02/01/21 REVISOR MS/KM 21-02284 as introduced

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-SECOND SESSION

A bill for an act

relating to taxation; property and local; authorizing the creation of tourism

S.F. No. 968

(SENATE AUTHORS: DZIEDZIC, Rest and Bigham)

DATE D-PG OFFICIAL STATUS
02/11/2021 341 Introduction and first reading

| Referred to Taxes | 02/25/2021 | 573 | Author added Rest | 03/04/2021 | 702 | Author added Bigham |

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improvement special taxing districts; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota 1.3 Statutes, chapter 428B. 1.4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: 1 5 Section 1. [428B.01] DEFINITIONS. 1.6 Subdivision 1. Applicability. As used in sections 428B.01 to 428B.09, the terms in this 1.7 section have the meanings given them. 1.8 Subd. 2. Activity. "Activity" means but is not limited to all of the following: 1.9 (1) promotion of tourism within the district; 1.10 (2) promotion of business activity, including but not limited to tourism, of businesses 1.11 subject to the service charge within the tourism improvement district; 1.12 (3) marketing, sales, and economic development; 1.13 (4) wayfinding, decorations, display cases, kiosks, lighting, signage, or other destination 1.14 enhancement activities; and 1.15 (5) other services provided for the purpose of conferring benefits upon businesses located 1.16 in the tourism improvement district that are subject to the tourism improvement district 1.17 service charge. 1.18 Subd. 3. Business. "Business" means the type or class of business that is described in 1.19

Section 1.

the municipality's ordinance adopted under section 428B.02.

<u>S</u>	ubd. 4. Business owner. "Business owner" means a person recognized by a municipality
as th	e owner of a business.
<u>s</u>	ubd. 5. City. "City" means a home rule charter or statutory city.
<u>S</u>	ubd. 6. Clerk. "Clerk" means the chief clerical officer of the municipality.
<u>s</u>	ubd. 7. Governing body. "Governing body" means, with respect to a city, a city council
or ot	her governing body of a city. With respect to a town, governing body means a town
boar	d or other governing body of a town.
<u>S</u>	ubd. 8. Impacted business owners. "Impacted business owners" means business
owne	ers who pay 50 percent or more of the service charges within a tourism improvement
distri	ict.
<u>s</u>	ubd. 9. Municipality. "Municipality" means a city or town.
<u>s</u>	ubd. 10. Tourism improvement association. "Tourism improvement association"
near	ns a new or existing nonprofit corporation, entity, or agency charged with promoting
ouri	sm within the tourism improvement district and that is under contract with the
nun	icipality to administer the tourism improvement district and implement the activities
nd i	improvements listed in the municipality's ordinance.
<u>S</u>	ubd. 11. Tourism improvement district. "Tourism improvement district" means a
ouri	sm improvement district established under this chapter.
<u>F</u>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
Sec	c. 2. [428B.02] ESTABLISHMENT OF TOURISM IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT.
<u>S</u>	ubdivision 1. Ordinance. Upon a petition by impacted business owners, a governing
ody	of a municipality may adopt an ordinance establishing a tourism improvement district
fter	holding a public hearing on the district. The ordinance must include:
<u>(</u>	1) a map that identifies the tourism improvement district boundaries in sufficient detail
o all	low a business owner to reasonably determine whether a business is located within the
ouri	sm improvement district boundaries. The boundaries of a tourism improvement district
nay	overlap with other tourism improvement districts established under this chapter;
<u>(2</u>	2) the name of the tourism improvement association designated to administer the tourism
impr	ovement district and implement the approved activities and improvements;

(3) a list of the proposed activities and improvements in the tourism improvement district;

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(4) the time and manner of collecting the service charge and any interest and penalties 3.1 for nonpayment; 3.2 (5) a definition describing the type or class of businesses to be included in the tourism 3.3 improvement district and subject to the service charge; and 3.4 3.5 (6) the rate, method, and basis of the service charge for the district. Subd. 2. Notice. A municipality must provide notice of the hearing by publication in at 3.6 least two issues of the official newspaper of the municipality. The two publications must 3.7 be two weeks apart and the municipality must hold the hearing at least three days after the 3.8 last publication. Not less than ten days before the hearing, the municipality must mail notice 3.9 to the business owner of each business subject to the proposed service charge by the tourism 3.10 improvement district. The notice must include: 3.11 3.12 (1) a map showing the boundaries of the proposed district; (2) the time and place of the public hearing; 3.13 3.14 (3) a statement that all interested persons will be given an opportunity to be heard at the hearing regarding the proposed service charge; and 3.15 (4) a brief description of the proposed activities, improvements, and service charge. 3.16 Subd. 3. Business owner determination. A municipality has no obligation to obtain 3.17 other information regarding the ownership of businesses, and its determination of ownership 3.18 shall be final for the purposes of this chapter. If this chapter requires the signature of a 3.19 business owner, the signature of the authorized representative of a business owner is 3.20 sufficient. 3.21 Subd. 4. Service charges; relationship to services. A municipality may impose a service 3.22 charge on a business pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of providing activities and 3.23 improvements that will provide benefits to a business that is located within the tourism 3.24 improvement district and subject to the tourism improvement district service charge. Service 3.25 charges must be based on a percent of gross business revenue, a fixed dollar amount per 3.26 transaction, or any other reasonable method based upon benefit and approved by the 3.27 municipality. 3.28 Subd. 5. **Public hearing.** At the public hearing regarding the adoption of the ordinance 3.29 establishing a tourism improvement district, business owners and persons affected by the 3.30 proposed district may testify on issues relevant to the proposed district. The hearing may 3.31 be adjourned from time to time. The ordinance establishing the district may be adopted at 3.32

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any time within six months after the date of the conclusion of the hearing by a vote of the majority of the governing body of the municipality.

Subd. 6. Appeal to district court. Within 45 days after the adoption of the ordinance establishing a tourism improvement district, a person aggrieved, who is not precluded by failure to object before or at the public hearing, may appeal to the district court by serving a notice on the clerk of the municipality or governing body. The validity of the tourism improvement district and the service charge imposed under this chapter shall not be contested in an action or proceeding unless the action or proceeding is commenced within 45 days after the adoption of the ordinance establishing a tourism improvement district. The petitioner must file notice with the court administrator of the district court within ten days after its service. The clerk of the municipality must provide the petitioner with a certified copy of the findings and determination of the governing body. The court may affirm the action objected to or, if the petitioner's objections have merit, modify or cancel it. If the petitioner does not prevail on the appeal, the costs incurred shall be taxed to the petitioner by the court and judgment entered for them. All objections shall be deemed waived unless presented on appeal.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. [428B.03] SERVICE CHARGE AUTHORITY; NOTICE; HEARING REQUIREMENT.

Subdivision 1. Authority. A municipality may impose service charges to finance an activity or improvement in the tourism improvement district that is provided by the municipality from its general fund if the activity or improvement is provided in the tourism improvement district at an increased level of service. The service charges may be imposed in the amount needed to pay for the increased level of service provided by the activity or improvement.

Subd. 2. Annual hearing requirement; notice. Beginning one year after the establishment of the tourism improvement district, the municipality must hold an annual hearing regarding continuation of the service charges in the tourism improvement district. The municipality must provide notice of the hearing by publication in the official newspaper at least seven days before the hearing. The municipality must mail notice of the hearing to business owners subject to the service charge at least seven days before the hearing. At the public hearing, a person affected by the proposed district may testify on issues relevant to the proposed district. Within six months of the public hearing, the municipality may adopt

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(4) a brief description of the proposed modification to the ordinance.

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Subd. 3. Hearing on modification. At the public hearing regarding modification to the ordinance, a person affected by the proposed modification may testify on issues relevant to the proposed modification. Within six months after the conclusion of the hearing, the municipality may adopt the ordinance modifying the district by a vote of the majority of the governing body in accordance with the request for modification by the tourism improvement association and as described in the notice.

Subd. 4. **Objection.** If the modification of the ordinance includes the expansion of the tourism improvement district's geographic boundaries, the ordinance modifying the district may be adopted after following the notice and veto requirements in section 428B.08; however, a successful objection will be determined based on business owners who will pay more than 50 percent of the service charge in the expanded area of the district. For all other modifications, the ordinance modifying the district may be adopted following the notice and veto requirements in section 428B.08.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. [428B.05] COLLECTION OF SERVICE CHARGES; PENALTIES.

The service charges imposed under this chapter may be collected by the municipality, tourism improvement association, or other designated agency or entity. Collection of the service charges must be made at the time and in the manner set forth in the ordinance. The entity collecting the service charges may charge interest and penalties on delinquent payments for service charges imposed under this chapter as set forth in the municipality's ordinance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. [428B.06] TOURISM IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.

The tourism improvement association must be designated in the municipality's ordinance.

The tourism improvement association shall appoint a governing board or committee

composed of a majority of business owners, or their representatives, paying the tourism

improvement district service charge. The governing board or committee must manage the

funds raised by the tourism improvement district and fulfill the obligations of the tourism

improvement district. A tourism improvement association has full discretion to select the

specific activities and improvements that are funded with tourism improvement district

service charges within the authorized activities and improvements described in the ordinance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 7. [428B.07] PETITION REQUIRED.

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A municipality may not establish a tourism improvement district under section 428B.02 unless impacted business owners file a petition requesting a public hearing on the proposed action with the clerk of the municipality.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 8. [428B.08] VETO POWER OF OWNERS.

Subdivision 1. Notice of right to file objections. The effective date of an ordinance or resolution adopted under this chapter must be at least 45 days after it is adopted by the municipality. Within five days after the municipality adopts the ordinance or resolution, the municipality must mail a summary of the ordinance or resolution to each business owner subject to the service charge within the tourism improvement district in the same manner that notice is mailed under section 428B.02. The mailing must include a notice that business owners subject to the service charge have the right to veto the ordinance or resolution by filing the required number of objections with the clerk of the municipality before the effective date of the ordinance or resolution and include notice that a copy of the ordinance or resolution is available for public inspection with the clerk of the municipality.

Subd. 2. **Requirements for veto.** If impacted business owners file an objection to the ordinance or resolution before the effective date of the ordinance or resolution, the ordinance or resolution does not become effective.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. [428B.09] DISESTABLISHMENT.

Subdivision 1. Procedure for disestablishment. An ordinance adopted under this chapter must provide a 30-day period each year in which business owners subject to the service charge may request disestablishment of the district. Beginning one year after establishment of the tourism improvement district, an annual 30-day period of disestablishment begins with the anniversary of the date of establishment. Upon submission of a petition from impacted business owners, the municipality may disestablish a tourism improvement district by adopting an ordinance after holding a public hearing on the disestablishment. Prior to the public hearing, the municipality must publish notice of the public hearing on disestablishment in at least two issues of the municipality's official newspaper. The two publications must be two weeks apart and the municipality must hold the hearing at least three days after the last publication. Not less than ten days before the hearing, the

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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