sections section 169.345, subdivision 3, or 168.021, or if the vehicle visibly displays an equivalent certificate, insignia, or license plate issued by another state or one of its political subdivisions.

- Subd. 2. **SIGNS.** Handicapped parking spaces shall <u>must</u> be designated and identified by the posting of signs incorporating the international symbol of access in white on blue and indicating that the parking space is reserved for the handicapped with vehicles displaying the required certificate, license plates, or insignia. Spaces which have been clearly identified for handicapped parking by signs which are not in compliance with the design standards as set forth in this subdivision shall also be deemed designated and reserved for the physically handicapped for the purposes of this section. A sign posted for the purpose of this section shall <u>must</u> be visible from inside a vehicle parked in the space and shall, be kept clear of snow or other obstructions which block its visibility, and be nonmovable or only <u>movable</u> by authorized persons.
- Subd. 3. **PENALTY.** Any person who violates the provisions of subdivision 1 is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than \$15 \$25 nor more than \$100. This subdivision shall be enforced in the same manner as parking ordinances or regulations are enforced in the governmental subdivision in which the violation occurs. Law enforcement officers have the authority to tag vehicles parked on either private or public property in violation of the provisions of subdivision 1. A handicapped person charged with violating subdivision 1 because he parked in a handicapped parking space without the required certificate or insignia shall not be convicted if he produces in court or prior to the court appearance the required certificate or insignia and demonstrates that he was entitled to the certificate or insignia at the time of arrest or tagging.

Approved April 6, 1983

CHAPTER 25 — H.F.No. 79

An act relating to juveniles; requiring orders of reference for prosecution for juveniles who have been previously referred; amending Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 260.125, subdivision 2, and by adding a subdivision.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 260.125, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. ORDER OF REFERENCE; REQUIREMENTS. Except as provided in subdivision 3a the juvenile court may order a reference only if:
- (a) A petition has been filed in accordance with the provisions of section 260.131;

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

- (b) Notice has been given in accordance with the provisions of sections 260.135 and 260.141;
- (c) A hearing has been held in accordance with the provisions of section 260.155 within 30 days of the filing of the reference motion, unless good cause is shown by the prosecution or the child as to why the hearing should not be held within this period; and
 - (d) The court finds that
- (1) there is probable cause, as defined by the rules of criminal procedure promulgated pursuant to section 480.059, to believe the child committed the offense alleged by delinquency petition and
- (2) the prosecuting authority has demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence that the child is not suitable to treatment or that the public safety is not served under the provisions of laws relating to juvenile courts.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 260.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3a. PRIOR REFERENCE; EXCEPTION. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3, the court shall order a reference in any case where the prosecutor shows that the child has been previously referred for prosecution on a felony charge by an order of reference issued pursuant to either a hearing held under subdivision 2 or pursuant to the waiver of the right to such a hearing, other than a prior reference in the same case.

This subdivision only applies if the child is convicted of the offense or offenses for which he was prosecuted pursuant to the order of reference or of a lesser included offense which is a felony.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 and 2 are effective August 1, 1983, and apply to adult reference motions filed on or after that date. Orders for reference issued prior to the effective date shall be considered in the enforcement of this act.

Approved April 13, 1983

CHAPTER 26 — H.F.No. 121

An act relating to state historic sites; designating the old administration building at the Minnesota Veterans Home and the Longfellow House in Minneapolis as state historic sites; amending Minnesota Statutes 1982, section 138.53, by adding a subdivision; and section 138.56, by adding a subdivision.

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.