- (1) the nature of compulsive gambling and current practices in diagnosing and treating it;
- (2) the extent of compulsive gambling in this state and the effect of current and proposed forms of legalized gambling on the incidence of compulsive gambling;
 - (3) existing programs in this state to deal with compulsive gambling;
- (4) proposals for additional efforts to deal with compulsive gambling by both public and private agencies;
- (5) coverage of compulsive gambling under existing health insurance policies and proposals to change that coverage;
- (6) recommendations for a coordinated program of public and private action to deal with compulsive gambling by means of both treatment and public information, with recommended funding levels and implementation strategy; and
- (7) the estimated annual cost of establishing compulsive gambling treatment programs.

Sec. 2. RULES.

The commissioner of public welfare is authorized to adopt temporary and permanent rules as necessary for implementation of section 1.

Sec. 3. APPROPRIATION.

Subdivision 1. GENERALLY. \$50,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public welfare for the purpose of implementing sections 1 and 2. The sum is available until June 30, 1985.

<u>Subd. 2. OTHER SOURCES. For purposes of implementing section 1, the commissioner of public welfare may obtain contributions from other sources. Amounts received are appropriated to the commissioner of public welfare.</u>

Approved May 2, 1984

CHAPTER 617 — S.F.No. 1628

An act relating to public welfare; setting licensing, planning and zoning provisions with respect to licensed residential and day care facilities; providing that certain facilities are permitted multi-family uses; allowing municipalities to require conditional use permits for certain other facilities; requiring counties to engage in planning to promote dispersal of residential facilities; providing that certain facilities are permitted single family uses; amending Minnesota Statutes 1982, sections 245.783, by adding a subdivision; 245.812, subdivisions 3, 4 and 7, and by adding a subdivision; and 462.357, subdivisions 7, 8, and by adding a subdivision.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 245.783, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 7. When issuing new licenses pursuant to this section, the commissioner shall implement a policy preference for residential facilities serving less than 17 individuals who are mentally retarded.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 245.812, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 2a. It is the policy of this state that handicapped persons and children should not be excluded by municipal zoning ordinances or other land use regulations from the benefits of normal residential surroundings.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 245.812, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. A licensed residential facility serving six or fewer persons or a licensed day care facility serving ten 12 or fewer persons shall be considered a permitted single family residential use of property for the purposes of zoning.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 245.812, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Unless otherwise provided in any town, municipal or county zoning regulation, a licensed day eare or residential facility serving from seven through sixteen persons or a licensed day care facility serving from 13 through 16 persons shall be considered a permitted multi-family residential use of property for purposes of zoning. A township, municipal or county zoning authority may require a conditional use or special use permit in order to assure proper maintenance and operation of a facility, provided that no conditions shall be imposed on the homes facility which are more restrictive than those imposed on other conditional uses or special uses of residential property in the same zones, unless such additional conditions are necessary to protect the health and safety of the residents of the facility. Nothing herein shall be construed to exclude or prohibit residential homes or day care facilities from single family zones if otherwise permitted by a local zoning regulation.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 245.812, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. (a) Residential facilities for adult mentally ill persons established on or before July 1, 1980, are exempt from the requirements of this section until July 1, 1984 1985. The commissioner shall develop a mechanism for ensuring full compliance with this section by residential facilities for adult mentally ill persons by July 1, 1984.

- (b) Before January 1, 1985, each county having one or more group residential facilities within 1,320 feet of any existing group residential facility shall submit to the department of public welfare a plan to promote dispersal of group residential facilities. In formulating its plan, the county shall solicit the participation of affected persons, facilities, municipalities having highly concentrated residential facility populations, and advocacy groups. For purposes of this subdivision, "highly concentrated" means having a population in residential facilities serving seven or more persons that exceeds one-half of one percent of the population of a recognized planning district or other administrative subdivision.
- (c) Within 45 days after submission of the plan by the county, the commissioner shall certify whether the plan fulfills the purposes and requirements of this subdivision including the following requirements.
- (1) No new facility serving seven or more persons shall be located in any recognized planning district or other administrative subdivision where the population in residential facilities is highly concentrated.
- (2) The county plan shall promote dispersal of highly concentrated residential facility populations.
- (3) The county plan shall promote the development of residential facilities in areas that are not highly concentrated.
- (4) No person in a residential facility shall be displaced as a result of this section until a relocation plan has been implemented that provides for an acceptable alternative placement.
- (5) If the plan provides for the relocation of residential facilities, the relocation shall be completed by January 1, 1990.
- If the commissioner certifies that the plan does not do so, he shall state the reasons, and the county shall have 30 days to submit a plan amended to comply with the requirements of the commissioner.
- (d) After July 1, 1985, the commissioner may reduce grants pursuant to section 245.73 to a county required to have an approved plan under clause (b) if the county does not have a plan approved by the commissioner. The county board has the right to be provided with advance notice and to appeal the commissioner's decision. If the county requests a hearing within 30 days of the notification of intent to reduce grants, the commissioner shall not certify any reduction in grants until a hearing is conducted and a decision rendered in accordance with the contested case provisions of chapter 14.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 462.357, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6a. It is the policy of this state that handicapped persons and children should not be excluded by municipal zoning ordinances or other land use regulations from the benefits of normal residential surroundings. For

purposes of subdivisions 6a through 9, "person" has the meaning given in section 245.782, subdivision 2.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 462.357, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. PERMITTED SINGLE FAMILY USE. In order to implement the policy of this state that mentally retarded and physically handicapped persons should not be excluded by municipal zoning ordinances from the benefits of normal residential surroundings, A state licensed group home or foster home residential facility serving six or fewer mentally retarded or physically handicapped persons or a licensed day care facility serving 12 or fewer persons shall be considered a permitted single family residential use of property for the purposes of zoning.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 462.357, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. PERMITTED MULTI-FAMILY USE. Unless otherwise provided in any town, municipal or county zoning regulation as authorized by this subdivision, a state licensed residential facility serving from 7 through 16 mentally retarded or physically handicapped persons or a licensed day care facility serving from 13 through 16 persons shall be considered a permitted multi-family residential use of property for purposes of zoning. A township, municipal or county zoning authority may require a conditional use or special use permit in order to assure proper maintenance and operation of a facility, provided that no conditions shall be imposed on the homes facility which are more restrictive than those imposed on other conditional uses or special uses of residential property in the same zones, unless the additional conditions are necessary to protect the health and safety of the residents of the residential facility for the mentally retarded or the physically handicapped. Nothing herein shall be construed to exclude or prohibit residential homes for the mentally retarded or physically handicapped or day care facilities from single family zones if otherwise permitted by a local zoning regulation.

Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 8 are effective the day after final enactment.

Approved May 2, 1984

CHAPTER 618 - S.F.No. 2016

An act relating to the office of the secretary of state; providing for the simplification of various filings with that office; eliminating or transferring certain filings; providing for uniform standards for the filing of names of limited partnerships, corporations, cooperatives, and assumed names and marks; eliminating the requirement of publication after incorporation; shifting the time of publication of certificate of assumed name; providing for the filing