REVISOR

12-3971

This Document can be made available in alternative formats upon request

State of Minnesota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES н. г. №. 2067

EIGHTY-SEVENTH SESSION

02/01/2012 Authored by Kiffmeyer, Hilty and Cornish

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Health and Human Services Reform

1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6	A bill for an act relating to human services; distinguishing and clarifying law regarding civil commitment to the Minnesota sex offender program from other civil commitments; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 253B.02, subdivisions 18a, 24; 253B.03, subdivision 1a; 253B.045, subdivision 1a; 253B.092, subdivision 1; 253B.17, subdivision 1; 253B.185, subdivisions 1a,
1.7 1.8 1.9 1.10	1b, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19; Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, sections 253B.185, subdivisions 1, 10a, 11a, 11b, 14a, 16; 253B.19, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 253D.
1.11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.12	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.02, subdivision 18a, is amended to
1.13	read:
1.14	Subd. 18a. Secure treatment facility. "Secure treatment facility" means the
1.15	Minnesota Security Hospital and the Minnesota sex offender program facility in Moose
1.16	Lake and any portion of the Minnesota sex offender program operated by the Minnesota
1.17	sex offender program at the Minnesota Security Hospital, but does not include services or
1.18	programs administered by the secure treatment facility outside a secure environment.
1.19	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.02, subdivision 24, is amended to read:
1.20	Subd. 24. Administrative restriction. "Administrative restriction" means any
1.21	measure utilized by the commissioner to maintain safety and security, protect possible
1.22	evidence, and prevent the continuation of suspected criminal acts. Administrative
1.23	restriction does not mean protective isolation as defined by Minnesota Rules, part
1.24	9515.3090, subpart 4. Administrative restriction may include increased monitoring,
1.25	program limitations, loss of privileges, restricted access to and use of possessions,
1.26	and separation of a patient from the normal living environment, as determined by the

	01/24/12	REVISOR	EB/BG	12-3971
2.1	commissioner or the commission	er's designee. Administr	ative restriction applie	es only to
2.2	patients committed persons in a s	secure treatment facility	as defined in subdivisi	on 18a
2.3	section 253D.02, subdivision 3,	who:		
2.4	(1) are suspected of commi	tting a crime or charged	with a crime;	
2.5	(2) are the subject of a crim	ninal investigation;		
2.6	(3) are awaiting sentencing	following a conviction	of a crime; or	
2.7	(4) are awaiting transfer to	a correctional facility.		
2.8	The commissioner shall establish	policies and procedures	according to section 2	2 46.014,
2.9	paragraph (d), regarding the use	of administrative restrict	ion. The policies and p	procedures
2.10	shall identify the implementation	and termination of adm	inistrative restrictions.	Use of
2.11	administrative restriction and the	reason associated with	the use shall be docum	lented
2.12	in the patient's medical record.			
2.13	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 20			
2.14	Subd. 1a. Administrative			
2.15	right to be free from unnecessary			
2.16	restriction shall not be used for t	he convenience of staff,	for retaliation for filir	ıg
2.17	complaints, or as a substitute for	program treatment. Adr	ninistrative restriction	may not
2.18	involve any further deprivation of	of privileges than is neces	ssary.	
2.19	(b) Administrative restriction	on may include separate	and secure housing.	
2.20	(c) Patients Committed Per	sons under administrativ	e restriction shall not l	be limited
2.21	in access to their attorney.			
2.22	(d) If a patient committed p	person is placed on admi	nistrative restriction be	ecause
2.23	the patient committed person is s	suspected of committing	a crime, the secure tre	atment
2.24	facility must report the crime to	the appropriate police ag	ency within 24 hours	of the
2.25	beginning of administrative restr	iction. The patient comm	nitted person must be r	released
2.26	from administrative restriction if	a police agency does not	begin an investigation	n within 72
2.27	hours of the report.			
2.28	(e) A patient committed pe	rson placed on administr	ative restriction becau	ise the
2.29	patient committed person is a sul	oject of a criminal invest	igation must be release	ed from
2.30	administrative restriction when the	he investigation is compl	eted. If the patient con	mmitted
2.31	person is charged with a crime for	ollowing the investigation	n, administrative restri	ction may
2.32	continue until the charge is dispo	osed of.		
2.33	(f) The secure treatment fa	cility must notify the part	tient's committed perso	<u>on's</u>
2.34	attorney of the patient committee	l person being placed on	administrative restrict	ion within
2.35	24 hours after the beginning of a	dministrative restriction.		

01/24/12

EB/BG

- 3.1 (g) The commissioner shall establish policies and procedures according to section
 3.2 246.014, paragraph (d), regarding the use of administrative restriction. The policies
 3.3 and procedures shall identify the implementation and termination of administrative
 3.4 restrictions. Use of administration restriction and the reason associated with the use shall
 3.5 be documented in the committed person's medical record.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.045, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
 Subd. 1a. Exception Correctional facilities. (a) A person who is being petitioned
 for commitment under section 253B.185 this chapter and who is placed under a judicial
 hold order under section 253B.07, subdivision 2b or 7, may be confined at a Department
 of Corrections or a county correctional or detention facility, rather than a secure treatment
 facility, until a determination of the commitment petition as specified in this subdivision.
- 3.12 (b) A court may order that a person who is being petitioned for commitment under
 3.13 section 253B.185 this chapter be confined in a Department of Corrections facility pursuant
 3.14 to the judicial hold order under the following circumstances and conditions:
- 3.15 (1) The person is currently serving a sentence in a Department of Corrections
 3.16 facility and the court determines that the person has made a knowing and voluntary (i)
 3.17 waiver of the right to be held in a secure treatment facility and (ii) election to be held in a
 3.18 Department of Corrections facility. The order confining the person in the Department of
 3.19 Corrections facility shall remain in effect until the court vacates the order or the person's
 3.20 criminal sentence and conditional release term expire.
- In no case may the person be held in a Department of Corrections facility pursuant
 only to this subdivision, and not pursuant to any separate correctional authority, for more
 than 210 days.
- (2) A person who has elected to be confined in a Department of Corrections facility 3.24 3.25 under this subdivision may revoke the election by filing a written notice of intent to revoke the election with the court and serving the notice upon the Department of Corrections and 3.26 the county attorney. The court shall order the person transferred to a secure treatment 3.27 facility within 15 days of the date that the notice of revocation was filed with the court, 3.28 except that, if the person has additional time to serve in prison at the end of the 15-day 3.29 period, the person shall not be transferred to a secure treatment facility until the person's 3.30 prison term expires. After a person has revoked an election to remain in a Department of 3.31 Corrections facility under this subdivision, the court may not adopt another election to 3.32 remain in a Department of Corrections facility without the agreement of both parties and 3.33 the Department of Corrections. 3.34

12-3971

4.1 (3) Upon petition by the commissioner of corrections, after notice to the parties
4.2 and opportunity for hearing and for good cause shown, the court may order that the
4.3 person's place of confinement be changed from the Department of Corrections to a secure
4.4 treatment facility.

(4) While at a Department of Corrections facility pursuant to this subdivision, the
person shall remain subject to all rules and practices applicable to correctional inmates
in the facility in which the person is placed including, but not limited to, the powers and
duties of the commissioner of corrections under section 241.01, powers relating to use of
force under section 243.52, and the right of the commissioner of corrections to determine
the place of confinement in a prison, reformatory, or other facility.

(5) A person may not be confined in a Department of Corrections facility under this 4.11 provision beyond the end of the person's executed sentence or the end of any applicable 4.12 conditional release period, whichever is later. If a person confined in a Department of 4.13 Corrections facility pursuant to this provision reaches the person's supervised release 4.14 date and is subject to a period of conditional release, the period of conditional release 4.15 shall commence on the supervised release date even though the person remains in the 4.16 Department of Corrections facility pursuant to this provision. At the end of the later of 4.17 the executed sentence or any applicable conditional release period, the person shall be 4.18transferred to a secure treatment facility. 4.19

4.20 (6) Nothing in this section may be construed to establish a right of an inmate in a
4.21 state correctional facility to participate in sex offender treatment. This section must be
4.22 construed in a manner consistent with the provisions of section 244.03.

(c) The committing county may offer a person who is being petitioned for
commitment under section 253B.185 this chapter and who is placed under a judicial
hold order under section 253B.07, subdivision 2b or 7, the option to be held in a county
correctional or detention facility rather than a secure treatment facility, under such terms
as may be agreed to by the county, the commitment petitioner, and the commitment
respondent. If a person makes such an election under this paragraph, the court hold order
shall specify the terms of the agreement, including the conditions for revoking the election.

4.30 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.092, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
4.31 Subdivision 1. General. Neuroleptic medications may be administered, only as
4.32 provided in this section, to patients subject to early intervention or civil commitment as
4.33 mentally ill or mentally ill and dangerous only as provided in this section, a sexually
4.34 dangerous person, or a sexual psychopathic personality. For purposes of this section,

01/24/12 REVISOR EB/BG 12-3971

5.1

5.2

"patient" includes a proposed patient who is the subject of a petition for early intervention or commitment and a committed person as defined in section 253D.02, subdivision 3.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 5.3 Subdivision 1. Petition. Any patient, except one committed as a sexually dangerous 5.4 person or person with a sexual psychopathic personality or as a person who is mentally ill 5.5 and dangerous to the public or as a sexually dangerous person or person with a sexual 5.6 psychopathic personality as provided in section 253B.18, subdivision 3, or any interested 5.7 person may petition the committing court or the court to which venue has been transferred 5.8 for an order that the patient is not in need of continued care and treatment or for an order 5.9 that an individual is no longer a person who is mentally ill, developmentally disabled, or 5.10 chemically dependent, or for any other relief. A patient committed as a person who is 5.11 mentally ill or mentally ill and dangerous or a sexually dangerous person or person with a 5.12 sexual psychopathic personality may petition the committing court or the court to which 5.13 5.14 venue has been transferred for a hearing concerning the administration of neuroleptic medication. 5.15
- 5.16 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 253B.185, subdivision 1, is
 5.17 amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Commitment generally. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this
section, the provisions of this chapter pertaining to persons who are mentally ill and
dangerous to the public apply with like force and effect to persons who are alleged or
found to be sexually dangerous persons or persons with a sexual psychopathic personality.
For purposes of this section, "sexual psychopathic personality" includes any individual
committed as a "psychopathic personality" under Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 526.10.

(b) (a) Before commitment proceedings are instituted, the facts shall first be 5.24 submitted to the county attorney, who, if satisfied that good cause exists, will prepare the 5.25 petition. The county attorney may request a prepetition screening report. The petition is to 5.26 be executed by a person having knowledge of the facts and filed with the district court of 5.27 the county of financial responsibility, as defined in section 253B.02, subdivision 4c, or the 5.28 county where the patient respondent proposed committed person is present. If the patient 5.29 respondent is in the custody of the commissioner of corrections, the petition may be filed 5.30 in the county where the conviction for which the person is incarcerated was entered. 5.31 (c) (b) Upon the filing of a petition alleging that a respondent proposed patient 5.32

5.33 <u>committed person</u> is a sexually dangerous person or is a person with a sexual psychopathic

01/24/12	REVISOR	EB/BG	12-3971

6.1 personality, the court shall hear the petition as provided in section 253B.18, except that

- 6.2 section 253B.18, subdivisions 2 and 3, shall not apply sections 253B.07 and 253B.08.
 6.3 (d) In commitments under this section, (c) If the court finds by clear and convincing
 6.4 evidence that the respondent proposed committed person is a sexually dangerous person
 6.5 or a sexual psychopathic personality, the court shall commit the patient respondent to a
 6.6 secure treatment facility unless the patient respondent establishes by clear and convincing
 6.7 evidence that a less restrictive treatment program is available that is consistent with the
 6.8 patient's respondent's treatment needs and the requirements of public safety.
- 6.9 (e) (d) After a final determination that a patient respondent is a sexually dangerous
 6.10 person or sexual psychopathic personality, the court shall order commitment for an
 6.11 indeterminate period of time and the patient respondent committed person shall be
 6.12 transferred, provisionally discharged, or discharged, only as provided in this section
 6.13 chapter.
- 6.14 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
 6.15 Subd. 1a. Temporary confinement Jails. During any hearing held under this
 6.16 section, or pending emergency revocation of a provisional discharge, the court may order
 6.17 the patient committed person or proposed patient committed person temporarily confined
 6.18 in a jail or lockup but only if:

6.19 (1) there is no other feasible place of confinement for the <u>patient committed person</u>
6.20 within a reasonable distance;

- 6.21 (2) the confinement is for less than 24 hours or, if during a hearing, less than 24
 6.22 hours prior to commencement and after conclusion of the hearing; and
- 6.23 (3) there are protections in place, including segregation of the <u>patient committed</u>
 6.24 <u>person</u>, to ensure the safety of the <u>patient committed person</u>.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 1b, is amended to read: 6.25 Subd. 1b. County attorney access to data. Notwithstanding sections 144.291 6.26 to 144.298; 245.467, subdivision 6; 245.4876, subdivision 7; 260B.171; 260B.235, 6.27 subdivision 8; 260C.171; and 609.749, subdivision 6, or any provision of chapter 13 6.28 or other state law, prior to filing a petition for commitment as a sexual psychopathic 6.29 personality or as a sexually dangerous person, and upon notice to the proposed patient 6.30 respondent, the county attorney or the county attorney's designee may move the court for 6.31 an order granting access to any records or data, to the extent it relates to the proposed 6.32 patient respondent, for the purpose of determining whether good cause exists to file a 6.33 petition and, if a petition is filed, to support the allegations set forth in the petition. 6.34

The court may grant the motion if: (1) the Department of Corrections refers the case for commitment as a sexual psychopathic personality or a sexually dangerous person; or (2) upon a showing that the requested category of data or records may be relevant to the determination by the county attorney or designee. The court shall decide a motion under this <u>subdivision section</u> within 48 hours after a hearing on the motion. Notice to the proposed <u>patient respondent</u> need not be given upon a showing that such notice may result in harm or harassment of interested persons or potential witnesses.

Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 13 or other state law, a county attorney
considering the civil commitment of a person under this section chapter may obtain
records and data from the Department of Corrections or any probation or parole agency in
this state upon request, without a court order, for the purpose of determining whether good
cause exists to file a petition and, if a petition is filed, to support the allegations set forth in
the petition. At the time of the request for the records, the county attorney shall provide
notice of the request to the person who is the subject of the records.

7.15 Data collected pursuant to this subdivision section shall retain their original status
7.16 and, if not public, are inadmissible in any court proceeding unrelated to civil commitment,
7.17 unless otherwise permitted.

- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 7.18 Subd. 2. Transfer to correctional facility. (a) If a person has been committed 7.19 under this section chapter and later is committed to the custody of the commissioner of 7.20 corrections for any reason, including but not limited to, being sentenced for a crime or 7.21 revocation of the person's supervised release or conditional release under section 244.05; 7.22 609.3455, subdivision 6, 7, or 8; Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.108, subdivision 7.23 6; or Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.109, subdivision 7, the person shall be 7.24 7.25 transferred to a facility designated by the commissioner of corrections without regard to the procedures provided in subdivision 11 section 253D.29. 7.26
- (b) If a person is committed under this section chapter after a commitment to
 the commissioner of corrections, the person shall first serve the sentence in a facility
 designated by the commissioner of corrections. After the person has served the sentence,
 the person shall be transferred to a treatment program designated by the commissioner
 of human services.
- 7.32 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 7.33 Subd. 4. Statewide judicial panel; commitment proceedings. (a) The Supreme
 7.34 Court may establish a panel of district judges with statewide authority to preside over

EB/BG

commitment proceedings of sexual psychopathic personalities and sexually dangerous persons. Only one judge of the panel is required to preside over a particular commitment proceeding. Panel members shall serve for one-year terms. One of the judges shall be designated as the chief judge of the panel, and is vested with the power to designate the presiding judge in a particular case, to set the proper venue for the proceedings, and to otherwise supervise and direct the operation of the panel. The chief judge shall designate one of the other judges to act as chief judge whenever the chief judge is unable to act.

(b) If the Supreme Court creates the judicial panel authorized by this section,
all petitions for civil commitment brought under subdivision 1 section 253D.07 shall
be filed with the supreme court instead of with the district court in the county where
the proposed patient is present, notwithstanding any provision of subdivision 1 to the
contrary. Otherwise, all of the other applicable procedures contained in this chapter and
sections 253B.07 and 253B.08 apply to commitment proceedings conducted by a judge
on the panel.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. Financial responsibility. (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "state
facility" has the meaning given in section 246.50 and also includes a Department of
Corrections facility when the proposed patient committed person is confined in such a
facility pursuant to section 253B.045, subdivision 1a 253D.10, subdivision 2.

(b) Notwithstanding sections 246.54, <u>253B.045</u> <u>253D.10</u>, and any other law to the
contrary, when a petition is filed for commitment under this section chapter pursuant
to the notice required in section 244.05, subdivision 7, the state and county are each
responsible for 50 percent of the cost of the person's confinement at a state facility or
county jail, prior to commitment.

8.25 (c) The county shall submit an invoice to the state court administrator for
8.26 reimbursement of the state's share of the cost of confinement.

8.27 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), the state's responsibility for reimbursement is8.28 limited to the amount appropriated for this purpose.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Rights of patients persons committed under this section chapter. (a)
The commissioner or the commissioner's designee may limit the statutory rights described
in paragraph (b) for patients persons committed to the Minnesota sex offender program
under this section chapter or with the commissioner's consent under section 246B.02. The
statutory rights described in paragraph (b) may be limited only as necessary to maintain

0.1	
9.1	a therapeutic environment or the security of the facility or to protect the safety and
9.2	well-being of patients committed persons, staff, and the public.
9.3	(b) The statutory rights that may be limited in accordance with paragraph (a) are
9.4	those set forth in section 144.651, subdivision 19, personal privacy; section 144.651,
9.5	subdivision 21, private communications; section 144.651, subdivision 22, retain and use
9.6	of personal property; section 144.651, subdivision 25, manage personal financial affairs;
9.7	section 144.651, subdivision 26, meet with visitors and participate in groups; section
9.8	253B.03, subdivision 2, correspond with others; and section 253B.03, subdivision 3,
9.9	receive visitors and make telephone calls. Other statutory rights enumerated by sections
9.10	144.651 and 253B.03, or any other law, may be limited as provided in those sections.
9.11	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
9.12	Subd. 8. Petition and report required. (a) Within 120 days of receipt of a
9.13	preliminary determination from a court under section 609.1351, or a referral from the
9.14	commissioner of corrections pursuant to section 244.05, subdivision 7, a county attorney
9.15	shall determine whether good cause under this section 253D.07 exists to file a petition, and
9.16	if good cause exists, the county attorney or designee shall file the petition with the court.
9.17	(b) Failure to meet the requirements of paragraph (a) does not bar filing a petition
9.18	under subdivision 1 any time the county attorney determines pursuant to subdivision 1
9.19	section 253D.07 that good cause for such a petition exists.
9.20	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
9.21	Subd. 9. Petition for reduction in custody. (a) This subdivision applies only
9.22	to committed persons as defined in paragraph (b) section 253D.02, subdivision 3. The
9.23	procedures in subdivision 10 section 253D.14 for victim notification and right to submit
9.24	a statement apply to petitions filed and reductions in custody recommended under this
9.25	subdivision.
9.26	(b) As used in this subdivision:
9.27	(1) "committed person" means an individual committed under this section, or under
9.28	this section and under section 253B.18, as mentally ill and dangerous. It does not include
9.29	persons committed only as mentally ill and dangerous under section 253B.18; and
9.30	(2) For the purposes of this section, "reduction in custody" means transfer out of

REVISOR

EB/BG

12-3971

9.31 a secure treatment facility, a provisional discharge, or a discharge from commitment. A
9.32 reduction in custody is considered to be a commitment proceeding under section 8.01.

9.33 (c) A petition for a reduction in custody or an appeal of a revocation of provisional
9.34 discharge may be filed by either the committed person or by the head of the treatment

01/24/12

facility executive director and must be filed with and considered by a panel of the special
 review board authorized under section 253B.18, subdivision 4c. A committed person may
 not petition the special review board any sooner than six months following either:

- (1) the entry of judgment in the district court of the order for commitment issued
 under section 253B.18, subdivision 3 253D.07, or upon the exhaustion of all related
 appeal rights in state court relating to that order, whichever is later; or
- 10.7 (2) any recommendation of the special review board or order of the judicial appeal
 10.8 panel, or upon the exhaustion of all appeal rights in state court, whichever is later. The
 10.9 head of the treatment facility executive director may petition at any time. The special
 10.10 review board proceedings are not contested cases as defined in chapter 14.

(d) The special review board shall hold a hearing on each petition before issuing 10.11 a recommendation and report under paragraph (f) subdivision 4. Fourteen days before 10.12 the hearing, the committing court, the county attorney of the county of commitment, 10.13 the designated agency county attorney of the county of financial responsibility, an 10.14 10.15 interested person, the petitioner and the petitioner's counsel, and the committed person and the committed person's counsel must be given written notice by the commissioner 10.16 of the time and place of the hearing before the special review board. Only those entitled 10.17 to statutory notice of the hearing or those administratively required to attend may be 10.18 present at the hearing. The patient committed person may designate interested persons 10.19 to receive notice by providing the names and addresses to the commissioner at least 21 10.20 days before the hearing. 10.21

(e) A person or agency receiving notice that submits documentary evidence to
the special review board before the hearing must also provide copies to the committed
person, the committed person's counsel, the county attorney of the county of commitment,
and the case manager, and the commissioner county attorney of the county of financial
responsibility. The special review board must consider any statements received from
victims under subdivision 10 section 253D.14.

(f) Within 30 days of the hearing, the special review board shall issue <u>a report with</u> 10.28 written findings of fact and shall recommend denial or approval of the petition to the 10.29 judicial appeal panel established under section 253B.19. The commissioner shall forward 10.30 the recommendation and report of the special review board to the judicial appeal panel 10.31 and to every person entitled to statutory notice. No reduction in custody or reversal of a 10.32 revocation of provisional discharge recommended by the special review board is effective 10.33 until it has been reviewed by the judicial appeal panel and until 15 days after an order 10.34 from the judicial appeal panel affirming, modifying, or denying the recommendation. 10.35

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 10, is amended toread:

11.3

11.4

Subd. 10. Victim notification of petition and release; right to submit statement. (a) As used in this subdivision section:

(1) "Crime" has the meaning given to "violent crime" in section 609.1095, and
includes criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree and offenses within the definition of
"crime against the person" in section 253B.02, subdivision 4a, and also includes offenses
listed in section 253B.02, subdivision 7a, paragraph (b), regardless of whether they are
sexually motivated;.

(2) "Victim" means a person who has incurred loss or harm as a result of a crime,
the behavior for which forms the basis for a commitment under this section or section
253B.18 chapter; and

(3) "Convicted" and "conviction" have the meanings given in section 609.02,
subdivision 5, and also include juvenile court adjudications, findings under Minnesota
Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 20.02, that the elements of a crime have been proved,
and findings in commitment cases under this section or section 253B.18 chapter, that an
act or acts constituting a crime occurred.

(b) A county attorney who files a petition to commit a person under this section
<u>chapter</u> shall make a reasonable effort to provide prompt notice of filing the petition to any
victim of a crime for which the person was convicted. In addition, the county attorney shall
make a reasonable effort to promptly notify the victim of the resolution of the petition.

(c) Before provisionally discharging, discharging, granting pass-eligible status, 11.22 11.23 approving a pass plan, or otherwise permanently or temporarily releasing a person committed under this section chapter from a treatment facility, the head of the treatment 11.24 facility executive director shall make a reasonable effort to notify any victim of a crime 11.25 for which the person was convicted that the person may be discharged or released and 11.26 that the victim has a right to submit a written statement regarding decisions of the head 11.27 of the treatment facility or designee executive director, or special review board, with 11.28 respect to the person. To the extent possible, the notice must be provided at least 14 11.29 days before any special review board hearing or before a determination on a pass plan. 11.30 Notwithstanding section 611A.06, subdivision 4, the commissioner shall provide the 11.31 judicial appeal panel with victim information in order to comply with the provisions of 11.32 this section. The judicial appeal panel shall ensure that the data on victims remains private 11.33 as provided for in section 611A.06, subdivision 4. 11.34

(d) This subdivision applies only to victims who have requested notification bycontacting, in writing, the county attorney in the county where the conviction for the crime

12.2

EB/BG

occurred or where the civil commitment was filed or, following commitment, the head of 12.1 the treatment facility executive director. A county attorney who receives a request for

notification under this paragraph subdivision shall promptly forward the request to the 12.3 commissioner of human services. 12.4

(e) Rights under this subdivision section are in addition to rights available to a victim 12.5 under chapter 611A. This provision does not give a victim all the rights of a "notified 12.6 person" or a person "entitled to statutory notice" under subdivision 12 or 13 or section 12.7 sections 253B.18, subdivision 4a, 4b, or 5; 253D.23; or 253D.27. 12.8

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 253B.185, subdivision 10a, 12.9 is amended to read: 12.10

Subd. 10a. Scope of community notification. (a) Notification of the public and 12.11 disclosure of information under section 244.052, subdivision 4, regarding an individual 12.12 who was committed under this section chapter or Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 526.10, 12.13 12.14 is as provided under section 244.052, subdivision 4, paragraphs (b), clause (3), and (g), and subdivision 4b, regardless of the individual's assigned risk level. 12.15

(b) After four years from the date of an order for provisional discharge or discharge 12.16 of civil commitment, the individual may petition the head of the treatment facility from 12.17 which the individual was provisionally discharged or discharged executive director to 12.18 have the scope of notification and disclosure based solely upon the individual's assigned 12.19 risk level under section 244.052. 12.20

(c) If an individual's provisional discharge is revoked for any reason, the four-year 12.21 12.22 time period under paragraph (b) starts over from the date of a subsequent order for provisional discharge or discharge except that the head of the treatment facility or 12.23 designee executive director may, in the that person's sole discretion of the head or 12.24 12.25 designee, determine that the individual may petition before four years have elapsed from the date of the order of the subsequent provisional discharge or discharge and notify the 12.26 individual of that determination. 12.27

(d) The head of the treatment facility executive director shall appoint a 12.28 multidisciplinary committee to review and make a recommendation on a petition made 12.29 under paragraph (b). The head of the treatment facility or designee executive director may 12.30 grant or deny the petition. There is no review or appeal of the decision. If a petition is 12.31 denied, the individual may petition again after two years from the date of denial. 12.32

(e) Nothing in this subdivision section shall be construed to give an individual an 12.33 affirmative right to petition the head of the treatment facility executive director earlier 12.34 than four years after the date of an order for provisional discharge or discharge. 12.35

(f) The head of the treatment facility executive director shall act in place of the 13.1 individual's corrections agent for the purpose of section 244.052, subdivision 3, paragraph 13.2 (h), when the individual is not assigned to a corrections agent. 13.3 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 11, is amended to 13.4 read: 13.5 Subd. 11. Transfer. (a) A patient person who is committed as a sexually dangerous 13.6 person or sexual psychopathic personality shall not be transferred out of a secure treatment 13.7 facility unless it appears to the satisfaction of the judicial appeal panel, after a hearing and 13.8 recommendation by a majority of the special review board, that the transfer is appropriate. 13.9 Transfer may be to other treatment programs under the commissioner's control. 13.10 (b) The following factors must be considered in determining whether a transfer 13.11 is appropriate: 13.12 (1) the person's clinical progress and present treatment needs; 13.13 13.14 (2) the need for security to accomplish continuing treatment; (3) the need for continued institutionalization; 13.15 (4) which facility can best meet the person's needs; and 13.16 (5) whether transfer can be accomplished with a reasonable degree of safety for 13.17 the public. 13.18 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 253B.185, subdivision 11a, 13.19 is amended to read: 13.20 13.21 Subd. 11a. Transfer; Voluntary readmission to a secure facility. (a) After a patient committed person has been transferred out of a secure facility pursuant to section 13.22 <u>253D.29</u>, subdivision <u>11</u>, and with the consent of the executive director of the Minnesota 13.23 13.24 sex offender program, a patient committed person may voluntarily return to a secure facility operated by the Minnesota sex offender program for a period of up to 60 days. 13.25 (b) If the patient committed person is not returned to the facility to which the patient 13.26 person was originally transferred pursuant to section 253D.29, subdivision 11 1 within 13.27 60 days of being readmitted to a secure facility, the transfer is revoked and the patient 13.28 committed person shall remain in a secure facility. The patient committed person shall 13.29 immediately be notified in writing of the revocation. 13.30 (c) Within 15 days of receiving notice of the revocation, the patient committed 13.31 person may petition the special review board for a review of the revocation. The special 13.32 review board shall review the circumstances of the revocation and shall recommend to the 13.33

REVISOR

EB/BG

12-3971

01/24/12

judicial appeal panel whether or not the revocation shall be upheld. The special reviewboard may also recommend a new transfer at the time of the revocation hearing.

- 14.3 (d) If the transfer has not been revoked and the <u>patient committed person</u> is to be
- 14.4 returned to the facility to which the <u>patient committed person</u> was originally transferred

14.5 pursuant to section 253D.29, subdivision $\frac{11}{1}$, with no substantive change to the

- 14.6 conditions of the transfer ordered pursuant to section 253D.29, subdivision $\frac{11}{1}$, no action
- 14.7 by the special review board or judicial appeal panel is required.

14.8 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 253B.185, subdivision 11b,
14.9 is amended to read:

Subd. 11b. Transfer; Revocation. (a) The executive director of the Minnesota sex
offender program or designee may revoke a transfer made pursuant to section 253D.29,
subdivision 11 1, and require a patient committed person to return to a secure treatment
facility if:

14.14 (1) remaining in a nonsecure setting will not provide a reasonable degree of safety to
14.15 the <u>patient committed person</u> or others; or

(2) the <u>patient committed person</u> has regressed in clinical progress so that the facility
to which the <u>patient committed person</u> was transferred is no longer sufficient to meet the
patient's committed person's needs.

(b) Upon the revocation of the transfer, the <u>patient_committed person</u> shall be
immediately returned to a secure treatment facility. A report documenting reasons for
revocation shall be issued by the executive director or designee within seven days after the
<u>patient_committed person</u> is returned to the secure treatment facility. Advance notice to
the <u>patient_committed person</u> of the revocation is not required.

(c) The <u>patient_committed person</u> must be provided a copy of the revocation report
and informed, orally and in writing, of the rights of a <u>patient_committed person</u> under this
subdivision_section. The revocation report shall be served upon the <u>patient_committed</u>
person and the <u>patient's_committed person's</u> counsel. The report shall outline the specific
reasons for the revocation including, but not limited to, the specific facts upon which
the revocation recommendation-is based.

(d) A <u>patient committed person</u> whose transfer is revoked must successfully
re-petition the special review board and judicial appeal panel prior to being transferred out
of a secure facility.

(e) Any <u>patient committed person</u> aggrieved by a transfer revocation decision may
petition the special review board within seven days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays,
and legal holidays, after receipt of the revocation report for a review of the revocation.

01/24/12

12-3971

15.1 The matter shall be scheduled within 30 days. The special review board shall review

the circumstances leading to the revocation and, after considering the factors in section
253D.29, subdivision ++ 1, paragraph (b), shall recommend to the judicial appeal panel

15.4 whether or not the revocation shall be upheld. The special review board may also

recommend a new transfer out of a secure facility at the time of the revocation hearing.

15.6 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 12, is amended to15.7 read:

Subd. 12. **Provisional discharge Factors.** (a) A patient committed person who is committed as a sexual psychopathic personality or sexually dangerous person shall not be provisionally discharged unless it appears to the satisfaction of the judicial appeal panel, after a hearing and a recommendation by a majority of the special review board, that the <u>patient committed person</u> is capable of making an acceptable adjustment to open society.

15.13 (b) The following factors are to be considered in determining whether a provisional
 15.14 discharge shall be recommended:

(1) whether the patient's committed person's course of treatment and present mental
status indicate there is no longer a need for treatment and supervision in the patient's
<u>committed person's</u> current treatment setting; and

(2) whether the conditions of the provisional discharge plan will provide a reasonable
degree of protection to the public and will enable the <u>patient committed person</u> to adjust
successfully to the community.

15.21 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 13, is amended to15.22 read:

Subd. 13. Provisional discharge Plan. A provisional discharge plan shall be 15.23 developed, implemented, and monitored by the head of the treatment facility or designee 15.24 executive director in conjunction with the patient committed person and other appropriate 15.25 persons. The head of the treatment facility or designee executive director shall, at least 15.26 quarterly, review the plan with the patient committed person and submit a written report 15.27 to the designated agency county attorneys of the county of commitment and county of 15.28 financial responsibility concerning the patient's committed person's status and compliance 15.29 with each term of the plan. 15.30

15.31 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 14, is amended to15.32 read:

01/24/12

16.1 Subd. 14. **Provisional discharge; Review.** A provisional discharge pursuant to this 16.2 section chapter shall not automatically terminate. A full discharge shall occur only as 16.3 provided in subdivision 18 section 253D.31. The commissioner shall notify the patient 16.4 that the terms of a provisional discharge continue unless the <u>patient committed person</u> 16.5 requests and is granted a change in the conditions of provisional discharge or unless the 16.6 <u>patient committed person</u> petitions the special review board for a full discharge and the 16.7 discharge is granted by the judicial appeal panel.

16.8 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 253B.185, subdivision 14a,
16.9 is amended to read:

Subd. 14a. Provisional discharge; Voluntary readmission. (a) With the consent
of the executive director of the Minnesota sex offender program, a patient committed
person may voluntarily return to the Minnesota sex offender program from provisional
discharge for a period of up to 60 days.

16.14 (b) If the patient committed person is not returned to provisional discharge status within 60 days of being readmitted to the Minnesota sex offender program, the provisional 16.15 discharge is revoked. The patient committed person shall immediately be notified of the 16.16 16.17 revocation in writing. Within 15 days of receiving notice of the revocation, the patient committed person may request a review of the matter before the special review board. The 16.18 special review board shall review the circumstances of the revocation and, after applying 16.19 the standards in section 253D.30, subdivision 15 5, paragraph (a), shall recommend to 16.20 the judicial appeal panel whether or not the revocation shall be upheld. The board may 16.21 16.22 recommend a return to provisional discharge status.

(c) If the provisional discharge has not been revoked and the <u>patient_committed</u>
person is to be returned to provisional discharge, the Minnesota sex offender program is
not required to petition for a further review by the special review board unless the <u>patient's</u>
<u>committed person's</u> return to the community results in substantive change to the existing
provisional discharge plan.

16.28 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 15, is amended to 16.29 read:

Subd. 15. Provisional discharge; Revocation. (a) The head of the treatment
 facility executive director may revoke a provisional discharge if either of the following
 grounds exist:

16.33 (1) the <u>patient committed person</u> has departed from the conditions of the provisional
16.34 discharge plan; or

17.1 (2) the <u>patient committed person</u> is exhibiting behavior which may be dangerous to17.2 self or others.

(b) The head of the treatment facility executive director may revoke the provisional
discharge and, either orally or in writing, order that the patient committed person be
immediately returned to the a Minnesota sex offender program treatment facility. A report
documenting reasons for revocation shall be issued by the head of the treatment facility
executive director within seven days after the patient committed person is returned to the
treatment facility. Advance notice to the patient committed person of the revocation
is not required.

(c) The <u>patient committed person</u> must be provided a copy of the revocation report
and informed, orally and in writing, of the rights of a <u>patient committed person</u> under this
section. The revocation report shall be served upon the <u>patient committed person</u>, the
<u>patient's committed person's</u> counsel, and the <u>designated agency county attorneys of the</u>
<u>county of commitment and the county of financial responsibility</u>. The report shall outline
the specific reasons for the revocation, including but not limited to the specific facts upon
which the revocation recommendation is based.

(d) An individual who is revoked from provisional discharge must successfully
re-petition the special review board and judicial appeal panel prior to being placed back
on provisional discharge.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 253B.185, subdivision 16,
is amended to read:

Subd. 16. Return of absent patient. (a) If a patient committed person is absent 17.22 without authorization, including failure to return to the custody of the Minnesota sex 17.23 offender program upon the revocation of a provisional discharge, the head of the treatment 17.24 17.25 facility or designee executive director shall report the absence to the local law enforcement agency. The head of the treatment facility executive director shall inform the committing 17.26 court of the revocation or absence, and the committing court or other district court shall 17.27 issue an order for the apprehension and holding of the patient committed person by a 17.28 peace officer in any jurisdiction and transportation of the patient committed person to a 17.29 facility operated by the Minnesota sex offender program or otherwise returned to the 17.30 custody of the Minnesota sex offender program. 17.31

(b) An employee of the Department of Human Services may apprehend, detain, or
transport an absent <u>patient committed person</u> at anytime. The immunity provided under
section 253B.23, subdivision 4, applies to the apprehension, detention, and transport of an
absent <u>patient committed person</u>.

EB/BG

(c) Upon receiving either the report or the apprehend and hold order in paragraph
(a), a law enforcement agency shall enter information on the <u>patient committed person</u>
into the missing persons file of the National Crime Information Center database according
to the missing persons practices. Where probable cause exists of a violation of section
609.485, a law enforcement agency shall also seek a felony arrest warrant and enter the
warrant in the National Crime Information Center database.

(d) For the purposes of ensuring public safety and the apprehension of an absent
patient committed person, and notwithstanding state and federal data privacy laws, the
Minnesota sex offender program shall disclose information about the absent patient
<u>committed person</u> relevant to the <u>patient's person's</u> apprehension and return to law
enforcement agencies where the absent <u>patient committed person</u> is likely to be located or
likely to travel through and to agencies with statewide jurisdiction.

(e) Upon receiving either the report or the apprehend and hold order in paragraph
(a), a <u>patient committed person</u> shall be apprehended and held by a peace officer in any
jurisdiction pending return to a facility operated by the Minnesota sex offender program or
otherwise returned to the custody of the Minnesota sex offender program.

(f) A patient committed person detained solely under this subdivision may be held in
a jail or lockup only if:

18.19 (1) there is no other feasible place of detention for the <u>patient person;</u>

18.20 (2) the detention is for less than 24 hours; and

18.21 (3) there are protections in place, including segregation of the <u>patient person</u>, to
18.22 ensure the safety of the <u>patient person</u>.

These limitations do not apply to a patient committed person being held for criminal
 prosecution, including for violation of section 609.485.

(g) If a <u>patient_committed person</u> is detained under this <u>subdivision_section</u>, the
Minnesota sex offender program shall arrange to pick up the <u>patient_person</u> within 24 hours
of the time detention was begun and shall be responsible for securing transportation for the
<u>patient_person</u> to a facility operated by the Minnesota sex offender program, as determined
by <u>its_the</u> executive director. The expense of detaining and transporting a <u>patient</u>
<u>committed person</u> shall be the responsibility of the Minnesota sex offender program.

(h) Immediately after an absent <u>patient committed person</u> is apprehended, the
Minnesota sex offender program or the law enforcement agency that apprehended or
returned the absent <u>patient committed person</u> shall notify the law enforcement agency
that first received the absent <u>patient committed person</u> report under this <u>subdivision</u>
<u>section</u>, and that agency shall cancel the missing persons entry from the National Crime
Information Center computer.

12-3971

Subd. 17. Appeal. Any patient committed person aggrieved by a revocation 19.3 decision or any interested person may petition the special review board within seven 19.4 days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of the revocation 19.5 report for a review of the revocation. The matter shall be scheduled within 30 days. The 19.6 special review board shall review the circumstances leading to the revocation and shall 19.7 recommend to the judicial appeal panel whether or not the revocation shall be upheld. 19.8 The special review board may also recommend a new provisional discharge at the time 19.9 of the revocation hearing. 19.10

19.11 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 18, is amended to19.12 read:

Subd. 18. Discharge. A patient person who is committed as a sexual psychopathic
personality or sexually dangerous person shall not be discharged unless it appears to the
satisfaction of the judicial appeal panel, after a hearing and recommendation by a majority
of the special review board, that the patient committed person is capable of making an
acceptable adjustment to open society, is no longer dangerous to the public, and is no
longer in need of inpatient treatment and supervision.

In determining whether a discharge shall be recommended, the special review board
and judicial appeal panel shall consider whether specific conditions exist to provide a
reasonable degree of protection to the public and to assist the <u>patient committed person</u>
in adjusting to the community. If the desired conditions do not exist, the discharge shall
not be granted.

19.24 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 253B.185, subdivision 19, is amended to19.25 read:

Subd. 19. Aftercare services. (a) The Minnesota sex offender program shall
provide the supervision, aftercare, and case management services for a person under
provisionally discharged or discharged from commitment as <u>a</u> sexual psychopathic
personalities and personality or sexually dangerous persons discharged after July 1, 1999
person. The designated agency, as defined in section 253B.02, subdivision 5, shall assist
with client eligibility for public welfare benefits and will provide those services that are
currently available exclusively through county government.

19.33 (b) Prior to the date of discharge or provisional discharge of any patient person
 19.34 committed as a sexual psychopathic personality or sexually dangerous person, the head

12-3971

of the treatment facility or designee_executive director shall establish a continuing plan
of aftercare services for the patient person, including a plan for medical and behavioral
health services, financial sustainability, housing, social supports, or other assistance the
patient needs. The Minnesota sex offender program shall provide case management
services and shall assist the patient person in finding employment, suitable shelter, and
adequate medical and behavioral health services and otherwise assist in the patient's
person's readjustment to the community.

20.8 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 253B.19, subdivision 2, is 20.9 amended to read:

Subd. 2. Petition; hearing. (a) A person committed as mentally ill and dangerous 20.10 to the public under section 253B.18, or the county attorney of the county from which the 20.11 person was committed or the county of financial responsibility, may petition the judicial 20.12 appeal panel for a rehearing and reconsideration of a decision by the commissioner under 20.13 section 253B.18, subdivision 5. The judicial appeal panel must not consider petitions for 20.14 relief other than those considered by the commissioner from which the appeal is taken. 20.15 The petition must be filed with the Supreme Court within 30 days after the decision of 20.16 the commissioner is signed. The hearing must be held within 45 days of the filing of the 20.17 petition unless an extension is granted for good cause. 20.18

(b) A person committed as a sexual psychopathic personality or as a sexually 20.19 dangerous person under section 253B.185, or committed as both mentally ill and 20.20 dangerous to the public under section 253B.18 and as a sexual psychopathic personality or 20.21 as a sexually dangerous person under section 253B.185; the county attorney of the county 20.22 from which the person was committed or the county of financial responsibility; or the 20.23 commissioner may petition the judicial appeal panel for a rehearing and reconsideration 20.24 of a decision of the special review board under section 253B.185, subdivision 9. The 20.25 petition must be filed with the Supreme Court within 30 days after the decision is mailed 20.26 by the commissioner as required in section 253B.185, subdivision 9, paragraph (f). The 20.27 hearing must be held within 180 days of the filing of the petition unless an extension is 20.28 granted for good cause. If no party petitions the judicial appeal panel for a rehearing 20.29 or reconsideration within 30 days, the judicial appeal panel shall either issue an order 20.30 adopting the recommendations of the special review board or set the matter on for a 20.31 hearing pursuant to this paragraph. 20.32

20.33 (c) For an appeal under paragraph (a) or (b) section 253D.28, the Supreme Court
20.34 shall refer the petition to the chief judge of the judicial appeal panel. The chief judge
20.35 shall notify the patient, the county attorney of the county of commitment, the designated

REVISOR

12-3971

agency, the commissioner, the head of the treatment facility, any interested person, and 21.1 other persons the chief judge designates, of the time and place of the hearing on the 21.2 petition. The notice shall be given at least 14 days prior to the date of the hearing. 21.3

(d) (c) Any person may oppose the petition. The patient, the patient's counsel, the 21.4 county attorney of the committing county or the county of financial responsibility, and the 21.5 commissioner shall participate as parties to the proceeding pending before the judicial 21.6 appeal panel and shall, except when the patient is committed solely as mentally ill and 21.7 dangerous, no later than 20 days before the hearing on the petition, inform the judicial 21.8 appeal panel and the opposing party in writing whether they support or oppose the petition 21.9 and provide a summary of facts in support of their position. The judicial appeal panel may 21.10 appoint examiners and may adjourn the hearing from time to time. It shall hear and receive 21.11 all relevant testimony and evidence and make a record of all proceedings. The patient, 21.12 the patient's counsel, and the county attorney of the committing county or the county of 21.13 financial responsibility have the right to be present and may present and cross-examine all 21.14 21.15 witnesses and offer a factual and legal basis in support of their positions. The petitioning party seeking discharge or provisional discharge bears the burden of going forward with 21.16 the evidence, which means presenting a prima facie case with competent evidence to show 21.17 that the person is entitled to the requested relief. If the petitioning party has met this 21.18 burden, the party opposing discharge or provisional discharge bears the burden of proof 21.19 by clear and convincing evidence that the discharge or provisional discharge should be 21.20 denied. A party seeking transfer under section 253B.18, subdivision 6, or 253B.185, 21.21 subdivision 11 253D.29, subdivision 1, must establish by a preponderance of the evidence 21.22 21.23 that the transfer is appropriate.

21.24

Sec. 31. [253D.01] CITATION.

21.25 This chapter may be cited as the "Minnesota Commitment and Treatment Act: Sexually Dangerous Persons and Sexual Psychopathic Personalities." 21.26

21.27

Sec. 32. [253D.02] DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Scope. For the purposes of this chapter, the terms defined in this 21.28 section have the meanings given them. 21.29

Subd. 3. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human 21.30

services or the commissioner's designee. 21.31

Subd. 4. Committed person. "Committed person" means an individual committed 21.32 under this chapter, or under this chapter and under section 253B.18, as mentally ill and 21.33

01/24/12 EB/BG REVISOR 12-3971 dangerous. It does not include person's committed only as mentally ill and dangerous under 22.1 22.2 section 253B.18. It includes individuals described in section 246B.01, subdivision 1a. Subd. 5. Committing court. "Committing court" means the district court where 22.3 a petition for commitment was decided. 22.4 Subd. 6. Executive director. "Executive director" has the same meaning as in 22.5 section 246B.01, subdivision 2c. 22.6 Subd. 9. Secure treatment facility. "Secure treatment facility" means the 22.7 Minnesota sex offender program facility in Moose Lake and any portion of the Minnesota 22.8 sex offender program operated by the Minnesota sex offender program at the Minnesota 22.9 Security Hospital, but does not include services or programs administered by the 22.10 Minnesota sex offender program outside a secure environment. 22.11 Sec. 33. [253D.03] GENERAL PROVISIONS. 22.12 The provisions of section 253B.23 apply to commitments under this chapter except 22.13 22.14 where inconsistent. 22.15 Sec. 34. [253D.04] REVIEW BOARD. The commissioner shall establish a review board under section 253B.22 for facilities 22.16 of the Minnesota sex offender program. 22.17 Sec. 35. [253D.13] PROCEDURES UPON COMMITMENT. 22.18 Upon commitment under this chapter, admission procedures shall be carried out 22.19 22.20 under section 253B.10. Sec. 36. [253D.17] RIGHTS OF COMMITTED PERSONS; GENERALLY. 22.21 22.22 Persons committed under this chapter have those rights described in section 253B.03 except as may be limited pursuant to section 253D.19. 22.23 Sec. 37. [253D.20] RIGHT TO COUNSEL. 22.24 A committed person has the right to be represented by counsel at any proceeding 22.25 under this chapter. The court shall appoint a qualified attorney to represent the committed 22.26 person if neither the committed person nor others provide counsel. The attorney shall 22.27 be appointed at the time a petition for commitment is filed. In all proceedings under 22.28 this chapter, the attorney shall: 22.29 (1) consult with the person prior to any hearing; 22.30 (2) be given adequate time and access to records to prepare for all hearings; 22.31

	01/24/12	REVISOR	EB/BG	12-3971
23.1	(3) continue to represent the perso	on throughout any pro	ceedings under this c	hapter .
23.2	unless released as counsel by the court;	and	-	_
23.3	(4) be a vigorous advocate on beh	half of the person.		
23.4	Sec. 38. [253D.21] NEUROLEPTI	C MEDICATION.		
23.5	Neuroleptic medications may be a	administered to a pers	on committed under	<u>this</u>
23.6	chapter only as provided in section 253	<u>B.092.</u>		
23.7	Sec. 39. [253D.23] PASSES.			
23.8	A committed person may be relea	sed on a pass only as	provided by section 2	<u>53B.18,</u>
23.9	subdivisions 4a and 4b.			
23.10	Sec. 40. [253D.28] JUDICIAL AP	PEAL PANEL.		
23.11	Subdivision 1. Rehearing and re	consideration. (a) A	person committed as	a sexual
23.12	psychopathic personality or as a sexual	ly dangerous person u	nder section 253B.18	<u>35, or</u>
23.13	committed as both mentally ill and dang	gerous to the public up	nder section 253B.18	and as
23.14	a sexual psychopathic personality or as	a sexually dangerous	person under this ch	apter;
23.15	the county attorney of the county from	which the person was	committed or the co	unty
23.16	of financial responsibility; or the comm	issioner may petition	the judicial appeal p	anel
23.17	established under section 253B.19, sub	division 1, for a reheat	ring and reconsiderat	ion of a
23.18	recommendation of the special review b	board under section 25	53D.27.	
23.19	(b) The petition must be filed wit	h the Supreme Court	within 30 days after	
23.20	the recommendation is mailed by the co	ommissioner as requir	red in section 253D.2	27,
23.21	subdivision 4. The hearing must be hel	d within 180 days of	the filing of the petit	ion
23.22	unless an extension is granted for good	cause.		
23.23	(c) If no party petitions the judicia	al appeal panel for a re	ehearing or reconside	eration
23.24	within 30 days, the judicial appeal panel	el shall either issue ar	n order adopting the	
23.25	recommendations of the special review	board or set the matte	er on for a hearing pu	rsuant
23.26	to this section.			
23.27	Subd. 2. Procedure. (a) The Sup	reme Court shall refer	a petition for rehear	ing and
23.28	reconsideration to the chief judge of the	judicial appeal panel	. The chief judge sha	ll notify
23.29	the committed person, the county attorn	neys of the county of c	commitment and cour	<u>nty of</u>
23.30	financial responsibility, the commission	er, the executive direct	ctor, any interested pe	erson,
23.31	and other persons the chief judge design	nates, of the time and	place of the hearing	on the
23.32	petition. The notice shall be given at least	ast 14 days prior to the	e date of the hearing.	

01/24/12

24.1	(b) Any person may oppose the petition. The committed person, the committed
24.2	person's counsel, the county attorneys of the committing county and county of financial
24.3	responsibility, and the commissioner shall participate as parties to the proceeding pending
24.4	before the judicial appeal panel and shall, no later than 20 days before the hearing on the
24.5	petition, inform the judicial appeal panel and the opposing party in writing whether they
24.6	support or oppose the petition and provide a summary of facts in support of their position.
24.7	(c) The judicial appeal panel may appoint examiners and may adjourn the hearing
24.8	from time to time. It shall hear and receive all relevant testimony and evidence and make
24.9	a record of all proceedings. The committed person, the committed person's counsel, and
24.10	the county attorney of the committing county or the county of financial responsibility have
24.11	the right to be present and may present and cross-examine all witnesses and offer a factual
24.12	and legal basis in support of their positions.
24.13	(d) The petitioning party seeking discharge or provisional discharge bears the
24.14	burden of going forward with the evidence, which means presenting a prima facie case
24.15	with competent evidence to show that the person is entitled to the requested relief. If
24.16	the petitioning party has met this burden, the party opposing discharge or provisional
24.17	discharge bears the burden of proof by clear and convincing evidence that the discharge or
24.18	provisional discharge should be denied.
24.19	(e) A party seeking transfer under section 253D.29 must establish by a preponderance
24.20	of the evidence that the transfer is appropriate.
24.21	Subd. 3. Decision. A majority of the judicial appeal panel shall rule upon the
24.22	petition. The panel shall consider the petition de novo. No order of the judicial appeal
24.23	panel granting a transfer, discharge, or provisional discharge shall be made effective
24.24	sooner than 15 days after it is issued. The panel may not consider petitions for relief
24.25	other than those considered by the special review board from which the appeal is taken.
24.26	The judicial appeal panel may not grant a transfer or provisional discharge on terms or
24.27	conditions that were not presented to the special review board.
24.28	Subd. 4. Appeal. A party aggrieved by an order of the appeal panel may appeal that
24.29	order as provided under section 253B.19, subdivision 5.
24.30	Sec. 41. [253D.36] DISCHARGE; ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES.
24.31	Upon discharge from commitment under this chapter, administrative procedures
24.32	shall be carried out under section 253B.20.

24.33 Sec. 42. <u>COURT RULES.</u>

EB/BG

- 25.1 Nothing in this act shall be construed to change the application of the Special Rules
 25.2 of Procedure Governing Proceedings under the Minnesota Commitment and Treatment
- 25.3 <u>Act.</u>
- 25.4 Sec. 43. <u>CONSTRUCTION.</u>
- 25.5 Nothing in this act shall be construed to create grounds for relief or a cause of
- 25.6 <u>action for persons previously committed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 253B, or its</u>
- 25.7 predecessors.
- 25.8 Sec. 44. <u>**REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.**</u>
- 25.9 The revisor of statutes shall renumber each section of Minnesota Statutes listed in
- 25.10 <u>column A with the number listed in column B. The revisor shall also make necessary</u>
- 25.11 <u>cross-reference changes consistent with the renumbering.</u>

25.12	Column A	<u>Column B</u>
25.13	<u>253B.02, subd. 7a</u>	253D.02, subd. 7
25.14	<u>253B.02, subd. 18b</u>	253D.02, subd. 11
25.15	<u>253B.02, subd. 18c</u>	253D.02, subd. 12
25.16	<u>253B.02, subd. 24</u>	253D.02, subd. 2
25.17	<u>253B.02, subd. 25</u>	253D.02, subd. 8
25.18	<u>253B.02, subd. 26</u>	253D.02, subd. 10
25.19	<u>253B.03, subd. 1a</u>	<u>253D.18</u>
25.20	<u>253B.045, subd. 1a</u>	253D.10, subd. 2
25.21	253B.185, subd. 1, paragraph (a)	253D.07, subd. 1
25.22	253B.185, subd. 1, paragraph (b)	<u>253D.07, subd. 2</u>
25.23	253B.185, subd. 1, paragraph (c)	<u>253D.07, subd. 3</u>
25.24	253B.185, subd. 1, paragraph (d)	<u>253D.07, subd. 4</u>
25.25	253B.185, subd. 1a	<u>253D.10, subd. 1</u>
25.26	253B.185, subd. 1b	<u>253D.08</u>
25.27	253B.185, subd. 2	<u>253D.22</u>
25.28	253B.185, subd. 3	<u>253D.07, subd. 5</u>
25.29	253B.185, subd. 4, paragraph (a)	<u>253D.11, subd. 1</u>
25.30	253B.185, subd. 4, paragraph (b)	<u>253D.11, subd. 2</u>
25.31	253B.185, subd. 5, paragraph (a)	253D.12, subd. 1
25.32	253B.185, subd. 5, paragraph (b)	<u>253D.12, subd. 2</u>
25.33	253B.185, subd. 5, paragraph (c)	253D.12, subd. 3
25.34	253B.185, subd. 5, paragraph (d)	253D.12, subd. 4
25.35	253B.185, subd. 7, paragraph (a)	253D.19, subd. 1
25.36	253B.185, subd. 7, paragraph (b)	<u>253D.19, subd. 2</u>
25.37	253B.185, subd. 8	<u>253D.09</u>
25.38	253B.185, subd. 9, paragraph (a)	253D.27, subd. 1, paragraph (a)
25.39	253B.185, subd. 9, paragraph (b)	253D.27, subd. 1, paragraph (b)

26.1	253B.185, subd. 9, paragraph (c)
26.2	253B.185, subd. 9, paragraph (d)
26.3	253B.185, subd. 9, paragraph (e)
26.4	253B.185, subd. 9, paragraph (f)
26.5	253B.185, subd. 10, paragraph (a)
26.6	253B.185, subd. 10, paragraph (b)
26.7	253B.185, subd. 10, paragraph (c)
26.8	253B.185, subd. 10, paragraph (d)
26.9	253B.185, subd. 10, paragraph (e)
26.10	253B.185, subd. 10a, paragraph (a)
26.11	253B.185, subd. 10a, paragraph (b)
26.12	253B.185, subd. 10a, paragraph (c)
26.13	253B.185, subd. 10a, paragraph (d)
26.14	253B.185, subd. 10a, paragraph (e)
26.15	253B.185, subd. 10a, paragraph (f)
26.16	<u>253B.185, subd. 11</u>
26.17	253B.185, subd. 11a
26.18	253B.185, subd. 11b
26.19	253B.185, subd. 12
26.20	<u>253B.185, subd. 13</u>
26.21	253B.185, subd. 14
26.22	<u>253B.185, subd. 14a</u>
26.23	253B.185, subd. 15
26.24	253B.185, subd. 16, paragraph (a)
26.25	253B.185, subd. 16, paragraph (b)
26.26	253B.185, subd. 16, paragraph (c)
26.27	253B.185, subd. 16, paragraph (d)
26.28	253B.185, subd. 16, paragraph (e)
26.29	253B.185, subd. 16, paragraph (f)
26.30	253B.185, subd. 16, paragraph (g)
26.31	253B.185, subd. 16, paragraph (h)
26.32	253B.185, subd. 17
26.33	<u>253B.185, subd. 18</u>
26.34	253B.185, subd. 19, paragraph (a)
26.35	253B.185, subd. 19, paragraph (b)

<u>253D.27, subd. 2</u>
253D.27, subd. 3, paragraph (a)
253D.27, subd. 3, paragraph (b)
253D.30, subd. 4
<u>253D.14, subd. 1</u>
<u>253D.14, subd. 2</u>
253D.14, subd. 3
<u>253D.14, subd. 4</u>
253D.14, subd. 5
<u>253D.32, subd. 1</u>
253D.32, subd. 2, paragraph (a)
253D.32, subd. 2, paragraph (b)
253D.32, subd. 2, paragraph (c)
253D.32, subd. 2, paragraph (d)
<u>253D.32, subd. 3</u>
<u>253D.29, subd. 1</u>
<u>253D.29, subd. 2</u>
<u>253D.29, subd. 3</u>
<u>253D.30, subd. 1</u>
<u>253D.30, subd. 2</u>
<u>253D.30, subd. 3</u>
<u>253D.30, subd. 4</u>
<u>253D.30, subd. 5</u>
<u>253D.24, subd. 1</u>
<u>253D.24, subd. 2</u>
<u>253D.24, subd. 3</u>
<u>253D.24, subd. 4</u>
<u>253D.24, subd. 5</u>
<u>253D.24, subd. 6</u>
<u>253D.24, subd. 7</u>
253D.24, subd. 8
<u>253D.30, subd. 6</u>
<u>253D.31</u>
<u>253D.35, subd. 1</u>

253D.35, subd. 2