a building, including an estimate of the length of time a specific effective useful
- 111.9 life, the production of renewable energy, and any related avoided greenhouse gas emissions
- 111.10 of the proposed renewable energy system will take to repay its purchase and installation
- 111.11 costs, based on the amount of energy saved and estimated future energy prices. For a
- 111.12 geothermal energy improvement, the feasibility study must calculate net savings in terms
- 111.13 of nongeothermal energy and costs.

111.2

111.14 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.435, is amended by adding a subdivision111.15 to read:

111.16 Subd. 11a. **Resiliency improvement.** "Resiliency improvement" means one or more

111.17 installations or modifications to eligible commercial real property that are designed to

- 111.18 improve a property's resiliency by improving the eligible real property's:
- 111.19 (1) structural integrity for seismic events;
- 111.20 (2) indoor air quality;
- 111.21 (3) durability to resist wind, fire, and flooding;
- 111.22 (4) ability to withstand an electric power outage;
- 111.23 (5) stormwater control measures, including structural and nonstructural measures to
- 111.24 mitigate stormwater runoff;
- 111.25 (6) ability to mitigate the impacts of extreme temperatures; or
- 111.26 (7) ability to mitigate greenhouse gas embodied emissions from the eligible real property.

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112.1	Sec. 35. Minne	esota Statutes 2022	2, section 216	C.435, is amended by ad	ding a subdivision
112.2	to read:				
112.3	<u>Subd. 11b.</u> R	esiliency improv	ement feasibi	ility study. "Resiliency :	improvement
112.4	feasibility study	" means a written	study, conduc	ted by a contractor train	ed to perform the
112.5	analysis, that:				
112.6	(1) determine	es the feasibility o	of installing a 1	resiliency improvement;	
112.7	(2) documen	ts the improved re	esiliency capal	pilities of the property; a	ind
112.8	(3) estimates	the effective usef	ful life of the p	proposed resiliency imp	ovements.
112.9	Sec. 36. Minne	esota Statutes 2022	2, section 216	C.435, is amended by ad	ding a subdivision
112.10	to read:				
112.11	<u>Subd. 14.</u> W	ater improvemen	i t. "Water imp	rovement" means one or	more installations
112.12	or modifications	to qualifying com	nmercial real p	property that are designed	d to improve water
112.13	efficiency or wa	ter quality by:			
112.14	(1) reducing	water consumption	on;		
112.15	<u>(2) improvin</u>	g the quality, pota	bility, or safet	y of water for the qualif	ying property; or
112.16	(3) conservir	ng or remediating	water, in who	le or in part, on qualifyi	ng real property.
112.17	Sec. 37. Minne	esota Statutes 2022	2, section 216	C.435, is amended by ad	ding a subdivision
112.18	to read:				
112.19	<u>Subd. 15.</u> Wa	ater improvemen	t feasibility st	udy. "Water improvemen	nt feasibility study"
112.20	means a written	study, conducted	by a contracte	or trained to perform the	analysis, that:
112.21	(1) determine	es the appropriate	water improv	ements that could be ma	de to the building;
112.22	and				
112.23	(2) estimates	the effective usef	ful life, the rec	luction of water consum	ption, and any
112.24	improvement in	water quality resu	ulting from the	e proposed water improv	rements.
112.25	Sec. 38. Minne	esota Statutes 202	2, section 216	C.436, subdivision 1, is	amended to read:
112.26	Subdivision	1. Program purp	ose and autho	ority. An implementing e	ntity may establish
112.27	a commercial PA	ACE loan program	n to finance co	st-effective energy, wat	er, and resiliency
112.28	improvements to	enable owners o	f qualifying co	ommercial real property	to pay for the
112.29	cost-effective en	ergy eligible imp	rovements to t	he qualifying real prope	erty with the net
112.30	proceeds and inte	erest earnings of re	evenue bonds a	authorized in this section	. An implementing

entity may limit the number of qualifying commercial real properties for which a propertyowner may receive program financing.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.436, subdivision 1b, isamended to read:

Subd. 1b. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have themeanings given.

(b) "Agronomic assessment" means a study by an independent third party that assessesthe environmental impacts of proposed land and water improvements on farmland.

(c) "Farmland" means land classified as 2a, 2b, or 2c for property tax purposes under
section 273.13, subdivision 23.

113.11 (d) "Land and water improvement" means:

113.12 (1) an improvement to farmland that:

(i) is permanent;

(ii) results in improved agricultural profitability or resiliency;

(iii) reduces the environmental impact of agricultural production; and

(iv) if the improvement affects drainage, complies with the most recent versions of the
applicable following conservation practice standards issued by the United States Department
of Agriculture's Natural Resources Conservation Service: Drainage Water Management

113.19 (Code 554), Saturated Buffer (Code 604), Denitrifying Bioreactor (Code 605), and

113.20 Constructed Wetland (Code 656); or

113.21 (2) water conservation and quality measures, which include permanently affixed

113.22 equipment, appliances, or improvements that reduce a property's water consumption or that

113.23 enable water to be managed more efficiently.

113.24 (e) "Resiliency" means:

113.25 (1) the ability of farmland to maintain and enhance profitability, soil health, and water 113.26 quality: $\frac{1}{2}$

113.27 (2) the ability to mitigate greenhouse gas embodied emissions from an eligible real
 113.28 property; or

(3) an increase in building resilience through flood mitigation, stormwater management,
 wildfire and wind resistance, energy storage use, or microgrid use.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216C.436, subdivision 2, is amended
to read:

114.3 Subd. 2. **Program requirements.** A commercial PACE loan program must:

(1) impose requirements and conditions on financing arrangements to ensure timelyrepayment;

114.6 (2) require an energy audit, renewable energy system feasibility study, resiliency

114.7 improvement study, water improvement study, or agronomic or soil health assessment to

be conducted on the qualifying commercial real property and reviewed by the implementingentity prior to approval of the financing;

(3) require the inspection or verification of all installations and a performance verification
 of at least ten percent of the cost-effective energy eligible improvements or land and water
 improvements financed by the program;

(4) not prohibit the financing of all <u>cost-effective energy eligible</u> improvements or land
and water improvements not otherwise prohibited by this section;

(5) require that all cost-effective energy eligible improvements or land and water
improvements be made to a qualifying commercial real property prior to, or in conjunction
with, an applicant's repayment of financing for cost-effective energy eligible improvements
or land and water improvements for that the qualifying commercial real property;

(6) have <u>cost-effective energy eligible</u> improvements or land and water improvements
financed by the program performed by a licensed contractor as required by chapter 326B
or other law or ordinance;

(7) require disclosures in the loan document to borrowers by the implementing entity of: (i) the risks involved in borrowing, including the risk of foreclosure if a tax delinquency results from a default; and (ii) all the terms and conditions of the commercial PACE loan and the installation of cost-effective energy <u>eligible</u> improvements or land and water improvements, including the interest rate being charged on the loan;

(8) provide financing only to those who demonstrate an ability to repay;

(9) not provide financing for a qualifying commercial real property in which the owneris not current on mortgage or real property tax payments;

(10) require a petition to the implementing entity by all owners of the qualifying
commercial real property requesting collections of repayments as a special assessment under
section 429.101;

(11) provide that payments and assessments are not accelerated due to a default and that
a tax delinquency exists only for assessments not paid when due;

(12) require that liability for special assessments related to the financing runs with thequalifying commercial real property; and

(13) prior to financing any improvements to or imposing any assessment upon qualifying
commercial real property, require notice to and written consent from the mortgage lender
of any mortgage encumbering or otherwise secured by the qualifying commercial real
property.

115.9 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.436, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

115.10 Subd. 4. Financing terms. Financing provided under this section must have:

(1) a cost-weighted average maturity not exceeding the useful life of the <u>energy eligible</u>
improvements installed, as determined by the implementing entity, but in no event may a
term exceed 20 30 years;

115.14 (2) a principal amount not to exceed the lesser of:

(i) the greater of $20 \underline{30}$ percent of the assessed value of the real property on which the

115.16 improvements are to be installed or 20.30 percent of the real property's appraised value,

115.17 accepted or approved by the mortgage lender; or

(ii) the actual cost of installing the energy eligible improvements, including the costs of

115.19 necessary equipment, materials, and labor; the costs of each related energy audit or,

115.20 renewable energy system feasibility study, water improvement study, or resiliency

115.21 improvement study; and the cost of verification of installation; and

(3) an interest rate sufficient to pay the financing costs of the program, including theissuance of bonds and any financing delinquencies.

115.24 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.436, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Repayment. An implementing entity that finances an energy eligible
improvement under this section must:

(1) secure payment with a lien against the qualifying commercial real property; and

115.28 (2) collect repayments as a special assessment as provided for in section 429.101 or by 115.29 charter, provided that special assessments may be made payable in up to 20_{30} equal annual 115.30 installments. 116.1 If the implementing entity is an authority, the local government that authorized the authority to act as implementing entity shall impose and collect special assessments necessary to pay debt service on bonds issued by the implementing entity under subdivision 8, and shall transfer all collections of the assessments upon receipt to the authority.

116.5 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.436, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Bond issuance; repayment.** (a) An implementing entity may issue revenue bonds as provided in chapter 475 for the purposes of this section and section 216C.437, provided the revenue bond must not be payable more than <u>20 30</u> years from the date of issuance.

(b) The bonds must be payable as to both principal and interest solely from the revenues
from the assessments established in subdivision 7 and section 216C.437, subdivision 28.

(c) No holder of bonds issued under this subdivision may compel any exercise of the taxing power of the implementing entity that issued the bonds to pay principal or interest on the bonds, and if the implementing entity is an authority, no holder of the bonds may compel any exercise of the taxing power of the local government. Bonds issued under this subdivision are not a debt or obligation of the issuer or any local government that issued them, nor is the payment of the bonds enforceable out of any money other than the revenue pledged to the payment of the bonds.

116.19 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216C.436, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. Improvements; real property or fixture. A cost-effective energy An eligible improvement financed under a PACE loan program, including all equipment purchased in whole or in part with loan proceeds under a loan program, is deemed real property or a fixture attached to the real property.

116.24 Sec. 45. [216C.47] GEOTHERMAL PLANNING GRANTS.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
the meanings given.

116.27 (b) "Eligible applicant" means a county, city, town, or the Metropolitan Council.

116.28 (c) "Geothermal energy system" means a system that heats and cools one or more

116.29 buildings by using the constant temperature of the earth as both a heat source and heat sink,

116.30 and a heat exchanger consisting of an underground closed loop system of piping containing

116.31 <u>a liquid to absorb and relinquish heat within the earth. Geothermal energy system includes:</u>

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117.1	<u>(1) a bo</u>	red geothermal heat ex	changer, as de	fined in section 103I.0	<u>05;</u>
117.2	<u>(2)</u> a gro	oundwater thermal excl	hange device, a	as defined in section 10	03I.005; and
117.3	<u>(3)</u> a sub	omerged closed loop he	eat exchanger,	as defined in section 1	<u>03I.005.</u>
117.4	Subd. 2.	Establishment. A ge	othermal plann	ing grant program is e	stablished in the
117.5	department	to provide financial as	sistance to elig	gible applicants to exar	nine the technical
117.6	and econom	nic feasibility of install	ing geotherma	l energy systems.	
117.7	Subd. 3.	Account established.	(a) The geothe	ermal planning grant ac	count is established
117.8	as a separat	e account in the specia	l revenue fund	in the state treasury. T	The commissioner
117.9	must credit	to the account appropr	riations and tra	nsfers to the account. I	Earnings, including
117.10	interest, div	idends, and any other	earnings arisin	g from assets of the ac	count, must be
117.11	credited to t	he account. Money rer	maining in the	account at the end of a	fiscal year does not
117.12	cancel to the	e general fund, but rema	ains in the acco	unt until June 30, 2029	. The commissioner
117.13	<u>must manag</u>	ge the account.			
117.14	<u>(b) Mon</u>	ey in the account is ap	propriated to the	ne commissioner to (1)	award geothermal
117.15	planning gr	ants to eligible applica	ints, and (2) rei	mburse the reasonable	costs incurred by
117.16	the departm	ent to administer this s	section.		
117.17	Subd. 4.	Application process.	An applicant s	seeking a grant under t	his section must
117.18	submit an a	pplication to the comm	nissioner on a f	form developed by the	commissioner. The
117.19	commission	ner must develop admin	nistrative proce	edures to govern the ap	plication and grant
117.20	award proce	ess. The commissioner	may contract v	with a third party to con	nduct some or all of
117.21	the program	n's operations.			
117.22	<u>Subd. 5.</u>	Grant awards. (a) A	grant awarded	under this process may	y be used to pay the
117.23	total cost of	the activities eligible f	or funding und	er subdivision 6, up to	a limit of \$150,000.
117.24	(b) The c	commissioner must end	deavor to award	l grants to eligible appl	icants in all regions
117.25	of Minneso	ta.			
117.26	(c) Gran	ts may be awarded und	der this section	only to projects whose	work is completed
117.27	after July 1,	, 2024.			
117.28	Subd. 6.	Eligible grant expend	l itures. Activiti	es that may be funded v	vith a grant awarded
117.29	under this s	ection include:			
117.30	<u>(1) analy</u>	ysis of the heating and c	cooling demand	l of the building or buil	dings that consume
117.31	energy from	n the geothermal energ	y system;		

118.1	(2) evaluation of equipment that could be combined with a geothermal energy system
118.2	to meet the building's heating and cooling requirements;

- (3) analysis of the geologic conditions of the earth in which a geothermal energy system
- 118.4 operates, including the drilling of one or more test wells to characterize geologic materials
- and to measure properties of the earth and aquifers that impact the feasibility of installing
- and operating a geothermal energy system; and
- 118.7 (4) preparation of a financial analysis of the project.
- 118.8 Subd. 7. Contractor and subcontractor requirements. Contractors and subcontractors
- that perform work funded with a grant awarded under this section must have experience
- 118.10 installing geothermal energy systems.
- 118.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

118.12 Sec. 46. [216C.48] STANDARDIZED SOLAR PLAN REVIEW SOFTWARE; 118.13 TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE; FINANCIAL INCENTIVE.

- Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
 the meanings given.
- (b) "Energy storage system" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision
 118.17 1.
- 118.18 (c) "Permitting authority" means a unit of local government in Minnesota that has
- 118.19 authority to review and issue permits to install residential solar projects and solar plus energy
- 118.20 storage system projects within the unit of local government's jurisdiction.
- 118.21 (d) "Photovoltaic device" has the meaning given in section 216C.06, subdivision 16.
- (e) "Residential solar project" means the installation of a photovoltaic device at a
- 118.23 residence located in Minnesota.
- 118.24 (f) "SolarAPP+" means the most recent version of the Solar Automated Permit Processing
- 118.25 Plus software, developed by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory and available free
- 118.26 to permitting authorities from the United States Department of Energy, that uses a web-based
- 118.27 portal to automate the solar project plan review and permit issuance processes for residential
- 118.28 solar projects that are compliant with applicable building and electrical codes.
- (g) "Solar plus energy storage system project" means a residential solar project installed
 in conjunction with an energy storage system at the same residence.

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119.1	Subd. 2. I	Program establishme	e nt. A program	is established in the d	epartment to provide
119.2	technical ass	istance and financial i	incentives to lo	cal units of governme	ent that issue permits
119.3	for residentia	al solar projects and so	olar plus energ	y storage system proj	ects in order to
119.4	incentivize a	permitting authority to	o adopt the Sola	arAPP+ software to sta	andardize, automate,
119.5	and streamlin	ne the review and per	mitting process	<u>s.</u>	
119.6	Subd. 3.	Eligibility. An incent	ive may be awa	arded under this section	on to a permitting
119.7	authority that	t has deployed SolarA	APP+ and made	e SolarAPP+ available	e on the permitting
119.8	authority's w	ebsite.			
119.9	<u>Subd. 4.</u>	Application. (a) A per	mitting authorit	y must submit an appl	ication for a financial
119.10	incentive und	ler this section to the o	commissioner	on a form developed b	y the commissioner.
119.11	<u>(b)</u> An ap	plication may be sub	mitted for a fin	ancial incentive unde	r this section after
119.12	SolarAPP+h	as become operation	al in the permit	ting authority's jurisd	iction.
119.13	<u>Subd. 5.</u>	Review and grant av	vard process.	The commissioner m	ıst develop
119.14	administrativ	ve procedures to gove	rn the applicati	on review and incent	ive award process
119.15	under this se	ction.			
119.16	Subd. 6.]	Incentive awards. Be	eginning no lat	er than March 1, 2025	5, the commissioner
119.17	may award a	financial incentive to	a permitting a	uthority under this se	ction only if the
119.18	commissione	er has determined that	the permitting	authority meets verif	ication requirements
119.19	established b	y the commissioner t	hat ensure a pe	rmitting authority has	s made SolarAPP+
119.20	operational v	vithin the permitting a	authority's juris	diction and that Solar	rAPP+ is available
119.21	on the permi	tting authority's webs	ite.		
119.22	Subd. 7.	Incentive amount. (a) An incentive	awarded under this se	ction must be no less
119.23	<u>than \$5,000 a</u>	and no greater than \$2	20,000.		
119.24	<u>(b)</u> The c	ommissioner may var	ry the amount of	of an incentive awarde	ed under this section
119.25	by considering	ng the following facto	ors:		
119.26	(1) the po	pulation of the permi	tting authority	2	
119.27	<u>(2) the nu</u>	umber of permits for s	solar projects is	sued by the permittin	g authority using
119.28	conventional	review processes;			
119.29	(3) wheth	er the SolarAPP+ soft	tware has been	adopted on a stand-alo	one basis or has been
119.30	integrated wi	th other permit manag	gement softwar	e utilized by the perm	itting authority; and

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120.1	(4) whether	the permitting juris	diction has par	rticipated in other sustain	ability programs,
120.2	<u> </u>			the United States Depart	
120.3		harging Smart prog			
120.4	Subd. 8. Tec	chnical assistance.	The departme	ent must provide technica	ll assistance to
120.5	eligible permitti	ing authorities seek	king to apply f	or an incentive under this	s section.
120.6	<u>Subd. 9.</u> Pro	ogram promotion.	The departme	nt must develop an educa	tion and outreach
120.7	program to mak	e permitting autho	rities aware of	the incentive offered un	der this section,
120.8	including by co	nvening workshop	s, producing e	ducational materials, and	using other
120.9	mechanisms to	promote the progra	m, including b	out not limited to utilizing	the efforts of the
120.10	League of Minn	esota Cities, the As	sociation of M	innesota Counties, the Co	mmunity Energy
120.11	Resource Teams	s established under	section 216C	.385, and similar organiz	ations to reach
120.12	permitting authors	orities.			
120.13	<u>Subd. 10.</u> A	ccount established	l. (a) The Sola	rAPP+ program account	is established in
120.14	the special rever	ue account in the st	tate treasury. T	he commissioner must cre	edit to the account
120.15	appropriations a	and transfers to the	account. Earni	ngs, including interest, d	ividends, and any
120.16	other earnings a	rising from assets	of the account	, must be credited to the	account. Money
120.17	remaining in the	e account at the end	d of a fiscal ye	ar does not cancel to the	general fund but
120.18	remains in the a	ccount until June 3	30, 2028. The	commissioner must mana	age the account.
120.19	(b) Money in	n the account is ap	propriated to t	he commissioner for the	purposes of this
120.20	section and to re	eimburse the reason	nable costs inc	urred by the department	to administer this
120.21	section.				
120.22	Sec. 47. Laws	2023, chapter 60,	article 10, sec	tion 2, subdivision 2, is a	mended to read:
120.23	Subd. 2. Energ	y Resources		96,083,000	27,617,000
120.24	(a) \$5,861,000 t	the first year and \$	6,038,000		
120.25	the second year	are to the division	of energy		
120.26	resources for op	perating expenses.			
120.27	(b) \$150,000 th	e first year and \$15	50,000 the		

- 120.28 second year are to remediate vermiculite
- 120.29 insulation from households that are eligible
- 120.30 for weatherization assistance under
- 120.31 Minnesota's weatherization assistance program
- 120.32 state plan under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 120.33 216C.264. Remediation must be done in

121.1	conjunction with federal weatherization
121.2	assistance program services.
121.3	(c) \$1,138,000 in the first year is transferred
121.4	from the general fund to the solar for schools
121.5	program account under Minnesota Statutes,
121.6	section 216C.375, to provide financial
121.7	assistance to schools that are state colleges
121.8	and universities to purchase and install solar
121.9	energy generating systems. This appropriation
121.10	must be expended on schools located outside
121.11	the electric service territory of the public
121.12	utility that is subject to Minnesota Statutes,
121.13	section 116C.779. Money under this paragraph
121.14	is available until June 30, 2034. Any money
121.15	remaining on June 30, 2034, cancels to the
121.16	general fund.

121.17 (d) \$189,000 each year is for activities

121.18 associated with a utility's implementation of

121.19 a natural gas innovation plan under Minnesota

121.20 Statutes, section 216B.2427.

121.21 (e) \$15,000,000 in the first year is transferred
121.22 from the general fund to the solar for schools
121.23 program account in the special revenue fund

121.24 for grants under the solar for schools program

121.25 established under Minnesota Statutes, section

121.26 216C.375. The money under this paragraph

121.27 must be expended on schools located outside

121.28 the electric service territory of the public

121.29 utility that is subject to Minnesota Statutes,121.30 section 116C.779.

121.31 (f) \$500,000 each year is for the strengthen

121.32 Minnesota homes program under Minnesota

- 121.33 Statutes, section 65A.299, subdivision 4.
- 121.34 Money under this paragraph is transferred
- 121.35 from the general fund to strengthen Minnesota

122.1	homes account in the special revenue fund.
122.2	This is a onetime appropriation.
122.3	(g) \$20,000,000 the first year and \$18,737,000
122.4	the second year are for weatherization and
122.5	preweatherization work to serve additional
122.6	households and allow for services that would
122.7	otherwise be denied due to current federal
122.8	limitations related to the federal weatherization
122.9	assistance program. Money under this
122.10	paragraph is transferred from the general fund
122.11	to the preweatherization account in the special
122.12	revenue fund under Minnesota Statutes,
122.13	section 216C.264, subdivision 1c. The base
122.14	in fiscal years 2026 and later is \$3,199,000.
122.15	(h) \$15,000,000 the first year is for a grant to
122.16	an investor-owned electric utility that has at
122.17	least 50,000 retail electric customers, but no
122.18	more than 200,000 retail electric customers,
122.19	to increase the capacity and improve the
122.20	reliability of an existing high-voltage direct
122.21	current transmission line that runs between
122.22	North Dakota and Minnesota. This is a
122.23	onetime appropriation and must be used to
122.24	support the cost-share component of a federal
122.25	grant application to a program enacted in the
122.26	federal Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act,
122.27	Public Law 117-58, and may otherwise be
122.28	used to reduce the cost of the high-voltage
122.29	direct current transmission project upgrade
122.30	and to reimburse the reasonable costs incurred
122.31	by the department to administer the grant. This
122.32	appropriation is available until June 30, 2034.
122.33	(i) \$300,000 the first year is for technical
122.34	assistance and administrative support for the
122.35	Tribal Advocacy Council on Energy under

article 12, section 71. As part of the technical 123.1 assistance and administrative support for the 123.2 program, the commissioner must hire a Tribal 123.3 liaison to support the Tribal Advocacy Council 123.4 on Energy and advise the department on the 123 5 development of a culturally responsive clean 123.6 energy grants program based on the priorities 123.7 123.8 identified by the Tribal Advocacy Council on 123.9 Energy.

(j) \$3,000,000 the first year is for a grant to 123.10 Clean Energy Economy Minnesota for the 123.11 Minnesota Energy Alley initiative to secure 123.12 the state's energy and economic development 123.13 future. The appropriation may be used to 123.14 establish and support the initiative, provide 123.15 seed funding for businesses, develop a training 123.16 and development program, support recruitment 123.17 of entrepreneurs to Minnesota, and secure 123.18 funding from federal programs and corporate 123.19 partners to establish a self-sustaining, 123.20 long-term revenue model. This appropriation 123.21 may be used to reimburse the reasonable costs 123.22 incurred by the department to administer the 123.23 grant. This is a onetime appropriation and is 123.24 available until June 30, 2027. 123.25 (k) \$5,000,000 the first year is transferred to 123.26 the electric vehicle rebate program account to 123.27 award rebates to purchase or lease eligible 123.28

123.29 electric vehicles under Minnesota Statutes,

123.30 section 216C.401. Rebates must be awarded

123.31 under this paragraph only to eligible recipients

123.32 located outside the retail electric service area

123.33 of the public utility that is subject to

123.34 Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779. This is

a onetime appropriation and is available until 124.1 June 30, 2027. 124.2 (1) \$1,000,000 the first year is to award grants 124.3 under Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.402, 124.4 to automobile dealers seeking certification to 124.5 sell electric vehicles and to reimburse the 124.6 reasonable costs incurred by the department 124.7 124.8 to administer the grants. Grants must only be awarded under this paragraph to eligible 124.9 dealers located outside the retail electric 124 10 service area of the public utility that is subject 124.11 to Minnesota Statutes, section 116C.779. This 124.12 is a onetime appropriation and is available 124.13 until June 30, 2027. 124.14 (m) \$3,000,000 the first year is transferred to 124.15 the residential electric panel upgrade grant 124.16 program account established under Minnesota 124.17 Statutes, section 216C.45, to award electric 124.18 panel upgrade grants and to reimburse the 124.19 reasonable costs incurred by the department 124.20 to administer the program. Grants must be 124.21 awarded under this paragraph only to owners 124.22 of single-family homes or multifamily 124.23 buildings located outside the electric service 124.24 area of the public utility subject to Minnesota 124 25 Statutes, section 116C.779. This is a onetime 124.26

124.27 appropriation and is available until June 30,124.28 2027.

(n) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
second year are for a grant to the clean energy
resource teams partnerships under Minnesota
Statutes, section 216C.385, subdivision 2, to
provide additional capacity to perform the
duties specified under Minnesota Statutes,
section 216C.385, subdivision 3. This

- appropriation may be used to reimburse the 125.1 reasonable costs incurred by the department 125.2 to administer the grant. 125.3 (o) \$1,807,000 the first year and \$301,000 the 125.4 second year are to implement energy 125.5 benchmarking under Minnesota Statutes, 125.6 section 216C.331. 125.7 125.8 Of the amount appropriated under this paragraph, \$750,000 the first year is to award 125.9 125.10 grants to qualifying utilities that are not investor-owned utilities to support the 125.11 development of technology for implementing 125 12 energy benchmarking under Minnesota 125.13 Statutes, section 216C.331. This is a onetime 125.14 appropriation. 125.15 Of the amount appropriated in the first year 125.16 under this paragraph, \$756,000 the first year 125.17 is for a grant to Building Owners and 125.18 Managers Association Greater Minneapolis 125.19 to establish partnerships with three technical 125.20 colleges and high school career counselors 125.21 with a goal of increasing the number of 125.22 building engineers across Minnesota. This is 125.23 a onetime appropriation and is available until 125.24 June 30, 2028. The grant recipient must 125.25 provide a detailed report describing how the 125.26 grant funds were used to the chairs and 125.27 ranking minority members of the legislative 125.28 committees having jurisdiction over higher 125.29 education by January 15 of each year until 125.30 2028. The report must describe the progress 125.31 made toward the goal of increasing the number 125.32 of building engineers and strategies used. 125.33
- 125.34 (p) \$500,000 the first year is for a feasibility
- 125.35 study to identify and process Minnesota iron

resources that could be suitable for upgrading 126.1 to long-term battery storage specifications. 126.2 The results of the feasibility study must be 126.3 submitted to the commissioner of commerce 126.4 and to the chairs and ranking minority 126.5 members of the house of representatives and 126.6 senate committees with jurisdiction over 126.7 126.8 energy policy no later than February November 1, 2025. This appropriation may 126.9 be used to reimburse the reasonable costs 126.10 incurred to administer the study. This is a 126.11 onetime appropriation. 126.12

126.13 (q) \$6,000,000 the first year is for electric

126.14 school bus grants under Minnesota Statutes,

126.15 section 216C.374. Money under this paragraph

126.16 is transferred from the general fund to the

126.17 electric school bus program account. This is126.18 a onetime appropriation.

126.19 (r) \$5,300,000 the first year is for electric grid

resiliency grants under article 12, section 72.

126.21 This appropriation may be used to reimburse

126.22 the reasonable costs incurred by the

126.23 department to administer the grants. This is a

126.24 onetime appropriation and is available until

126.25 June 30, 2028.

126.26 (s) 6,000,000 the first year is transferred to

126.27 the heat pump rebate program account

126.28 established under Minnesota Statutes, section

126.29 216C.46, to implement the heat pump rebate

126.30 program and to reimburse the reasonable costs

126.31 incurred by the department to administer the

126.32 program. Of this amount:

126.33 (1) up to \$1,400,000 the first year is to

126.34 contract with an energy coordinator under

- 127.1 Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.46,
- 127.2 subdivision 5; and
- 127.3 (2) up to \$1,400,000 the first year is to conduct
- 127.4 contractor training and support under
- 127.5 Minnesota Statutes, section 216C.46,
- 127.6 subdivision 6.
- 127.7 (t) \$1,000,000 the first year is to award air
- 127.8 ventilation pilot program grants under
- 127.9 Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.663, for
- 127.10 assessments, testing, and equipment upgrades
- 127.11 in schools, and for the department's costs to
- 127.12 administer the program. This is a onetime
- 127.13 appropriation.
- 127.14 (u) 500,000 the first year is for a grant to the
- 127.15 city of Anoka for feasibility studies as
- 127.16 described in this paragraph and design,
- 127.17 engineering, and environmental analysis
- 127.18 related to the repair and reconstruction of the
- 127.19 Rum River Dam. Findings from the feasibility
- 127.20 studies must be incorporated into the design
- 127.21 and engineering funded by this appropriation.
- 127.22 This appropriation is onetime and is available
- 127.23 until June 30, 2027. This appropriation
- 127.24 includes money for the following studies: (1)
- 127.25 a study to assess the feasibility of adding a
- 127.26 lock or other means for boats to traverse the
- 127.27 dam to navigate between the lower Rum River
- 127.28 and upper Rum River; (2) a study to assess
- 127.29 the feasibility of constructing the dam in a
- 127.30 manner that would facilitate recreational river
- 127.31 surfing at the dam site; and (3) a study to
- 127.32 assess the feasibility of constructing the dam
- 127.33 in a manner to generate hydroelectric power.
- 127.34 (v) \$3,000,000 the first year is for grants to
- 127.35 install on-site energy storage systems, as

defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 128.1 216B.2422, subdivision 1, paragraph (f), with 128.2 a capacity of 50 kilowatt hours or less and that 128.3 are located outside the electric service area of 128.4 the electric utility subject to Minnesota 128.5 Statutes, section 116C.779. To receive a grant 128.6 under this paragraph, an owner of the energy 128.7 128.8 storage system must be operating a solar 128.9 energy generating system at the same site as the energy storage system or have filed an 128.10 application with a utility to interconnect a solar 128.11 energy generating system at the same site as 128.12 the energy storage system. This appropriation 128.13 may be used to reimburse the reasonable costs 128.14 incurred by the department to administer the 128.15 grants. This is a onetime appropriation and is 128.16 available until June 30, 2027. 128 17 (w) \$164,000 the second year is for activities 128.18 associated with a public utility's filing a 128.19 transportation electrification plan under 128.20 Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.1615. The 128 21 base in fiscal year 2026 and later is \$164,000. 128.22 (x) 77,000 each year is for activities 128.23 associated with appeals of consumer 128.24 complaints to the commission under 128 25 Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.172. 128.26 (y) \$961,000 each year is for activities 128.27 required under Minnesota Statutes, section 128.28 216B.1641 for community solar gardens. This 128.29 appropriation must be assessed directly to the 128.30

128.31 public utility subject to Minnesota Statutes,

128.32 section 116C.779.

- 128.33 (z) \$300,000 the first year is for the
- 128.34 community solar garden program study
- 128.35 required under article 12, section 73.

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129.1	Sec. 48. ULTRAEFFICIENT VE	HICLE D	EVELOPMENT GRAM	NTS.
129.2	Subdivision 1. Program establis	hment. (a)	A grant program is estab	blished in the
129.3	Department of Commerce to provide	financial	assistance to developers	and producers of
129.4	ultraefficient vehicles that use propri-	etary techr	ology.	
129.5	(b) For purposes of this section, "u	ltraefficien	t vehicle" means a fully cl	losed compartment
129.6	vehicle that is designed to carry at least	ast one adu	lt passenger and that ach	nieves:
129.7	(1) at least 75 miles per gallon where (1) at least (1) at l	nile operati	ng on gasoline;	
129.8	(2) at least 75 miles per gallon equ	uivalent w	nile operating as a hybrid	l electric-gasoline;
129.9	or			
129.10	(3) at least 75 miles per gallon eq	uivalent w	hile operating as a fully	electric vehicle.
129.11	Subd. 2. Application process. Ap	plicants se	eking a grant under this s	ection must submit
129.12	an application to the commissioner of	Commerce	on a form developed by	the commissioner.
129.13	The commissioner is responsible for re	eceiving an	d reviewing grant applica	tions and awarding
129.14	grants under this subdivision. The co	mmissione	er must develop administ	rative procedures
129.15	to govern the application, evaluation,	, and grant	-award process.	
129.16	Subd. 3. Grant awards. The max	imum grar	t award for each eligible	applicant awarded
129.17	a grant under this section is \$250,000). When av	varding grants under this	section, the
129.18	department must:			
129.19	(1) give priority to ultraefficient v	vehicle pro	jects that are deemed to l	be near production
129.20	ready; and			
129.21	(2) give priority to ultraefficient v	vehicle pro	jects that maximize the u	use of electricity to
129.22	charge and run the vehicle.			
129.23	Subd. 4. Account established. A	n ultraeffic	ient vehicle developmen	nt grant account is
129.24	established in the special revenue fund	d in the stat	e treasury. The commissi	ioner of commerce
129.25	must credit to the account appropriation	ons made fo	or ultraefficient vehicle de	evelopment grants.
129.26	Earnings, including interest, arising f	from assets	in the account, must be	credited to the
129.27	account. Money in the account is ava	ulable unti	June 30, 2028. Any am	ount remaining in
129.28	the account after June 30, 2028, canc	els to the r	enewable development a	account. The
129.29	commissioner of commerce must ma	nage the a	ccount.	
129.30	Subd. 5. Appropriation; expendi	itures. Moi	ney in the account establis	shed in subdivision
129.31	4 is appropriated to the commissione	r of comm	erce and must be used or	nly to:
129.32	(1) make grant awards under this	section; ar	<u>ıd</u>	

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130.1	(2) pay the re	asonable costs in	curred by the c	lepartment to administer	this section.
130.2	Subd. 6. Rep	ort. On January	15, 2026, and c	on January 15, 2029, the	commissioner of
130.3	commerce must s	ubmit a report to	the chairs and r	anking minority member	s of the legislative
130.4	committees with	jurisdiction over	energy policy	and finance on the grant	awards under this
130.5	section.				
130.6	Sec. 49. <u>THE</u>	MAL ENERGY	Y NETWORK	DEPLOYMENT WO	RK GROUP.
130.7	Subdivision 1	. Direction. The	Public Utilitie	s Commission must esta	blish and appoint
130.8	a thermal energy	network deployr	nent work grou	up to examine (1) the po	tential regulatory
130.9	opportunities for	regulated natura	l gas utilities to	deploy thermal energy	networks, and (2)
130.10	potential barriers	to development.	The work grou	p must examine the pub	lic benefits, costs,
130.11	and impacts of de	eployment of the	rmal energy ne	tworks, as well as exam	ine rate design
130.12	options.				
130.13	Subd. 2. Men	nbership. (a) Th	e work group c	onsists of at least the fol	llowing:
130.14	(1) representa	atives of the Depa	artment of Con	nmerce;	
130.15	(2) representa	atives of the Depa	artment of Hea	<u>lth;</u>	
130.16	(3) representa	atives of the Pollu	ution Control A	agency;	
130.17	(4) representa	atives of the Depa	artment of Nati	ural Resources;	
130.18	(5) representa	atives of the Offic	ce of the Attorn	ney General;	
130.19	(6) representa	atives from utiliti	es;		
130.20	(7) representa	tives from clean	energy advoca	cy organizations;	
130.21	(8) representa	atives from labor	organizations;		
130.22	(9) geotherma	al technology pro	oviders;		
130.23	(10) represen	tatives from cons	sumer protectio	on organizations;	
130.24	(11) represent	tatives from citie	s; and		
130.25	(12) represen	tatives from low-	-income comm	unities.	
130.26	(b) The execu	tive secretary of	the Public Uti	lities Commission may i	nvite others to
130.27	participate in one	e or more meeting	gs of the work	group.	
130.28	(c) When app	ointing members	to the work gr	oup, the Public Utilities	Commission must
130.29	endeavor to ensu	re that all geogra	phic regions of	f Minnesota are represer	nted.

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131.1	Subd. 3. Duties. The work group must prepare a report containing findings and
131.2	recommendations regarding how to deploy thermal energy networks within a regulated
131.3	context and in a manner that protects the public interest and considers reliability, affordability,
131.4	environmental impacts, and socioeconomic impacts.
131.5	Subd. 4. Report to legislature. The work group must submit a report detailing the work
131.6	group's findings and recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
131.7	legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over energy policy and finance by
131.8	December 31, 2025. The work group terminates the day after the report under this subdivision
131.9	is submitted.
131.10	Subd. 5. Notice and comment period. The executive secretary of the Public Utilities
131.11	Commission must file the completed report in Public Utilities Commission Docket No.
131.12	G-999/CI-21-565 and provide notice to all docket participants and other interested persons
131.13	that comments on the findings and recommendations may be filed in the docket.
131.14	Subd. 6. Definition. For the purposes of this section, "thermal energy network" means
131.15	a project that provides heating and cooling to multiple buildings connected via underground
131.16	piping containing fluids that, in concert with heat pumps, exchange thermal energy from
131.17	the earth, underground or surface waters, wastewater, or other heat sources.
131.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
131.19	Sec. 50. STUDY; CARBON DIOXIDE PIPELINES.
131.20	(a) The commission must contract with an independent third party to conduct a study
131.21	that: (1) assesses the human health and environmental impacts that result from constructing,
131.22	operating, and maintaining carbon dioxide pipelines; and (2) makes recommendations
131.23	regarding regulation of the activities listed in clause (1). The executive secretary of the
131.24	commission may consult with the executive director of the environmental quality board
131.25	when selecting the contractor to conduct the study.
131.26	(b) The study must include, at a minimum, the following elements:
131.27	(1) identification of geographic areas in Minnesota that, due to the geographic area's
131.28	geology or the presence of environmentally sensitive resources, are unsuitable sites to
131.29	construct and operate carbon dioxide pipelines;
131.30	(2) the amount of energy and water required to operate the equipment used to capture
131.31	the carbon dioxide that is transported in a carbon dioxide pipeline;

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132.1	(3) the potential human and environmental impacts of a carbon dioxide pipeline leak or
132.2	rupture, especially to long-term human health, surface water bodies and wetlands, animals
132.3	and animal habitat, croplands, and other sensitive resources;
132.4	(4) measures that can be taken to mitigate the impact of a carbon dioxide pipeline leak
132.5	or rupture, including setbacks, protection for wildlife and wildlife habitat, and enhanced
132.6	local emergency response strategies and resources;
132.7	(5) the long-term impacts of pipeline construction on wetlands, soils, crops, and other
132.8	vegetation;
132.9	(6) the lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions resulting from carbon dioxide pipelines,
132.10	including the ultimate disposition of the carbon dioxide, whether the carbon dioxide is
132.11	sequestered, used to manufacture other products, or used to extract incremental oil or gas
132.12	supplies from underground reservoirs. The greenhouse gas emissions resulting from the
132.13	process to extract incremental oil or gas supplies from underground reservoirs and the
132.14	subsequent combustion of the incremental energy sources must also be estimated. The
132.15	analysis should also indicate the degree to which any emission reductions are verifiable;
132.16	and
132.17	(7) recommended provisions for a state regulatory process to site, operate, maintain, and
132.18	abandon carbon dioxide pipelines that are transparent, provide opportunity for public
132.19	engagement, and provide pipeline operators with clear signals and efficient procedures
132.20	regarding permitting issues.
132.21	(c) No later than November 1, 2026, a written copy of the report must be submitted to
132.22	the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary
132.23	jurisdiction over energy policy and environmental policy and to the Public Utilities
132.24	Commission. The commission must consider the report's findings and recommendations
132.25	when issuing siting permits for carbon dioxide pipelines.
132.26	Sec. 51. THERMAL ENERGY NETWORK SITE SUITABILITY STUDY.
132.27	(a) The Department of Commerce must conduct or contract for a study to determine the
132.28	suitability of sites to deploy thermal energy networks statewide.
132.29	(b) The study must:

132.30 (1) identify areas more and less suitable for deployment of thermal energy networks
132.31 statewide; and

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133.1	(2) identify potential barriers to the deployment of thermal energy networks and potential						
133.2	ways to add	ress the barriers.					
133.3	<u>(c)</u> In de	termining site suitabil	ity, the study n	ust consider:			
133.4	<u>(1) geolo</u>	ogic or hydrologic acc	ess to thermal	storage;			
133.5	(2) the ex	xisting built environm	ent, including	but not limited to age,	density, building		
133.6	uses, existin	g heating and cooling	systems, and e	existing electrical serv	ices;		
133.7	(3) the c	ondition of existing na	atural gas infra	structure;			
133.8	(4) road	and street conditions,	including plan	ned replacement or ma	aintenance;		
133.9	<u>(5) local</u>	land use regulations;					
133.10	(6) area	permitting requiremen	its; and				
133.11	(7) whet	her the area is an envi	ronmental justi	ce area, as defined in	section 116.065,		
133.12	subdivision	1, paragraph (e).					
133.13	<u>(d) No la</u>	ter than January 15, 20	026, the Depar	ment of Commerce m	ust submit a written		
133.14	report docur	menting the study's fin	dings to the ch	airs and ranking mino	ority members of the		
133.15	senate and h	ouse of representative	es committees v	with jurisdiction over	energy policy and		
133.16	finance.						
133.17	<u>(e)</u> For tl	he purposes of this sec	ction, "thermal	energy network" mean	ns a project that		
133.18	provides hea	ating and cooling to m	ultiple building	gs connected via unde	rground piping		
133.19	containing f	luids that, in concert w	vith heat pumps	, exchange thermal en	ergy from the earth,		
133.20	underground	d or surface waters, wa	astewater, or of	her heat sources.			
133.21	Sec 52 G	RID ENHANCING	ΤΕСΗΝΟΙ Ο	CIFS REPORT: PIII	RI IC UTH ITIFS		
133.22		SION ORDER.			BLIC UTILITIES		
133.23		ion 1. Definitions. (a)	For the purpos	es of this section, the f	ollowing terms have		
133.24	the meaning		<u> </u>				
133.25	(b) "Cap	acity" means the maxi	imum amount (of electricity that can f	flow through a		
133.26	<u> </u>	1 line while observing			<u>0</u>		
133.27	<u>(c)</u> "Con	gestion" means a condi	ition in which a	lack of transmission li	ne capacity prevents		
133.28	the delivery	of the lowest-cost ele	ctricity dispate	hed to meet load at a s	specific location.		
133.29	<u>(</u> d) "Dyn	namic line rating" mea	ns hardware or	software used to calc	ulate the thermal		
133.30	limit of exis	ting transmission lines	s at a specific p	oint in time by incorp	oorating information		
133.31	on real-time	and forecasted weath	er conditions.				
	Article (See	50	122				

Article 6 Sec. 52.

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134.1	(e) "Grid	l enhancing technolog	y" means hardv	vare or software that	reduces congestion
134.2		the flexibility of the t			
134.3	high-voltage	e transmission line or re	erouting electric	city from overloaded t	o uncongested lines,
134.4	while mainta	aining industry safety	standards. Grid	enhancing technolog	gies include but are
134.5	not limited t	o dynamic line rating,	, advanced pow	er flow controllers, an	nd topology
134.6	optimization	<u>ı.</u>			
134.7	<u>(f) "Line</u>	rating methodology"	means a metho	dology used to calcul	ate the maximum
134.8	amount of el	lectricity that can be c	arried by a tran	smission line without	exceeding thermal
134.9	limits design	ned to ensure safety.			
134.10	<u>(g)</u> "Pow	ver flow controller" me	eans hardware a	and software used to 1	eroute electricity
134.11	from overloa	aded transmission line	es to underutiliz	ed transmission lines	<u>-</u>
134.12	(h) "The	rmal limit" means the	temperature a t	ransmission line reac	hes when heat from
134.13	the electric of	current flow within the	e transmission l	ine causes excessive	sagging of the
134.14	transmission	line.			
134.15	<u>(i)</u> "Topo	logy optimization" me	ans a software t	echnology that uses n	nathematical models
134.16	to identify re	econfigurations in the	transmission g	rid in order to reroute	electricity from
134.17	overloaded t	transmission lines to u	inderutilized tra	nsmission lines.	
134.18	<u>(j)</u> "Tran	smission line" has the	meaning given	to "high-voltage tran	smission line" in
134.19	section 216	E.01. subdivision 4.			
134.20	(k) "Trar	nsmission system" mea	ans a network c	of high-voltage transm	nission lines owned
134.21	<u> </u>	by an entity subject to			
134.22	customers.				
134.23	<u>Subd. 2.</u>	Report; content. An	entity that own	s more than 750 mile	s of transmission
134.24	lines in Min	nesota, as reported in	the state transm	nission report submitt	ed to the Public
134.25	Utilities Cor	nmission under Minne	esota Statutes, s	ection 216B.2425, by	November 1, 2025,
134.26	must include	e in that report inform	ation that:		
134.27	<u>(1) ident</u>	ifies, during each of th	ne last three yea	urs, locations that exp	erienced 168 hours
134.28	or more of c	ongestion, or the ten l	ocations at whi	ch the most costly co	ngestion occurred,
134.29	whichever n	neasure produces the g	greater number	of locations;	
134.30	<u>(2) estim</u>	ates the frequency of	congestion at e	ach location and the i	ncreased cost to
134.31	ratepayers re	esulting from the subs	titution of high	er-priced electricity;	
134.32	<u>(3)</u> ident	ifies locations on each	transmission s	ystem that are likely	to experience high
134.33	levels of cor	ngestion during the ne	xt five years;		

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135.1	(4) evalu	ates the technical feat	sibility and estir	nates the cost of insta	alling one or more
135.2	<u> </u>	ng technologies to add	-		
135.3	(1), and proj	ects the grid enhancing	ng technology's	efficacy in reducing o	congestion;
135.4	(5) analy	zes the cost-effective	ness of installin	g grid enhancing tech	nologies to address
135.5	each instanc	e of congestion identi	ified in clause (1) by using the inform	nation developed in
135.6	clause (2) to	calculate the payback	period of each in	stallation, using a met	hodology developed
135.7	by the comm	nission;			
135.8	<u>(6) propo</u>	oses an implementatio	on plan, includin	g a schedule and cos	t estimate, to install
135.9	grid enhanci	ng technologies at ea	ch congestion p	oint identified in clau	se (1) at which the
135.10	payback per	iod is less than or equ	al to a value de	termined by the comr	nission, in order to
135.11	maximize tra	ansmission system ca	pacity; and		
135.12	<u>(7)</u> expla	ins the transmission of	owner's current	ine rating methodolo	<u>gy.</u>
135.13	Subd. 3.	Commission review	; order. (a) The	commission must rev	view the
135.14	implementat	tion plans proposed by	each reporting	entity as required in s	ubdivision 2, clause
135.15	(6), and mus	<u>.t:</u>			
135.16	<u>(1) review</u>	w, and may approve,	reject, or modify	y, the plan; and	
135.17	<u>(2) issue</u>	an order requiring im	plementation of	f an approved plan.	
135.18	(b) Withi	in 90 days of the date	the commission	issues an order unde	er this subdivision
135.19	each public u	utility must file with th	e commission a	plan containing a wor	kplan, cost estimate,
135.20	and schedule	e to implement the ele	ements of the pla	an approved by the co	ommission that are
135.21	located with	in the public utility's	electric service	area. For each entity	required to report
135.22	under this se	ection that is not a pub	olic utility, the c	ommission's order is	advisory.
135.23	<u>Subd. 4.</u>	Cost recovery. Notw	vithstanding any	other provision of th	is chapter, the
135.24	commission	may approve cost reco	overy under Mini	nesota Statutes, section	1216B.16, including
135.25	an appropria	te rate of return, of ar	ny prudent and r	easonable investment	ts made or expenses
135.26	incurred by a	a public utility to adm	inister and imple	ement a grid enhancir	ig technologies plan
135.27	approved by	the commission unde	er this section.		
135.28	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. This se	ction is effective	e the day following fi	nal enactment.
135.29	Sec. 53. <u>IN</u>	TERCONNECTIO	N DOCKET; I	PUBLIC UTILITIES	S COMMISSION.
135.30	<u>(a) No la</u>	ter than September 1,	2024, the com	nission must initiate a	a proceeding to
135.31	establish by	order generic standar	ds for the sharir	ng of utility costs nec	essary to upgrade a
135.32	utility's distr	ibution system by inc	creasing hosting	capacity or applying	other necessary

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distribution system upgrades at a congested or constrained location in order to allow for the 136.1 interconnection of distributed generation facilities at the congested or constrained location 136.2 136.3 and to advance the achievement of the state's renewable and carbon-free energy goals in Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.1691 and greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals in 136.4 Minnesota Statutes, section 216H.02. The tariff standards must reflect an interconnection 136.5 process designed to, at a minimum: 136.6 136.7 (1) accelerate the expansion of hosting capacity at multiple points on a utility's distribution 136.8 system by ensuring that the cost of upgrades is shared fairly among owners of distributed generation projects seeking interconnection on a pro rata basis according to the amount of 136.9 the expanded capacity utilized by each interconnected distributed generation facility; 136.10 (2) reduce the capital burden on owners of trigger projects seeking interconnection; 136.11 (3) establish a minimum level of upgrade costs an expansion of hosting capacity must 136.12 reach in order to be eligible to participate in the cost-share process and below which a trigger 136.13 project must bear the full cost of the upgrade; 136.14 (4) establish a distributed generation facility's pro rata cost-share amount as the utility's 136.15 total cost of the upgrade divided by the incremental capacity resulting from the upgrade, 136.16 and multiplying the result by the capacity of the distributed generation facility seeking 136.17 136.18 interconnection; (5) establish a minimum proportion of the total upgrade cost that a utility must receive 136.19 from one or more distributed generation facilities before initiating constructing an upgrade; 136.20 136.21 (6) allow trigger projects and any other distributed generation facilities to pay a utility more than the trigger project's or distributed generation facility's pro rata cost-share amount 136.22 only if needed to meet the minimum threshold established in clause (5) and to receive refunds 136.23 for amounts paid beyond the trigger project's or distributed generation facility's pro rata 136.24 share of expansion costs from distributed generation projects that subsequently interconnect 136.25 at the applicable location, after which pro rata payments are paid to the utility for distribution 136.26 to ratepayers; 136.27 (7) prohibit owners of distributed generation facilities from using any unsubscribed 136.28 capacity at an interconnection that has undergone an upgrade without the distributed 136.29 136.30 generation owners paying the distributed generation owner's pro rata cost of the upgrade;

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137.1	(8) establi	ish an annual limit or	a formula for	determining an annual	limit for the total
137.2	<u> </u>			of participating generation	
137.3				216B.16, subdivision	
137.4	(b) For the	e purposes of this sec	tion, the follow	ving terms have the m	eanings given:
137.5	<u>(1)</u> "distri	buted generation proj	ect" means an	energy generating sys	tem with a capacity
137.6	no greater that	an ten megawatts;			
137.7	(2) "hosti	ng capacity" means th	ne maximum c	apacity of a utility dis	tribution system to
137.8				compromising the sa	
137.9	the distribution				<u>,</u>
			• •.• • • • •		1 1
137.10	<u> </u>			ted generation project	
137.11				oject alerts a utility th	<u> </u>
137.12			he trigger proje	ect and any future inte	rconnections at the
137.13	applicable loo	cation;			
137.14	<u>(4)</u> "upgra	de" means a modifica	tion of a utility	's distribution system a	at a specific location
137.15	that is necessa	ary to allow the interce	onnection of di	stributed generation pr	ojects by increasing
137.16	hosting capac	ity at the applicable lo	cation, includin	ng but not limited to ins	talling or modifying
137.17	equipment at	a substation or along	a distribution l	ine. Upgrade does not	mean an expansion
137.18	of hosting cap	pacity dedicated solel	y to the interco	nnection of a single dis	stributed generation
137.19	project; and				
137.20	<u>(5)</u> "utility	y" means a public uti	lity, as defined	in Minnesota Statutes	s, section 216B.02,
137.21	subdivision 4	, that provides electri	ic service.		
137.22	<u>EFFECT</u>	IVE DATE. This sec	ction is effectiv	e the day following fi	nal enactment.
137.23	Sec. 54. <u>PC</u>	SITION ESTABLI	SHED; PUBL	IC UTILITIES CON	IMISSION.
137.24	Subdivisio	on 1. Position; duties	(a) The Public	e Utilities Commission	's Consumer Affairs
137.25	Office must e	establish a new full-tin	me equivalent	nterconnection ombud	dsperson position to
137.26	assist applicat	nts seeking to intercor	nnect distribute	d generation projects t	o utility distribution
137.27	systems unde	r the generic statewic	le standards de	veloped by the commi	ission under section
137.28	53. The Publi	c Utilities Commissio	on must (1) app	oint a person to the pos	ition who possesses
137.29	mediation ski	ills and technical exp	ertise related to	o interconnection and	interconnection
137.30	procedures, a	nd (2) authorize the p	erson to reques	at and review all interco	onnection data from
137.31	utilities and a	pplicants that are nec	cessary to fulfi	ll the duties of the pos	ition described in
137.32	this subdivisi	on.			

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138.1	(b) The dutie	s of the interconn	ection ombuds	person include but are no	ot limited to:
138.2	(1) tracking i	nterconnection di	sputes betweer	applicants and utilities;	
138.3	(2) facilitatin	g the efficient and	d fair resolution	n of disputes between cus	tomers seeking
138.4	to interconnect a	nd utilities;			
138.5	<u> </u>			to assess opportunities to	
138.6	interconnection d	isputes, while con	sidering the equ	uitable distribution of distr	ibuted generation
138.7	facilities;				
138.8		00	•	y to facilitate effective co	ommunication
138.9	among interconr	ection stakeholde	ers; and		
138.10	(5) preparing	reports that detai	l the number, t	ype, resolution timelines	, and outcome of
138.11	interconnection	disputes.			
138.12	(c) A utility m	ust provide inform	nation requested	d under this section that th	e interconnection
138.13	ombudsperson d	etermines is neces	ssary to effective	vely carry out the duties	of the position.
138.14	Subd. 2. Defi	inition. For the pu	urposes of this	section, "utility" means a	public utility, as
138.15	defined in Minne	sota Statutes, sect	tion 216B.02, st	ubdivision 4, that provide	s electric service.
138.16	Subd. 3. Posi	ition; funding. (a) A utility mus	t assess and collect a sure	charge of \$50 on
138.17	each application	interconnection fil	led by an owner	of a distributed generation	n facility located
138.18	in Minnesota. A	utility must remit	t the full surcha	arge to the Public Utilities	s Commission
138.19	monthly, in a mar	mer determined by	y the Public Util	ities Commission, for eac	h interconnection
138.20	application filed	with the utility du	uring the previo	ous month.	
138.21	(b) The interest	connection ombuc	dsperson accou	nt is established in the sp	ecial revenue
138.22	account in the st	ate treasury. The l	Public Utilities	Commission must mana	ge the account.
138.23	The Public Utilit	ties Commission 1	must deposit in	the account all revenues	received from
138.24	utilities from the	surcharge on inte	erconnection ap	oplications established un	der this section.
138.25	Money is approp	priated from the ad	ccount to the P	ublic Utilities Commissio	on for the sole
138.26	purpose of fundi	ng the ombudsper	rson position e	stablished in subdivision	<u>1.</u>
138.27	(c) The Publi	c Utilities Commi	ssion must revi	ew the amount of revenue	es collected from
138.28	the surcharge eac	ch year and may a	djust the level	of the surcharge as necess	ary to ensure (1)
138.29	sufficient money	is available to su	pport the positi	on, and (2) the reserve in	the account does
138.30	not reach more t	han ten percent of	f the amount ne	ecessary to fully fund the	position.
138.31	EFFECTIV	E DATE. This see	ction is effectiv	e the day following final	enactment and
138.32	applies to applic	ations for intercor	nnections filed	with a utility on or after	that date.

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139.1			ARTICL	Е 7	
139.2	MINNE	SOTA ENERGY J	INFRASTR	RUCTURE PERMITTING	G ACT
139.3	Section 1. [216]	I.01] CITATION.			
139.4	This chapter r	nay be cited as the	"Minnesota	Energy Infrastructure Perr	nitting Act."
139.5	Sec. 2. [216I.02	2] DEFINITIONS.	<u>.</u>		
139.6	Subdivision 1	Annlicability Fo	r nurnoses (of this chapter, the terms de	fined in this
139.7				clearly indicates or provid	
		~ ~ ~		· · ·	
139.8		•••••		cility" means a building, equal structure that is necessar	
139.9 139.10				cility includes transmission	· ·
139.11		•		less that interconnect the la	<u> </u>
139.12	_			tage transmission system.	<u>~88)</u>
139.13	Subd 3 Com	mission "Commis	sion" mean	s the Public Utilities Comn	nission
139.13				of the Public Utilities Com	
	purposes of the fo		<u>ve seeretary</u>		
			1	21/104	
139.16	(1) applicabili	ity determinations u	under sectio	<u>n 2161.04;</u>	
139.17	(2) completen	ess determinations	under section	on 216I.05;	
139.18	(3) public mee	etings under section	n 216I.05, s	ubdivision 9;	
139.19	(4) draft enviro	onmental impact sta	itements und	er section 216I.06, subdivis	ion 1, paragraph
139.20	(c); and				
139.21	(5) public hea	rings under section	n 216I.06, su	bdivision 2, or 216I.07, su	bdivision 4.
139.22	Subd. 4. Cons	struction. "Constru	uction" mean	ns any clearing of land, exca	vation, or other
139.23	action that advers	ely affects the site's	s or route's r	atural environment. Constr	ruction does not
139.24	include changes r	needed to temporar	ily use sites	or routes for nonutility pur	poses, or uses
139.25	in securing surve	y or geological data	a, including	necessary borings to ascer	tain foundation
139.26	conditions.				
139.27	Subd. 5. Cult	ivated agricultura	ll land. "Cu	tivated agricultural land" h	as the meaning
139.28	given in section 2	216G.01, subdivisio	on 4.		
139.29	Subd. 6. Ener	<u>·gy storage system</u>	i. "Energy st	orage system" means equip	oment and
139.30	associated faciliti	es designed with a	nameplate c	apacity of 10,000 kilowatts	s or more that is

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140.1	capable of stori	ng generated electricit	ty for a period of t	ime and delivering	the electricity
140.2	for use after sto	rage.			
140.3	<u>Subd. 7.</u> Exc	ecutive secretary. "Ex	xecutive secretary	" means the execut	ive secretary of
140.4	the Public Utilit	ies Commission under	section 216A.04	or Public Utilities C	ommission staff
140.5	designated by the	ne executive secretary	<u>.</u>		
140.6	Subd. 8. Hig	gh-voltage transmissi	ion line. "High-vo	ltage transmission	line" means a
140.7	conductor of ele	ectric energy and assoc	ciated facilities that	tt is (1) designed fo	r and capable of
140.8	operation at a n	ominal voltage of 100	kilovolts or more	, and (2) is greater	than 1,500 feet
140.9	in length.				
140.10	Subd. 9. La	rge electric power ge	nerating plant. "	Large electric powe	er generating
140.11	plant" means el	ectric power generatin	ng equipment and	associated facilities	designed for or
140.12	capable of oper	ation at a capacity of 5	50,000 kilowatts o	r more.	
140.13	<u>Subd. 10.</u> La	arge energy infrastru	<mark>icture facility.</mark> "L	arge energy infrast	ructure facility"
140.14	means a high-ve	oltage transmission lir	ne, a large electric	power generating	olant, an energy
140.15	storage system,	a large wind energy c	onversion system	and any associated	1 facility.
140.16	<u>Subd. 11.</u> La	arge wind energy cor	nversion system.	'Large wind energy	conversion
140.17	system" means	any combination of w	ind energy conver	sion systems with	a combined
140.18	nameplate capa	city of 5,000 kilowatts	or more, and may	include transmissio	n lines designed
140.19	for and capable	of operating at 100 ki	lovolts or less that	t interconnect a lar	ge wind energy
140.20	conversion syst	em with a high-voltag	e transmission lin	<u>e.</u>	
140.21	<u>Subd. 12.</u> P	ermittee. "Permittee"	means a person to	whom a site or rou	ute permit is
140.22	issued.				
140.23	<u>Subd. 13.</u> Po	e rson. "Person" means	s an individual, pa	rtnership, joint ven	ture, private or
140.24	public corporation	on, association, firm,	public service cor	npany, cooperative	, political
140.25	subdivision, mu	inicipal corporation, g	overnment agency	, public utility dist	rict, or any other
140.26	entity, public or	private, however orga	anized.		
140.27	<u>Subd. 14.</u> Po	ower purchase agree	ment. "Power pur	chase agreement" r	neans a legally
140.28	enforceable agr	eement between two o	or more persons w	here one or more o	f the signatories
140.29	agrees to provid	le electrical power and	l one or more of th	e signatories agrees	s to purchase the
140.30	power.				
140.31	Subd. 15. R	oute. "Route" means th	ne location of a hig	h-voltage transmiss	ion line between
140.32	two end points.	The route may have a	variable width of	up to 1.25 miles.	

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141.1	<u>Subd. 16.</u> Site	e. "Site" means the loo	cation of a large el	ectric power genera	ting plant, solar
141.2	energy generating	g system, energy stor	age system, or lar	ge wind energy con	version system.
141.3	<u>Subd. 17.</u> Sm	all wind energy con	version system. "	Small wind energy	conversion
141.4	system" means an	ny combination of wi	ind energy conver	sion systems with a	a combined
141.5	nameplate capaci	ty of less than 5,000	kilowatts.		

- 141.6 Subd. 18. Solar energy generating system. "Solar energy generating system" means a
- 141.7 set of devices whose primary purpose is to produce electricity by means of any combination
- 141.8 of collecting, transferring, or converting solar-generated energy with a combined nameplate
- 141.9 capacity of 50,000 kilowatts alternating current or more.
- 141.10 Subd. 19. Utility. "Utility" means any entity engaged or intending to engage in generating,
- 141.11 transmitting, or distributing electric energy in Minnesota. Utility includes but is not limited

141.12 to a private investor-owned utility, cooperatively owned utility, and public or municipally
141.13 owned utility.

141.14 Subd. 20. Wind energy conversion system. "Wind energy conversion system" means

141.15 a device, including but not limited to a wind charger, windmill, or wind turbine and associated

141.16 <u>facilities</u>, that converts wind energy to electrical energy.

141.17 Sec. 3. [216I.03] SITING AUTHORITY.

141.18 Subdivision 1. Policy. The legislature hereby declares it is the policy of the state to

141.19 locate large electric power facilities in an orderly manner that is compatible with

141.20 environmental preservation and the efficient use of resources. In accordance with the policy,

141.21 the commission must choose locations that minimize adverse human and environmental

141.22 impact while ensuring (1) continuing electric power system reliability and integrity, and

141.23 (2) that electric energy needs are met and fulfilled in an orderly and timely fashion.

141.24 Subd. 2. Jurisdiction. (a) The commission has the authority to provide for site and route

141.25 selection for large energy infrastructure facilities. The commission must issue permits for

141.26 large energy infrastructure facilities in a timely fashion and in a manner consistent with the

141.27 overall determination of need for the project under section 216B.2425 or 216B.243, if

- 141.28 applicable.
- 141.29 (b) The scope of an environmental review conducted under this chapter must not include:

141.30 (1) questions of need, including size, type, and timing; (2) alternative system configurations;

141.31 or (3) voltage.

141.32Subd. 3. Interstate routes. If a route is proposed in two or more states, the commission141.33must attempt to reach an agreement with affected states on the entry and exit points before

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142.1 designating a route. The commission, in discharge of the commission's duties under this

142.2 <u>chapter, may make joint investigations, hold joint hearings within or outside of the state,</u>

142.3 and issue joint or concurrent orders in conjunction or concurrence with any official or agency

142.4 of any state or of the United States. The commission may, pursuant to any consent of

142.5 Congress, negotiate and enter into any agreements or compacts with agencies of other states

142.6 for cooperative efforts to certify the construction, operation, and maintenance of large

142.7 electric power facilities in a manner consistent with this chapter's requirements and to enforce

142.8 the respective state laws regarding large electric power facilities.

142.9 Subd. 4. **Biennial report.** By December 15, 2025, and every odd-numbered year

142.10 thereafter, the commission must submit a written report to the chairs and ranking minority

142.11 members of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over energy

142.12 and utilities. The report must:

142.13 (1) provide an update on the progress made to permit, approve, and construct the electric

142.14 <u>utility infrastructure necessary to meet the requirements of section 216B.1691 within the</u>

142.15 milestones provided under section 216B.1691;

142.16 (2) describe efforts made by the commission to engage stakeholders in environmental

142.17 justice areas, as defined in section 216B.1691, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in permitting,

142.18 approving, and constructing electric utility infrastructure under this section, section

142.19 216B.1691, or section 216B.243; and

142.20 (3) provide information regarding any cumulative impact analysis ordered by the

142.21 commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency under section 116.065 pertaining to any

142.22 electric utility infrastructure permitted, approved, or constructed under this section, section

142.23 <u>216B.1691</u>, or section 216B.243.

142.24 Sec. 4. [216I.04] APPLICABILITY DETERMINATION.

Subdivision 1. Generally. This section may be used to determine: (1) whether a proposal
meets the definition of large energy infrastructure facility and is subject to the commission's
siting or routing jurisdiction under this chapter; or (2) which review process is applicable
at the time of the initial application.

142.29Subd. 2. Solar, wind, or energy storage facilities.For solar energy generating systems,

142.30 large wind energy conversion systems, or energy storage systems, the alternating current

142.31 <u>nameplate capacity of one solar energy generating system, wind energy conversion system,</u>

142.32 or energy storage system must be combined with the alternating current nameplate capacity

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	0 1 1					
143.1	of any other sola	ar energy generation	ng system, win	d energy conversion s	ystem, or energy	
143.2	storage system t	hat:				
143.3	(1) is constructed within the same 12-month period; and					
143.4	(2) exhibits c	characteristics of b	eing a single d	evelopment, including	g but not limited to	
143.5	ownership struct	ure, an umbrella sa	ales arrangemen	nt, shared interconnecti	on, revenue-sharing	
143.6	arrangements, ar	nd common debt o	or equity finance	eing.		
143.7	Subd. 3. Tra	nsmission lines.]	For transmissic	n lines, the petitioner	must describe the	

143.8 applicability question and provide sufficient facts to support the determination.

143.9Subd. 4. Forms; assistance; written determination. (a) The commission must provide143.10forms and assistance to help applicants make a request for an applicability determination.

143.11 (b) Upon written request from an applicant, the commission or the commission's designee

143.12 must provide a written determination regarding applicability under this section. The

143.13 commission or the commission's designee must provide the written determination within

143.14 <u>30 days of the date the request was received or 30 days of the date information that the</u>

143.15 commission requested from the applicant is received, whichever is later. This written

143.16 determination constitutes a final decision of the commission.

143.17 Sec. 5. [216I.05] DESIGNATING SITES AND ROUTES.

Subdivision 1. Site permit. (a) A person is prohibited from constructing a large electric 143.18 143.19 generating plant, a solar energy generating system, an energy storage system, or a large wind energy conversion system without a site permit issued by the commission. A person 143.20 may construct a large electric generating plant, an energy storage system, a solar energy 143.21 generating system, or a large wind energy conversion system only on a site approved by 143.22 the commission. A person is prohibited from increasing the generating capacity or output 143.23 of an electric power plant from under 50 megawatts to more than 50 megawatts without a 143.24 site permit issued by the commission. 143.25

(b) The commission must incorporate into one proceeding the route selection for a
high-voltage transmission line that is directly associated with and necessary to interconnect
the large electric generating plant, energy storage system, solar energy generating system,
or large wind energy conversion system to the transmission system if the applications are
submitted jointly under this chapter.

(c) A site permit does not authorize construction of a large electric power generating
 plant until the permittee has obtained a power purchase agreement or some other enforceable
 mechanism to sell the power generated by the project. If the permittee does not have a power

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purchase agreement or other enforceable mechanism at the time the permit is issued, the 144.1 commission must provide in the permit that the permittee must advise the commission when 144.2 144.3 the permittee obtains a commitment to purchase the power. The commission may establish as a condition in the permit a date by which the permittee must obtain a power purchase 144.4 agreement or other enforceable mechanism. If the permittee does not obtain a power purchase 144.5 agreement or other enforceable mechanism by the date required by the permit condition, 144.6 the site permit is null and void. 144.7 144.8 Subd. 2. Route permit. A person is prohibited from constructing a high-voltage transmission line without a route permit issued by the commission. A person may construct 144.9 a high-voltage transmission line only along a route approved by the commission. 144.10144.11 Subd. 3. Application. (a) A person that seeks to construct a large energy infrastructure facility must apply to the commission for a site or route permit, as applicable. The applicant 144.12 must propose a single route for a high-voltage transmission line. 144.13 (b) The application must contain: 144.14 (1) a statement of proposed ownership of the facility at the time of filing the application 144.15 144.16 and after commercial operation; (2) the name of any person or organization initially named as permittee or permittees 144.17 and the name of any other person to whom the permit may be transferred if transfer of the 144.18 permit is contemplated; 144.19 144.20 (3) a description of the proposed large energy infrastructure facility and all associated facilities, including size, type, and timing of the facility; 144.21 (4) the environmental information required under subdivision 4; 144.22 (5) the names of each owner described under subdivision 8; 144.23 (6) United States Geological Survey topographical maps, or other maps acceptable to 144.24 the commission, that show the entire proposed large energy infrastructure facility; 144.25 (7) a document that identifies existing utility and public rights-of-way along or near the 144.26 large energy infrastructure facility; 144.27 (8) the engineering and operational design at each of the proposed sites for the proposed 144.28 large energy infrastructure facility, and identify transportation, pipeline, and electrical 144.29 transmission systems that are required to construct, maintain, and operate the facility; 144.30 144.31 (9) a cost analysis of the proposed large energy infrastructure facility, including the costs to construct, operate, and maintain the facility; 144.32

 145.1 (10) a description of possible design options to accommodate the large energy 145.2 infrastructure facility's future expansion; 145.3 (11) the procedures and practices proposed to acquire, construct, maintain, and rest
(11) the procedures and practices proposed to acquire, construct, maintain, and rest
145.4 the large energy infrastructure facility's right-of-way or site;
(12) a list and brief description of federal, state, and local permits that may be required.
145.6 for the proposed large energy infrastructure facility;
(13) a discussion regarding whether a certificate of need application is required and
a certificate of need application is required, whether the certificate of need application
145.9 <u>been submitted;</u>
(14) a discussion regarding any other sites or routes that were considered and reject
145.11 by the applicant;
145.12 (15) any information the commission requires pursuant to an administrative rule; an
145.13 (16) a discussion regarding coordination with Minnesota Tribal governments, as defi
145.14 under section 10.65, subdivision 2, by the applicant, including but not limited to the no
145.15 required under subdivision 5 of this section.
145.16 Subd. 4. Environmental information. (a) An applicant for a site or route permit m
145.17 <u>include in the application environmental information for each proposed site or route.</u> T
145.18 environmental information submitted must include:
145.19 (1) a description of each site or route's environmental setting;
145.20 (2) a description of the effects the facility's construction and operation has on huma
145.21 settlement, including but not limited to public health and safety, displacement, noise,
145.22 aesthetics, socioeconomic impacts, environmental justice impacts, cultural values, recreat
145.23 and public services;
145.24 (3) a description of the facility's effects on land-based economies, including but not
145.25 limited to agriculture, forestry, tourism, and mining;
145.26 (4) a description of the facility's effects on archaeological and historic resources;
145.27 (5) a description of the facility's effects on the natural environment, including effec
145.28 on air and water quality resources, flora, and fauna;
145.29 (6) a description of the greenhouse gas emissions associated with constructing and
145.30 operating the facility;
145.31 (7) a description of the facility's climate change resilience;

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146.1	<u>(8)</u> a descri	ption of the facility	's effects on rai	e and unique natural r	esources;
146.2	(9) a list the	at identifies human	and natural env	rironmental effects that	t are unavoidable if
146.3	<u> </u>	approved at a specif			
146.4	(10) a desc	ription of (i) measu	res that might b	be implemented to mit	igate the potential
146.5	<u> </u>			lauses (1) to (7), and (
146.6		tential mitigative m			<u> </u>
146.7	(b) An app	licant that applies u	sing the standa	rd process under section	on 216I.06 may
146.8	include the env	vironmental inform	ation required u	Inder paragraph (a) in	the applicant's
146.9	environmental	assessment.			
146.10	<u>Subd. 5.</u> P 1	reapplication coor	dination. At lea	ast 30 days before filir	ng an application
146.11	with the comm	ission, an applicant	must provide n	otice to: (1) each local	unit of government
146.12	within which a	site or route may be	e proposed; (2)	Minnesota Tribal gove	rnments, as defined
146.13	under section 1	0.65, subdivision 2	; and (3) the sta	te technical resource a	gencies. The notice
146.14	must describe t	he proposed project	and provide the	entities receiving the n	otice an opportunity
146.15	for preapplicat	tion coordination or	feedback.		
146.16	<u>Subd. 6.</u> P r	eapplication revie	w. (a) Before su	bmitting an application	n under this chapter,
146.17	an applicant m	ust provide a draft	application to c	ommission staff for re	eview. A draft
146.18	application mu	ast not be filed elect	ronically.		
146.19	<u>(b) Commi</u>	ssion staff's draft ap	oplication revie	w must focus on the a	pplication's
146.20	completeness a	and clarifications th	at may assist th	e commission's review	v of the application.
146.21	Upon complete	ion of the preapplic	ation review ur	der this subdivision, o	commission staff
146.22	must provide t	he applicant a sum	nary of the con	pleteness review. The	e applicant may
146.23	include the con	npleteness review su	ummary with th	e applicant's applicatio	n under subdivision
146.24	<u>3.</u>				
146.25	<u>Subd. 7.</u> Co	omplete applicatio	<u>ns. (a)</u> The con	mission or the comm	ission's designee
146.26	must determin	e whether an applic	ation is comple	te and advise the appl	icant of any
146.27	deficiencies w	ithin ten working d	ays of the date	an application is received	ved.
146.28	<u>(b)</u> An app	lication is not incor	nplete if: (1) in	formation that is not in	ncluded in the
146.29	application ma	y be obtained from	the applicant p	rior to the initial publ	ic meeting; and (2)
146.30	the information	n that is not include	d in the applica	tion is not essential to	provide adequate
146.31	notice.				
146.32	<u>Subd. 8.</u> A	oplication notice. (a	a) Upon finding	an application is compl	lete, the commission
146.33	<u>must:</u>				

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147.1	(1) publish notice of the application in a legal newspaper of general circula	tion in each
147.2	county in which the site or route is proposed;	
147.3	(2) provide notice of the application to any regional development commission	ı, Minnesota
147.4	Tribal government as defined under section 10.65, subdivision 2, county, incom	rporated
147.5	municipality, and town in which any part of the site or route is proposed;	
147.6	(3) provide notice of the application and description of the proposed projection	t to each
147.7	owner whose property is within or adjacent to the proposed site or route for the	large energy
147.8	infrastructure facility; and	
147.9	(4) provide notice to persons who have requested to be placed on a list mai	intained by
147.10	the commission to receive notice of proposed large energy infrastructure facili	
11,110		
147.11	(b) The commission must identify a standard format and content for application	ation notice.
147.12	At a minimum, the notice must include: (1) a description of the proposed project	et, including
147.13	a map displaying the general area of the proposed site or route; (2) a description	on detailing
147.14	how a person may receive more information and future notices regarding the a	upplication;
147.15	and (3) a location where a copy of the application may be reviewed.	
147.16	(c) The notice must also provide information regarding the date and location	of the public
147.17	meeting where the public may learn more about the proposed project and the co	ommission's
147.18	review process.	
147.19	(d) For the purposes of providing mailed notice under this subdivision, and	owner is the
147.20	person indicated in the records of the county auditor or, in a county where tax	statements
147.21	are mailed by the county treasurer, in the records of the county treasurer. If nece	essary, other
147.22	appropriate records may be used for purposes of providing mailed notice. The	failure to
147.23	provide mailed notice to a property owner or defects in the notice do not inval	idate the
147.24	proceedings, provided a bona fide attempt to comply with this subdivision has	been made.
147.25	Subd. 9. Public meeting. (a) The commission must hold at least one public	e meeting in
147.26	a location near the proposed large energy infrastructure facility project's location	on to explain
147.27	the permitting process, present major issues, accept public comments on the sc	cope of the
147.28	environmental impact statement prepared under section 216I.06 or the addendu	um prepared
147.29	under section 216I.07, and respond to questions raised by the public.	
147.30	(b) At the public meeting and in written comments accepted for at least ten day	ys following
147.31	the date of the public meeting, the commission must accept comments on (1) p	
147.32	impacts and alternative sites or routes to be considered in the environmental impa	
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148.1	prepared under s	ection 216I.06 or	the addendum	n prepared under sect	ion 216I.07, and (2)
148.2	permit condition			• •	
148.3	Subd 10 Dr	- oft normit: oddi	tional consider	rations. Upon close o	f the public comment
148.4				ion 9, the commission	•
140.4		-	-		
148.5	<u> </u>		•	e large energy infrasti	E
148.6			-		describe the proposed
148.7	• •	• •		. A draft site permit d	
148.8	-			facility. The commis	
148.9	draft site permit	in any respect be	fore final issua	nce or may deny the	permit; and
148.10	(2) identify the	ne scope of the er	nvironmental in	mpact statement prep	ared under section
148.11	216I.06 or the ac	Idendum prepare	d under section	n 216I.07. A member	of the commission is
148.12	prohibited from	giving direction t	o commission	environmental review	staff on the scope of
148.13	an environmental	l assessment, envi	ironmental add	endum, or environme	ntal impact statement,
148.14	except in a publi	cly noticed meeti	ing or through	a publicly available c	commission notice or
148.15	order.				
148.16	Subd. 11. De	signating sites a	nd routes; con	siderations. (a) The c	commission's site and
148.17	route permit dete	erminations must	(1) be guided	by the state's goals to	conserve resources;
148.18	(2) minimize env	vironmental impa	cts, and minim	nize human settlemen	t and other land use
148.19	conflicts; (3) cor	sider impacts to	environmental	justice areas, as defin	ned in section
148.20	216B.1691, subd	ivision 1, paragra	ph (e), includir	ng cumulative impacts	s, as defined in section
148.21	116.065, to envir	conmental justice	areas; and (4)	ensure the state's ene	rgy security through
148.22	efficient, cost-eff	fective energy su	pply and infras	structure.	
148.23	(b) When det	ermining whethe	r to issue a site	e permit for a large er	ergy infrastructure
148.24	facility, the com	mission must incl	lude but is not	limited to:	
148.25	(1) evaluating	g research and in	vestigations re	lating to: (i) large ene	rgy infrastructure
148.26					ater and air discharges
148.27				arge energy infrastru	
148.28					etic values, including
148.29					methods to minimize
148.30		•	-	other matters pertain	
148.31	infrastructure fac	cilities' effects on	the water and	air environment;	
148.32	(?) conduction	a environmental	evaluation of a	ites and routes that a	e proposed for future
148.32	<u> </u>	0		p of proposed sites ar	
148.33	*	• • •		, water, air, and huma	
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149.1	(3) evaluat	ing the effects of m	easures design	ed to minimize adverse	environmental
149.2	effects;				
149.3	(4) evaluat	ting the potential for	r beneficial use	s of waste energy from	proposed large
149.4	electric power	generating plants;			
149.5	(5) analyzi	ng the direct and in	direct economi	c impact of proposed sit	tes and routes,
149.6	including but	not limited to produ	ctive agricultur	ral land lost or impaired	·
149.7	(6) evaluat	ing adverse direct a	and indirect env	vironmental effects that a	are unavoidable
149.8	should the pro	posed site and route	e be accepted;		
149.9	(7) evaluat	ing alternatives to t	he applicant's p	proposed site or route, if	applicable;
149.10	(8) when a	ppropriate, evaluati	ng potential ro	utes that would use or pa	arallel existing
149.11	railroad and h	ighway rights-of-wa	ay;		
149.12	(9) evaluat	ing governmental s	urvey lines and	other natural division li	nes of agricultural
149.13	land to minim	ize interference wit	h agricultural o	perations;	
149.14	<u>(10)</u> evalua	ating the future need	ds for large ene	rgy infrastructure facilit	ies in the same
149.15	general area a	s any proposed site	or route;		
149.16	<u>(11)</u> evalua	ating irreversible an	d irretrievable	commitments of resourc	es if the proposed
149.17	site or route is	approved;			
149.18	(12) when	appropriate, conside	ering the potenti	al impacts raised by othe	er state and federal
149.19	agencies and l	ocal entities;			
149.20	<u>(13)</u> evalua	ating the benefits of	the proposed fa	cility with respect to (i)	the protection and
149.21	enhancement	of environmental qu	ality, and (ii) t	he reliability of state and	1 regional energy
149.22	supplies;				
149.23	<u>(14) evalu</u>	ating the proposed f	acility's impact	on socioeconomic facto	ors; and
149.24	<u>(15) evalua</u>	ating the proposed fa	acility's employ	ment and economic imp	eacts in the facility
149.25	site's vicinity	and throughout Min	nesota, includii	ng the quantity, quality,	and compensation
149.26	level of constr	ruction and permane	ent jobs. The co	ommission must conside	r a facility's local
149.27	employment a	nd economic impac	ets, and may rej	ect or place conditions of	on a site or route
149.28	permit based of	on the local employ	ment and econo	omic impacts.	
149.29	<u>(c)</u> If the c	ommission's rules a	re substantially	similar to existing fede	ral agency
149.30	regulations the	e utility is subject to	, the commissi	on must apply the feder	al regulations.

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150.1	(d) The commission is prohibited from designating a site or route that violates state
150.2	agency rules.
150.3	(e) When applicable, the commission must make a specific finding that the commission
150.4	considered locating a route for a high-voltage transmission line on an existing high-voltage
150.5	transmission route and using parallel existing highway right-of-way. To the extent an existing
150.6	high-voltage transmission route or parallel existing right-of-way is not used for the route,
150.7	the commission must state the reasons.
150.8	Subd. 12. Final decision. (a) The commission must issue a site or route permit that is
150.9	demonstrated to be in the public interest pursuant to this chapter. The commission may
150.10	require any reasonable conditions in the site or route permit that are necessary to protect
150.11	the public interest. The commission maintains continuing jurisdiction over the route and
150.12	site permits and any conditions contained in the route and site permits.
150.13	(b) The commission is prohibited from issuing a site permit in violation of the site
150.14	selection standards and criteria established under this section and in rules the commission
150.15	adopts. When the commission designates a site, the commission must issue a site permit to
150.16	the applicant with any appropriate conditions. The commission must publish a notice of the
150.17	commission's decision in the Environmental Quality Board Monitor within 30 days of the
150.18	date the commission issues the site permit.
150.19	(c) The commission is prohibited from issuing a route permit in violation of the route
150.20	selection standards and criteria established under this section and in rules the commission
150.21	adopts. When the commission designates a route, the commission must issue a permit for
150.22	the construction of a high-voltage transmission line that specifies the design, routing,
150.23	right-of-way preparation, and facility construction the commission deems necessary,
150.24	including any other appropriate conditions. The commission may order the construction of
150.25	high-voltage transmission line facilities that are capable of expanding transmission capacity
150.26	through multiple circuiting or design modifications. The commission must publish a notice
150.27	of the commission's decision in the Environmental Quality Board Monitor within 30 days
150.28	of the date the commission issues the route permit.
150.29	(d) The commission must require as a condition of permit issuance, including the issuance
150.30	of a modified permit for a repowering project, as defined in section 216B.243, subdivision
150.31	8, paragraph (b), that the recipient of a site or route permit to construct an energy
150.32	infrastructure facility, including all of the permit recipient's construction contractors and

150.33 subcontractors on the project: (1) must pay no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined

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151.1	in section 177.42; and (2) is subject to the requirements and enforcement provisions under
151.2	sections 177.27, 177.30, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.435, and 177.45.

(e) Immediately following the commission's vote granting an applicant a site or route

151.4 permit, and prior to issuance of a written commission order embodying the decision, the

151.5 applicant may submit to commission staff for review preconstruction compliance filings

151.6 specifying details of the applicant's proposed site or route operations.

151.7 Subd. 13. Commission; technical expertise and other assistance. (a) The commission

151.8 <u>must consult with other state agencies and obtain technical expertise and other assistance</u>

- 151.9 for activities and proceedings under this chapter.
- 151.10 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of section 216B.33, employees of the commission
- 151.11 may take any action related to the requirements of this chapter immediately following a

151.12 hearing and vote by the commission, prior to issuing a written order, finding, authorization,

151.13 or certification.

151.14 Sec. 6. [216I.06] APPLICATIONS; MAJOR REVIEW.

151.15 Subdivision 1. Environmental review. (a) The commission must prepare an

151.16 environmental impact statement on each proposed large energy infrastructure facility for

151.17 which a complete application has been submitted. An environmental impact statement means

151.18 a detailed written statement that describes a large energy infrastructure facility and satisfies

151.19 the requirements of section 116D.04. For the purposes of environmental review, the

151.20 commission is prohibited from considering whether or not the project is needed. No other

151.21 state environmental review documents are required. The commission must study and evaluate

- 151.22 any site or route identified by the commission under section 216I.05, subdivision 10, clause
- 151.23 <u>(2).</u>

(b) For a cogeneration facility, as defined in section 216H.01, subdivision 1a, that is a large electric power generating plant and is not proposed by a utility, the commission must make a finding in the environmental impact statement whether the project is likely to result in a net reduction of carbon dioxide emissions, considering both the utility providing electric service to the proposed cogeneration facility and any reduction in carbon dioxide emissions resulting from increased efficiency from thermal energy production on the part of the customer that operates or owns the proposed cogeneration facility.

151.31 (c) The commission must publish a draft environmental impact statement and a scoping

151.32 document for the environmental impact statement under section 216I.05, subdivision 10.

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152.1	The public may provide comments on the draft environmental impact statement at the public
152.2	hearing and comment period under subdivision 2.
152.3	(d) The commission must publish a final environmental impact statement responding to
152.4	the timely substantive comments on the draft environmental impact statement consistent
152.5	with the scope approved by the commission under section 216I.05, subdivision 10, clause
152.6	(2). The final environmental impact statement must discuss at appropriate points in the final
152.7	environmental impact statement any reasonable opposing views relating to scoping issues
152.8	that were not adequately discussed in the draft environmental impact statement and must
152.9	indicate a response to the reasonable opposing views. When making the commission's final
152.10	decision, the commission must consider the final environmental impact statement and the
152.11	entirety of the record related to human and environmental impacts.
152.12	(e) The commission must determine the adequacy of the final environmental impact
152.13	statement. The commission must not decide the adequacy for at least ten days after the
152.14	availability of the final environmental impact statement is announced in the EQB Monitor.
152.15	The final environmental impact statement is adequate if the final environmental impact
152.16	statement:
152.17	(1) addresses the issues and alternatives raised in scoping;
152.18	(2) provides responses to the timely substantive comments received during the draft
152.19	environmental impact statement review process; and
152.20	(3) was prepared in compliance with the procedures in sections 216I.05 and 216I.06.
152.21	If the commission finds that the environmental impact statement is not adequate, the
152.22	commission must direct staff to respond to the deficiencies and resubmit the revised
152.23	environmental impact statement to the commission as soon as possible.
152.24	Subd. 2. Public hearing. (a) No sooner than 15 days after the date the draft environmental
152.25	impact statement is published, the commission must hold a public hearing on an application
152.26	for a large energy infrastructure facility site or route permit. A hearing held to designate a
152.27	site or route must be conducted by an administrative law judge from the Office of
152.28	Administrative Hearings.
152.29	(b) The commission may designate a portion of the hearing to be conducted as a contested
152.30	case proceeding under chapter 14.
152.31	(c) The commission must provide notice of the hearing at least ten days before but no
152.32	earlier than 45 days before the date the hearing commences. The commission must provide
152.33	notice by (1) publishing in a legal newspaper of general circulation in the county in which

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153.1	the public	hearing is	to be held,	(2)) mailing	to chief	fexecutive	s of th	e regional	develo	pment

153.2 commissions, counties, organized towns, townships, and incorporated municipalities in

- which a site or route is proposed, and (3) Tribal governments as defined by section 10.65,
 subdivision 2.
- 153.5 (d) Any person may appear at the hearings and offer testimony and exhibits without the
- 153.6 necessity of intervening as a formal party to the proceedings. The administrative law judge
- 153.7 may allow any person to ask questions of other witnesses.
- 153.8 (e) The administrative law judge must hold a portion of the hearing in the area where
- 153.9 the large energy infrastructure facility's location is proposed.
- 153.10 (f) The commission and administrative law judge must accept written comments for at
- 153.11 least 20 days after the public hearing's date.
- 153.12 Subd. 3. Administrative law judge report. The administrative law judge must issue a
- 153.13 report and recommendations after completion of post-hearing briefing or the date the public
- 153.14 comment period under subdivision 2 closes, whichever is later.
- 153.15 Subd. 4. Timing. The commission must make a final decision on an application within
- 153.16 <u>60 days of the date the administrative law judge's report is received. A final decision on the</u>
- 153.17 site or route permit request must be made within one year of the date the commission
- 153.18 determines an application is complete. The commission may extend the time limit under
- 153.19 this subdivision for up to three months for just cause or upon agreement with the applicant.

153.20 Sec. 7. [216I.07] APPLICATIONS; STANDARD REVIEW.

- 153.21 Subdivision 1. Standard review. An applicant who seeks a site or route permit for which
- 153.22 the applicant's proposal is one of the projects identified in this section may follow the
- 153.23 procedures under this section in lieu of the procedures under section 216I.06. The applicant
- 153.24 <u>must notify the commission at the time the application is submitted which procedure the</u>
- 153.25 applicant has elected to follow.
- 153.26 Subd. 2. Applicable projects. The requirements and procedures under this section apply
 153.27 to projects for which the applicant's proposal is:
- 153.28 (1) large electric power generating plants with a capacity of less than 80 megawatts;
- 153.29 (2) large electric power generating plants that are fueled by natural gas;
- 153.30 (3) high-voltage transmission lines with a capacity between 100 and 300 kilovolts;
- 153.31 (4) high-voltage transmission lines with a capacity in excess of 300 kilovolts and less
- 153.32 than 30 miles in length in Minnesota;

- 154.1 (5) high-voltage transmission lines with a capacity in excess of 300 kilovolts, if at least
- 154.2 80 percent of the distance of the line in Minnesota, as proposed by the applicant, is located
- 154.3 along existing high-voltage transmission line right-of-way;
- 154.4 (6) solar energy systems;
- 154.5 (7) energy storage systems; and
- 154.6 (8) large wind energy conversion systems.
- 154.7 Subd. 3. Environmental review. (a) For the projects identified in subdivision 2 and
- 154.8 following the procedures under this section, the applicant must prepare and submit an
- 154.9 <u>environmental assessment with the application. A draft of the environmental assessment</u>
- 154.10 must also be provided to commission staff as part of the preapplication review under section
- 154.11 216I.05, subdivision 6. The environmental assessment must (1) contain information regarding
- 154.12 the proposed project's human and environmental impacts, and (2) address mitigating measures
- 154.13 for identified impacts. The environmental assessment is the only state environmental review
- 154.14 document that must be prepared for the proposed project.
- 154.15 (b) If after the public meeting the commission identifies other sites or routes or potential
- 154.16 impacts for review, the commission must prepare an addendum to the environmental
- 154.17 assessment that evaluates (1) the human and environmental impacts of the alternative site
- 154.18 or route, and (2) any additional mitigating measures related to the identified impacts
- 154.19 consistent with the scoping decision made pursuant to section 216I.06, subdivision 10,
- 154.20 clause (2). The public may provide comments on the environmental assessment and any
- 154.21 addendum to the environmental assessment at the public hearing and comment period under
- 154.22 subdivision 4. When making the commission's final decision, the commission must consider
- 154.23 the environmental assessment, the environmental assessment addendum, if any, and the
- 154.24 entirety of the record related to human and environmental impacts.
- 154.25 <u>Subd. 4.</u> **Public hearing.** (a) After the commission issues any environmental assessment 154.26 <u>addendum and a draft permit under section 216I.05</u>, subdivision 10, the commission must
- 154.27 hold a public hearing in the area where the facility's location is proposed.
- 154.28 (b) The commission must provide notice of the public hearing in the same manner as
- 154.29 required under section 216I.06, subdivision 2.
- 154.30 (c) The commission must conduct the public hearing under procedures established by
- 154.31 the commission and may request that an administrative law judge from the Office of
- 154.32 Administrative Hearings conduct the hearing and prepare a report.

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(d) The applicant must be present at the hearing to present evidence and to answer
questions. The commission must provide opportunity at the public hearing for any person
to present comments and to ask questions of the applicant and commission staff. The
commission must also provide interested persons an opportunity to submit written comments
into the record after the public hearing.
Subd. 5. Timing. (a) The commission must make a final decision on an application
within 60 days of the date the public comment period following completion of the public
hearing closes, or the date the report is filed, whichever is later. A final decision on the
request for a site or route permit under this section must be made within six months of the
date the commission determines the application is complete. The commission may extend
the time limit under this subdivision for up to three months for just cause or upon agreement
with the applicant.
(b) Immediately following the commission's vote granting an applicant a site or route
permit, and prior to issuance of a written commission order embodying the decision, the
applicant may submit to commission staff for review preconstruction compliance filings
specifying details of the applicant's proposed site or route operations.
Sec. 8. [216I.08] APPLICATIONS; LOCAL REVIEW.
Subdivision 1. Local review authorized. (a) Notwithstanding sections 216I.06 and

216I.07, an applicant who seeks a site or route permit for one of the projects identified in
subdivision 2 may apply to the local units of government that have jurisdiction over the site
or route for approval to build the project. If local approval is granted, a site or route permit
is not required from the commission. If the applicant files an application with the commission,
the applicant waives the applicant's right to seek local approval for the project.

(b) A local unit of government with jurisdiction over a project identified in this section 155.24 155.25 to whom an applicant has applied for approval to build the project may request that the commission assume jurisdiction and make a decision on a site or route permit pursuant to 155.26 the applicable provisions under this chapter. A local unit of government must file the request 155.27 with the commission within 60 days of the date an applicant files an application for the 155.28 project with any one local unit of government. If one of the local units of government with 155.29 155.30 jurisdiction over the project requests that the commission assume jurisdiction, jurisdiction over the project transfers to the commission. If the local units of government maintain 155.31 jurisdiction over the project, the commission must select the appropriate local unit of 155.32 government to be the responsible governmental unit to conduct the project's environmental 155.33

155.34 <u>review.</u>

156.1	Subd. 2. Applicable projects. An applicant may seek approval under this section from
156.2	a local unit of government to construct:
156.3	(1) large electric power generating plants and solar energy generating systems with a
156.4	capacity of less than 80 megawatts;
156.5	(2) large electric power generating plants of any size that burn natural gas and are intended
156.6	to be a peaking plant;
156.7	(3) high-voltage transmission lines with a capacity between 100 and 200 kilovolts;
156.8	(4) substations with a voltage designed for and capable of operation at a nominal voltage
156.9	of 100 kilovolts or more;
156.10	(5) a high-voltage transmission line service extension to a single customer between 200
156.11	and 300 kilovolts and less than ten miles in length;
156.12	(6) a high-voltage transmission line rerouting to serve the demand of a single customer,
156.13	if at least 80 percent of the rerouted line is located on property owned or controlled by the
156.14	customer or the owner of the transmission line;
156.15	(7) energy storage systems; and
156.16	(8) large wind energy conversion systems with a capacity less than 25 megawatts.
156.17	Subd. 3. Notice of application. An applicant must notify the commission that the
156.18	applicant has elected to seek local approval of the proposed project within ten days of the
156.19	date the applicant submits an application to a local unit of government to approve an eligible
156.20	project.
156.21	Subd. 4. Environmental review. (a) A local unit of government that maintains
156.22	jurisdiction over a qualifying project must prepare or request that the applicant prepare an
156.23	environmental assessment on the project. The local unit of government must afford the
156.24	public an opportunity to participate in developing the scope of the environmental assessment
156.25	before the environmental assessment is prepared.
156.26	(b) Upon completing the environmental assessment, the local unit of government must
156.27	publish notice in the EQB Monitor that indicates (1) the environmental assessment is
156.28	available for review, (2) how a copy of the document may be reviewed, (3) that the public
156.29	may comment on the document, and (4) the procedure for submitting comments to the local
156.30	unit of government. Upon completion of the environmental assessment, the local unit of
156.31	government must provide a copy of the environmental assessment to the commission.

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157.1 (c) The local unit of government is prohibited from making a final decision on the permit until at least ten days after the date the notice appears in the EQB Monitor. If more than 157.2 157.3 one local unit of government has jurisdiction over a project and the local units of government cannot agree which local unit of government prepares the environmental assessment, any 157.4 local unit of government or the applicant may request that the commission select the 157.5 appropriate local unit of government to be the responsible governmental unit to conduct an 157.6 environmental review of the project. 157.7 Sec. 9. [216I.09] PERMIT AMENDMENTS. 157.8 Subdivision 1. Applicability. This section applies to a request by the owner of the large 157.9 energy infrastructure facility to modify any provision or condition of a site or route permit 157.10 issued by the commission, including the following: 157.11 (1) upgrades or rebuilds an existing electric line and associated facilities to a voltage 157.12 capable of operating between 100 kilovolts and 300 kilovolts that does not result in significant 157.13 changes in the human and environmental impact of the facility; or 157.14 157.15 (2) repowers or refurbishes a large electric power generating plant, a large wind energy 157.16 conversion system, a solar energy generating system, or an energy storage system that increases the efficiency of the system, provided the project does not increase the developed 157.17 area within the permitted site or increase the nameplate capacity of the facility's most recent 157.18 interconnection agreement. For a large electric power generating plant, an increase in 157.19 efficiency is a reduction in the amount of British thermal units required to produce a kilowatt 157.20 hour of electricity at the facility. 157.21 Subd. 2. Application. A person that seeks authorization to amend a large energy 157.22 infrastructure facility must apply to the commission. The application must be in writing and 157.23 must (1) describe the alteration to be made or the amendment sought, and (2) explain why 157.24 157.25 the request meets the eligibility criteria under subdivision 1. The application must describe any changes to the environmental impacts evaluated by the commission as part of the initial 157.26 permit approval. If there are significant changes to the environmental impacts evaluated by 157.27 the commission as part of the initial permit approval, environmental review must be 157.28 conducted pursuant to the applicable requirements of Minnesota Rules, chapter 4410 and 157.29 157.30 parts 7849.1000 to 7849.2100. Subd. 3. Notice. The commission must mail notice that the application was received to 157.31

157.32 the persons on the general list and to the persons on the project contact list, if a project list
157.33 exists.

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158.1	Subd. 4. Public comment. The commission must provide at least a ten-day period for
158.2	interested persons to submit comments on the application or to request that the matter be
158.3	brought to the commission for consideration. The applicant may respond to submitted
158.4	comments within seven days of the date the comment period closes.
158.5	Subd. 5. Timing. Within 30 days of the date the applicant responds to submitted
158.6	comments under subdivision 4, the commission must decide whether to authorize the permit
158.7	amendment, bring the matter to the commission for consideration, or determine that the
158.8	application requires a permitting decision under another section in this chapter.
158.9	Subd. 6. Decision. The commission may authorize an amendment but impose reasonable
158.10	conditions on the approval. The commission must notify the applicant in writing of the
158.11	commission's decision and send a copy of the decision to any person who requested
158.12	notification or filed comments on the application.
158.13	Subd. 7. Local review. For a large electric power generating plant or high-voltage
158.14	transmission line that was not issued a permit by the commission, the owner or operator of
158.15	the nonpermitted facility may seek approval of a project listed under subdivision 1 from
158.16	the local unit of government if the facility qualifies for standard review under section 216I.07
158.17	or local review under section 216I.08.
158.18	Sec. 10. [216I.10] EXEMPT PROJECTS.
130.10	Sec. 10. [2101.10] EXEMIT TROJECTS.
158.19	Subdivision 1. Permit not required. A permit issued by the commission is not required
158.20	to construct:
158.21	(1) a small wind energy conversion system;
158.22	(2) a power plant or solar energy generating system with a capacity of less than 50
158.23	megawatts;
158.24	(3) an energy storage system with a capacity of less than ten megawatts;
158.25	(4) a transmission line that (i) has a capacity of 100 kilovolts or more, and (ii) is less
158.26	than 1,500 feet in length; and
158.27	(5) a transmission line that has a capacity of less than 100 kilovolts.
158.28	Subd. 2. Other approval. A person that proposes a facility listed in subdivision 1 must
158.29	(1) obtain any approval required by local, state, or federal units of government with
158.30	jurisdiction over the project, and (2) comply with the environmental review requirements

158.31 under chapter 116D and Minnesota Rules, chapter 4410.

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159.1	Sec. 11. [216I.1	1] PERMITTING	REQUIRE	MENTS; EXCEPTIO	NS FOR CERTAIN			
159.2	FACILITIES.							
159.3	Subdivision 1. Permit not required. The following projects do not constitute the							
159.4	construction of a large energy infrastructure facility and may be constructed without a permit							
159.5	issued by the con	nmission:						
159.6	<u>(1) maintaini</u>	ng or repairing an e	existing large	e energy infrastructure	facility within an			
159.7	existing site or r	ght-of-way;						
159.8	(2) adding eq	uipment at an exist	ing substatio	on that does not (i) req	uire more than a			
159.9	one-acre expansi	on of the land need	ed for the su	bstation, and (ii) invol	ve an increase in the			
159.10	voltage or chang	es in the location of	f existing tra	nsmission lines, excep	ot that up to the first			
159.11	five transmission	n line structures out	side the sub	station may be moved	to accommodate the			
159.12	equipment additi	ons, provided the s	tructures are	e not moved more than	500 feet from the			
159.13	existing right-of-	·way;						
159.14	(3) reconduct	oring or reconstruct	ting a high-v	oltage transmission lin	e that does not result			
159.15	in a change to voltage or a change in right-of-way;							
159.16	(4) relocating a high-voltage transmission line that is required by a local or state agency							
159.17	as part of road, street, or highway construction;							
159.18	(5) convertin	g the fuel source of	a large elec	tric power generating	plant to natural gas,			
159.19	provided the plan	nt is not expanded b	beyond the d	leveloped portion of th	ne plant site; and			
159.20	(6) starting u	p an existing large e	electric powe	er generating plant that	t has been closed for			
159.21	any period of tin	ne at no more than t	the large elec	ctric power generating	plant's previous			
159.22	capacity rating a	nd in a manner that	does not in	volve changing the fue	el or expanding the			
159.23	developed portion	on of the plant site.						
159.24	Subd. 2. Am	e ndment. If a modi	ification or c	other change to an exis	ting large energy			
159.25	infrastructure fac	ility does not qualif	y for an exce	ption under subdivisio	n 1, the modification			
159.26	or change may q	ualify as an amendi	ment under s	section 216I.09.				
159.27	Subd. 3. Not	i ce. A person that p	roposes to in	mplement changes to a	a large energy			
159.28	infrastructure fac	vility under subdivis	sion 1, claus	tes (2) to (5) , must not	ify the commission			
159.29	in writing at leas	t 30 days before co	mmencing c	construction of the mod	dification or change.			
159.30	Sec 17 [716]	13] PERMIT TRA	NSFFP					
				1. 1				
159.31				ding a large energy in				
159.32	site or route perr	nit may request that	t the commis	ssion transfer the perm	uttee's permit. The			

permittee must provide the name of the existing permittee, the name and description of the 160.1 entity to which the permit is to be transferred, the reasons for the transfer, a description of

160.3 the facilities affected, and the proposed effective date of the transfer. The person to whom

the permit is to be transferred must provide the commission with information the commission 160.4

160.5 requires to determine whether the new permittee is able to comply with the permit's

conditions. The commission must mail notice of receipt of the application to the persons 160.6

on the general list at least seven days in advance of the date the commission considers the 160.7

160.8 matter. The commission must provide the same notice to persons on the project contact list

160.9 if a project contact list exists.

160.2

160.10 Subd. 2. Approval of transfer. The commission must approve the transfer if the

commission determines that the new permittee complies with the conditions of the permit. 160.11

160.12 The commission, in approving the transfer of a permit, may impose reasonable additional

conditions in the permit as part of the approval. The commission may decide to hold a public 160.13

meeting to provide the public with an opportunity to comment on the request for the transfer 160.14

prior to making a decision. 160.15

Sec. 13. [216I.14] PERMIT REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION. 160.16

160.17 Subdivision 1. Initiation of action to revoke or suspend. The commission may initiate

action to consider revoking or suspending a permit on the commission's own motion or 160.18

upon the request of any person who has made a prima facie showing by affidavit and 160.19

documentation that a violation of this act or the permit has occurred. 160.20

160.21 Subd. 2. Hearing. If the commission initiates action to consider revoking or suspending

a permit, the commission must provide the permittee with an opportunity for a contested 160.22

160.23 case hearing conducted by an administrative law judge from the Office of Administrative Hearings. 160.24

160.25 Subd. 3. Finding of violation. If the commission finds that a violation of this act or the permit has occurred, the commission may revoke or suspend the permit, require the permittee 160.26

to undertake corrective or ameliorative measures as a condition to avoid revocation or 160.27

suspension, or require corrective measures and suspend the permit. When determining the 160.28

appropriate sanction, the commission must consider whether: 160.29

160.30 (1) the violation results in any significant additional adverse environmental effects;

(2) the results of the violation can be corrected or ameliorated; and 160.31

160.32 (3) suspending or revoking a permit impairs the permittee's electrical power system

reliability. 160.33

	SF4942 RI	EVISOR	RSI	S4942-4	4th Engrossment	
161.1	Sec. 14. <u>REVISO</u>	R INSTRUCTION	<u>N.</u>			
161.2	The revisor shall	renumber each see	ction of Min	nesota Statutes in Colur	nn A with the	
161.3	number in Column E	<u>3.</u>				
161.4	Colum	nn A		Column B		
161.5	216E.0			216I.12		
161.6	216E.	07		216I.15		
161.7	216E.	08, subdivision 2		216I.16, subdivision 1	<u>.</u>	
161.8	<u>216E.</u>	08, subdivision 3		216I.16, subdivision 2	 /	
161.9	<u>216E.</u>	09		216I.17		
161.10	<u>216E.</u>	10		<u>216I.18</u>		
161.11	<u>216F.0</u>)84		<u>216I.19</u>		
161.12	<u>216E.</u>	11		<u>216I.20</u>		
161.13	<u>216E.</u>	12		<u>216I.21</u>		
161.14	<u>216E.</u>	03, subdivision 8		<u>216I.22</u>		
161.15	<u>216E.</u>	13		<u>216I.23</u>		
161.16	<u>216E.</u>	14		<u>216I.24</u>		
161.17	<u>216E.</u>	15		<u>216I.25</u>		
161.18	<u>216E.</u>	16		<u>216I.26</u>		
161.19	<u>216E.</u>	17		<u>216I.27</u>		
161.20	<u>216E.</u>	18, subdivision 2a		216I.28, subdivision 1	-	
161.21	<u>216E.</u>	18, subdivision 3		216I.28, subdivision 2	· -	
161.22	Sec. 15. <u>REPEAL</u>	ER.				
161.23	Subdivision 1. M	linnesota Statutes	s, chapter 21	6E, repeals. (a) Minne	sota Statutes	
161.24	2022, sections 216E.	.001; 216E.01, sub	odivisions 1, 2	2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, and 1	0; 216E.02;	
161.25	216E.021; 216E.03,	subdivisions 2, 3a	, 3b, 4, and 9	; 216E.04, subdivision	s 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 <u>,</u>	
161.26	8, and 9; 216E.05, su	ubdivisions 1 and 3	3; 216E.08, s	ubdivisions 1 and 4; an	d 216E.18,	
161.27						
161.28	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 216E.01, subdivisions 3a, 6, and 9a;					
161.29	216E.03, subdivision	ns 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 10,	and 11; 216	E.04, subdivision 2; and	1216E.05 <u>,</u>	
161.30	subdivision 2, are reg	pealed.				
161.31	Subd. 2. Minnes	ota Statutes, chap	oter 216F, re	peals. (a) Minnesota St	tatutes 2022,	
161.32	sections 216F.01; 21	6F.011; 216F.012;	216F.015; 2	16F.02; 216F.03; 216F.	05; 216F.06;	

- 161.33 <u>216F.07; 216F.08; and 216F.081, are repealed.</u>
- 161.34 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216F.04, is repealed.

	SF4942	REVISOR	RSI	S4942-4	4th Engrossment
162.1	Subd. 3. M	linnesota Rules, ch	apter 7854, rep	eals. Minnesota Rule	es, parts 7854.0100;
162.2	7854.0200; 78	54.0300; 7854.0400); 7854.0500; 78	54.0600; 7854.0700	; 7854.0800;
162.3	7854.0900; 78	54.1000; 7854.1100); 7854.1200; 78	54.1300; 7854.1400;	and 7854.1500, are
162.4	repealed.				
162.5	<u>Subd. 4.</u> M	linnesota Rules, ch	apter 7850, rep	eals. Minnesota Rule	es, parts 7850.1000;
162.6	7850.1100; 78	50.1200; 7850.1300); 7850.1400; 78	50.1500; 7850.1600;	; 7850.1700 <u>;</u>
162.7	7850.1800; 78	50.1900; 7850.2000); 7850.2100; 78	50.2200; 7850.2300	; 7850.2400;
162.8	7850.2500; 78	50.2600; 7850.2700); 7850.2800; 78	50.2900; 7850.3000	; 7850.3100;
162.9	7850.3200; 78	50.3300; 7850.3400); 7850.3500; 78	50.3600; 7850.3700	; 7850.3800;
162.10	7850.3900; 78	50.4100; 7850.4200); 7850.4500; 78	50.4600; 7850.4700	; 7850.4800;
162.11	7850.4900; 78	50.5000; 7850.5100); 7850.5200; 78	50.5300; 7850.5400	; 7850.5500; and
162.12	7850.5600, are	e repealed.			
1(2.12	Sec. 16 EE	RECTIVE DATE			
162.13	Sec. 16. <u>EF</u>	FECTIVE DATE.			
162.14	This article	e is effective July 1,	2025.		
162.15			ARTICLE	8	
162.16		CE	RTIFICATES (DF NEED	
162.17	Section 1. M	innesota Statutes 202	22, section 216B	.2421, subdivision 2,	is amended to read:
162.18	Subd. 2. L	arge energy facility	y. "Large energy	facility" means:	
162.19	(1) any ele	ctric power generati	ing plant or com	bination of plants at	a single site with a
162.20	combined capa	acity of 50,000 kilov	watts or more an	d transmission lines	directly associated
162.21	with the plant	that are necessary to	o interconnect th	e plant to the transm	ission system;
162.22	(2) any hig	h-voltage transmiss	ion line with a c	apacity of 200_300 ki	lovolts or more and
162.23	greater than 1 ,	<u>500 feet one mile</u> in	n length <u>in Minn</u>	esota;	
162.24	(3) any hig	h-voltage transmiss	ion line with a c	apacity of 100 kilovo	olts or more with
162.25	more than ten	miles of its length in	n Minnesota or (hat crosses a state lir	ie ;
162.26	(4) any pip	eline greater than si	x inches in diam	neter and having mor	e than 50 miles of
162.27	its length in M	linnesota used for th	e transportation	of coal, crude petrol	eum or petroleum
162.28	fuels or oil, or	their derivatives;			
162.29	(5) any pip	eline for transportin	ng natural or syn	thetic gas at pressure	s in excess of 200
162.30	pounds per squ	uare inch with more	than 50 miles o	f its length in Minne	sota;

(6) any facility designed for or capable of storing on a single site more than 100,000gallons of liquefied natural gas or synthetic gas;

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163.3 (7) any underground gas storage facility requiring a permit pursuant to section 103I.681;

163.4 (8) any nuclear fuel processing or nuclear waste storage or disposal facility; and

(9) any facility intended to convert any material into any other combustible fuel and
having the capacity to process in excess of 75 tons of the material per hour.

163.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

163.8 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.243, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Showing required for construction. No proposed large energy facility shall be certified for construction unless the applicant can show that demand for electricity cannot be met more cost effectively through energy conservation and load-management measures and unless the applicant has otherwise justified its need. In assessing need, the commission shall evaluate:

163.14 (1) the accuracy of the long-range energy demand forecasts on which the necessity for163.15 the facility is based;

(2) the effect of existing or possible energy conservation programs under sections 216C.05
 to 216C.30 and this section or other federal or state legislation on long-term energy demand;

(3) the relationship of the proposed facility to overall state energy needs, as described
in the most recent state energy policy and conservation report prepared under section
216C.18, or, in the case of a high-voltage transmission line, the relationship of the proposed
line to regional energy needs, as presented in the transmission plan submitted under section

163.22 216B.2425;

163.23 (4) promotional activities that may have given rise to the demand for this facility;

(5) benefits of this facility, including its uses to protect or enhance environmental quality,
 and to increase reliability of energy supply in Minnesota and the region;

(6) possible alternatives for satisfying the energy demand or transmission needs including
but not limited to potential for increased efficiency and upgrading of existing energy

163.28 generation and transmission facilities, load-management programs, and distributed generation,

163.29 except that the commission must not require evaluation of alternative end points for a

163.30 <u>high-voltage transmission line qualifying as a large energy facility unless the alternative</u>

163.31 end points are (i) consistent with end points identified in a federally registered planning

163.32 authority transmission plan, or (ii) otherwise agreed to for further evaluation by the applicant;

164.1 (7) the policies, rules, and regulations of other state and federal agencies and local164.2 governments;

(8) any feasible combination of energy conservation improvements, required under
section 216B.241, that can (i) replace part or all of the energy to be provided by the proposed
facility, and (ii) compete with it economically;

(9) with respect to a high-voltage transmission line, the benefits of enhanced regional
reliability, access, or deliverability to the extent these factors improve the robustness of the
transmission system or lower costs for electric consumers in Minnesota;

(10) whether the applicant or applicants are in compliance with applicable provisions
of sections 216B.1691 and 216B.2425, subdivision 7, and have filed or will file by a date
certain an application for certificate of need under this section or for certification as a priority
electric transmission project under section 216B.2425 for any transmission facilities or
upgrades identified under section 216B.2425, subdivision 7;

164.14 (11) whether the applicant has made the demonstrations required under subdivision 3a;164.15 and

(12) if the applicant is proposing a nonrenewable generating plant, the applicant's
assessment of the risk of environmental costs and regulation on that proposed facility over
the expected useful life of the plant, including a proposed means of allocating costs associated
with that risk.

164.20 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and 164.21 applies to all pending applications.

164.22 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.243, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. Use of renewable resource. The commission may not issue a certificate of 164.23 need under this section for a large energy facility that generates electric power by means 164.24 of a nonrenewable energy source, or that transmits electric power generated by means of a 164.25 nonrenewable energy source, unless the applicant for the certificate has demonstrated to 164.26 the commission's satisfaction that it has explored the possibility of generating power by 164.27 means of renewable energy sources and has demonstrated that the alternative selected is 164.28 less expensive (, including environmental costs), than power generated by a renewable 164.29 energy source. For purposes of this subdivision, "renewable energy source" includes hydro, 164.30 wind, solar, and geothermal energy and the use of trees or other vegetation as fuel. 164.31

164.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

165.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216B.243, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Application for certificate; hearing. Any person proposing to construct a 165.2 large energy facility shall apply for a certificate of need and for a site or route permit under 165.3 chapter 216E 216I prior to construction of the facility. The application shall be on forms 165.4 and in a manner established by the commission. In reviewing each application the commission 165.5 shall hold at least one public hearing pursuant to chapter 14. The public hearing shall be 165.6 165.7 held at a location and hour reasonably calculated to be convenient for the public. An objective 165.8 of the public hearing shall be to obtain public opinion on the necessity of granting a certificate of need and, if a joint hearing is held, a site or route permit. The commission shall designate 165.9 a commission employee whose duty shall be to facilitate citizen participation in the hearing 165.10 process. Unless the commission determines that a joint hearing on siting and need under 165.11 this subdivision and section 216E.03, subdivision 6 chapter 216I, is not feasible or more 165.12 efficient, or otherwise not in the public interest, a joint hearing under those subdivisions 165.13 shall this subdivision and chapter 216I must be held. 165.14

165.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025.

165.16 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216B.243, subdivision 8, is amended165.17 to read:

165.18 Subd. 8. Exemptions. (a) This section does not apply to:

(1) cogeneration or small power production facilities as defined in the Federal Power
Act, United States Code, title 16, section 796, paragraph (17), subparagraph (A), and
paragraph (18), subparagraph (A), and having a combined capacity at a single site of less
than 80,000 kilowatts; plants or facilities for the production of ethanol or fuel alcohol; or
any case where the commission has determined after being advised by the attorney general
that its application has been preempted by federal law;

(2) a high-voltage transmission line proposed primarily to distribute electricity to serve
the demand of a single customer at a single location, unless the applicant opts to request
that the commission determine need under this section or section 216B.2425;

(3) the upgrade to a higher voltage of an existing transmission line that serves the demand
 of a single customer that primarily uses existing rights-of-way, unless the applicant opts to
 request that the commission determine need under this section or section 216B.2425;

(4) a high-voltage transmission line of one mile or less required to connect a new orupgraded substation to an existing, new, or upgraded high-voltage transmission line;

(5) conversion of the fuel source of an existing electric generating plant to using naturalgas;

(6) the modification of an existing electric generating plant to increase efficiency, as
long as the capacity of the plant is not increased more than ten percent or more than 100
megawatts, whichever is greater;

166.6 (7) a large wind energy conversion system, as defined in section 216F.01, subdivision 166.7 $2 \underline{216I.02}$, subdivision 12, or a solar energy generating system, as defined in section 216E.01, 166.8 subdivision 9a $\underline{216I.02}$, subdivision 18, for which a site permit application is submitted by 166.9 an independent power producer under chapter $\underline{216E}$ or $\underline{216F}$ 216I; or

166.10 (8) a large wind energy conversion system, as defined in section 216F.01, subdivision 166.11 $2 \, 216I.02$, subdivision 12, or a solar energy generating system that is a large energy facility, 166.12 as defined in section 216B.2421, subdivision 2 216I.02, subdivision 18, engaging in a 166.13 repowering project that:

(i) will not result in the system exceeding the nameplate capacity under its most recentinterconnection agreement; or

(ii) will result in the system exceeding the nameplate capacity under its most recent
interconnection agreement, provided that the Midcontinent Independent System Operator
has provided a signed generator interconnection agreement that reflects the expected net
power increase-;

166.20 (9) energy storage systems, as defined in section 216I.02, subdivision 7;

(10) transmission lines that directly interconnect large wind energy conversion systems,
 solar energy generating systems, or energy storage systems to the transmission system; or

166.23 (11) relocation of an existing high voltage transmission line to new right-of-way, provided 166.24 that any new structures that are installed are not designed for and capable of operation at

166.25 higher voltage.

166.26 (b) For the purpose of this subdivision, "repowering project" means:

(1) modifying a large wind energy conversion system or a solar energy generating system
that is a large energy facility to increase its efficiency without increasing its nameplate
capacity;

(2) replacing turbines in a large wind energy conversion system without increasing thenameplate capacity of the system; or

166.32 (3) increasing the nameplate capacity of a large wind energy conversion system.

	SF4942	REVISOR	RSI	S4942-4	4th Engrossment			
167.1	EFFECTIV	E DATE. (a) The	amendment to) paragraph (a), clause ((7), is effective July			
167.2	1, 2025.							
167.3	(b) The ame	ndments to paragra	aph (a), clause	es (9), (10), and (11), ar	e effective the day			
167.4	<u> </u>			nce to Minnesota Statut				
167.5	subdivision 7, in	n paragraph (a), cla	ause (9), is eff	ective July 1, 2025. Pri	or to July 1, 2025,			
167.6	the definition of "energy storage system" in Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.01, subdivision							
167.7	3a, applies.							
167.8	Sec. 6. Minnes	sota Statutes 2022	, section 216E	3.243, subdivision 9, is	amended to read:			
167.9	Subd. 9. Ren	ewable energy sta	undard <u>and ca</u>	arbon-free energy stand	lard facilities. This			
167.10	section does not	apply to a wind e	nergy convers	ion system or a solar el	ectric generation			
167.11	facility that is int	tended to be used t	o meet the obl	igations of section 216E	3.1691 <u>, subdivision</u>			
167.12	<u>2a or 2g;</u> provid	ed that, after notic	e and comme	nt, the commission dete	rmines that the			
167.13	facility is a reasonable and prudent approach to meeting a utility's obligations under that							
167.14	section. When making this determination, the commission must consider:							
167.15	(1) the size of the facility relative to a utility's total need for renewable resources;							
167.16	(2) alternative approaches for supplying the renewable energy to be supplied by the							
167.17	proposed facility;							
167.18	(3) the facilit	ty's ability to prom	note economic	development, as requir	red under section			
167.19	216B.1691, subo	division 9;						
167.20	(4) the facilit	ty's ability to main	tain electric s	ystem reliability;				
167.21	(5) impacts of	on ratepayers; and						
167.22	(6) other crit	eria as the commi	ssion may det	ermine are relevant.				
167.23	EFFECTIV	E DATE. This see	ction is effecti	ve the day following fir	nal enactment.			
167.24	Sec. 7. Minnes	sota Statutes 2022	, section 216B	3.246, subdivision 3, is	amended to read:			
167.25	Subd. 3. Cor	nmission procedu	ire. (a) If an e	lectric transmission line	has been approved			
167.26	for construction	in a federally regis	tered planning	authority transmission	plan, the incumbent			
167.27	electric transmission owner, or owners if there is more than one owner, shall give notice to							
167.28	the commission,	in writing, within	. 90<u>_60</u> days of	approval, regarding its	intent to construct,			
167.29	own, and mainta	in the electric trans	smission line.	If an incumbent electric	transmission owner			
167.30	gives notice of i	ntent to build the	electric transn	nission line then, unless	exempt from the			
1(7.01	·····		within 10 10	a antha from the data of	1			

168.1

in this paragraph or such longer time approved by the commission, the incumbent electric

transmission owner shall file an application for a certificate of need under section 216B.243 168.2 or certification under section 216B.2425. 168.3 (b) If the incumbent electric transmission owner indicates that it does not intend to build 168.4 168.5 the transmission line, such notice shall fully explain the basis for that decision. If the incumbent electric transmission owner, or owners, gives notice of intent not to build the 168.6 electric transmission line, then the commission may determine whether the incumbent 168.7 168.8 electric transmission owner or other entity will build the electric transmission line, taking into consideration issues such as cost, efficiency, reliability, and other factors identified in 168.9 this chapter. 168.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and 168.11 applies to any electric transmission line that has been approved for construction in a federally 168.12 registered planning authority transmission plan on or after that date. 168.13 **ARTICLE 9** 168.14 168.15 **CONFORMING CHANGES** Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 10.65, subdivision 2, is amended 168.16 to read: 168.17 Subd. 2. Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings 168.18 given: 168.19 (1) "agency" means the Department of Administration; Department of Agriculture; 168.20 Department of Children, Youth, and Families; Department of Commerce; Department of 168.21 Corrections; Department of Education; Department of Employment and Economic 168.22 Development; Department of Health; Office of Higher Education; Housing Finance Agency; 168.23 Department of Human Rights; Department of Human Services; Department of Information 168.24 Technology Services; Department of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation; Department 168.25 168.26 of Labor and Industry; Minnesota Management and Budget; Bureau of Mediation Services; Department of Military Affairs; Metropolitan Council; Department of Natural Resources; 168.27 Pollution Control Agency; Department of Public Safety; Department of Revenue; Department 168.28 of Transportation; Department of Veterans Affairs; Gambling Control Board; Racing 168.29 Commission; the Minnesota Lottery; the Animal Health Board; the Public Utilities 168.30 Commission; and the Board of Water and Soil Resources; 168.31

(2) "consultation" means the direct and interactive involvement of the Minnesota Tribalgovernments in the development of policy on matters that have Tribal implications.

Consultation is the proactive, affirmative process of identifying and seeking input from 169.1 appropriate Tribal governments and considering their interest as a necessary and integral 169.2 part of the decision-making process. This definition adds to statutorily mandated notification 169.3 procedures. During a consultation, the burden is on the agency to show that it has made a 169.4 good faith effort to elicit feedback. Consultation is a formal engagement between agency 169.5 officials and the governing body or bodies of an individual Minnesota Tribal government 169.6 that the agency or an individual Tribal government may initiate. Formal meetings or 169.7 169.8 communication between top agency officials and the governing body of a Minnesota Tribal government is a necessary element of consultation; 169.9

(3) "matters that have Tribal implications" means rules, legislative proposals, policy
statements, or other actions that have substantial direct effects on one or more Minnesota
Tribal governments, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the state
and Minnesota Tribal governments;

(4) "Minnesota Tribal governments" means the federally recognized Indian Tribes located
in Minnesota including: Bois Forte Band; Fond Du Lac Band; Grand Portage Band; Leech
Lake Band; Mille Lacs Band; White Earth Band; Red Lake Nation; Lower Sioux Indian
Community; Prairie Island Indian Community; Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community;
and Upper Sioux Community; and

(5) "timely and meaningful" means done or occurring at a favorable or useful time that
allows the result of consultation to be included in the agency's decision-making process for
a matter that has Tribal implications.

169.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024.

169.23 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116C.83, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Environmental review and protection. (a) The siting, construction, and operation of an independent spent-fuel storage installation located on the site of a Minnesota generation facility for dry cask storage of spent nuclear fuel generated solely by that facility is subject to all environmental review and protection provisions of this chapter and chapters 115, 115B, 116, 116B, 116D, and 216B, and rules associated with those chapters, except those statutes and rules that apply specifically to a radioactive waste management facility as defined in section 116C.71, subdivision 7.

(b) An environmental impact statement is required under chapter 116D for a proposal
 to construct and operate a new or expanded independent spent-fuel storage installation. The
 commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall be Public Utilities Commission is the

responsible governmental unit for the environmental impact statement. Prior to finding the
statement adequate, the <u>commissioner commission</u> must find that the applicant has
demonstrated that the facility is designed to provide a reasonable expectation that the
operation of the facility will not result in groundwater contamination in excess of the
standards established in section 116C.76, subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (3).

170.6 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216A.037, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Ex parte communications prohibitions; rules. (a) The commission
shall adopt rules under chapter 14 prescribing permissible and impermissible ex parte
communications. The ex parte rules may prohibit only ex parte communications, directly
or indirectly, between a commissioner and a participant or party under the commission's
rules of practice and procedure relating to:

170.12 (1) a material issue during a pending contested case proceeding;

(2) a material issue in a rulemaking proceeding after the beginning of commissiondeliberations;

170.15 (3) a material issue in a disputed formal petition; and

170.16 (4) any other communication impermissible by law.

(b) The commission may apply ex parte prohibitions, prospectively and after notice toaffected parties, to other commission proceedings as the commission deems necessary.

(c) A contested case is pending from the time the commission refers the matter to the
Office of Administrative Hearings until the commission has issued its final order, and the
time to petition for reconsideration has expired or the commission has issued an order finally
disposing an application for reconsideration, whichever is later.

(d) Commission staff and consultants that perform environmental review and other
 activities identified in chapters 216G and 216I are not parties, participants, or decision
 making personnel, as defined under Minnesota Rules, part 7845.7000.

170.26 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216A.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

170.27 Subd. 3. **Intervention in commission proceeding.** (a) The commissioner may intervene 170.28 as a party in all proceedings before the commission. When intervening in gas or electric 170.29 hearings, the commissioner shall prepare and defend testimony designed to:

170.30 (1) encourage energy conservation improvements as defined in section 216B.241-;

- (2) ensure that the greenhouse gas reduction goals are attained on a schedule that keeps
 pace with the reduction timetable in section 216H.02, subdivision 1;
- 171.3 (3) ensure that the renewable energy standards, solar energy goal, and carbon-free
- 171.4 standards are achieved according to the schedules under section 216B.1691, subdivisions
- 171.5 2a, 2f, and 2g, respectively; and
- 171.6 (4) ensure compliance with state environmental policy, as stated in section 116D.02.
- 171.7 (b) The attorney general shall act as counsel in the proceedings.
- 171.8 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216E.06, is amended to read:

171.9 **216E.06 EMERGENCY PERMIT.PERMITS.**

Subdivision 1. Utility emergency action. (a) Any utility whose electric power system 171.10 requires the immediate construction of a large electric power energy infrastructure facility 171.11 due to a major unforeseen event may apply to the commission for an emergency permit. 171.12 The application shall must provide notice in writing of the major unforeseen event and the 171.13 need for immediate construction. The permit must be issued in a timely manner, no later 171.14 than 195 days after the commission's acceptance of the application and upon a finding by 171.15 the commission that (1) a demonstrable emergency exists, (2) the emergency requires 171.16 immediate construction, and (3) adherence to the procedures and time schedules specified 171.17 in section 216E.03 would jeopardize under this chapter jeopardizes the utility's electric 171.18 171.19 power system or would jeopardize jeopardizes the utility's ability to meet the electric needs 171.20 of its the utility's customers in an orderly and timely manner.

Subd. 2. Utility emergency procedures. (b) A public hearing to determine if an
emergency exists must be held within 90 days of the application. The commission, after
notice and hearing, shall must adopt rules specifying the criteria for emergency certification.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216E.07, is amended to read:

171.25 **216E.07 ANNUAL HEARING.**

The commission shall <u>must</u> hold an annual public hearing at a time and place prescribed by rule in order to afford interested persons an opportunity to be heard regarding any matters relating to the siting and routing of large <u>electric power energy infrastructure</u> facilities. At the meeting, the commission <u>shall must</u> advise the public of the permits issued by the commission in the past year. The commission <u>shall must</u> provide at least ten days but no more than 45 days' notice of the annual meeting by mailing or serving electronically, as provided in section 216.17, a notice to those persons who have requested notice and by
publication in the EQB Monitor and the commission's weekly calendar.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216E.08, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Other Public participation. The commission shall must adopt broad spectrum
citizen participation as a principal of operation. The form of public participation shall must
not be limited to public meetings and hearings and advisory task forces and shall must be
consistent with the commission's rules and guidelines as provided for in under section
216E.16 216I.24.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216E.10, subdivision 1, is amendedto read:

Subdivision 1. Site or route permit prevails over local provisions. To assure the 172.11 paramount and controlling effect of the provisions herein over other state agencies, regional, 172.12 county, and local governments, and special purpose government districts, the issuance of a 172.13 site permit or route permit and subsequent purchase and use of such the site or route locations 172.14 for large electric power energy infrastructure facility purposes shall be is the sole site or 172.15 route approval required to be obtained by the utility permittee. Such The permit shall 172.16 supersede supersedes and preempt preempts all zoning, building, or land use rules, 172.17 regulations, or ordinances promulgated by regional, county, local and special purpose 172.18 government. 172.19

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216E.10, subdivision 2, is amendedto read:

Subd. 2. Other state permits. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, utilities shall a permittee must obtain state permits that may be required to construct and operate large electric power energy infrastructure facilities. A state agency in processing a utility's permittee's facility permit application shall be is bound to the decisions of the commission, with respect to (1) the site or route designation, and with respect to (2) other matters for which authority has been granted to the commission by this chapter.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 216E.10, subdivision 3, is amendedto read:

Subd. 3. State agency participation. (a) <u>A state agencies agency</u> authorized to issue
 permits required for construction or operation of to construct or operate a large electric

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173.1 power facilities shall energy infrastructure facility must participate during routing and siting 173.2 at public hearings and all other activities of the commission on specific site or route 173.3 designations and design considerations of the commission, and shall must clearly state 173.4 whether the site or route being considered for designation or permit and other design matters 173.5 under consideration for approval will be in compliance complies with state agency standards,

173.6 rules, or policies.

(b) An applicant for a permit under this section or under chapter 216G shall <u>must</u> notify the commissioner of agriculture if the proposed project <u>will impact impacts</u> cultivated agricultural land, as that term is defined in section 216G.01, subdivision 4. The commissioner may participate and advise the commission as to whether to grant a permit for the project and the best options for mitigating adverse impacts to agricultural lands if the permit is granted. The Department of Agriculture shall be is the lead agency on the development of any agricultural mitigation plan required for the project.

173.14 (c) The Minnesota State Historic Preservation Office must participate in the commission's

173.15 siting and routing activities described in this section. The commission's consideration and

173.16 resolution of Minnesota State Historic Preservation Office's comments satisfies the

173.17 requirements of section 138.665, when applicable.

173.18 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216E.11, is amended to read:

173.19 **216E.11 IMPROVEMENT OF SITES AND ROUTES.**

Utilities that have acquired <u>A permittee that acquires</u> a site or route in accordance with this chapter may proceed to construct or improve the site or route for the intended purposes at any time, subject to section 216E.10, subdivision 2 <u>216I.16</u>, <u>subdivision 2</u>, provided that if the construction and improvement has not commenced within four years after a permit for the site or route has been issued, then the utility <u>permittee</u> must certify to the commission that the site or route continues to meet the conditions upon which the site or route permit was issued.

173.27 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216E.13, is amended to read:

173.28 **216E.13 FAILURE TO ACT.**

173.29 If the commission fails to act within the times specified in section 216E.03 under this

173.30 chapter, the applicant or any affected person may seek an order of the district court requiring

173.31 the commission to designate or refuse to designate a site or route.

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Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216E.14, is amended to read:

174.2 **216E.14 REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION.**

A site or route permit may be revoked or suspended by the commission after adequate notice of the alleged grounds for revocation or suspension and a full and fair hearing in which the affected <u>utility permittee</u> has an opportunity to confront any witness and respond to any evidence against it the permittee and to present rebuttal or mitigating evidence upon a finding by the commission of:

(1) any false statement knowingly made in the application or in accompanying statements
or studies required of the applicant, if a true statement would have warranted a change in
the commission's findings;

(2) failure to comply with material conditions of the site certificate or constructionpermit, or failure to maintain health and safety standards; or

(3) any material violation of the provisions of this chapter, any rule promulgated pursuantthereto, or any order of the commission.

174.15 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216E.15, is amended to read:

174.16 **216E.15 JUDICIAL REVIEW.**

Any applicant, party or person aggrieved by the issuance of a site or route permit, minor 174.17 alteration, amendment, or emergency permit from the commission or a certification of 174.18 continuing suitability filed by a utility permittee with the commission or by a final order in 174.19 accordance with any rules promulgated by the commission, may appeal to the court of 174.20 appeals in accordance with chapter 14. The appeal shall must be filed within 30 days after 174.21 the publication in the State Register of date the notice of the issuance of the permit by the 174.22 commission or commission's permit issuance is published in the EQB Monitor, certification 174.23 is filed with the commission, or the filing of any final order is filed by the commission. 174.24

174.25 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216E.16, is amended to read:

174.26 **216E.16 RULES.**

Subdivision 1. Commission rules. The commission, in order to give effect to the purposes of this chapter, may adopt rules consistent with this chapter, including promulgation of site and route designation criteria, the description of the information to be furnished by the utilities, establishment of minimum guidelines for public participation in the development, revision, and enforcement of any rule, plan, or program established by the commission, procedures for the revocation or suspension of a site or route permit, and the procedure and

timeliness for proposing alternative routes and sites. No <u>A</u> rule adopted by the commission
shall must not grant priority to state-owned wildlife management areas over agricultural
lands in the designation of route avoidance areas. The provisions of Chapter 14 shall apply
<u>applies</u> to the appeal of rules adopted by the commission to the same extent as it applies to
review of rules adopted by any other agency of state government.

Subd. 2. Office of Administrative Hearings rules. The chief administrative law judge
 shall must adopt procedural rules for public hearings relating to the site and route permit
 process. The rules shall must attempt to maximize citizen participation in these processes
 consistent with the time limits for commission decision established in sections 216E.03,
 subdivision 10, and 216E.04, subdivision 7 under this chapter.

175.11 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 216E.18, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. Route Application fee; appropriation. Every An applicant for a transmission 175.12 line site or route permit shall must pay to the commissioner of commerce commission a fee 175.13 to cover the necessary and reasonable costs incurred by the commission in acting to act on 175.14 the permit application and earrying carry out the requirements of this chapter. The 175.15 175.16 commission may adopt rules providing for the fee payment of the fee. Section 16A.1283 does not apply to the establishment of this the fee under this subdivision. All money received 175.17 pursuant to under this subdivision shall must be deposited in a special account. Money in 175.18 the account is appropriated to the commissioner of commerce commission to pay expenses 175.19 incurred in processing to process applications for site and route permits in accordance with 175.20 this chapter and, in the event the expenses are less than the fee paid, to refund the excess 175.21 fee paid to the applicant. 175.22

175.23 Sec. 17. [216G.025] ROUTING PERMIT; ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW; CARBON 175.24 DIOXIDE PIPELINES.

175.25 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have 175.26 the meanings given.

- (b) "Carbon dioxide pipeline" means a pipeline located in Minnesota that transports
 carbon dioxide in a liquid, gaseous, or supercritical state.
- 175.29 (c) "Commission" means the Public Utilities Commission.
- 175.30 (d) "Supercritical" means a physical state in which a substance is more dense than a gas
 175.31 but less dense than a liquid.

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- 176.1 Subd. 2. Routing permit required. (a) A person is prohibited from constructing or
- operating a carbon dioxide pipeline without a route permit issued by the commission under
 this chapter.
- 176.4 (b) A person seeking to construct or operate a carbon dioxide pipeline is prohibited from
- 176.5 applying to the commission for a conditional exclusion or partial exemption from pipeline
- 176.6 route selection procedures under Minnesota Rules, chapter 7852.
- 176.7 Subd. 3. Carbon dioxide pipeline; environmental review. Notwithstanding any other
- 176.8 law or rule, an environmental impact statement must be prepared under Minnesota Rules,
- 176.9 chapter 4410, prior to issuing a route permit under this section for a carbon dioxide pipeline.
- 176.10 The commission is the governmental unit responsible for preparing an environmental impact
- 176.11 statement under this subdivision.

176.12 Sec. 18. TRANSFER OF DUTIES; ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS OF LARGE 176.13 ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES.

- 176.14 (a) The responsibility for administering the environmental analysis of large energy
- 176.15 infrastructure facilities, as described in this act, is transferred from the Department of
- 176.16 <u>Commerce to the Public Utilities Commission on July 1, 2025.</u>
- 176.17 (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, applies to the transfer of duties required under
- 176.18 this section. Assessments are considered appropriations under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 176.19 15.039, subdivision 6, for the purposes of the transfer under this section.

176.20 Sec. 19. ADMINISTRATIVE RULEMAKING.

- 176.21 (a) The Public Utilities Commission must adopt rules, using the expedited process under
- Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, that amend Minnesota Rules, chapters 7849 and 7850,
 to conform with the changes made in this act.
- 176.24 (b) The Environmental Quality Board must adopt rules, using the expedited process

176.25 under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, that amend Minnesota Rules, chapter 4410, to

- 176.26 <u>conform with the changes made in this act.</u>
- (c) The Public Utilities Commission must amend Minnesota Rules, chapter 7850, to
- authorize applicants for site and route permits to begin submitting preconstruction compliance
- 176.29 filings to commission staff for review immediately following the commission's vote to grant
- 176.30 the applicant a site or route permit, but prior to issuing a written commission order.
- 176.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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177.1 Sec. 20. <u>APPROPRIATION; PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION.</u>

177.2 \$5,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the Public Utilities

177.3 Commission for the administrative costs of rulemaking in this article. This is a onetime

appropriation and is available until June 30, 2026.

177.5 Sec. 21. APPROPRIATION; DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

- 177.6 \$1,200,000 in fiscal year 2025 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
- 177.7 of commerce to facilitate timely actions in nonenvironmental review, routing and siting
- 177.8 proceedings, and to intervene as a party in Public Utilities Commission permitting
- 177.9 proceedings. The base in fiscal year 2026 and later is \$2,400,000.
- 177.10 Sec. 22. <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u>
- Sections 3 and 5 to 16 are effective July 1, 2025.

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3.7371 COMPENSATION FOR CROP OR FENCE DAMAGE CAUSED BY ELK.

Subd. 7. **Rules.** The commissioner shall adopt rules and may amend rules to carry out this section. The commissioner may use the expedited rulemaking process in section 14.389 to adopt and amend rules authorized in this section. The rules must include:

(1) methods of valuation of crops damaged or destroyed;

(2) criteria for determination of the cause of the crop damage or destruction;

(3) notice requirements by the owner of the damaged or destroyed crop;

(4) compensation rates for fence damage or destruction that must not exceed \$1,800 per claimant per fiscal year; and

(5) any other matters determined necessary by the commissioner to carry out this section.

34.07 BEVERAGE INSPECTION ACCOUNT; APPROPRIATION.

A beverage inspection account is created in the agricultural fund. All fees and fines collected under this chapter shall be credited to the beverage inspection account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for inspection and supervision under this chapter.

216E.001 CITATION.

This chapter shall be known as the "Minnesota Power Plant Siting Act."

216E.01 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Applicability.** As used in this chapter, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them, unless otherwise provided or indicated by the context.

Subd. 2. Commission. "Commission" means the Public Utilities Commission.

Subd. 3. **Construction.** "Construction" means any clearing of land, excavation, or other action that would adversely affect the natural environment of the site or route but does not include changes needed for temporary use of sites or routes for nonutility purposes, or uses in securing survey or geological data, including necessary borings to ascertain foundation conditions.

Subd. 3a. **Energy storage system.** "Energy storage system" means equipment and associated facilities designed with a nameplate capacity of 10,000 kilowatts or more that is capable of storing generated electricity for a period of time and delivering the electricity for use after storage.

Subd. 4. **High-voltage transmission line.** "High-voltage transmission line" means a conductor of electric energy and associated facilities designed for and capable of operation at a nominal voltage of 100 kilovolts or more and is greater than 1,500 feet in length.

Subd. 5. Large electric power generating plant. "Large electric power generating plant" shall mean electric power generating equipment and associated facilities designed for or capable of operation at a capacity of 50,000 kilowatts or more.

Subd. 6. Large electric power facilities. "Large electric power facilities" means high voltage transmission lines, large electric power generating plants, and energy storage systems.

Subd. 7. **Person.** "Person" shall mean an individual, partnership, joint venture, private or public corporation, association, firm, public service company, cooperative, political subdivision, municipal corporation, government agency, public utility district, or any other entity, public or private, however organized.

Subd. 8. **Route.** "Route" means the location of a high voltage transmission line between two end points. The route may have a variable width of up to 1.25 miles.

Subd. 9. Site. "Site" means the location of a large electric power generating plant.

Subd. 9a. **Solar energy generating system.** "Solar energy generating system" means a set of devices whose primary purpose is to produce electricity by means of any combination of collecting, transferring, or converting solar-generated energy, and may include transmission lines designed for and capable of operating at 100 kilovolts or less that interconnect a solar energy generating system with a high-voltage transmission line.

Subd. 10. Utility. "Utility" shall mean any entity engaged or intending to engage in this state in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electric energy including, but not limited to, a

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private investor-owned utility, cooperatively owned utility, and a public or municipally owned utility.

216E.02 SITING AUTHORITY.

Subdivision 1. **Policy.** The legislature hereby declares it to be the policy of the state to locate large electric power facilities in an orderly manner compatible with environmental preservation and the efficient use of resources. In accordance with this policy the commission shall choose locations that minimize adverse human and environmental impact while insuring continuing electric power system reliability and integrity and insuring that electric energy needs are met and fulfilled in an orderly and timely fashion.

Subd. 2. **Jurisdiction.** The commission is hereby given the authority to provide for site and route selection for large electric power facilities. The commission shall issue permits for large electric power facilities in a timely fashion and in a manner consistent with the overall determination of need for the project under section 216B.243 or 216B.2425. Questions of need, including size, type, and timing; alternative system configurations; and voltage must not be included in the scope of environmental review conducted under this chapter.

Subd. 3. **Interstate routes.** If a route is proposed in two or more states, the commission shall attempt to reach agreement with affected states on the entry and exit points prior to designating a route. The commission, in discharge of its duties pursuant to this chapter may make joint investigations, hold joint hearings within or without the state, and issue joint or concurrent orders in conjunction or concurrence with any official or agency of any state or of the United States. The commission may negotiate and enter into any agreements or compacts with agencies of other states, pursuant to any consent of Congress, for cooperative efforts in certifying the construction, operation, and maintenance of large electric power facilities in accord with the purposes of this chapter and for the enforcement of the respective state laws regarding such facilities.

216E.021 SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM SIZE DETERMINATION.

(a) This section must be used to determine whether a combination of solar energy generating systems meets the definition of large electric power generating plant and is subject to the commission's siting authority jurisdiction under this chapter. The alternating current nameplate capacity of one solar energy generating system must be combined with the alternating current nameplate capacity of any other solar energy generating system that:

(1) is constructed within the same 12-month period as the solar energy generating system; and

(2) exhibits characteristics of being a single development, including but not limited to ownership structure, an umbrella sales arrangement, shared interconnection, revenue sharing arrangements, and common debt or equity financing.

(b) The commissioner of commerce shall provide forms and assistance for applicants to make a request for a size determination. Upon written request of an applicant, the commissioner shall provide a written size determination within 30 days of receipt of the request and of any information requested by the commissioner. In the case of a dispute, the chair of the Public Utilities Commission shall make the final size determination.

216E.03 DESIGNATING SITES AND ROUTES.

Subdivision 1. Site permit. No person may construct a large electric generating plant or an energy storage system without a site permit from the commission. A large electric generating plant or an energy storage system may be constructed only on a site approved by the commission. The commission must incorporate into one proceeding the route selection for a high-voltage transmission line that is directly associated with and necessary to interconnect the large electric generating plant to the transmission system and whose need is certified under section 216B.243.

Subd. 2. **Route permit.** No person may construct a high-voltage transmission line without a route permit from the commission. A high-voltage transmission line may be constructed only along a route approved by the commission.

Subd. 3. **Application.** Any person seeking to construct a large electric power facility must apply to the commission for a site or route permit, as applicable. The application shall contain such information as the commission may require. The applicant shall propose at least two sites for a large electric power facility and two routes for a high-voltage transmission line. Neither of the two proposed routes may be designated as a preferred route and all proposed routes must be numbered and designated as alternatives. The commission shall determine whether an application is complete and advise the applicant of any deficiencies within ten days of receipt. An application is not

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incomplete if information not in the application can be obtained from the applicant during the first phase of the process and that information is not essential for notice and initial public meetings.

Subd. 3a. **Project notice.** At least 90 days before filing an application with the commission, the applicant shall provide notice to each local unit of government within which a route may be proposed. The notice must describe the proposed project and the opportunity for a preapplication consultation meeting with local units of government as provided in subdivision 3b.

Subd. 3b. **Preapplication consultation meetings.** Within 30 days of receiving a project notice, local units of government may request the applicant to hold a consultation meeting with local units of government. Upon receiving notice from a local unit of government requesting a preapplication consultation meeting, the applicant shall arrange the meeting at a location chosen by the local units of government. A single public meeting for which each local government unit requesting a meeting is given notice satisfies the meeting requirement of this subdivision.

Subd. 4. Application notice. Within 15 days after submission of an application to the commission, the applicant shall publish notice of the application in a legal newspaper of general circulation in each county in which the site or route is proposed and send a copy of the application by certified mail to any regional development commission, county, incorporated municipality, and town in which any part of the site or route is proposed. Within the same 15 days, the applicant shall also send a notice of the submission of the application and description of the proposed project to each owner whose property is on or adjacent to any of the proposed sites for the power plant or along any of the proposed routes for the transmission line. The notice must identify a location where a copy of the application can be reviewed. For the purpose of giving mailed notice under this subdivision, owners are those shown on the records of the county auditor or, in any county where tax statements are mailed by the county treasurer, on the records of the county treasurer; but other appropriate records may be used for this purpose. The failure to give mailed notice to a property owner, or defects in the notice, does not invalidate the proceedings, provided a bona fide attempt to comply with this subdivision has been made. Within the same 15 days, the applicant shall also send the same notice of the submission of the application and description of the proposed project to those persons who have requested to be placed on a list maintained by the commission for receiving notice of proposed large electric generating power plants and high voltage transmission lines.

Subd. 5. **Environmental review.** (a) The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall prepare for the commission an environmental impact statement on each proposed large electric power facility for which a complete application has been submitted. The commissioner shall not consider whether or not the project is needed. No other state environmental review documents shall be required. The commissioner shall study and evaluate any site or route proposed by an applicant and any other site or route the commission deems necessary that was proposed in a manner consistent with rules concerning the form, content, and timeliness of proposals for alternate sites or routes, excluding any alternate site for a solar energy generating system that was not proposed by an applicant.

(b) For a cogeneration facility as defined in section 216H.01, subdivision 1a, that is a large electric power generating plant and is not proposed by a utility, the commissioner must make a finding in the environmental impact statement whether the project is likely to result in a net reduction of carbon dioxide emissions, considering both the utility providing electric service to the proposed cogeneration facility and any reduction in carbon dioxide emissions as a result of increased efficiency from the production of thermal energy on the part of the customer operating or owning the proposed cogeneration facility.

Subd. 6. **Public hearing.** The commission shall hold a public hearing on an application for a site or route permit for a large electric power facility. All hearings held for designating a site or route shall be conducted by an administrative law judge from the Office of Administrative Hearings pursuant to the contested case procedures of chapter 14. Notice of the hearing shall be given by the commission at least ten days in advance but no earlier than 45 days prior to the commencement of the hearing. Notice shall be by publication in a legal newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the public hearing is to be held and by certified mail to chief executives of the regional development commissions, counties, organized towns, townships, and the incorporated municipalities in which a site or route is proposed. Any person may appear at the hearings and offer testimony and exhibits without the necessity of intervening as a formal party to the proceedings. The administrative law judge may allow any person to ask questions of other witnesses. The administrative law judge shall hold a portion of the hearing in the area where the power plant or transmission line is proposed to be located.

Subd. 7. **Considerations in designating sites and routes.** (a) The commission's site and route permit determinations must be guided by the state's goals to conserve resources, minimize environmental impacts, minimize human settlement and other land use conflicts, and ensure the state's electric energy security through efficient, cost-effective power supply and electric transmission infrastructure.

(b) To facilitate the study, research, evaluation, and designation of sites and routes, the commission shall be guided by, but not limited to, the following considerations:

(1) evaluation of research and investigations relating to the effects on land, water and air resources of large electric power facilities and the effects of water and air discharges and electric and magnetic fields resulting from such facilities on public health and welfare, vegetation, animals, materials and aesthetic values, including baseline studies, predictive modeling, and evaluation of new or improved methods for minimizing adverse impacts of water and air discharges and other matters pertaining to the effects of power plants on the water and air environment;

(2) environmental evaluation of sites and routes proposed for future development and expansion and their relationship to the land, water, air and human resources of the state;

(3) evaluation of the effects of new electric power generation and transmission technologies and systems related to power plants designed to minimize adverse environmental effects;

(4) evaluation of the potential for beneficial uses of waste energy from proposed large electric power generating plants;

(5) analysis of the direct and indirect economic impact of proposed sites and routes including, but not limited to, productive agricultural land lost or impaired;

(6) evaluation of adverse direct and indirect environmental effects that cannot be avoided should the proposed site and route be accepted;

(7) evaluation of alternatives to the applicant's proposed site or route proposed pursuant to subdivisions 1 and 2;

(8) evaluation of potential routes that would use or parallel existing railroad and highway rights-of-way;

(9) evaluation of governmental survey lines and other natural division lines of agricultural land so as to minimize interference with agricultural operations;

(10) evaluation of the future needs for additional high-voltage transmission lines in the same general area as any proposed route, and the advisability of ordering the construction of structures capable of expansion in transmission capacity through multiple circuiting or design modifications;

(11) evaluation of irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources should the proposed site or route be approved;

(12) when appropriate, consideration of problems raised by other state and federal agencies and local entities;

(13) evaluation of the benefits of the proposed facility with respect to (i) the protection and enhancement of environmental quality, and (ii) the reliability of state and regional energy supplies;

(14) evaluation of the proposed facility's impact on socioeconomic factors; and

(15) evaluation of the proposed facility's employment and economic impacts in the vicinity of the facility site and throughout Minnesota, including the quantity and quality of construction and permanent jobs and their compensation levels. The commission must consider a facility's local employment and economic impacts, and may reject or place conditions on a site or route permit based on the local employment and economic impacts.

(c) If the commission's rules are substantially similar to existing regulations of a federal agency to which the utility in the state is subject, the federal regulations must be applied by the commission.

(d) No site or route shall be designated which violates state agency rules.

(e) The commission must make specific findings that it has considered locating a route for a high-voltage transmission line on an existing high-voltage transmission route and the use of parallel existing highway right-of-way and, to the extent those are not used for the route, the commission must state the reasons.

Subd. 9. **Timing.** The commission shall make a final decision on an application within 60 days after receipt of the report of the administrative law judge. A final decision on the request for a site permit or route permit shall be made within one year after the commission's determination that an application is complete. The commission may extend this time limit for up to three months for just cause or upon agreement of the applicant.

Subd. 10. **Final decision.** (a) No site permit shall be issued in violation of the site selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the commission. When the commission designates a site, it shall issue a site permit to the applicant with any appropriate conditions. The commission shall publish a notice of its decision in the State Register within 30 days of issuance of the site permit.

(b) No route permit shall be issued in violation of the route selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the commission. When the commission designates a route, it shall issue a permit for the construction of a high-voltage transmission line specifying the design, routing, right-of-way preparation, and facility construction it deems necessary, and with any other appropriate conditions. The commission may order the construction of high-voltage transmission line facilities that are capable of expansion in transmission capacity through multiple circuiting or design modifications. The commission shall publish a notice of its decision in the State Register within 30 days of issuance of the permit.

(c) The commission must require as a condition of permit issuance, including issuance of a modified permit for a repowering project, as defined in section 216B.243, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), that the recipient of a site permit to construct a large electric power generating plant, including all of the permit recipient's construction contractors and subcontractors on the project: (1) pay no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 177.42; and (2) be subject to the requirements and enforcement provisions under sections 177.27, 177.30, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.435, and 177.45.

Subd. 11. **Department of Commerce to provide technical expertise and other assistance.** (a) The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall consult with other state agencies and provide technical expertise and other assistance to the commission or to individual members of the commission for activities and proceedings under this chapter and chapters 216F and 216G. This assistance shall include the sharing of power plant siting and routing staff and other resources as necessary. The commissioner shall periodically report to the commission concerning the Department of Commerce's costs of providing assistance. The report shall conform to the schedule and include the required contents specified by the commission. The commission shall include the costs of the assistance in assessments for activities and proceedings under those sections and reimburse the special revenue fund for those costs. If either the commissioner or the commission deems it necessary, the department and the commission shall enter into an interagency agreement establishing terms and conditions for the provision of assistance and sharing of resources under this subdivision.

(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of section 216B.33, the commissioner may take any action required or requested by the commission related to the environmental review requirements under chapter 216E or 216F immediately following a hearing and vote by the commission, prior to issuing a written order, finding, authorization, or certificate.

216E.04 ALTERNATIVE REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Alternative review. An applicant who seeks a site permit or route permit for one of the projects identified in this section shall have the option of following the procedures in this section rather than the procedures in section 216E.03. The applicant shall notify the commission at the time the application is submitted which procedure the applicant chooses to follow.

Subd. 2. **Applicable projects.** The requirements and procedures in this section apply to the following projects:

- (1) large electric power generating plants with a capacity of less than 80 megawatts;
- (2) large electric power generating plants that are fueled by natural gas;
- (3) high-voltage transmission lines of between 100 and 200 kilovolts;

(4) high-voltage transmission lines in excess of 200 kilovolts and less than 30 miles in length in Minnesota;

(5) high-voltage transmission lines in excess of 200 kilovolts if at least 80 percent of the distance of the line in Minnesota will be located along existing high-voltage transmission line right-of-way;

(6) a high-voltage transmission line service extension to a single customer between 200 and 300 kilovolts and less than ten miles in length;

(7) a high-voltage transmission line rerouting to serve the demand of a single customer when the rerouted line will be located at least 80 percent on property owned or controlled by the customer or the owner of the transmission line;

(8) large electric power generating plants that are powered by solar energy; and

(9) energy storage systems.

Subd. 3. **Application.** The applicant for a site or route permit for any of the projects listed in subdivision 2 who chooses to follow these procedures shall submit information as the commission may require, but the applicant shall not be required to propose a second site or route for the project. The applicant shall identify in the application any other sites or routes that were rejected by the applicant and the commission may identify additional sites or routes to consider during the processing of the application. The commission shall determine whether an application is complete and advise the applicant of any deficiencies.

Subd. 4. Notice of application. Upon submission of an application under this section, the applicant shall provide the same notice as required by section 216E.03, subdivision 4.

Subd. 5. Environmental review. For the projects identified in subdivision 2 and following these procedures, the commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall prepare for the commission an environmental assessment. The environmental assessment shall contain information on the human and environmental impacts of the proposed project and other sites or routes identified by the commission and shall address mitigating measures for all of the sites or routes considered. The environmental assessment shall be the only state environmental review document required to be prepared on the project.

Subd. 6. **Public hearing.** The commission shall hold a public hearing in the area where the facility is proposed to be located. The commission shall give notice of the public hearing in the same manner as notice under section 216E.03, subdivision 6. The commission shall conduct the public hearing under procedures established by the commission. The applicant shall be present at the hearing to present evidence and to answer questions. The commission shall provide opportunity at the public hearing for any person to present comments and to ask questions of the applicant and commission staff. The commission shall also afford interested persons an opportunity to submit written comments into the record.

Subd. 7. **Timing.** The commission shall make a final decision on an application within 60 days after completion of the public hearing. A final decision on the request for a site permit or route permit under this section shall be made within six months after the commission's determination that an application is complete. The commission may extend this time limit for up to three months for just cause or upon agreement of the applicant.

Subd. 8. **Considerations.** The considerations in section 216E.03, subdivision 7, shall apply to any projects subject to this section.

Subd. 9. **Final decision.** (a) No site permit shall be issued in violation of the site selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the commission. When the commission designates a site, it shall issue a site permit to the applicant with any appropriate conditions. The commission shall publish a notice of its decision in the State Register within 30 days of issuance of the site permit.

(b) No route designation shall be made in violation of the route selection standards and criteria established in this section and in rules adopted by the commission. When the commission designates a route, it shall issue a permit for the construction of a high-voltage transmission line specifying the design, routing, right-of-way preparation, and facility construction it deems necessary and with any other appropriate conditions. The commission may order the construction of high-voltage transmission line facilities that are capable of expansion in transmission capacity through multiple circuiting or design modifications. The commission shall publish a notice of its decision in the State Register within 30 days of issuance of the permit.

216E.05 LOCAL REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Local review. (a) Notwithstanding the requirements of sections 216E.03 and 216E.04, an applicant who seeks a site or route permit for one of the projects identified in this section shall have the option of applying to those local units of government that have jurisdiction over the site or route for approval to build the project. If local approval is granted, a site or route

permit is not required from the commission. If the applicant files an application with the commission, the applicant shall be deemed to have waived its right to seek local approval of the project.

(b) A local unit of government with jurisdiction over a project identified in this section to whom an applicant has applied for approval to build the project may request the commission to assume jurisdiction and make a decision on a site or route permit under the applicable provisions of this chapter. A local unit of government must file the request with the commission within 60 days after an application for the project has been filed with any one local unit of government. If one of the local units of government with jurisdiction over the project requests the commission to assume jurisdiction, jurisdiction over the project transfers to the commission. If the local units of government maintain jurisdiction over the project, the commission shall select the appropriate local unit of government to be the responsible governmental unit to conduct environmental review of the project.

Subd. 2. **Applicable projects.** Applicants may seek approval from local units of government to construct the following projects:

(1) large electric power generating plants with a capacity of less than 80 megawatts;

(2) large electric power generating plants of any size that burn natural gas and are intended to be a peaking plant;

(3) high-voltage transmission lines of between 100 and 200 kilovolts;

(4) substations with a voltage designed for and capable of operation at a nominal voltage of 100 kilovolts or more;

(5) a high-voltage transmission line service extension to a single customer between 200 and 300 kilovolts and less than ten miles in length;

(6) a high-voltage transmission line rerouting to serve the demand of a single customer when the rerouted line will be located at least 80 percent on property owned or controlled by the customer or the owner of the transmission line; and

(7) energy storage systems.

Subd. 3. Notice of application. Within ten days of submission of an application to a local unit of government for approval of an eligible project, the applicant shall notify the commission that the applicant has elected to seek local approval of the proposed project.

216E.08 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.

Subdivision 1. Advisory task force. The commission may appoint one or more advisory task forces to assist it in carrying out its duties. Task forces appointed to evaluate sites or routes considered for designation shall be comprised of as many persons as may be designated by the commission, but at least one representative from each of the following: Regional development commissions, counties and municipal corporations and one town board member from each county in which a site or route is proposed to be located. No officer, agent, or employee of a utility shall serve on an advisory task force. Reimbursement for expenses incurred shall be made pursuant to the rules governing state employees. The task forces expire as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 6. At the time the task force is appointed, the commission shall specify the charge to the task force. The task force shall expire upon completion of its charge, upon designation by the commission of alternative sites or routes to be included in the environmental impact statement, or upon the specific date identified by the commission in the charge, whichever occurs first.

Subd. 4. **Scientific advisory task force.** The commission may appoint one or more advisory task forces composed of technical and scientific experts to conduct research and make recommendations concerning generic issues such as health and safety, underground routes, double circuiting and long-range route and site planning. Reimbursement for expenses incurred shall be made pursuant to the rules governing reimbursement of state employees. The task forces expire as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 6. The time allowed for completion of a specific site or route procedure may not be extended to await the outcome of these generic investigations.

216E.18 BIENNIAL REPORT; APPLICATION FEES; APPROPRIATION; FUNDING.

Subdivision 1. **Biennial report.** Before November 15 of each even-numbered year the commission shall prepare and submit to the legislature a report of its operations, activities, findings, and recommendations concerning this chapter. The report shall also contain information on the commission's biennial expenditures, its proposed budget for the following biennium, and the amounts

paid in permit application fees and in assessments pursuant to this section. The proposed budget for the following biennium shall be subject to legislative review.

Subd. 2. Site application fee. Every applicant for a site permit shall pay to the commissioner of commerce a fee to cover the necessary and reasonable costs incurred by the commission in acting on the permit application and carrying out the requirements of this chapter. The commission may adopt rules providing for the payment of the fee. Section 16A.1283 does not apply to establishment of this fee. All money received pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited in a special account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of commerce to pay expenses incurred in processing applications for site permits in accordance with this chapter and in the event the expenses are less than the fee paid, to refund the excess to the applicant.

216F.01 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Scope. As used in this chapter, the terms defined in section 216E.01 and this section have the meanings given them, unless otherwise provided or indicated by the context or by this section.

Subd. 2. Large wind energy conversion system or LWECS. "Large wind energy conversion system" or "LWECS" means any combination of WECS with a combined nameplate capacity of 5,000 kilowatts or more.

Subd. 3. **Small wind energy conversion system or SWECS.** "Small wind energy conversion system" or "SWECS" means any combination of WECS with a combined nameplate capacity of less than 5,000 kilowatts.

Subd. 4. **Wind energy conversion system or WECS.** "Wind energy conversion system" or "WECS" means any device such as a wind charger, windmill, or wind turbine and associated facilities that converts wind energy to electrical energy.

216F.011 SIZE DETERMINATION.

(a) The total size of a combination of wind energy conversion systems for the purpose of determining what jurisdiction has siting authority under this chapter must be determined according to this section. The nameplate capacity of one wind energy conversion system must be combined with the nameplate capacity of any other wind energy conversion system that:

(1) is located within five miles of the wind energy conversion system;

(2) is constructed within the same 12-month period as the wind energy conversion system; and

(3) exhibits characteristics of being a single development, including, but not limited to, ownership structure, an umbrella sales arrangement, shared interconnection, revenue sharing arrangements, and common debt or equity financing.

(b) The commissioner shall provide forms and assistance for project developers to make a request for a size determination. Upon written request of a project developer, the commissioner of commerce shall provide a written size determination within 30 days of receipt of the request and of any information requested by the commissioner. In the case of a dispute, the chair of the Public Utilities Commission shall make the final size determination.

(c) An application to a county for a permit under this chapter for a wind energy conversion system is not complete without a size determination made under this section.

216F.012 SIZE ELECTION.

(a) A wind energy conversion system of less than 25 megawatts of nameplate capacity as determined under section 216F.011 is a small wind energy conversion system if, by July 1, 2009, the owner so elects in writing and submits a completed application for zoning approval and the written election to the county or counties in which the project is proposed to be located. The owner must notify the Public Utilities Commission of the election at the time the owner submits the election to the county.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a wind energy conversion system with a nameplate capacity exceeding five megawatts that is proposed to be located wholly or partially within a wind access buffer adjacent to state lands that are part of the outdoor recreation system, as enumerated in section 86A.05, is a large wind energy conversion system. The Department of Natural Resources shall negotiate in good faith with a system owner regarding siting and may support the system owner in seeking a variance from the system setback requirements if it determines that a variance is in the public interest.

216F.015 REQUIREMENTS CODED ELSEWHERE.

Requirements governing certain towers are established in section 360.915.

216F.02 EXEMPTIONS.

(a) The requirements of chapter 216E do not apply to the siting of LWECS, except for sections 216E.01; 216E.03, subdivision 7; 216E.08; 216E.11; 216E.12; 216E.14; 216E.15; 216E.17; and 216E.18, subdivision 3, which do apply.

(b) Any person may construct an SWECS without complying with chapter 216E or this chapter.

(c) Nothing in this chapter shall preclude a local governmental unit from establishing requirements for the siting and construction of SWECS.

216F.03 SITING OF LWECS.

The legislature declares it to be the policy of the state to site LWECS in an orderly manner compatible with environmental preservation, sustainable development, and the efficient use of resources.

216F.04 SITE PERMIT.

(a) No person may construct an LWECS without a site permit issued by the Public Utilities Commission.

(b) Any person seeking to construct an LWECS shall submit an application to the commission for a site permit in accordance with this chapter and any rules adopted by the commission. The permitted site need not be contiguous land.

(c) The commission shall make a final decision on an application for a site permit for an LWECS within 180 days after acceptance of a complete application by the commission. The commission may extend this deadline for cause.

(d) The commission may place conditions in a permit and may deny, modify, suspend, or revoke a permit.

(e) The commission must require as a condition of permit issuance, including issuance of a modified permit for a repowering project, as defined in section 216B.243, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), that the recipient of a site permit to construct an LWECS with a nameplate capacity above 25,000 kilowatts, including all of the permit recipient's construction contractors and subcontractors on the project: (1) pay no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 177.42; and (2) be subject to the requirements and enforcement provisions under sections 177.27, 177.30, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.435, and 177.45.

216F.05 RULES.

The commission shall adopt rules governing the consideration of an application for a site permit for an LWECS that address the following:

(1) criteria that the commission shall use to designate LWECS sites, which must include the impact of LWECS on humans and the environment;

(2) procedures that the commission will follow in acting on an application for an LWECS;

(3) procedures for notification to the public of the application and for the conduct of a public information meeting and a public hearing on the proposed LWECS;

(4) requirements for environmental review of the LWECS;

(5) conditions in the site permit for turbine type and designs; site layout and construction; and operation and maintenance of the LWECS, including the requirement to restore, to the extent possible, the area affected by construction of the LWECS to the natural conditions that existed immediately before construction of the LWECS;

(6) revocation or suspension of a site permit when violations of the permit or other requirements occur; and

(7) payment of fees for the necessary and reasonable costs of the commission in acting on a permit application and carrying out the requirements of this chapter.

216F.06 MODEL ORDINANCE.

The commission may assist local governmental units in adopting ordinances and other requirements to regulate the siting, construction, and operation of SWECS, including the development of a model ordinance.

216F.07 PREEMPTION.

A permit under this chapter is the only site approval required for the location of an LWECS. The site permit supersedes and preempts all zoning, building, or land use rules, regulations, or ordinances adopted by regional, county, local, and special purpose governments.

216F.08 PERMIT AUTHORITY; ASSUMPTION BY COUNTIES.

(a) A county board may, by resolution and upon written notice to the Public Utilities Commission, assume responsibility for processing applications for permits required under this chapter for LWECS with a combined nameplate capacity of less than 25,000 kilowatts. The responsibility for permit application processing, if assumed by a county, may be delegated by the county board to an appropriate county officer or employee. Processing by a county shall be done in accordance with procedures and processes established under chapter 394.

(b) A county board that exercises its option under paragraph (a) may issue, deny, modify, impose conditions upon, or revoke permits pursuant to this section. The action of the county board about a permit application is final, subject to appeal as provided in section 394.27.

(c) The commission shall, by order, establish general permit standards, including appropriate property line set-backs, governing site permits for LWECS under this section. The order must consider existing and historic commission standards for wind permits issued by the commission. The general permit standards shall apply to permits issued by counties and to permits issued by the commission for LWECS with a combined nameplate capacity of less than 25,000 kilowatts. The commission or a county may grant a variance from a general permit standard if the variance is found to be in the public interest.

(d) The commission and the commissioner of commerce shall provide technical assistance to a county with respect to the processing of LWECS site permit applications.

216F.081 APPLICATION OF COUNTY STANDARDS.

A county may adopt by ordinance standards for LWECS that are more stringent than standards in commission rules or in the commission's permit standards. The commission, in considering a permit application for LWECS in a county that has adopted more stringent standards, shall consider and apply those more stringent standards, unless the commission finds good cause not to apply the standards.

1506.0010	[Repealed, L 2024 c 126 art 2 s 73; L 2024 c 127 art 38 s 73]
1506.0015	[Repealed, L 2024 c 126 art 2 s 73; L 2024 c 127 art 38 s 73]
1506.0020	[Repealed, L 2024 c 126 art 2 s 73; L 2024 c 127 art 38 s 73]
1506.0025	[Repealed, L 2024 c 126 art 2 s 73; L 2024 c 127 art 38 s 73]
1506.0030	[Repealed, L 2024 c 126 art 2 s 73; L 2024 c 127 art 38 s 73]
1506.0035	[Repealed, L 2024 c 126 art 2 s 73; L 2024 c 127 art 38 s 73]
1506.0040	[Repealed, L 2024 c 126 art 2 s 73; L 2024 c 127 art 38 s 73]
7850.1000	DEFINITIONS.

Subpart 1. Scope. As used in parts 7850.1000 to 7850.5600, the following terms have the meanings given them.

Subp. 2. Act. "Act" means the Power Plant Siting Act of 1973, as amended, Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216E.

Subp. 3. Associated facilities. "Associated facilities" means buildings, equipment, and other physical structures that are necessary to the operation of a large electric power generating plant or a high voltage transmission line.

Subp. 4. Commission. "Commission" means the Public Utilities Commission.

Subp. 5. Certified HVTL list. "Certified HVTL list" means the transmission projects certified by the Public Utilities Commission as priority projects under Minnesota Statutes, section 216B.2425.

Subp. 6. **Developed portion of the plant site.** "Developed portion of the plant site" means the portion of the LEPGP site that is required for the physical plant and associated facilities.

Subp. 7. Environmental assessment. "Environmental assessment" means a written document that describes the human and environmental impacts of a proposed large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line and alternative routes or sites and methods to mitigate such impacts.

Subp. 8. Environmental impact statement or EIS. "Environmental impact statement" or "EIS" means a detailed written statement that describes proposed high voltage transmission lines and large electric power generating plants and satisfies the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 116D.04.

Subp. 9. **High voltage transmission line or HVTL.** "High voltage transmission line" or "HVTL" means a conductor of electric energy and associated facilities designed for and capable of operating at a nominal voltage of 100 kilovolts or more either immediately or without significant modification. Associated facilities shall include, but not be limited to, insulators, towers, substations, and terminals.

Subp. 10. Large electric power facilities. "Large electric power facilities" means high voltage transmission lines and large electric power generating plants.

Subp. 11. Large electric power generating plant or LEPGP. "Large electric power generating plant" or "LEPGP" means electric power generating equipment and associated facilities designed for or capable of operation at a capacity of 50,000 kilowatts or more. Associated facilities include, but are not limited to, coal piles, cooling towers, ash containment, fuel tanks, water and wastewater treatment systems, and roads.

Subp. 12. **Mail.** "Mail" means either the United States mail or electronic mail by email, unless another law requires a specific form of mailing.

Subp. 13. **Person.** "Person" means any individual, partnership, joint venture, private or public corporation, association, firm, public service company, cooperative, political

subdivision, municipal corporation, government agency, public utility district, or any other entity, public or private, however organized.

Subp. 14. **PUC.** "PUC" means the entire Public Utilities Commission, including the commission and staff.

Subp. 15. **Right-of-way.** "Right-of-way" means the land interest required within a route for the construction, maintenance, and operation of a high voltage transmission line.

Subp. 16. **Route.** "Route" means the location of a high voltage transmission line between two end points. A route may have a variable width of up to 1.25 miles within which a right-of-way for a high voltage transmission line can be located.

Subp. 17. Route segment. "Route segment" means a portion of a route.

Subp. 18. Site. "Site" means an area of land required for the construction, maintenance, and operation of a large electric power generating plant.

Subp. 19. Utility. "Utility" means any entity engaged or intending to engage in this state in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electric energy including, but not limited to, a private investor owned utility, a cooperatively owned utility, a public or municipally owned utility, a limited liability company, or a private corporation.

7850.1100 PURPOSE AND AUTHORITY.

Parts 7850.1000 to 7850.5600 are prescribed by the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission pursuant to the authority granted to the commission in the Power Plant Siting Act, as amended, Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216E, to give effect to the purposes of the act.

It is the purpose of the act and the policy of the state to locate large electric power generating plants and high voltage transmission lines in an orderly manner compatible with environmental preservation and the efficient use of resources. In accordance with this policy, the commission shall choose locations that minimize adverse human and environmental impact while ensuring continuing electric power system reliability and integrity and ensuring that electric energy needs are met and fulfilled in an orderly and timely fashion. The commission shall provide for broad spectrum citizen participation as a principle of operation. To ensure effective citizen participation, the commission shall maintain a public education program on, but not limited to, the considerations identified in Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.03, subdivision 7.

7850.1200 APPLICABILITY.

Parts 7850.1000 to 7850.5600 establish the requirements for the processing of permit applications by the Public Utilities Commission for large electric power generating plants and high voltage transmission lines. Requirements for environmental review of such projects before the commission are established in the applicable requirements of chapter 4410 and parts 7849.1000 to 7849.2100.

7850.1300 PERMIT REQUIREMENT.

Subpart 1. Site permit. No person may construct a large electric power generating plant without a site permit from the commission. A large electric power generating plant may be constructed only on a site approved by the commission.

Subp. 2. **Route permit.** No person may construct a high voltage transmission line without a route permit from the commission. A high voltage transmission line may be constructed only within a route approved by the commission.

Subp. 3. Expansion of existing facility.

A. No person shall increase the voltage of a high voltage transmission line without a route permit or other approval from the PUC.

B. No person shall increase the voltage of a transmission line under 100 kilovolts to over 100 kilovolts without a route permit from the PUC.

C. Except as provided in part 7850.1500 or 7850.4800, no person shall increase the generating capacity or output of an existing large electric power generating plant without a permit from the commission.

D. No person shall increase the generating capacity or output of an electric power plant from under 50 megawatts to more than 50 megawatts without a site permit from the PUC.

Subp. 4. Local authority. A site permit from the commission is not required for a large electric power generating plant that is permitted by local units of government under Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.05. A route permit from the commission is not required for a high voltage transmission line that is permitted by local governmental authorities under Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.05.

Subp. 5. **Commence construction.** No person may commence construction of a large electric power generating plant or a high voltage transmission line until a permit has been issued by the commission or by the appropriate local units of government if local review is sought. "Commence construction" means to begin or cause to begin as part of a continuous program the placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment, or to conduct significant physical site preparation or right-of-way preparation work for installation of facilities or equipment. Conducting survey work or collecting geological data or contacting landowners to discuss possible construction of a power plant or transmission line is not commencement of construction.

7850.1400 SMALL PROJECTS.

Subpart 1. No PUC permit required. A permit from the PUC is not required to construct a power plant of less than 50 megawatts or a transmission line of less than 100 kilovolts. Proposers of such projects must obtain whatever approvals may be required by local, state, or federal units of government with jurisdiction over the project.

Subp. 2. Environmental review. Proposers of power plants of less than 50 megawatts or transmission lines of less than 100 kilovolts must comply with the environmental review requirements of chapter 4410, parts 7849.1000 to 7849.2100, and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116D.

7850.1500 EXCEPTIONS TO PERMITTING REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN EXISTING FACILITIES.

Subpart 1. **No permit required.** The following projects are not considered construction of a large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line and may be constructed without a permit from the commission:

A. equipment additions at an existing substation that do not require expansion of the land needed for the substation and do not involve an increase in the voltage or changes in the location of existing transmission lines, except that up to the first five transmission line structures outside the substation may be moved to accommodate the equipment additions provided the structures are not moved more than 500 feet from the existing right-of-way;

B. high voltage transmission lines:

(1) maintenance or repair of a high voltage transmission line within an existing right-of-way;

(2) reconductoring or reconstruction of a high voltage transmission line with no change in voltage and no change in right-of-way, provided that any new structures that are installed are not designed for and capable of operation at higher voltage; or

(3) relocation of a high voltage transmission line that is required by a local or state agency as part of road, street, or highway construction; or

C. large electric power generating plants:

(1) maintenance or repair of a large electric power generating plant;

(2) modification of a large electric power generating plant to increase efficiency as long as the capacity of the plant is not increased more than ten percent or more than 100 megawatts, whichever is greater, and the modification does not require expansion of the plant beyond the developed portion of the plant site. If a subsequent modification results in a total of more than 100 megawatts of additional capacity, this provision does not apply. An increase in efficiency is a reduction in the amount of Btu's (British Thermal Units) required to produce a kilowatt hour of electricity at the facility;

(3) refurbishment of a large electric power generating plant that does not expand the capacity of the plant or expand the plant beyond the developed portion of the plant site and the refurbishment does not require a certificate of need from the public utilities commission;

(4) conversion of the fuel source of a large electric power generating plant to natural gas, as long as the plant is not expanded beyond the developed portion of the plant site; or

(5) start-up of an existing large electric power generating plant that has been closed for any period of time at no more than its previous capacity rating and in a manner that does not involve a change in the fuel or an expansion of the developed portion of the plant site.

Subp. 2. **Minor alteration.** In the event a modification or other change in an existing substation, high voltage transmission line, or large electric power generating plant does not qualify for an exception under this part, the modification or change may qualify for a minor alteration under part 7850.4800.

Subp. 3. Notice. Any person proposing to move transmission line structures under subpart 1, item A, or to reconductor or reconstruct a high voltage transmission line under subpart 1, item B, subitem (2), or to implement changes to a large electric power generating plant under subpart 1, item C, subitem (2), (3), (4), or (5), must notify the commission in writing at least 30 days before commencing construction on the modification or change.

7850.1600 JOINT PROCEEDING.

The proposer of a large electric power generating plant that will also require a high voltage transmission line may elect to apply for both a site permit for the large electric power generating plant and a route permit for the high voltage transmission line in one application and in one process. The PUC on its own volition may elect to combine two pending applications if it is appropriate to consider both projects as part of one proceeding. An applicant may also combine an application for a pipeline routing permit if a natural gas or petroleum pipeline to a new large electric power generating facility will be required.

7850.1700 PERMIT APPLICATION UNDER FULL PERMITTING PROCESS.

Subpart 1. Filing of application for permit. A person seeking a site permit or route permit for a large electric power generating facility must file three copies of the application for the permit with the PUC. Upon acceptance of the application, the commission will advise the applicant of how many copies of the application must be submitted to the PUC.

Subp. 2. Electronic copy. A person filing an application for a site permit or route permit shall provide the PUC with an electronic version of the application suitable for posting on the PUC's web page.

7850.1800 PERMIT FEES.

Subpart 1. **Requirement.** An applicant for a site permit or route permit shall pay a fee in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.18. The estimated fee for processing

the permit application must be determined in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.18.

Subp. 2. **Initial payment.** The applicant shall submit with the application 25 percent of the total estimated fee, or up to 50 percent of the total estimated fee if the commission determines that the additional percentage is reasonably necessary to complete the site evaluation and design process. The commission shall not process a permit application until the first portion of the fee is submitted. The PUC shall deposit all money received from the applicant for permit fees in a special account.

Subp. 3. Additional payments. The applicant shall pay an additional 25 percent of the fee within 90 days after the application has been accepted by the commission. Additional payments must be made within 30 days of notification by the commission that additional fees are necessary for completion of the permitting process. The commission shall not make a final decision on a permit application if any assessed fees have not been paid.

Subp. 4. **Final accounting.** At the end of the permitting process, including any judicial review of the commission's final decision, the PUC shall provide a final accounting to the applicant of the total cost of processing the permit application. The applicant may review all actual costs associated with processing an application and present objections to the commission. The application fees paid by the applicant shall include the necessary and reasonable expenses incurred in processing the application, including, but not limited to, staff time, expenses for public notice and meetings and hearings, environmental review, administrative overhead, and legal expenses. The applicant shall make the final payment within 30 days of notification or the PUC shall refund any excess payments with 30 days of the final accounting.

7850.1900 APPLICATION CONTENTS.

Subpart 1. Site permit for LEPGP. An application for a site permit for a large electric power generating plant must contain the following information:

A. a statement of proposed ownership of the facility as of the day of filing and after commercial operation;

B. the precise name of any person or organization to be initially named as permittee or permittees and the name of any other person to whom the permit may be transferred if transfer of the permit is contemplated;

C. at least two proposed sites for the proposed large electric power generating plant and identification of the applicant's preferred site and the reasons for preferring the site;

D. a description of the proposed large electric power generating plant and all associated facilities, including the size and type of the facility;

E. the environmental information required under subpart 3;

F. the names of the owners of the property for each proposed site;

G. the engineering and operational design for the large electric power generating plant at each of the proposed sites;

H. a cost analysis of the large electric power generating plant at each proposed site, including the costs of constructing and operating the facility that are dependent on design and site;

I. an engineering analysis of each of the proposed sites, including how each site could accommodate expansion of generating capacity in the future;

J. identification of transportation, pipeline, and electrical transmission systems that will be required to construct, maintain, and operate the facility;

K. a listing and brief description of federal, state, and local permits that may be required for the project at each proposed site; and

L. a copy of the Certificate of Need for the project from the Public Utilities Commission or documentation that an application for a Certificate of Need has been submitted or is not required.

Subp. 2. **Route permit for HVTL.** An application for a route permit for a high voltage transmission line shall contain the following information:

A. a statement of proposed ownership of the facility at the time of filing the application and after commercial operation;

B. the precise name of any person or organization to be initially named as permittee or permittees and the name of any other person to whom the permit may be transferred if transfer of the permit is contemplated;

C. at least two proposed routes for the proposed high voltage transmission line and identification of the applicant's preferred route and the reasons for the preference;

D. a description of the proposed high voltage transmission line and all associated facilities including the size and type of the high voltage transmission line;

E. the environmental information required under subpart 3;

F. identification of land uses and environmental conditions along the proposed routes;

G. the names of each owner whose property is within any of the proposed routes for the high voltage transmission line;

H. United States Geological Survey topographical maps or other maps acceptable to the commission showing the entire length of the high voltage transmission line on all proposed routes;

I. identification of existing utility and public rights-of-way along or parallel to the proposed routes that have the potential to share the right-of-way with the proposed line;

J. the engineering and operational design concepts for the proposed high voltage transmission line, including information on the electric and magnetic fields of the transmission line;

K. cost analysis of each route, including the costs of constructing, operating, and maintaining the high voltage transmission line that are dependent on design and route;

L. a description of possible design options to accommodate expansion of the high voltage transmission line in the future;

M. the procedures and practices proposed for the acquisition and restoration of the right-of-way, construction, and maintenance of the high voltage transmission line;

N. a listing and brief description of federal, state, and local permits that may be required for the proposed high voltage transmission line; and

O. a copy of the Certificate of Need or the certified HVTL list containing the proposed high voltage transmission line or documentation that an application for a Certificate of Need has been submitted or is not required.

Subp. 3. Environmental information. An applicant for a site permit or a route permit shall include in the application the following environmental information for each proposed site or route to aid in the preparation of an environmental impact statement:

A. a description of the environmental setting for each site or route;

B. a description of the effects of construction and operation of the facility on human settlement, including, but not limited to, public health and safety, displacement, noise, aesthetics, socioeconomic impacts, cultural values, recreation, and public services;

C. a description of the effects of the facility on land-based economies, including, but not limited to, agriculture, forestry, tourism, and mining;

D. a description of the effects of the facility on archaeological and historic resources;

E. a description of the effects of the facility on the natural environment, including effects on air and water quality resources and flora and fauna;

F. a description of the effects of the facility on rare and unique natural resources;

G. identification of human and natural environmental effects that cannot be avoided if the facility is approved at a specific site or route; and

H. a description of measures that might be implemented to mitigate the potential human and environmental impacts identified in items A to G and the estimated costs of such mitigative measures.

7850.2000 APPLICATION REVIEW.

Subpart 1. **Review by commission.** Within ten working days of receipt of an application for a site permit or a route permit, the commission shall determine whether the application is complete and notify the applicant in writing of the acceptance or rejection of the application. If the commission rejects an application, the commission shall advise the applicant of the deficiencies in the application.

Subp. 2. **Resubmission of rejected application.** If the commission should reject an application, an applicant may decide to address the deficiencies identified by the commission and resubmit the application with additional information. In this event, the commission shall again review the application within ten days and determine whether the application is complete and advise the applicant of the commission's determination.

Subp. 3. **Reasons for rejection.** The commission shall not reject an application if the information that is missing can be obtained from the applicant within 60 days from the date of the application and the lack of the information will not interfere with the public's ability to review the proposed project.

Subp. 4. Schedule. The date of the commission's determination that an application is complete marks the start of the schedule for the commission to make a final decision on a permit application.

7850.2100 PROJECT NOTICE.

Subpart 1. Notification lists. The PUC shall maintain the notification lists described in items A and B.

A. The PUC shall maintain a list of persons who want to be notified of the acceptance of applications for site permits or route permits. Any person may request to have that person's name or an organization's name included on the list. The PUC may from time to time request that persons whose names are on the list advise the PUC whether they want to remain on the list, and the PUC may delete any names for which an affirmative response is not received within a reasonable time. A person whose name has been removed may request to have the name added back on the list. The PUC shall provide an applicant with the general list upon acceptance of an application.

B. The PUC shall maintain a project contact list for each project for which an application for a permit has been accepted. The project contact list must contain the names of persons who want to receive notices regarding the project. Any person may request to have that person's name or an organization's name included on a project contact list. The

PUC may add a person's name to the list if the PUC believes the person would like to receive notices about the particular project. The PUC shall provide an applicant with the project contact list upon request.

Subp. 2. Notification to persons on general list, to local officials, and to property owners. Within 15 days after submission of an application, the applicant shall mail written notice of the submission to the following people:

A. those persons whose names are on the general list maintained by the PUC for this purpose;

B. each regional development commission, county, incorporated municipality, and township in which any part of the site or route or any alternative is proposed to be located; and

C. each owner whose property is adjacent to any of the proposed sites for a large electric power generating plant or within any of the proposed routes for a high voltage transmission line. For purposes of giving notice under this item, owners are those persons shown on the records of the county auditor or, in any county where tax statements are mailed by the county treasurer, on the records of the county treasurer, or any other list of owners approved by the commission.

Subp. 3. **Content of notice.** The notice mailed under subpart 2 shall contain the following information:

A. a description of the proposed project, including a map showing the general area of the proposed site or proposed route and each alternative;

B. a statement that a permit application has been submitted to the PUC, the name of the permit applicant, and information regarding how a copy of the application may be obtained;

C. a statement that the permit application will be considered by the PUC under the provisions of parts 7850.1000 to 7850.5600 and the Power Plant Siting Act and describing the time periods for the PUC to act;

D. a statement that the PUC will hold a public meeting within 60 days and the date of the meeting if it is known at the time of the mailing;

E. the manner in which the PUC will conduct environmental review of the proposed project, including the holding of a scoping meeting at which additional alternatives to the project may be proposed;

F. the name of the PUC staff member who has been appointed by the commission to serve as the public advisor, if known, or otherwise, a general contact at the PUC;

G. the manner in which persons may register their names with the PUC on the project contact list;

H. a statement that a public hearing will be conducted after the EIS is prepared;

I. a statement indicating whether a certificate of need or other authorization from the Public Utilities Commission is required for the project and the status of the matter if such authorization is required;

J. a statement indicating whether the applicant may exercise the power of eminent domain to acquire the land necessary for the project and the basis for such authority; and

K. any other information requested by the commission to be included in the notice.

Subp. 4. **Publication of notice.** Within 15 days after submission of an application, the applicant shall publish notice in a legal newspaper of general circulation in each county in which a site, route, or any alternative is proposed to be located that an application has been submitted and a description of the proposed project. The notice must also state where a copy of the application may be reviewed.

Subp. 5. **Confirmation of notice.** Within 30 days after providing the requisite notice, the applicant shall submit to the PUC documentation that all notices required under this part have been given. The applicant shall document the giving of the notice by providing the PUC with affidavits of publication or mailing and copies of the notice provided.

Subp. 6. **Failure to give notice.** The failure of the applicant to give the requisite notice does not invalidate any ongoing permit proceedings provided the applicant has made a bona fide attempt to comply, although the commission may extend the time for the public to participate if the failure has interfered with the public's right to be informed about the project.

7850.2200 PUBLIC ADVISOR.

Upon acceptance of an application for a site or route permit, the commission shall designate a staff person to act as the public advisor on the project. The public advisor must be available to answer questions from the public about the permitting process. The public advisor shall not give legal advice or other advice that may affect the legal rights of the person being advised, and the public advisor shall not act as an advocate on behalf of any person.

7850.2300 PUBLIC MEETING.

Subpart 1. Scheduling public meeting. Upon acceptance of an application for a site or route permit, the commission shall schedule a public meeting to provide information to the public about the proposed project and to answer questions and to scope the environmental impact statement. The public meeting must be held no later than 60 days after acceptance of the application. The public meeting must be held in a location that is convenient for persons who live near the proposed project.

Subp. 2. Notice of public meeting. The PUC shall give at least ten days' notice of the public meeting by mailing notice to persons whose names are on the project contact list maintained pursuant to part 7850.2100, subpart 1. The PUC shall also publish notice of the public meeting in a legal newspaper of general circulation in the area where the project is proposed to be located. If appropriate, the PUC may request the applicant to include notice of the public meeting in the notice to be provided by the applicant pursuant to part 7850.2100.

Subp. 3. **Conduct of public meeting.** The commission shall appoint a person, who may be a PUC staff person, to conduct the public meeting. The public meeting must be conducted in an informal manner designed to encourage public participation. The public must be afforded an opportunity to present comments and ask questions. The PUC shall make available at the public meeting a copy of the application and other pertinent documents in the PUC files regarding the application. The staff shall explain the permitting process to the persons in attendance. A transcript of the meeting need not be maintained, although the PUC may elect to keep an audio recording of the meeting.

Subp. 4. **Applicant role.** The applicant shall provide representatives at the public meeting who are capable of answering general questions about the proposed project.

Subp. 5. **EIS scoping.** At the public meeting, the public must be provided an opportunity to comment on the scope of the environmental impact statement in accordance with part 7850.2500.

7850.2400 CITIZEN ADVISORY TASK FORCE.

Subpart 1. Authority. The commission has the authority to appoint a citizen advisory task force. The commission shall determine whether to appoint such a task force as early in the process as possible. The commission shall establish the size of the task force and appoint its members in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.08. The commission shall advise of the appointment of the task force at the next monthly commission meeting.

Subp. 2. **Commission decision.** If the commission decides not to appoint a citizen advisory task force and a person would like such a task force appointed, the person may request that the commission create a citizen advisory task force and appoint its members. Upon receipt of such a request, the commission shall place the matter on the agenda for the next regular monthly commission meeting.

Subp. 3. **Task force responsibilities.** Upon appointment of a citizen advisory task force, the commission shall specify in writing the charge to the task force. The charge shall include the identification of additional sites or routes or particular impacts to be evaluated in the environmental impact statement. The commission may establish additional charges, including a request that the task force express a preference for a specific site or route if it has one.

Subp. 4. **Termination of task force.** The task force expires upon completion of its charge, designation by the commission of alternative sites or routes to be included in the environmental impact statement, or the specific date identified by the commission in the charge, whichever occurs first.

7850.2500 EIS PREPARATION.

Subpart 1. **EIS required.** The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall prepare an environmental impact statement on each proposed large electric power generating plant and high voltage transmission line for which a permit application has been accepted by the commissioner.

Subp. 2. **Scoping process.** The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall provide the public with an opportunity to participate in the development of the scope of the environmental impact statement by holding a public meeting and by soliciting public comments. The public meeting required under part 7850.2300 satisfies the requirement to hold a scoping meeting. The commissioner shall provide a period of at least seven days from the day of the public meeting for the public to submit comments on the scope of the EIS. The commissioner shall determine the scope of the environmental impact statement as soon after holding the public meeting as possible. Within five days after the decision, the commissioner shall mail notice of the scoping decision to those persons whose names are on either the general list or the project contact list. Once the commissioner has determined the scope of the environmental impact statement, the scope must not be changed except upon decision by the commissioner that substantial changes have been made in the project or substantial new information has arisen significantly affecting the potential environmental effects of the project or the availability of reasonable alternatives.

Subp. 3. Alternative sites or routes. During the scoping process, a person may suggest alternative sites or routes to evaluate in the environmental impact statement. A person desiring that a particular site or route be evaluated shall submit to the commissioner of the Department of Commerce, during the scoping process, an explanation of why the site or route should be included in the environmental impact statement and any other supporting information the person wants the commissioner to consider. The commissioner shall provide the applicant with an opportunity to respond to each request that an alternative be included in the environmental impact statement only if the commissioner determines that evaluation of the proposed site or route will assist in the commissioner's decision on the permit application.

Subp. 4. **Scope of EIS.** The scoping process must be used to reduce the scope and bulk of an environmental impact statement by identifying the potentially significant issues and alternatives requiring analysis and establishing the detail into which the issues will be analyzed. The scoping decision by the commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall at least address the following:

A. the issues to be addressed in the environmental impact statement;

B. the alternative sites and routes to be addressed in the environmental impact statement; and

C. the schedule for completion of the environmental impact statement.

Subp. 5. **Matters excluded.** When the Public Utilities Commission has issued a Certificate of Need for a large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line or placed a high voltage transmission line on the certified HVTL list maintained by the commission, the environmental impact statement shall not address questions of need, including size, type, and timing; questions of alternative system configurations; or questions of voltage.

Subp. 6. **Draft EIS.** The draft environmental impact statement must be written in plain and objective language. The draft environmental impact statement shall follow the standard format for an environmental impact statement prescribed in part 4410.2300 to the extent the requirements of that rule are appropriate.

Subp. 7. **Public review.** Upon completion of the draft environmental impact statement, the commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall make the document available for public review by placing a copy of the document in a public library or other governmental office in each county where the proposed project may be located. The commissioner shall send notice of the availability of the draft environmental impact statement to each person on the project contact list maintained under part 7850.2100, subpart 1. The commissioner shall also place a notice in the EQB Monitor of the availability of the draft environmental impact statement. The commissioner shall post the environmental impact statement on the agency's web page if possible.

Subp. 8. **Informational meeting.** The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall schedule an informational meeting to provide an opportunity for the public to comment on the draft environmental impact statement. The meeting must not be held sooner than 20 days after the draft environmental impact statement becomes available. The meeting must be held in a location convenient to persons who live near the proposed project. The commissioner shall send notice of the informational meeting to each person on the project contact list maintained under part 7850.2100, subpart 1. The commissioner shall also place notice in the EQB Monitor. The informational meeting may be held just prior to the holding of a contested case hearing on the permit application. The commissioner shall hold the record on the environmental impact statement open for receipt of written comments for not less than ten days after the close of the informational meeting.

Subp. 9. **Final EIS.** The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall respond to the timely substantive comments received on the draft environmental impact statement consistent with the scoping decision and prepare the final environmental impact statement. The commissioner may attach to the draft environmental impact statement the comments received and its response to comments without preparing a separate document. The commissioner shall publish notice of the availability of the final environmental impact statement in the EQB Monitor and shall supply a press release to at least one newspaper of general circulation in the areas where the proposed sites or routes are located.

Subp. 10. Adequacy determination. The Public Utilities Commission shall determine the adequacy of the final environmental impact statement. The commission shall not decide the adequacy for at least ten days after the availability of the final environmental impact statement is announced in the EQB Monitor. The final environmental impact statement is adequate if it:

A. addresses the issues and alternatives raised in scoping to a reasonable extent considering the availability of information and the time limitations for considering the permit application;

B. provides responses to the timely substantive comments received during the draft environmental impact statement review process; and

C. was prepared in compliance with the procedures in parts 7850.1000 to 7850.5600.

If the commission finds that the environmental impact statement is not adequate, the commission shall direct the staff to respond to the deficiencies and resubmit the revised environmental impact statement to the commission as soon as possible.

Subp. 11. **Cost.** The applicant for a site permit or route permit shall pay the reasonable costs of preparing and distributing an environmental impact statement. The costs must not be assessed separately from the assessment under part 7850.1800 unless that assessment is inadequate to cover the commissioner's reasonable costs of considering the permit application.

Subp. 12. Environmental review requirements. The requirements of chapter 4410 and parts 7849.1000 to 7849.2100 do not apply to the preparation or consideration of an environmental impact statement for a large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line except as provided in parts 7850.1000 to 7850.5600.

7850.2600 CONTESTED CASE HEARING.

Subpart 1. **Hearing.** The PUC shall hold a contested case hearing after the draft environmental impact statement is prepared on all applications for a site permit or a route permit. The hearing must be conducted by an administrative law judge from the Office of Administrative Hearings pursuant to the contested case procedures of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14. Notice of the hearing must be given in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.03, subdivision 6. At least a portion of the hearing must be held in a county where the proposed large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line would be located.

Subp. 2. **Issues.** Once the commission has determined questions of need, including size, type, and timing; questions of system configuration; and questions of voltage, those issues must not be addressed in the contested case hearing.

Subp. 3. **Hearing.** If the commission determines that a hearing to consider both permitting and need issues is feasible, more efficient, and may further the public interest, the commission may decide to hold a hearing. The commission may also elect to hold a joint hearing with other states pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.02, subdivision 3.

7850.2700 FINAL DECISION.

Subpart 1. **Timing.** The commission shall make a final decision on a site permit or a route permit application within 60 days after receipt of the report of the administrative law judge. A final decision must be made within one year after the commission's determination that an application is complete. The commission may extend this time limit for up to three months for just cause or upon agreement of the applicant.

Subp. 2. **EIS adequacy.** The commission shall not make a final decision on a permit until the commission has found the environmental impact statement to be adequate.

Subp. 3. Certificate of need decision. The PUC shall not make a final decision on a permit for a project that requires a Certificate of Need from the Public Utilities Commission until the applicant has obtained the necessary approval.

Subp. 4. Notice. The PUC shall publish notice of its final permit decision in the State Register within 30 days of the date the commission makes the decision. The PUC shall also publish notice in the EQB Monitor. The PUC shall mail notice of its final permit decision to those persons whose names are on the project contact list. The PUC shall post notice of the final decision on the agency's web page, if possible.

7850.2800 ELIGIBLE PROJECTS.

Subpart 1. Eligible projects. An applicant for a site permit or a route permit for one of the following projects may elect to follow the procedures of parts 7850.2800 to 7850.3900 instead of the full permitting procedures in parts 7850.1700 to 7850.2700:

A. large electric power generating plants with a capacity of less than 80 megawatts;

B. large electric power generating plants that are fueled by natural gas;

C. high voltage transmission lines of between 100 and 200 kilovolts;

D. high voltage transmission lines in excess of 200 kilovolts and less than five miles in length in Minnesota;

E. high voltage transmission lines in excess of 200 kilovolts if at least 80 percent of the distance of the line in Minnesota will be located along existing high voltage transmission line rights-of-way;

F. a high voltage transmission line service extension to a single customer between 200 and 300 kilovolts and less than ten miles in length; and

G. a high voltage transmission line rerouting to serve the demand of a single customer when the rerouted line will be located at least 80 percent on property owned or controlled by the customer or the owner of the transmission line.

Subp. 2. Notice to PUC. An applicant for a permit for one of the qualifying projects in subpart 1, who intends to follow the procedures of parts 7850.2800 to 7850.3700, shall notify the PUC of such intent, in writing, at least ten days before submitting an application for the project.

7850.2900 PERMIT APPLICATION UNDER ALTERNATIVE PROCESS.

Part 7850.1700, regarding submission of a permit application, applies to projects being considered under the alternative permitting process.

7850.3000 PERMIT FEES.

Part 7850.1800, regarding permit fees, applies to projects being considered under the alternative permitting process.

7850.3100 CONTENTS OF APPLICATION.

The applicant shall include in the application the same information required in part 7850.1900, except the applicant need not propose any alternative sites or routes to the preferred site or route. If the applicant has rejected alternative sites or routes, the applicant shall include in the application the identity of the rejected sites or routes and an explanation of the reasons for rejecting them.

7850.3200 APPLICATION REVIEW.

Part 7850.2000 regarding the commission's review of the application, applies to projects being considered under the alternative permitting process.

7850.3300 PROJECT NOTICE.

Part 7850.2100, regarding obligations to give notice of the project, applies to projects being considered under the alternative permitting process.

7850.3400 PUBLIC ADVISOR.

Part 7850.2200, regarding appointment of a public advisor, applies to projects being considered under the alternative permitting process.

7850.3500 PUBLIC MEETING.

Subpart 1. **Public meeting.** Part 7850.2300, subparts 1 to 4, apply to projects being considered under the alternative permitting process.

Subp. 2. Environmental assessment. At the public meeting, the public shall be provided an opportunity to comment on the scope of the environmental assessment in accordance with part 7850.3700.

7850.3600 CITIZEN ADVISORY TASK FORCE.

Part 7850.2400, regarding the appointment of a citizen advisory task force, applies to projects being considered under the alternative permitting process.

7850.3700 ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT PREPARATION.

Subpart 1. Environmental assessment required. The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall prepare an environmental assessment on each proposed large electric power generating plant and each proposed high voltage transmission line being reviewed under the alternative permitting process in parts 7850.2800 to 7850.3900. The environmental assessment must contain information on the human and environmental impacts of the proposed project and of alternative sites or routes identified by the commissioner and shall address mitigating measures for all sites or routes considered.

Subp. 2. Scoping process.

A. The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall provide the public with an opportunity to participate in the development of the scope of the environmental assessment by holding a public meeting and by soliciting public comments. The public meeting required under part 7850.3500 satisfies the requirement to hold a scoping meeting. The commissioner shall mail notice of the meeting to those persons on either the general list or the project contact list at least ten days before the meeting. The commissioner shall provide at least seven days from the day of the public meeting for the public to submit comments regarding the scope of the environmental assessment.

B. The commissioner shall include in the scope of the environmental assessment any alternative sites or routes proposed by the citizen advisory task force or by any member agency of the Environmental Quality Board prior to the close of the scoping period. During the scoping process, any person may suggest an alternative site or route to evaluate in the environmental assessment. A person desiring that a particular site or route be evaluated shall submit to the commissioner, during the scoping process, an explanation of why the site or route should be included in the environmental assessment and all supporting information the person wants the commissioner to consider. The commissioner shall provide the applicant with an opportunity to respond to each request that an alternative be included in the environmental assessment. The commissioner shall include the suggested site or route in the scope of the environmental assessment only if the commissioner determines that evaluation of the proposed site or route will assist in the commissioner's ultimate decision on the permit application. Any person may also suggest specific human or environmental impacts that should be included in the environmental assessment.

Subp. 3. **Scoping decision.** The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall determine the scope of the environmental assessment within ten days after close of the public comment period and shall mail notice of the scoping decision to those persons on the project contact list within five days after the decision. Once the commissioner has determined the scope of the environmental assessment, the scope shall not be changed except upon a decision by the commissioner that substantial changes have been made in the project or substantial new information has arisen significantly affecting the potential environmental effects of the project or the availability of reasonable alternatives. The commissioner shall also determine as part of the scoping process a reasonable schedule for completion of the environmental assessment. The scoping decision by the commissioner must identify:

A. the alternative sites or routes, if any, to be addressed in the environmental assessment;

B. any specific potential impacts to be addressed;

C. the schedule for completion of the environmental assessment; and

D. other matters to be included in the environmental assessment.

Subp. 4. **Content of environmental assessment.** The environmental assessment must include:

A. a general description of the proposed facility;

B. a list of any alternative sites or routes that are addressed;

C. a discussion of the potential impacts of the proposed project and each alternative site or route on the human and natural environment;

D. a discussion of mitigative measures that could reasonably be implemented to eliminate or minimize any adverse impacts identified for the proposed project and each alternative site or route analyzed;

E. an analysis of the feasibility of each alternative site or route considered;

F. a list of permits required for the project; and

G. a discussion of other matters identified in the scoping process.

Subp. 5. Time frame for completion of environmental assessment. The commissioner of the Department of Commerce shall complete the environmental assessment in accordance with the schedule established during the scoping process. In establishing the schedule for completion of the environmental assessment, the commissioner shall take into account any applicable statutory deadlines, the number and complexity of the alternatives and impacts to be addressed, the status of other proceedings affecting the project, and the interests of the public, the applicant, and the commissioner.

Subp. 6. Notification of availability of environmental assessment. Upon completion of the environmental assessment, the commissioner shall publish notice in the EQB Monitor of the availability of the environmental assessment and mail notice of the availability of the document to those persons on the project contact list. The commissioner shall provide a copy of the environmental assessment to any public agency with authority to permit or approve the proposed project. The commissioner shall post the environmental assessment on the agency's web page, if possible.

Subp. 7. **Matters excluded.** When the Public Utilities Commission has issued a Certificate of Need for a large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line or placed a high voltage transmission line on the certified HVTL list maintained by the commission, the environmental assessment shall not address questions of need, including size, type, and timing; questions of alternative system configurations; or questions of voltage.

Subp. 8. No additional environmental review. An environmental assessment must be the only state environmental review document required to be prepared by the commissioner of the Department of Commerce on a project qualifying for review under the alternative review process. No environmental assessment worksheet or environmental impact statement shall be required. Environmental review at the certificate of need stage before the Public Utilities Commission must be performed in accordance with parts 7849.1000 to 7849.2100.

Subp. 9. **Cost.** The cost of the preparation of an environmental assessment must be assessed to the applicant as part of the application fee pursuant to part 7850.1800.

7850.3800 PUBLIC HEARING.

Subpart 1. **Public hearing.** The PUC shall hold a public hearing once the environmental assessment has been completed. Notice of the hearing shall be given in accordance with

Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.03, subdivision 6. At least a portion of the hearing shall be held in a county where the proposed large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line would be located.

Subp. 2. **Hearing examiner.** The commission shall appoint a person to act as the hearing examiner at the public hearing. The hearing examiner may be an employee of the PUC. The hearing examiner shall set the date and place for the hearing and provide notice to the public. The hearing examiner may make such rulings as are required to conduct the hearing in a fair, impartial, and expeditious manner, including the authority to maintain decorum at the hearing, to exclude repetitious or irrelevant testimony, to limit the amount of time for oral testimony, and to continue the hearing from time to time as needed. Persons may testify at the hearing without being first sworn under oath. The hearing examiner shall ensure that the record created at the hearing is preserved and transmitted to the commission. An audio recording of the hearing must be made, unless the commission determines that a court reporter is appropriate. The hearing examiner shall not prepare a report or make any recommendation to the commission unless the commission requests the hearing examiner to do so.

Subp. 3. **Hearing procedure.** The hearing must be conducted in the following manner, although the hearing examiner may vary the order in which the hearing proceeds:

A. the staff shall make a brief presentation to describe the project, explain the process to be followed, and introduce documents to be included in the record, including the application, the environmental assessment, and various procedural documents;

B. the applicant shall introduce its evidence by way of testimony and exhibits;

C. the public must be afforded an opportunity to make an oral presentation, present documentary evidence, and ask questions of the applicant and staff;

D. the hearing examiner shall provide a period of not less than ten days for the submission of written comments into the record after the close of the hearing; and

E. the hearing examiner shall transmit the complete record created at the hearing, including all written comments, to the commission within five days of the close of the record, unless the hearing examiner has been requested by the commission to prepare a report.

Subp. 4. **Issues.** Once the Public Utilities Commission has determined questions of need, including size, type, and timing; questions of system configurations; and questions of voltage, those issues must not be addressed in the public hearing.

Subp. 5. Environmental assessment. Interested persons may comment upon the environmental assessment at the public hearing. Comments on the environmental assessment shall become part of the record in the proceeding but the commission shall not be required to revise or supplement the environmental assessment document.

7850.3900 FINAL DECISION.

Subpart 1. **Timing.** The commission shall make a final decision on a site permit or a route permit application within 60 days after receipt of the record from the hearing examiner. A final decision must be made within six months after the commission's determination that an application is complete. The commission may extend this time limit for up to three months for just cause or upon agreement of the applicant.

Subp. 2. **Completeness of environmental assessment.** At the time the commission makes a final decision on the permit application, the commission shall determine whether the environmental assessment and the record created at the public hearing address the issues identified in the scoping decision.

Subp. 3. Certificate of need decision. The PUC shall not make a final decision on a permit for a project that requires a certificate of need from the Public Utilities Commission until the applicant has obtained the necessary approval from the Public Utilities Commission.

Subp. 4. **Notice.** The PUC shall publish notice of its final permit decision in the State Register within 30 days of the day the commission makes the decision. The PUC shall also publish notice in the EQB Monitor. The PUC shall mail notice of its final permit decision to those persons whose names are on the project contact list. The PUC shall post notice of the final decision on the agency's web page, if possible.

7850.4100 FACTORS CONSIDERED.

In determining whether to issue a permit for a large electric power generating plant or a high voltage transmission line, the commission shall consider the following:

A. effects on human settlement, including, but not limited to, displacement, noise, aesthetics, cultural values, recreation, and public services;

B. effects on public health and safety;

C. effects on land-based economies, including, but not limited to, agriculture, forestry, tourism, and mining;

D. effects on archaeological and historic resources;

E. effects on the natural environment, including effects on air and water quality resources and flora and fauna;

F. effects on rare and unique natural resources;

G. application of design options that maximize energy efficiencies, mitigate adverse environmental effects, and could accommodate expansion of transmission or generating capacity;

H. use or paralleling of existing rights-of-way, survey lines, natural division lines, and agricultural field boundaries;

I. use of existing large electric power generating plant sites;

J. use of existing transportation, pipeline, and electrical transmission systems or rights-of-way;

K. electrical system reliability;

L. costs of constructing, operating, and maintaining the facility which are dependent on design and route;

M. adverse human and natural environmental effects which cannot be avoided; and

N. irreversible and irretrievable commitments of resources.

7850.4200 FACTORS EXCLUDED.

When the Public Utilities Commission has issued a Certificate of Need for a large electric power generating plant or a high voltage transmission line or placed a high voltage transmission line on the certified HVTL list maintained by the commission, questions of need, including size, type, and timing, questions of alternative system configurations, and questions of voltage shall not be factors considered by the commission in deciding whether to issue a permit for a proposed facility.

7850.4500 PERMIT APPLICATION REJECTION.

The commission shall reject a permit application at the time it is submitted if the application is for a facility to be located on a prohibited site or within a prohibited route or if the applicant fails to address in the application why no feasible and prudent alternative exists for sites or routes that may be authorized in such a situation.

7850.4600 PERMIT CONDITIONS.

Subpart 1. Generally. The commission shall impose in any site permit for a large electric power generating plant or route permit for a high voltage transmission line such conditions as the commission deems appropriate and are supported by the record.

Subp. 2. **HVTL permits.** When the commission issues a permit for a route for a high voltage transmission line, the commission shall specify the design, route, right-of-way preparation, and facility construction and operation it deems necessary. The commission may impose a condition in the permit requiring the permittee to construct a high voltage transmission line that is capable of expansion in transmission capacity through multiple circuiting or design modifications.

7850.4700 DELAY IN ROUTE OR SITE CONSTRUCTION.

If construction and improvement of a route or site have not commenced four years after the permit has been issued by the commission, the commission shall suspend the permit. If at that time, or at a time subsequent, the permittee decides to construct the proposed large electric power generating facility or high voltage transmission line, the permittee shall certify to the commission that there have been no significant changes in any material aspects of the conditions or circumstances existing when the permit was issued. The commission shall mail notice of receipt of the certification request to those persons on the general list at least seven days before the commission's consideration of the matter, and the same notice to those persons on the project contact list if such a list exists. If the commission determines that there are no significant changes, it shall reinstate the permit. If the commission determines that there is a significant change, it may order a new hearing and consider the matter further, or it may require the permittee to file a new application.

7850.4800 MINOR ALTERATION IN GENERATING PLANT OR TRANSMISSION LINE.

Subpart 1. **Applicability.** No person may make a minor alteration in a large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line without approval from the commission, unless the action is exempt from review under part 7850.1500. A minor alteration is a change in a large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line that does not result in significant changes in the human or environmental impact of the facility. The requirements of this part apply to those facilities that have been permitted by the PUC and to those facilities that were not permitted by the PUC but meet the definition of a large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line under applicable law. For those large electric power generating plants or high voltage transmission lines for which no permit has been issued by the PUC, this part applies to minor alterations in the facility as it exists on February 18, 2003.

Subp. 2. **Application.** A person seeking authorization to make a minor alteration in a large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line shall apply to the commission. The application shall be in writing and shall describe the alteration in the large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line to be made and the explanation why the alteration is minor. The commission shall mail notice of receipt of the application to those persons on the general list and to those persons on the project contact list if such a list exists. The commission shall provide at least a ten-day period for interested persons to submit comments on the application or to request that the matter be brought to the commission for consideration.

Subp. 3. **Commission decision.** The commission shall decide within ten days after close of the public comment period whether to authorize the minor alteration, bring the matter to the commission for consideration, or determine that the alteration is not minor and requires a full permitting decision. The commission may authorize the minor alteration but impose reasonable conditions on the approval. The commission shall notify the applicant in writing of the commission's decision and send a copy of the decision to any person who requested notification or filed comments on the application.

Subp. 4. Local review. For those large electric power generating plants or high voltage transmission lines for which no permit has been issued by the PUC, the owner or operator of such unpermitted facilities may elect to seek approval of a minor alteration from the local unit of government if the facility qualifies for local review under Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.05.

7850.4900 AMENDMENT OF PERMIT CONDITIONS.

Subpart 1. Authority. The commission may amend any of the conditions in a site permit for a large electric power generating plant or in a route permit for a high voltage transmission line issued by the PUC upon request of any person.

Subp. 2. **Process.** The person requesting an amendment of a condition in a site permit or a route permit shall submit an application to the commission in writing describing the amendment sought and the reasons for the amendment. The commission shall mail notice of receipt of the application to those persons on the general list and to those persons on the project list if such a list exists. The commission shall provide at least a ten-day period for interested persons to submit comments on the application or to request that the matter be brought to the commission for consideration.

Subp. 3. **Decision.** The commission shall decide within ten days after close of the public comment period whether to approve the amendment request or to bring the matter to the commission for consideration. The commission shall notify the applicant in writing of the commission's decision and send a copy of the decision to any person who requested notification or filed comments on the application.

7850.5000 PERMIT TRANSFER.

Subpart 1. **Application.** A permittee holding a large electric power generating plant site permit or a high voltage transmission line route permit may request the PUC to transfer its permit. The permittee shall provide the name of the existing permittee, the name and description of the entity to which the permit is to be transferred, the reasons for the transfer, a description of the facilities affected, and the proposed effective date of the transfer. The person to whom the permit is to be transferred shall provide the PUC with such information as the PUC shall require to determine whether the new permittee can comply with the conditions of the permit. The commission shall mail notice of receipt of the application to those persons on the general list at least seven days in advance of the commission's consideration of the matter. The commission shall provide the same notice to persons on the project contact list if such a list exists.

Subp. 2. **Approval of transfer.** The commission shall approve the transfer if the commission determines that the new permittee will comply with the conditions of the permit. The commission, in approving the transfer of a permit, may impose reasonable additional conditions in the permit as part of the approval. The commission may decide to hold a public meeting to provide the public with an opportunity to comment on the request for the transfer prior to making a decision.

7850.5100 PERMIT REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION.

Subpart 1. Initiation of action to revoke or suspend. The commission may initiate action to consider revocation or suspension of a permit on its own motion or upon the request of any person who has made a prima facie showing by affidavit and documentation that a violation of the act, parts 7850.1000 to 7850.5600, or the permit has occurred.

Subp. 2. **Hearing.** If the commission initiates action to consider revocation or suspension of a permit, the commission shall provide the permittee with an opportunity for a contested case hearing conducted by an administrative law judge from the Office of Administrative Hearings.

Subp. 3. Finding of violation. If the commission finds that a violation of the act, parts 7850.1000 to 7850.5600, or the permit has occurred, it may revoke or suspend the permit,

require the utility to undertake corrective or ameliorative measures as a condition to avoid revocation or suspension, or require corrective measures and suspend the permit. In determining the appropriate sanction, the commission shall consider the following:

A. whether the violation will result in any significant additional adverse environmental effects;

B. whether the results of the violation can be corrected or ameliorated; and

C. whether a suspension or revocation of a permit or certificate will impair the utility's electrical power system reliability.

7850.5200 EMERGENCY PERMIT.

Subpart 1. **Application for emergency permit.** Any utility whose electric power system requires the immediate construction of a large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line due to a major unforeseen event may apply to the commission for an emergency permit. The application must contain the following information:

A. a description of the proposed large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line;

B. an explanation of the major unforeseen event causing the emergency situation;

C. a discussion of the anticipated impacts on the electric system if the proposed facility is not approved within 195 days;

D. a copy of the written notification to the Public Utilities Commission of the major unforeseen event and the need for immediate construction; and

E. as much of the information required under part 7850.1900 as the utility has available.

Subp. 2. **Public hearing.** The PUC shall hold a public hearing on the application for an emergency permit. The hearing must be held within 90 days after the application is submitted. The hearing must be held in accordance with part 7850.3800.

Subp. 3. **Final decision.** The commission shall make a final decision on an emergency permit within 195 days after the commission's acceptance of the application. The board shall grant the emergency permit if it finds the following:

A. a demonstrable emergency exists;

B. the emergency requires immediate construction;

C. adherence to the procedures and time schedules specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 216E.03, would jeopardize the utility's electric power system or the utility's ability to meet the electric needs of its customers in an orderly and timely manner;

D. the utility will implement mitigating measures to minimize the human and environmental impacts of the facility; and

E. the utility will carry out the project in an expeditious manner consistent with the emergency.

Subp. 4. **Permit conditions.** The commission may impose reasonable conditions in an emergency permit.

Subp. 5. **Permit fee.** The applicant for an emergency permit shall pay the same fee as would be required for a regular permit for the same project.

7850.5300 LOCAL REVIEW OF PROPOSED FACILITIES.

Subpart 1. Local review. An applicant who seeks a site or route permit for one of the projects identified in subpart 2 has the option of applying to those local units of government that have jurisdiction over the site or route for approval to build the project. If local approval

is granted, a site or route permit is not required from the commission. If the applicant files an application with the PUC, the applicant shall be deemed to have waived its right to seek local approval of the project.

Subp. 2. Eligible projects. An applicant may seek approval from a local unit of government to construct the following projects:

A. a large electric power generating plant with a capacity of less than 80 megawatts;

B. a large electric power generating plant of any size that burns natural gas and is intended to be a peaking plant;

C. a high voltage transmission line of between 100 and 200 kilovolts;

D. a substation with a voltage designed for and capable of operation at a nominal voltage of 100 kilovolts or more;

E. a high voltage transmission line service extension to a single customer between 200 and 300 kilovolts and less than ten miles in length; and

F. a high voltage transmission line rerouting to serve the demand of a single customer when at least 80 percent of the rerouted line will be located on property owned or controlled by the customer or the owner of the transmission line.

Subp. 3. Notice to PUC. Within ten days of submission of an application to a local unit of government for approval of an eligible project, the applicant shall notify the commission in writing that the applicant has elected to seek local approval of the proposed project. Within the same ten-day period, the applicant shall mail notice to those persons on the general notification list that a permit has been applied for from the local unit of government for the project and shall provide a description of the project and the name of a person with the local unit of government to contact for more information.

Subp. 4. **Referral to PUC.** A local unit of government with jurisdiction over a project identified in this section to whom an applicant has applied for approval to build the project may request the PUC to assume jurisdiction and make a decision on a site or route permit. A local unit of government shall file the request with the commission within 60 days after an application for the project has been filed with any one local unit of government. If one of the local units of government with jurisdiction over the project requests the commission to assume jurisdiction, jurisdiction over the project transfers to the commission and the applicant shall file under the applicable provisions of parts 7850.1000 to 7850.5600 for a permit from the commission.

Subp. 5. Environmental review. A local unit of government that maintains jurisdiction over a qualifying project shall prepare an environmental assessment on the project. The local unit of government shall afford the public an opportunity to participate in the development of the scope of the environmental assessment before it is prepared. Upon completion of the environmental assessment, the local unit of government shall publish notice in the EQB Monitor that the environmental assessment is available for review, how a copy of the document may be reviewed, that the public may comment on the document, and the procedure for submitting comments to the local unit of government. The local unit of government shall provide a copy of the environmental assessment to the PUC upon completion of the document. The local unit of government shall not make a final decision on the permit until at least ten days after the notice appears in the EQB Monitor. If more than one local unit of government has jurisdiction over a project, and the local units of government cannot agree on which unit will prepare the environmental assessment, any local unit of government or the applicant may request the commission to select the appropriate local unit of government to be the responsible governmental unit to conduct an environmental review of the project.

Subp. 6. **No local authority.** In the event a local unit of government that might otherwise have jurisdiction over a proposed large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line determines that it has no ordinances or other provisions for

reviewing and authorizing the construction of such project or has no capability of preparing an environmental assessment on the project, the local unit of government shall refer the matter to the PUC for review.

Subp. 7. **Matters excluded.** When the Public Utilities Commission has issued a Certificate of Need for a large electric power generating plant or high voltage transmission line or placed a high voltage transmission line on the certified HVTL list maintained by the commission, the local unit of government shall not address questions of need, including size, type, and timing; questions of alternative system configurations; or questions of voltage.

7850.5400 ANNUAL PUBLIC HEARING.

Subpart 1. **Annual public hearing.** The commission shall hold an annual public hearing in November or December in St. Paul in order to advise the public of matters relating to the siting of large electric power generating plants and routing of high voltage transmission lines. The meeting must be conducted by the PUC staff. At the meeting, the PUC shall advise the public of the permits issued by the PUC in the past year. The PUC shall invite representatives of other state agencies to attend the meeting and be available to answer questions by the public. An audio recording of the hearing must be maintained.

Subp. 2. **Notice.** The PUC shall provide at least ten days but no more than 45 days notice of the annual hearing by mailing notice to those persons who have requested notice and by publication in the EQB Monitor. The notice must be accompanied by a tentative agenda for the hearing.

Subp. 3. **Report.** The staff shall prepare a report of the annual hearing within 60 days after the hearing and submit it to the commission. No action on the report is required.

7850.5500 ANNUAL ASSESSMENT ON UTILITIES.

For purposes of determining the annual assessment on a utility pursuant to the act, each utility shall, on or before July 1 of each year, submit to the commission a report of its retail kilowatt-hour sales in the state and its gross revenue from kilowatt-hour sales in the state for the preceding calendar or utility reporting year. Upon receipt of these reports, the commission shall bill each utility as specified in the act.

7850.5600 PROGRAM ADVISORY TASK FORCE.

The commission may appoint a program advisory task force to provide advice and recommendations concerning development, revision, and enforcement of any rule or program initiated under the act or parts 7850.1000 to 7850.5600. The commission shall provide guidance to the program advisory task force in the form of a charge and through specific requests. The program advisory task force must be composed of as many members as may be designated by the commission and its membership must be solicited on a statewide basis. The program advisory task force and its chair must be appointed for a one-year term.

7854.0100 **DEFINITIONS.**

Subpart 1. Scope. As used in this chapter, the following terms have the meanings given them.

Subp. 2. Associated facilities. "Associated facilities" means facilities, equipment, machinery, and other devices necessary to the operation and maintenance of a large wind energy conversion system, including access roads, collector and feeder lines, and substations.

Subp. 3. **Commission.** "Commission" means the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission.

Subp. 4. **Construction.** "Construction" means to begin or cause to begin as part of a continuous program the placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment or to conduct significant site preparation work for installation of facilities or equipment. Entering

into binding power purchase contracts or obtaining wind easements from property owners or gathering wind data is not construction.

Subp. 5. **Draft site permit.** "Draft site permit" means a document prepared by the chair that indicates a preliminary decision to issue a site permit with particular terms and conditions.

Subp. 6. **EQB Monitor.** "EQB Monitor" means the biweekly bulletin published by the Environmental Quality Board.

Subp. 7. Large wind energy conversion system or LWECS. "Large wind energy conversion system" or "LWECS" means a combination of wind energy conversion systems with a combined nameplate capacity of 5,000 kilowatts or more.

Subp. 8. **Person.** "Person" means an individual, partnership, joint venture, private or public corporation, association, firm, public service company, cooperative, political subdivision, municipal corporation, government agency, public utility district, or any other entity, public or private, however organized.

Subp. 9. **Power purchase agreement.** "Power purchase agreement" means a legally enforceable agreement between two or more persons where one or more of the signatories agrees to provide electrical power and one or more of the signatories agrees to purchase the power.

Subp. 10. PUC. "PUC" means the commission and the commission's staff.

Subp. 11. Site permit. "Site permit" means a document issued by the commission authorizing a person or persons to construct a large wind energy conversion system under the terms and conditions specified in the document.

Subp. 12. Small wind energy conversion system or SWECS. "Small wind energy conversion system" or "SWECS" means a combination of wind energy conversion systems with a combined nameplate capacity of less than 5,000 kilowatts.

Subp. 13. Wind energy conversion system or WECS. "Wind energy conversion system" or "WECS" means a device such as a wind charger, windmill, or wind turbine and associated facilities that converts wind energy to electric energy.

7854.0200 PURPOSE.

This chapter provides for the consideration of applications for site permits for large wind energy conversion systems by the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission. This chapter is intended to provide for the siting of large wind energy conversion systems in an orderly manner compatible with environmental preservation, sustainable development, and the efficient use of resources.

7854.0300 PERMIT REQUIREMENT.

Subpart 1. **LWECS.** No person may construct an LWECS without a site permit from the commission. No person may commence construction of an LWECS until the commission has issued a site permit for the LWECS.

Subp. 2. **SWECS.** A site permit from the commission is not required to construct an SWECS. Nothing in this chapter precludes a local governmental unit from establishing requirements for the siting and construction of an SWECS.

Subp. 3. **Expansion of existing system.** No person may expand an existing LWECS by any amount or expand an SWECS to exceed 5,000 kilowatts without a site permit from the commission. A new project is considered an expansion of an existing WECS if the new WECS is within five miles of any turbine in the existing WECS, both projects are under common ownership, and a permit application for the new WECS is submitted to the PUC less than three years after the existing WECS commenced operation. Two WECS are under common ownership if the proposer of the new project, or a principal of the proposer, has

an ownership or other financial interest in the existing WECS, although two projects are not under common ownership solely because the same person provided equity financing for both projects. The requirements of this subpart do not apply to any proposed SWECS for which the necessary local approvals were obtained prior to October 1, 2002, and for which construction started prior to December 31, 2002.

7854.0400 FILING APPLICATION FOR SITE PERMIT; PROTECTING DATA.

Subpart 1. **Number of copies.** A person seeking a site permit for an LWECS shall file three copies of the application for the site permit with the PUC for review prior to acceptance of the application.

Subp. 2. **Electronic copy.** A person filing an application for a site permit for an LWECS shall provide the PUC with an electronic version of the application suitable for posting on the PUC web page. An applicant may request that the commission waive this requirement, completely or in part, if an electronic version of the application is difficult or expensive for the applicant to obtain.

Subp. 3. Not public data. An applicant for a site permit for an LWECS may certify, according to the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act or other applicable law, that certain information in the application is trade secret information or other protected data or information that is not available to the public. The commission shall determine if the certified data or information satisfies the requirements for the protected classification and shall advise the applicant of the commission's determination before releasing any certified data or information. An applicant may withdraw its application if the commission determines that the data or information is not entitled to the protected classification. Any person aggrieved by the decision of the commission regarding the status of certain data may request the commission to reconsider it's decision. The PUC shall ensure that data or information that is entitled to a protected classification is used and disclosed only according to applicable law.

7854.0500 SITE PERMIT APPLICATION CONTENTS.

Subpart 1. **Applicant.** An applicant for a site permit must provide the following background information regarding the applicant:

A. a letter of transmittal signed by an authorized representative or agent of the applicant;

B. the complete name, address, and telephone number of the applicant and any authorized representative;

C. the signature of the preparer of the application if prepared by an agent or consultant of the applicant;

D. the role of the permit applicant in the construction and operation of the LWECS;

E. the identity of any other LWECS located in Minnesota in which the applicant, or a principal of the applicant, has an ownership or other financial interest;

F. the operator of the LWECS if different from the applicant; and

G. the name of the person or persons to be the permittees if a site permit is issued.

Subp. 2. Certificate of need or other commitment.

A. The applicant shall state in the application whether a certificate of need for the system is required from the commission and, if so, the anticipated schedule for obtaining the certificate of need. The commission shall not issue a site permit for an LWECS for which a certificate of need is required until the applicant obtains the certificate, although the commission may process the application while the certificate of need request is pending before the commission.

B. The commission may determine if a certificate of need is required for a particular LWECS for which the commission has received a site permit application.

C. If a certificate of need is not required from the commission, the applicant shall include with the application a discussion of what the applicant intends to do with the power that is generated. If the applicant has a power purchase agreement or some other enforceable mechanism for sale of the power to be generated by the LWECS, the applicant shall, upon the request of the commission, provide the commission with a copy of the document.

Subp. 3. **State policy.** The applicant shall describe in the application how the proposed LWECS project furthers state policy to site such projects in an orderly manner compatible with environmental preservation, sustainable development, and the efficient use of resources.

Subp. 4. **Proposed site.** The applicant shall include the following information about the site proposed for the LWECS and any associated facilities:

A. the boundaries of the site proposed for the LWECS, which must be delineated on a United States Geological Survey Map or other map as appropriate;

B. the following characteristics of the wind at the proposed site:

- (1) interannual variation;
- (2) seasonal variation;
- (3) diurnal conditions;
- (4) atmospheric stability, to the extent available;
- (5) turbulence, to the extent available;
- (6) extreme conditions;
- (7) speed frequency distribution;
- (8) variation with height;
- (9) spatial variations; and
- (10) wind rose, in eight or more directions;

C. other meteorological conditions at the proposed site, including the temperature, rainfall, snowfall, and extreme weather conditions; and

D. the location of other wind turbines in the general area of the proposed LWECS.

Subp. 5. Wind rights. The applicant shall include in the application information describing the applicant's wind rights within the boundaries of the proposed site.

Subp. 6. **Design of project.** The applicant shall provide the following information regarding the design of the proposed project:

A. a project layout, including a map showing a proposed array spacing of the turbines;

B. a description of the turbines and towers and other equipment to be used in the project, including the name of the manufacturers of the equipment;

C. a description of the LWECS electrical system, including transformers at both low voltage and medium voltage; and

D. a description and location of associated facilities.

Subp. 7. Environmental impacts. An applicant for a site permit shall include with the application an analysis of the potential impacts of the project, proposed mitigative measures, and any adverse environmental effects that cannot be avoided, in the following areas:

- A. demographics, including people, homes, and businesses;
- B. noise;
- C. visual impacts;
- D. public services and infrastructure;
- E. cultural and archaeological impacts;
- F. recreational resources;

G. public health and safety, including air traffic, electromagnetic fields, and security and traffic;

H. hazardous materials;

- I. land-based economics, including agriculture, forestry, and mining;
- J. tourism and community benefits;
- K. topography;
- L. soils;
- M. geologic and groundwater resources;
- N. surface water and floodplain resources;
- O. wetlands;
- P. vegetation;
- Q. wildlife; and
- R. rare and unique natural resources.

The analysis of the environmental impacts required by this subpart satisfies the environmental review requirements of chapter 4410, parts 7849.1000 to 7849.2100, and Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116D. No environmental assessment worksheet or environmental impact statement shall be required on a proposed LWECS project.

Subp. 8. Construction of project. The applicant shall describe the manner in which the project, including associated facilities, will be constructed.

Subp. 9. **Operation of project.** The applicant shall describe how the project will be operated and maintained after construction, including a maintenance schedule.

Subp. 10. **Costs.** The applicant shall describe the estimated costs of design and construction of the project and the expected operating costs.

Subp. 11. **Schedule.** The applicant shall include an anticipated schedule for completion of the project, including the time periods for land acquisition, obtaining a site permit, obtaining financing, procuring equipment, and completing construction. The applicant shall identify the expected date of commercial operation.

Subp. 12. Energy projections. The applicant shall identify the energy expected to be generated by the project.

Subp. 13. **Decommissioning and restoration.** The applicant shall include the following information regarding decommissioning of the project and restoring the site:

A. the anticipated life of the project;

B. the estimated decommissioning costs in current dollars;

C. the method and schedule for updating the costs of decommissioning and restoration;

D. the method of ensuring that funds will be available for decommissioning and restoration; and

E. the anticipated manner in which the project will be decommissioned and the site restored.

Subp. 14. **Identification of other permits.** The applicant shall include in the application a list of all known federal, state, and local agencies or authorities, and titles of the permits they issue that are required for the proposed LWECS.

7854.0600 APPLICATION ACCEPTANCE.

Subpart 1. Action by commission. Within 30 days after receipt of an application for a site permit, the commission shall accept, conditionally accept, or reject the application. If the commission conditionally accepts or rejects an application, the commission shall advise the applicant in writing of the deficiencies in the application and the manner in which the deficiencies can be addressed. Upon refiling of a revised application, the commission shall again act on the application within 30 days after receipt.

Subp. 2. Notice of application acceptance. Within 15 days after commission acceptance of an application, the applicant shall provide notice of the application to the county board, each city council, and each township board in each county where the LWECS is proposed to be located and shall publish notice of the application in a newspaper of general circulation in each county. Failure to give this notice or a delay in providing this notice constitutes cause to reject an application or delay a decision by the commission. The commission may elect to give this notice in lieu of requiring the applicant to provide the notice.

Subp. 3. Additional copies. Upon acceptance of the application by the commission, the commission shall advise the applicant of how many additional copies of the application to submit to the PUC. The applicant shall also provide a copy of the accepted application to the Minnesota Historical Society and to each landowner within the boundaries of the proposed LWECS site. The applicant shall also provide a copy to the office of each regional development commission of a development region, the auditor of each county, and the clerk of each city and township in which the LWECS is to be located. Each county auditor, city clerk, and township clerk shall retain the application and make it available for public inspection upon request. The applicant shall maintain a list of all persons to whom copies of the application are provided.

7854.0700 PUBLIC ADVISOR.

Upon acceptance of an application for a site permit, the commission shall designate a staff person to act as the public advisor on the project. The public advisor shall be available to answer questions from the public about the permitting process. The public advisor shall not give legal advice or other advice that may affect the legal rights of the person being advised, and the public advisor shall not act as an advocate on behalf of any person.

7854.0800 PRELIMINARY DETERMINATION AND DRAFT SITE PERMIT.

Subpart 1. **Preliminary determination.** Within 45 days after acceptance of the application by the commission, the commission shall make a preliminary determination whether a permit may be issued or should be denied. If the preliminary determination is to issue a permit, the commission shall prepare a draft site permit for the project. The draft site permit must identify the person or persons who will be the permittee, describe the proposed LWECS, and include proposed permit conditions.

Subp. 2. Effect of draft site permit. A draft site permit does not authorize a person to construct an LWECS. The commission may change the draft site permit in any respect before final issuance or may deny the site permit.

7854.0900 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.

Subpart 1. **Public notice.** Upon preparation of a draft site permit, the PUC shall provide public notice of the draft site permit. The public notice must include the following:

A. the name and address of the applicant for the site permit;

B. a concise description of the proposed LWECS project;

C. the location where a copy of the site permit application may be reviewed and how a copy of the application may be obtained;

D. a statement of the availability of the draft site permit;

E. the name of the public advisor and how the public advisor may be contacted to obtain more information;

F. the time and place of a public information meeting;

G. a statement that during the comment period any person may submit comments to the commission on the draft site permit, a statement of the dates on which the comment period commences and terminates, and a statement that any person may request a contested case hearing on the matter; and

H. a brief description of the anticipated procedures for reaching a final decision on the permit application.

Subp. 2. **Distribution of public notice.** The PUC shall publish the notice in a newspaper in each county in which the proposed LWECS is to be located. The PUC shall also mail the public notice to those persons known to the PUC to be interested in the proposed LWECS project, including governmental officials in each county in which the LWECS is proposed to be located. The PUC shall also publish notice in the EQB Monitor.

Subp. 3. **Public comments on draft site permit.** The PUC shall afford the public a minimum of 30 days after publication of the draft site permit notice in the EQB Monitor to submit written comments to the PUC. The commission may extend the public comment period if necessary to afford the public adequate time to review the application and other pertinent information in order to formulate complete comments on the draft site permit and the project.

Subp. 4. **Public information meeting.** The PUC shall hold at least one public information meeting in a convenient location in the vicinity of the proposed LWECS project. The PUC shall give the public at least ten days' notice of the public information meeting. The public information meeting must be held more than ten days prior to the end of the public comment period on the draft site permit. The commission shall extend the comment period if necessary to meet this requirement.

Subp. 5. Contested case hearing.

A. Any person may request in writing that a contested case hearing be held on an application for a site permit for a proposed LWECS project. The contested case hearing request must be filed within the time period established for submitting comments on the draft site permit. The person requesting the public hearing shall include, as part of the request, the issues to be addressed in the hearing and the reasons a hearing is required to resolve those issues.

B. The commission shall order a contested case hearing if the commission finds that the person requesting the contested case hearing has raised a material issue of fact and that holding a hearing would aid the PUC in making a final determination on the permit application.

C. The hearing must be conducted according to the rules of the Office of Administrative Hearings.

D. For a contested case hearing, the commission shall identify the issues to be resolved and limit the scope and conduct of the hearing according to applicable law, due process, and fundamental fairness. Alternatively, the commission may request the administrative law judge to identify the issues and determine the appropriate scope and conduct of the hearing according to applicable law, due process, and fundamental fairness.

7854.1000 FINAL SITE PERMIT DECISION.

Subpart 1. **Commission action.** Upon completion of the procedures and requirements of this chapter, the matter must be brought to the commission for a final decision. If a contested case hearing has been held, the commission shall act according to applicable requirements for action in a contested case proceeding. If no contested case hearing has been held, the commission shall compile the record that has been created and make a decision on the basis of that record.

Subp. 2. **Time limit for decision.** The commission shall take final action on the application for a site permit for an LWECS within 180 days after acceptance of an application by the commission, unless the applicant agrees to an extension or the commission extends this deadline for cause.

Subp. 3. **Determination by commission.** The commission shall not issue a site permit for an LWECS unless the commission determines that the project is compatible with environmental preservation, sustainable development, and the efficient use of resources, and the applicant has complied with this chapter.

Subp. 4. **Conditions.** The commission may include in a site permit conditions for turbine type and designs, site layout and construction, and operation and maintenance of the LWECS, including the requirement to restore, to the extent possible, the area affected by construction of the LWECS to the natural conditions that existed immediately before construction of the LWECS and other conditions that the commission determines are reasonable to protect the environment, enhance sustainable development, and promote the efficient use of resources.

Subp. 5. **Term.** The term of a site permit for an LWECS is 30 years. The commission may renew the permit for an appropriate period of time upon request of the permit holder.

7854.1100 PERMIT AUTHORITY LIMITED.

Subpart 1. **Wind rights.** Nothing in a site permit for an LWECS shall be construed to convey the right to install a wind turbine in an area within the boundaries of the project for which the permittee does not hold the wind rights.

Subp. 2. **Other LWECS construction.** Nothing in a site permit for an LWECS shall be construed to preclude another person from seeking a site permit to construct an LWECS in an area within the boundaries of the project covered by the permit if the permittee does not hold exclusive wind rights for the areas.

Subp. 3. **Power purchase agreement.** A site permit does not authorize construction of the project until the permittee has obtained a power purchase agreement or some other enforceable mechanism for sale of the power to be generated by the project. If the permittee does not have a power purchase agreement or other enforceable mechanism at the time the permit is issued, the commission shall provide in the permit that the permittee shall advise the commission when it obtains a commitment for purchase of the power. The commission may establish as a condition in the permit a date by which the permittee must obtain a power purchase agreement or other enforceable mechanism or the site permit is null and void.

7854.1200 DELAY IN CONSTRUCTION.

If the permittee has not commenced construction of the project within two years after issuance of the site permit, the permittee must advise the commission of the reasons construction has not commenced. In such event, the commission may determine whether

the permit should be revoked. No revocation of a permit for failure to commence construction may be undertaken except in accordance with part 7854.1300, subpart 4.

7854.1300 SITE PERMIT AMENDMENT OR REVOCATION.

Subpart 1. New boundary. Once construction of an LWECS is completed, the permittee shall advise the commission of the completion of the project and the commission shall amend the site permit to specifically define the area authorized for the LWECS. The boundary must be no larger than necessary to allow for efficient operation of the LWECS. If any person objects to the amendment of the permit to reflect the actual boundaries of the project, the commission shall bring the matter for decision in accordance with applicable procedural requirements.

Subp. 2. **Permit amendment.** The commission may amend a site permit for an LWECS at any time if the commission has good cause to do so.

Subp. 3. **Permit revocation.** The commission may revoke a site permit for an LWECS at any time if the commission determines that any of the following has occurred:

A. the applicant knowingly made a false statement in the application or in accompanying statements or studies required of the applicant, if a true statement would have warranted a change in the commission's findings;

B. the applicant has failed to comply with a material condition or term of the permit;

C. the permitted LWECS endangers human health or the environment and the danger cannot be resolved by modification of the permit or LWECS; or

D. the permittee has violated other laws that reflect an inability of the permittee to comply with the permit.

Subp. 4. **Procedure.** The commission may initiate action to consider amendment or revocation of a site permit for an LWECS on its own initiative or upon the request of any person. No site permit may be amended or revoked without first providing notice and affording due process to the permit holder.

7854.1400 PERMIT TRANSFER.

Subpart 1. **Request for transfer.** A permittee of a site permit for an LWECS may apply to the PUC for the transfer of its permit. The permittee must provide the name of the existing permittee, the name and description of the person to whom the permit is to be transferred, the reasons for the transfer, a description of the facilities affected, and the requested date of the transfer. The person to whom the permit is to be transferred shall provide the PUC with information required by the PUC to determine whether the new permittee can comply with the conditions of the permit. The permittee shall provide notice of the request to those persons identified by the PUC as persons interested in the matter.

Subp. 2. **Approval of transfer.** The commission shall approve the transfer if the commission determines that the new permittee will comply with the conditions of the permit. The commission, in approving the transfer of a permit, may impose reasonable additional conditions in the permit as part of the approval. The commission may hold a public meeting to provide the public with an opportunity to comment on the request for the transfer prior to making a decision.

7854.1500 FEES.

Subpart 1. **Fee requirement.** An applicant for a site permit under Minnesota Statutes, section 216F.04, shall pay an application fee to the PUC. The purpose of the application fee is to cover actual costs necessarily and reasonably incurred in processing an application for a site permit, including, but not limited to, staff time, expenses for public notice and meetings, environmental review, administrative overhead, and legal expenses.

Subp. 2. **Determination of PUC budget.** Upon receipt of an application for a site permit, the commission shall estimate the costs the PUC expects to incur in processing the application and establish an estimated budget. If the applicant disagrees with the amount of the estimated budget, the applicant may request that the Public Utilities Commission determine the appropriate estimated budget.

Subp. 3. **Initial payment.** Upon determination of the estimated budget, the applicant shall pay at least 50 percent of the estimated budget to the PUC. The commission shall not process a permit application until the first portion of the fee is submitted. The PUC shall deposit all money received from an applicant for permit fees in a special account.

Subp. 4. **Periodic payments.** The remaining costs incurred by the PUC must be paid in periodic payments upon receipt of an invoice from the PUC. The PUC shall not make a final decision on a site permit application if any assessed fees are unpaid.

Subp. 5. **Final accounting.** At the end of the permitting process, including any judicial review of the commission's final decision, the PUC shall provide a final accounting to the applicant of the total cost of processing the permit application. The applicant may review all actual costs associated with processing an application and present objections to the commission. The applicant shall make the final payment within 30 days of notification, or the PUC shall refund any excess payments within 30 days of the final accounting.