BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2000, section 626.77, is amended to read:

626.77 PEACE OFFICERS FROM ADJOINING STATES; FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS.

Subdivision 1. ARREST AUTHORITY. A peace officer of a state adjoining Minnesota has and a federal law enforcement officer have the same authority to arrest and hold an individual in custody as has any peace officer of this state if all of the following circumstances are present:

(1) the officer enters this state while is on duty and authorized by is acting on a request for assistance by a peace officer of this state;

(2) while in this state, the officer acts under the direction of the peace officer to whom the officer is rendering assistance;

(3) while in this state, the officer acts in accordance with the rules and regulations of the officer's own appointive or elective authority; and

(4) upon effecting an arrest, the officer surrenders custody of the arrested individual to a peace officer of this state without unnecessary delay.

Subd. 2. TORT LIABILITY; INDEMNIFICATION. A peace officer from an adjoining state or a federal law enforcement officer who responds to a request for assistance and who acts in accordance with subdivision 1 is serving in the regular line of duty as fully as though the service was within the officer's jurisdiction. For the purposes of section 3.736 and chapter 466, the officer is deemed to be an employee of the elective or appointive agency of the peace officer requesting assistance.

Subd. 3. **DEFINITION.** As used in this section, "federal law enforcement officer" means an officer or employee whether employed inside or outside the state of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Drug Enforcement Administration, the United States Marshal Service, the Secret Service, the Bureau Firearms, or the Immigration and Naturalization Service, who is responsible for the prevention or detection of crimes or for the enforcement of the United States Code and who is authorized to arrest, with or without a warrant, any individual for a violation of the United States Code.

Presented to the governor April 5, 2001

Signed by the governor April 9, 2001, 10:23 a.m.

CHAPTER 17-S.F.No. 400

An act relating to the town of Hokah; authorizing the town of Hokah in Houston county to vacate a road in an emergency situation.

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. HOKAH TOWNSHIP; TOWN ROAD VACATION.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 164.06 or 164.07, subdivision 1, the town board of Hokah in Houston county may by resolution vacate a town road without a petition and without authorization by the electors of the town, where an emergency vacation is made necessary by reason of extensive damage to the road from a natural disaster. Minnesota Statutes, section 164.07, subdivisions 2 to 12, apply to a vacation under this section. If a parcel of land is left without access to a public road as a result of the vacation the town board shall upon petition of the owner of that parcel establish a cartway for that parcel under Minnesota Statutes, section 164.08. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 164.08, the town board is responsible for the costs of the land over which the cartway lies.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 1 is effective the day after the town board of the town of Hokah in Houston County and its chief clerical officer timely complete their compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Presented to the governor April 5, 2001

Signed by the governor April 9, 2001, 10:23 a.m.

CHAPTER 18-S.F.No. 991

An act relating to education; notifying schools of student possession of drug paraphernalia; amending Minnesota Statutes 2000, section 121A.28.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2000, section 121A.28, is amended to read:

121A.28 LAW ENFORCEMENT RECORDS.

A law enforcement agency shall provide notice of any drug incident occurring within the agency's jurisdiction, in which the agency has probable cause to believe a student violated section 152.021, 152.022, 152.023, 152.024, 152.025, 152.027, 152.092, 152.097, or 340A.503, subdivision 1, 2, or 3. The notice shall be in writing and shall be provided, within two weeks after an incident occurs, to the chemical abuse preassessment team in the school where the student is enrolled.

Presented to the governor April 9, 2001

Signed by the governor April 11, 2001, 2:20 p.m.

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.