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State of Minnesota

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Page No.

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198

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-THIRD SESSION

H. F. No. 183

02/15/2023	Authored by Klevorn and Hussein
	The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on State and Local Government Finance and Policy
04/11/2023	Adoption of Report: Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means
04/13/2023	Adoption of Report: Placed on the General Register as Amended
	Read for the Second Time
04/18/2023	Calendar for the Day, Amended
	Read Third Time as Amended
	Passed by the House as Amended and transmitted to the Senate to include Floor Amendments
04/24/2023	Returned to the House as Amended by the Senate
	Refused to concur and a Conference Committee was appointed
05/19/2023	Conference Committee Report Adopted
	Read Third Time as Amended by Conference and repassed by the House
05/21/2023	Read Third Time as Amended by Conference and repassed by the Senate
05/23/2023	Presented to Governor
05/24/2023	Governor Approval

1.1 A bill for an act

relating to government operations; establishing a biennial budget; appropriating money for the legislature, certain constitutional offices and state agencies, Minnesota Historical Society, Minnesota Humanities Center, State Lottery, certain retirement accounts, certain offices, departments, boards, commissions, councils, general contingent account, and tort claims; transferring certain funds; providing revenue recapture; requiring appropriation reduction for executive agencies; canceling a certain general fund appropriation; making changes to policy provisions for state government operations, local government policy, elections administration, campaign finance, information technology and cybersecurity, grants oversight, and state employees with disabilities; providing penalties; requiring reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 1.135, subdivisions 2, 4, 6, by adding a subdivision; 1.141, subdivision 1; 3.011; 3.012; 3.099, subdivision 3; 3.195, subdivision 1; 3.303, subdivision 6; 3.855, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, by adding a subdivision; 3.888, subdivision 5, by adding subdivisions; 3.97, subdivision 2; 3.972, subdivision 3; 3.978, subdivision 2; 3.979, subdivisions 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 4.045; 5.30, subdivision 2; 5B.06; 6.91, subdivision 4; 9.031, subdivision 3; 10.44; 10.45; 10.5805; 10A.01, subdivisions 5, 21, 26, 30, by adding subdivisions; 10A.022, subdivision 3; 10A.025, subdivision 4; 10A.03, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 10A.04, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 9; 10A.05; 10A.06; 10A.071, subdivision 1; 10A.09, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 10A.121, subdivisions 1, 2; 10A.15, subdivisions 3, 5, by adding subdivisions; 10A.17, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 10A.20, subdivisions 2a, 5, 12; 10A.244; 10A.25, subdivision 3a; 10A.271, subdivision 1; 10A.273, subdivision 1; 10A.275, subdivision 1; 10A.31, subdivision 4; 10A.38; 12.03, by adding subdivisions; 12.31, subdivision 2; 12.36; 13.04, subdivision 4; 13D.02, subdivision 1; 15.0395; 15.066, by adding a subdivision; 15A.0815, subdivisions 1, 2; 15A.082, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, by adding a subdivision; 15A.0825, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 9; 16A.011, by adding a subdivision; 16A.055, by adding a subdivision; 16A.103, subdivisions 1, 1b, as amended, by adding a subdivision; 16A.122, subdivision 2; 16A.126, subdivision 1; 16A.1286, subdivision 2; 16A.15, subdivision 3; 16A.152, subdivisions 2, 4; 16A.632, subdivision 2; 16A.97; 16B.307, subdivision 1; 16B.32, subdivisions 1, 1a; 16B.33, subdivisions 1, 3, 3a, by adding a subdivision; 16B.4805, subdivision 1; 16B.58, by adding a subdivision; 16B.87, subdivision 2; 16B.97, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 16B.98, subdivisions 5, 6, 8, by adding subdivisions; 16B.991; 16C.10, subdivision 2; 16C.16, subdivisions 6, 6a, 7; 16C.19; 16C.251; 16C.32, subdivision 1; 16C.36; 16E.01, subdivisions 1a, 3, by adding a subdivision; 16E.016; 16E.03, subdivisions 2, 4a, by adding a subdivision; 16E.14, subdivision 2.12.2

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4; 16E.21, subdivisions 1, 2; 43A.01, subdivision 2; 43A.02, by adding subdivisions; 43A.04, subdivisions 1a, 4, 7; 43A.06, subdivision 1; 43A.08, subdivision 1; 43A.09; 43A.10, subdivisions 2a, 7; 43A.14; 43A.15, subdivision 14, by adding a subdivision; 43A.18, subdivision 1; 43A.19, subdivision 1; 43A.191; 43A.21, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 43A.36, subdivision 1; 43A.421; 116J.994, subdivision 3; 118A.09, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 135A.17, subdivision 2; 137.0245, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 138.081, subdivision 3; 138.665, subdivision 2; 138.912, subdivisions 1, 2; 145.951; 155A.23, subdivisions 8, 18, by adding a subdivision; 155A.27, subdivisions 1, 5a, 10; 155A.271, subdivision 1; 155A.29, subdivision 1; 161.1419, subdivision 2; 179A.03, subdivision 14; 179A.22, subdivision 4; 200.02, subdivision 7; 201.014, subdivision 2a, as added; 201.022, subdivision 1; 201.061, subdivisions 1, 3, by adding a subdivision; 201.071, subdivisions 1, as amended, 8; 201.091, subdivision 4a; 201.12, subdivision 2; 201.121, subdivision 1; 201.13, subdivision 3; 201.145, subdivisions 3, 4; 201.1611, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 201.195; 201.225, subdivision 2; 202A.13; 202A.18, subdivision 2a; 203B.001; 203B.01, by adding subdivisions; 203B.03, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 203B.05, subdivision 1; 203B.06, subdivision 3; 203B.07, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 203B.08, subdivisions 1, 3; 203B.081, subdivisions 1, 3, by adding subdivisions; 203B.085; 203B.11, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 203B.12, subdivisions 7, 8, by adding a subdivision; 203B.121, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 203B.16, subdivision 2; 203B.21, subdivisions 1, 3; 203B.23, subdivision 2; 203B.24, subdivision 1; 204B.06, subdivisions 1, 1b, 4a, by adding a subdivision; 204B.071; 204B.09, subdivisions 1, 3; 204B.13, by adding a subdivision; 204B.14, subdivision 2; 204B.16, subdivision 1; 204B.19, subdivision 6; 204B.21, subdivision 2; 204B.26; 204B.28, subdivision 2; 204B.32, subdivision 2; 204B.35, by adding a subdivision; 204B.45, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; 204B.46; 204B.49; 204C.04, subdivision 1; 204C.07, subdivision 4; 204C.10, as amended; 204C.15, subdivision 1; 204C.24, subdivision 1; 204C.28, subdivision 1; 204C.33, subdivision 3; 204C.35, by adding a subdivision; 204C.39, subdivision 1; 204D.08, subdivision 6; 204D.09, subdivision 2; 204D.13, subdivisions 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 204D.16; 204D.25, subdivision 1; 205.13, subdivision 5; 205.16, subdivision 2; 205.175, subdivision 3; 205A.09, subdivision 2; 205A.10, subdivision 5; 205A.12, subdivision 5; 206.58, subdivisions 1, 3; 206.61, subdivision 1; 206.80; 206.83; 206.845, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 206.86, by adding a subdivision; 206.90, subdivision 10; 207A.12; 207A.15, subdivision 2; 208.05; 209.021, subdivision 2; 211A.02, subdivision 1; 211B.11, subdivision 1; 211B.15, subdivisions 4a, as added, 8; 211B.20, subdivision 1; 211B.32, subdivision 1, as amended; 307.08; 349A.02, subdivision 1; 367.03, subdivision 6; 381.12, subdivision 2; 383B.145, by adding a subdivision; 383B.32, subdivision 2; 428A.01, by adding subdivisions; 428A.02, subdivision 1; 428A.03, by adding a subdivision; 447.32, subdivision 4; 462A.22, subdivision 10; 471.345, by adding a subdivision; 473.606, subdivision 5; 473.704, subdivision 3; 507.0945; 645.44, subdivision 5, as amended; Laws 2023, chapter 5, sections 1; 2; Laws 2023, chapter 34, article 2, section 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 1; 2; 3; 5; 8; 10A; 15; 16A; 16B; 16E; 43A; 118A; 134; 138; 155A; 203B; 208; 211B; 381; 412; 471; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 1.135, subdivisions 3, 5; 1.141, subdivisions 3, 4, 6; 4A.01; 4A.04; 4A.06; 4A.07; 4A.11; 12.03, subdivision 5d; 15A.0815, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 16A.98; 16B.24, subdivision 13; 16B.323; 16B.326; 16E.0466, subdivision 2; 43A.17, subdivision 9; 124D.23, subdivision 9; 136F.03; 179.90; 179.91; 202A.16, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 203B.081, subdivision 2; 204D.04, subdivision 1; 383B.143, subdivisions 2, 3; 383C.806; Laws 2014, chapter 287, section 25, as amended; Laws 2023, chapter 34, article 4, section 1, subdivision 2; Minnesota Rules, parts 4511.0100, subpart 1a; 4511.0600, subpart 5.

3.1

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

3.2	ARTICI	Æ 1		
3.3	STATE GOVERNMENT AND ELECTIONS APPROPRIATIONS			
3.4	Section 1. STATE GOVERNMENT AND ELECTIONS APPROPRIATIONS.			
3.5	The sums shown in the columns marked "App	ropriatio	ons" are appropriated	l to the agencies
3.6	and for the purposes specified in this article. The	e approp	oriations are from th	e general fund,
3.7	or another named fund, and are available for the	fiscal y	years indicated for e	ach purpose.
3.8	The figures "2024" and "2025" used in this artic	le mean	that the appropriation	ons listed under
3.9	them are available for the fiscal year ending Jun	e 30, 20	024, or June 30, 202	5, respectively.
3.10	"The first year" is fiscal year 2024. "The second	l year" i	s fiscal year 2025. "	The biennium"
3.11	is fiscal years 2024 and 2025.			
3.12			APPROPRIAT	IONS
3.13			Available for th	e Year
3.14			Ending June	30
3.15			<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>
3.16	Sec. 2. <u>LEGISLATURE</u>			
3.17	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>153,255,000</u> §	122,993,000
3.18	The amounts that may be spent for each			
3.19	purpose are specified in the following			
3.20	subdivisions. The base for this appropriation			
3.21	is \$123,093,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each			
3.22	fiscal year thereafter.			
3.23	Subd. 2. Senate		41,045,000	43,845,000
3.24	The base for this appropriation in fiscal year			
3.25	2026 and fiscal year 2027 is reduced by an			
3.26	amount equal to the base established for the			
3.27	senate under Minnesota Statutes, section			
3.28	3.1985, subdivision 2.			
3.29	Subd. 3. House of Representatives		48,046,000	48,558,000
3.30	The base for this appropriation in fiscal year			
3.31	2026 and fiscal year 2027 is reduced by an			
3.32	amount equal to the base established for the			

Article 1 Sec. 2.

4.1	house of representatives under Minnesota			
4.2	Statutes, section 3.1985, subdivision 2.			
4.3	Subd. 4. Legislative Coordinating Commission	<u>1</u>	64,164,000	30,590,000
4.4	The base is \$30,690,000 in fiscal year 2026			
4.5	and each fiscal year thereafter.			
4.6	\$200,000 each year is for the Office on the			
4.7	Economic Status of Women. The base for this			
4.8	appropriation is \$400,000 in fiscal year 2026			
4.9	and each fiscal year thereafter.			
4.10	\$1,000,000 the first year is to provide			
4.11	translation services for legislative business.			
4.12	Legislative Auditor. \$10,459,000 the first			
4.13	year and \$11,526,000 the second year are for			
4.14	the Office of the Legislative Auditor.			
4.15	Revisor of Statutes. \$22,250,000 the first year			
4.16	and \$8,714,000 the second year are for the			
4.17	Office of the Revisor of Statutes.			
4.18	Legislative Reference Library. \$2,055,000			
4.19	the first year and \$2,184,000 the second year			
4.20	are for the Legislative Reference Library.			
4.21	Legislative Budget Office. \$2,454,000 the			
4.22	first year and \$2,669,000 the second year are			
4.23	for the Legislative Budget Office.			
4.24 4.25	Sec. 3. GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR	<u>\$</u>	<u>9,258,000</u> <u>\$</u>	9,216,000
4.26	(a) \$19,000 each year is for necessary			
4.27	expenses in the normal performance of the			
4.28	governor's and lieutenant governor's duties for			
4.29	which no other reimbursement is provided.			
4.30	(b) By September 1 of each year, the			
4.31	commissioner of management and budget shall			
4.32	report to the chairs and ranking minority			
4.33	members of the legislative committees with			

HF1830 FOURTH ENGR	OSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	H1830-4
jurisdiction over state g	overnment finan	ce any		
personnel costs incurre	d by the Offices	of the		
Governor and Lieutena	nt Governor tha	t were		
supported by appropria	tions to other ag	encies		
during the previous fise	cal year. The Of	fice of		
the Governor shall info	orm the chairs an	<u>nd</u>		
ranking minority memb	pers of the comn	nittees		
before initiating any in	teragency agreer	ments.		
Sec. 4. STATE AUDIT	<u>ror</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>14,965,000</u> <u>\$</u>	14,254,000
The base for this approp	oriation is \$14,26	58,000		
in fiscal year 2026 and	\$14,278,000 in	fiscal		
year 2027.				
\$500,000 the first year	is for assistance	and		
grants to towns to facil	itate use of the S	Small		
City and Town Accoun	ting System.			
Sec. 5. ATTORNEY (<u>GENERAL</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>56,296,000</u> \$	43,825,000
Appropr	iations by Fund			
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>		
General	53,380,000	40,909,000		
State Government	2.521.000	2 521 000		
Special Revenue Environmental	<u>2,521,000</u>	2,521,000 145,000		
Remediation	145,000 250,000	145,000 250,000		
\$1,000,000 the first year				
the general fund to the				
account established in	Minnesota Statu	tes,		
section 8.315.				
Sec. 6. SECRETARY	OF STATE	<u>\$</u>	<u>13,470,000</u> §	11,069,000
The base for this approp	oriation is \$11,25	55,000		
in fiscal year 2026 and	\$11,069,000 in	fiscal		
year 2027.				
\$500,000 the first year	is for the secreta	ary of		

Article 1 Sec. 6.

state to make grants to counties and

municipalities to improve access to polling

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	HF1830 FOURTH ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR
7.1	second year are for a state and local	
7.2	cybersecurity improvement grant program	n for
7.3	political subdivisions and Minnesota Trib	<u>oal</u>
7.4	governments, as established in Minnesota	<u>a</u>
7.5	Statutes, section 16E.35. This is a onetime	<u>ie</u>
7.6	appropriation and is available until June	30,
7.7	<u>2027.</u>	
7.8	(b) Statewide Cybersecurity Enhancement	ents.
7.9	\$10,280,000 the first year and \$16,875,00	00
7.10	the second year are to procure, implement	<u>ıt,</u>
7.11	and support advanced cybersecurity tools	that
7.12	combat persistent and evolving cybersecu	ırit <u>y</u>
7.13	threats. This is a onetime appropriation ar	nd is
7.14	available until June 30, 2027.	
7.15	(c) Executive Branch Cloud	
7.16	Transformation. \$10,685,000 the first y	<u>ear</u>
7.16 7.17	Transformation. \$10,685,000 the first year and \$22,910,000 the second year are to	<u>ear</u>
7.17	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to	on,
7.17 7.18	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernizati	on, ired
7.17 7.18 7.19	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernizati infrastructure, training, and services requ	on, ired n to
7.17 7.18 7.19 7.20	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernizati infrastructure, training, and services required for executive branch cloud transformation.	on, ired n to
7.17 7.18 7.19 7.20 7.21	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernization infrastructure, training, and services required for executive branch cloud transformation modernize enterprise information technology.	on, ired n to
7.17 7.18 7.19 7.20 7.21 7.22	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernizati infrastructure, training, and services required for executive branch cloud transformation modernize enterprise information technological delivery for state agency business partners.	on, ired n to
7.17 7.18 7.19 7.20 7.21 7.22 7.23	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernization infrastructure, training, and services required for executive branch cloud transformation modernize enterprise information technological delivery for state agency business partner. This is a onetime appropriation and is	on, ired n to logy rs.
7.17 7.18 7.19 7.20 7.21 7.22 7.23 7.24	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernization infrastructure, training, and services required for executive branch cloud transformation modernize enterprise information technological delivery for state agency business partners. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027.	on, ired n to logy rs.
7.17 7.18 7.19 7.20 7.21 7.22 7.23 7.24 7.25	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernization infrastructure, training, and services required for executive branch cloud transformation modernize enterprise information technological delivery for state agency business partner. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027. (d) Targeted Application Modernization	on, ired n to logy rs.
7.17 7.18 7.19 7.20 7.21 7.22 7.23 7.24 7.25 7.26	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernization infrastructure, training, and services required for executive branch cloud transformation modernize enterprise information technological delivery for state agency business partners. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027. (d) Targeted Application Modernization \$40,000,000 the first year is to modernize to modernize the support of the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning, and services required to the second year are to support planning to the second year are to	on, ired n to logy rs.
7.17 7.18 7.19 7.20 7.21 7.22 7.23 7.24 7.25 7.26 7.27	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernization infrastructure, training, and services required for executive branch cloud transformation modernize enterprise information technological delivery for state agency business partners. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027. (d) Targeted Application Modernization \$40,000,000 the first year is to modernize targeted applications to improve user	on, ired n to logy rs.
7.17 7.18 7.19 7.20 7.21 7.22 7.23 7.24 7.25 7.26 7.27 7.28	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernization infrastructure, training, and services required for executive branch cloud transformation modernize enterprise information technological delivery for state agency business partners. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027. (d) Targeted Application Modernization \$40,000,000 the first year is to modernize targeted applications to improve user experiences with digital services provided	on, ired n to logy rs.
7.17 7.18 7.19 7.20 7.21 7.22 7.23 7.24 7.25 7.26 7.27 7.28 7.29	and \$22,910,000 the second year are to support planning, migration, modernization infrastructure, training, and services required for executive branch cloud transformation modernize enterprise information technological delivery for state agency business partners. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2027. (d) Targeted Application Modernization \$40,000,000 the first year is to modernize targeted applications to improve user experiences with digital services provided state agencies, enable service delivery	on, ired n to logy rs.

(e) Children's Cabinet IT Innovation. 7.34

\$2,000,000 each year is to provide technology 7.35

<u>2027.</u>

8.1	capabilities that support centering Minnesota			
8.2	children and their families over agency			
8.3	structures and provides dedicated information			
8.4	technology resources to deliver innovative			
8.5	digital services to children and families. This			
8.6	is a onetime appropriation and is available			
8.7	<u>until June 30, 2027.</u>			
8.8	(f) Public Land Survey System. \$9,700,000			
8.9	the first year is for the grant program			
8.10	authorized by Minnesota Statutes, section			
8.11	381.125, and for grants to counties to employ			
8.12	county technical staff to aid surveyors making			
8.13	land survey corners. Up to six percent of this			
8.14	appropriation may be used by the chief			
8.15	geospatial information officer for the			
8.16	administration of the grant program. This is a			
8.17	onetime appropriation and is available until			
8.18	June 30, 2027.			
8.19	(g) During the biennium ending June 30, 2025,			
8.20	the Department of Information Technology			
8.21	Services must not charge fees to a public			
8.22	noncommercial educational television			
8.23	broadcast station eligible for funding under			
8.24	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 129D, for access			
8.25	to the state broadcast infrastructure. If the			
8.26	access fees not charged to public			
8.27	noncommercial educational television			
8.28	broadcast stations total more than \$400,000			
8.29	for the biennium, the office may charge for			
8.30	access fees in excess of these amounts.			
8.31	Sec. 11. ADMINISTRATION			
8.32	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	73,623,000 \$	46,421,000

9.1	The base for this appropriation is \$35,746,000		
9.2	in fiscal year 2026 and \$35,758,000 in fiscal		
9.3	year 2027.		
9.4	The amounts that may be spent for each		
9.5	purpose are specified in the following		
9.6	subdivisions.		
9.7	Subd. 2. Government and Citizen Services	39,928,000	19,943,000
9.8	The base for this appropriation is \$17,268,000		
9.9	in fiscal year 2026 and \$17,280,000 in fiscal		
9.10	year 2027.		
9.11	Council on Developmental Disabilities.		
9.12	\$222,000 each year is for the Council on		
9.13	Developmental Disabilities.		
9.14	State Agency Accommodation		
9.15	Reimbursement. \$200,000 each year may be		
9.16	transferred to the accommodation account		
9.17	established in Minnesota Statutes, section		
9.18	<u>16B.4805.</u>		
9.19	Disparity Study. \$500,000 the first year and		
9.20	\$1,000,000 the second year are to conduct a		
9.21	study on disparities in state procurement. This		
9.22	is a onetime appropriation.		
9.23	Grants Administration Oversight.		
9.24	\$2,411,000 the first year and \$1,782,000 the		
9.25	second year are for grants administration		
9.26	oversight. The base for this appropriation in		
9.27	fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter is		
9.28	<u>\$1,581,000.</u>		
9.29	\$735,000 the first year and \$201,000 the		
9.30	second year are for a study to develop a road		
9.31	map on the need for an enterprise grants		
9.32	management system and to implement the		

10.1	study's recommendation. This is a onetime
10.2	appropriation.
10.3	Risk Management Fund Property
10.4	Self-Insurance. \$12,500,000 the first year is
10.5	for transfer to the risk management fund under
10.6	Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.85. This is a
10.7	onetime appropriation.
10.8	Office of Enterprise Translations.
10.9	\$1,306,000 the first year and \$1,159,000 the
10.10	second year are to establish the Office of
10.11	Enterprise Translations. \$250,000 each year
10.12	may be transferred to the language access
10.13	service account established in Minnesota
10.14	Statutes, section 16B.373.
10.15	Capitol Mall Design Framework
10.16	Implementation. \$5,000,000 the first year is
10.17	to implement the updated Capitol Mall Design
10.18	Framework, prioritizing the framework plans
10.19	identified in article 2, section 124. This
10.20	appropriation is available until December 31,
10.21	<u>2024.</u>
10.22	Parking Fund. \$3,255,000 the first year and
10.23	\$1,085,000 the second year are for a transfer
10.24	to the state parking account to maintain the
10.25	operations of the parking and transit program
10.26	on the Capitol complex. These are onetime
10.27	transfers.
10.28	Procurement; Environmental Analysis and
10.29	Task Force. \$522,000 the first year and
10.30	\$367,000 the second year are to implement
10.31	the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section

16B.312.

11.1	Center for Rural Policy and Development.		
11.2	\$100,000 the first year is for a grant to the		
11.3	Center for Rural Policy and Development.		
11.4	Subd. 3. Strategic Management Services	2,574,000	2,645,000
11.5	Subd. 4. Fiscal Agent	31,121,000	23,833,000
11.6	The base for this appropriation is \$15,833,000		
11.7	in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year		
11.8	thereafter.		
11.9	The appropriations under this section are to		
11.10	the commissioner of administration for the		
11.11	purposes specified.		
11.12	In-Lieu of Rent. \$11,129,000 each year is for		
11.13	space costs of the legislature and veterans		
11.14	organizations, ceremonial space, and		
11.15	statutorily free space.		
11.16	Public Television. (a) \$1,550,000 each year		
11.17	is for matching grants for public television.		
11.18	(b) \$250,000 each year is for public television		
11.19	equipment grants under Minnesota Statutes,		
11.20	section 129D.13.		
11.21	(c) \$500,000 each year is for block grants to		
11.22	public television under Minnesota Statutes,		
11.23	section 129D.13. Of this amount, up to three		
11.24	percent is for the commissioner of		
11.25	administration to administer the grants. This		
11.26	is a onetime appropriation.		
11.27	(d) The commissioner of administration must		
11.28	consider the recommendations of the		
11.29	Minnesota Public Television Association		
11.30	before allocating the amounts appropriated in		
11.31	paragraphs (a) and (b) for equipment or		
11.32	matching grants.		

12.1	Public Radio. (a) \$2,392,000 the first year
12.2	and \$1,242,000 the second year are for
12.3	community service grants to public
12.4	educational radio stations. This appropriation
12.5	may be used to disseminate emergency
12.6	information in foreign languages. Any
12.7	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
12.8	end of the first year and is available for the
12.9	second year.
12.10	(b) \$142,000 each year is for equipment grants
12.11	to public educational radio stations. This
12.12	appropriation may be used for the repair,
12.13	rental, and purchase of equipment including
12.14	equipment under \$500.
12.15	(c) \$850,000 the first year is for grants to the
12.16	Association of Minnesota Public Educational
12.17	Radio Stations for the purchase of emergency
12.18	equipment and increased cybersecurity and
12.19	broadcast technology. The Association of
12.20	Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations
12.21	may use up to four percent of this
12.22	appropriation for costs that are directly related
12.23	to and necessary for the administration of these
12.24	grants.
12.25	(d) \$1,288,000 the first year is for a grant to
12.26	the Association of Minnesota Public
12.27	Educational Radio Stations to provide a
12.28	diverse community radio news service. Of this
12.29	amount, up to \$38,000 is for the commissioner
12.30	of administration to administer this grant. This
12.31	is a onetime appropriation and is available
12.32	<u>until June 30, 2027.</u>
12.33	(e) \$1,020,000 each year is for equipment
12.34	grants to Minnesota Public Radio, Inc.,

13.1	including upgrades to Minnesota's Emergency			
13.2	Alert and AMBER Alert Systems.			
13.3	(f) The appropriations in paragraphs (a) to (e)			
13.4	may not be used for indirect costs claimed by			
13.5	an institution or governing body.			
13.6	(g) The commissioner of administration must			
13.7	consider the recommendations of the			
13.8	Association of Minnesota Public Educational			
13.9	Radio Stations before awarding grants under			
13.10	Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.14, using			
13.11	the appropriations in paragraphs (a) to (c). No			
13.12	grantee is eligible for a grant unless they are			
13.13	a member of the Association of Minnesota			
13.14	Public Educational Radio Stations on or before			
13.15	July 1, 2023.			
13.16	(h) Any unencumbered balance remaining the			
13.17	first year for grants to public television or			
13.18	public radio stations does not cancel and is			
13.19	available for the second year.			
13.20	Real Estate and Construction Services.			
13.21	\$12,000,000 the first year and \$8,000,000 the			
13.22	second year are to facilitate space			
13.23	consolidation and the transition to a hybrid			
13.24	work environment, including but not limited			
13.25	to the design, remodel, equipping, and			
13.26	furnishing of the space. This appropriation			
13.27	may also be used for relocation and rent loss.			
13.28	This is a onetime appropriation and is			
13.29	available until June 30, 2027.			
13.30 13.31	Sec. 12. <u>CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTURA</u> <u>AND PLANNING BOARD</u>	<u>L</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>1,070,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>510,000</u>
13.32	The base for this appropriation in fiscal year			
13.33	2026 and each year thereafter is \$455,000.			

14.1	\$500,000 the first year is to support			
14.2	commemorative artwork activities. This is a			
14.3	onetime appropriation and is available until			
14.4	June 30, 2027.			
14.5	\$130,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$55,000 in			
14.6	fiscal year 2025 are for mandatory zoning and			
14.7	design rules. This is a onetime appropriation.			
14.8 14.9	Sec. 13. MINNESOTA MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET	<u>\$</u>	<u>55,356,000</u> <u>\$</u>	58,057,000
14.10	The base for this appropriation is \$47,831,000			
14.11	in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year			
14.12	thereafter.			
14.13	(a) \$13,489,000 the first year and \$14,490,000			
14.14	the second year are to stabilize and secure the			
14.15	state's enterprise resource planning systems.			
14.16	This amount is available until June 30, 2027.			
14.17	The base for this appropriation is \$6,470,000			
14.18	in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year			
14.19	thereafter.			
14.20	(b) \$1,000,000 each year is for administration			
14.21	and staffing of the Children's Cabinet			
14.22	established in Minnesota Statutes, section			
14.23	<u>4.045.</u>			
14.24	(c) \$317,000 each year is to increase the			
14.25	agency's capacity to proactively raise			
14.26	awareness about the capital budget process			
14.27	and provide technical assistance around the			
14.28	requirements associated with the capital			
14.29	budget process and receiving general fund or			
14.30	general obligation bond funding for capital			
14.31	projects, including compliance requirements			
14.32	that must be met at various stages of capital			
14.33	project development, with particular focus on			
14.34	nonprofits, American Indian communities, and			

15.1	communities of color that have traditionally				
15.2	not participated in the state capital budget				
15.3	process. This appropriation may also be used				
15.4	to increase the agency's capacity to coordinate				
15.5	with other state agencies regarding the				
15.6	administration of grant agreements, programs,				
15.7	and technical assistance related to capital				
15.8	projects governed by the provisions of				
15.9	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 16A, and other				
15.10	applicable laws and statutes.				
15.11	(d) \$2,500,000 each year is for interagency				
15.12	collaboration to develop data collection				
15.13	standards for race, ethnicity, gender identity,				
15.14	and disability status and to develop a roadmap				
15.15	and timeline for implementation of the data				
15.16	standards across state government. These				
15.17	funds may be transferred to other agencies to				
15.18	support this work and may be used to update				
15.19	computer systems to accommodate revised				
15.20	data collection standards. This is a onetime				
15.21	appropriation and is available until June 30,				
15.22	<u>2027.</u>				
15.23	(e) \$102,000 the first year and \$60,000 the				
15.24	second year are for the report required under				
15.25	Minnesota Statutes, section 43A.15,				
15.26	subdivision 14a, and for training and content				
15.27	development relating to ADA Title II,				
15.28	affirmative action, equal employment				
15.29	opportunity, digital accessibility, inclusion,				
15.30	disability awareness, and cultural competence.				
15.31	Sec. 14. <u>REVENUE</u>				
15.32	<u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u> <u>\$ 194,566,000 \$ 203,778,00</u>	<u>)0</u>			
15.33	Appropriations by Fund				
15.34	<u>2024</u> <u>2025</u>				
15.35	General 190,306,000 199,518,000				

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16.1	Health Care Access	1,760,000	1,760,000		
16.2 16.3	Highway User Tax Distribution	2,195,000	2,195,000		
16.4	Environmental	305,000	305,000		
16.5	The general fund base for	or this appropr	iation_		
16.6	is \$198,168,000 in fisca	l year 2026 and	d each		
16.7	fiscal year thereafter.				
16.8	Subd. 2. Tax System Management			161,715,000	168,851,000
16.9	<u>Appropria</u>	ations by Fund			
16.10	<u>General</u>	157,455,000	164,591,000		
16.11	Health Care Access	1,760,000	1,760,000		
16.12 16.13	Highway User Tax Distribution	2,195,000	2,195,000		
16.14	Environmental	305,000	305,000		
16.15	The general fund base for this appropriation				
16.16	is \$163,189,000 in fiscal year 2026 and				
16.17	\$163,263,000 in fiscal year 2027 and each				
16.18	fiscal year thereafter.				
16.19	Taxpayer Assistance. (a) \$750,000 each year				
16.20	is for the commissioner of revenue to make				
16.21	grants to one or more eligible organizations,				
16.22	qualifying under section	7526A(e)(2)(1	B) of		
16.23	the Internal Revenue Co	de of 1986 to			
16.24	coordinate, facilitate, en	courage, and a	id in		
16.25	the provision of taxpaye	er assistance se	rvices.		
16.26	The unencumbered bala	nce in the first	year		
16.27	does not cancel but is av	ailable for the s	second		
16.28	year.				
16.29	(b) For purposes of this	section, "taxpa	<u>ayer</u>		
16.30	assistance services" mea	ns accounting a	and tax		
16.31	preparation services pro	vided by volur	nteers		
16.32	to low-income, elderly,	and disadvanta	ged		
16.33	Minnesota residents to h	nelp them file f	<u>ederal</u>		
16.34	and state income tax ret	urns and Minn	<u>esota</u>		
16.35	property tax refund claim	ms and to prov	<u>ide</u>		

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17.1	personal representation before the Department		
17.2	of Revenue and Internal Revenue Service.		
17.3	Subd. 3. Debt Collection Management	32,851,000	34,927,000
17.4	The base for this appropriation is \$34,979,000		
17.5	in fiscal year 2026 and \$34,905,000 in fiscal		
17.6	year 2027 and each fiscal year thereafter.		
17.7	Sec. 15. GAMBLING CONTROL BOARD §	<u>6,365,000</u> §	6,334,000
17.8	These appropriations are from the lawful		
17.9	gambling regulation account in the special		
17.10	revenue fund.		
17.11	Sec. 16. RACING COMMISSION §	1,933,000 \$	954,000
17.12	Appropriations by Fund		
17.13	<u>General</u> <u>1,000,000</u> <u>-0-</u>		
17.14	<u>Special Revenue</u> <u>933,000</u> <u>954,000</u>		
17.15	The special revenue fund appropriations are		
17.16	from the racing and card playing regulation		
17.17	accounts in the special revenue fund.		
17.18	Horseracing Integrity and Safety Act		
17.19	Compliance. \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2024		
17.20	is from the general fund for costs related to		
17.21	the federal Horseracing Integrity and Safety		
17.22	Act.		
17.23	Sec. 17. STATE LOTTERY		
17.24	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section		
17.25	349A.10, subdivision 3, the State Lottery's		
17.26	operating budget must not exceed \$40,000,000		
17.27	in fiscal year 2024 and \$40,000,000 in fiscal		
17.28	year 2025.		
17.29	Sec. 18. AMATEUR SPORTS COMMISSION §	<u>1,229,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>391,000</u>
17.30	\$850,000 the first year is for upgrades		
17.31	necessary to support the installation of solar		

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panels on the roof of the ice arena complex at			
the National Sports Center.			
Sec. 19. <u>COUNCIL FOR MINNESOTANS C</u> <u>AFRICAN HERITAGE</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>795,000</u> §	816,000
Sec. 20. COUNCIL ON LATINO AFFAIRS	<u>\$</u>	<u>664,000</u> <u>\$</u>	680,000
Sec. 21. <u>COUNCIL ON ASIAN-PACIFIC</u> <u>MINNESOTANS</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>623,000</u> §	645,000
Sec. 22. INDIAN AFFAIRS COUNCIL	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,337,000</u> \$	<u>1,360,000</u>
Sec. 23. <u>COUNCIL ON LGBTQIA2S+</u> <u>MINNESOTANS</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>500,000</u> <u>\$</u>	499,000
Sec. 24. MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY			
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>35,356,000</u> <u>\$</u>	26,932,000
The base for this appropriation in fiscal year			
2026 and each year thereafter is \$26,457,000.			
The amounts that may be spent for each			
purpose are specified in the following			
subdivisions.			
Subd. 2. Operations and Programs		34,935,000	26,511,000
The base for this appropriation in fiscal year			
2026 and each year thereafter is \$26,136,000.			
Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section			
138.668, the Minnesota Historical Society may			
not charge a fee for its general tours at the			
Capitol, but may charge fees for special			
programs other than general tours.			
(a) \$9,390,000 the first year is for capital			
improvements and betterments at state historic			
sites, buildings, landscaping at historic			
buildings, exhibits, markers, and monuments,			
to be spent in accordance with Minnesota			

Article 1 Sec. 24.

18.32

18.33

Statutes, section 16B.307. The society shall

determine project priorities as appropriate

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19.1	based on need. This amount is available	until		
19.2	June 30, 2027.			
19.3	(b) \$35,000 the first year is to support th	<u>e</u>		
19.4	work of the State Emblems Redesign			
19.5	Commission established under article 2,			
19.6	section 118.			
19.7	Subd. 3. Fiscal Agent		421,000	<u>421,000</u>
19.8	The base for this appropriation is \$321,00	<u>00 in</u>		
19.9	fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year theres	after.		
19.10	(a) Global Minnesota		39,000	39,000
19.11	(b) Minnesota Air National Guard Muse	<u>um</u>	17,000	17,000
19.12	(c) Hockey Hall of Fame		100,000	100,000
19.13	(d) Farmamerica		<u>215,000</u>	215,000
19.14	The base for this appropriation is \$115,00	00 in		
19.15	fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year there	after.		
19.16	(e) Minnesota Military Museum		50,000	50,000
19.17	Any unencumbered balance remaining in	n this		
19.18	subdivision the first year does not cance	l but		
19.19	is available for the second year of the			
19.20	biennium.			
19.21	Sec. 25. BOARD OF THE ARTS			
19.22	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,774,000</u> §	7,787,000
19.23	The amounts that may be spent for each			
19.24	purpose are specified in the following			
19.25	subdivisions.			
19.26	Subd. 2. Operations and Services		835,000	848,000
19.27	Subd. 3. Grants Program		4,800,000	4,800,000
19.28	Subd. 4. Regional Arts Councils		2,139,000	2,139,000
19.29	Any unencumbered balance remaining in	<u>this</u>		
19.30	section the first year does not cancel, but	t is		
19.31	available for the second year.			

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20.1	Money appropriated in this section and				
20.2	distributed as grants may only be spent or	<u>n</u>			
20.3	projects located in Minnesota. A recipient	t of			
20.4	a grant funded by an appropriation in this	<u> </u>			
20.5	section must not use more than ten percen	<u>nt of</u>			
20.6	the total grant for costs related to travel out	side			
20.7	the state of Minnesota.				
20.8 20.9	Sec. 26. MINNESOTA HUMANITIES CENTER		<u>\$</u>	3,470,000 \$	970,000
20.10	\$500,000 each year is for Healthy Eating, H	<u>Here</u>			
20.11	at Home grants under Minnesota Statutes	<u>,</u>			
20.12	section 138.912. No more than three perc	ent			
20.13	of the appropriation may be used for the				
20.14	nonprofit administration of the program.				
20.15	\$2,500,000 the first year is for cultural				
20.16	awareness programs and grants. If the cer	<u>nter</u>			
20.17	awards grants, it may retain up to five perc	cent			
20.18	of the amount allocated to grants for				
20.19	administrative costs associated with the gra	ints.			
20.20	This is a onetime appropriation and is				
20.21	available until June 30, 2027.				
20.22	Sec. 27. BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>844,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>859,000</u>
20.23	Sec. 28. BOARD OF ARCHITECTUR	<u>E</u>			
20.24 20.25	ENGINEERING, LAND SURVEYING LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE,	<u>5,</u>			
20.26	GEOSCIENCE, AND INTERIOR DES	<u>SIGN</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>893,000</u> <u>\$</u>	913,000
20.27	Sec. 29. BOARD OF COSMETOLOGI	ST			
20.28	EXAMINERS		<u>\$</u>	<u>3,470,000</u> \$	3,599,000
20.29	Sec. 30. BOARD OF BARBER EXAM	<u>INERS</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>442,000</u> <u>\$</u>	452,000
20.30	Sec. 31. GENERAL CONTINGENT				
20.31	ACCOUNTS		<u>\$</u>	2,000,000 \$	2,000,000
20.32	Appropriations by Fund				
20.33	<u>2024</u>	2025			
20.34	<u>General</u> <u>1,500,000</u>	1,500,00	00		

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21.1 21.2	State Government Special Revenue	400,000	400,000		
21.3 21.4	Workers' Compensation	100,000	100,000		
21.5	(a) The general fund base for	or this			
21.6	appropriation is \$1,500,000	in fiscal year 20	<u>26</u>		
21.7	and each even-numbered fise	cal year thereaft	er.		
21.8	The base is \$0 for fiscal year	ar 2027 and eac	<u>h</u>		
21.9	odd-numbered fiscal year th	nereafter.			
21.10	(b) The appropriations in this	s section may or	<u>ıly</u>		
21.11	be spent with the approval of	of the governor			
21.12	after consultation with the I	Legislative			
21.13	Advisory Commission purs	uant to Minneso	<u>ota</u>		
21.14	Statutes, section 3.30.				
21.15	(c) If an appropriation in this	s section for eith	<u>ner</u>		
21.16	year is insufficient, the appr	opriation for th	<u>ne</u>		
21.17	other year is available for it	<u>.</u>			
21.18	Sec. 32. TORT CLAIMS		<u>\$</u>	<u>161,000</u> §	<u>161,000</u>
21.19	These appropriations are to	be spent by the	2		
21.20	commissioner of management	ent and budget			
21.21	according to Minnesota Sta	tutes, section			
21.22	3.736, subdivision 7. If an a	ppropriation in	<u>l</u>		
21.23	this section for either year i	s insufficient, tl	<u>he</u>		
21.24	appropriation for the other	year is available	<u>e</u>		
21.25	for it.				
21.26 21.27	Sec. 33. MINNESOTA ST. SYSTEM	ATE RETIRE	<u>MENT</u>		
21.28	Subdivision 1. Total Appro	priation_	<u>\$</u>	14,543,000 \$	14,372,000
21.29	The amounts that may be sp	ent for each			
21.30	purpose are specified in the	following			
21.31	subdivisions.				
21.32 21.33	Subd. 2. Combined Legisla Constitutional Officers Ro			8,543,000	8,372,000

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22.1	Under Minnesota Statutes, sections 3A.0	3,		
22.2	subdivision 2; 3A.04, subdivisions 3 and			
22.3	and 3A.115.			
22.4	Subd. 3. Judges Retirement Plan		6,000,000	6,000,000
22.5	For transfer to the judges retirement fund	<u>l</u>		
22.6	under Minnesota Statutes, section 490.12	23.		
22.7	This transfer continues each fiscal year u	<u>ntil</u>		
22.8	the judges retirement plan reaches 100 per	cent		
22.9	funding as determined by an actuarial			
22.10	valuation prepared according to Minneso	<u>ota</u>		
22.11	Statutes, section 356.214.			
22.12 22.13	Sec. 34. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIR ASSOCIATION	EMENT §	<u>25,000,000</u> <u>\$</u>	25,000,000
22.14	(a) \$9,000,000 each year is for direct state	e aid		
22.15	to the public employees police and fire			
22.16	retirement plan authorized under Minnes	<u>ota</u>		
22.17	Statutes, section 353.65, subdivision 3b.			
22.18	(b) State payments from the general fund	l to		
22.19	the Public Employees Retirement Associa	<u>ation</u>		
22.20	on behalf of the former MERF division			
22.21	account are \$16,000,000 on September 1	<u>5,</u>		
22.22	2024, and \$16,000,000 on September 15,	<u>2</u>		
22.23	2025. These amounts are estimated to be			
22.24	needed under Minnesota Statutes, section	<u>1</u>		
22.25	<u>353.505.</u>			
22.26 22.27	Sec. 35. <u>TEACHERS RETIREMENT</u> <u>ASSOCIATION</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>29,831,000</u> §	29,831,000
22.28	The amounts estimated to be needed are	<u>as</u>		
22.29	follows:			
22.30	Special Direct State Aid. \$27,331,000 e	ach		
22.31	year is for special direct state aid authorize	zed		
22.32	under Minnesota Statutes, section 354.43	<u>86.</u>		
22.33	Special Direct State Matching Aid.			
22.34	\$2,500,000 each year is for special direct s	state		
		<u> </u>		

23.1	matching aid authorized under Minnesota		
23.2	Statutes, section 354.435.		
23.3 23.4	Sec. 36. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND \$ 14,827,000 \$ 14,827,000		
23.5	The amounts estimated to be needed for		
23.6	special direct state aid to the first class city		
23.7	teachers retirement fund association authorized		
23.8	under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12,		
23.9	subdivisions 3a and 3c.		
23.10	Sec. 37. CANCELLATION; COVID-19 MANAGEMENT.		
23.11	\$58,334,000 of the general fund appropriation in Minnesota Laws 2022, chapter 50,		
23.12	article 3, section 1, is canceled to the general fund by June 30, 2023.		
23.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.		
23.14	Sec. 38. APPROPRIATION REDUCTION FOR EXECUTIVE AGENCIES.		
23.15	(a) The commissioner of management and budget must reduce general fund appropriations		
23.16	to executive agencies for agency operations for the biennium ending June 30, 2025, by		
23.17	\$8,672,000 due to savings from reduced transfers to the Governor's Office account in the		
23.18	special revenue fund.		
23.19	(b) If savings are obtained through reduced transfers from nongeneral funds other than		
23.20	those established in the state constitution or protected by federal law, the commissioner of		
23.21	management and budget may transfer the amount of savings to the general fund. The amoun		
23.22	transferred to the general fund from other funds reduces the required general fund reduction		
23.23	in this section. Reductions made in fiscal year 2025 must be reflected as reductions in agency		
23.24	base budgets for fiscal years 2026 and 2027.		
23.25	Sec. 39. APPROPRIATION; CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTURAL AND		
23.26	PLANNING BOARD; CAPITOL MALL DESIGN FRAMEWORK.		
23.27	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated from the general fund to the Capitol Area		
23.28	Architectural and Planning Board to update the Capitol Mall Design Framework and for		
23.29	initial implementation of the framework. This is a onetime appropriation and is available		
23.30	until December 31, 2024.		

23.31

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

	HF1830 FOURTH ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	H1830-4
24.1	Sec. 40. APPROPRIATION; SE	CRETARY OF ST	ATE; HELP AMER	ICA VOTE
24.2	ACT STATE MATCHING FUND	<u>os.</u>		
24.3	\$461,000 in fiscal year 2023 is t	ransferred from the	general fund to the H	elp America
24.4	Vote Act (HAVA) account establish	ed in Minnesota Stat	tutes, section 5.30, an	d is credited
24.5	to the state match requirement of the	e Consolidated Appro	opriations Act of 2022	2, Public Law
24.6	117-103, and the Consolidated App	ropriations Act of 20)23, Public Law 117-	328. This is a
24.7	onetime transfer.			
24.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sect	ion is effective the d	ay following final en	actment.
24.9	Sec. 41. APPROPRIATION; SE	CRETARY OF ST	ATE: COURT ORD	ERED
24.10	ATTORNEY FEES.		,	<u> </u>
24.11	\$495,000 in fiscal year 2023 is a	annronriated from th	e general fund to the	secretary of
24.12	state for the payment of attorney fee			
24.13	and congressional redistricting case			
24.14	Sachs, et al. v. Steve Simon, Secretar			
24.15	and interest thereon. This is a oneting		,	
24.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sect	ion is effective the d	ay following final en	actment.
24.17	Sec. 42. APPROPRIATION; DE	EPARTMENT OF (CORRECTIONS.	
24.18	\$165,000 in fiscal year 2024 and	d \$33,000 in fiscal v	ear 2025 are appropri	ated to the
24.19	commissioner of corrections for the r	-		
24.20	subdivision 3.			
24.21	Sec. 43. TRANSFER; VOTING	OPERATIONS, TE	CHNOLOGY, AND	ELECTION
24.22	RESOURCES ACCOUNT.	,	,	
24.23	\$1,250,000 each year is transfer	red from the general	fund to the voting op	perations,
24.24	technology, and election resources a	account established i	ınder Minnesota Stat	utes, section
24.25	5.305. The base for this transfer is \$	\$1,250,000 in fiscal	year 2026 and each fi	scal year
24.26	thereafter.			

Sec. 44. TRANSFER; STATE ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN ACCOUNT. 24.27

24.28 \$2,103,000 in fiscal year 2025 is transferred from the general fund to the general account

of the state elections campaign account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 10A.31. 24.29

This is a onetime transfer. 24.30

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\$9,391,000 in fiscal year 2024 is transferred from the general fund to the asset preservation account in the special revenue fund established in Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.24, subdivision 5, paragraph (d).

Sec. 46. SCIENCE MUSEUM OF MINNESOTA REVENUE RECOVERY.

\$500,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$250,000 in fiscal year 2025 are appropriated from the general fund to the Science Museum of Minnesota for revenue recovery. This is a onetime appropriation.

Sec. 47. ST. ANTHONY FALLS STUDY.

\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 is appropriated from the general fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for a geophysical study and hazard assessment of the St. Anthony Falls area and St. Anthony Falls cutoff wall. The study must include a field-based investigation of the cutoff wall and other subsurface structures, modeling of the surrounding area, examination of public safety and infrastructure risks posed by potential failure of the cutoff wall or surrounding area, and emergency response plan for identified risks. By conducting this study, the Board of Regents does not consent to accepting liability for the current condition or risks posed by a potential failure of the cutoff wall. By July 1, 2025, the Board of Regents must submit a report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over state and local government policy and finance. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2025.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 5.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Appropriation. Notwithstanding section 4.07, Money in the Help America Vote Act account may be spent only pursuant to direct appropriations enacted from time to time by law. Money in the account must be spent is appropriated to the secretary of state to improve the administration of elections in accordance with the Help America Vote Act, the state plan certified by the governor under the act, and for reporting and administrative requirements under the act and plan. To the extent required by federal law, money in the account must be used in a manner that is consistent with the maintenance of effort requirements of section 254(a)(7) of the Help America Vote Act, Public Law 107-252, based on the level of state expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to any balances in the Help America Vote Act account existing on or after that date.

26.1	Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 6.91, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
26.2	Subd. 4. Appropriation. (a) The amount necessary to fund obligations under subdivision
26.3	2 is annually appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
26.4	(b) The sum of \$6,000 in fiscal year 2011 and \$2,000 in each fiscal year thereafter is
26.5	annually appropriated from the general fund to the state auditor to carry out the auditor's
26.6	responsibilities under sections 6.90 to 6.91.
26.7	Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.31, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
26.8	Subd. 4. Appropriation. (a) The amounts designated by individuals for the state elections
26.9	campaign account, less three percent, are appropriated from the general fund, must be
26.10	transferred and credited to the appropriate account in the state elections campaign account,
26.11	and are annually appropriated for distribution as set forth in subdivisions 5, 5a, 6, and 7.
26.12	The remaining three percent must be kept in the general fund for administrative costs.
26.13	(b) In addition to the amounts in paragraph (a), \$1,020,000 \$2,432,000 for each general
26.14	election is appropriated from the general fund for transfer to the general account of the state
26.15	elections campaign account.
26.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.
26.17	Sec. 51. REPEALER.
26.18	Laws 2023, chapter 34, article 4, section 1, subdivision 2, is repealed.
26.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
26.20	ARTICLE 2
26.21	STATE GOVERNMENT POLICY
26.22	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 1.135, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
26.23	Subd. 2. Official seal. The seal described in subdivision 3 3a is the "Great Seal of the
26.24	State of Minnesota." When the seal, the impression of the seal, the scene within the seal,
26.25	or its likeness is reproduced at state expense, it must conform to subdivision 3 and section
26.26	4.04. A seal, impression, scene, or likeness which does not conform to these provisions is

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective May 11, 2024. 26.28

not official.

27.1	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 1.135, is amended by adding a subdivision to
27.2	read:

- Subd. 3a. Official seal; May 11, 2024, and thereafter. The Great Seal of the State of 27.3
- Minnesota is the design as certified in the report of the State Emblems Redesign Commission, 27.4
- 27.5 as established by this act.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective May 11, 2024. 27.6
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 1.135, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 27.7
- Subd. 4. Additional effects; size. Every effort shall be made to reproduce the seal with 27.8 justification to the 12 o'clock position and with attention to the authenticity of the illustrations 27.9 used to create the scene within the seal. The description of the scene in this section does 27.10 not preclude the graphic inclusion of the effects of movement, sunlight, or falling water 27.11 when the seal is reproduced. Nor does. This section does not prohibit the enlargement, 27.12
- proportioned reduction, or embossment of the seal for its use in unofficial acts. 27.13
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective May 11, 2024. 27.14
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 1.135, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 27.15
- Subd. 6. State's duties. State agencies and departments using the seal, its impression, 27.16
- the scene within the seal or its likeness shall make every effort to bring any seal, impression, 27.17
- scene, or likeness currently fixed to a permanent object into accordance with this section 27.18
- and section 4.04. Expendable material to which the seal in effect prior to May 11, 2024, or 27.19
- any impression, scene, or likeness of that seal is currently affixed may be used until the 27.20
- supply is exhausted or until January 1, 2025, whichever occurs first. All unused dies and 27.21
- engravings of the Great Seal shall be given to the Minnesota Historical Society, along with 27.22
- all historical information available about the seal, to be retained in the society's permanent 27.23
- 27.24 collection.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective May 11, 2024. 27.25
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 1.141, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 27.26
- Subdivision 1. Adoption. The design of the state flag proposed by the Legislative Interim 27.27
- Commission acting under Laws 1955, chapter 632, as certified in the report of the State 27.28
- Emblems Redesign Commission, as established by this act, is adopted as the official state 27.29
- 27.30 flag.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective May 11, 2024. 27.31

Sec. 6. [1.1471] STATE FIRE MUSEU

The Bill and Bonnie Daniels Firefighters Hall and Museum in the city of Minneapolis is designated as the official state fire museum.

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- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.011, is amended to read:
- 28.5 **3.011 SESSIONS.**

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- The legislature shall meet at the seat of government on the first Tuesday after the first second Monday in January of each odd-numbered year. When the first Monday in January falls on January 1, it shall meet on the first Wednesday after the first Monday. It shall also meet when called by the governor to meet in special session.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.012, is amended to read:

3.012 LEGISLATIVE DAY.

- For the purposes of the Minnesota Constitution, article IV, section 12, a legislative day is a day when either house of the legislature is called to order gives any bill a third reading, adopts a rule of procedure or organization, elects a university regent, confirms a gubernatorial appointment, or votes to override a gubernatorial veto. A legislative day begins at seven o'clock a.m. and continues until seven o'clock a.m. of the following calendar day.
- 28.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 13, 2025, and applies to sessions of the legislature convening on or after that date.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.099, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Leaders.** The senate Committee on Rules and Administration for the senate and the house of representatives Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration for the house of representatives may each designate for their respective body up to three five leadership positions to receive up to 140 percent of the compensation of other members.
- At the commencement of each biennial legislative session, each house of the legislature shall adopt a resolution designating its majority and minority leader.
- The majority leader is the person elected by the caucus of members in each house which is its largest political affiliation. The minority leader is the person elected by the caucus which is its second largest political affiliation.

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Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.195, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Distribution of reports.** (a) Except as provided in subdivision 4, a report to the legislature required of a department or agency shall be made, unless otherwise specifically required by law, by filing two copies one copy with the Legislative Reference Library, and by making the report available electronically to the Legislative Reference Library. The same distribution procedure shall be followed for other reports and publications unless otherwise requested by a legislator or the Legislative Reference Library.

- (b) A public entity as defined in section 16C.073 shall not distribute a report or publication to a member or employee of the legislature, except the Legislative Reference Library, unless the entity has determined that the member or employee wants the reports or publications published by that entity or the member or employee has requested the report or publication. This prohibition applies to both mandatory and voluntary reports and publications. A report or publication may be summarized in an executive summary and distributed as the entity chooses. Distribution of a report to legislative committee or commission members during a committee or commission hearing is not prohibited by this section.
- (c) A report or publication produced by a public entity may not be sent to both the home 29.17 address and the office address of a representative or senator unless mailing to both addresses 29.18 is requested by the representative or senator. 29.19
- (d) Reports, publications, periodicals, and summaries under this subdivision must be 29.20 printed in a manner consistent with section 16C.073. 29.21

Sec. 11. [3.1985] LEGISLATIVE FUNDING; APPROPRIATION.

- Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "member expenses" means:
- (1) compensation to members of the legislature, to include salary; payroll taxes; leadership 29.24 pay; employer-paid benefits or contributions offered through the state employee group 29.25 insurance program or the Minnesota State Retirement System; and any fees related to items 29.26 29.27 identified in this clause; and
- (2) per diem and mileage costs associated with the conduct of legislative business by 29.28 members of the legislature, and housing and communication costs for members, as authorized 29.29 by the house of representatives Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration or the 29.30 senate Committee on Rules and Administration. 29.31

30.1	Subd. 2. Legislative funding. (a) Sums sufficient to fund member expenses of the house
30.2	of representatives and the senate are appropriated from the general fund to the house of
30.3	representatives and senate, as applicable.
30.4	(b) No later than June 15 of each year, the controller of the house of representatives and
30.5	the secretary of the senate must each certify to the commissioner of management and budget
30.6	the amounts to be appropriated under this section for the fiscal year beginning July 1 of the
30.7	same year.
30.8	(c) No later than January 15 of each year, the controller of the house of representatives
30.9	and the secretary of the senate must each certify to the commissioner of management and
30.10	budget any changes to the current biennium's appropriations. Certifications provided by
30.11	January 15 of an odd-numbered year must include estimated amounts to be appropriated
30.12	for the fiscal biennium beginning the next July 1.
30.13	(d) Amounts certified under paragraphs (b) and (c) must be the amounts determined by
30.14	a majority vote conducted during a public meeting of the house of representatives Committee
30.15	on Rules and Legislative Administration, or the senate Committee on Rules and
30.16	Administration, as applicable.
30.17	(e) At any time between the date funds are certified under this subdivision and the last
30.18	date for adjusting the certified amount, the Legislative Advisory Commission may convene
30.19	a meeting to review and provide advice on the certified amount. At its discretion, the
30.20	committees may incorporate the advice of the Legislative Advisory Commission when
30.21	making an adjustment to the certified amount.
30.22	(f) Sums sufficient to address emergency needs of the house of representatives, senate,
30.23	Legislative Coordinating Commission, and any other joint legislative office, council, or
30.24	commission, are appropriated from the general fund to the house of representatives, senate,
30.25	or Legislative Coordinating Commission, as applicable. Emergency needs may include but
30.26	are not limited to information technology system failures, cybersecurity incidents, and
30.27	physical infrastructure failures. The controller of the house of representatives, the secretary
30.28	of the senate, or the executive director of the Legislative Coordinating Commission must
30.29	certify to the commissioner of management and budget any amount to be appropriated under
30.30	this paragraph, as directed by the speaker of the house, majority leader of the senate, or
30.31	chair of the Legislative Coordinating Commission. To the extent practical, any amount
30.32	proposed for appropriation must be submitted to the commissioner of management and
30.33	budget for advice and comment prior to final certification. The total amount appropriated
30.34	by this paragraph in a fiscal year must not exceed \$1,000,000.

31.1	(g) In the event of a nonappropriation caused by a gubernatorial veto impacting the
31.2	house of representatives, the senate, the Legislative Coordinating Commission, or any other
31.3	joint legislative office, council, or commission, the general fund appropriation base for the
31.4	house of representatives, senate, or Legislative Coordinating Commission, plus three percent,
31.5	is appropriated in the next fiscal year from the general fund to the house of representatives,
31.6	senate, or Legislative Coordinating Commission, as applicable, for any expenses for which
31.7	an appropriation is not otherwise provided by this section.
31.8	(h) By October 15 each year, the house of representatives, the senate, and the Legislative
31.9	Coordinating Commission must each submit a report to the commissioner of management
31.10	and budget detailing expenditures made under paragraphs (a) and (f) for the prior fiscal
31.11	year.
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31.12	Subd. 3. Other appropriations. Nothing in this section precludes the house of
31.13	representatives, the senate, or a joint legislative office or commission of the Legislative
31.14	Coordinating Commission from receiving a direct appropriation by law or another statutory
31.15	appropriation for a specific purpose provided in the direct or statutory appropriation. If the
31.16	house of representatives, the senate, or a joint legislative office or commission receives a
31.17	direct or statutory appropriation, the amount appropriated is distinct from and must not be
31.18	considered during the biennial appropriation certification process under this section.
31.19	EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY. This section is effective July 1, 2025, and
31.20	applies to appropriations for fiscal years 2026 and thereafter.
31.21	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.303, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
31.22	Subd. 6. Grants; staff; space; equipment; contracts. (a) The commission may make
31.23	grants, employ an executive director and other staff, and obtain office space, equipment,
31.24	and supplies necessary to perform its duties.
31.25	(b) The executive director may enter into contracts in compliance with section 3.225 to
31.26	provide necessary services and supplies for the house of representatives and the senate, and
31.27	for legislative commissions and joint legislative offices. A contract for professional or
31.28	technical services that is valued at more than \$50,000 may be made only after the executive
31.29	director has consulted with the chair and vice-chair of the commission.
31.30	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.855, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
31.31	Subd. 2. <u>Unrepresented</u> state employee <u>negotiations</u> <u>compensation</u> . (a) The
31.32	commissioner of management and budget shall regularly advise the commission on the

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progress of collective bargaining activities with state employees under the state Public

Employment Labor Relations Act. During negotiations, the commission may make
recommendations to the commissioner as it deems appropriate but no recommendation shall impose any obligation or grant any right or privilege to the parties.

(b) (a) The commissioner of management and budget shall submit to the chair of the commission any negotiated collective bargaining agreements, arbitration awards, compensation plans, or salaries for legislative approval or disapproval. Negotiated agreements shall be submitted within five days of the date of approval by the commissioner or the date of approval by the affected state employees, whichever occurs later. Arbitration awards shall be submitted within five days of their receipt by the commissioner: prepared under section 43A.18, subdivisions 2, 3, 3b, and 4. The chancellor of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities shall submit any compensation plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 3a. If the commission disapproves a collective bargaining agreement, award, compensation plan, or salary, the commission shall specify in writing to the parties those portions with which it disagrees and its reasons. If the commission approves a collective bargaining agreement, award, compensation plan, or salary, it shall submit the matter to the legislature to be accepted or rejected under this section.

(e) (b) When the legislature is not in session, the commission may give interim approval to a negotiated collective bargaining agreement, salary, or compensation plan, or arbitration award. When the legislature is not in session, failure of the commission to disapprove a collective bargaining agreement or arbitration award within 30 days constitutes approval. The commission shall submit the negotiated collective bargaining agreements, salaries, and compensation plans, or arbitration awards for which it has provided approval to the entire legislature for ratification at a special legislative session called to consider them or at its next regular legislative session as provided in this section. Approval or disapproval by the commission is not binding on the legislature.

(d) (c) When the legislature is not in session, the proposed collective bargaining agreement, arbitration decision, salary, or compensation plan must be implemented upon its approval by the commission, and state employees covered by the proposed agreement or arbitration decision plan or salary do not have the right to strike while the interim approval is in effect. Wages and economic fringe benefit increases provided for in the agreement or arbitration decision paid in accordance with the interim approval by the commission are not affected, but the wages or benefit increases must cease to be paid or provided effective upon the rejection of the agreement, arbitration decision, salary, or compensation plan, or upon adjournment of the legislature without acting on it.

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Sec	14	Minnesota	Statutes 2022	, section 3.855	subdivision 3	is amend	led to 1	ead.
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- Subd. 3. Other salaries and compensation plans. The commission shall also:
- (1) review and approve, or reject, or modify a plan for compensation and terms and conditions of employment prepared and submitted by the commissioner of management and budget under section 43A.18, subdivision 2, covering all state employees who are not represented by an exclusive bargaining representative and whose compensation is not provided for by chapter 43A or other law;
- (2) review and approve, or reject, or modify a plan for total compensation and terms and conditions of employment for employees in positions identified as being managerial under section 43A.18, subdivision 3, whose salaries and benefits are not otherwise provided for in law or other plans established under chapter 43A;
- (3) review and approve, reject, or modify recommendations for salaries submitted by the governor or other appointing authority under section 15A.0815, subdivision 5, covering agency head positions listed in section 15A.0815;
- (4) (3) review and approve, or reject, or modify recommendations for salary range of officials of higher education systems under section 15A.081, subdivision 7c;
- (5) (4) review and approve, or reject, or modify plans for compensation, terms, and 33.17 conditions of employment proposed under section 43A.18, subdivisions 3a, 3b, and 4; and 33.18
- (6) (5) review and approve, or reject, or modify the plan for compensation, terms, and 33.19 conditions of employment of classified employees in the office of the legislative auditor 33.20 under section 3.971, subdivision 2. 33.21
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.855, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 33.22
- Subd. 5. **Information required.** The commissioner of management and budget must 33.23 submit to the Legislative Coordinating Commission the following information with the 33.24 submission of a collective bargaining agreement or compensation plan under subdivisions 33.25 subdivision 2 and 3: 33.26
 - (1) for each agency and for each proposed agreement or plan, a comparison of biennial compensation costs under the current agreement or plan to the projected biennial compensation costs under the proposed agreement or plan, paid with funds appropriated from the general fund;
 - (2) for each agency and for each proposed agreement or plan, a comparison of biennial compensation costs under the current agreement or plan to the projected biennial

34.1	compensation costs under the proposed agreement or plan, paid with funds appropriated
34.2	from each fund other than the general fund;
34.3	(3) for each agency and for each proposed agreement or plan, an identification of the
34.4	amount of the additional biennial compensation costs that are attributable to salary and
34.5	wages and to the cost of nonsalary and nonwage benefits; and
34.6	(4) for each agency, for clauses (1) to (3), the impact of the aggregate of all agreements
34.7	and plans being submitted to the commission.
34.8	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.855, is amended by adding a subdivision to
34.9	read:
34.10	Subd. 6. Information required; collective bargaining agreements, memoranda of
34.11	understanding, and arbitration awards. Within 14 days after the implementation of a
34.12	collective bargaining agreement, memorandum of understanding, or receipt of an arbitration
34.13	award, the commissioner of management and budget must submit to the Legislative
34.14	Coordinating Commission the following:
34.15	(1) a copy of the collective bargaining agreement showing changes from previous
34.16	agreements and a copy of the executed agreement;
34.17	(2) a copy of any memorandum of understanding that has a fiscal impact, interest, or
34.18	arbitration award;
34.19	(3) a comparison of biennial compensation costs under the current agreement to the
34.20	projected biennial compensation costs under the new agreement, memorandum of
34.21	understanding, interest, or arbitration award; and
34.22	(4) a comparison of biennial compensation costs under the current agreement to the
34.23	projected biennial compensation costs for the following biennium under the new agreement,
34.24	memorandum of understanding, interest, or arbitration award.
34.25	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.888, is amended by adding a subdivision to
34.26	read:
34.27	Subd. 1a. Definition. (a) For purposes of this section, the following term has the meaning
34.28	given.
34.29	(b) "Security records" means data, documents, recordings, or similar that:
34.30	(1) were originally collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated by a member
34.31	of the commission during a closed meeting or a closed portion of a meeting; and

35.1	(2) are security information as defined by section 13.37, subdivision 1, or otherwise
35.2	pertain to cybersecurity briefings and reports; issues related to cybersecurity systems; or
35.3	deficiencies in or recommendations regarding cybersecurity services, infrastructure, and
35.4	facilities, if disclosure of the records would pose a danger to or compromise cybersecurity
35.5	infrastructure, facilities, procedures, or responses.
35.6	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.888, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
35.7	Subd. 5. Meetings. The commission must meet at least three times per calendar year.
35.8	The meetings of the commission are subject to section 3.055, except that the commission
35.9	may close a meeting when necessary to safeguard the state's cybersecurity. The minutes,
35.10	recordings, and documents from a closed meeting under this subdivision Security records
35.11	shall be maintained by the Legislative Coordinating Commission and shall not be made
35.12	available to the public until at least eight years but no more than 20 years after the date of
35.13	the <u>closed</u> meeting.
35.14	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.888, is amended by adding a subdivision to
35.15	read:
35.16	Subd. 5a. Closed meetings procedures. The commission must adopt procedures for
35.17	conducting closed meetings before the commission's first closed meeting. At a minimum,
35.18	the procedures must include:
35.19	(1) a requirement to provide notice to the public, when practicable, before each closed
35.20	meeting of the commission's intent and authority to hold a closed meeting or to hold a closed
35.21	session during an otherwise open meeting;
	
35.22	(2) a requirement that the commission minimize the number of people present at a closed
35.23	meeting to those necessary to conduct the meeting;
35.24	(3) a requirement that votes shall not be taken during a closed meeting or a closed portion
35.25	of a meeting pursuant to this section;
35.26	(4) steps the commission must take if a commission member is alleged to have violated
35.27	the confidentiality of a closed meeting; and
35.28	(5) guidance for the Legislative Coordinating Commission for the public release of
35.29	security records following the eight-year record requirement in subdivision 5. The meetings
35.30	of the Legislative Coordinating Commission under this subdivision are exempt from section
35.31	3.055 when necessary to safeguard the confidentiality of security records.
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36.1	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.888, is amended by adding a subdivision to
36.2	read:
36.3	Subd. 5b. Alleged member closed meeting confidentiality violations. Notwithstanding
36.4	any law to the contrary, if a complaint alleging a member violated the confidentiality of a
36.5	closed meeting is brought to a legislative committee with jurisdiction over ethical conduct,
36.6	the committee with jurisdiction over ethical conduct must preserve the confidentiality of
36.7	the closed meeting at issue.
36.8	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.97, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
36.9	Subd. 2. Membership; terms; meetings; compensation; powers. The Legislative Audit
36.10	Commission consists of:
36.11	(1) three members of the senate appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the
36.12	Committee on Rules and Administration of the senate majority leader;
36.13	(2) three members of the senate appointed by the senate minority leader;
36.14	(3) three members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house;
36.15	and
36.16	(4) three members of the house of representatives appointed by the house of
36.17	representatives minority leader.
36.18	Members shall serve until replaced, or until they are not members of the legislative body
36.19	from which they were appointed. Appointing authorities shall fill vacancies on the
36.20	commission within 30 days of a vacancy being created.
36.21	The commission shall meet in January of each odd-numbered year to elect its chair and
36.22	vice-chair. They shall serve until successors are elected. The chair and vice-chair shall
36.23	alternate biennially between the senate and the house of representatives, and shall be of
36.24	different political parties. The commission shall meet at the call of the chair. The members
36.25	shall serve without compensation but be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses as members
36.26	of the legislature. The commission may exercise the powers prescribed by section 3.153.
36.27	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.972, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
36.28	Subd. 3. Audit contracts. Notwithstanding any other law, A state department, board,
36.29	commission, or other state agency shall not negotiate a contract contracting with a public
36.30	accountant for an audit, except a contract negotiated by the state auditor for an audit of a
36.31	local government, unless the contract has been reviewed by the legislative auditor. The

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legislative auditor shall not participate in the selection of the public accountant but shall review and submit written comments on the proposed contract within seven days of its receipt. Upon completion of the audit, the legislative auditor shall be given must provide the legislative auditor with a copy of the final report of the audit upon completion of the audit.

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Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.978, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Inquiry and inspection power; duty to aid legislative auditor.** All public officials and their deputies and employees, and all corporations, firms, and individuals having business involving the receipt, disbursement, or custody of public funds shall at all times: (1) afford reasonable facilities for examinations by the legislative auditor, make; (2) provide returns and reports required by the legislative auditor; (3) attend and answer under oath the legislative auditor's lawful inquiries; (4) produce and exhibit all books, accounts, documents, data of any classification, and property that the legislative auditor requests to inspect; and (5) in all things cooperate with the legislative auditor.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.979, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Access to data by commission members. Members of the commission have access to not public data that is collected or used by the legislative auditor and classified as not public or as private or confidential only as authorized by resolution of the commission.

 The commission may not authorize its members to have access to private or confidential data on individuals collected or used in connection with the collection of any tax.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.979, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Audit data.** (a) "Audit" as used in this subdivision means a financial audit, program evaluation, special review, or investigation, or assessment of an allegation or report submitted to the legislative auditor.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other law, data relating to an audit are not public or with respect to data on individuals are confidential or protected nonpublic until the final report of the audit has been released by the legislative auditor or the audit is no longer being actively pursued. Upon release of a final audit report by the legislative auditor, data relating to an audit are public except data otherwise classified as not public.
- (c) Unless the data are subject to a more restrictive classification by another law, upon
 the legislative auditor's decision to no longer actively pursue an audit without the release
 of a final audit report, data relating to an audit are private or nonpublic except for data: (1)

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38.1	relating to the audit's existence, status, and disposition; and (2) that document the work of
38.2	the legislative auditor. For any such audit, data identifying individuals or nongovernmental
38.3	entities are private or nonpublic.
38.4	(b) (d) Data related to an audit but not published in the audit report and that the legislative
38.5	auditor reasonably believes will be used in litigation are not public and with respect to data
38.6	on individuals are confidential or protected nonpublic until the litigation has been completed
38.7	or is no longer being actively pursued.
38.8	(e) (e) Data that could reasonably be used to determine the identity of an individual or
38.9	entity supplying data for an audit are private or nonpublic if the data supplied by the
38.10	individual were needed for an audit and the individual would not have been provided the
38.11	data to the legislative auditor without an assurance that the individual's identity of the
38.12	individual or entity would remain private or nonpublic, or the legislative auditor reasonably
38.13	believes that the subject data would not have been provided the data.
38.14	(d) The definitions of terms provided in section 13.02 apply for purposes of this
38.15	subdivision (f) Data related to an audit that were obtained from a nongovernmental entity
38.16	have the classification that the data would have if obtained from the governmental entity
38.17	for which the data were created, collected, or maintained by the nongovernmental entity.
38.18	(g) The legislative auditor may disseminate data of any classification to:
38.19	(1) a governmental entity, other than a law enforcement agency or prosecuting authority,
38.20	if the dissemination of the data aids a pending audit; or
38.21	(2) a law enforcement agency or prosecuting authority if there is reason to believe that
38.22	the data are evidence of criminal activity within the agency's or authority's jurisdiction.
38.23	(h) Notwithstanding the classification of data as confidential or protected nonpublic, an
38.24	individual or entity who supplies information for an audit may authorize the legislative
38.25	auditor to release data that would identify the individual or entity for the purpose of
38.26	conducting the audit. Data disseminated pursuant to this paragraph are subject to section
38.27	13.03, subdivision 4, paragraph (c).
38.28	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.979, is amended by adding a subdivision to
38.29	read:
38.30	Subd. 6. Definitions. The definitions of terms provided in section 13.02 apply for
38.31	purposes of this section.

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Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 4.045, is amended to read:

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The Children's Cabinet shall consist of the commissioners of education, human services, employment and economic development, public safety, corrections, management and budget, health, administration, Housing Finance Agency, and transportation, and the director of the Office of Strategic and Long-Range Planning. The governor shall designate one member to serve as cabinet chair. The chair is responsible for ensuring that the duties of the Children's Cabinet are performed.

Sec. 28. [8.315] CONSUMER LITIGATION FUND.

- Subdivision 1. Establishment. The consumer litigation account is established in the 39.10 special revenue fund in the state treasury. 39.11
- 39.12 Subd. 2. Disbursements from account. The attorney general may authorize disbursements from the consumer litigation account for the following purposes related to 39.13 multistate consumer litigation: 39.14
- (1) payment of the costs of litigation, investigation, administration, or settlement of any 39.15 matter related to the duties and authorities provided by this chapter, federal law, or common 39.16 law as it pertains to consumer litigation; 39.17
 - (2) cost-share payments subject to agreements entered into with other states, governmental entities, law enforcement agencies, or federal agencies in furtherance of litigation, investigation, administration, or settlement of any matter that pertains to consumer litigation;
- (3) retention of expert witnesses, professional or technical services, consultants, 39.21 specialists, mediators, or necessary services related to litigation, investigation, administration, 39.22 or settlement of any matter that pertains to consumer litigation; and 39.23
- (4) document review, issue coding, electronic data hosting, or discovery-related costs, including reasonable costs for services incurred by a state agency if related to litigation or an investigation pertaining to consumer litigation in which the state is a party and the attorney general determines it is beneficial to the state to authorize such payments. 39.27
 - Subd. 3. **Reporting.** The attorney general shall report annually by October 15 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees in the senate and the house of representatives with jurisdiction over state government finance on activities funded through money disbursed from the consumer litigation account during the prior fiscal year. The report must include an accounting of the starting balance and ending balance of the consumer

40.1	litigation account for the relevant reporting period and a summary description of all
40.2	disbursements from the account, along with the purpose of any disbursements.
40.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023.
40.4	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 9.031, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
40.5	Subd. 3. Collateral. (a) In lieu of the corporate bond required in subdivision 2, a
40.6	depository may deposit with the commissioner of management and budget collateral to
40.7	secure state funds that are to be deposited with it. The Executive Council must approve the
40.8	collateral.
40.9	(b) The Executive Council shall not approve any collateral except:
40.10	(1) bonds and certificates of indebtedness, other than bonds secured by real estate, that
40.11	are legal investments for savings banks under any law of the state; and
40.12	(2) bonds of any insular possession of the United States, of any state, or of any agency
40.13	of this state, the payment of the principal and interest of which is provided for by other than
40.14	direct taxation.
40.15	(1) United States government treasury bills, treasury notes, and treasury bonds;
40.16	(2) issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities, as quoted by a
40.17	recognized industry quotation service available to the state;
40.18	(3) general obligation securities of any state other than the state and its agencies or local
40.19	government with taxing powers that is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service,
40.20	or revenue obligation securities of any state other than the state and its agencies or local
40.21	government with taxing powers that is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
40.22	(4) irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to the state
40.23	accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by
40.24	Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
40.25	(5) time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.
40.26	(c) The collateral deposited shall be accompanied by an assignment thereof to the state,
40.27	which assignment shall recite that:
40.28	(1) the depository will pay all the state funds deposited with it to the commissioner of
40.29	management and budget, free of exchange or other charge, at any place in this state
40.30	designated by the commissioner of management and budget; if the deposit is a time deposit
40.31	it shall be paid, together with interest, only when due; and

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41.1	(2) in case of default by the depository the state may sell the collateral, or as much of it
41.2	as is necessary to realize the full amount due from the depository, and pay any surplus to
41.3	the depository or its assigns.
41.4	(d) Upon the direction of the Executive Council, the commissioner of management and
41.5	budget, on behalf of the state, may reassign in writing to the depository any registered
41.6	collateral pledged to the state by assignment thereon.
41.7	(e) A depository may deposit collateral of less value than the total designation and may,
41.8	at any time during the period of its designation, deposit additional collateral, withdraw
41.9	excess collateral, and substitute other collateral for all or part of that on deposit. Approval
41.10	of the Executive Council is not necessary for the withdrawal of excess collateral.
41.11	(f) If the depository is not in default the commissioner of management and budget shall
41.12	pay the interest collected on the deposited collateral to the depository.
41.13	(g) In lieu of depositing collateral with the commissioner of management and budget,
41.14	collateral may also be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve
41.15	bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution
41.16	that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The
41.17	selection shall be approved by the commissioner.
41 10	Sac 20 Minnesote Statutes 2022 section 10.44 is amended to read
41.18	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10.44, is amended to read:
41.19	10.44 HOUSE, SENATE, COURT, ELECTED OFFICE BUDGETS; HOW
41.20	TREATED.
41.21	Except as provided in section 3.1985, the budgets of the house of representatives, senate,
41.22	constitutional officers, district courts, court of appeals, and supreme court must be submitted
41.23	to and considered by the appropriate committees of the legislature in the same manner as
41.24	the budgets of executive agencies.
41.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025, and applies to budgets
41.26	proposed for fiscal years 2026 and thereafter.
41.27	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10.45, is amended to read:
41.28	10.45 BUDGETS; INFORMATION.
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41.29	The budgets of the house of representatives, the senate, Legislative Coordinating
41.30	Commission and each constitutional officer, the district courts, court of appeals, and supreme

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court shall be public information and shall be divided into expense categories. The budgets

of the house of representatives and the senate shall be public information and shall be

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- separated by appropriation categories identified in section 3.1985 and direct appropriation
 expense categories. The categories shall include, among others, payroll, travel, and telephone
 expenses.
- 42.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025, and applies to budgets adopted for fiscal years 2026 and thereafter.
- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10.5805, is amended to read:

10.5805 HMONG SPECIAL GUERRILLA UNITS REMEMBRANCE DAY.

- (a) May 14 of each year is designated as Hmong Special Guerrilla Units Remembrance Day in honor of Southeast Asians, Americans, and their allies who served, suffered, sacrificed, or died in the Secret War in Laos during the Vietnam War in the years 1961 to 1975 in support of the armed forces of the United States, and in recognition of the significance of May 14, 1975, the last day that the overall American-trained Hmong command structure over the Special Guerrilla Units in Laos was operational. At least 35,000 Hmong Special Guerrilla soldiers lost their lives protecting trapped, lost, or captured American soldiers and pilots in Laos and Vietnam. One-half of the Hmong population in Laos perished as a result of the American Secret War in Laos. Ethnic Hmong men, women, and children in Laos faced persecution and forced reeducation in seminar camps after their American support ended. Despite the tremendous cost and sacrifices in the war, the Hmong remain proud to stand by the values of freedom and justice that America symbolizes. Those who survived escaped to western countries to start a new life. Each year, the governor shall issue a proclamation honoring the observance.
- (b) Schools are encouraged to offer instruction about Hmong history or read the passage
 under paragraph (a) to students in honor of this day on May 14 or, if May 14 falls on a
 Saturday or Sunday, on the Friday preceding May 14.
- 42.25 (c) Businesses may close in honor of this day and an employee may request the day off
 42.26 in observance.
- 42.27 (d) The governor shall order the United States and the Minnesota flags flown on the
 42.28 grounds of the Capitol Area to be flown at half-staff on May 14. Local governments, private
 42.29 businesses, and public and private schools are encouraged to fly United States and Minnesota
 42.30 flags at half-staff on May 14.

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43.1	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. Procedure when data is not accurate or complete. (a) An individual subject of the data may contest the accuracy or completeness of public or private data about themselves.
- (b) To exercise this right, an individual shall notify in writing the responsible authority of the government entity that maintains the data, describing the nature of the disagreement.
 - (c) Upon receiving notification from the data subject, the responsible authority shall within 30 days either:
- (1) correct the data found to be inaccurate or incomplete and attempt to notify past 43.9 recipients of inaccurate or incomplete data, including recipients named by the individual; 43.10 43.11 or
 - (2) notify the individual that the responsible authority believes has determined the data to be correct. If the challenged data are determined to be accurate or complete, the responsible authority shall inform the individual of the right to appeal the determination to the commissioner as specified under paragraph (d). Data in dispute shall be disclosed only if the individual's statement of disagreement is included with the disclosed data.
 - (d) A data subject may appeal the determination of the responsible authority may be appealed pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act relating to contested cases. An individual must submit an appeal to the commissioner within 60 days of the responsible authority's notice of the right to appeal or as otherwise provided by the rules of the commissioner. Upon receipt of an appeal by an individual, the commissioner shall, before issuing the order and notice of a contested case hearing required by chapter 14, try to resolve the dispute through education, conference, conciliation, or persuasion. If the parties consent, the commissioner may refer the matter to mediation. Following these efforts, the commissioner shall dismiss the appeal or issue the order and notice of hearing.
 - (e) The commissioner may dismiss an appeal without first attempting to resolve the dispute or before issuing an order and notice of a contested case hearing if:
- (1) the appeal to the commissioner is not timely; 43.28
- (2) the appeal concerns data previously presented as evidence in a court proceeding in 43.29 which the data subject was a party; or 43.30
- (3) the individual making the appeal is not the subject of the data challenged as inaccurate 43.31 or incomplete. 43.32

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(b) (f) Data on individuals that have been successfully challenged by an individual must
be completed, corrected, or destroyed by a government entity without regard to the
requirements of section 138.17.

(g) After completing, correcting, or destroying successfully challenged data, a government entity may retain a copy of the commissioner of administration's order issued under chapter 14 or, if no order were issued, a summary of the dispute between the parties that does not contain any particulars of the successfully challenged data.

Sec. 34. [15.0147] COUNCIL ON LGBTQIA2S+ MINNESOTANS.

- Subdivision 1. Council established; membership. (a) The Council on LGBTQIA2S+ 44.9 Minnesotans is established. The council consists of 16 voting members. 44.10
- 44.11 (b) The governor shall appoint a total of 12 public voting members. The governor may additionally appoint a commissioner of a state agency or a designee of the commissioner 44.12 44.13 to serve as an ex-officio, nonvoting member of the council.
 - (c) Four legislators shall be appointed to the council. The speaker of the house and the minority leader of the house of representatives shall each appoint one member of the house of representatives to the council. The senate Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on Rules and Administration shall appoint one member of the senate majority caucus and one member of the senate minority caucus.
 - Subd. 2. Appointments; terms; removal. (a) In making appointments to the council, the governor shall consider an appointee's proven dedication and commitment to Minnesota's LGBTQIA2S+ community and any expertise possessed by the appointee that might be beneficial to the council, such as experience in public policy, legal affairs, social work, business, or management. The executive director and legislative members may offer advice to the governor on applicants seeking appointment.
- (b) Terms, compensation, and filling of vacancies for members appointed by the governor 44.25 are as provided in section 15.059. Removal of members appointed by the governor is 44.26 44.27 governed by section 15.059, except that: (1) a member who misses more than half of the council meetings convened during a 12-month period is automatically removed from the 44.28 council; and (2) a member appointed by the governor may be removed by a vote of three 44.29 of the four legislative members of the council. The chair of the council shall inform the 44.30 governor of the need for the governor to fill a vacancy on the council. Legislative members 44.32 serve at the pleasure of their appointing authority.

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45.1	(c) A member appointed by the governor may serve no more than a total of eight years
45.2	on the council. A legislator may serve no more than eight consecutive years or 12
45.3	nonconsecutive years on the council.
45.4	Subd. 3. Training; executive committee; meetings; support. (a) A member appointed
45.5	by the governor must attend orientation training within the first six months of service for
45.6	the member's initial term. The commissioner of administration must arrange for the training
45.7	to include but not be limited to the legislative process, government data practices, ethics,
45.8	conflicts of interest, Open Meeting Law, Robert's Rules of Order, fiscal management, and
45.9	human resources. The governor must remove a member who does not complete the training.
45.10	(b) The council shall annually elect from among the members appointed by the governor
45.11	a chair and other officers the council deems necessary. These officers and one legislative
45.12	member selected by the council shall serve as the executive committee of the council.
45.13	(c) Forty percent of voting members of the council constitutes a quorum. A quorum is
45.14	required to conduct council business. A council member may not vote on any action if the
45.15	member has a conflict of interest under section 10A.07.
45.16	(d) The council shall receive administrative support from the commissioner of
45.17	administration under section 16B.371. The council may contract in its own name but may
45.18	not accept or receive a loan or incur indebtedness except as otherwise provided by law.
45.19	Contracts must be approved by a majority of the members of the council and executed by
45.20	the chair and the executive director. The council may apply for, receive, and expend in its
45.21	own name grants and gifts of money consistent with the powers and duties specified in this
45.22	section.
45.23	(e) The attorney general shall provide legal services to the council on behalf of the state
45.24	on all matters relating to the council, including matters relating to the state as the employer
45.25	of the executive director of the council and other council staff.
45.26	Subd. 4. Executive director; staff. (a) The Legislative Coordinating Commission must
45.27	appoint an executive director for the council. The executive director must be experienced
45.28	in administrative activities and familiar with the challenges and needs of Minnesota's
45.29	LGBTQIA2S+ community of people who identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender,
45.30	gender expansive, queer, intersex, asexual, or two-spirit. The executive director serves in
45.31	the unclassified service at the pleasure of the Legislative Coordinating Commission.
45.32	(b) The Legislative Coordinating Commission must establish a process for recruiting
45.33	and selecting applicants for the executive director position. This process must include
45 34	consultation and collaboration with the council

46.1	(c) The executive director and council members must work together in fulfilling council
46.2	duties. The executive director must consult with the commissioner of administration to
46.3	ensure appropriate financial, purchasing, human resources, and other services for operation
46.4	of the council.
46.5	(d) Once appointed, the council is responsible for supervising the work of the executive
46.6	director. The council chair must report to the chair of the Legislative Coordinating
46.7	Commission regarding the performance of the executive director, including recommendations
46.8	regarding any disciplinary actions. The executive director must appoint and supervise the
46.9	work of other staff necessary to carry out the duties of the council. The executive director
46.10	must consult with the council chair prior to taking the following disciplinary actions with
46.11	council staff: written reprimand, suspension, demotion, or discharge. The executive director
46.12	and other council staff are executive branch employees.
46.13	(e) The executive director must submit the council's biennial budget request to the
46.14	commissioner of management and budget as provided under chapter 16A.
46.15	Subd. 5. Duties of council. (a) The council must work for the implementation of
46.16	economic, social, legal, and political equality for Minnesota's community of people who
46.17	identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, gender expansive, queer, intersex, asexual,
46.18	or two-spirit. The council shall work with the legislature and governor to carry out this work
46.19	by performing the duties in this section.
46.20	(b) The council shall advise the governor and the legislature on issues confronting the
46.21	LGBTQIA2S+ community. This may include but is not limited to presenting the results of
46.22	surveys, studies, and community forums to the appropriate executive departments and
46.23	legislative committees.
46.24	(c) The council shall advise the governor and the legislature of administrative and
46.25	legislative changes needed to improve the economic and social condition of Minnesota's
46.26	LGBTQIA2S+ community. This may include but is not limited to working with legislators
46.27	to develop legislation to address issues and to work for passage of legislation. This may
46.28	also include making recommendations regarding the state's affirmative action program and
46.29	the state's targeted group small business program or working with state agencies and
46.30	organizations to develop business opportunities and promote economic development for
46.31	the LGBTQIA2S+ community.
46.32	(d) The council shall advise the governor and the legislature of the implications and
46.33	effect of proposed administrative and legislative changes on the constituency of the council.

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47.1	This may include but is not limited to tracking legislation, testifying as appropriate, and
47.2	meeting with executive departments and legislators.
47.3	(e) The council shall serve as a liaison between state government and organizations that
47.4	serve Minnesota's LGBTQIA2S+ community. This may include but is not limited to working
47.5	with these organizations to carry out the duties in paragraphs (a) to (d) and working with
47.6	these organizations to develop informational programs or publications to involve and
47.7	empower the community in seeking improvement in their economic and social conditions.
47.8	(f) The council shall perform or contract for the performance of studies designed to
47.9	suggest solutions to the problems of Minnesota's LGBTQIA2S+ community in the areas of
47.10	education, employment, human rights, health, housing, social welfare, and other related
47.11	areas.
47.12	(g) In carrying out duties under this subdivision, the council may act to advise on issues
47.13	that affect the shared constituencies with the councils established in section 15.0145.
47.14	Subd. 6. Duties of council members. A council member shall:
47.15	(1) attend and participate in scheduled meetings and be prepared by reviewing meeting
47.16	notes;
47.17	(2) maintain and build communication with Minnesota's LGBTQIA2S+ community;
47.17 47.18	(2) maintain and build communication with Minnesota's LGBTQIA2S+ community; (3) collaborate with the council and executive director in carrying out the council's duties;
47.18	(3) collaborate with the council and executive director in carrying out the council's duties;
47.18 47.19	(3) collaborate with the council and executive director in carrying out the council's duties; and
47.18 47.19 47.20	(3) collaborate with the council and executive director in carrying out the council's duties; and (4) participate in activities the council or executive director deem appropriate and
47.18 47.19 47.20 47.21	(3) collaborate with the council and executive director in carrying out the council's duties; and (4) participate in activities the council or executive director deem appropriate and necessary to facilitate the goals and duties of the council.
47.18 47.19 47.20 47.21 47.22	(3) collaborate with the council and executive director in carrying out the council's duties; and (4) participate in activities the council or executive director deem appropriate and necessary to facilitate the goals and duties of the council. Subd. 7. Reports. The council must report on the measurable outcomes achieved in the

committees with primary jurisdiction over state government operations. Each report must 47.26 47.27 cover the calendar year of the year before the report is submitted. The specific objectives and outcome measures for the following current year must focus on three or four achievable 47.28 objectives, action steps, and measurable outcomes for which the council will be held 47.29 accountable. The strategic plan may include other items that support the statutory purposes 47.30 of the council but should not distract from the primary statutory proposals presented. The 47.31 47.32 biennial budget of the council must be submitted to the Legislative Coordinating Commission 47.33 by February 1 in each odd-numbered year.

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Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.0395, is amended to read:

15.0395 INTERAGENCY A	AGREEMENTS AND INTR	A-AGENCY TRANSFERS.

- (a) By October 15, 2018, and annually thereafter, the head of each agency must provide reports to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the department or agency's budget on:
- (1) <u>each</u> interagency <u>agreements</u> <u>agreement</u> or service-level <u>agreements and agreement</u>, <u>including</u> any <u>renewals</u> <u>renewal</u> or <u>extensions</u> <u>extension</u> of <u>an</u> existing interagency or service-level <u>agreements</u> <u>agreement</u> with another agency if the cumulative value of those agreements between two agencies is more than \$100,000 in the previous fiscal year; and

(2) transfers of appropriations between accounts within or between agencies, if the

- The report must include the statutory citation authorizing the agreement, transfer or dollar amount, purpose, and the effective date of the agreement, and the duration of the agreement, and the duration of the agreement, and a copy of the agreement. Interagency agreements and service-level agreements that authorize enterprise central services and transfers specifically required by statute or session law are not required to be reported under this section.
- (b) As used in this section, "agency" includes the departments of the state listed in section 15.01, a multimember state agency in the executive branch described in section 15.012, paragraph (a), the Department of Information Technology Services, and the Office of Higher Education.
- Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.066, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3. Advice and consent time limit. (a) For appointments that require confirmation
 by only the senate, if the senate does not reject an appointment within 60 legislative days
 of the day of receipt of the letter of appointment by the president of the senate, the senate
 has consented to the appointment.
- (b) For appointments that require confirmation by both the senate and the house of representatives, if neither the senate nor the house of representatives has rejected an appointment within 60 legislative days of the later of the day of receipt of the letter of appointment by the president of the senate or the day of receipt of the letter of appointment by the speaker of the house of representatives, the house of representatives and senate have consented to the appointment.

49.1	(c) This section does not apply to appointments to the Campaign Finance and Public
49.2	Disclosure Board under section 10A.02.
49.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2027.
49.4	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.0815, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
49.5	Subdivision 1. Salary limits. The governor or other appropriate appointing authority
49.6	shall set the salary rates for positions listed in this section within the salary limits listed in
49.7	subdivisions 2 to 4. The governor's or other appointing authority's action is subject to
49.8	approval of the Legislative Coordinating Commission and the legislature as provided by
49.9	subdivision 5 and section 3.855 based upon the salaries prescribed by the Compensation
49.10	Council established under section 15A.082.
49.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
49.12	applies to salary rates adopted by the council for fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.
49.13	Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.0815, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
49.14	Subd. 2. Group I salary limits Agency head salaries. The salary for a position listed
49.15	in this subdivision shall not exceed 133 percent of the salary of the governor. This limit
49.16	must be adjusted annually on January 1. The new limit must equal the limit for the prior
49.17	year increased by the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for all urban
49.18	consumers from October of the second prior year to October of the immediately prior year
49.19	be determined by the Compensation Council under section 15A.082. The commissioner of
49.20	management and budget must publish the limit salaries on the department's website. This
49.21	subdivision applies to the following positions:
49.22	Commissioner of administration;
49.23	Commissioner of agriculture;
49.24	Commissioner of education;
49.25	Commissioner of commerce;
49.26	Commissioner of corrections;
49.27	Commissioner of health;
49.28	Commissioner, Minnesota Office of Higher Education;
49.29	Commissioner, Minnesota IT Services;
49 30	Commissioner Housing Finance Agency:

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50.1	Commissioner of human rights;
50.2	Commissioner of human services;
50.3	Commissioner of labor and industry;
50.4	Commissioner of management and budget;
50.5	Commissioner of natural resources;
50.6	Commissioner, Pollution Control Agency;
50.7	Commissioner of public safety;
50.8	Commissioner of revenue;
50.9	Commissioner of employment and economic development;
50.10	Commissioner of transportation; and
50.11	Commissioner of veterans affairs-;
50.12	Executive director of the Gambling Control Board;
50.13	Executive director of the Minnesota State Lottery;
50.14	Commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation;
50.15	Commissioner, Bureau of Mediation Services;
50.16	Ombudsman for mental health and developmental disabilities;
50.17	Ombudsperson for corrections;
50.18	Chair, Metropolitan Council;
50.19	Chair, Metropolitan Airports Commission;
50.20	School trust lands director;
50.21	Executive director of pari-mutuel racing; and
50.22	Commissioner, Public Utilities Commission.
50.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
50.24	applies to salary rates adopted by the council for fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.
50.25	Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.082, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
50.26	Subdivision 1. Creation. A Compensation Council is created each odd-numbered year
50.27	to assist the legislature in establishing establish the compensation of constitutional officers
50.28	and the heads of state and metropolitan agencies identified in section 15A.0815, and to

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assist the legislature in establishing the compensation of justices of the supreme court, and judges of the court of appeals and district court, and the heads. of state and metropolitan agencies included in section 15A.0815.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to salary rates adopted by the council for fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.

- Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.082, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Membership.** (a) The Compensation Council consists of 16 the following members: eight nonjudges appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court, of whom no more than four may belong to the same political party; and one member from each congressional district appointed by the governor, of whom no more than four may belong to the same political party. The speaker and minority leader of the house of representatives must each appoint two members. The majority leader and minority leader of the senate must each appoint two members. Appointments must be made after the first Monday in January and before January 15. The compensation and removal of members appointed by the governor or the chief justice shall be as provided in section 15.059, subdivisions 3 and 4. Members continue to serve until new members are appointed. Members appointed by the governor may not vote on the salary of the governor. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall provide the council with administrative and support services. The commissioner of management and budget must provide analytical and policy support to the council related to the compensation of agency heads. The provision of analytical and policy support under this subdivision shall not be considered ex parte communication under subdivision 7.
- (b) Members appointed under paragraph (a) may not be a: 51.22
- (1) current or former judge; 51.23
- (2) current lobbyist registered under Minnesota law; 51.24
- (3) current employee in the judicial, legislative, or executive branch of state government; 51.25
- (4) current or former governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, 51.26 or state auditor; or 51.27
- (5) current or former legislator, or the spouse of a current legislator. 51.28
- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.082, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 51.29
- Subd. 3. Submission of recommendations and determination. (a) By April 1 in each 51.30 odd-numbered year, the Compensation Council shall submit to the speaker of the house and 51.31

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the president of the senate salary recommendations for eonstitutional officers, justices of the supreme court, and judges of the court of appeals and district court. The recommended salary for each other office must take effect on the first Monday in January of the next odd-numbered year, with no more than one adjustment, to take effect on January 1 of the year after that The recommended salaries take effect on July 1 of that year and July 1 of the subsequent even-numbered year and at whatever interval the council recommends thereafter, unless the legislature by law provides otherwise. The salary recommendations for judges and constitutional officers take effect if an appropriation of money to pay the recommended salaries is enacted after the recommendations are submitted and before their effective date. Recommendations may be expressly modified or rejected.

- (b) The council shall also submit to the speaker of the house and the president of the senate recommendations for the salary ranges of the heads of state and metropolitan agencies, to be effective retroactively from January 1 of that year if enacted into law. The recommendations shall include the appropriate group in section 15A.0815 to which each agency head should be assigned and the appropriate limitation on the maximum range of the salaries of the agency heads in each group, expressed as a percentage of the salary of the governor. By April 1 in each odd-numbered year, the Compensation Council must prescribe salaries for constitutional officers, and for the agency and metropolitan agency heads identified in section 15A.0815. The prescribed salary for each office must take effect July 1 of that year and July 1 of the subsequent even-numbered year and at whatever interval the council determines thereafter, unless the legislature by law provides otherwise. An appropriation by the legislature to fund the relevant office, branch, or agency of an amount sufficient to pay the salaries prescribed by the council constitutes a prescription by law as provided in the Minnesota Constitution, article V, sections 4 and 5.
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.082, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Criteria.** In making compensation recommendations and determinations, the council shall consider the amount of compensation paid in government service and the private sector to persons with similar qualifications, the amount of compensation needed to attract and retain experienced and competent persons, and the ability of the state to pay the recommended compensation.
- 52.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to salary rates adopted by the council for fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.

53.1	Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.082, is amended by adding a subdivision
53.2	to read:
53.3	Subd. 7. No ex parte communications. Members may not have any communication
53.4	with a constitutional officer, a head of a state agency, or member of the judiciary during
53.5	the period after the first meeting is convened under this section and the date the prescribed
53.6	and recommended salaries are submitted under subdivision 3.
53.7	Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.0825, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
53.8	Subdivision 1. Membership. (a) The Legislative Salary Council consists of the following
53.9	members:
53.10	(1) one person, who is not a judge, from each congressional district, appointed by the
53.11	chief justice of the supreme court; and
53.12	(2) one person from each congressional district, appointed by the governor.
53.13	(b) If Minnesota has an odd number of congressional districts, the governor and the chief
53.14	justice must each appoint an at-large member, in addition to a member from each
53.15	congressional district.
53.16	(c) One-half of the members appointed by the governor and one-half of the members
53.17	appointed by the chief justice must belong to the political party that has the most members
53.18	in the legislature. One-half of the members appointed by the governor and one-half of the
53.19	members appointed by the chief justice must belong to the political party that has the second
53.20	most members in the legislature.
53.21	(d) None of the members of the council may be:
53.22	(1) a current or former legislator, or the spouse of a current legislator;
53.23	(2) a current or former lobbyist registered under Minnesota law;
53.24	(3) a current employee of the legislature;
53.25	(4) a current or former judge; or
53.26	(5) a current or former governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state,

or state auditor:; or

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(6) a current employee of an entity in the executive or judicial branch.

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Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.0825, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. Initial appointment Appointments; convening authority; first meeting in odd-numbered year. Appointing authorities must make their initial appointments by January 2, 2017 after the first Monday in January and before January 15 in each odd-numbered year. Appointing authorities who determine that a vacancy exists under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), must make an appointment to fill that vacancy by January 15 in each odd-numbered year. The governor shall designate one member to convene and chair the first meeting of the council, that must occur by February 15 of each odd-numbered year. The first meeting must be before January 15, 2017. At its first meeting, the council must elect a chair from among its members. Members that reside in an even-numbered congressional district serve a first term ending January 15, 2019. Members residing in an odd-numbered congressional district serve a first term ending January 15, 2021.
- Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.0825, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Terms.** (a) Except for initial terms and for the first term following redistricting, a term is four years or until new appointments are made after congressional redistricting as provided in subdivision 4. Members may serve no more than two full terms or portions of two consecutive terms.
 - (b) If a member ceases to reside in the congressional district that the member resided in at the time of appointment as a result of moving or redistricting, the appointing authority who appointed the member must appoint a replacement who resides in the congressional district to serve the unexpired term.
- Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.0825, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Appointments following redistricting.** Appointing authorities shall make appointments within three months after a congressional redistricting plan is adopted.

 Appointing authorities shall make appointments in accordance with the timing requirements in subdivision 2. Members that reside in an even-numbered district shall be appointed to a term of two years following redistricting. Members that reside in an odd-numbered district
- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.0825, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

shall be appointed to a term of four years following redistricting.

Subd. 9. **Staffing.** The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall provide administrative and support services for the council. The provision of administrative and support services

55.1	under this subdivision shall not be considered ex parte communication under subdivision
55.2	<u>10.</u>
55.3	Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.011, is amended by adding a subdivision
55.4	to read:
55.5	Subd. 15a. Transfer. A "transfer" means the authorization to move state money from
55.6	one fund, account, or agency to another fund, account, or agency within the state treasury.
55.7	When authorized by law, a transfer must reduce money in one fund, account, or agency and
55.8	increase the same amount to a separate fund, account, or agency.
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55.9	Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.055, is amended by adding a subdivision
55.10	to read:
55.11	Subd. 7. Grant acceptance. The commissioner may apply for and receive grants from
55.12	any source for the purpose of fulfilling any of the duties of the department. All funds received
55.13	under this subdivision are appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes for which the
55.14	funds are received.
55.15	Sec. 51. [16A.091] ACCOUNTABILITY AND PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT.
55.16	(a) The commissioner of management and budget is responsible for the coordination,
55.17	development, assessment, and communication of information, performance measures,
55.18	planning, and policy concerning the state's future.
55.19	(b) The commissioner must develop a statewide system of economic, social, and
55.20	environmental performance measures. The commissioner must provide information to assist
55.21	public and elected officials with understanding the status of these performance measures.
55.22	(c) The commissioner may appoint one deputy with principal responsibility for planning,
55.23	strategy, and performance management.
55.24	Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.103, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
55.25	Subdivision 1. State revenue and expenditures. In February and November each year,
55.26	the commissioner shall prepare a forecast of state revenue and expenditures. The November
55.27	forecast must be delivered to the legislature and governor no later than the end of the first
55.28	week of December 6. The February forecast must be delivered to the legislature and governor
55.29	by the end of February. Forecasts must be delivered to the legislature and governor on the
55.30	same day. If requested by the Legislative Commission on Planning and Fiscal Policy,
55.31	delivery to the legislature must include a presentation to the commission.

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56.1	Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.103, subdivision 1b, as amended by Laws
56.2	2023, chapter 10, section 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. **Forecast variable.** In determining the rate of inflation, the application of inflation, the amount of state bonding as it affects debt service, the calculation of investment income, and the other variables to be included in the expenditure part of the forecast, the commissioner must consult with the chairs and lead minority members of the senate State Government Finance Committee and the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, and legislative fiscal staff. This consultation must occur at least three weeks before the forecast is to be released. No later than two weeks prior to the release of the forecast, the commissioner must inform the chairs and lead minority members of the senate State Government Finance Committee and the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, and legislative fiscal staff of any changes in these variables from the previous forecast.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.103, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1i. Budget close report. By October 15 of each odd-numbered year, the commissioner shall prepare a detailed fund balance analysis of the general fund for the previous biennium. The analysis shall include a comparison to the most recent publicly available fund balance analysis of the general fund. The commissioner shall provide this analysis to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee and the senate Finance Committee, and shall post the analysis on the agency's website.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.126, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Set rates.** The commissioner shall approve the rates an agency must pay to a revolving fund for services. Funds subject to this subdivision include, but are not limited to, the revolving funds established in sections 14.46; 14.53; 16B.2975, subdivision 4; 16B.48; 16B.54; 16B.58; 16B.85; 16E.14; 43A.55; and 176.591; and the fund established in section 43A.30; and the account established in section 16A.1286.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.1286, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Billing procedures.** The commissioner may bill up to \$10,000,000 in each fiscal year for statewide systems services provided to state agencies, judicial branch agencies,

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the University of Minnesota in the executive, legislative, and judicial branches, the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, and other entities. Each entity shall be billed based on that entity's usage of the statewide systems. Each agency shall transfer from agency operating appropriations to the statewide systems account the amount billed by the commissioner. Billing policies and procedures related to statewide systems services must be developed by the commissioner in consultation with the commissioners of management and budget and administration, the University of Minnesota, and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities. The commissioner shall develop billing policies and procedures.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Allotment and encumbrance. (a) A payment may not be made without prior obligation. An obligation may not be incurred against any fund, allotment, or appropriation unless the commissioner has certified a sufficient unencumbered balance or the accounting system shows sufficient allotment or encumbrance balance in the fund, allotment, or appropriation to meet it. The commissioner shall determine when the accounting system may be used to incur obligations without the commissioner's certification of a sufficient unencumbered balance. An expenditure or obligation authorized or incurred in violation of this chapter is invalid and ineligible for payment until made valid. A payment made in violation of this chapter is illegal. An employee authorizing or making the payment, or taking part in it, and a person receiving any part of the payment, are jointly and severally liable to the state for the amount paid or received. If an employee knowingly incurs an obligation or authorizes or makes an expenditure in violation of this chapter or takes part in the violation, the violation is just cause for the employee's removal by the appointing authority or by the governor if an appointing authority other than the governor fails to do so. In the latter case, the governor shall give notice of the violation and an opportunity to be heard on it to the employee and to the appointing authority. A claim presented against an appropriation without prior allotment or encumbrance may be made valid on investigation, review, and approval by the agency head in accordance with the commissioner's policy, if the services, materials, or supplies to be paid for were actually furnished in good faith without collusion and without intent to defraud. The commissioner may then pay the claim just as properly allotted and encumbered claims are paid.

(b) The commissioner may approve payment for materials and supplies in excess of the obligation amount when increases are authorized by section 16C.03, subdivision 3.

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(c) To minimize potential construction delay claims, an agency with a project funded
by a building appropriation may allow a consultant or contractor to proceed with
supplemental work within the limits of the appropriation before money is encumbered.
Under this circumstance, the agency may requisition funds and allow consultants or
contractors to expeditiously proceed with <u>services or a construction sequence</u> . While the
consultant or contractor is proceeding, the agency shall immediately act to encumber the
required funds.

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- Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.152, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Additional revenues; priority. (a) If on the basis of a forecast of general fund revenues and expenditures, the commissioner of management and budget determines that there will be a positive unrestricted budgetary general fund balance at the close of the biennium, the commissioner of management and budget must allocate money to the following accounts and purposes in priority order:
- 58.14 (1) the cash flow account established in subdivision 1 until that account reaches \$350,000,000;
- 58.16 (2) the budget reserve account established in subdivision 1a until that account reaches \$2,377,399,000 \$2,852,098,000;
 - (3) the amount necessary to increase the aid payment schedule for school district aids and credits payments in section 127A.45 to not more than 90 percent rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent without exceeding the amount available and with any remaining funds deposited in the budget reserve; and
 - (4) the amount necessary to restore all or a portion of the net aid reductions under section 127A.441 and to reduce the property tax revenue recognition shift under section 123B.75, subdivision 5, by the same amount;
 - (5) the amount necessary to increase the Minnesota 21st century fund by not more than the difference between \$5,000,000 and the sum of the amounts credited and canceled to it in the previous 12 months under Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 1, section 11, until the sum of all transfers under this section and all amounts credited or canceled under Laws 2020, chapter 71, article 1, section 11, equals \$20,000,000; and
 - (6) for a forecast in November only, the amount remaining after the transfer under clause (5) must be used to reduce the percentage of accelerated June liability sales tax payments required under section 289A.20, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), until the percentage equals zero, rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent. By March 15 following the November

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forecast, the commissioner must provide the commissioner of revenue with the percentage of accelerated June liability owed based on the reduction required by this clause. By April 15 each year, the commissioner of revenue must certify the percentage of June liability owed by vendors based on the reduction required by this clause.

- (b) The amounts necessary to meet the requirements of this section are appropriated from the general fund within two weeks after the forecast is released or, in the case of transfers under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), as necessary to meet the appropriations schedules otherwise established in statute.
- (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall certify the total dollar amount of the reductions under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), to the commissioner of education. The commissioner of education shall increase the aid payment percentage and reduce the property tax shift percentage by these amounts and apply those reductions to the current fiscal year and thereafter.
- Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.152, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Reduction.** (a) If the commissioner determines that probable receipts for the general fund will be less than anticipated, and that the amount available for the remainder of the biennium will be less than needed, the commissioner shall, with the approval of the governor, and after consulting the Legislative Advisory Commission, reduce the amount in the budget reserve account as needed to balance expenditures with revenue.
 - (b) An additional deficit shall, with the approval of the governor, and after consulting the Legislative Advisory Commission, be made up by reducing unexpended allotments of any prior appropriation or transfer. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the commissioner is empowered to defer or suspend prior statutorily created obligations which would prevent effecting such reductions.
 - (c) If the commissioner determines that probable receipts for any other fund, appropriation, or item will be less than anticipated, and that the amount available for the remainder of the term of the appropriation or for any allotment period will be less than needed, the commissioner shall notify the agency concerned and then reduce the amount allotted or to be allotted so as to prevent a deficit.
 - (d) In reducing allotments, the commissioner may consider other sources of revenue available to recipients of state appropriations and may apply allotment reductions based on all sources of revenue available.

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(e) In like manner, the commissioner shall reduce allotments to an agency by the amount
of any saving that can be made over previous spending plans through a reduction in prices
or other cause.

- (f) The commissioner is prohibited from reducing an allotment or appropriation made to the legislature.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 60. [16A.2845] APPROPRIATIONS TO OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR.

Except as provided in this section, section 16A.28 applies to appropriations made to the Office of the Governor. An unexpended balance not carried forward and remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the end of a biennium lapses and shall be returned to the fund from which it was appropriated. Balances may be carried forward into the next biennium and credited to special accounts to be used only as follows: (1) for nonrecurring expenditures on investments that enhance efficiency or improve effectiveness; (2) to pay expenses associated with the work of the office, including public outreach efforts and related activities; and (3) to pay severance costs of involuntary terminations. The approval of the commissioner of management and budget under section 16A.28, subdivision 2, does not apply to the Office of the Governor. An appropriation made to the Office of the Governor may be spent in either year of the biennium.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to appropriations made to the Office of the Governor for fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.632, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Standards.** (a) Article XI, section 5, clause (a), of the constitution states general obligation bonds may be issued to finance only the acquisition or betterment of state land, buildings, and improvements of a capital nature. In interpreting this and applying it to the purposes of the program contemplated in this section, the following standards are adopted for the disbursement of money from the capital asset preservation and replacement account:

(b) No An appropriation under this section may not be used to acquire new land, or buildings, or major new improvements will be acquired. These projects, including all capital expenditures required to permit their effective use for the intended purpose on completion, will be estimated and provided for individually through a direct appropriation for each project or to construct new buildings or additions.

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(c) An expenditure will be made from the account only when it is a capital expenditure on a capital asset previously owned by the state, within the meaning of accepted accounting principles as applied to public expenditures. The commissioner of administration will consult with the commissioner of management and budget to the extent necessary to ensure this and will furnish the commissioner of management and budget a list of projects to be financed from the account in order of their priority. The commissioner shall also furnish each revision of the list. The legislature assumes that many provisions for preservation and replacement of portions of existing capital assets will constitute betterments and capital improvements within the meaning of the constitution and capital expenditures under correct accounting principles, and will be financed more efficiently and economically under the program than by direct appropriations for specific projects. However, the purpose of the program is to accumulate data showing how additional costs may be saved by appropriating money from the general fund for preservation measures, the necessity of which is predictable over short periods.

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- (d) The commissioner of administration will furnish instructions to agencies to apply for funding of capital expenditures for preservation and replacement from the account, will review applications, will make initial allocations among types of eligible projects enumerated below, will determine priorities, and will allocate money in priority order until the available appropriation has been committed. An appropriation under this section may not be used to make minor emergency repairs.
- (e) Categories of projects considered likely to be most needed and appropriate for financing are the following:
- (1) unanticipated emergencies of all kinds, for which a relatively small amount should be initially reserved, replaced from money allocated to low-priority projects, if possible, as emergencies occur, and used for stabilization rather than replacement if the cost would exhaust the account and should be specially appropriated involving impacts to state-owned property;
- (2) <u>major projects to remove address</u> life safety <u>hazards, like for existing buildings and sites, including but not limited to security, replacement of mechanical and other building systems, building code violations, or structural defects, at costs not large enough to require major capital requests to the legislature;</u>
 - (3) elimination removal or containment of hazardous substances like asbestos or PCBs;

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(4) moderate cost replacement major projects to replace and repair of roofs, windows,
tuckpointing, and structural members necessary to preserve the exterior and interior of
existing buildings; and

- (5) up to ten percent of an appropriation awarded under this section may be used for design costs for projects eligible to be funded from this account in anticipation of future funding from the account.
- Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.97, is amended to read:

16A.97 TOBACCO BONDS.

- The commissioner may sell and issue debt under either or both of sections 16A.98 and section 16A.99, but the net proceeds of bonds issued and sold under those sections together that section must not exceed \$640,000,000 during fiscal years 2012 and 2013.
- 62.12 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.307, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Standards.** (a) Article XI, section 5, clause (a), of the constitution requires that state general obligation bonds be issued to finance only the acquisition or betterment of public land, buildings, and other public improvements of a capital nature. Money appropriated for asset preservation, whether from state bond proceeds or from other revenue, is subject to the following additional limitations:
 - (b) An appropriation for asset preservation may not be used to acquire new land nor to acquire or construct new buildings, or additions to buildings, or major new improvements.
 - (c) An appropriation for asset preservation may be used only for a capital expenditure on a capital asset previously owned by the state, within the meaning of generally accepted accounting principles as applied to public expenditures. The commissioner of administration will consult with the commissioner of management and budget to the extent necessary to ensure this and will furnish the commissioner of management and budget a list of projects to be financed from the account in order of their priority. The legislature assumes that many projects for preservation and replacement of portions of existing capital assets will constitute betterments and capital improvements within the meaning of the constitution and capital expenditures under generally accepted accounting principles, and will be financed more efficiently and economically under this section than by direct appropriations for specific projects.
- (d) Categories of projects considered likely to be most needed and appropriate for asset preservation appropriations are the following:

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53.1	(1) <u>major projects to remove address</u> life safety hazards, like <u>for existing buildings and</u>
53.2	sites, including but not limited to security, building code violations, or structural defects.
53.3	Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a project in this category may include an addition to an
3.4	existing building if it is a required component of the hazard removal abatement project;
53.5	(2) projects to eliminate or contain hazardous substances like asbestos or lead paint;
63.6	(3) major projects to address accessibility and building code violations; replace or repair
3.7	roofs, windows, tuckpointing, mechanical or, electrical, plumbing or other building systems,
3.8	utility infrastructure, and tunnels; make site renovations improvements necessary to support
53.9	building use; and repair structural components necessary to preserve the exterior and interior
53.10	of existing buildings; and
3.11	(4) major projects to renovate repair parking structures facilities and surface lots.
53.12	(e) Up to ten percent of an appropriation subject to this section may be used for design
53.13	costs for projects eligible to be funded under this section in anticipation of future asset
53.14	preservation appropriations.
3.15	Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
53.16	Subdivision 1. Alternative energy sources. Plans prepared by the commissioner for a
3.17	new building or for a renovation of 50 percent or more of an existing building or its energy
53.18	systems must include designs which use active and passive solar energy systems, earth
53.19	sheltered construction, and other alternative energy sources where feasible. (a) If the
53.20	incorporation of cost-effective energy efficiency measures into the design, materials, and
53.21	operations of a building or major building renovation subject to section 16B.325 is not
53.22	sufficient to meet Sustainable Building 2030 energy performance standards required under
53.23	section 216B.241, subdivision 9, cost-effective renewable energy sources or solar thermal
3.24	energy systems, or both, must be deployed to achieve those standards.
3.25	(b) The commissioners of administration and commerce shall review compliance of
53.26	building designs and plans subject to this section with Sustainable Building 2030 performance
53.27	standards developed under section 216B.241, subdivision 9, and shall make recommendations
53.28	to the legislature as necessary to ensure that those performance standards are met.
53.29	(c) For the purposes of this section:
53.30	(1) "energy efficiency" has the meaning given in section 216B.2402, subdivision 7;
53.31	(2) "renewable energy" has the meaning given in section 216B.2422, subdivision 1,
53.32	paragraph (c), and includes hydrogen generated from wind, solar, or hydroelectric; and

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64.1 (3) "solar thermal energy systems" has the meaning given to "qualifying solar thermal project" in section 216B.2411, subdivision 2, paragraph (e).

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.32, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

- Subd. 1a. Onsite energy generation from renewable sources. A state agency that prepares a predesign for a new building must consider meeting at least two percent of the energy needs of the building from renewable sources located on the building site. For purposes of this subdivision, "renewable sources" are limited to wind and the sun. The predesign must include an explicit cost and price analysis of complying with the two-percent requirement compared with the present and future costs of energy supplied by a public utility from a location away from the building site and the present and future costs of controlling carbon emissions. If the analysis concludes that the building should not meet at least two percent of its energy needs from renewable sources located on the building site, the analysis must provide explicit reasons why not. The building may not receive further state appropriations for design or construction unless at least two percent of its energy needs are designed to be met from renewable sources, unless the commissioner finds that the reasons given by the agency for not meeting the two-percent requirement were supported by evidence in the record. The total aggregate nameplate capacity of all renewable energy sources utilized to meet Sustainable Building 2030 standards in a state-owned building or facility, including any subscription to a community solar garden under section 216B.1641, may not exceed 120 percent of the average annual electric energy consumption of the state-owned building or facility.
- Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given them:
- (b) "Agency" has the meaning given in section 16B.01.
- 64.26 (c) "Architect" means an architect or landscape architect registered to practice under sections 326.02 to 326.15.
- (d) "Board" means the state Designer Selection Board.
- 64.29 (e) "Design-build" means the process of entering into and managing a single contract 64.30 between the commissioner and the design-builder in which the design-builder agrees to 64.31 both design and construct a project as specified in the contract at a guaranteed maximum 64.32 or a fixed price.

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- (f) "Design-builder" means a person who proposes to design and construct a project in accordance with the requirements of section 16C.33.
- (g) "Designer" means an architect or engineer, or a partnership, association, or corporation comprised primarily of architects or engineers or of both architects and engineers.
 - (h) "Engineer" means an engineer registered to practice under sections 326.02 to 326.15.
- 65.6 (i) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other legal entity.
 - (j) "Primary designer" means the designer who is to have primary design responsibility for a project, and does not include designers who are merely consulted by the user agency and do not have substantial design responsibility, or designers who will or may be employed or consulted by the primary designer.
 - (k) "Project" means an undertaking to construct, erect, or remodel a building by or for the state or an agency. Capital projects exempt from the requirements of this section include demolition or decommissioning of state assets; hazardous materials abatement; repair and replacement of utility infrastructure, parking lots, and parking structures; security upgrades; building systems replacement or repair, including alterations to building interiors needed to accommodate the systems; and other asset preservation work not involving remodeling of occupied space.
 - (1) "User agency" means the agency undertaking a specific project. For projects undertaken by the state of Minnesota, "user agency" means the Department of Administration or a state agency with an appropriate delegation to act on behalf of the Department of Administration.
 - Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.33, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Agencies must request designer.** (a) **Application.** Upon undertaking a project with an estimated cost greater than \$2,000,000 \$4,000,000 or a planning project with estimated fees greater than \$200,000 \$400,000, every user agency, except the Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board, shall submit a written request for a primary designer for its project to the commissioner, who shall forward the request to the board. The University of Minnesota and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities shall follow the process in subdivision 3a to select designers for their projects. The written request must include a description of the project, the estimated cost of completing the project, a description of any special requirements or unique features of the proposed project, and other information which will assist the board in carrying out its duties and responsibilities set forth in this section.

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- (b) Reactivated project. If a project for which a designer has been selected by the board becomes inactive, lapses, or changes as a result of project phasing, insufficient appropriations, or other reasons, the commissioner, the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, or the University of Minnesota may, if the project is reactivated, retain the same designer to complete the project.
- (c) Fee limit reached after designer selected. If a project initially estimated to be below the cost and planning fee limits of this subdivision has its cost or planning fees revised so that the limits are exceeded, the project must be referred to the board for designer selection even if a primary designer has already been selected. In this event, the board may, without conducting interviews, elect to retain the previously selected designer if it determines that the interests of the state are best served by that decision and shall notify the commissioner of its determination.
- Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.33, subdivision 3a, is amended to read: 66.13
 - Subd. 3a. Higher education projects. (a) When the University of Minnesota or the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities undertakes a project involving construction or major remodeling, as defined in section 16B.335, subdivision 1, with an estimated cost greater than \$2,000,000 \$4,000,000 or a planning project with estimated fees greater than \$200,000 \$400,000, the system shall submit a written request for a primary designer to the commissioner, as provided in subdivision 3.
 - (b) When the University of Minnesota or the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities undertakes a project involving renovation, repair, replacement, or rehabilitation, the system office may submit a written request for a primary designer to the commissioner as provided in subdivision 3.
 - (c) For projects at the University of Minnesota or the State Colleges and Universities, the board shall select at least two primary designers under subdivision 4 for recommendation to the Board of Regents or the Board of Trustees. Meeting records or written evaluations that document the final selection are public records. The Board of Regents or the Board of Trustees shall notify the commissioner of the designer selected from the recommendations.
- Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.33, is amended by adding a subdivision to 66.29 read: 66.30
- Subd. 6. Rate of inflation. No later than December 31 of every fifth year starting in 66.31 2025, the commissioner shall determine the percentage increase in the rate of inflation, as 66.32 measured by the Means Quarterly Construction Cost Index, during the four-year period 66.33

67.1	preceding that year. The thresholds in subdivisions 3, paragraph (a); and 3a, paragraph (a),
67.2	shall be increased by the percentage calculated by the commissioner to the nearest
67.3	ten-thousandth dollar.
67.4	Sec. 70. [16B.361] OFFICE OF COLLABORATION AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION.
67.5	Subdivision 1. Duties of the office. The commissioner of administration shall maintain
67.6	the Office of Collaboration and Dispute Resolution within the Department of Administration.
67.7	The office must:
67.8	(1) assist state agencies; offices of the executive, legislative, and judicial branches; Tribal
67.9	governments; and units of local government in improving collaboration, dispute resolution,
67.10	and public engagement;
67.11	(2) promote and utilize collaborative dispute resolution models and processes based on
67.12	documented best practices to foster trust, relationships, mutual understanding,
67.13	consensus-based resolutions, and wise and durable solutions, including but not limited to:
67.14	(i) using established criteria and procedures for identifying and assessing collaborative
67.15	dispute resolution projects;
67.16	(ii) designing collaborative dispute resolution processes;
67.17	(iii) preparing and training participants; and
67.18	(iv) facilitating meetings and group processes using collaborative techniques and
67.19	approaches;
67.20	(3) support collaboration and dispute resolution in the public and private sectors by
67.21	providing technical assistance and information on best practices and new developments in
67.22	dispute resolution fields;
67.23	(4) build capacity and educate the public and government entities on collaboration,
67.24	dispute resolution approaches, and public engagement;
67.25	(5) promote the broad use of community mediation in the state; and
67.26	(6) ensure that all areas of the state have access to services by providing grants to private
67.27	nonprofit entities certified by the state court administrator under chapter 494 that assist in
67.28	resolution of disputes.
67.29	Subd. 2. Awarding grants to assist in resolution of disputes. (a) The commissioner
67.30	shall, to the extent funds are appropriated for this purpose, make grants to private nonprofit
67.31	community mediation entities certified by the state court administrator under chapter 494

that assi	st in resolution of disputes under subdivision 1, clause (6). The commissioner shall
establish	a grant review committee to assist in the review of grant applications and the
allocatio	n of grants under this section.
<u>(b) T</u>	o be eligible for a grant under this section, a nonprofit organization must meet the
requiren	nents of section 494.05, subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), (4), and (5).
(c) A	nonprofit entity receiving a grant must agree to comply with guidelines adopted
by the st	ate court administrator under section 494.015, subdivision 1. Policies adopted under
sections	16B.97 and 16B.98 apply to grants under this section. The exclusions in section
494.03 a	pply to grants under this section.
(d) C	rantees must report data required under chapter 494 to evaluate quality and
outcome	<u>s.</u>
Subd	. 3. Accepting funds. The commissioner may apply for and receive money made
available	e from federal, state, or other sources for the purposes of carrying out the mission
of the Of	fice of Collaboration and Dispute Resolution. Funds received under this subdivision
Sec. 7	I. [16B.372] ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNMENT TIONS; OFFICE CREATED.
Sec. 7	. [16B.372] ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNMENT
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69.1	and boards that are not members of the cabinet shall take steps toward improving
69.2	sustainability outcomes. However, they are not required to participate at the level of
69.3	cabinet-level agencies.
69.4	Subd. 3. Local governments. The Office of Enterprise Sustainability shall make
69.5	reasonable attempts to share tools and best practices with local governments.
69.6	Sec. 72. [16B.373] OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE TRANSLATIONS.
69.7	Subdivision 1. Office establishment. (a) The commissioner shall establish an Office of
69.8	Enterprise Translations. The office must:
69.9	(1) provide translation services for written material for executive agencies;
69.10	(2) create and maintain language-specific landing webpages in Spanish, Hmong, and
69.11	Somali and other languages that may be determined by the commissioner, in consultation
69.12	with the state demographer, with links to translated materials at state agency websites; and
69.13	(3) serve as a resource to executive agencies in areas such as best practices and standards
69.14	for the translation of written materials.
69.15	(b) The commissioner shall determine the process and requirements for state agencies
69.16	to request translations of written materials.
69.17	Subd. 2. Language access service account established. The language access service
69.18	account is created in the special revenue fund for reimbursing state agencies for expenses
69.19	incurred in providing language translation services.
69.20	Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.4805, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
69.21	Subdivision 1. Definitions. "Reasonable accommodation" as used in this section has
69.22	the meaning given in section 363A.08. "State agency" as used in this section has the meaning
69.23	given in section 16A.011, subdivision 12. "Reasonable accommodations eligible for
69.24	reimbursement" means:
69.25	(1) reasonable accommodations provided to applicants for employment;
69.26	(2) reasonable accommodations for employees for services that will need to be provided
69.27	on a periodic or ongoing basis; or
69.28	(3) reasonable accommodations that involve onetime expenses that total more than
69.29	\$1,000 \$500 for an employee in a fiscal year.

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70.1	Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.58, is amended by adding a subdivision to
70.2	read:

Subd. 9. Electric vehicle charging. The commissioner may require that a user of a charging station located on the State Capitol complex used to charge an electric vehicle pay an electric service fee as determined by the commissioner.

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- Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.87, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Award and terms of loans.** (a) An agency shall apply for a loan on a form developed by the commissioner of administration that requires an applicant to submit the following information:
- 70.10 (1) a description of the proposed project, including existing equipment, structural elements, operating characteristics, and other conditions affecting energy use that the energy conservation improvements financed by the loan modify or replace;
- 70.13 (2) the total estimated project cost and the loan amount sought;
- 70.14 (3) a detailed project budget;
- 70.15 (4) projections of the proposed project's expected energy and monetary savings;
- 70.16 (5) information demonstrating the agency's ability to repay the loan;
- 70.17 (6) a description of the energy conservation programs offered by the utility providing
 70.18 service to the state building from which the applicant seeks additional funding for the project;
 70.19 and
- 70.20 (7) any additional information requested by the commissioner.
- 70.21 (b) The committee shall review applications for loans and shall award a loan based upon 70.22 criteria adopted by the committee. A loan made under this section must:
- 70.23 (1) be at or below the market rate of interest, including a zero interest loan; and
- 70.24 (2) have a term no longer than seven ten years.
- 70.25 (c) In making awards, the committee shall give preference to:
- 70.26 (1) applicants that have sought funding for the project through energy conservation 70.27 projects offered by the utility serving the state building that is the subject of the application; 70.28 and
- 70.29 (2) to the extent feasible, applications for state buildings located within the electric retail service area of the utility that is subject to section 116C.779.

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Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16C.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. Emergency acquisition. The solicitation process described in this chapter and chapter 16B is not required in emergencies. In emergencies, the commissioner may make or authorize any purchases necessary for the design, construction, repair, rehabilitation, and improvement of a state-owned publicly owned structure or may make or authorize an agency to do so and may purchase, or may authorize an agency to purchase, any goods, services, or utility services directly for immediate use. This provision applies to projects conducted by Minnesota State Colleges and Universities.
- Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16C.16, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 71.9
- Subd. 6. **Purchasing methods.** (a) The commissioner may award up to a six 12 percent 71.10 preference for specified goods or services to small targeted group businesses. 71.11
 - (b) The commissioner may award a contract for goods, services, or construction directly to a small business or small targeted group business without going through a competitive solicitation process up to a total contract award value, including extension options, of \$25,000 \$100,000.
 - (c) The commissioner may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to small businesses or small targeted group businesses if the commissioner determines that at least three small businesses or small targeted group businesses are likely to respond to a solicitation.
 - (d) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for professional or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to small businesses or small targeted group businesses. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified small businesses or small targeted group businesses are not reasonably available. The commissioner may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of small business or small targeted group business subcontractors and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are small businesses or small targeted group businesses.
- Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16C.16, subdivision 6a, is amended to read: 71.30
- Subd. 6a. Veteran-owned small businesses. (a) Except when mandated by the federal 71.31 government as a condition of receiving federal funds, the commissioner shall award up to 71.32

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a six 12 percent preference, but no less than the percentage awarded to any other group under this section, on state procurement to certified small businesses that are majority-owned and operated by veterans.

- (b) The commissioner may award a contract for goods, services, or construction directly to a veteran-owned small business without going through a competitive solicitation process up to a total contract award value, including extension options, of \$25,000 \$100,000.
- (c) The commissioner may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to a veteran-owned small business if the commissioner determines that at least three veteran-owned small businesses are likely to respond to a solicitation.
- (d) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for professional or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to a veteran-owned small business. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified veteran-owned small businesses are not reasonably available. The commissioner may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of veteran-owned small business subcontractors and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are veteran-owned small businesses.
- (e) The purpose of this designation is to facilitate the transition of veterans from military to civilian life, and to help compensate veterans for their sacrifices, including but not limited to their sacrifice of health and time, to the state and nation during their military service, as well as to enhance economic development within Minnesota.
- 72.24 (f) Before the commissioner certifies that a small business is majority-owned and operated 72.25 by a veteran, the commissioner of veterans affairs must verify that the owner of the small 72.26 business is a veteran, as defined in section 197.447.
- Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16C.16, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Economically disadvantaged areas.** (a) The commissioner may award up to a six 12 percent preference on state procurement to small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area.
- 72.31 (b) The commissioner may award a contract for goods, services, or construction directly
 72.32 to a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area without going through

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a competitive solicitation process up to a total contract award value, including extension options, of \$25,000 \$100,000.

- (c) The commissioner may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area if the commissioner determines that at least three small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area are likely to respond to a solicitation.
- (d) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for professional or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area are not reasonably available. The commissioner may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of subcontractors that are small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area.
- (e) A business is located in an economically disadvantaged area if:
- 73.19 (1) the owner resides in or the business is located in a county in which the median income for married couples is less than 70 percent of the state median income for married couples;
- 73.21 (2) the owner resides in or the business is located in an area designated a labor surplus 73.22 area by the United States Department of Labor; or
 - (3) the business is a certified rehabilitation facility or extended employment provider as described in chapter 268A.
 - (f) The commissioner may designate one or more areas designated as targeted neighborhoods under section 469.202 or as border city enterprise zones under section 469.166 as economically disadvantaged areas for purposes of this subdivision if the commissioner determines that this designation would further the purposes of this section. If the owner of a small business resides or is employed in a designated area, the small business is eligible for any preference provided under this subdivision.
- 73.31 (g) The Department of Revenue shall gather data necessary to make the determinations 73.32 required by paragraph (e), clause (1), and shall annually certify counties that qualify under 73.33 paragraph (e), clause (1). An area designated a labor surplus area retains that status for 120

- days after certified small businesses in the area are notified of the termination of the designation by the United States Department of Labor.
- Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16C.19, is amended to read:

16C.19 ELIGIBILITY; RULES.

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- (a) A small business wishing to participate in the programs under section 16C.16, subdivisions 4 to 7, must be certified by the commissioner or, if authorized by the commissioner, by a nationally recognized certifying organization. The commissioner may choose to authorize a nationally recognized certifying organization if the certification requirements are substantially the same as those adopted under the rules authorized in this section and the business meets the requirements in section 16C.16, subdivision 2.
- (b) The commissioner shall adopt by rule standards and procedures for certifying that small targeted group businesses, small businesses located in economically disadvantaged areas, and veteran-owned small businesses are eligible to participate under the requirements of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21. The commissioner shall adopt by rule standards and procedures for hearing appeals and grievances and other rules necessary to carry out the duties set forth in sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.
- 74.17 (b) (c) The commissioner may make rules which exclude or limit the participation of nonmanufacturing business, including third-party lessors, brokers, franchises, jobbers, manufacturers' representatives, and others from eligibility under sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.
- 74.20 (e) (d) The commissioner may make rules that set time limits and other eligibility limits 74.21 on business participation in programs under sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.
- 74.22 (d) (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for purposes of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21, a
 veteran-owned small business, the principal place of business of which is in Minnesota, is
 certified if:
- (1) it has been verified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as being either a veteran-owned small business or a service-disabled veteran-owned small business, in accordance with Public Law 109-461 and Code of Federal Regulations, title 38, part 74; or
- 74.29 (2) the veteran-owned small business supplies the commissioner with proof that the small business is majority-owned and operated by:
- 74.31 (i) a veteran as defined in section 197.447; or

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- (ii) a veteran with a service-connected disability, as determined at any time by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.
 - (e) (f) Until rules are adopted pursuant to paragraph (a) for the purpose of certifying veteran-owned small businesses, the provisions of Minnesota Rules, part 1230.1700, may be read to include veteran-owned small businesses. In addition to the documentation required in Minnesota Rules, part 1230.1700, the veteran owner must have been discharged under honorable conditions from active service, as indicated by the veteran owner's most current United States Department of Defense form DD-214.
 - (f) (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for purposes of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21, a minority- or woman-owned small business, the principal place of business of which is in Minnesota, is certified if it has been certified by the Minnesota unified certification program under the provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 26, and a Tribal-owned small business, the principal place of business of which is in Minnesota, is certified if it has been certified by the Small Business Administration (SBA) 8(a) program under the provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 124.
- (g) (h) The commissioner may adopt rules to implement the programs under section 75.16 16C.16, subdivisions 4 to 7, using the expedited rulemaking process in section 14.389. 75.17
- Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16C.251, is amended to read: 75.18
- 16C.251 BEST AND FINAL OFFER. 75.19
- A "best and final offer" solicitation process may not be used for building and construction 75.20 contracts awarded based on competitive bids. 75.21
- Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16C.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 75.22
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in sections 16C.32 to 16C.35, the following terms 75.23 have the meanings given them, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise: 75.24
- (1) "acceptance" means a formal resolution of the commissioner authorizing the execution 75.25 of a design-build, construction manager at risk, or job order contracting contract; 75.26
- 75.27 (2) "agency" means any state officer, employee, board, commission, authority, department, or other agency of the executive branch of state government. Unless specifically 75.28 indicated otherwise, as used in sections 16C.32 to 16C.35, agency also includes the Minnesota 75.29 State Colleges and Universities; 75.30

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	(3) "architect" means an	architect or landscape	architect registered	to practice under
5	sections 326.02 to 326.15;			

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- (4) "board" means the state Designer Selection Board, unless the estimated cost of the project is less than \$2,000,000 the amount specified in section 16B.33, subdivision 3, in which case the commissioner may act as the board;
- 76.6 (5) "Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board" means the board established to 76.7 govern the Capitol Area under chapter 15B;
 - (6) "commissioner" means the commissioner of administration or the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, whichever controls a project;
 - (7) "construction manager at risk" means a person who is selected by the commissioner to act as a construction manager to manage the construction process, which includes, but is not limited to, responsibility for the price, schedule, and workmanship of the construction performed in accordance with the procedures of section 16C.34;
 - (8) "construction manager at risk contract" means a contract for construction of a project between a construction manager at risk and the commissioner, which contract shall include a guaranteed maximum price, construction schedule, and workmanship of the construction performed;
 - (9) "design-build contract" means a contract between the commissioner and a design-builder to furnish the architectural, engineering, and related design services as well as the labor, materials, supplies, equipment, and construction services for a project;
- (10) "design and price-based proposal" means the proposal to be submitted by a design-builder in the design and price-based selection process, as described in section 16C.33, which proposal meets the requirements of section 16C.33, subdivision 7, paragraph (c), in such detail as required in the request for proposals;
- 76.25 (11) "design and price-based selection" means the selection of a design-builder as described in section 16C.33, subdivision 8;
- 76.27 (12) "design criteria package" means performance criteria prepared by a design criteria professional who shall be either an employee of the commissioner or shall be selected in compliance with section 16B.33, 16C.08, or 16C.087;
- 76.30 (13) "design criteria professional" means a person licensed under chapter 326, or a person who employs an individual or individuals licensed under chapter 326, required to design a project, and who is employed by or under contract to the commissioner to provide

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professional, architectural, or engineering services in connection with the preparation of 77.1 the design criteria package; 77.2

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- (14) "guaranteed maximum price" means the maximum amount that a design-builder, construction manager at risk, or subcontractor will be paid pursuant to a contract to perform a defined scope of work;
- (15) "guaranteed maximum price contract" means a contract under which a design-builder, construction manager, or subcontractor is paid on the basis of their actual cost to perform the work specified in the contract plus an amount for overhead and profit, the sum of which must not exceed the guaranteed maximum price set forth in the contract;
- (16) "job order contracting" means a project delivery method that requests a limited 77.10 number of bids from a list of qualified contractors, selected from a registry of qualified 77.11 contractors who have been prescreened and who have entered into master contracts with 77.12 the commissioner, as provided in section 16C.35; 77.13
- (17) "past performance" or "experience" does not include the exercise or assertion of a 77.14 person's legal rights; 77.15
- (18) "person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other 77.16 legal entity; 77.17
- (19) "project" means an undertaking to construct, alter, or enlarge a building, structure, 77.18 or other improvements, except highways and bridges, by or for the state or an agency; 77.19
- (20) "qualifications-based selection" means the selection of a design-builder as provided 77.20 in section 16C.33; 77.21
- (21) "request for qualifications" means the document or publication soliciting 77.22 qualifications for a design-build, construction manager at risk, or job order contracting 77.23 contract as provided in sections 16C.33 to 16C.35; 77.24
- (22) "request for proposals" means the document or publication soliciting proposals for 77.25 a design-build or construction manager at risk contract as provided in sections 16C.33 and 77.26 77.27 16C.34; and
- (23) "trade contract work" means the furnishing of labor, materials, or equipment by 77.28 contractors or vendors that are incorporated into the completed project or are major 77.29 components of the means of construction. Work performed by trade contractors involves 77.30 specific portions of the project, but not the entire project. 77.31

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Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16C.36, is amended to read:

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The commissioner of administration must make available under a master contract program a list of eligible contractors who can assist state agencies in using data analytics to:

- (1) accomplish agency reorganization along service rather than functional lines in order to provide more efficient and effective service; and
- (2) bring about internal reorganization of management functions in order to flatten the organizational structure by requiring that decisions are made closer to the service needed, eliminating redundancies, and optimizing the span of control ratios to public and private sector industry benchmarks.
- The commissioner of administration must report to the legislature by January 15, 2013, and January 15, 2014, on state agency use of eligible contractors under this section, and on improvements in efficiency and effectiveness, including the contract oversight process, of state services as a result of services provided by contractors.
- 78.15 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.04, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Reporting.** The commissioner shall issue a written report by February 1 and 78.16August 1 of each year to the chair of the Legislative Coordinating Commission. The report 78.17 must list the number of appointments made under each of the categories in section 43A.15, 78.18 78.19 the number made to the classified service other than under section 43A.15, and the number made under section 43A.08, subdivision 2a, during the six-month periods ending June 30 78.20 and December 31, respectively. The report must be posted online and must be accessible 78.21 under section 16E.03. The commissioner shall advertise these reports in multiple formats 78.22 to ensure broad dissemination. 78.23
 - Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **General.** (a) The commissioner shall perform the duties assigned to the commissioner by this section and sections 3.855, and 179A.01 to 179A.25 and this section.
 - (b) The commissioner shall be the state labor negotiator for purposes of negotiating and administering agreements with exclusive representatives of employees and shall perform any other duties delegated by the commissioner subject to the limitations in paragraph (c).
- 78.30 (c) The Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities may exercise 78.31 the powers under this section for employees included in the units provided in section

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179A.10, subdivision 2, clauses (9), (10), and (11) of section $179A.10$, subdivision 2, except
with respect to sections 43A.22 to 43A.31, which shall continue to be the responsibility of
the commissioner. The commissioner shall have the right to review and comment to the
Minnesota State Colleges and Universities on the board's final proposals prior to exchange
of final positions with the designated bargaining units as well as any requests for interest
arbitration. The legislature encourages the Board of Trustees, in coordination with the
commissioner of management and budget and the Board of Regents of the University of
Minnesota, to endeavor in collective bargaining negotiations to seek fiscal balance
recognizing the ability of the employer to fund the agreements or awards. When submitting
a proposed collective bargaining agreement to the Legislative Coordinating Commission
and the legislature under section 3.855, subdivision 2, the Board of Trustees must use
procedures and assumptions consistent with those used by the commissioner in calculating
the costs of the proposed contract. The Legislative Coordinating Commission must, when
considering a collective bargaining agreement or arbitration award submitted by the Board
of Trustees, evaluate market conditions affecting the employees in the bargaining unit,
equity with other bargaining units in the executive branch, and the ability of the trustees
and the state to fund the agreement or award.

- 79.18 Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 79.19 Subdivision 1. **Unclassified positions.** Unclassified positions are held by employees who are:
- 79.21 (1) chosen by election or appointed to fill an elective office;
- 79.22 (2) heads of agencies required by law to be appointed by the governor or other elective 79.23 officers, and the executive or administrative heads of departments, bureaus, divisions, and 79.24 institutions specifically established by law in the unclassified service;
 - (3) deputy and assistant agency heads and one confidential secretary in the agencies listed in subdivision 1a and in the Office of Strategic and Long-Range Planning;
- 79.27 (4) the confidential secretary to each of the elective officers of this state and, for the secretary of state and state auditor, an additional deputy, clerk, or employee;
- 79.29 (5) intermittent help employed by the commissioner of public safety to assist in the issuance of vehicle licenses;
- 79.31 (6) employees in the offices of the governor and of the lieutenant governor and one confidential employee for the governor in the Office of the Adjutant General;
 - (7) employees of the Washington, D.C., office of the state of Minnesota;

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(8) employees of the legislature and of legislative committees or commissions; provided
that employees of the Legislative Audit Commission, except for the legislative auditor, the
deputy legislative auditors, and their confidential secretaries, shall be employees in the
classified service;

- (9) presidents, vice-presidents, deans, other managers and professionals in academic and academic support programs, administrative or service faculty, teachers, research assistants, and student employees eligible under terms of the federal Economic Opportunity Act work study program in the Perpich Center for Arts Education and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, but not the custodial, clerical, or maintenance employees, or any professional or managerial employee performing duties in connection with the business administration of these institutions;
- (10) officers and enlisted persons in the National Guard;
- 80.13 (11) attorneys, legal assistants, and three confidential employees appointed by the attorney general or employed with the attorney general's authorization;
- (12) judges and all employees of the judicial branch, referees, receivers, jurors, and notaries public, except referees and adjusters employed by the Department of Labor and Industry;
 - (13) members of the State Patrol; provided that selection and appointment of State Patrol troopers must be made in accordance with applicable laws governing the classified service;
 - (14) examination monitors and intermittent training instructors employed by the Departments of Management and Budget and Commerce and by professional examining boards and intermittent staff employed by the technical colleges for the administration of practical skills tests and for the staging of instructional demonstrations;
- 80.24 (15) student workers;
- 80.25 (16) executive directors or executive secretaries appointed by and reporting to any policy-making board or commission established by statute;
- 80.27 (17) employees unclassified pursuant to other statutory authority;
- 80.28 (18) intermittent help employed by the commissioner of agriculture to perform duties relating to pesticides, fertilizer, and seed regulation;
- 80.30 (19) the administrators and the deputy administrators at the State Academies for the Books Deaf and the Blind; and
- 80.32 (20) chief executive officers in the Department of Human Services.

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Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Collective bargaining agreements. Except as provided in section 43A.01 and to the extent they are covered by a collective bargaining agreement, the compensation, terms and conditions of employment for all employees represented by an exclusive representative certified pursuant to chapter 179A shall be governed solely by the collective bargaining agreement executed by the parties and approved by the legislature.

- Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 137.0245, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Membership. The Regent Candidate Advisory Council shall consist of 24 members. Twelve members shall be appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on Rules and Administration majority leader of the senate. Twelve members shall be appointed by the speaker of the house. Each appointing authority must appoint one member who is a student enrolled in a degree program at the University of Minnesota at the time of appointment. No more than one-third of the members appointed by each appointing authority may be current or former legislators. No more than two-thirds of the members appointed by each appointing authority may belong to the same political party; however, political activity or affiliation is not required for the appointment of any member. Geographical representation must be taken into consideration when making appointments. Section 15.0575 shall govern the advisory council, except that:
- (1) the members shall be appointed to six-year terms with one-third appointed each 81.19 even-numbered year; and 81.20
- 81.21 (2) student members are appointed to two-year terms with two students appointed each even-numbered year. 81.22
- A member may not serve more than two full terms. 81.23
- 81.24 Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 137.0245, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 81.25
- 81.26 Subd. 6. **Public meetings.** Meetings of the council or subcommittees of the council must be open to the public and are subject to section 3.055. 81.27
- 81.28 Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 138.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Administration of federal act. The Department of Administration Minnesota 81.29 Historical Society is designated as the state agency to administer the provisions of the federal 81.30 act providing for the preservation of historical and archaeological data, United States Code, 81.31

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title 16 54, sections 469 to 469C section 312501, as amended, insofar as the provisions of the act provide for implementation by the state.

Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 138.665, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Mediation Consultation. The state, state departments, agencies, and political subdivisions, including the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota, have a responsibility to protect the physical features and historic character of properties designated in sections 138.662 and 138.664 or listed on the National Register of Historic Places created by Public Law 89-665. Before carrying out any undertaking that will affect designated or listed properties, or funding or licensing an undertaking by other parties, the state department or agency shall consult with the State Historic Preservation Office pursuant to the society's the State Historic Preservation Office's established procedures to determine appropriate treatments and to seek ways to avoid and mitigate any adverse effects on designated or listed properties. If the state department or agency and the State Historic Preservation Office agree in writing on a suitable course of action, the project may proceed. If the parties cannot agree, any one of the parties may request that the governor appoint and convene a mediation task force consisting of five members, two appointed by the governor, the chair of the State Review Board of the State Historic Preservation Office, the commissioner of administration or the commissioner's designee, and one member who is not an employee of the Minnesota Historical Society appointed by the director of the Minnesota Historical Society. The two appointees of the governor and the one of the director of the society shall be qualified by training or experience in one or more of the following disciplines: (1) history; (2) archaeology; and (3) architectural history. The mediation task force is not subject to the conditions of section 15.059. This subdivision does not apply to section 138.662, subdivision 24, and section 138.664, subdivisions 8 and 111.

Sec. 92. [138.705] CAPITOL BUILDING ELECTROLIER.

The Minnesota Historical Society must light the Capitol building electrolier during regular business hours on any days during which the legislature is convened in a regular or special session, and during special events, when requested jointly by the chief clerk of the house of representatives and the secretary of the senate. The historical society must coordinate with the chief clerk of the house of representatives and the secretary of the senate for the purpose of keeping the electrolier lit when either body of the legislature is expected to meet outside of regular business hours.

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Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 138.912, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- Subdivision 1. Establishment. The healthy eating, here at home program is established to provide incentives for low-income Minnesotans to use federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits for healthy purchases at Minnesota-based farmers' markets, mobile markets, and direct-farmer sales, including community-supported agriculture shares.
- Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 138.912, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 83.7
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section. 83.8
- 83.9 (b) "Healthy eating, here at home" means a program administered by the Minnesota Humanities Center to provide incentives for low-income Minnesotans to use SNAP benefits 83.10 83.11 for healthy purchases at Minnesota-based farmers' markets.
- (c) "Healthy purchases" means SNAP-eligible foods. 83.12
- 83.13 (d) "Minnesota-based farmers' market" means a physical market as defined in section 28A.151, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and also includes mobile markets and direct-farmer 83.14 83.15 sales, including through a community-supported agriculture model.
- (e) "Voucher" means a physical or electronic credit. 83.16
- 83.17 (f) "Eligible household" means an individual or family that is determined to be a recipient of SNAP. 83.18
- Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 145.951, is amended to read: 83.19

145.951 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN; STATEWIDE PROGRAM FOR FAMILIES.

The commissioner of health, in consultation with the commissioners of education; corrections; public safety; and human services, and with the directors director of the Office of Strategic and Long-Range Planning, the Council on Disability, and the councils and commission under sections 3.922, 3.9221, and 15.0145, may develop an implementation plan for the establishment of a statewide program to assist families in developing the full potential of their children. The program must be designed to strengthen the family, to reduce the risk of abuse to children, and to promote the long-term development of children in their home environments. The program must also be designed to use volunteers to provide support to parents, and to link parents with existing public health, education, and social services as appropriate.

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Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 155A.23, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Manager.** A "manager" is any person who is a cosmetologist, esthetician, advanced practice esthetician, hair technician, nail technician practitioner, or eyelash technician practitioner, and who has a manager license and provides any services under that license, as defined in subdivision 3.

- Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 155A.23, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
- Subd. 18. **Practitioner.** A "practitioner" is any person licensed as an operator or manager in the practice of cosmetology, esthiology, hair technology services, nail technology services, or eyelash technology services.
- Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 155A.23, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 21. Hair technician. A "hair technician" is any person who, for compensation,
 performs personal services for the cosmetic care of the hair on the scalp. Hair technician
 services include cutting the hair and the application of dyes, bleach, reactive chemicals,
 keratin, or other preparations to color or alter the structure of the hair. A person who only
 performs hairstyling as defined by subdivision 19, is not a hair technician.
- 84.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective on or after July 1, 2024.
- 84.18 Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 155A.27, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Licensing.** A person must hold an individual license to practice in the state as a cosmetologist, esthetician, hair technician, nail technician, eyelash technician, advanced practice esthetician, manager, or instructor.
- Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 155A.27, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5a. **Temporary military license.** The board shall establish temporary licenses for a cosmetologist, <u>hair technician</u>, nail technician, and esthetician in accordance with section 197.4552.
- Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 155A.27, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Nonresident licenses.** (a) A nonresident cosmetologist, <u>hair technician</u>, nail technician, or esthetician may be licensed in Minnesota if the individual has completed cosmetology school in a state or country with the same or greater school hour requirements, has an active license in that state or country, and has passed a board-approved theory and

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practice-based examination, the Minnesota-specific written operator examination for
cosmetologist, hair technician, nail technician, or esthetician. If a test is used to verify the
qualifications of trained cosmetologists, the test should be translated into the nonresident's
native language within the limits of available resources. Licenses shall not be issued under
this subdivision for managers or instructors.

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- (b) If an individual has less than the required number of school hours, the individual must have had a current active license in another state or country for at least three years and have passed a board-approved theory and practice-based examination, and the Minnesota-specific written operator examination for cosmetologist, hair technician, nail technician, or esthetician. If a test is used to verify the qualifications of trained cosmetologists, the test should be translated into the nonresident's native language within the limits of available resources. Licenses must not be issued under this subdivision for managers or instructors.
- 85.14 (c) Applicants claiming training and experience in a foreign country shall supply official
 85.15 English-language translations of all required documents from a board-approved source.

85.16 Sec. 102. [155A.2705] HAIR TECHNICIAN REQUIREMENTS AND TRAINING.

- Subdivision 1. Age requirement. An applicant for a hair technician license must be at least 17 years of age.
- 85.19 Subd. 2. Application. A complete application for a hair technician license must include
 85.20 the following:
- 85.21 (1) a completed application form;
- 85.22 (2) payment of the fees required by section 155A.25;
- 85.23 (3) passing test results achieved no more than one year before the submission of the application of the following board-approved tests for the license for a hair technician:
- 85.25 (i) the general theory test;
- 85.26 (ii) the written practical test; and
- 85.27 (iii) the test on Minnesota Laws and Rules related to providing hair technician services;
 85.28 and
- (4) proof of completion of training in the form of the original course completion certificate
 with the notarized signatures of the school manager or owner documenting the successful
 completion of the required training under subdivision 3. If the completed training is more

86.1	than five years old, a skills course certificate no more than one year old must also be
86.2	submitted.
86.3	Subd. 3. Training. Hair technician training must be completed at a Minnesota-licensed
86.4	cosmetology school. The training must consist of 900 hours of coursework and planned
86.5	clinical instruction and experience that includes:
86.6	(1) the first 300 hours of the hair technology course that includes:
86.7	(i) student orientation;
86.8	(ii) preclinical instruction in the theory of sciences, including:
86.9	(A) muscle and bone structure and function;
86.10	(B) properties of the hair and scalp;
86.11	(C) disorders and diseases of the hair and scalp;
86.12	(D) chemistry as related to hair technology; and
86.13	(E) electricity and light related to the practice of hair technology;
86.14	(iii) theory and preclinical instruction on client and service safety prior to students
86.15	offering services;
86.16	(iv) introductory service skills that are limited to the observation of an instructor
86.17	demonstration, student use of mannequins, or student-to-student application of basic services
86.18	related to hair technology;
86.19	(v) Minnesota statutes and rules pertaining to the regulation of hair technology;
86.20	(vi) health and safety instruction that includes:
86.21	(A) chemical safety;
86.22	(B) safety data sheets;
86.23	(C) personal protective equipment (PPE);
86.24	(D) hazardous substances; and
86.25	(E) laws and regulations related to health and public safety; and
86.26	(vii) infection control to protect the health and safety of the public and technician that
86.27	includes:
86.28	(A) disinfectants;
86.29	(B) disinfectant procedures;

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(D) single use items;

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- (E) storage of tools, implements, and linens; and
- (F) other implements and equipment used in salons and schools; 87.4
- (2) 300 hours in hair cutting and styling that includes hair and scalp analysis, cleaning, 87.5 scalp and hair conditioning, hair design and shaping, drying, arranging, curling, dressing, 87.6 87.7 waving, and nonchemical straightening; and
- (3) 300 hours in chemical hair services that includes hair and scalp analysis, dying, 87.8 87.9 bleaching, reactive chemicals, keratin, hair coloring, permanent straightening, permanent waving, predisposition and strand tests, safety precautions, chemical mixing, color 87.10 formulation, and the use of dye removers. 87.11
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.
- Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 155A.271, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 87.13
 - Subdivision 1. Continuing education requirements. (a) To qualify for license renewal under this chapter as an individual cosmetologist, hair technician, nail technician, esthetician, advanced practice esthetician, eyelash technician, or salon manager, the applicant must complete four hours of continuing education credits from a board-approved continuing education provider during the three years prior to the applicant's renewal date. One credit hour of the requirement must include instruction pertaining to state laws and rules governing the practice of cosmetology. Three credit hours must include instruction pertaining to health, safety, and infection control matters consistent with the United States Department of Labor's Occupational Safety and Health Administration standards applicable to the practice of cosmetology, or other applicable federal health, infection control, and safety standards, and must be regularly updated so as to incorporate newly developed standards and accepted professional best practices. Credit hours earned are valid for three years and may be applied simultaneously to all individual licenses held by a licensee under this chapter.
 - (b) Effective August 1, 2017, In addition to the hours of continuing education credits required under paragraph (a), to qualify for license renewal under this chapter as an individual cosmetologist, hair technician, nail technician, esthetician, advanced practice esthetician, or salon manager, the applicant must also complete a four credit hour continuing education course from a board-approved continuing education provider based on any of the following within the licensee's scope of practice:

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88.1	(1) product chemistry and chemical interaction;
88.2	(2) proper use and maintenance of machines and instruments;
88.3	(3) business management, professional ethics, and human relations; or
88.4	(4) techniques relevant to the type of license held.
88.5	Credits are valid for three years and must be completed with a board-approved provider of
88.6	continuing education during the three years prior to the applicant's renewal date and may
88.7	be applied simultaneously to other individual licenses held as applicable, except that credits
88.8	completed under this paragraph must not duplicate credits completed under paragraph (a).
88.9	(c) Paragraphs (a) and (b) do not apply to an instructor license, a school manager license,
88.10	or an inactive license.
88.11	Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 155A.29, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
88.12	Subdivision 1. Licensing. A person must not offer cosmetology services for compensation
88.13	unless the services are provided by a licensee in a licensed salon or as otherwise provided
88.14	in this section. Each salon must be licensed as a cosmetology salon, a nail salon, esthetician
88.15	salon, advanced practice esthetician salon, or eyelash extension salon. A salon may hold
88.16	more than one type of salon license.
88.17	Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 161.1419, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
88.18	Subd. 2. Members. (a) The commission shall be composed of 15 members of whom:
88.19	(1) one shall be appointed by the commissioner of transportation;
88.20	(2) one shall be appointed by the commissioner of natural resources;
88.21	(3) one shall be appointed by the director of Explore Minnesota Tourism;
88.22	(4) one shall be appointed by the commissioner of agriculture;
88.23	(5) one shall be appointed by the director of the Minnesota Historical Society;
88.24	(6) two shall be members of the senate to be appointed by the Committee on Committees;
88.25	(7) two shall be members of the house of representatives to be appointed by the speaker;
88.26	(8) one shall be the secretary appointed pursuant to subdivision 3; and
88.27	(9) five shall be citizen members appointed to staggered four-year terms by the
88.28	commission after receiving recommendations from five citizen committees established by

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the members appointed under clauses (1) to (8), with each citizen committee established

89.1	within and representing each of the following geographic segments along the Mississippi
89.2	River:
89.3	(i) Lake Itasca to but not including the city of Grand Rapids;
89.4	(ii) Grand Rapids to but not including the city of Brainerd;
89.5	(iii) Brainerd to but not including the city of Elk River;
89.6	(iv) Elk River to but not including the city of Hastings; and
89.7	(v) Hastings to the Iowa border.
89.8	Each citizen committee member shall be a resident of the geographic segment that the
89.9	committee and member represents.
89.10	(b) The members of the commission appointed in paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (8), shall
89.11	serve for a term expiring at the close of each regular session of the legislature and until their
89.12	successors are appointed.
89.13	(c) Successor members shall be appointed by the same appointing authorities. Members
89.14	may be reappointed. Any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority. The
89.15	commissioner of transportation, the commissioner of natural resources, and the director of
89.16	the Minnesota Historical Society shall be ex officio members, and shall be in addition to
89.17	the 15 members heretofore provided for. Immediately upon making the appointments to the
89.18	commission the appointing authorities shall so notify the Mississippi River Parkway
89.19	Commission, hereinafter called the National Commission, giving the names and addresses
89.20	of the members so appointed.
89.21	Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179A.03, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
89.22	Subd. 14. Public employee or employee. (a) "Public employee" or "employee" means
89.23	any person appointed or employed by a public employer except:
89.24	(1) elected public officials;
89.25	(2) election officers;
89.26	(3) commissioned or enlisted personnel of the Minnesota National Guard;
89.27	(4) emergency employees who are employed for emergency work caused by natural
89.28	disaster;

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or 35 percent of the normal work week in the employee's appropriate unit;

(5) part-time employees whose service does not exceed the lesser of 14 hours per week

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(6) employees whose positions are basically temporary or seasonal in character and: (i)
are not for more than 67 working days in any calendar year; or (ii) are not for more than
100 working days in any calendar year and the employees are under the age of 22, are
full-time students enrolled in a nonprofit or public educational institution prior to being
hired by the employer, and have indicated, either in an application for employment or by
being enrolled at an educational institution for the next academic year or term, an intention
to continue as students during or after their temporary employment;
(7) employees providing services for not more than two consecutive quarters to the

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- (7) employees providing services for not more than two consecutive quarters to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities under the terms of a professional or technical services contract as defined in section 16C.08, subdivision 1;
- (8) employees of charitable hospitals as defined by section 179.35, subdivision 3, except that employees of charitable hospitals as defined by section 179.35, subdivision 3, are public employees for purposes of sections 179A.051, 179A.052, and 179A.13;
- (9) full-time undergraduate students employed by the school which they attend under a work-study program or in connection with the receipt of financial aid, irrespective of number of hours of service per week;
- 90.17 (10) an individual who is employed for less than 300 hours in a fiscal year as an instructor 90.18 in an adult vocational education program;
- 90.19 (11) an individual hired by the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and
 90.20 Universities to teach one course for three or fewer credits for one semester in a year;
- 90.21 $\frac{(12)}{(11)}$ with respect to court employees:
- 90.22 (i) personal secretaries to judges;
- 90.23 (ii) law clerks;
- 90.24 (iii) managerial employees;
- 90.25 (iv) confidential employees; and
- 90.26 (v) supervisory employees;
- 90.27 (13) (12) with respect to employees of Hennepin Healthcare System, Inc., managerial, supervisory, and confidential employees.
- 90.29 (b) The following individuals are public employees regardless of the exclusions of paragraph (a), clauses (5) and (6) to (7):

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(1) an employee hired by a school district or the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota
State Colleges and Universities except at the university established in the Twin Cities
metropolitan area under section 136F.10 or for community services or community education
instruction offered on a noncredit basis: (i) to replace an absent teacher or faculty member
who is a public employee, where the replacement employee is employed more than 30
working days as a replacement for that teacher or faculty member; or (ii) to take a teaching
position created due to increased enrollment, curriculum expansion, courses which are a
part of the curriculum whether offered annually or not, or other appropriate reasons;

- (2) an employee hired for a position under paragraph (a), clause (6), item (i), if that same position has already been filled under paragraph (a), clause (6), item (i), in the same calendar year and the cumulative number of days worked in that same position by all employees exceeds 67 calendar days in that year. For the purpose of this paragraph, "same position" includes a substantially equivalent position if it is not the same position solely due to a change in the classification or title of the position; and
 - (3) an early childhood family education teacher employed by a school district-; and
- (4) an individual hired by the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities as the instructor of record to teach (i) one class for more than three credits in a fiscal year, or (ii) two or more credit-bearing classes in a fiscal year.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179A.22, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 91.20
 - Subd. 4. Agreements. The commissioner of management and budget is authorized to enter into agreements with exclusive representatives as provided in section 43A.06, subdivisions 1, paragraph (b), and 3. The Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities is authorized to enter into agreements with exclusive representatives as provided in section 43A.06, subdivision 1, paragraph (c). The negotiated agreements and any related arbitration decision decisions must be submitted to the legislature to be accepted or rejected in accordance with this section and section 3.855 implemented by the commissioner of management and budget or the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities respectively, following the approval of the tentative agreement by exclusive representatives.

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Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 307.08, is amended to read:

307.08 DAMAGES; ILLEGAL MOLESTATION OF HUMAN REMAINS; BURIALS; CEMETERIES; PENALTY; AUTHENTICATION ASSESSMENT.

- Subdivision 1. Legislative intent; scope. It is a declaration and statement of legislative intent that all human burials, human remains, and human burial grounds shall be accorded equal treatment and respect for human dignity without reference to their ethnic origins, cultural backgrounds, or religious affiliations. The provisions of this section shall apply to all human burials, human remains, or human burial grounds found on or in all public or private lands or waters in Minnesota. Within the boundaries of Tribal Nation reservations, nothing in this section should be interpreted to conflict with federal law, including the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), United States Code, title 25, section 3001 et seq., and its implementing regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, title 43, part 10.
- Subd. 2. Felony; gross misdemeanor. (a) A person who intentionally, willfully, and or 92.14 knowingly does any of the following is guilty of a felony: 92.15
- (1) destroys, mutilates, or injures human burials or, human burial grounds, or associated 92.16 grave goods; or 92.17
- (2) without the consent of the appropriate authority, disturbs human burial grounds or 92.18 removes human remains or associated grave goods. 92.19
- (b) A person who, without the consent of the appropriate authority and the landowner, 92.20 intentionally, willfully, and or knowingly does any of the following is guilty of a gross 92.21 misdemeanor: 92.22
- (1) removes any tombstone, monument, or structure placed in any public or private 92.23 cemetery or authenticated assessed human burial ground; or 92.24
- (2) removes any fence, railing, natural stone, or other work erected for protection or 92.25 92.26 ornament, or any tree, shrub, or plant or grave goods and artifacts within the limits of a public or private cemetery or authenticated assessed human burial ground; or 92.27
- 92.28 (3) discharges any firearms upon or over the grounds of any public or private cemetery 92.29 or authenticated assessed burial ground.
- (c) A person who intentionally, willfully, or knowingly fails to comply with any other 92.30 provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor. 92.31

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Subd. 3. **Protective posting.** Upon the agreement of the appropriate authority and the landowner, an authenticated or recorded human burial ground may be posted for protective purposes every 75 feet around its perimeter with signs listing the activities prohibited by subdivision 2 and the penalty for violation of it. Posting is at the discretion of the Indian affairs council in the case of American Indian burials or at the discretion of the state archaeologist in the case of non-Indian non-American Indian burials. This subdivision does not require posting of a burial ground. The size, description, location, and information on the signs used for protective posting must be approved by the appropriate authority and the landowner.

Subd. 3a. Authentication Cemeteries; records and condition assessments. The state archaeologist shall authenticate all burial grounds for purposes of this section. The state archaeologist may retain the services of a qualified professional archaeologist, a qualified physical anthropologist, or other appropriate experts for the purpose of gathering information that the state archaeologist can use to authenticate or identify burial grounds. If probable Indian burial grounds are to be disturbed or probable Indian remains analyzed, the Indian Affairs Council must approve the professional archaeologist, qualified anthropologist, or other appropriate expert. Authentication is at the discretion of the state archaeologist based on the needs identified in this section or upon request by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority. (a) Cemeteries shall be assessed according to this subdivision.

- (b) The state archaeologist shall implement and maintain a system of records identifying the location of known, recorded, or suspected cemeteries. The state archaeologist shall provide access to the records as provided in subdivision 11.
- (c) The cemetery condition assessment of non-American Indian cemeteries is at the discretion of the state archaeologist based on the needs identified in this section or upon request by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority.
- (d) The cemetery condition assessment of American Indian cemeteries is at the discretion of the Indian Affairs Council based on the needs identified in this section or upon request by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority. If the Indian Affairs Council has possession or takes custody of remains they may follow United States Code, title 25, sections 3001 to 3013.
- (e) The cemetery condition assessment of cemeteries that include American Indian and non-American Indian remains or include remains whose ancestry cannot be determined shall be assessed at the discretion of the state archaeologist in collaboration with the Indian

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Affairs Council based on the needs identified in this section or upon request by an agency, a landowner, or other appropriate authority.

- (f) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council shall have 90 days from the date a request is received to begin a cemetery condition assessment or provide notice to the requester whether or not a condition assessment of a cemetery is needed.
- (g) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council may retain the services of a qualified professional archaeologist, a qualified forensic anthropologist, or other appropriate experts for the purpose of gathering information that the state archaeologist or the Indian Affairs Council can use to assess or identify cemeteries.
- Subd. 5. Cost; use of data. The cost of authentication condition assessment, recording, surveying, and marking burial grounds and the cost of identification, analysis, rescue, and reburial of human remains on public lands or waters shall be the responsibility of the state or political subdivision controlling the lands or waters. On private lands or waters these costs shall may be borne by the state, but may be borne by or the landowner upon mutual agreement with the state. The state archaeologist must make the data collected for this activity available using standards adopted by the Department of Information Technology Services and geospatial technology standards and guidelines published by the Minnesota Geospatial Information Office. Costs associated with this data delivery must be borne by the state.
- Subd. 7. **Remains found outside of recorded cemeteries.** (a) All unidentified human remains or burials found outside of recorded cemeteries or unplatted graves or burials found within recorded cemeteries and in contexts which indicate antiquity greater than 50 years shall be treated with the utmost respect for all human dignity and dealt with according to the provisions of this section.
- (b) If such burials are not <u>American Indian</u> or their ethnic identity cannot be ascertained, as determined by the state archaeologist, they shall be dealt with in accordance with provisions established by the state archaeologist and other appropriate authority.
- (c) If such burials are American Indian, as determined by the state archaeologist and Indian Affairs Council, efforts shall be made by the state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council to ascertain their tribal identity. If their probable tribal identity can be determined and the remains have been removed from their original context, such remains shall be turned over to contemporary tribal leaders for disposition. If tribal identity cannot be determined, the Indian remains must be dealt with in accordance with provisions established by the state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council if they are from public land. If removed Indian

95.1	remains are from private land they shall be dealt with in accordance with provisions
95.2	established by the Indian Affairs Council. If it is deemed desirable by the state archaeologist
95.3	or the Indian Affairs Council, removed remains shall be studied in a timely and respectful
95.4	manner by a qualified professional archaeologist or a qualified physical anthropologist
95.5	before being delivered to tribal leaders or before being reburied to follow procedures as
95.6	defined in United States Code, title 25, section 3001 et seq., and its implementing regulations,
95.7	Code of Federal Regulations, title 43, part 10, within reservation boundaries. For burials
95.8	outside of reservation boundaries, the procedures defined in United States Code, title 25,
95.9	section 3001 et seq., and its implementing regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, title
95.10	43, part 10, are at the discretion of the Indian Affairs Council.
95.11	Subd. 7a. Landowner responsibilities. Application by a landowner for permission to
95.12	develop or disturb nonburial areas within authenticated assessed or recorded burial grounds
95.13	shall be made to:
95.14	(1) the state archaeologist and other appropriate authority in the case of non-Indian
95.15	non-American Indian burials; and to
95.16	(2) the Indian Affairs Council and other appropriate authority in the case of American
95.17	Indian burials.
95.18	(b) Landowners with authenticated assessed or suspected human burial grounds on their
95.19	property are obligated to inform prospective buyers of the burial ground.
95.20	Subd. 8. Burial ground relocation. No non-Indian non-American Indian burial ground
95.21	may be relocated without the consent of the appropriate authority. No American Indian
95.22	burial ground may be relocated unless the request to relocate is approved by the Indian
95.23	Affairs Council. When a burial ground is located on public lands or waters, any burial
95.24	relocations must be duly licensed under section 138.36 and the cost of removal is the
95.25	responsibility of and shall be paid by the state or political subdivision controlling the lands
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95.27	or waters. If burial grounds are authenticated assessed on private lands, efforts may be made
	or waters. If burial grounds are <u>authenticated</u> <u>assessed</u> on private lands, efforts may be made by the state to purchase and protect them instead of removing them to another location.
95.28	
95.28 95.29	by the state to purchase and protect them instead of removing them to another location.
	by the state to purchase and protect them instead of removing them to another location. Subd. 9. Interagency cooperation. (a) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs
95.29	by the state to purchase and protect them instead of removing them to another location. Subd. 9. Interagency cooperation. (a) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council shall enter into a memorandum of understanding to coordinate their responsibilities
95.29 95.30	by the state to purchase and protect them instead of removing them to another location. Subd. 9. Interagency cooperation. (a) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council shall enter into a memorandum of understanding to coordinate their responsibilities under this section.
95.29 95.30 95.31	by the state to purchase and protect them instead of removing them to another location. Subd. 9. Interagency cooperation. (a) The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs Council shall enter into a memorandum of understanding to coordinate their responsibilities under this section. (b) The Department of Natural Resources, the Department of Transportation, and all

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Subd. 10. Construction and development plan review. When human burials are known
or suspected to exist, on public lands or waters, the state or political subdivision controlling
the lands or waters or, in the case of private lands, the landowner or developer, shall submit
construction and development plans to the state archaeologist for review prior to the time
bids are advertised before plans are finalized and prior to any disturbance within the burial
area. If the known or suspected burials are thought to be <u>American</u> Indian, plans shall also
be submitted to the Indian Affairs Council. The state archaeologist and the Indian Affairs
Council shall review the plans within 30 45 days of receipt and make recommendations for
the preservation in place or removal of the human burials or remains, which may be
endangered by construction or development activities.

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- Subd. 11. **Burial sites data.** (a) Burial sites locational and related data maintained by data under the authority of the Office of the State Archaeologist and accessible through the office's "Unplatted Burial Sites and Earthworks in Minnesota" website or Indian Affairs

 Council are security information for purposes of section 13.37. Persons who gain access to the data maintained on the site this data are subject to liability under section 13.08 and the penalty established by section 13.09 if they improperly use or further disseminate the data.

 Use of this information must be approved by the appropriate authority.
- Subd. 12. **Right of entry.** The state archaeologist <u>or designee</u> may enter on property for the purpose of <u>authenticating assessing</u> burial sites. <u>The Indian Affairs Council or a designated representative of the Indian Affairs Council may enter on property for the purpose of assessing or identifying American Indian cemeteries. Only after obtaining permission from the property owner or lessee, descendants of persons buried in burial grounds covered by this section may enter the burial grounds for the purpose of conducting religious or commemorative ceremonies. This right of entry must not unreasonably burden property owners or unnecessarily restrict their use of the property.</u>
- 96.26 Subd. 13. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
 - (a) "Abandoned cemetery" means a cemetery where the cemetery association has disbanded or the cemetery is neglected and contains marked graves older than 50 years.
 - (b) "Appropriate authority" means:
- 96.31 (1) the trustees when the trustees have been legally defined to administer burial grounds;
- 96.32 (2) the Indian Affairs Council in the case of <u>American Indian burial grounds lacking</u>
 96.33 trustees;

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(3) the county board in the case of abandoned cemeteries under section 306.243; and

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- 97.2 (4) the state archaeologist in the case of non-Indian non-American Indian burial grounds
 97.3 lacking trustees or not officially defined as abandoned.
- 97.4 (c) "Artifacts" means natural or artificial articles, objects, implements, or other items of 97.5 archaeological interest.
 - (d) "Authenticate" "Assess" means to establish the presence of or high potential of human burials or human skeletal remains being located in a discrete area, delimit the boundaries of human burial grounds or graves, and attempt to determine the ethnic, cultural, or religious affiliation of individuals interred.
- 97.10 (e) "Burial" means the organic remnants of the human body that were intentionally 97.11 interred as part of a mortuary process.
- 97.12 (f) "Burial ground" means a discrete location that is known to contain or has high potential 97.13 to contain human remains based on physical evidence, historical records, or reliable informant 97.14 accounts.
- 97.15 (g) "Cemetery" means a discrete location that is known to contain or intended to be used 97.16 for the interment of human remains.
- 97.17 (h) "Disturb" means any activity that significantly harms the physical integrity or setting of a human burial or human burial ground.
 - (i) "Grave goods" means objects or artifacts directly associated with human burials or human burial grounds that were placed as part of a mortuary ritual at the time of interment.
 - (j) "Human remains" means the ealeified portion of the human body of a deceased person in whole or in part, regardless of the state of decomposition, not including isolated teeth, or cremated remains deposited in a container or discrete feature.
 - (k) "Identification" means to analyze organic materials to attempt to determine if they represent human remains and to attempt to establish the ethnic, cultural, or religious affiliations of such remains.
- 97.27 (l) "Marked" means a burial that has a recognizable tombstone or obvious grave marker 97.28 in place or a legible sign identifying an area as a burial ground or cemetery.
- 97.29 (m) "Qualified physical anthropologist" means a specialist in identifying human remains 97.30 who holds an advanced degree in anthropology or a closely related field.

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(n) "Qualified professional archaeologist" means an archaeologist who meets the United
States Secretary of the Interior's professional qualification standards in Code of Federal
Regulations, title 36, part 61, appendix A, or subsequent revisions.

- (o) "Recorded cemetery" means a cemetery that has a surveyed plat filed in a county recorder's office.
- (p) "State" or "the state" means the state of Minnesota or an agency or official of the state acting in an official capacity.
- (q) "Trustees" means the recognized representatives of the original incorporators, board 98.8 of directors, or cemetery association. 98.9
- (r) "Person" means a natural person or a business and includes both if the natural person 98.10 is engaged in a business. 98.11
- (s) "Business" means a contractor, subcontractor, supplier, consultant, or provider of 98.12 technical, administrative, or physical services organized as a sole proprietorship, partnership, 98.13 association, corporation, or other entity formed for the purpose of doing business for profit. 98.14
- 98.15 Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 349A.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Director. A State Lottery is established under the supervision and control 98.16 of a director. The director of the State Lottery shall be appointed by the governor with the 98.17 advice and consent of the senate. The director serves in the unclassified service at the 98.18 pleasure of the governor. The annual salary rate authorized for the director is equal to 95 98.19 percent of the salary rate prescribed for the governor established through the process 98.20 described under section 15A.0815. 98.21
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Any 98.22 recommendations made by the Compensation Council in 2023 determine salaries for fiscal 98.23 years 2024 and 2025. 98.24
- Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 381.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 98.25
- Subd. 2. Expense, tax levy. The county board of any county may levy a tax upon all 98.26 the taxable property in the county for the purpose of defraying the expense incurred, or to 98.27 be incurred, less any amount received from the public system monument grant program 98.28 under section 381.125, for: 98.29
- (1) the preservation and restoration of monuments under this section; 98.30
- (2) the preservation or establishment of control monuments for mapping activities; 98.31

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99.1	(3) the modernization of county land records through the use of parcel-based land	ıd
99.2	management systems; or	

(4) the establishment of geographic (GIS), land (LIS), management (MIS) information systems.

Sec. 111. [381.125] PUBLIC LAND SURVEY SYSTEM MONUMENT GRANT PROGRAM.

- Subdivision 1. Grant program. The chief geospatial information officer, through the Geospatial Advisory Council established under section 16E.30, subdivision 8, shall work with the stakeholders licensed as land surveyors under section 326.02, to develop a process for accepting applications from counties for funding for the perpetuation of monuments established by the United States in the public lands survey to mark public land survey corners, as provided in section 381.12, subdivision 2, clause (1). Grants may also be used to update records and data regarding monuments. The chief geospatial information officer must establish criteria for prioritizing applicants when resources available for grants are not sufficient to award grants to all applicants. The criteria must favor providing grants to counties that demonstrate financial need for assistance.
- Subd. 2. Report. By October 1, in each odd-numbered year, the chief geospatial 99.17 information officer must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the 99.18 committees in the senate and the house of representatives with jurisdiction over state 99.19 99.20 government and local government. The report must include the following:
 - (1) a summary of the chief geospatial information officer activities regarding administration of this grant program for the previous fiscal year, including the amount of money requested and disbursed by county;
- (2) an assessment of the progress toward completion of necessary monument restoration 99.24 99.25 and certification by county; and
- (3) a forecast of the amount needed to complete monument recertification in all counties. 99.26
- Subd. 3. Nonstate match. No nonstate match is required for grants made under this 99.27 99.28 program.
- Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 383B.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 99.29
- Subd. 2. Unclassified service. (a) The unclassified service comprises: 99.30
- (1) officers chosen by election or appointment to fill an elective office; 99.31

- HF1830 FOURTH ENGROSSMENT **REVISOR** SGS H1830-4 (2) members of boards and commissions appointed by the county board; 100.1 (3) physicians, medical residents, interns, and students in training; 100.2 (4) nonsalaried attending medical staff; 100.3 (5) special sheriff's deputies serving without pay; 100.4 (6) seasonal, temporary, provisional, intermittent, and emergency positions; 100.5 (7) positions funded by specific governmental or nongovernmental grants of intermittent 100.6 or limited funding duration; 100.7 (8) the director or principal administrative officer of a department appointed pursuant 100.8 to sections 383B.101 to 383B.103; or appointed by the county board; or appointed for a 100.9 term pursuant to law; 100.10 (9) chief deputy or principal assistant and secretary for each elected official; 100.11 (10) examiner of titles and deputy examiners; 100.12 (11) chief eriminal public safety services deputy sheriff, a chief eivil adult detention and 100.13 court services deputy sheriff, a chief administrative deputy sheriff, and a chief financial 100.14 services community relations deputy sheriff, and a chief investigations deputy sheriff; 100.15 (12) public defender; 100.16 (13) county medical examiner; 100.17 (14) office staff appointed by the county administrator pursuant to sections 383B.101 100.18 to 383B.103; and 100.19 (15) county administrator. 100.20 (b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of other law, any person coming within 100.21 paragraph (a), clause (8), who, on August 1, 2000, is in the classified service, remains in 100.22 the classified service until vacating the position. After that, an appointee to a position 100.23 described in paragraph (a), clause (8), is in the unclassified service. 100.24
- Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.22, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

 Subd. 10. **Audits.** All of the books and records of the agency shall be subject to audit
 by the legislative auditor in the manner prescribed for other agencies of state government.

 The agency is authorized also to employ and to contract in its resolutions and indentures
 for the employment of public accountants for the audit of books and records pertaining to

any fund or funds. The legislative auditor shall review contracts with public accountants as 101.1 provided in section 3.972. 101.2

Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 507.0945, is amended to read: 101.3

507.0945 ADMINISTRATION.

- (a) An Electronic Real Estate Recording Commission administered by the Legislative 101.5 101.6 Coordinating Commission is created to evaluate and must then may adopt standards to implement sections 507.0941 to 507.0948. 101.7
- (b) The Electronic Real Estate Recording Commission shall consist of the following: 101.8
- (1) three members appointed by the Minnesota Association of County Officials who are 101.9 county employees, including one from within the seven-county metropolitan area, one from 101.10 outside the seven-county metropolitan area, and at least one of whom is a county recorder 101.11 101.12 and at least one of whom is a registrar of titles;
- (2) one member appointed by the Minnesota Land Title Association; 101.13
- (3) one member who represents the Minnesota Bankers Association; 101.14
- (4) one member who represents the Section of Real Property Law of the Minnesota State 101.15 101.16 Bar Association;
- (5) one nonvoting member who is appointed by the other members of the commission 101.17 and an expert in the technological aspects of electronic real estate recording; and
- (6) one member who is the state archivist appointed pursuant to section 138.17. 101.19
- (c) Members of the Electronic Real Estate Recording Commission shall serve four-year 101.20 terms, except that (1) the initial appointments of county employees shall be for two years 101.21 and (2) the expert in the technological aspects of electronic real estate recording shall serve 101.22 at the pleasure of a majority of the other members of the commission. All initial terms shall 101.23 commence on July 1, 2008. Members shall serve until their successors are appointed. Any 101.24 member may be reappointed for successive terms. 101.25
- (d) The state archivist shall call the first meeting of the Electronic Real Estate Recording 101.26 Commission. At the first meeting and biennially thereafter, the commission shall elect from 101.27 its membership a chair and vice-chair to serve two-year terms. Meetings may be called by 101.28 the chair or the vice-chair or the director of the Legislative Coordinating Commission. 101.29
- Meetings shall be held as often as necessary, but at least once a year.

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- (e) A majority of the voting members of the Electronic Real Estate Recording

 Commission constitutes a quorum to do business, and a majority of a quorum may act in
 any matter within the jurisdiction of the commission.
- (f) As soon as practicable and as needed thereafter, the Electronic Real Estate Recording 102.4 Commission shall identify the information technology and any other expertise it requires 102.5 and report its needs to the Legislative Coordinating Commission. The Electronic Real Estate 102.6 Recording Commission also shall report any other expertise it needs to fulfill its 102.7 102.8 responsibilities. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall provide support services, including meeting space, as needed for the Electronic Real Estate Recording Commission 102.9 to carry out its duties in an effective manner committees of the house of representatives and 102.10 the senate that have jurisdiction. 102.11
- Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 645.44, subdivision 5, as amended by Laws 2023, chapter 5, section 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Holiday. (a) "Holiday" includes New Year's Day, January 1; Martin Luther 102.14 King's Birthday, the third Monday in January; Washington's and Lincoln's Birthday, the 102.15 third Monday in February; Memorial Day, the last Monday in May; Juneteenth, June 19; Independence Day, July 4; Labor Day, the first Monday in September; Christopher Columbus 102.17 Indigenous Peoples Day, the second Monday in October; Veterans Day, November 11; 102.18 102.19 Thanksgiving Day, the fourth Thursday in November; and Christmas Day, December 25; provided, when New Year's Day, January 1; or Juneteenth, June 19; or Independence Day, 102.20 July 4; or Veterans Day, November 11; or Christmas Day, December 25; falls on Sunday, 102.21 the following day shall be a holiday and, provided, when New Year's Day, January 1; or 102.22 Juneteenth, June 19; or Independence Day, July 4; or Veterans Day, November 11; or Christmas Day, December 25; falls on Saturday, the preceding day shall be a holiday. No 102.24 public business shall be transacted on any holiday, except in cases of necessity and except 102.25 in cases of public business transacted by the legislature, nor shall any civil process be served 102.26 thereon. However, for the executive branch of the state of Minnesota, "holiday" also includes 102.27 the Friday after Thanksgiving but does not include Christopher Columbus Indigenous 102.28 Peoples Day. Other branches of state government and political subdivisions shall have the 102.29 option of determining whether Christopher Columbus Indigenous Peoples Day and the 102.30 102.31 Friday after Thanksgiving shall be holidays. Where it is determined that Columbus Day Indigenous Peoples Day or the Friday after Thanksgiving is not a holiday, public business 102.32 may be conducted thereon. 102.33

103.1	(b) Any agreement between a public employer and an employee organization citing
103.2	Veterans Day as the fourth Monday in October shall be amended to cite Veterans Day as
103.3	November 11.
103.4	(c) Any agreement between a public employer and an employee organization citing
103.5	"Christopher Columbus Day" or "Columbus Day" shall be amended to cite "Indigenous
103.6	Peoples Day."
103.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
103.8	Sec. 116. Laws 2023, chapter 5, section 1, is amended by adding an effective date to read:
103.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
103.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
103.11	Sec. 117. Laws 2023, chapter 5, section 2, is amended by adding an effective date to read:
103.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
103.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
103.14	Sec. 118. STATE EMBLEMS REDESIGN COMMISSION.
103.15	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The State Emblems Redesign Commission is established.
103.16	The purpose of the commission is to develop and adopt a new design for the official state
103.17	flag and the official state seal no later than January 1, 2024.
103.18	Subd. 2. Membership; meetings. (a) The commission consists of the following members:
103.19	(1) three members of the public, appointed by the governor;
103.20	(2) one member appointed by the Council for Minnesotans of African Heritage;
103.21	(3) one member appointed by the Minnesota Council on Latino Affairs;
103.22	(4) one member appointed by the Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans;
103.23	(5) one member representing the Dakota community and one member representing the
103.24	Ojibwe community, appointed by the executive board of the Indian Affairs Council;
103.25	(6) the secretary of state or the secretary's designee;
103.26	(7) the executive director of the Minnesota Historical Society or the director's designee;
103.27	(8) the chair of the Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board or the chair's designee;
103 28	(9) the chair of the Minnesota Arts Board or the chair's designee; and

104.1	(10) the executive director of Explore Minnesota Tourism or the director's designee.
104.2	(b) The following serve as ex officio, nonvoting members of the commission: (1) two
104.3	members of the house of representatives, one each appointed by the speaker of the house
104.4	and the minority leader of the house; and (2) two members of the senate, one representing
104.5	the majority caucus appointed by the senate majority leader and one representing the minority
104.6	caucus appointed by the senate minority leader.
104.7	(c) Appointments to the commission must be made no later than August 1, 2023. The
104.8	voting members of the commission shall elect a chair and vice-chair. An appointee designated
104.9	by the governor shall convene the commission's first meeting. Decisions of the commission
104.10	must be made by majority vote. The Minnesota Historical Society must provide office space
104.11	and administrative support to the commission.
104.12	Subd. 3. Meetings. Meetings of the commission are subject to Minnesota Statutes,
104.13	chapter 13D.
104.14	Subd. 4. Duties; form and style of recommended state emblems. The commission
104.15	shall develop and adopt a new design for the official state seal and a new design for the
104.16	official state flag. The designs must accurately and respectfully reflect Minnesota's shared
104.17	history, resources, and diverse cultural communities. Symbols, emblems, or likenesses that
104.18	represent only a single community or person, regardless of whether real or stylized, may
104.19	not be included in a design. The commission may solicit and secure the voluntary service
104.20	and aid of vexillologists and other persons who have either technical or artistic skill in flag
104.21	construction and design, or the design of official seals, to assist in the work. The commission
104.22	must also solicit public feedback and suggestions to inform its work.
104.23	Subd. 5. Report. The commission shall certify its adopted designs in a report to the
104.24	legislature and governor no later than January 1, 2024. The commission's report must
104.25	describe the symbols and other meanings incorporated in the design.
104.26	Subd. 6. Expiration. The commission expires upon submission of its report.
104.27	Sec. 119. WORKING GROUP ON YOUTH INTERVENTIONS.
104.28	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The working group on youth interventions is established
104.29	to develop recommendations on the design of a regional system of care for youth
104.30	interventions, sustainable financing models, and alternatives to criminal penalties. The

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working group must evaluate coordinated approaches to youth with high behavioral health

needs with the goal of reducing and eliminating touchpoints with the justice system as well

105.1	as identifying community-based services to address youth needs and identifying gaps in
105.2	services.
105.3	Subd. 2. Membership. (a) The working group consists of the following members:
105.4	(1) a county attorney appointed by the Minnesota County Attorneys Association;
105.5	(2) a public defender with responsibility for systems in one or more of the counties
105.6	included in clause (4), appointed by the State Public Defender's Office;
105.7	(3) a peace officer, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84, subdivision 1,
105.8	paragraph (c), federally recognized Indian Tribes within the boundaries of Minnesota, from
105.9	one of the counties included in clause (4), appointed by the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association;
105.10	(4) a county administrator or their designee from each of the following counties:
105.11	(i) Anoka County;
105.12	(ii) Carver County;
105.13	(iii) Dakota County;
105.14	(iv) Hennepin County;
105.15	(v) Olmsted County;
105.16	(vi) Ramsey County;
105.17	(vii) Scott County;
105.18	(viii) St. Louis County;
105.19	(ix) Stearns County; and
105.20	(x) Washington County;
105.21	(5) two representatives of county social services agencies appointed by the Minnesota
105.22	Association of County Social Service Administrators;
105.23	(6) two representatives of community supervision appointed by the Minnesota Association
105.24	of Community Corrections Act Counties;
105.25	(7) two representatives of community supervision appointed by the Minnesota Association
105.26	of County Probation Officers;
105.27	(8) two representatives appointed by the commissioner of human services, one with
105.28	experience in child welfare and one with experience in children's mental health;
105.29	(9) the commissioner of corrections, or a designee;

106.1	(10) two members representing culturally competent advocacy organizations, one of
106.2	which must be the National Alliance on Mental Illness-Minnesota; and
106.3	(11) two members, to be designated by Hennepin County and Ramsey County, from the
106.4	community with lived experience of a juvenile family member who was or is currently
106.5	involved in the justice system, one of whom must be a resident of Hennepin County.
106.6	(b) Appointments to the working group must be made by September 1, 2023.
106.7	(c) Member compensation and reimbursement for expenses are governed by Minnesota
106.8	Statutes, section 15.059, subdivision 3.
106.9	(d) None of the members can be a current legislator.
106.10	Subd. 3. Chairs; meetings. (a) The working group shall be cochaired by the
106.11	representative member under subdivision 2, clause (4), from Hennepin County and the
106.12	commissioner of corrections or a designee.
106.13	(b) The cochairs shall convene the first meeting of the working group no later than
106.14	September 15, 2023.
106.15	(c) Task force meetings are subject to the Minnesota Open Meeting Law under Minnesota
106.16	Statutes, chapter 13D.
106.17	Subd. 4. Administrative support. The Legislative Coordinating Commission must
106.18	provide administrative support and meeting space for the working group. The commission
106.19	may also choose to delegate this authority to Hennepin County.
106.20	Subd. 5. Duties. (a) The working group shall assess the current approach to addressing
106.21	the therapeutic and rehabilitative needs of youth adjudicated to be either children in need
106.22	of protection services or delinquent. The working group shall evaluate racial disparities as
106.23	part of the working group duties under this subdivision.
106.24	(b) The working group shall also:
106.25	(1) provide the number of youth currently in these systems;
106.26	(2) provide the demographics of all youth including age, gender, sexual orientation, and
106.27	race or ethnicity;
106.28	(3) provide the number of youth currently in out-of-home placement due to their
106.29	behavioral health needs broken down by:
106.30	(i) therapeutic and rehabilitative needs of youth; and
106.31	(ii) proximity of a facility to their home or community;

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107.1	(4) provide the number of youth currently in an out-of-state residential facility broken
107.2	down by:
107.3	(i) therapeutic and rehabilitative needs;
107.4	(ii) type of facility or setting;
107.5	(iii) location of facility; and
107.6	(iv) county of residence;
107.7	(5) provide the number of youth awaiting or in need of placement due to no available
107.8	resource broken down by:
107.9	(i) therapeutic and rehabilitative needs;
107.10	(ii) type of facility or setting needed; and
107.11	(iii) wait time and wait setting;
107.12	(6) provide the total bed capacity by treatment facility broken down by:
107.13	(i) residential treatment centers;
107.14	(ii) which facilities are state operated;
107.15	(iii) which facilities are county operated; and
107.16	(iv) which facilities are owned or operated by a community provider;
107.17	(7) for children who can access residential treatment, provide the:
107.18	(i) average length of stay;
107.19	(ii) average daily cost per type of placement, and delineate by payor source;
107.20	(iii) return or recidivism rate;
107.21	(iv) therapeutic and rehabilitative needs;
107.22	(v) discharge setting, including whether that is a home, step down program, or runaway;
107.23	and
107.24	(vi) barriers, if any, to discharge;
107.25	(8) describe community-based programming, various treatment models, how programs
107.26	operate, and the types of these services currently being provided in the state, including
107.27	licensure model, and provide data specific to current total capacity and availability, level
107.28	of care, outcomes, and costs;

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108.1	(9) provide research models and best practices across North America, including
108.2	continuum of care, program specifics, best metrics, continuous improvement, entities
108.3	involved in funding and oversight, outcomes, and costs; and
108.4	(10) describe the role the state of Minnesota should play in ensuring best practice
108.5	resources are available to all children across the state.
108.6	Subd. 6. Report. No later than February 15, 2024, the working group must submit a
108.7	written report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and
108.8	divisions with jurisdiction over human services, public safety, and judiciary on the working
108.9	group's activities and recommendations based on the evaluation and information collected
108.10	under subdivision 5.
108.11	Subd. 7. Expiration. The working group shall expire upon submission of the report
108.12	required under subdivision 6, or February 29, 2024, whichever is later.
108.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023.
108.14	Sec. 120. <u>LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON AGING.</u>
108.15	Subdivision 1. Establishment. A legislative task force is established to:
108.16	(1) review and develop state resources for an aging demographic;
108.17	(2) identify and prioritize necessary support for an aging population through statewide
108.18	and local endeavors for people to remain in their communities; and
108.19	(3) ensure all aging-related state policies are inclusive of race, gender, ethnicity, culture
108.20	sexual orientation, abilities, and other characteristics that reflect the full population of the
108.21	state.
108.22	Subd. 2. Duties. The task force shall review:
108.23	(1) all current aging-related governmental functions, programs, and services across all
108.24	state departments;
108.25	(2) the current plans to improve health and support services workforce demographics;
108.26	(3) current public and private strategies to:
108.27	(i) support family caregivers for older adults;
108.28	(ii) define and support quality of care and life improvements in long-term care and home
108.29	care; and
108.30	(iii) sustain neighborhoods and communities for an aging population;

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109.1	(4) the necessity for planning and investment in aging in Minnesota to address:
109.2	(i) the longevity economy and the impact it has on the workforce, advancing technology,
109.3	and innovations;
109.4	(ii) housing options, land use, transportation, social services, and the health systems;
109.5	(iii) availability of safe, affordable rental housing for aging tenants; and
109.6	(iv) coordination between health services and housing supports;
109.7	(5) coordination across all state agencies, Tribal Nations, cities, and counties to encourage
109.8	resolution of aging related concerns; and
109.9	(6) from this review, determine the governmental entity to plan, lead, and implement
109.10	these recommended policies and funding for aging Minnesotans across the state.
109.11	Subd. 3. Membership. (a) The task force shall include the following members:
109.12	(1) two members from the house of representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the
109.13	house and one appointed by the minority leader;
109.14	(2) two members from the senate, one appointed by the majority leader and one appointed
109.15	by the minority leader;
109.16	(3) the chair of the Minnesota Board on Aging, or a board member as designee;
109.17	(4) the chair of the Minnesota Council on Disability, or an agency employee as designee;
109.18	(5) the chair of the Minnesota Indian Affairs Council, or a council member, except the
109.19	legislative council member, as designee; and
109.20	(6) the director of the University of Minnesota Center for Healthy Aging and Innovation,
109.21	or a University of Minnesota employee as a designee.
109.22	(b) The speaker of the house and the senate majority leader shall appoint a chair and a
109.23	vice-chair for the membership of the task force. The chair and the vice-chair shall rotate
109.24	after each meeting.
109.25	Subd. 4. Meetings. (a) The task force shall meet at least once per month. The meetings
109.26	shall take place in person in the Capitol complex, provided that the chair may direct that a
109.27	meeting be conducted electronically if doing so would facilitate public testimony or would
109.28	protect the health or safety of members of the task force.
109.29	(b) The task force shall invite input from the public, the leadership of advocacy groups,
109.30	and provider organizations.

110.1	(c) The chair designated by the speaker of the house shall convene the first meeting of
110.2	the task force no later than August 1, 2023.
110.3	Subd. 5. Expenses; per diem. Members serving on the task force shall receive the
110.4	following per diem:
110.5	(1) the Board on Aging task force member who is a volunteer citizen member shall
110.6	receive the per diem listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 15.059, subdivision 3;
110.7	(2) the Council on Disability task force member shall not receive a per diem;
110.8	(3) the Indian Affairs Council task force member who is a citizen member shall receive
110.9	the per diem listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 15.059, subdivision 3;
110.10	(4) the University of Minnesota task force member shall not receive a per diem; and
110.11	(5) legislative members of the task force shall not receive a per diem.
110.12	Subd. 6. Report. The task force shall submit a report with recommendations to the chairs
110.13	and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health
110.14	and human services finance and policy and state government by January 15, 2025.
110.15	Subd. 7. Expiration. The task force expires January 31, 2025.
110.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023, or when the legislative
110.17	leaders required to make appointments to the task force name appointees beginning the day
110.18	after final enactment.
110.19	Sec. 121. INFRASTRUCTURE RESILIENCE ADVISORY TASK FORCE.
110.20	Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "task force" means the
110.21	Infrastructure Resilience Advisory Task Force established in this section.
110.22	Subd. 2. Establishment. The Infrastructure Resilience Advisory Task Force is established
110.23	to evaluate issues related to coordination, sustainability, resiliency, and federal funding on
110.24	state, local, and private infrastructure in the state.
110.25	Subd. 3. Membership. (a) The task force consists of the following members:
110.26	(1) two members of the senate, with one appointed by the senate majority leader and
110.27	one appointed by the senate minority leader;
110.28	(2) two members of the house of representatives, with one appointed by the speaker of
110.29	the house and one appointed by the house minority leader;

111.1	(4) the commissioner of agriculture;
111.2	(5) the commissioner of commerce;
111.3	(6) the commissioner of employment and economic development;
111.4	(7) the commissioner of health;
111.5	(8) the commissioner of management and budget;
111.6	(9) the commissioner of natural resources;
111.7	(10) the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency;
111.8	(11) the commissioner of transportation;
111.9	(12) two members appointed by the governor;
111.10	(13) one representative from a federally recognized Tribal government, appointed by
111.11	the governor;
111.12	(14) one member appointed by the Association of Minnesota Counties;
111.13	(15) one member appointed by the League of Minnesota Cities;
111.14	(16) one member appointed by the Minnesota Association of Townships;
111.15	(17) one member appointed by the Minnesota chapter of the American Public Works
111.16	Association;
111.17	(18) one member appointed by the Associated General Contractors of Minnesota;
111.18	(19) one member appointed by each public utility that owns a nuclear-powered electric
111.19	generating plant in this state; and
111.20	(20) one member appointed by the Minnesota Municipal Utilities Association.
111.21	(b) At its first meeting, the task force must elect a chair or cochairs by a majority vote
111.22	of those members present and may elect a vice-chair as necessary.
111.23	Subd. 4. Appointments. (a) The appointing authorities under subdivision 3 must make
111.24	the appointments by July 31, 2023.
111.25	(b) A commissioner under subdivision 3 may appoint a designee who is an employee
111.26	of the respective agency.
111.27	(c) An appointing authority under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (12) to (20), may
111.28	only appoint an individual who has expertise and experience in asset management, financial
111.29	management and procurement, or state and local infrastructure, whether from the public or

112.1	private sector. Expertise and experience may include but is not limited to the following
112.2	areas:
112.3	(1) asset management planning, design, construction, management, and operations and
112.4	maintenance;
112.5	(2) infrastructure for agriculture, communications, drinking water, energy, health, natural
112.6	resources, public utilities, stormwater, transportation, or wastewater; and
112.7	(3) asset management planning across jurisdictions and infrastructure sectors.
112.8	Subd. 5. Duties. At a minimum, the task force must:
112.9	(1) develop objectives and strategies to:
112.10	(i) provide for effective and efficient management of state, local, and private
112.11	infrastructure;
112.12	(ii) enhance sustainability and resiliency of infrastructure throughout the state;
112.13	(iii) respond to and mitigate the effects of adverse weather events across the state,
112.14	including natural disasters, droughts, and floods; and
112.15	(iv) provide for equitable treatment in areas of persistent poverty and historically
112.16	disadvantaged communities;
112.17	(2) identify approaches to enhance infrastructure coordination across jurisdictions,
112.18	agencies, state and local government, and public and private sectors, including in planning,
112.19	design, engineering, construction, maintenance, and operations;
112.20	(3) identify methods to maximize federal formula and discretionary funds provided to
112.21	recipients in the state for infrastructure purposes;
112.22	(4) evaluate options for organizational design of state agencies to meet the purposes
112.23	under clauses (1) to (3), including consideration of:
112.24	(i) options for establishment of a board, council, office, or other agency; and
112.25	(ii) models in other states; and
112.26	(5) develop findings and recommendations related to the duties specified in this
112.27	subdivision.
112.28	Subd. 6. Meetings. (a) The commissioner of transportation must convene the first meeting
112 29	of the task force no later than October 1, 2023.

113.1	(b) The task force must establish a schedule for meetings and meet as necessary to
113.2	accomplish the duties under subdivision 5.
113.3	(c) The task force is subject to the Minnesota Open Meeting Law under Minnesota
113.4	Statutes, chapter 13D.
113.5	Subd. 7. Administration. (a) The Legislative Coordinating Commission must provide
113.6	administrative support to the task force and must assist in creation of the report under
113.7	subdivision 8.
113.8	(b) Upon request of the task force, a commissioner under subdivision 3 must provide
113.9	information and technical support.
113.10	(c) Members of the task force serve without compensation.
113.11	Subd. 8. Report required. By February 1, 2024, the task force must submit a report to
113.12	the governor and the legislative committees with jurisdiction over climate, economic
113.13	development, energy, infrastructure, natural resources, and transportation. At a minimum,
113.14	the report must:
113.15	(1) summarize the activities of the task force;
113.16	(2) provide findings and recommendations adopted by the task force; and
113.17	(3) include any draft legislation to implement the recommendations.
113.18	Subd. 9. Expiration. The task force expires June 30, 2024.
113.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
113.20	Sec. 122. FORD BUILDING SITE REDEVELOPMENT; MIXED-USE
113.21	DEVELOPMENT REQUIRED.
113.22	Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the commissioner of administration may not
113.23	prepare or approve building construction plans for redevelopment of the Ford Building or
113.24	the Ford Building property site unless the plans are for mixed-use development and identify
113.25	ground-level space for locally owned businesses.
113.26	Sec. 123. CAPITOL BARBER.
113.27	The commissioner of administration must provide suitable space in the Capitol complex
113.28	for operations of the Capitol Barber.

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114.1	Sec. 124.	<u>CAPITOL MALL DESIGN FRAMEWORK.</u>

- (a) An update to the Capitol Mall Design Framework must include:
- 114.3 (1) plans to integrate green space campuswide, including but not limited to the addition 114.4 of green space on the following sites at the approximate sizes indicated:
- (i) the southwest corner of Rice Street and University Avenue, with a minimum size of 20,700 square feet;
- (ii) the northeast corner of Rice Street and University Avenue, with a minimum size of 32,000 square feet; and
- (iii) the north side of the State Capitol building adjacent to University Avenue;
- (2) plans for visual markers and welcome information for the Capitol campus at one or more corners of Rice Street and University Avenue, anchoring a pathway to the State Capitol building and Capitol Mall that features interpretive markers honoring the importance and stature of the Capitol campus as both a historic site and as a modern, active public gathering space for all Minnesotans; and
- (3) plans to plant trees throughout the Capitol campus, prioritizing the creation of a mature tree canopy to provide an area of shade for users of the Capitol Mall between or adjacent to the State Capitol building and Martin Luther King, Jr. Boulevard.
- (b) The Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board must contract with one or more professional design consultants with expertise on horticulture, landscape architecture, civic space design, infrastructure assessment, and operations and maintenance planning to develop the framework updates. The board must additionally consult with the commissioners of administration and public safety and the senate majority leader and the speaker of the house or their designees before any proposed framework update is approved. The board must approve the updated design framework no later than March 1, 2024.
- 114.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

114.26 Sec. 125. AGENCY HEAD SALARY REBASING.

- The commissioner of management and budget must rebase the salary of each agency
 head equal to the across-the-board increases not applied to agency head compensation since
 rates were last determined, to be effective July 1, 2023.
- 114.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

115.1	Sec.	126.	COMPENSATION	COUNCIL
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The salary recommendations for constitutional officers submitted to the legislature by
the Compensation Council on March 31, 2023, are adopted.

115.4 Sec. 127. **DEADLINE FOR CERTIFICATION OF APPROPRIATION AMOUNTS**

115.5 FOR LEGISLATURE FOR FISCAL YEARS 2026 AND 2027.

Notwithstanding the effective date of Minnesota Statutes, section 3.1985, the house of representatives and senate must each certify to the commissioner of management and budget the anticipated amount to be appropriated under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.1985, for fiscal years 2026 and 2027 no later than January 15, 2025, and must certify the actual amount to be appropriated for fiscal years 2026 and 2027 no later than June 30, 2025.

Sec. 128. INITIAL APPOINTMENTS; COUNCIL ON LGBTQIA2S+

115.12 **MINNESOTANS.**

115.11

The governor and legislature must make initial appointments to the Council on
LGBTQIA2S+ Minnesotans under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.0147, no later than August
115.15 1, 2023. The commissioner of administration must convene the first meeting of the council
115.16 no later than September 15, 2023.

115.17 Sec. 129. OFFICE OF SMALL AGENCIES; STUDY.

Subdivision 1. **Study; requirements.** The commissioner of administration must review 115.18 115.19 the unique issues faced by small agencies other than departments of the state as defined in section 15.01. These include boards, commissions, councils, task forces, and authorities. 115.20 The study will assess whether the current support model provides adequate support for the 115.21 agencies as well as their volunteer board members. The study will also examine how other 115.22 states support their small agencies and provide recommendations on how to most effectively 115.23 support these small agencies in their delivery of important functions of government. 115.24 115.25 Subd. 2. Report. By February 1, 2024, the commissioner of administration must submit

Subd. 2. Report. By February 1, 2024, the commissioner of administration must submit the findings and recommendations of the study to the governor and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over state government.

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Sec. 130. PREPARATORY WORK ON EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATION	AND
COLLECTIVE BARGAINING FOR LEGISLATIVE EMPLOYEES.	

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Subdivision 1. Legislative employee collective bargaining report. The executive director of the Legislative Coordinating Commission must request that the National 116.4 116.5 Conference of State Legislatures prepare a report on the status of employee collective bargaining rights in state legislatures. The requested report must identify existing legislatures 116.6 that engage in collective bargaining with their employees and, as applicable, the 116.7 116.8 organizational structure and procedures adopted to accommodate employee bargaining within those legislative workplaces, including any structures or procedures that balance the 116.9 rights of employees to bargain against the constitutional duty of a legislature to conduct 116.10 necessary business, and any structures or procedures to accommodate the distinction between 116.11 employees assigned to nonpartisan duties and employees assigned to duties within a political 116.12 party caucus. The executive director must request that the report be prepared no later than 116.13 August 1, 2024, and, to the extent practicable, reflect the status of collective bargaining 116.14 rights as of that date. 116.15

- Subd. 2. Consultant. The executive director of the Legislative Coordinating Commission 116.16 shall contract with an external consultant to: 116.17
- (1) examine issues related to collective bargaining for employees of the house of 116.18 representatives, the senate, and legislative offices; and 116.19
- (2) develop recommendations for best practices and options for the legislature to consider 116.20 in implementing and administering collective bargaining for employees of the house of 116.21 representatives, the senate, and legislative offices. 116.22
- 116.23 Subd. 3. **Information gathering.** The consultant must gather input on these issues from 116.24 employees of the senate, house of representatives, and the joint offices of the legislature. The consultant must, at a minimum, conduct a survey of all employees on these matters and 116.25 conduct interviews with representative samplings of employees in each type of position in 116.26 each legislative body and joint legislative offices, heads of nonpartisan legislative offices, 116.27 116.28 the executive director of the Legislative Coordinating Commission, the chief clerk of the house of representatives, the secretary of the senate, and the human resources directors of 116.29 the house of representatives and the senate. 116.30
- Subd. 4. Report. The contract with the consultant must require that the consultant submit 116.31 a report on the consultant's findings and recommendations by November 1, 2024. At a 116.32 minimum, the final report must address considerations on the following issues: 116.33

Article 2 Sec. 130.

117.1	(1) which employees of the house of representatives, the senate, and legislative agencies
117.2	for whom collective bargaining may or may not be appropriate;
117.3	(2) mandatory, permissive, and prohibited subjects of bargaining;
117.4	(3) who would negotiate on behalf of the house of representatives, the senate, and
117.5	legislative agencies and which entity or entities would be considered the employer for
117.6	purposes of bargaining;
117.7	(4) definitions for relevant terms;
117.8	(5) common public employee collective bargaining agreement frameworks related to
117.9	grievance procedures and processes for disciplinary actions;
117.10	(6) procedures related to certifying exclusive bargaining representatives, determining
117.11	bargaining units, adjudicating unfair labor practices, determining representation questions,
117.12	and coalition bargaining;
117.13	(7) the efficiency and feasibility of coalition bargaining;
117.14	(8) procedures for approving negotiated collective bargaining agreements;
117.15	(9) procedures for submitting requests for funding to the appropriate legislative
117.16	committees if appropriations are necessary to implement provisions of the collective
117.17	bargaining agreements;
117.18	(10) the National Conference of State Legislatures report required under subdivision 1
117.19	and approaches taken by other state legislatures that have authorized collective bargaining
117.20	for legislative employees; and
117.21	(11) draft legislation for any statutory changes needed to implement recommendations
117.22	of the consultant related to the collective bargaining process for legislative employees.
117.23	Subd. 5. Administrative meeting support. The executive director of the Legislative
117.24	Coordinating Commission must arrange working space and administrative support for the
117.25	consultant, as needed.
117.26	Sec. 131. MISSISSIPPI RIVER PARKWAY COMMISSION; CITIZEN MEMBERS.
117.27	Citizens currently appointed to the Mississippi River Parkway Commission under
117.28	Minnesota Statutes, section 161.1419, subdivision 2, for areas following the geographic
117.29	segments along the Mississippi River, serve terms as follows:
117.30	(1) citizen member representing Lake Itasca, to but not including the city of Grand
117.31	Rapids, for a term ending December 31, 2025;

118.1	(2) citizen member representing Grand Rapids, to but not including the city of Brainer
118.2	for a term ending December 31, 2025;

- 118.3 (3) citizen member representing Brainerd, to but not including the city of Elk River, for 118.4 a term ending December 31, 2025;
- 118.5 (4) citizen member representing Elk River, to but not including the city of Hastings, for 118.6 a term ending December 31, 2027; and
- 118.7 (5) citizen member representing Hastings, to the Iowa border, for a term ending December 118.8 31, 2027.

118.9 Sec. 132. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

- In the next edition of Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules and the online publication
 of Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules, the revisor of statutes shall change references
 to "Christopher Columbus Day" or "Columbus Day" to "Indigenous Peoples Day" wherever
 the phrases appear in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules.
- 118.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 118.15 Sec. 133. **REPEALER.**
- Subdivision 1. State emblems redesign. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 1.135,
- subdivisions 3 and 5; and 1.141, subdivisions 3, 4, and 6, are repealed, effective May 11,
- 118.18 2024.
- Subd. 2. Evergreen firehall polling place. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 383C.806,
- 118.20 is repealed.
- Subd. 3. Compensation council. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15A.0815,
- subdivisions 3, 4, and 5, are repealed effective the day following final enactment.
- Subd. 4. Parking garage debt service waiver. Laws 2014, chapter 287, section 25, as
- amended by Laws 2015, chapter 77, article 2, section 78, is repealed.
- Subd. 5. Tobacco securitization bonds. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.98, is
- 118.26 repealed.
- Subd. 6. Strategic and long-range planning. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 4A.01;
- 118.28 4A.04; 4A.06; 4A.07; 4A.11; and 124D.23, subdivision 9, are repealed.
- Subd. 7. Candidate advisory council. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 136F.03, is
- 118.30 repealed.

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119.1	Subd. 8. Office of Collaboration and Dispute Resolution; grants. Minnesota Statutes
119.2	2022, sections 179.90; and 179.91, are repealed.
119.3	Subd. 9. Electric vehicle charging. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.24, subdivision
119.4	13, is repealed.
119.5	Subd. 10. Solar energy in state buildings. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.323,
119.6	is repealed.
119.7	Subd. 11. Heating and cooling systems; state-funded buildings. Minnesota Statutes
119.8	2022, section 16B.326, is repealed.
119.9	ARTICLE 3
119.10	LOCAL GOVERNMENT POLICY
119.11	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13D.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
119.12	Subdivision 1. Conditions. (a) A meeting governed by section 13D.01, subdivisions 1,
119.13	2, 4, and 5, and this section may be conducted by interactive technology so long as:
119.14	(1) all members of the body participating in the meeting, wherever their physical location,
119.15	can hear and see one another and can hear and see all discussion and testimony presented
119.16	at any location at which at least one member is present;
119.17	(2) members of the public present at the regular meeting location of the body can hear
119.18	and see all discussion and testimony and all votes of members of the body;
119.19	(3) at least one member of the body is physically present at the regular meeting location;
119.20	(4) all votes are conducted by roll call so each member's vote on each issue can be
119.21	identified and recorded; and
119.22	(5) each location at which a member of the body is present is open and accessible to the
119.23	public.
119.24	(b) A meeting satisfies the requirements of paragraph (a), although a member of the
119.25	public body participates from a location that is not open or accessible to the public, if the
119.26	member has not participated more than three times in a calendar year from a location that
119.27	is not open or accessible to the public, and:
119.28	(1) the member is serving in the military and is at a required drill, deployed, or on active
119.29	duty; or
119.30	(2) the member has been advised by a health care professional against being in a public
119.31	place for personal or family medical reasons. This clause only applies when a state of

120.1	emergency has been declared under section 12.31, and expires 60 days after the removal of
120.2	the state of emergency.
120.3	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 118A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
120.4	Subdivision 1. Definition ; qualifying government . (a) "Qualifying government" means:
120.5	(1) a county or statutory or home rule charter city with a population of more than 100,000;
120.6	<u>or</u>
120.7	(2) a county or statutory or home rule charter city which had its most recently issued
120.8	general obligation bonds rated in the highest category by a national bond rating agency; or
120.9	whose most recent long-term, senior, general obligation rating by one or more national
120.10	rating organizations in the prior 18-month period is AA or higher.
120.11	(3) a self-insurance pool listed in section 471.982, subdivision 3.
120.12	(b) A county or statutory or home rule charter city with a population of 100,000 or less
120.13	that is a qualifying government, but is subsequently rated less than the highest category by
120.14	a national bond rating agency on a general obligation bond issue does not meet the threshold
120.15	under paragraph (a), clause (2), may not invest additional funds under this section during
120.16	any time period when it does not meet the threshold, but may continue to manage funds
120.17	previously invested under subdivision 2.
120.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
120.19	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 118A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
120.20	Subd. 2. Additional investment authority. Qualifying governments may invest the
120.21	amount described in subdivision 3:
120.22	(1) in index mutual funds based in the United States and indexed to a broad market
120.23	United States equity index, on the condition that index mutual fund investments must be
120.24	made directly with the main sales office of the fund; or
120.25	(2) with the Minnesota State Board of Investment subject to such terms and minimum
	•
120.26	amounts as may be adopted by the board. Index mutual fund investments must be made

Article 3 Sec. 3.

120.28

120.27 directly with the main sales office of the fund.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 118A.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Funds. (a) Qualifying governments may only invest under subdivision 2 121.2
- according to the limitations in this subdivision. A qualifying government under subdivision 121.3
- 1, clause (1) or (2), may only invest its funds that are held for long-term capital plans 121.4
- authorized by the city council or county board, or long-term obligations of the qualifying 121.5
- government. Long-term obligations of the qualifying government include long-term capital 121.6
- plan reserves, funds held to offset long-term environmental exposure, other postemployment 121.7
- 121.8 benefit liabilities, compensated absences, and other long-term obligations established by
- applicable accounting standards. 121.9
- 121.10 (b) Qualifying governments under subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2), may invest up to 15
- percent of the sum of: 121.11

121.1

- (1) unassigned cash; 121.12
- (2) cash equivalents; 121.13
- (3) deposits; and 121.14
- (4) investments. 121.15
- This (c) The calculation in paragraph (b) must be based on the qualifying government's 121.16 most recent audited statement of net position, which must be compliant and audited pursuant
- to governmental accounting and auditing standards. Once the amount invested reaches 15 121.18
- percent of the sum of unassigned cash, cash equivalents, deposits, and investments, no 121.19
- further funds may be invested under this section; however, a qualifying government may 121.20
- continue to manage the funds previously invested under this section even if the total amount 121.21
- subsequently exceeds 15 percent of the sum of unassigned cash, cash equivalents, deposits, 121.22
- and investments. 121.23
- 121.24 (c) A qualified government under subdivision 1, clause (3), may invest up to the lesser
- 121.25 of:
- (1) 15 percent of the sum of its cash, cash equivalents, deposits, and investments; or 121.26
- (2) 25 percent of its net assets as reported on the pool's most recent audited statement 121.27
- of net position, which must be compliant and audited pursuant to governmental accounting 121.28
- and auditing standards. 121.29
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 121.30

122.1	Sec. 5. [118A.10] SELF-INSURANCE POOLS; ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT
122.2	AUTHORITY.
122.3	Subdivision 1. Definition. For the purposes of this section, "qualifying government"
122.4	means a self-insurance pool listed in section 471.982, subdivision 3.
122.5	Subd. 2. Additional investment authority. (a) A qualifying government may invest in
122.6	the securities specified in section 11A.24, with the exception of specific investments
122.7	authorized under section 11A.24, subdivision 6, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (5).
122.8	(b) Investments authorized under this section are subject to the limitations under section
122.9	<u>11A.24.</u>
122.10	(c) A qualifying government may invest with the State Board of Investment subject to
122.11	the terms and minimum amounts adopted by the State Board of Investment.
122.12	Subd. 3. Approval. Before investing pursuant to this section, the governing body of a
122.13	qualifying government must adopt an investment policy pursuant to a resolution that includes
122.14	both of the following statements:
122.15	(1) the governing body understands that investments under this section have a risk of
122.15	loss; and
122.17	(2) the governing body understands the type of funds that are being invested and the
122.18	specific investment itself.
122.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
122.20	Sec. 6. [134.114] RAMSEY COUNTY LIBRARY ADVISORY BOARD.
122.21	Subdivision 1. Appointment. The Ramsey County Board of Commissioners shall direct,
122.22	operate, and manage the suburban Ramsey County library system. The county board shall
122.23	appoint seven members to a suburban Ramsey County Library Advisory Board. All members
122.24	must reside in the suburban county library service area. The Ramsey County Library Advisory
122.25	Board shall replace the existing Ramsey County Library Board upon the effective date of
122.26	this section.
122.27	Subd. 2. Powers and duties. The Ramsey County Library Advisory Board shall provide
122.28	advice and make recommendations on matters pertaining to county library services. The
122.29	Ramsey County Library Advisory Board shall provide recommendations regarding integrated

122.30 county service delivery that impacts or is enhanced by library services. The county board

may delegate additional powers and duties to the Ramsey County Library Advisory Board.

Article 3 Sec. 6. 122

123.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of			
123.2	Ramsey County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section			
123.3	645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.			
100.4	C 7 1124 1151 ANOVA COUNTY I IDDADY ADVICODY DOADD			
123.4	Sec. 7. [134.115] ANOKA COUNTY LIBRARY ADVISORY BOARD.			
123.5	Subdivision 1. Appointment. The Anoka County Board of Commissioners shall direct			
123.6	operate, and manage the suburban Anoka County library system. The county board shall			
123.7	appoint seven members to a suburban Anoka County Library Advisory Board. All members			
123.8	must reside in the suburban county library service area. The Anoka County Library Advisory			
123.9	Board shall replace the existing Anoka County Library Board upon the effective date of			
123.10	this section.			
123.11	Subd. 2. Powers and duties. The Anoka County Library Advisory Board shall provide			
123.12	advice and make recommendations on matters pertaining to county library services. The			
123.13	Anoka County Library Advisory Board shall provide recommendations regarding integrated			
123.14	county service delivery that impacts or is enhanced by library services. The county board			
123.15	may delegate additional powers and duties to the Anoka County Library Advisory Board.			
123.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of			
123.17	Anoka County and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021			
123.18	subdivisions 2 and 3.			
123.19	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 383B.145, is amended by adding a subdivision			
123.20	to read:			
123.21	Subd. 11. Solicitations to small business enterprises or veteran-owned small			
123.22	businesses. Notwithstanding the contract threshold of section 471.345, subdivision 4, a			
123.23	contract, as defined in section 471.345, subdivision 2, estimated not to exceed \$500,000			
123.24	may be made pursuant to the provisions of section 471.345, subdivision 4, provided that a			
123.25	business that is directly solicited is certified as either: (1) a small business enterprise; or (2)			
123.26	a small business that is majority-owned and operated by a veteran or a service-disabled			
123.27	veteran.			
123.28	Sec. 9. [412.925] NATIVE LANDSCAPES.			
123.29	(a) A statutory city or home rule charter city shall allow an owner, authorized agent, or			
123.30	authorized occupant of any privately owned lands or premises to install and maintain a			
123.31	managed natural landscape. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the			

123.32 <u>meanings given:</u>

124.1	(1) "managed natural landscape" means a planned, intentional, and maintained planting					
124.2	of native or nonnative grasses, wildflowers, forbs, ferns, shrubs, or trees, including but not					
124.3	limited to rain gardens, meadow vegetation, and ornamental plants. Managed natural					
124.4	landscapes does not include turf-grass lawns left unattended for the purpose of returning to					
124.5	a natural state;					
124.6	(2) "meadow vegetation" means grasses and flowering broad-leaf plants that are native					
124.7	to, or adapted to, the state of Minnesota, and that are commonly found in meadow and					
124.8	prairie plant communities, not including noxious weeds. "Noxious weed" has the meaning					
124.9	given in section 18.77, subdivision 8;					
124.10	(3) "ornamental plants" means grasses, perennials, annuals, and groundcovers purposely					
124.11	planted for aesthetic reasons;					
124.12	(4) "rain garden" means a native plant garden that is designed not only to aesthetically					
124.13	improve properties, but also to reduce the amount of stormwater and accompanying pollutants					
124.14	from entering streams, lakes, and rivers; and					
124.15	(5) "turf-grass lawn" means a lawn composed mostly of grasses commonly used in					
124.16	regularly cut lawns or play areas, including but not limited to bluegrass, fescue, and ryegrass					
124.17	blends, intended to be maintained at a height of no more than eight inches.					
124.18	(b) Managed natural landscapes may include plants and grasses that are in excess of					
124.19	eight inches in height and have gone to seed, but may not include any noxious weeds and					
124.20	must be maintained.					
124.21	(c) Except as part of a managed natural landscape as defined in this section, any weeds					
124.22	or grasses growing upon any lot or parcel of land in a city to a greater height than eight					
124.23	inches or that have gone or are about to go to seed are prohibited.					
124.24	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 428A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision					
124.25	to read:					
124.26	Subd. 7. Multiunit residential property. "Multiunit residential property" means:					
124.27	(1) property classified as class 4a under section 273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (a);					
124.28	(2) condominiums, as defined under section 515A.1-103, clause (7), that are classified					
124.29	as class 1a under section 273.13, subdivision 22, paragraph (a); class 4b under section					
124.30	273.13, subdivision 25, paragraph (b), clause (1); class 4bb under section 273.13, subdivision					
124.31	25, paragraph (c), clause (1); or condominiums under chapters 515 and 515A established					

imposed by the city on the special service district. Other types of property may be included within the boundaries of the special service district but are not subject to the levies or charges imposed by the city on the special service district. If 50 percent or more of the estimated market value of a parcel of property is classified under section 273.13 as commercial, industrial, or vacant land zoned or designated on a land use plan for commercial or industrial

126.1	of the property is subject to a service charge based on net tax capacity for purposes of						
126.2	sections 428A.01 to 428A.10. The ordinance shall describe with particularity the area within						
126.3	the city to be included in the district and the special services to be furnished in the district.						
126.4	The ordinance may not be adopted until after a public hearing has been held on the question.						
126.5	Notice of the hearing shall include the time and place of hearing, a map showing the						
126.6	boundaries of the proposed district, and a statement that all persons owning property in the						
126.7	proposed district that would be subject to a service charge will be given opportunity to be						
126.8	heard at the hearing. Within 30 days after adoption of the ordinance under this subdivision,						
126.9	the governing body shall send a copy of the ordinance to the commissioner of revenue.						
126.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the establishment or enlargement of						
126.11	a special service district after July 1, 2023.						
126.12	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 428A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision						
126.13	to read:						
126.14	Subd. 4. Common interest community charges. Service charges may not be imposed						
126.15	on a unit in a common interest community for a service that is ordinarily provided by the						
126.16	unit's owner's association unless an increased level of service is provided by the special						
126.17	service district. A unit in a common interest community is defined under section 515B.1-103,						
126.18	clause (10), and also includes common interest communities under chapters 515 and 515A						
126.19	that were established prior to the enactment of the Minnesota Common Interest Ownership						
126.20	Act under chapter 515B.						
126.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the establishment or enlargement of						
126.22	a special service district after July 1, 2023.						
126.23	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 471.345, is amended by adding a subdivision						
126.24	to read:						
126.25	Subd. 3b. Contracts over \$175,000; construction manager at risk alternative. As an						
126.26	alternative to the procurement methods described in subdivisions 3 and 3a, municipalities						
126.27	may award a contract for construction, alteration, repair, or maintenance work to a						
126.28	construction manager at risk as provided in section 471.463.						

Sec. 15. [471.463] CONSTRUCTION MANAGER AT RISK. 126.29

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms in this subdivision 126.30 have the meanings given. 126.31

127.1	(b) "Construction manager at risk" means a person who is selected by a municipality to					
127.2	act as a construction manager to manage the construction process, including but not limited					
127.3	to responsibility for the price, schedule, and workmanship of the construction performed					
127.4	according to the procedures in this section.					
127.5	(c) "Construction manager at risk contract" means a contract for construction of a project					
127.6	between a construction manager at risk and a municipality, which shall include a guaranteed					
127.7	maximum price, construction schedule, and workmanship of the construction performed.					
127.8	(d) "Guaranteed maximum price" means the maximum amount that a construction					
127.9	manager at risk is paid pursuant to a contract to perform a defined scope of work.					
127.10	(e) "Guaranteed maximum price contract" means a contract under which a construction					
127.11	manager or subcontractor is paid on the basis of the actual cost to perform the work specified					
127.12	in the contract plus an amount for overhead and profit, the sum of which must not exceed					
127.13	the guaranteed maximum price in the contract.					
127.14	(f) "Municipality" has the meaning given under section 471.345, subdivision 1.					
127.15	(g) "Past performance" or "experience" does not include the exercise or assertion of a					
127.16	person's legal rights.					
127.17	(h) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or other legal					
127.18	entity.					
127.19	(i) "Project" means an undertaking to construct, alter, or enlarge a building, structure,					
127.20	or other improvement, except a street, road, highway, or bridge, by or for a municipality.					
127.21	(j) "Request for proposals" means the document or publication soliciting proposals for					
127.22	a construction manager at risk contract as provided in this section.					
127.23	(k) "Request for qualifications" means the document or publication soliciting					
127.24	qualifications for a construction manager at risk contract as provided in this section.					
127.25	(l) "Trade contract work" means labor, materials, or equipment furnished by contractors					
127.26	or vendors that are incorporated into the completed project or are major components of the					
127.27	means of construction. Work performed by trade contractors involves specific portions of					
127.28	the project, but not the entire project.					
127.29	Subd. 2. Authority. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a municipality may					
127.30	use a construction manager at risk method of project delivery and award a construction					
127.31	manager at risk contract based on the selection criteria described in this section.					

128.1	Subd. 3. Solicitation of qualifications. (a) A request for qualifications must be prepared
128.2	for each construction manager at risk contract as provided in this section. The request for
128.3	qualifications must contain, at a minimum, the following elements:
128.4	(1) procedures for submitting qualifications, the criteria and subcriteria for evaluating
128.5	the qualifications and the relative weight for each criteria and subcriteria, and the procedures
128.6	for making awards in an open, competitive, and objective manner, applying a scoring or
128.7	trade-off evaluation method, including a reference to the requirements of this section;
128.8	(2) the proposed terms and conditions for the contract;
128.9	(3) the desired qualifications of the construction manager at risk;
128.10	(4) the schedule for commencement and completion of the project;
128.11	(5) any applicable budget limits for the project;
128.12	(6) the requirements for insurance and statutorily required performance and payment
128.13	bonds; and
128.14	(7) the identification and location of any other information in the possession or control
128.15	of a municipality that the municipality determines is material, including surveys, soil reports,
128.16	drawings or models of existing structures, environmental studies, photographs, or references
128.17	to public records.
128.18	(b) The request for qualifications criteria must not impose unnecessary conditions beyond
128.19	reasonable requirements to ensure maximum participation of construction managers at risk.
128.20	The criteria must not consider the collective bargaining status of the construction manager
128.21	at risk.
128.22	(c) The request for qualifications criteria may include a requirement that the proposer
128.23	include the cost for the proposer's services.
128.24	(d) Notice of requests for qualifications must be advertised in a manner designated by
128.25	the municipality.
128.26	Subd. 4. Construction manager at risk selection process. (a) In a construction manager
128.27	at risk selection process, the following apply:
128.28	(1) upon determining to utilize a construction manager at risk for a project, a municipality
128.29	shall create a selection committee composed of a minimum of three persons, at least one of
128.30	whom has construction industry expertise; and
128.31	(2) a municipality shall establish procedures for determining the appropriate content of
128.32	a request for qualifications, as provided in subdivision 3.

129.1	(b) In accordance with the criteria and procedures set forth in the request for					
129.2	qualifications, the selection committee shall evaluate the experience of a proposer as a					
129.3	construction manager at risk, including but not limited to capacity of key personnel, technical					
129.4	competence, capability to perform, past performance of the firm and its employees, safety					
129.5	record and compliance with state and federal law, availability to and familiarity with the					
129.6	project locale, and other appropriate facts submitted by the proposer in response to the					
129.7	request for qualifications.					
129.8	(c) A municipality must receive at least two proposals from construction managers or					
129.9	the municipality may:					
129.10	(1) solicit new proposals;					
129.11	(2) revise the request for qualifications and then solicit new proposals using the revised					
129.12	request for qualifications;					
129.13	(3) select another allowed procurement method; or					
129.14	(4) reject all proposals.					
129.15	(d) The selection committee shall review the qualification of each proposer and create					
129.16	a short list of two to five proposers.					
129.17	(e) A municipality shall issue a request for proposals requiring cost and other information					
129.18	as desired from the short-listed proposers.					
129.19	(f) The selection committee may conduct formal interviews with the short-listed proposers					
129.20	but shall not disclose any proprietary or confidential information contained in one proposal					
129.21	to another proposer, and shall rank the proposers by applying a scoring or trade-off evaluation					
129.22	method. The scoring or trade-off evaluation method must be described in the request for					
129.23	proposals.					
129.24	Subd. 5. Construction manager at risk contract. (a) A municipality shall conduct					
129.25	contract negotiations with the highest ranked proposer to reach an agreement on the cost					
129.26	and terms of the contract. If an agreement cannot be reached with the highest ranked proposer,					
129.27	the municipality may begin negotiations with the next highest ranked proposer. The					
129.28	negotiation process continues until an agreement is reached with a proposer or the					
129.29	municipality rejects all proposals.					
129.30	(b) The construction manager at risk shall competitively bid all trade contract work for					
129.31	the project from a list of qualified firms. The list of qualified firms may be limited to qualified					
129.32	Small Business Enterprise firms, Disadvantaged Business Enterprise firms, or both, subject					
129.33	to availability of such qualified firms for the specific work. The list of qualified firms must					

be based on an open, competitive, and objective prequalification process in which the 130.1 selection criteria, approved by the municipality, may include but is not limited to the firm's 130.2 130.3 experience as a constructor, including capacity of key personnel, technical competence, capability to perform, past performance of the firm and its employees, safety record and 130.4 compliance with state and federal law, availability to and familiarity with the project locale, 130.5 Small Business Enterprise or Disadvantaged Business Enterprise certification, and other 130.6 considerations as defined by the construction manager at risk and the municipality. The 130.7 130.8 construction manager at risk and the municipality shall jointly determine the composition 130.9 of the list of qualified firms. With the municipality's approval, upon request, the construction manager at risk may also submit bids for trade contract work if the construction manager 130.10 at risk does not participate in the municipality's review of the bids or selection decision. 130.11

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130.12 (c) The construction manager at risk and the municipality shall enter into a guaranteed
130.13 maximum price contract for the project.

Sec. 16. [471.585] MUNICIPAL HOTEL LICENSING.

- (a) A statutory or home rule charter city or a town may adopt an ordinance requiring hotels as defined in section 327.70, subdivision 3, operating within the boundaries of the city or town to have a valid license issued by the city or town. An annual fee for a license under this section may not exceed \$150.
- (b) An ordinance adopted under this section is limited to requiring compliance with state
 and local laws as a condition of licensure. No other licensing conditions or requirements
 are permitted.
- (c) A city or town that has adopted an ordinance under this section may refuse to issue
 a license, or may revoke an existing license, if the hotel fails to comply with the conditions
 of the license.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 473.606, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Employees, others, affirmative action; prevailing wage. The corporation 130.26 shall have the power to appoint engineers and other consultants, attorneys, and such other 130.27 officers, agents, and employees as it may see fit, who shall perform such duties and receive 130.28 such compensation as the corporation may determine notwithstanding the provisions of 130.29 section 43A.17, subdivision 9, and be removable at the pleasure of the corporation. The 130.30 corporation must adopt an affirmative action plan, which shall be submitted to the appropriate 130.31 agency or office of the state for review and approval. The plan must include a yearly progress 130.32 report to the agency or office. Whenever the corporation performs any work within the 130.33

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131.1	limits of a city of the first class, or establishes a minimum wage for skilled or unskilled					
131.2	labor in the specifications or any contract for work within one of the cities, the rate of pay					
131.3	to such skilled and unskilled labor must be the prevailing rate of wage for such labor in that					
131.4	city.					
131.5	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 473.704, subdivision 3, is amended to read:					
131.6	Subd. 3. Director; to be entomologist. It may employ and fix the duties and					
131.7	compensation of a director who shall develop the control programs of the district and shall					
131.8	supervise its execution; such director shall be an entomologist.					
131.9	Sec. 19. HENNEPIN COUNTY; CONSTRUCTION MANAGER AT RISK					
131.10	SELECTION.					
131.10						
131.11	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 471.463, or any other law to the contrary,					
131.12	Hennepin County may proceed to select a construction manager at risk if:					
131.13	(1) the county receives only one proposal from a construction manager for a project;					
131.14	<u>and</u>					
131.15	(2) the county determines the construction manager at risk marketplace is limited and					
131.16	the benefit of issuing a new solicitation is not practicable.					
131.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of					
131.18	Hennepin County and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota					
131.19	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.					
121 20	Can 20 ST DALIL DESIGN DITT D AUTHODIZATION					
131.20	Sec. 20. ST. PAUL; DESIGN-BUILD AUTHORIZATION.					
131.21	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 471.345, or any other law to the contrary,					
131.22	the city of St. Paul may solicit and award a design-build contract for the East Side Skate					
131.23	Park project at Eastside Heritage Park on the basis of a best value selection process. The					
131.24	city must consider at least three proposals when awarding a design-build contract under this					
131.25	section.					
131.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.					
	C. ALCE CLOUD DECIONAL AIRPORT ON CALE LICENCE					
131.27	Sec. 21. ST. CLOUD REGIONAL AIRPORT; ON-SALE LICENSE.					
131.28	Notwithstanding any law or ordinance to the contrary, the city of St. Cloud may issue					

an on-sale intoxicating liquor license to a restaurant in the St. Cloud Regional Airport. The

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132.1	license authorized by this section ma	ny be issued for a sp	ace that is not compac	t and			
132.2	contiguous.						
132.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	on is effective upon	approval by the St. Cl	oud City			
132.4	Council and compliance with Minne	sota Statutes, sectio	n 645.021.				
132.5	Sec. 22. REPEALER.						
132.6	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, sect	tion 383B.143, subd	livisions 2 and 3, are re	epealed.			
132.7	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.17, subdivision 9, is repealed.						
132.8	Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATE.						
132.9	Sections 17 and 22, paragraph (b), are effective the d	lay following final ena	ctment.			
132.10		ARTICLE 4					
132.11	ELECTIO	ONS ADMINISTR	ATION				
132.12	Section 1. [2.012] TWELFTH DI	STRICT.					
132.13	Subdivision 1. Senate district. N	Notwithstanding the	order of the Minnesota	a Special			
132.14	Redistricting Panel in Wattson v. Sin	non, Nos. A21-0243	3, A21-0546 (February	15, 2022),			
132.15	Senate District 12 consists of the dis	trict as described in	that order, with the mo	odification			
132.16	contained in file L12B-1, on file with	h the Geographic In	formation Systems Of	fice of the			
132.17	Legislative Coordinating Commission	on and published on	its website on April 2	7, 2022.			
132.18	Subd. 2. House of representative	es districts. Notwith	standing the order of th	e Minnesota			
132.19	Special Redistricting Panel in Wattso	on v. Simon, Nos. A	21-0243, A21-0546 (F	ebruary 15,			
132.20	2022), Senate District 12 is divided in	into two house of re	presentatives districts	as follows:			
132.21	(a) House of Representatives Dis	trict 12A consists o	f the district as describ	ed in that			
132.22	<u>order.</u>						
132.23	(b) House of Representatives Dis	trict 12B consists of	f all territory of Senate	District 12,			

of 2025, and for all elections held thereafter.

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as modified by subdivision 1, that is not included in House of Representatives District 12A.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the state primary and state general

elections conducted in 2024 for terms of office beginning on the first Monday in January

33.1	Sec. 2.	[2.109]	NINTH	DISTRICT
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133.2	Subdivision 1. Senate district. Notwithstanding the order of the Minnesota Special
133.3	Redistricting Panel in Wattson v. Simon, Nos. A21-0243, A21-0546 (February 15, 2022),
133.4	Senate District 9 consists of the district as described in that order, with the modification
133.5	contained in file L12B-1, on file with the Geographic Information Systems Office of the
133.6	Legislative Coordinating Commission and published on its website on April 27, 2022.
133.7	Subd. 2. House of representatives districts. Notwithstanding the order of the Minnesota
133.8	Special Redistricting Panel in Wattson v. Simon, Nos. A21-0243, A21-0546 (February 15,
133.9	2022), Senate District 9 is divided into two house of representatives districts as follows:
133.10	(a) House of Representatives District 9A consists of the district as described in that
133.11	<u>order.</u>
133.12	(b) House of Representatives District 9B consists of all territory of Senate District 9, as
133.13	modified by subdivision 1, that is not included in House of Representatives District 9A.
133.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the state primary and state general
133.15	elections conducted in 2024 for terms of office beginning on the first Monday in January
133.16	of 2025, and for all elections held thereafter.
133.17	Sec. 3. [2.117] SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.
133.18	Subdivision 1. Senate district. Senate District 17 consists of the district as described in
133.19	the order of the Minnesota Special Redistricting Panel in Wattson v. Simon, Nos. A21-0243,
133.20	A21-0546 (February 15, 2022).
133.21	Subd. 2. House of representatives districts. Notwithstanding the order of the Minnesota
133.22	Special Redistricting Panel in Wattson v. Simon, Nos. A21-0243, A21-0546 (February 15,
133.23	2022), Senate District 17 is divided into two house of representatives districts as follows:
133.24	(a) House of Representatives District 17A consists of the district as described in that
133.25	order, with the modification contained in file L17A-2, on file with the Geographic

133.28 (b) House of Representatives District 17B consists of all territory of Senate District 17 not included in House of Representatives District 17A, as described in paragraph (a).

Information Systems Office of the Legislative Coordinating Commission and published on

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the state primary and state general elections conducted in 2024 for terms of office beginning on the first Monday in January of 2025, and for all elections held thereafter.

Article 4 Sec. 3.

its website on May 10, 2023.

133.27

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134.1	Sec. 4.	4.144	TUKIY-TUUKIH	DISTRICT.

134.2	Subdivision 1. Senate district. Senate District 44 consists of the district as described in
134.3	the order of the Minnesota Special Redistricting Panel in Wattson v. Simon, Nos. A21-0243,
134.4	A21-0546 (February 15, 2022).

- Subd. 2. **House of representatives districts.** Notwithstanding the order of the Minnesota
- Special Redistricting Panel in Wattson v. Simon, Nos. A21-0243, A21-0546 (February 15,
- 134.7 2022), Senate District 44 is divided into two house of representatives districts as follows:
- 134.8 (a) House of Representatives District 44A consists of the district as described in that
- order, with the modification contained in file L44A-1, on file with the Geographic
- 134.10 <u>Information Systems Office of the Legislative Coordinating Commission and published on</u>
- 134.11 its website on April 27, 2022.
- (b) House of Representatives District 44B consists of all territory of Senate District 44
- not included in House of Representatives District 44A, as described in paragraph (a).
- 134.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the state primary and state general
- elections conducted in 2024 for terms of office beginning on the first Monday in January
- of 2025, and for all elections held thereafter.

134.17 Sec. 5. [2.92] ACCESS TO MULTIUNIT FACILITIES BY UNITED STATES

134.18 **CENSUS EMPLOYEES.**

- Subdivision 1. Access required. It is unlawful for a person, either directly or indirectly,
- 134.20 to deny access to an apartment house, dormitory, nursing home, manufactured home park,
- other multiple unit facility used as a residence, or area in which two or more single-family
- dwellings are located on private roadways, to an employee of the United States Census
- Bureau who displays a current, valid census credential and who is engaged in official census
- business. An employee granted access under this section must be permitted to knock on the
- doors of individual units to speak with residents and to leave census materials for residents
- 134.26 at their doors, except that the manager of a nursing home may direct that the materials be
- left at a central location within the facility. The materials must be left in an orderly manner.
- 134.28 Subd. 2. Limitations. This section does not prohibit:
- (1) denial of admittance into a particular apartment, room, manufactured home, or
- 134.30 personal residential unit;
- (2) in the case of a nursing home or an assisted living facility licensed under chapter

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134.32 144G, denial of permission to visit certain persons for valid health reasons;

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135.1	(3) limiting visits to a reasonable number of census employees or reasonable hours;
135.2	(4) requiring a prior appointment to gain access to the facility; or
135.3	(5) denial of admittance to or expulsion of an individual employee from a multiple unit
135.4	dwelling for good cause.
135.5	Subd. 3. Compliance with federal law. A person in compliance with United States
135.6	Code, title 13, section 223, and any guidance or rules adopted by the United States
135.7	Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, governing access to a facility described
135.8	in subdivision 1 is considered to be in compliance with the requirements of this section.
135.9	Subd. 4. Applicability. This section applies from January 1 to July 1 in any year during
135.10	which a decennial census is conducted under the authority of the United States Constitution,
135.11	article 1, section 2.
135.12	Sec. 6. [5.305] VOTING OPERATIONS, TECHNOLOGY, AND ELECTION
135.12	RESOURCES ACCOUNT.
133.13	RESOURCES ACCOUNT.
135.14	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
135.15	meanings given:
135.16	(1) "account" means the voting operations, technology, and election resources account;
135.17	(2) "city" means a statutory or home rule charter city; and
135.18	(3) "local unit of government" means a county, city, or town.
135.19	Subd. 2. Account established; appropriation. The voting operations, technology, and
135.20	election resources account is established in the special revenue fund. Money in the account
135.21	is appropriated annually to the secretary of state for distribution as provided in this section.
135.22	Subd. 3. Distribution amount; payment. (a) The secretary of state must distribute the
135.23	balance in the account annually as follows:
135.24	(1) 20 percent of the total balance is for allocation to each county in equal amounts; and
135.25	(2) 80 percent of the total balance is for allocation to each county in proportion to its
135.26	share of registered voters on May 1 for the most recent statewide general election, as
135.27	determined by the secretary of state.
135.28	(b) The secretary of state must distribute funds under this section no later than July 20
135.29	of each year.
135.30	Subd. 4. Allocation of funds among local units of government. (a) Upon receipt of
135 31	funds each county must segregate the funds in a county election funding account. The

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136.1	money in the account remains in the account until spent for any of the authorized purposes
136.2	set forth in this section. The county and the local units of government located within the
136.3	county must agree on a distribution plan for allocating funds from the account. If the county
136.4	and a local unit of government do not agree on a distribution plan, the county must allocate
136.5	the funds to that unit of local government as follows:
136.6	(1) 50 percent is retained by the county;
136.7	(2) 25 percent is allocated to each local unit of government responsible for administering
136.8	absentee voting or mail voting in proportion to that unit of government's share of the county's
136.9	registered voters on May 1 for the most recent statewide general election; and
136.10	(3) 25 percent is allocated to cities and townships in proportion to each city and township's
136.11	share of registered voters in the county on May 1 for the most recent statewide general
136.12	election.
136.13	The county must make distributions to cities and towns by December 31 each year.
136.14	(b) A city or township that is allocated funds under this subdivision must segregate the
136.15	funds in an election funding account. The money in the account remains in the account until
136.16	spent for any of the authorized purposes set forth in this section.
136.17	Subd. 5. Use of funds. A local unit of government may use the funds allocated pursuant
136.18	to this section for the following purposes, provided the expenditures are directly related to
136.19	election administration:
136.20	(1) equipment;
136.21	(2) hardware or software;
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136.22	(3) cybersecurity;
136.23	(4) security-related infrastructure;
136.24	(5) capital improvements to government-owned property to improve access to polling
136.25	places for individuals with disabilities;
136.26	(6) staff costs for election administrators, election judges, and other election officials;
136.27	(7) printing and publication;
136.28	(8) postage;
136.29	(9) programming;
136 30	(10) local match for state or federal funds: and

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137.1 (11) any other purpose directly related to election administration.

Subd. 6. Reports. (a) Annually by December 31, each county auditor must report to the secretary of state with an explanation of how the funds received pursuant to this section during the previous fiscal year were spent and a certification that they were spent in accordance with subdivisions 4 and 5. The county auditor's report must include the following: an itemized description of each actual expenditure listed by the general categories of expenditures identified in subdivision 5, the local unit of government making the expenditure, the balance in the county's election funding account, and the balance of any city's or town's election funding account. The county auditor's report must also include any other information required by the secretary of state.

- (b) Each city and town receiving an allocation of funds under this section must provide the county auditor with the data necessary to submit this report no later than December 15 of each year.
- (c) No later than January 31 of each year, the secretary of state must compile the reports
 received from each county auditor and submit a summary report on the expenditure of funds
 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction
 over elections policy and finance. At a minimum, the summary report must identify
 expenditures by county, city, and town and the purposes of each expenditure.
- 137.19 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 5B.06, is amended to read:

5B.06 VOTING BY PROGRAM PARTICIPANT; ABSENTEE BALLOT.

A program participant who is otherwise eligible to vote may register with the secretary 137.21 of state as a permanent absentee voter. Notwithstanding section 203B.04, subdivision 5, 137.22 the secretary of state is not required to send an absentee ballot application prior to each 137.23 election to a program participant registered as a permanent absentee voter under this section. 137.24 As soon as practicable before each election, the secretary of state shall determine the precinct 137.25 in which the residential address of the a program participant is located and. Upon making 137.26 a precinct determination, the secretary of state shall either (1) request from and receive from 137.27 the county auditor or other election official the ballot for that precinct and shall forward 137.28 mail the absentee ballot to the program participant with the other, or (2) using the Minnesota 137.29 statewide voter registration system, prepare the program participant's ballot for that precinct 137.30 and mail the absentee ballot to the program participant. The secretary of state shall include 137.31 with each mailed absentee ballot all corresponding materials for absentee balloting as required by Minnesota law. The program participant shall complete the ballot and return it 137.33 to the secretary of state, who shall review the ballot in the manner provided by section 137.34

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203B.121, subdivision 2. If the ballot and ballot materials comply with the requirements of that section, the ballot must be certified by the secretary of state as the ballot of a program participant, and must be forwarded to the appropriate electoral jurisdiction for tabulation along with all other ballots. The name and address of a program participant must not be listed in the statewide voter registration system.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 135A.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Residential housing list.** All postsecondary institutions that enroll students accepting state or federal financial aid may prepare a current list of students enrolled in the institution and residing in the institution's housing or within ten miles of the institution's campus. All postsecondary institutions that enroll students accepting state financial aid must, to the extent the information may be disclosed pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, part 99, prepare a current list of students enrolled in the institution and residing in the institution's housing or in the city or cities in which the campus is situated, if available. The list shall include each student's current address, unless the student is enrolled in the Safe at Home address confidentiality program as provided in chapter 5B. The list shall be certified and sent to the appropriate county auditor or auditors for use in election day registration as provided under section 201.061, subdivision 3. A residential housing list provided under this subdivision may not be used or disseminated by a county auditor or the secretary of state for any other purpose.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 200.02, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Major political party.** (a) "Major political party" means a political party that
 maintains a party organization in the state, political division or precinct in question and that
 has presented; has complied with the party's constitution and rules; is in compliance with
 the requirements of sections 202A.12 and 202A.13; files with the secretary of state no later
 than December 1 of each odd-numbered year a certification that the party has met the
 foregoing requirements, including a list of the dates and locations of each convention held;
 and meets all other qualification requirements of this subdivision.
- (b) A political party qualifies as a major political party by:
- (1) presenting at least one candidate for election to the office of:
- (1) (i) governor and lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state auditor, or attorney general at the last preceding state general election for those offices; or

(2) (ii) presidential elector or U.S. senator at the last preceding state general election for 139.1 presidential electors; and 139.2 whose candidate received votes in each county in that election and received votes from not 139.3 less than five percent of the total number of individuals who voted in that election, if the 139.4 state general election was held on or before November 8, 2022, or not less than eight percent 139.5 of the total number of individuals who voted in that election, at a state general election held 139.6 on or after November 7, 2024; 139.7 (b) "Major political party" also means a political party that maintains a party organization 139.8 in the state, political subdivision, or precinct in question and that has presented (2) presenting 139.9 at least 45 candidates for election to the office of state representative, 23 candidates for election to the office of state senator, four candidates for election to the office of 139.11 representative in Congress, and one candidate for election to each of the following offices: 139.12 governor and lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, and state auditor, at 139.13 the last preceding state general election for those offices.; or 139.14 139.15 (c) "Major political party" also means a political party that maintains a party organization in the state, political subdivision, or precinct in question and whose members present (3) 139.16 presenting to the secretary of state at any time before the close of filing for the state partisan 139.17 primary ballot a petition for a place on the state partisan primary ballot, which petition 139.18 contains valid signatures of a number of the party members equal to at least five percent of 139.19 the total number of individuals who voted in the preceding state general election. A signature is valid only if signed no more than one year prior to the date the petition was filed. 139.21 (d) (c) A political party whose candidate receives a sufficient number of votes at a state 139.22 general election described in paragraph (a) (b), clause (1), or a political party that presents 139.23 candidates at an election as required by paragraph (b), clause (2), becomes a major political party as of January 1 following that election and. A political party that complies with 139.25 paragraph (a) retains its major party status for at least two state general elections even if 139.26 the party fails to present a candidate who receives the number and percentage of votes 139.27 required under paragraph (a) (b), clause (1), or fails to present candidates as required by 139.28 paragraph (b), clause (2), at subsequent state general elections. 139.29 (e) (d) A major political party whose candidates fail to receive the number and percentage 139.30 of votes required under paragraph (a) (b), clause (1), and that fails to present candidates as 139.31 required by paragraph (b), clause (2), at each of two consecutive state general elections 139.32 described by paragraph (a) or (b), clause (1) or (2), respectively, loses major party status as 139.33 of December 31 following the later of the two consecutive state general elections.

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140.1	(e) A major political party that does not submit the certification required by this
140.2	subdivision loses major party status on December 31 of the year in which the party did not
140.3	file the certification.
140.4	(f) The secretary of state must notify the chair of the major political party, the
140.5	commissioner of revenue, and the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board if the
140.6	political party's status is changed pursuant to this section.
140.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
140.8	applies to major party status for elections held in 2024 and thereafter. The December 1,
140.9	2023, certification of a political party that is recognized as a major political party as of the
140.10	effective date of this section must include certification that the party was in compliance
140.11	with paragraph (a) during the most recent state general election year.
140.12	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.014, subdivision 2a, as added by Laws
140.13	2023, chapter 12, section 1, is amended to read:
140.14	Subd. 2a. Felony conviction; restoration of civil right to vote. An individual who is
140.15	ineligible to vote because of a felony conviction has the civil right to vote restored during
140.16	any period when the individual is not incarcerated for the offense. If the individual is later
140.17	incarcerated for the offense, the individual's civil right to vote is lost only during that period
140.18	of incarceration. For purposes of this subdivision only, an individual on work release under
140.19	section 241.26 or 244.065 or an individual released under section 631.425 is not deemed
140.20	to be incarcerated.
140.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.
140.22	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.022, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
140.23	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The secretary of state shall maintain a statewide voter
140.24	registration system to facilitate voter registration and to provide a central database containing
140.25	voter registration information from around the state. The system must be accessible to the
140.26	county auditor of each county in the state. The system must also:
140.27	(1) provide for voters to submit their voter registration applications to any county auditor,
140.28	the secretary of state, or the Department of Public Safety;
140.29	(2) provide for the definition, establishment, and maintenance of a central database for
	all voter registration information;

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(3) provide for entering data into the statewide registration system;

141.1	(4) provide for electronic transfer of completed voter registration applications from the
141.2	Department of Public Safety to the secretary of state or the county auditor;
141.3	(5) assign a unique identifier to each legally registered voter in the state;
141.4	(6) provide for the acceptance of the Minnesota driver's license number, Minnesota state
141.5	identification number, and last four digits of the Social Security number for each voter
141.6	record;
141.7	(7) coordinate with other agency databases within the state;
141.8	(8) allow county auditors and the secretary of state to add or modify information in the
141.9	system to provide for accurate and up-to-date records;
141.10	(9) allow county auditors, municipal and school district clerks, and the secretary of state
141.11	to have electronic access to the statewide registration system for review and search
141.12	capabilities;
141.13	(10) provide security and protection of all information in the statewide registration
141.14	system and ensure that unauthorized access is not allowed;
141.15	(11) provide access to municipal clerks to use the system;
141.16	(12) provide a system for each county to identify the precinct to which a voter should
141.17	be assigned for voting purposes;
141.18	(13) provide daily reports accessible by county auditors on the driver's license numbers,
141.19	state identification numbers, or last four digits of the Social Security numbers submitted on
141.20	voter registration applications that have been verified as accurate by the secretary of state;
141.21	and
141.22	(14) provide reports on the number of absentee ballots transmitted to and returned and
141.23	cast by voters under section 203B.16; and
141.24	(15) provide reports necessary for early voting.
141.25	The appropriate state or local official shall provide security measures to prevent
141.26	unauthorized access to the computerized list established under section 201.021.
141.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of
141.28	the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or

141.29 the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later.

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Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.061, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Prior to election day.** (a) At any time except during the 20 days immediately preceding any regularly scheduled election, an eligible voter or any individual who will be an eligible voter at the time of the next election may register to vote in the precinct in which the voter maintains residence by completing a voter registration application as described in section 201.071, subdivision 1. A completed application may be submitted:

- (1) in person or by mail to the county auditor of that county or to the Secretary of State's Office; or
- (2) electronically through a secure website that shall be maintained by the secretary of state for this purpose, if the applicant has an email address and provides the applicant's verifiable Minnesota driver's license number, Minnesota state identification card number, or the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number.
- (b) A registration that is received in person or by mail no later than 5:00 p.m. on the 21st day preceding any election, or a registration received electronically through the secretary of state's secure website no later than 11:59 p.m. on the 21st day preceding any election, shall be accepted. An improperly addressed or delivered registration application shall be forwarded within two working days after receipt to the county auditor of the county where the voter maintains residence. A state or local agency or an individual that accepts completed voter registration applications from a voter must submit the completed applications to the secretary of state or the appropriate county auditor within ten calendar days after the applications are dated by the voter.
- (b) (c) An application submitted electronically under paragraph (a), clause (2), may only be transmitted to the county auditor for processing if the secretary of state has verified the application information matches the information in a government database associated with the applicant's driver's license number, state identification card number, or Social Security number. The secretary of state must review all unverifiable voter registration applications submitted electronically for evidence of suspicious activity and must forward any such application to an appropriate law enforcement agency for investigation.
- (d) An individual may not electronically submit a voter registration application on behalf of any other individual, except that the secretary of state may provide features on the secure website established under paragraph (a), clause (2), that allow third parties to connect application programming interfaces that facilitate an individual's submission of voter registration information while interacting with the third party.

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(e) (e) For purposes of this section, mail registration is defined as a voter registration application delivered to the secretary of state, county auditor, or municipal clerk by the United States Postal Service or a commercial carrier.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.061, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Election day registration.** (a) An individual who is eligible to vote may register on election day by appearing in person at the polling place for the precinct in which the individual maintains residence, by completing a registration application, making an oath in the form prescribed by the secretary of state and providing proof of residence. An individual may prove residence for purposes of registering by:
- (1) presenting a driver's license or Minnesota identification card issued pursuant to section 171.07;
- (2) presenting any document approved by the secretary of state as proper identification;
- 143.13 (3) presenting one of the following:
- (i) a current valid student identification card from a postsecondary educational institution in Minnesota, if a list of students from that institution has been prepared under section 143.16 135A.17 and certified to the county auditor in the manner provided in rules of the secretary of state; or
- (ii) a current student fee statement that contains the student's valid address in the precinct together with a picture identification card; or
- (4) having a voter who is registered to vote in the precinct, or an employee employed 143 20 by and working in a residential facility in the precinct and vouching for a resident in the 143.21 facility, sign an oath in the presence of the election judge vouching that the voter or employee 143.22 personally knows that the individual is a resident of the precinct. A voter who has been 143.23 vouched for on election day may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching for any other individual on that election day. A voter who is registered to vote in the precinct may sign 143.25 up to eight proof-of-residence oaths on any election day. This limitation does not apply to 143.26 an employee of a residential facility described in this clause. The secretary of state shall 143.27 provide a form for election judges to use in recording the number of individuals for whom 143.28 a voter signs proof-of-residence oaths on election day. The form must include space for the 143.29 maximum number of individuals for whom a voter may sign proof-of-residence oaths. For each proof-of-residence oath, the form must include a statement that the individual: (i) is 143.31 registered to vote in the precinct or is an employee of a residential facility in the precinct, 143.32 (ii) personally knows that the voter is a resident of the precinct, and (iii) is making the 143.33

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statement on oath. The form must include a space for the voter's printed name, signature, telephone number, and address.

- The oath required by this subdivision and Minnesota Rules, part 8200.9939, must be attached to the voter registration application.
- (b) The operator of a residential facility shall prepare a list of the names of its employees currently working in the residential facility and the address of the residential facility. The operator shall certify the list and provide it to the appropriate county auditor no less than 20 days before each election for use in election day registration.
- (c) "Residential facility" means transitional housing as defined in section 256E.33, 144.9 subdivision 1; a supervised living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under 144.10 section 144.50, subdivision 6; a nursing home as defined in section 144A.01, subdivision 144.11 5; a residence registered with the commissioner of health as a housing with services 144.12 establishment as defined in section 144D.01, subdivision 4 an assisted living facility licensed 144.13 by the commissioner of health under chapter 144G; a veterans home operated by the board 144.14 of directors of the Minnesota Veterans Homes under chapter 198; a residence licensed by 144.15 the commissioner of human services to provide a residential program as defined in section 144 16 245A.02, subdivision 14; a residential facility for persons with a developmental disability 144.17 licensed by the commissioner of human services under section 252.28; setting authorized 144.18 to provide housing support as defined in section 256I.03, subdivision 3; a shelter for battered 144.19 women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4; or a supervised publicly or privately 144.20 operated shelter or dwelling designed to provide temporary living accommodations for the 144.21 homeless; a facility where a provider operates a residential treatment program as defined 144.22 in section 245.462, subdivision 23; or a facility where a provider operates an adult foster 144.23 care program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 6c. 144.24
- 144.25 (d) For tribal band members, an individual may prove residence for purposes of 144.26 registering by:
- 144.27 (1) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized 144.28 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the 144.29 name, address, signature, and picture of the individual; or
- 144.30 (2) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized 144.31 by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the 144.32 name, signature, and picture of the individual and also presenting one of the documents 144.33 listed in Minnesota Rules, part 8200.5100, subpart 2, item B.

145.1	(e) A county, school district, or municipality may require that an election judge
145.2	responsible for election day registration initial each completed registration application.
145.3	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.061, is amended by adding a subdivision
145.4	to read:
145.5	Subd. 3a. Additional proofs of residence permitted for students. (a) An eligible voter
145.6	may prove residence by presenting a current valid photo identification issued by a
145.7	postsecondary educational institution in Minnesota if the voter's name; student identification
145.8	number, if available; and address within the precinct appear on a current residential housing
145.9	list under section 135A.17, certified to the county auditor by the postsecondary educational
145.10	institution.
145.11	(b) This additional proof of residence for students must not be allowed unless the
145.12	postsecondary educational institution submits to the county auditor no later than 60 days
145.13	prior to the election a written agreement that the postsecondary educational institution will
145.14	certify for use at the election accurate updated residential housing lists under section 135A.17.
145.15	A written agreement is effective for the election and all subsequent elections held in that
145.16	calendar year, including the November general election.
145.17	(c) The additional proof of residence for students must be allowed on an equal basis for
145.18	voters who reside in housing meeting the requirements of section 135A.17, if the residential
145.19	housing lists certified by the postsecondary educational institution meet the requirements
145.20	of this subdivision.
145.21	(d) An updated residential housing list must be certified to the county auditor no earlier
145.22	than 20 days prior to each election. The certification must be dated and signed by the chief
145.23	officer or designee of the postsecondary educational institution and must state that the list
145.24	is current and accurate and includes only the names of persons residing as of the date of the
145.25	certification.

(e) The county auditor shall instruct the election judges of the precinct in procedures for 145.26 use of the list in conjunction with photo identification. The auditor shall supply a list to the 145.27 election judges with the election supplies for the precinct. 145.28

145.29 (f) The county auditor shall notify all postsecondary educational institutions in the county of the provisions of this subdivision. 145.30

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.071, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws 2023, chapter 12, section 2, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Form. Both paper and electronic voter registration applications must 146.3 contain the same information unless otherwise provided by law. A voter registration 146.4 application must contain spaces for the following required information: voter's first name, 146.5 middle name, and last name; voter's previous name, if any; voter's current address; voter's 146.6 previous address, if any; voter's date of birth; voter's municipality and county of residence; 146.7 146.8 voter's telephone number, if provided by the voter; date of registration; current and valid Minnesota driver's license number or Minnesota state identification number, or if the voter 146.9 has no current and valid Minnesota driver's license or Minnesota state identification, the 146.10 last four digits of the voter's Social Security number; and voter's signature. The paper 146.11 registration application may include the voter's email address, if provided by the voter. The 146.12 electronic voter registration application must include the voter's email address. The 146.13 registration application may include the voter's interest in serving as an election judge, if 146.14 indicated by the voter. The application must also contain the following certification of voter 146.15 146.16 eligibility:

- "I certify that I:
- (1) will be at least 18 years old on election day;
- 146.19 (2) am a citizen of the United States;
- 146.20 (3) will have <u>resided maintained residence</u> in Minnesota for 20 days immediately preceding election day;
- (4) maintain residence at the address given on the registration form;
- 146.23 (5) am not under court-ordered guardianship in which the court order revokes my right to vote;
- 146.25 (6) have not been found by a court to be legally incompetent to vote;
- 146.26 (7) am not currently incarcerated for a conviction of a felony offense; and
- 146.27 (8) have read and understand the following statement: that giving false information is a 146.28 felony punishable by not more than five years imprisonment or a fine of not more than 146.29 \$10,000, or both."
- The certification must include boxes for the voter to respond to the following questions:
- "(1) Are you a citizen of the United States?" and
- "(2) Will you be 18 years old on or before election day?"

147.1 And the instruction

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- "If you checked 'no' to either of these questions, do not complete this form."
- The form of the voter registration application and the certification of voter eligibility 147.3 must be as provided in this subdivision and approved by the secretary of state. Voter 147.4 147.5 registration forms authorized by the National Voter Registration Act must also be accepted as valid. The federal postcard application form must also be accepted as valid if it is not 147.6 deficient and the voter is eligible to register in Minnesota. 147.7
- 147.8 An individual may use a voter registration application to apply to register to vote in Minnesota or to change information on an existing registration. 147.9

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023. 147.10

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.071, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 147.11
- Subd. 8. School district assistance. School districts shall assist county auditors in 147.12 determining the school district in which a voter resides maintains residence. 147.13
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.091, subdivision 4a, is amended to read: 147.14
- Subd. 4a. **Presidential primary political party list.** The secretary of state must maintain 147.15 a list of the voters who voted in a presidential nomination primary and the political party 147 16 each voter selected. Information maintained on the list is private data on individuals as 147.17 defined under section 13.02, subdivision 12, except that the secretary of state must provide 147.18 the list to the chair of each major political party the list of voters who selected that party. 147.19
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 147.20
- Subd. 2. Moved within state. If any nonforwardable mailing from an election official 147.21 is returned as undeliverable but with a permanent forwarding address in this state, the county 147.22 auditor may change the voter's status to "inactive" in the statewide registration system and 147.23 shall transmit a copy of the mailing to the auditor of the county in which the new address 147.24 is located. If an election is scheduled to occur in the precinct in which the voter resides 147.25 maintains residence in the next 47 days, the county auditor shall promptly update the voter's 147.26 address in the statewide voter registration system. If there is not an election scheduled, the 147.27 auditor may wait to update the voter's address until after the next list of address changes is 147.28 received from the secretary of state. Once updated, the county auditor shall mail to the voter 147.29 a notice stating the voter's name, address, precinct, and polling place, except that if the voter's record is challenged due to a felony conviction, noncitizenship, name change,

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incompetence, or a court's revocation of voting rights of individuals under guardianship, the auditor must not mail the notice. The notice must advise the voter that the voter's voting address has been changed and that the voter must notify the county auditor within 21 days if the new address is not the voter's address of residence. The notice must state that it must be returned if it is not deliverable to the voter at the named address.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Entry of registration information.** (a) At the time a voter registration application is properly completed, submitted, and received in accordance with sections 201.061 and 201.071, the county auditor shall enter the information contained on it into the statewide registration system. Voter registration applications completed before election day must be entered into the statewide registration system within ten days after they have been submitted to the county auditor. Voter registration applications completed on election day must be entered into the statewide registration system within 42 days after the election, unless the county auditor notifies the secretary of state before the deadline has expired that the deadline will not be met. Upon receipt of a notification under this paragraph, the secretary of state must extend the deadline for that county auditor by an additional 28 days. The secretary of state may waive a county's obligations under this paragraph if, on good cause shown, the county demonstrates its permanent inability to comply.

The secretary of state must post data on each county's compliance with this paragraph on the secretary of state's website including, as applicable, the date each county fully complied or the deadline by which a county's compliance must be complete.

- (b) Upon receiving a completed voter registration application, the secretary of state may electronically transmit the information on the application to the appropriate county auditor as soon as possible for review by the county auditor before final entry into the statewide registration system. The secretary of state may mail the voter registration application to the county auditor.
- (c) Within ten days after the county auditor has entered information from a voter registration application into the statewide registration system, the secretary of state shall compare the voter's name, date of birth, and driver's license number, state identification number, or the last four digits of the Social Security number with the same information contained in the Department of Public Safety database.
- (d) The secretary of state shall provide a report to the county auditor on a weekly basis that includes a list of voters whose name, date of birth, or identification number have been compared with the same information in the Department of Public Safety database and cannot

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be verified as provided in this subdivision. The report must list separately those voters who have submitted a voter registration application by mail and have not voted in a federal election in this state.

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- (e) The county auditor shall compile a list of voters for whom the county auditor and the secretary of state are unable to conclude that information on the voter registration application and the corresponding information in the Department of Public Safety database relate to the same person.
- (f) The county auditor shall send a notice of incomplete registration to any voter whose name appears on the list and change the voter's status to "incomplete." "challenged." A voter who receives a notice of incomplete registration from the county auditor may either provide the information required to complete the registration clear the challenge at least 21 days before the next election or at the polling place on election day.
- 149.13 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. Use of change of address system. (a) At least once each month the secretary of state shall obtain a list of individuals registered to vote in this state who have filed with the United States Postal Service a change of their permanent address. The secretary of state may also periodically obtain a list of individuals with driver's licenses or state identification cards to identify those who are registered to vote who have applied to the Department of Public Safety for a replacement driver's license or state identification card with a different address, and a list of individuals for whom the Department of Public Safety received notification of a driver's license or state identification card cancellation due to a change of residency out of state. However, the secretary of state shall not load data derived from these lists into the statewide voter registration system within the 47 days before the state primary or 47 days before a November general election.
 - (b) If the address is changed to another address in this state, the secretary of state shall locate the precinct in which the voter resides maintains residence, if possible. If the secretary of state is able to locate the precinct in which the voter resides maintains residence, the secretary must transmit the information about the changed address by electronic means to the county auditor of the county in which the new address is located. For addresses for which the secretary of state is unable to determine the precinct, the secretary may forward information to the appropriate county auditors for individual review. If the voter has not voted or submitted a voter registration application since the address change, upon receipt of the information, the county auditor shall update the voter's address in the statewide voter registration system. The county auditor shall mail to the voter a notice stating the voter's

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name, address, precinct, and polling place, unless the voter's record is challenged due to a felony conviction, noncitizenship, name change, incompetence, or a court's revocation of voting rights of individuals under guardianship, in which case the auditor must not mail the notice. The notice must advise the voter that the voter's voting address has been changed and that the voter must notify the county auditor within 21 days if the new address is not the voter's address of residence. The notice must state that it must be returned if it is not deliverable to the voter at the named address.

- (c) If the change of permanent address is to an address outside this state, the secretary of state shall notify by electronic means the auditor of the county where the voter formerly resided maintained residence that the voter has moved to another state. If the voter has not voted or submitted a voter registration application since the address change, the county auditor shall promptly mail to the voter at the voter's new address a notice advising the voter that the voter's status in the statewide voter registration system will be changed to "inactive" unless the voter notifies the county auditor within 21 days that the voter is retaining the former address as the voter's address of residence, except that if the voter's record is challenged due to a felony conviction, noncitizenship, name change, incompetence, or a court's revocation of voting rights of individuals under guardianship, the auditor must not mail the notice. If the notice is not received by the deadline, the county auditor shall change the voter's status to "inactive" in the statewide voter registration system.
- (d) If, in order to maintain voter registration records, the secretary of state enters an agreement to share information or data with an organization governed exclusively by a group of states, the secretary must first determine that the data security protocols are sufficient to safeguard the information or data shared. If required by such an agreement, the secretary of state may share the following data from the statewide voter registration system and data released to the secretary of state under section 171.12, subdivision 7a:
- 150.26 (1) name;
- 150.27 (2) date of birth;
- 150.28 (3) address;
- 150.29 (4) driver's license or state identification card number;
- 150.30 (5) the last four digits of an individual's Social Security number; and
- 150.31 (6) the date that an individual's record was last updated.
- 150.32 If the secretary of state enters into such an agreement, the secretary and county auditors 150.33 must process changes to voter records based upon that data in accordance with this section.

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Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, when data is shared with the secretary of
state by another state, the secretary of state must maintain the same data classification that
the data had while it was in the possession of the state providing the data.

- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.145, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 151.4
- Subd. 3. Commissioner of corrections report; state court administrator report. (a) 151.5 The state court administrator must report on individuals 17 years of age or older who have 151.6 been convicted of a felony. 151.7
- 151.8 (b) The commissioner of corrections must report on individuals 17 16 years of age or older who are currently: 151.9
- (1) serving incarcerated for felony sentences under the commissioner's jurisdiction; or 151.10 (2) on probation for felony offenses that resulted in the loss of civil rights, as indicated 151.11
- by the statewide supervision system established under section 241.065.
- 151.13 (e) (b) Each report under this subdivision must include the following information for each individual: name, address or last known residential address that is not a correctional 151.14 facility, and date of birth. If available, each report must also include the individual's: corrections' state identification number, last four digits of the Social Security number, driver's license or state identification card number, date of sentence, effective date of the 151.17 sentence, county in which the conviction occurred, and date of discharge and most recent 151.18 date of incarceration. 151.19
- (d) (c) No later than seven calendar days after receiving a report under this subdivision, the secretary of state must determine if a person identified under paragraph (a) is registered to vote and must prepare a list of those registrants for the county auditor. No later than seven calendar days after receiving a report under this subdivision, the secretary of state must determine if any data newly indicates that a person identified under paragraph (b) (a) is registered to vote and must prepare a list of those registrants for the county auditor. No later 151.25 than seven calendar days after receiving the list from the secretary of state, the county auditor must challenge the status on the record in the statewide voter registration system of each individual named in the list.
- (e) (d) The county auditor must identify an individual who registered to vote or voted while serving incarcerated for a felony sentence under the commissioner's jurisdiction or while on probation for a felony offense that resulted in the loss of civil rights during a period when the individual's civil rights were revoked. The county auditor must immediately send 151.32 notice to the county attorney. The notice must include the name of the individual and any

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other identifying information as well as the evidence that shows the individual registered to vote or voted during the period when the individual's civil rights were revoked of incarceration.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.

- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.145, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Reports; restoration of right to vote.** (a) The state court administrator must report on each individual whose guardianship was modified to restore the ward's right to vote or whose guardianship was terminated by order of the court under section 524.5-317 after being ineligible to vote for any of the reasons specified in subdivision 2, paragraph (a).
- 152.11 (b) The state court administrator must report on individuals previously convicted of a
 152.12 felony whose civil rights have been restored.
- (e) The commissioner of corrections must report on individuals who were serving incarcerated for a felony sentence under the commissioner's jurisdiction or who were on probation for a felony offense under the commissioner's jurisdiction that resulted in the loss of civil rights but who have been discharged from the sentence and have been released from incarceration.
- (d) (c) Each report under this subdivision must include the following information for each individual: name, address, date of birth, and, if available, the last four digits of the Social Security number. For reports the report required by paragraphs paragraph (b) and (e), each the report must also include the individual's, if available: corrections' state identification number, driver's license or state identification card number, date of sentence, effective date of the sentence incarceration, county in which the conviction occurred, and date of discharge.
- (e) (d) No later than seven calendar days after receiving a report under this subdivision, the secretary of state must determine if a person identified under paragraph (a) or (b) is registered to vote and must prepare a list of those registrants for the county auditor. No later than seven calendar days after receiving a report under this subdivision, the secretary of state must determine if any data newly indicates that a person identified under paragraph (e) (b) is registered to vote and must prepare a list of those registrants for the county auditor. No later than seven calendar days after receiving the list from the secretary of state, the county auditor must remove the challenge status on the record in the statewide voter registration system of each individual named in the list.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.1611, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. **Forms.** (a) All postsecondary institutions that enroll students accepting state or federal financial aid shall must provide voter registration forms to each student as early as possible in the fall quarter during the fall and spring of each year. In state election years, it must be provided 15 days in advance of the deadline for registering to vote for the state general election. If the voter registration forms are provided electronically, the electronic message must be devoted exclusively to voter registration.

- (b) All school districts shall must make available voter registration applications each May and September to all students registered as students of the school district who will be eligible to vote at the next election after those months. A school district has no obligation to provide voter registration applications to students who participate in a postsecondary education option program or who otherwise reside maintain residence in the district but do not attend a school operated by the district. A school district fulfills its obligation to a student under this section if it provides a voter registration application to the student one time.
- (c) The <u>voter registration</u> forms must contain spaces for the information required in section 201.071, subdivision 1, and applicable rules of the secretary of state. The institutions and school districts may request these forms from the secretary of state. Institutions must consult with their campus student government in determining the most effective means of distributing the forms and in seeking to facilitate election day registration of students under section 201.061, subdivision 3. School districts must advise students that completion of the voter registration application is not a school district requirement.
 - (d) The institutions must report to the secretary of state by November 30 of each year on their implementation of this section. At a minimum, the report must include how and when the forms were distributed and the voter engagement plan under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2). Institutions may include information about methods that were effective in increasing student registrations.
- (e) By February 1 of each year, the secretary of state must report to the chairs and ranking
 minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over elections on the
 information under paragraph (d). The secretary must highlight best practices and innovative
 methods that were most effective in registering students to vote.

Article 4 Sec. 23.

154.1	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.1611, is amended by adding a subdivision
154.2	to read:
154.3	Subd. 3. Voter information. (a) All postsecondary institutions that enroll students
154.4	accepting state or federal financial aid must maintain a webpage to share resources to help
154.5	students determine where and how they are eligible to vote. The webpage must include the
154.6	following:
154.7	(1) resources from state and local election officials on voter registration and voting
154.8	requirements including voter registration deadlines; residency requirements; acceptable
154.9	methods of proving residency for same day registration, as applicable; and absentee voting
154.10	options;
154.11	(2) applicable deadlines for requesting and submitting an absentee ballot, as well as
154.12	additional options for early and in-person voting, and voting on election day;
154.13	(3) resources to help students who are registered in another state to apply for absentee
154.14	ballots in that state, and may include resources from state and local election officials from
154.15	that state;
154.16	(4) the campus vote coordinator's name and contact information; and
154.17	(5) the voter engagement plan required by paragraph (b), clause (2).
154.18	(b) All postsecondary institutions that enroll students accepting state or federal financial
154.19	aid must designate a staff person as the campus vote coordinator. The campus vote
154.20	coordinator must:
154.21	(1) ensure the institution complies with this section; and
154.22	(2) consult with the campus student association to develop a voter engagement plan that
154.23	identifies goals and activities, resources to accomplish the identified goals and activities,
154.24	and individual or key departments responsible for executing the identified goals and activities.
154.25	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.195, is amended to read:
154.26	201.195 CHALLENGES.
154.27	Subdivision 1. Petition ; hearing timing. (a) Upon petition filed with the county auditor,
154.28	any voter registered within a county may challenge the eligibility or residence of any other
154.29	voter registered within that county. A petition filed pursuant to this section must not include
154.30	the name of more than one person whose right to vote is challenged. The county auditor
154.31	must not accept a filing which challenges the eligibility of more than one voter. Petitions
154.32	must be filed at least 45 days before the election, unless the voter registered or updated the

155.1 <u>vc</u>	oter's registration within 60 days before the election, in which case the petition must be
155.2 <u>fil</u>	led at least ten days before the election, or within ten days after the voter's new or updated
155.3 <u>re</u>	egistration appeared on the public information list, whichever is later.
155.4	(b) The petition shall must state the grounds for challenge and, provide facts and
155.5 <u>ci</u>	rcumstances supporting the challenge, and may include supporting documents, affidavits,
155.6 <u>or</u>	r other evidence. The petition must be accompanied by an affidavit stating that the challenge
155.7 is	based on the challenger's personal knowledge, and that the filer exercised due diligence
155.8 <u>to</u>	personally verify the facts and circumstances establishing the basis for the challenge.
155.9 <u>Tl</u>	he filer has the burden to prove, by clear and convincing evidence, that the basis for
155.10 <u>ch</u>	nallenging the individual's eligibility to vote is valid.
155.11	(c) The following reasons, standing alone, do not constitute adequate grounds for a
155.12 <u>ch</u>	nallenge:
155.13	(1) a piece of mail sent to the voter by someone other than the county auditor that was
155.14 <u>re</u>	eturned as undeliverable;
155.15	(2) enrollment in an educational institution; or
155.16	(3) registration to vote at an address that is housing provided for students by an
155.17 <u>ed</u>	ducational institution.
155.18	Subd. 1a. Reasons for dismissal. If the petition is incomplete, or if the basis for the
155.19 <u>ch</u>	nallenge does not meet the requirements of this section, the county auditor must dismiss
155.20 <u>th</u>	ne petition and notify the filer in writing of the reasons for the dismissal.
155.21	Subd. 1b. Notice to voter. Within five days after receipt of the a petition that meets the
155.22 <u>re</u>	equirements of this section, the county auditor shall must set a date for a hearing on the
155.23 ch	nallenge and notify the challenger by mail. A copy of the petition and notice of the hearing
155.24 sh	must be served on the challenged voter by the county auditor in the same manner as
155.25 in	a civil action. The county auditor must inform the challenged individual that:
155.26	(1) a petition has been filed as to whether the individual is eligible to vote as well as the
155.27 <u>ba</u>	asis of the challenge;
155.28	(2) if the individual votes by mail, the individual's ballot will not be counted unless the
155.29 <u>ch</u>	nallenge is resolved; and
155.30	(3) the individual may submit information prior to the hearing or present information at
155.31 <u>th</u>	ne hearing. This information may include a sworn statement, supporting documents,
155.32 <u>af</u>	ffidavits, witnesses, or other evidence supporting the challenged individual's eligibility to
155.33 <u>vc</u>	ote in the election.

156.1	Subd. 1c. Hearing. The hearing shall must be held before the county auditor or the
156.2	auditor's designee who shall must then make findings and affirm or dismiss the challenge.
156.3	The hearing must be recorded by either video or audio recording. The recording must be
156.4	retained for 22 months.
156.5	Subd. 2. Appeal. If a challenge is affirmed, the voter whose registration has been
156.6	challenged may appeal the ruling to the secretary of state. The voter must immediately
156.7	notify the county auditor of the appeal, and upon receipt of this notice, the county auditor
156.8	must submit the entire record of the hearing, including all documents and a recording of
156.9	the hearing, to the secretary of state. The appeal shall must be heard within five days but in
156.10	any case before election day. Upon hearing the appeal the secretary of state shall must affirm
156.11	or reverse the ruling and shall must give appropriate instructions to the county auditor.
156.12	Subd. 3. Hearing procedures. A hearing before the secretary of state shall must be
156.13	conducted as a contested case and determined in accordance with chapter 14.
156.14	See 26 Minnesote Statutes 2022 postion 201 225 publishing 2 is smoothed to made
156.14	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 201.225, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
156.15	Subd. 2. Technology requirements. An electronic roster must:
156.16	(1) be able to be loaded with a data file that includes voter registration data in a file
156.17	format prescribed by the secretary of state;
156.18	(2) allow for data to be exported in a file format prescribed by the secretary of state;
156.19	(3) allow for data to be entered manually or by scanning a Minnesota driver's license or
156.20	identification card to locate a voter record or populate a voter registration application that
156.21	would be printed and signed and dated by the voter. The printed registration application
156.22	can be either a printed form, labels a label printed with voter information to be affixed to a
156.23	preprinted form, or a combination of both a form and label, or an electronic record that the
156.24	voter signs electronically and is printed following its completion at the polling place;
156.25	(4) allow an election judge to update data that was populated from a scanned driver's
156.26	license or identification card;
156.27	(5) cue an election judge to ask for and input data that is not populated from a scanned
156.28	driver's license or identification card that is otherwise required to be collected from the voter
156.29	or an election judge;
156.30	(6) immediately alert the election judge if the voter has provided information that indicates
156.31	that the voter is not eligible to vote;

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157.1	(7) immediately alert the election judge if the electronic roster indicates that a voter has
157.2	already voted in that precinct, the voter's registration status is challenged, or it appears the
157.3	voter resides maintains residence in a different precinct;
157.4	(8) provide immediate instructions on how to resolve a particular type of challenge when
157.5	a voter's record is challenged;
157.6	(9) provide for a printed voter signature certificate, containing the voter's name, address
157.7	of residence, date of birth, voter identification number, the oath required by section 204C.10,
157.8	and a space for the voter's original signature. The printed voter signature certificate can be
157.9	either a printed form or, a label printed with the voter's information to be affixed to the oath,
157.10	or an electronic record that the voter signs electronically and is printed following its
157.11	completion at the polling place;
157.12	(10) contain only preregistered voters within the precinct, and not contain preregistered
157.13	voter data on voters registered outside of the precinct, unless being utilized for absentee or
157.14	early voting under chapter 203B or for mail balloting on election day pursuant to section
157.15	204B.45, subdivision 2a;
157.16	(11) be only networked within the polling location on election day, except for the purpose
157.17	of updating absentee ballot records;
157.18	(12) meet minimum security, reliability, and networking standards established by the
157.19	Office of the Secretary of State in consultation with the Department of Information
157.20	Technology Services;
157.21	(13) be capable of providing a voter's correct polling place; and
157.22	(14) perform any other functions necessary for the efficient and secure administration
157.23	of the participating election, as determined by the secretary of state.
157.24	Electronic rosters used only for election day registration do not need to comply with clauses
157.25	(1), (8), and (10). Electronic rosters used only for preregistered voter processing do not need
157.26	to comply with clauses (4) and (5).
157.27	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 202A.13, is amended to read:

202A.13 COMMITTEES, CONVENTIONS.

The rules of each major political party shall provide that for each congressional district 157.29 and each county at least 45 counties or legislative districts a convention shall be 157.30 held at least once every state general election year. Each major political party shall also 157.31 provide for each congressional district and each county at least 45 counties or legislative 157.32

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district districts an executive committee consisting of a chair and such other officers as may be necessary. The party rules may provide for only one executive committee and one convention where any county and congressional district have the same territorial limits.

A delegate or alternate who is deaf, deafblind, or hard-of-hearing who needs interpreter services at a county, legislative district, congressional district, or state convention shall so notify the executive committee of the major political party unit whose convention the delegate or alternate plans to attend. Written notice must be given by certified mail or electronic mail to the executive committee at least 30 days before the convention date. The major political party, not later than 14 days before the convention date, shall secure the services of one or more interpreters if available and shall assume responsibility for the cost of the services. The state central committee of the major political party shall determine the process for reimbursing interpreters.

A visually impaired delegate or alternate to a county, legislative district, congressional district, or state convention may notify the executive committee of the major political party unit that the delegate or alternate requires convention materials in audio tape, Braille, or large print format. Upon receiving the request, the executive committee shall provide all official written convention materials as soon as they are available, so that the visually impaired individual may have them converted to audio tape, Braille, or large print format, prior to the convention.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 202A.18, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **Preference ballot** for governor. In a year when the office of governor appears on the state general election ballot, prior to the opening of nominations for the election of permanent offices and delegates, a ballot must be distributed to permit caucus participants to indicate their preference for the office of the governor. The results of preference voting must be reported to the secretary of state immediately upon conclusion of the voting, in the manner provided by the secretary of state. The secretary of state shall provide the appropriate forms to the party for reporting the results.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.001, is amended to read:

203B.001 ELECTION LAW APPLICABILITY.

The Minnesota Election Law is applicable to voting by absentee ballot and early voting unless otherwise provided in this chapter.

159.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of
159.2	the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or
159.3	the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later.
	G 20 M; (C) (2022); 202B 01 ; (1.11 11; (1.11))
159.4	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
159.5	to read:
159.6	Subd. 5. Early voting. "Early voting" means voting in person before election day as
159.7	provided in section 203B.30.
159.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of
159.9	the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or
159.10	the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later.
159.11	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
159.12	to read:
159.13	Subd. 6. Utility worker. "Utility worker" means an employee of a public utility as
159.14	defined by section 216B.02, subdivision 4.
159.15	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
159.16	Subdivision 1. Violation. (a) No individual shall intentionally:
159.17	(1) make or sign any false certificate required by this chapter;
159.18	(2) make any false or untrue statement in any application for absentee ballots;
159.19	(3) apply for absentee ballots more than once in any election with the intent to cast an
159.20	illegal ballot;
159.21	(4) exhibit a ballot marked by that individual to any other individual;
159.22	(5) do any act in violation of the provisions of this chapter for the purpose of casting an
159.23	illegal vote in any precinct or for the purpose of aiding another to cast an illegal vote;
159.24	(6) use information from absentee ballot <u>or early voting</u> materials or records for purposes
159.25	unrelated to elections, political activities, or law enforcement;
159.26	(7) provide assistance to an absentee or early voter except in the manner provided by
159.27	section 204C.15, subdivision 1;
159.28	(8) solicit the vote of an absentee voter while in the immediate presence of the voter

during the time the individual knows the absentee voter is voting; or

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160.1	(9) alter an absentee ballot application after it has been signed by the voter, except by
160.2	an election official for administrative purposes.
160.3	(b) Before inspecting information from absentee ballot or early voting materials or
160.4	records, an individual shall provide identification to the public official having custody of
160.5	the material or information.
160.6	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of
160.7	the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or
160.8	the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later.
160.9	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
160.10	to read:
160.11	Subd. 1a. Prohibited methods of compensation. (a) No individual may be compensated
160.12	for the solicitation, collection, or acceptance of absentee ballot applications from voters for
160.13	submission to the county auditor or other local election official in a manner in which payment
160.14	is calculated by multiplying (1) either a set or variable payment rate, by (2) the number of
160.15	applications solicited, collected, or accepted.
160.16	(b) No individual may be deprived of compensation or have compensation automatically
160.17	reduced exclusively for failure to solicit, collect, or accept a minimum number of absentee
160.18	ballot applications.
160.19	(c) No individual may receive additional compensation for collecting a certain number
160.20	of absentee ballot applications.
160.21	(d) Violation of this subdivision is a petty misdemeanor.
160.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
160.23	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
160.24	Subdivision 1. Generally. The full-time clerk of any city or town shall administer the
160.25	provisions of sections 203B.04 to 203B.15 and 203B.30 if:
160.26	(1) the county auditor of that county has designated the clerk to administer them; or
160.27	(2) the clerk has given the county auditor of that county notice of intention to administer
160.28	them.

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The designation or notice must specify whether the clerk will be responsible for the

administration of a ballot board as provided in section 203B.121.

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A clerk of a city that is located in more than one county may only administer the provisions of sections 203B.04 to 203B.15 and 203B.30 if the clerk has been designated by each of the county auditors or has provided notice to each of the county auditors that the city will administer absentee voting. A clerk may only administer the provisions of sections 203B.04 to 203B.15 and 203B.30 if the clerk has technical capacity to access the statewide voter registration system in the secure manner prescribed by the secretary of state. The secretary of state must identify hardware, software, security, or other technical prerequisites necessary to ensure the security, access controls, and performance of the statewide voter registration system. A clerk must receive training approved by the secretary of state on the use of the statewide voter registration system before administering this section. A clerk may not use the statewide voter registration system until the clerk has received the required training. The county auditor must notify the secretary of state of any municipal clerk who will be administering the provisions of this section and the duties that the clerk will administer.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of 161.15 the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or 161.16 the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later. 161.17

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Delivery of ballots.** (a) The commissioner of corrections must provide the secretary of state with a list of the names and mailing addresses of state adult correctional facilities. An application for an absentee ballot that provides an address included on the list provided by the commissioner of corrections must not be accepted and an absentee ballot must not be provided to the applicant. The county auditor or municipal clerk must promptly transmit a copy of the application to the county attorney. The Department of Corrections must implement procedures to ensure that absentee ballots issued under this chapter are not received or mailed by offenders incarcerated at state adult correctional facilities.

(b) If an application for absentee ballots is accepted at a time when absentee ballots are not yet available for distribution, the county auditor, or municipal clerk accepting the application shall file it and as soon as absentee ballots are available for distribution shall mail them to the address specified in the application. If an application for absentee ballots is accepted when absentee ballots are available for distribution, the county auditor or municipal clerk accepting the application shall promptly:

Article 4 Sec. 35.

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- (1) mail the ballots to the voter whose signature appears on the application if the application is submitted by mail and does not request commercial shipping under clause
- (2) ship the ballots to the voter using a commercial shipper requested by the voter at the voter's expense;
- (3) deliver the absentee ballots directly to the voter if the application is submitted in person; or
 - (4) deliver the absentee ballots in a sealed transmittal envelope to an agent who has been designated to bring the ballots, as provided in section 203B.11, subdivision 4, to a voter who would have difficulty getting to the polls because of incapacitating health reasons, or who is disabled, or who is a patient in a health care facility, a resident of a facility providing an assisted living services governed by facility licensed under chapter 144G, a participant in a residential program for adults licensed under section 245A.02, subdivision 14, or a resident of a shelter for battered women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4.
 - (c) If an application does not indicate the election for which absentee ballots are sought, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall mail or deliver only the ballots for the next election occurring after receipt of the application. Only one set of ballots may be mailed, shipped, or delivered to an applicant for any election, except as provided in section 203B.121, subdivision 2, or when a replacement ballot has been requested by the voter for a ballot that has been spoiled or lost in transit.
- 162.21 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Delivery of envelopes, directions.** The county auditor or the municipal 162.22 clerk shall prepare, print, and transmit a return envelope, a signature envelope, a ballot 162.23 envelope, and a copy of the directions for casting an absentee ballot to each applicant whose 162.24 application for absentee ballots is accepted pursuant to section 203B.04. The county auditor 162.25 or municipal clerk shall provide first class postage for the return envelope. The directions 162.26 for casting an absentee ballot shall be printed in at least 14-point bold type with heavy 162.27 leading and may be printed on the ballot envelope. When a person requests the directions 162.28 in Braille or on audio file, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall provide them in the 162.29 162.30 form requested. The secretary of state shall prepare Braille and audio file copies and make them available. 162.31

Article 4 Sec. 36.

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When a voter registration application is sent to the applicant as provided in section 203B.06, subdivision 4, the directions or registration application shall include instructions for registering to vote.

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- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Design of envelopes.** (a) The return signature envelope shall be of sufficient size to conveniently enclose and contain the ballot envelope and a folded voter registration application. The return signature envelope shall be designed to open on the left-hand end.
- (b) The return envelope must be designed in one of the following ways:
- (1) it must be of sufficient size to contain an additional a signature envelope that when and when the return envelope is sealed, it conceals the signature, identification, and other information; or
- 163.12 (2) it must be the signature envelope and provide an additional flap that when sealed, 163.13 conceals the signature, identification, and other information.
- 163.14 (c) Election officials may open the flap or the <u>additional return</u> envelope at any time
 163.15 after receiving the returned ballot to inspect the returned certificate for completeness or to
 163.16 ascertain other information.
- Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Eligibility certificate. A certificate of eligibility to vote by absentee ballot 163.18 shall be printed on the back of the return signature envelope. The certificate shall contain 163.19 space for the voter's Minnesota driver's license number, state identification number, or the last four digits of the voter's Social Security number, or to indicate that the voter does not have one of these numbers. The space must be designed to ensure that the voter provides 163.22 the same type of identification as provided on the voter's absentee ballot application for 163.23 purposes of comparison. The certificate must also contain a statement to be signed and 163.24 sworn by the voter indicating that the voter meets all of the requirements established by law 163.25 for voting by absentee ballot and space for a statement signed by a person who is registered to vote in Minnesota or by a notary public or other individual authorized to administer oaths 163.27 stating that: 163.28
 - (1) the ballots were displayed to that individual unmarked;
- 163.30 (2) the voter marked the ballots in that individual's presence without showing how they
 were marked, or, if the voter was physically unable to mark them, that the voter directed
 another individual to mark them; and

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- (3) if the voter was not previously registered, the voter has provided proof of residence 164.1 as required by section 201.061, subdivision 3. 164.2
- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 164.3
- Subdivision 1. Marking and return by voter. (a) An eligible voter who receives absentee ballots as provided in this chapter shall mark them in the manner specified in the directions for casting the absentee ballots. The return envelope containing marked ballots may be mailed as provided in the directions for casting the absentee ballots, may be left with the county auditor or municipal clerk who transmitted the absentee ballots to the voter, or may be left in a drop box as provided in section 203B.082. If delivered in person, the return envelope must be submitted to the county auditor or municipal clerk by 3:00 p.m. on 164.10 election day. 164.11
- (b) The voter may designate an agent to deliver in person the sealed absentee ballot 164.12 return envelope to the county auditor or municipal clerk or to deposit the return envelope 164.13 in the mail. An agent may deliver or mail the return envelopes of not more than three voters 164.14 in any election. Any person designated as an agent who tampers with either the return 164.15 envelope or the voted ballots or does not immediately mail or deliver the return envelope 164.16 to the county auditor or municipal clerk is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 164.18
- Subd. 3. Procedures on receipt of ballots. When absentee ballots are returned to a 164.19 county auditor or municipal clerk, that official shall stamp or initial and date the return 164.20 envelope and place it in a locked ballot container or other secured and locked space with other return envelopes received by that office. Within five days after receipt, the county 164.22 auditor or municipal clerk shall deliver to the ballot board all ballots received, except that 164.23 during the 14 days immediately preceding an election, the county auditor or municipal clerk 164.24 shall deliver all ballots received to the ballot board within three days. Ballots received on 164.25 election day either (1) after 3:00 p.m., if delivered in person; or (2) after 8:00 p.m., if 164.26 164.27 delivered by mail or a package delivery service, shall be marked as received late by the county auditor or municipal clerk, and must not be delivered to the ballot board. 164.28
- 164.29 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.081, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Location; timing for absentee voting. An eligible voter may vote by 164.30 164.31 absentee ballot in the office of the county auditor and at any other polling place designated

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165 3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt
165.2	section.
165.1	by the county auditor during the 46 days before the election, except as provided in this

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.081, is amended by adding a subdivision 165.6 to read: 165.7

Subd. 1a. Location; timing for early voting. An eligible voter may vote using early voting during the 18 days before a federal, state, or county election, and during the 18 days before a municipal election if authorized under section 203B.05, in the office of the county auditor and at any other polling place designated by the county auditor. In elections in which early voting is provided, the alternative voting procedure authorized by subdivision 3 must not be provided.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later.

- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 165.17
- Subd. 3. Alternative procedure. (a) In elections not eligible to use early voting under 165.18 subdivision 1a, the county auditor may make available a ballot counter and ballot box for 165.19 use by the voters during the seven 18 days before the election. If a ballot counter and ballot 165.20 box is provided, a voter must be given the option either (1) to vote using the process provided 165.21 in section 203B.08, subdivision 1, or (2) to vote in the manner provided in this subdivision. 165.22
- 165.23 (b) If a voter chooses to vote in the manner provided in this subdivision, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and date of birth to the county auditor or municipal clerk. 165.24 The voter shall sign a voter's certificate, which must include the voter's name, identification 165.25 number, and the certification required by section 201.071, subdivision 1. The signature of 165.26 an individual on the voter's certificate and the issuance of a ballot to the individual is evidence 165.27 of the intent of the individual to vote at that election.
- (c) After signing the voter's certificate, the voter shall be issued a ballot and immediately 165.29 retire to a voting station or other designated location in the polling place to mark the ballot. 165.30 The ballot must not be taken from the polling place. If the voter spoils the ballot, the voter 165.31

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1	may return it to the election official in exchange for a new ballot. After completing the
.2	ballot, the voter shall deposit the ballot into the ballot box.

- (d) The election official must immediately record that the voter has voted in the manner provided in section 203B.121, subdivision 3.
- 166.5 (e) The election duties required by this subdivision must be performed by an election judge, the county auditor, municipal clerk, or a deputy of the auditor or clerk. 166.6
- 166.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or 166.8 the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later. 166.9
- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 166.10
- Subd. 3. Alternative procedure. (a) The county auditor may make available a ballot 166.11 counter and ballot box for use by the voters during the seven 18 days before the election. 166.12 166.13 If a ballot counter and ballot box is provided, a voter must be given the option either (1) to vote using the process provided in section 203B.08, subdivision 1, or (2) to vote in the 166 14 manner provided in this subdivision. 166.15
- 166.16 (b) If a voter chooses to vote in the manner provided in this subdivision, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and date of birth to the county auditor or municipal clerk. 166.17 The voter shall sign a voter's certificate, which must include the voter's name, identification 166.18 number, and the certification required by section 201.071, subdivision 1. The signature of 166.19 an individual on the voter's certificate and the issuance of a ballot to the individual is evidence 166.20 of the intent of the individual to vote at that election. 166.21
- (c) After signing the voter's certificate, the voter shall be issued a ballot and immediately 166.22 retire to a voting station or other designated location in the polling place to mark the ballot. 166.23 The ballot must not be taken from the polling place. If the voter spoils the ballot, the voter 166.24 may return it to the election official in exchange for a new ballot. After completing the 166.25 ballot, the voter shall deposit the ballot into the ballot box. 166.26
- (d) The election official must immediately record that the voter has voted in the manner 166.27 provided in section 203B.121, subdivision 3. 166.28
- 166.29 (e) The election duties required by this subdivision must be performed by an election judge, the county auditor, municipal clerk, or a deputy of the auditor or clerk. 166.30
- 166.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2023.

167.1	Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.081, is amended by adding a subdivision
167.2	to read:
167.3	Subd. 4. Temporary locations. (a) A county auditor or municipal clerk authorized under
167.4	section 203B.05 to administer voting before election day may designate additional polling
167.5	places with days and hours that differ from those required by section 203B.085. A designation
167.6	authorized by this subdivision must be made at least 47 days before the election. The county
167.7	auditor or municipal clerk must provide notice to the secretary of state at the time that the
167.8	designations are made.
167.9	(b) At the request of a federally recognized Indian Tribe with a reservation in the county,
167.10	the county auditor must establish an additional polling place for at least one day on the
167.11	Indian reservation on a site agreed upon by the Tribe and the county auditor that is accessible
167.12	to the county auditor by a public road.
167.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.
167.14	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.081, is amended by adding a subdivision
167.15	to read:
167.16	Subd. 5. Town elections. Voters casting absentee ballots in person for a town election
167.17	held in March may do so during the 30 days before the election.
167.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.
167.19	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.081, is amended by adding a subdivision
167.20	to read:
167.21	Subd. 6. Designation of locations. The county auditor must make polling place
167.22	designations at least 14 weeks before the election and must provide the notice to the secretary
167.23	of state at the time the designations are made.
167.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.
167.25	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.081, is amended by adding a subdivision
167.26	to read:
167.27	Subd. 7. Notice to voters. The county auditor must prepare a notice to the voters of the
167.28	days, times, and locations for voting before election day as authorized by this section. This
167.29	notice must be posted on the secretary of state's website, the county's website, and the
167.30	website for each municipality in which a voting location under this section is located at
167.31	least 14 days before the first day of the absentee voting period. If a county or municipality

168.1	does not have a website, the county auditor or municipal clerk must publish the notice at
168.2	least once in the jurisdiction's official newspaper at least seven days and not more than 14
168.3	days before the first day of the absentee voting period.
168.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.
168.5	Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.081, is amended by adding a subdivision
168.6	to read:
168.7	Subd. 8. Equipment. The county auditor must provide each polling place with at least
168.8	one voting booth; a ballot box; an electronic ballot counter, unless it has not adopted use
168.9	of one; and at least one electronic ballot marker for individuals with disabilities pursuant
168.10	to section 206.57, subdivision 5.
168.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.
168.12	Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.085, is amended to read:
168.13	203B.085 COUNTY AUDITOR'S AND MUNICIPAL CLERK'S OFFICES TO
168.14	REMAIN OPEN DURING CERTAIN HOURS PRECEDING ELECTION.
168.15	Subdivision 1. State general elections. Prior to a state general election, the county
168.16	auditor's office in each county and the clerk's office in each city or town authorized under
168.17	section 203B.05 to administer voting before election day must be open:
168.18	(1) until 7:00 p.m. on the Tuesday before the election;
168.19	(2) from 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on the two Saturdays before the election;
168.20	(3) from 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on the Sunday immediately before the election; and
168.21	(4) until 5:00 p.m. on the day before the election.
168.22	A polling place designated under section 203B.081, subdivision 4, may be open alternate
168.23	days and hours.
168.24	Subd. 2. Other elections. In elections other than the state general election, the county
168.25	auditor's office in each county and the clerk's office in each city or town authorized under
168.26	section 203B.05 to administer absentee balloting voting before election day must be open
168.27	for acceptance of absentee ballot applications and casting of absentee ballots voting as
168.28	authorized under section 203B.081 from 10:00 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on Saturday and until
168.29	5:00 p.m. on the day immediately preceding a primary, special, or general election unless
168.30	that day falls on a Saturday or Sunday. Town clerks' offices, and county auditors' offices if
168.31	the county auditor has agreed to perform those duties on behalf of the town, must be open

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for absentee voting from 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon on the Saturday before a town general election held in March. The school district clerk, when performing the county auditor's election duties, need not comply with this section.

Subd. 3. **Voters in line.** All voters in line at a time when a polling place is scheduled to 169.4 169.5 close must be allowed to vote in the same manner as provided in section 204C.05, subdivision 2. 169.6

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Generally. (a) Each full-time municipal clerk or school district clerk who has authority under section 203B.05 to administer absentee voting laws shall must designate election judges to deliver absentee ballots in accordance with this section. The county auditor must also designate election judges to perform the duties in this section. A ballot may be delivered only to an eligible voter who is a temporary or permanent resident or patient in one of the following facilities located in the municipality in which the voter maintains residence: a health care facility or, hospital located in the municipality in which 169.16 the voter maintains residence, or veterans home operated by the board of directors of the Minnesota veterans homes under chapter 198. The ballots shall must be delivered by two election judges, each of whom is affiliated with a different major political party. When the election judges deliver or return ballots as provided in this section, they shall must travel together in the same vehicle. Both election judges shall must be present when an applicant completes the certificate of eligibility and marks the absentee ballots, and may assist an applicant as provided in section 204C.15. The election judges shall must deposit the return envelopes containing the marked absentee ballots in a sealed container and return them to the clerk on the same day that they are delivered and marked.

(b) At the discretion of a full-time municipal clerk, school district clerk, or county auditor, absentee ballots may be delivered in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) to a shelter for battered women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4, or to an assisted living facility licensed under chapter 144G.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Twenty Thirty-five days before an election. During the 20 35 days preceding 169.30 an election, the election judges shall must deliver absentee ballots only to an eligible voter 169.31 who has applied for absentee ballots to the county auditor or municipal clerk under section 169.32 203B.04, subdivision 1. 169.33

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Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Agent delivery of ballots. During the seven days preceding an election and until 2:00 8:00 p.m. on election day, an eligible voter who would have difficulty getting to the polls because of incapacitating health reasons, or who is disabled, or who is a patient of a health care facility, a resident of a facility providing an assisted living services governed by facility licensed under chapter 144G, a participant in a residential program for adults licensed under section 245A.02, subdivision 14, or a resident of a shelter for battered women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4, may designate an agent to deliver the ballots to the voter from the county auditor or municipal clerk. An agent must have a preexisting relationship with the voter. A candidate at the election may not be designated as an agent. 170.10 The voted ballots must be returned to the county auditor or municipal clerk no later than 170.11 3:00 8:00 p.m. on election day. The voter must complete an affidavit requesting the auditor or clerk to provide the agent with the ballots in a sealed transmittal envelope. The affidavit 170.13 must include a statement from the voter stating that the ballots were delivered to the voter 170.14 by the agent in the sealed transmittal envelope. An agent may deliver ballots to no more 170.15 than three persons in any election. The secretary of state shall provide samples of the affidavit 170.16 and transmission envelope for use by the county auditors. 170.17

- Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.12, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 170.18
- 170.19 Subd. 7. Names of persons; rejected absentee ballots. (a) The names of voters who have submitted an absentee ballot to the county auditor or municipal clerk that has not been 170.20 accepted may not be made available for public inspection until the close of voting on election 170.21 170.22 day.
- (b) After the close of voting on election day, the lists must be available to the public in 170.23 the same manner as public information lists in section 201.091, subdivisions 4, 5, and 9. 170.24
- 170.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2024.
- Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.12, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 170.26
- Subd. 8. Names of persons; accepted absentee ballots. For all elections where use of 170.27 the statewide voter registration system is required, the secretary of state must maintain a 170.28 list lists of voters who have submitted absentee ballots that have been accepted, separated 170.29 by method of ballot delivery. For all other elections, the county auditor or municipal clerk 170.30 must maintain a list of voters who have submitted absentee ballots that have been accepted. 170.31 The lists must be available to the public in the same manner as public information lists in 170.32 section 201.091, subdivisions 4, 5, and 9. 170.33

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Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.12, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. Names of persons; early voting. The secretary of state must maintain a list of voters who cast a ballot using the early voting procedures established in section 203B.30 for all elections at which those procedures are used. The list must be available to the public in the same manner as public information lists in section 201.091, subdivisions 4, 5, and 9.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of
the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or
the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Establishment; applicable laws. (a) The governing body of each county, 171.11 municipality, and school district with responsibility to accept and reject absentee ballots or 171.12 to administer early voting must, by ordinance or resolution, establish a ballot board. The 171.13 board must consist of a sufficient number of election judges appointed as provided in sections 204B.19 to 204B.22. The board may include deputy county auditors or deputy city clerks 171.16 who have received training in the processing and counting of absentee ballots. Each member of the ballot board must be provided adequate training on the processing and counting of 171.17 absentee ballots, including but not limited to instruction on accepting and rejecting absentee 171.18 ballots, storage of absentee ballots, timelines and deadlines, the role of the ballot board, 171.19 procedures for opening absentee ballot envelopes, procedures for counting absentee ballots, and procedures for reporting absentee ballot totals. 171.21

- (b) Each jurisdiction must pay a reasonable compensation to each member of that jurisdiction's ballot board for services rendered during an election.
- 171.24 (c) Except as otherwise provided by this section, all provisions of the Minnesota Election
 171.25 Law apply to a ballot board.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of
 the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or
 the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later.
- Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.121, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Duties of ballot board; absentee ballots.** (a) The members of the ballot board shall take possession of all signature envelopes delivered to them in accordance with section 203B.08. Upon receipt from the county auditor, municipal clerk, or school district clerk,

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two	or more members of the ballot board shall examine each signature envelope and shall
mar	k it accepted or rejected in the manner provided in this subdivision. Election judges
perf	forming the duties in this section must be of different major political parties, unless they
are e	exempt from that requirement under section 205.075, subdivision 4, or section 205A.10,
subo	division 2.

- (b) The members of the ballot board shall mark the signature envelope "Accepted" and initial or sign the signature envelope below the word "Accepted" if a majority of the members of the ballot board examining the envelope are satisfied that:
- 172.9 (1) the voter's name and address on the signature envelope are the same as the information provided on the absentee ballot application;
- 172.11 (2) the voter signed the certification on the envelope;
- (3) the voter's Minnesota driver's license, state identification number, or the last four digits of the voter's Social Security number are the same as a number on the voter's absentee ballot application or voter record. If the number does not match, the election judges must compare the signature provided by the applicant to determine whether the ballots were returned by the same person to whom they were transmitted;
- 172.17 (4) the voter is registered and eligible to vote in the precinct or has included a properly completed voter registration application in the signature envelope;
- 172.19 (5) the certificate has been completed as prescribed in the directions for casting an absentee ballot; and
- 172.21 (6) the voter has not already voted at that election, either in person or, if it is after the close of business on the seventh 19th day before the election, by absentee ballot as provided by section 203B.081.
- The signature envelope from accepted ballots must be preserved and returned to the county auditor.
- (c)(1) If a majority of the members of the ballot board examining a signature envelope find that an absentee voter has failed to meet one of the requirements provided in paragraph (b), they shall mark the signature envelope "Rejected," initial or sign it below the word "Rejected," list the reason for the rejection on the envelope, and return it to the county auditor. There is no other reason for rejecting an absentee ballot beyond those permitted by this section. Failure to place the ballot within the secrecy ballot envelope before placing it in the outer white envelope is not a reason to reject an absentee ballot.

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- (2) If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before the election, the envelope must remain sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board shall provide the voter with a replacement absentee ballot and signature envelope in place of the rejected ballot.
- (3) If an envelope is rejected within five days of the election, the envelope must remain sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board must attempt to contact the voter by telephone or email to notify the voter that the voter's ballot has been rejected. The official must document the attempts made to contact the voter.
- (d) The official in charge of the absentee ballot board must mail the voter a written notice of absentee ballot rejection between six and ten weeks following the election. If the official determines that the voter has otherwise cast a ballot in the election, no notice is required. If an absentee ballot arrives after the deadline for submission provided by this chapter, the notice must be provided between six to ten weeks after receipt of the ballot. A notice of absentee ballot rejection must contain the following information:
- 173.14 (1) the date on which the absentee ballot was rejected or, if the ballot was received after
 the required deadline for submission, the date on which the ballot was received;
- 173.16 (2) the reason for rejection; and
- 173.17 (3) the name of the appropriate election official to whom the voter may direct further questions, along with appropriate contact information.
- (e) An absentee ballot signature envelope marked "Rejected" may not be opened or subject to further review except in an election contest filed pursuant to chapter 209.
- 173.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2023.
- Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.121, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Record of voting.** (a) When applicable, the county auditor or municipal clerk must immediately record that a voter's absentee ballot has been accepted. After the close of business on the seventh 19th day before the election, a voter whose record indicates that an absentee ballot has been accepted must not be permitted to cast another ballot at that election. In a state primary, general, or state special election for federal or, state, or county office, the auditor or clerk must also record this information in the statewide voter registration system.
- 173.30 (b) The roster must be marked, and a supplemental report of absentee voters who
 submitted a voter registration application with their ballot must be created, no later than the

174.1	start of voting on election day to indicate the voters that have already cast a ballot at the
174.2	election. The roster may be marked either:

- 174.3 (1) by the county auditor or municipal clerk before election day;
- 174.4 (2) by the ballot board before election day; or
- 174.5 (3) by the election judges at the polling place on election day.
- The record of a voter whose absentee ballot was received after the close of business on the seventh day before the election is not required to be marked on the roster or contained in a supplemental report as required by this paragraph.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendment to paragraph (a) is effective June 1, 2023. The
 amendment to paragraph (b) is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.121, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Record of voting.** (a) When applicable, the county auditor or municipal clerk must immediately record that a voter's absentee ballot has been accepted or that the voter has cast a ballot pursuant to the early voting procedures provided in this chapter. After the close of business on the seventh 19th day before the election, a voter whose record indicates that an absentee ballot has been accepted or that the voter has cast an early ballot must not be permitted to cast another ballot at that election. In a state primary, general, or state special election for federal or, state, or county office, the auditor or clerk must also record this information in the statewide voter registration system.
- (b) The roster must be marked, and a supplemental report of absentee <u>and early</u> voters who submitted a voter registration application with their ballot must be created, no later than the start of voting on election day to indicate the voters that have already cast a ballot at the election. The roster may be marked either:
- (1) by the county auditor or municipal clerk before election day;
- 174.25 (2) by the ballot board before election day; or
- 174.26 (3) by the election judges at the polling place on election day.
- The record of a voter whose absentee ballot was received after the close of business on the seventh day before the election is not required to be marked on the roster or contained in a supplemental report as required by this paragraph.

175.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of
175.2	the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or
175.3	the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later.

- Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.121, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Opening of envelopes.** After the close of business on the seventh 19th day before the election, the ballots from secrecy envelopes within the signature envelopes marked "Accepted" may be opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided in section 206.86, subdivision 5, initialed by the members of the ballot board, and deposited in the appropriate ballot box. If more than one voted ballot is enclosed in the ballot envelope, the ballots must be returned in the manner provided by section 204C.25 for return of spoiled ballots, and may not be counted.
- 175.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2023.
- Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Indefinite residence outside United States. Sections 203B.16 to 203B.27 175.14 provide the exclusive voting procedure for United States citizens who are living indefinitely 175.15 outside the territorial limits of the United States who meet all the qualifications of an eligible 175.16 voter except residence in Minnesota, but who are authorized by federal law to vote in 175.17 Minnesota because they or, if they have never resided maintained residence in the United 175.18 States, a parent maintained residence in Minnesota for at least 20 days immediately prior 175.19 to their departure from the United States. Individuals described in this subdivision shall be 175.20 permitted to vote only for the offices of president, vice-president, senator in Congress, and representative in Congress.
- Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Form.** Absentee ballots under sections 203B.16 to 203B.27 shall conform to the requirements of the Minnesota Election Law, except that modifications in the size or form of ballots or envelopes may be made if necessary to satisfy the requirements of the United States postal service. The return envelope must be designed in one of the following ways:
- (1) it must be of sufficient size to contain an additional a signature envelope that when and when the return envelope is sealed, it conceals the signature, identification, and other information; or

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176.1 (2) it must be the signature envelope and provide an additional flap that when sealed,
176.2 conceals the signature, identification, and other information.

The flap or the <u>additional return</u> envelope must be perforated to permit election officials to inspect the returned certificate for completeness or to ascertain other information at any time after receiving the returned ballot without opening the <u>return</u> signature envelope.

- Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Back of return signature envelope.** On the back of the return signature envelope a certificate shall appear with space for:
- (1) the voter's address of present or former residence in Minnesota;
- 176.10 (2) the voter's current email address, if the voter has one;
- 176.11 (3) a statement indicating the category described in section 203B.16 to which the voter belongs;
- 176.13 (4) a statement that the voter has not cast and will not cast another absentee ballot in the same election or elections;
- 176.15 (5) a statement that the voter personally marked the ballots without showing them to 176.16 anyone, or if physically unable to mark them, that the voter directed another individual to 176.17 mark them; and
 - (6) the same voter's passport number, Minnesota driver's license or state identification card number, or the last four digits of the voter's Social Security number as provided on the absentee ballot application; if the voter does not have access to any of these documents, the voter may attest to the truthfulness of the contents of the certificate under penalty of perjury.
- The certificate shall also contain a signed oath in the form required by section 705 of the Help America Vote Act, Public Law 107-252, which must read:
- "I swear or affirm, under penalty of perjury, that:
- I am a member of the uniformed services or merchant marine on active duty or an eligible spouse or dependent of such a member; a United States citizen temporarily residing outside the United States; or other United States citizen residing outside the United States; and I am a United States citizen, at least 18 years of age (or will be by the date of the election), and I am eligible to vote in the requested jurisdiction; I have not been convicted of a felony, or other disqualifying offense, or been adjudicated mentally incompetent, or, if so, my voting rights have been reinstated; and I am not registering, requesting a ballot, or voting in any other jurisdiction in the United States except the jurisdiction cited in this voting form. In

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voting, I have marked and sealed my ballot in private and have not allowed any person to observe the marking of the ballot, except for those authorized to assist voters under state or federal law. I have not been influenced.

The information on this form is true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge.

I understand that a material misstatement of fact in completion of this document may constitute grounds for a conviction for perjury."

- Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Duties.** (a) The absentee ballot board must examine all returned absentee ballot envelopes for ballots issued under sections 203B.16 to 203B.27 and accept or reject the absentee ballots in the manner provided in section 203B.24. If the certificate of voter eligibility is not printed on the return or administrative signature envelope, the certificate must be attached to the ballot secreey envelope.
- (b) The absentee ballot board must immediately examine the return signature envelopes or certificates of voter eligibility that are attached to the ballot envelopes and mark them "accepted" or "rejected" during the 45 days before the election. If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before the election, the ballots in the envelope must be considered spoiled ballots and the official in charge of the absentee ballot board must provide the voter with a replacement absentee ballot and return envelope envelopes in place of the spoiled ballot.
- (c) If a county has delegated the responsibility for administering absentee balloting to a municipality under section 203B.05, accepted absentee ballots must be delivered to the appropriate municipality's absentee ballot board. The absentee ballot board with the authority to open and count the ballots must do so in accordance with section 203B.121, subdivisions 4 and 5.
- Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Check of voter eligibility; proper execution of certificate. Upon receipt of an absentee ballot returned as provided in sections 203B.16 to 203B.27, the election judges shall compare the voter's name with the names recorded under section 203B.19 in the statewide registration system to insure that the ballot is from a voter eligible to cast an absentee ballot under sections 203B.16 to 203B.27. The election judges shall mark the signature envelope "Accepted" and initial or sign the signature envelope below the word "Accepted" if the election judges are satisfied that:

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(1) the voter's name and address on the signature envelope appears in substantially the
same form as on the application records provided to the election judges by the county auditor

- (2) the voter has signed the federal oath prescribed pursuant to section 705(b)(2) of the Help America Vote Act, Public Law 107-252;
- (3) the voter has set forth the same voter's passport number, or Minnesota driver's license or state identification card number, or the last four digits of the voter's Social Security number as submitted on the application, if the voter has one of these documents;
 - (4) the voter is not known to have died; and
- 178.9 (5) the voter has not already voted at that election, either in person or by absentee ballot.
- If the identification number described in clause (3) does not match the number as submitted on the application, the election judges must make a reasonable effort to satisfy themselves through other information provided by the applicant, or by an individual authorized to apply on behalf of the voter, that the ballots were returned by the same person to whom the ballots were transmitted.
- An absentee ballot cast pursuant to sections 203B.16 to 203B.27 may only be rejected for the lack of one of clauses (1) to (5). In particular, failure to place the ballot within the secrecy ballot envelope before placing it in the outer white signature envelope is not a reason to reject an absentee ballot.
- Election judges must note the reason for rejection on the back of the envelope in the space provided for that purpose.
- Failure to return unused ballots shall not invalidate a marked ballot, but a ballot shall not be counted if the certificate on the return signature envelope is not properly executed.

 In all other respects the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law governing deposit and counting of ballots shall apply. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, the counting of the absentee ballot of a deceased voter does not invalidate the election.

178.26 Sec. 67. [203B.29] TRANSMISSION OF BALLOTS UNDER CERTAIN 178.27 CIRCUMSTANCES.

Subdivision 1. Emergency response providers. Any eligible Minnesota voter who is a trained or certified emergency response provider or utility worker who is deployed in response to any state of emergency declared by the President of the United States or any governor of any state within the United States during the time period authorized by law for absentee voting or on election day may request that ballots, instructions, and a certificate

179.1	of voter eligibility be transmitted to the voter electronically. Upon receipt of a properly
179.2	completed application requesting electronic transmission, the county auditor must
179.3	electronically transmit the requested materials to the voter. The county auditor is not required
179.4	to provide return postage to voters to whom ballots are transmitted electronically.
179.5	Subd. 2. Reasonable accommodation for voter with disability. Any eligible Minnesota
179.6	voter with a print disability, including any voter with disabilities that interfere with the
179.7	effective reading, writing, or use of printed materials, may request that ballots, instructions,
179.8	and a certificate of voter eligibility be transmitted to the voter electronically in an accessible
179.9	format that meets Election Assistance Commission minimum accessibility requirements.
179.10	Upon receipt of a properly completed application requesting electronic transmission, the
179.11	county auditor shall electronically transmit the requested materials to the voter. The county
179.12	auditor must also mail the voter materials required under section 203B.07.
179.13	Subd. 3. Returning voted ballots. A voter receiving a ballot electronically under
179.14	subdivision 1 or 2 must print and return the voter's voted ballot and the certificate of voter
179.15	eligibility to the county auditor in a sealed envelope. A voter must not return the ballot or
179.16	certificate of voter eligibility electronically. A ballot that is returned electronically must be
179.17	rejected and must not be counted.
179.18	Sec. 68. [203B.30] PROCEDURES FOR EARLY VOTING.
	
179.19	Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "early voting official" means
179.19 179.20	Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "early voting official" means the county auditor, city clerk, a deputy of the auditor or clerk, or an election judge.
179.20	the county auditor, city clerk, a deputy of the auditor or clerk, or an election judge.
179.20 179.21	the county auditor, city clerk, a deputy of the auditor or clerk, or an election judge. Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place,
179.20 179.21 179.22	Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to
179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23	Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to the early voting official. The early voting official must confirm that the voter's registration
179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24	Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to the early voting official. The early voting official must confirm that the voter's registration is current in the statewide voter registration system and that the voter has not already cast
179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25	Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to the early voting official. The early voting official must confirm that the voter's registration is current in the statewide voter registration system and that the voter has not already cast a ballot in the election. If the voter's status is challenged, the voter may resolve the challenged
179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25 179.26	the county auditor, city clerk, a deputy of the auditor or clerk, or an election judge. Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to the early voting official. The early voting official must confirm that the voter's registration is current in the statewide voter registration system and that the voter has not already cast a ballot in the election. If the voter's status is challenged, the voter may resolve the challenged as provided in section 204C.12. An individual who is not registered to vote or whose name
179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25 179.26 179.27	Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to the early voting official. The early voting official must confirm that the voter's registration is current in the statewide voter registration system and that the voter has not already cast a ballot in the election. If the voter's status is challenged, the voter may resolve the challenge as provided in section 204C.12. An individual who is not registered to vote or whose name or address has changed must register in the manner provided in section 201.061, subdivision
179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25 179.26 179.27 179.28	the county auditor, city clerk, a deputy of the auditor or clerk, or an election judge. Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to the early voting official. The early voting official must confirm that the voter's registration is current in the statewide voter registration system and that the voter has not already cast a ballot in the election. If the voter's status is challenged, the voter may resolve the challenge as provided in section 204C.12. An individual who is not registered to vote or whose name or address has changed must register in the manner provided in section 201.061, subdivision 3. A voter who has already cast a ballot in the election must not be provided with a ballot.
179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25 179.26 179.27 179.28	Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to the early voting official. The early voting official must confirm that the voter's registration is current in the statewide voter registration system and that the voter has not already cast a ballot in the election. If the voter's status is challenged, the voter may resolve the challenge as provided in section 204C.12. An individual who is not registered to vote or whose name or address has changed must register in the manner provided in section 201.061, subdivision 3. A voter who has already cast a ballot in the election must not be provided with a ballot. (b) Each voter must sign the certification provided in section 204C.10. The signature of
179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25 179.26 179.27 179.28 179.29 179.30	Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to the early voting official. The early voting official must confirm that the voter's registration is current in the statewide voter registration system and that the voter has not already cast a ballot in the election. If the voter's status is challenged, the voter may resolve the challenge as provided in section 204C.12. An individual who is not registered to vote or whose name or address has changed must register in the manner provided in section 201.061, subdivision 3. A voter who has already cast a ballot in the election must not be provided with a ballot. (b) Each voter must sign the certification provided in section 204C.10. The signature of an individual on the voter's certificate and the issuance of a ballot to the individual is evidence.
179.20 179.21 179.22 179.23 179.24 179.25 179.26 179.27 179.28 179.29 179.30 179.31	the county auditor, city clerk, a deputy of the auditor or clerk, or an election judge. Subd. 2. Voting procedure. (a) When a voter appears in an early voting polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to the early voting official. The early voting official must confirm that the voter's registration is current in the statewide voter registration system and that the voter has not already cast a ballot in the election. If the voter's status is challenged, the voter may resolve the challenge as provided in section 204C.12. An individual who is not registered to vote or whose name or address has changed must register in the manner provided in section 201.061, subdivision 3. A voter who has already cast a ballot in the election must not be provided with a ballot. (b) Each voter must sign the certification provided in section 204C.10. The signature of an individual on the voter's certificate and the issuance of a ballot to the individual is evidence of the intent of the individual to vote at that election. After the voter signs the certification,

180.27 An affidavit of candidacy must include a statement that the candidate's name as written on the affidavit for ballot designation is the candidate's true name or the name by which the 180.28 180.29 candidate is commonly and generally known in the community.

An affidavit of candidacy for partisan office shall also state the name of the candidate's political party or political principle, stated in three words or less.

Article 4 Sec. 69.

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Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.06, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. Address, electronic mail address, and telephone number. (a) An affidavit of candidacy must state a telephone number where the candidate can be contacted. An affidavit must also state the candidate's or campaign's nongovernment issued electronic mail address or an attestation that the candidate and the candidate's campaign do not possess an electronic mail address. An affidavit must also state the candidate's address of residence as determined under section 200.031, or at the candidate's request in accordance with paragraph (c), the candidate's campaign contact address. The form for the affidavit of candidacy must allow the candidate to request, if eligible, that the candidate's address of residence be classified as private data, and to provide the certification required under paragraph (c) for classification of that address.

- (b) If an affidavit for an office where a residency requirement must be satisfied by the close of the filing period is filed as provided by paragraph (c), the filing officer must, within one business day of receiving the filing, determine whether the address provided in the affidavit of candidacy is within the area represented by the office the candidate is seeking. For all other candidates who filed for an office whose residency requirement must be satisfied by the close of the filing period, a registered voter in this state may request in writing that the filing officer receiving the affidavit of candidacy review the address as provided in this paragraph, at any time up to one day after the last day for filing for office. If requested, the filing officer must determine whether the address provided in the affidavit of candidacy is within the area represented by the office the candidate is seeking. If the filing officer determines that the address is not within the area represented by the office, the filing officer must immediately notify the candidate and the candidate's name must be removed from the ballot for that office. A determination made by a filing officer under this paragraph is subject to judicial review under section 204B.44.
- (c) If the candidate requests that the candidate's address of residence be classified as 181.26 private data, the candidate must list the candidate's address of residence on a separate form to be attached to the affidavit. The candidate must also certify on the affidavit that either: 181.28 (1) a police report has been submitted or, an order for protection has been issued, or the 181.29 candidate has a reasonable fear in regard to the safety of the candidate or the candidate's 181.30 family; or that (2) the candidate's address is otherwise private pursuant to Minnesota law. 181.31 The address of residence provided by a candidate who makes a request for classification 181.32 on the candidate's affidavit of candidacy and provides the certification required by this 181.33 paragraph is classified as private data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may 181.34 be reviewed by the filing officer as provided in this subdivision. 181.35

Article 4 Sec. 70.

REVISOR

182.1	(d) The requirements of this subdivision do not apply to affidavits of candidacy for a
182.2	candidate for: (1) judicial office; (2) the office of county attorney; or (3) county sheriff.
182.3	Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.06, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:
182.4	Subd. 4a. State and local offices. Candidates who seek nomination for the following
182.5	offices shall state the following additional information on the affidavit:
182.6	(1) for governor or lieutenant governor, that on the first Monday of the next January the
182.7	candidate will be 25 years of age or older and, on the day of the state general election, a
182.8	resident of Minnesota for not less than one year;
182.9	(2) for supreme court justice, court of appeals judge, or district court judge, that the
182.10	candidate is learned in the law and will not turn 70 years of age before the first Monday in
182.11	January of the following year;
182.12	(3) for county, municipal, school district, or special district office, that the candidate
182.13	meets any other qualifications for that office prescribed by law;
182.14	(4) for senator or representative in the legislature, that on the day of the general or special
182.15	election to fill the office the candidate will have resided maintained residence not less than
182.16	one year in the state and not less than six months in the legislative district from which the
182.17	candidate seeks election.
182.18	Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.06, is amended by adding a subdivision
182.19	to read:
182.20	Subd. 9. Multiple affidavits of candidacy. Notwithstanding subdivision 1, clause (2):
182.21	(1) a candidate for soil and water conservation district supervisor in a district not located
182.22	in whole or in part in Anoka, Hennepin, Ramsey, or Washington County may also have on
182.23	file an affidavit of candidacy for:
182.24	(i) mayor or council member of a statutory or home rule charter city of not more than
182.25	2,500 population contained in whole or in part in the soil and water conservation district;
182.26	<u>or</u>
182.27	(ii) town supervisor in a town of not more than 2,500 population contained in whole or
182.28	in part in the soil and water conservation district; and
182.29	(2) a candidate for school board member may also have on file an affidavit of candidacy
182.30	for town board supervisor, unless that town board is exercising the powers of a statutory
182.31	city under section 368.01 or an applicable special law.

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Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.071, is amended to read:

204B.071 PETITIONS; RULES OF SECRETARY OF STATE.

- (a) The secretary of state shall adopt rules governing the manner in which petitions required for any election in this state are circulated, signed, filed, and inspected. The secretary of state shall provide samples of petition forms for use by election officials.
- (b) A petition must not be rejected solely because the petition is on paper that is smaller 183.6 than 8-1/2 inches wide and 14 inches long. 183.7
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 183.9
- Subdivision 1. Candidates in state and county general elections. (a) Except as 183.10 otherwise provided by this subdivision, affidavits of candidacy and nominating petitions 183.11 for county, state, and federal offices filled at the state general election shall be filed not 183.12 more than 84 days nor less than 70 days before the state primary. The affidavit may be 183.13 prepared and signed at any time between 60 days before the filing period opens and the last 183.14 day of the filing period. 183.15
- (b) Notwithstanding other law to the contrary, the affidavit of candidacy must be signed 183.16 in the presence of a notarial officer or an individual authorized to administer oaths under 183.17 section 358.10. 183.18
- (c) This provision does not apply to candidates for presidential elector nominated by 183.19 major political parties. Major party candidates for presidential elector are certified under 183.20 section 208.03. Other candidates for presidential electors may file petitions at least 77 days 183.21 before the general election day pursuant to section 204B.07. Nominating petitions to fill 183.22 vacancies in nominations shall be filed as provided in section 204B.13. No affidavit or 183.23 petition shall be accepted later than 5:00 p.m. on the last day for filing. 183.24
- (d) Affidavits and petitions for county offices must be filed with the county auditor of 183.25 that county. Affidavits and petitions for federal offices must be filed with the secretary of 183.26 state. Affidavits and petitions for state offices must be filed with the secretary of state or 183.27 with the county auditor of the county in which the candidate resides maintains residence. 183.28
- (e) Affidavits other than those filed pursuant to subdivision 1a must be submitted by 183.29 mail or by hand, notwithstanding chapter 325L, or any other law to the contrary and must 183.30 be received by 5:00 p.m. on the last day for filing. 183.31

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Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Write-in candidates. (a) A candidate for county, state, or federal office who

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wants write-in votes for the candidate to be counted must file a written request with the

filing office for the office sought not more than 84 days before the primary and no later

than the seventh day before the general election. The filing officer shall provide copies of

the form to make the request. The filing officer shall not accept a written request later than

5:00 p.m. on the last day for filing a written request.

- (b) The governing body of a statutory or home rule charter city may adopt a resolution governing the counting of write-in votes for local elective office. The resolution may:
- (1) require the candidate to file a written request with the chief election official no later
 than the seventh day before the city election if the candidate wants to have the candidate's
 write-in votes individually recorded; or
- (2) require that write-in votes for an individual candidate only be individually recorded
 if the total number of write-in votes for that office is equal to or greater than the fewest
 number of non-write-in votes for a ballot candidate.
- 184.16 If the governing body of the statutory or home rule charter city adopts a resolution authorized
 184.17 by this paragraph, the resolution must be adopted before the first day of filing for office. A
 184.18 resolution adopted under this paragraph remains in effect until a subsequent resolution on
 184.19 the same subject is adopted by the governing body of the statutory or home rule charter
 184.20 city.
 - (c) The governing body of a township, school board, hospital district, park district, soil and water district, or other ancillary elected district may adopt a resolution governing the counting of write-in votes for local elective office. The resolution may require that write-in votes for an individual candidate only be individually recorded if the total number of write-in votes for that office is equal to or greater than the fewest number of non-write-in votes for a ballot candidate.
- (b) (d) A candidate for president of the United States who files a request under this 184.27 subdivision must file jointly with another individual seeking nomination as a candidate for 184.28 vice president of the United States. A candidate for vice president of the United States who 184.29 files a request under this subdivision must file jointly with another individual seeking 184.30 nomination as include the name of a candidate for vice president of the United States. The 184.31 request must also include the name of at least one candidate for presidential elector. The 184.32 total number of names of candidates for presidential elector on the request may not exceed 184.33 the total number of electoral votes to be cast by Minnesota in the presidential election. 184.34

185.1	(e) (e) A candidate for governor who files a request under this subdivision must file
185.2	jointly with another individual seeking nomination as a candidate for lieutenant governor.
185.3	A candidate for lieutenant governor who files a request under this subdivision must file
185.4	jointly with another individual seeking nomination as a candidate for governor.
185.5	Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.13, is amended by adding a subdivision
185.6	to read:
185.7	Subd. 6a. Candidates for federal office. This section does not apply to a vacancy in
185.8	nomination for a federal office.
185.9	Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
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185.10	Subd. 2. Separate precincts; combined polling place. (a) The following shall constitute
185.11	at least one election precinct:
185.12	(1) each city ward; and
185.13	(2) each town and each statutory city.
185.14	(b) A single, accessible, combined polling place may be established no later than
185.15	November 1 if a presidential nomination primary is scheduled to occur in the following
185.16	year or May 1 of any other year:
185.17	(1) for any city of the third or fourth class, any town, or any city having territory in more
185.18	than one county, in which all the voters of the city or town shall cast their ballots;
185.19	(2) for contiguous precincts in the same municipality;
185.20	(3) for up to four contiguous municipalities located entirely outside the metropolitan
185.21	area, as defined by section 200.02, subdivision 24, that are contained in the same county;
185.22	or
185.23	(4) for noncontiguous precincts located in one or more counties.
185.24	Subject to the requirements of paragraph (c), a single, accessible, combined polling place
185.25	may be established after May 1 of any year in the event of an emergency.
185.26	A copy of the ordinance or resolution establishing a combined polling place must be
185.27	filed with the county auditor within 30 days after approval by the governing body, and the
185.28	county auditor must provide notice within ten days to the secretary of state, in a manner
185.29	and including information prescribed by the secretary of state. A polling place combined
185.30	under clause (3) must be approved by the governing body of each participating municipality.
185.31	A polling place combined under clause (4) must be approved by the governing body of each

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participating municipality and the secretary of state and may be located outside any of the noncontiguous precincts. A municipality withdrawing from participation in a combined polling place must do so by filing a resolution of withdrawal with the county auditor no later than October 1 if a presidential nomination primary is scheduled to occur in the following year or April 1 of any other year, and the county auditor must provide notice within ten days to the secretary of state, in a manner and including information prescribed by the secretary of state.

The secretary of state shall provide a separate polling place roster for each precinct served by the combined polling place, except that in a precinct that uses electronic rosters the secretary of state shall provide separate data files for each precinct. A single set of election judges may be appointed to serve at a combined polling place. The number of election judges required must be based on the total number of persons voting at the last similar election in all precincts to be voting at the combined polling place. Separate ballot boxes must be provided for the ballots from each precinct. The results of the election must be reported separately for each precinct served by the combined polling place, except in a polling place established under clause (2) where one of the precincts has fewer than ten registered voters, in which case the results of that precinct must be reported in the manner specified by the secretary of state.

- (c) If a local elections official determines that an emergency situation preventing the safe, secure, and full operation of a polling place on election day has occurred or is imminent, the local elections official may combine two or more polling places for that election pursuant to this subdivision. To the extent possible, the polling places must be combined and the election conducted according to the requirements of paragraph (b), except that:
- (1) polling places may be combined after May 1 and until the polls close on election day;
- 186.26 (2) any city or town, regardless of size or location, may establish a combined polling place under this paragraph;
- 186.28 (3) the governing body is not required to adopt an ordinance or resolution to establish the combined polling place;
- 186.30 (4) a polling place combined under paragraph (b), clause (3) or (4), must be approved by the local election official of each participating municipality;
 - (5) the local elections official must immediately notify the county auditor and the secretary of state of the combination, including the reason for the emergency combination and the location of the combined polling place. As soon as possible, the local elections

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official must also post a notice stating the reason for the combination and the location of the combined polling place. The notice must also be posted on the governing board's website, if one exists. The local elections official must also notify the election judges and request that local media outlets publicly announce the reason for the combination and the location of the combined polling place; and

- (6) on election day, the local elections official must post a notice in large print in a conspicuous place at the polling place where the emergency occurred, if practical, stating the location of the combined polling place. The local election official must also post the notice, if practical, in a location visible by voters who vote from their motor vehicles as provided in section 204C.15, subdivision 2. If polling place hours are extended pursuant to section 204C.05, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), the posted notices required by this paragraph must include a statement that the polling place hours at the combined polling place will be extended until the specified time.
- 187.14 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Authority; location.** (a) By December 31 of each year, the governing body of each municipality and of each county with precincts in unorganized territory must designate by ordinance or resolution a polling place for each election precinct. The polling places designated in the ordinance or resolution are the polling places for the following ealendar year, unless a change is made: any changes to a polling place location. A polling place must be maintained for the following calendar year unless changed:
- (1) by ordinance or resolution by December 31 of the previous year;
- (1) (2) pursuant to section 204B.175;
- 187.23 (2) (3) because a polling place has become unavailable;
- 187.24 (3) (4) because a township designates one location for all state, county, and federal elections and one location for all township only elections; and
- (4) (5) pursuant to section 204B.14, subdivision 3.
- (b) Polling places must be designated and ballots must be distributed so that no one is required to go to more than one polling place to vote in a school district and municipal election held on the same day. The polling place for a precinct in a city or in a school district located in whole or in part in the metropolitan area defined by section 200.02, subdivision 24, shall be located within the boundaries of the precinct or within one mile of one of those boundaries unless a single polling place is designated for a city pursuant to section 204B.14, subdivision 2, or a school district pursuant to section 205A.11. The polling place for a

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precinct in unorganized territory may be located outside the precinct at a place which is convenient to the voters of the precinct. If no suitable place is available within a town or within a school district located outside the metropolitan area defined by section 200.02, subdivision 24, then the polling place for a town or school district may be located outside the town or school district within five miles of one of the boundaries of the town or school district.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.19, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. High school students Trainee election judges. (a) Notwithstanding any other requirements of this section, a student enrolled in a high school in Minnesota or who is in a home school in compliance with sections 120A.22 and 120A.24, who has attained the age of 16 is eligible to be appointed as a without party affiliation trainee election judge in the county in which the student resides maintains residence, or a county adjacent to the county in which the student resides maintains residence. The student must meet qualifications for trainee election judges specified in rules of the secretary of state. A student appointed under this subdivision while enrolled in a high school or receiving instruction in a home school may continue to serve as a trainee election judge after the student graduates and until the student reaches the age of 18.

(b) A student appointed as a trainee election judge may be excused from school attendance during the hours that the student is serving as a trainee election judge if the student submits a written request signed and approved by the student's parent or guardian to be absent from school and a certificate from the appointing authority stating the hours during which the student will serve as a trainee election judge to the principal of the school at least ten days prior to the election. Students shall not serve as A trainee election judges judge shall not serve after 10:00 p.m. Notwithstanding section 177.24 to the contrary, trainee election judges may be paid not less than two-thirds of the minimum wage for a large employer. The principal of the school may approve a request to be absent from school conditioned on acceptable academic performance at the time of service as a trainee election judge.

Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Appointing authority; powers and duties.** Election judges for precincts in a municipality shall be appointed by the governing body of the municipality. Election judges for precincts in unorganized territory and for performing election-related duties assigned by the county auditor shall be appointed by the county board. Election judges for a precinct composed of two or more municipalities must be appointed by the governing body of the

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municipality or municipalities responsible for appointing election judges as provided in the agreement to combine for election purposes. Except as otherwise provided in this section, appointments shall be made from the list of voters who reside maintain residence in each precinct, furnished pursuant to subdivision 1, subject to the eligibility requirements and other qualifications established or authorized under section 204B.19. At least two election judges in each precinct must be affiliated with different major political parties. If no lists have been furnished or if additional election judges are required after all listed names in that municipality have been exhausted, the appointing authority may appoint other individuals who meet the qualifications to serve as an election judge, including persons on the list furnished pursuant to subdivision 1 who indicated a willingness to travel to the municipality, and persons who are not affiliated with a major political party. An individual who is appointed from a source other than the list furnished pursuant to subdivision 1 must provide to the appointing authority the individual's major political party affiliation or a statement that the individual does not affiliate with any major political party. An individual who refuses to provide the individual's major political party affiliation or a statement that the individual does not affiliate with a major political party must not be appointed as an election judge. The appointments shall be made at least 25 days before the election at which the election judges will serve, except that the appointing authority may pass a resolution authorizing the appointment of additional election judges within the 25 days before the election if the appointing authority determines that additional election judges will be required.

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.26, is amended to read: 189.21

204B.26 ELECTION JUDGES; VIOLATIONS; PENALTIES.

A county auditor or municipal clerk may remove any precinct election official at any time if the official engages in a neglect of duty, malfeasance, misconduct in office, or for other cause. Any individual who serves as an election judge in violation of any of the provisions of sections 204B.19 to 204B.25, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.28, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 189.28

Subd. 2. Election supplies; duties of county auditors and clerks. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section and for absentee ballots in section 204B.35, subdivision 189.30 4, the county auditor shall complete the preparation of the election materials for which the auditor is responsible at least four days before every state primary and state general election. 189.32

190.1	At any time after all election materials are available from the county auditor but not later
190.2	than four days before the election each municipal clerk shall secure from the county auditor:
190.3	(a) (1) the forms that are required for the conduct of the election;
190.4	(b) (2) any printed voter instruction materials furnished by the secretary of state;
190.5	(e) (3) any other instructions for election officers; and
190.6	(d) (4) a sufficient quantity of the official ballots, registration files, envelopes for ballot
190.7	returns, and other supplies and materials required for each precinct in order to comply with
190.8	the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law. The county auditor may furnish the election
190.9	supplies to the municipal clerks in the same manner as the supplies are furnished to precincts
190.10	in unorganized territory pursuant to section 204B.29, subdivision 1.
190.11	(b) The county auditor must prepare and make available election materials for early
190.12	voting to municipal clerks designated to administer early voting under section 203B.05 on
190.13	or before the 19th day before the election.
190.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of
190.15	the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after January 1, 2024, or
190.16	the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification, whichever is later.
190.17	Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
190.18	Subd. 2. Allocation of election expenses. The secretary of state shall develop procedures
190.19	for the allocation of election expenses among counties, municipalities, and school districts
190.20	for elections that are held concurrently. The following expenses must be included in the
190.21	procedures: salaries of election judges; postage for absentee ballots and applications;
190.22	preparation of polling places; preparation and testing of electronic voting systems; ballot
190.23	preparation; publication of election notices and sample ballots, including the notice required
190.24	by section 204D.16; transportation of ballots and election supplies; and compensation for
190.25	administrative expenses of the county auditor, municipal clerk, or school district clerk.
190.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary
190.27	of state's approval of the notice required by Minnesota Statutes, section 204D.16, paragraph
190.28	(b), whichever is earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the
190.29	approval date.

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Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.35, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. Electronic voting systems. Notwithstanding sections 204B.35 to 204B.44 and chapter 204D, a jurisdiction may prepare blank paper ballots, if the jurisdiction employs an electronic voting system and the required information is instead displayed on a touch screen or other electronic device in a format that substantially meets the requirements of law.

Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Authorization.** A town of any size not located in a metropolitan county as defined by section 473.121, or a city having fewer than 400 registered voters on June 1 of an election year and not located in a metropolitan county as defined by section 473.121, may provide balloting by mail at any municipal, county, or state election with no polling place other than the office of the auditor or clerk or other locations designated by the auditor or clerk. The governing body may apply to the county auditor for permission to conduct balloting by mail. The county board may provide for balloting by mail in unorganized territory. The governing body of any municipality may designate for mail balloting any precinct having fewer than 100 registered voters, subject to the approval of the county auditor.

Voted ballots may be returned in person to any location designated by the county auditor or municipal clerk.

Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.45, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Procedure; voting prior to election day. Notice of the election and the special 191.21 mail procedure must be given at least ten weeks prior to the election. Not more than 46 days 191.22 nor later than 14 days before a regularly scheduled election and not more than 30 days nor 191.23 later than 14 days before any other election, the auditor shall mail ballots by nonforwardable 191.24 mail to all voters registered in the city, town, or unorganized territory. No later than 14 days before the election, the auditor must make a subsequent mailing of ballots to those voters 191.26 who register to vote after the initial mailing but before the 20th day before the election. 191.27 Eligible voters not registered at the time the ballots are mailed may apply for ballots as 191.28 provided in chapter 203B. Ballot return envelopes, with return postage provided, must be 191.29 preaddressed to the auditor or clerk and the voter may return the ballot by mail or in person 191.30 to the office of the auditor or clerk. The auditor or clerk must appoint a ballot board to examine the mail and absentee ballot return envelopes and mark them "accepted" or "rejected" 191.32 191.33 within three days of receipt if there are 14 or fewer days before election day, or within five

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192.1	days of receipt if there are more than 14 days before election day. The board may consist
192.2	of deputy county auditors or deputy municipal clerks who have received training in the
192.3	processing and counting of mail ballots, who need not be affiliated with a major political
192.4	party. Election judges performing the duties in this section must be of different major
192.5	political parties, unless they are exempt from that requirement under section 205.075,
192.6	subdivision 4, or section 205A.10. If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before
192.7	the election, the ballots in the envelope must remain sealed and the auditor or clerk shall
192.8	provide the voter with a replacement ballot and return envelope in place of the spoiled ballot.
192.9	If the ballot is rejected within five days of the election, the envelope must remain sealed
192.10	and the official in charge of the ballot board must attempt to contact the voter by telephone
192.11	or email to notify the voter that the voter's ballot has been rejected. The official must
192.12	document the attempts made to contact the voter.
192.13	If the ballot is accepted, the county auditor or municipal clerk must mark the roster to
192.14	indicate that the voter has already cast a ballot in that election. After the close of business
192.15	on the seventh 19th day before the election, the ballots from return envelopes marked
192.16	"Accepted" may be opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided by section 206.86,
192.17	subdivision 5, initialed by the members of the ballot board, and deposited in the ballot box.
192.18	In all other respects, the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law governing deposit
192.19	and counting of ballots apply.

The mail and absentee ballots for a precinct must be counted together and reported as 192.20 one vote total. No vote totals from mail or absentee ballots may be made public before the 192.21 close of voting on election day. 192.22

The costs of the mailing shall be paid by the election jurisdiction in which the voter resides maintains residence. Any ballot received by 8:00 p.m. on the day of the election must be counted.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.

Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.45, is amended by adding a subdivision 192.27 to read: 192.28

Subd. 2a. Procedure; voting on election day. (a) The county auditor may make available 192.29 a ballot counter and ballot box for use during voting hours on election day by the voters 192.30 voting under this section. If a ballot counter and ballot box is provided on election day, a 192.31 192.32 voter must be given the option to either:

(1) vote using the procedures provided in subdivision 2; or

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- (b) When a voter appears in the designated polling place, the voter must state the voter's name, address, and, if requested, the voter's date of birth to the mail ballot voting official. The mail ballot voting official must confirm that the voter's registration is current in the statewide voter registration system and that the voter has not already cast a ballot in the election. If the voter's status is challenged, the voter may resolve the challenge as provided in section 204C.12. An individual who is not registered to vote or whose name or address has changed must register in the manner provided in section 201.061, subdivision 3. A voter who has already cast a ballot in the election must not be provided with a ballot.
- (c) Each voter must sign the certification provided in section 204C.10. The signature of an individual on the voter's certificate and the issuance of a ballot to the individual is evidence of the intent of the individual to vote at that election. After signing the voter certification, two mail ballot voting officials must initial the ballot and issue it to the voter, and the voter must immediately retire to a voting station or other designated location in the polling place to mark the ballot. The voter must not take the ballot from the polling place. If the voter spoils the ballot, the voter may return it to the mail ballot voting official in exchange for a new ballot. After completing the ballot, the voter must deposit the ballot into the ballot counter and ballot box. The mail ballot voting official must immediately record that the voter has voted in the manner provided in section 203B.121, subdivision 3.
- (d) The mail ballot voting official must remove and secure the ballots following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a). The ballot board must count the ballots after the polls have closed on election day following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (b).
- (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "mail ballot voting official" means the county
 auditor, the city clerk, a deputy of the auditor or clerk, or an election judge assigned by the
 auditor or clerk.
- 193.27 Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.46, is amended to read:

193.28 **204B.46 MAIL ELECTIONS; QUESTIONS.**

A county, municipality, or school district submitting questions to the voters at a special election may conduct an election by mail with no polling place other than the office of the auditor or clerk. No offices may be voted on at a mail election—, except in overlapping school and municipal jurisdictions, where a mail election may include an office when one of the jurisdictions also has a question on the ballot. Notice of the election must be given to the

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county auditor at least 74 days prior to the election. This notice shall also fulfill the requirements of Minnesota Rules, part 8210.3000. The special mail ballot procedures must be posted at least six weeks prior to the election. Not more than 46 nor later than 14 days prior to the election, the auditor or clerk shall mail ballots by nonforwardable mail to all voters registered in the county, municipality, or school district. No later than 14 days before the election, the auditor or clerk must make a subsequent mailing of ballots to those voters who register to vote after the initial mailing but before the 20th day before the election. Eligible voters not registered at the time the ballots are mailed may apply for ballots pursuant to chapter 203B. The auditor or clerk must appoint a ballot board to examine the mail and absentee ballot return envelopes and mark them "Accepted" or "Rejected" within three days of receipt if there are 14 or fewer days before election day, or within five days of receipt if there are more than 14 days before election day. The board may consist of deputy county auditors, deputy municipal clerks, or deputy school district clerks who have received training in the processing and counting of mail ballots, who need not be affiliated with a major political party. Election judges performing the duties in this section must be of different major political parties, unless they are exempt from that requirement under section 205.075, subdivision 4, or section 205A.10. If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before the election, the ballots in the envelope must remain sealed and the auditor or clerk must provide the voter with a replacement ballot and return envelope in place of the spoiled ballot. If the ballot is rejected within five days of the election, the envelope must remain sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board must attempt to contact the voter by telephone or email to notify the voter that the voter's ballot has been rejected. The official must document the attempts made to contact the voter.

If the ballot is accepted, the county auditor or municipal clerk must mark the roster to indicate that the voter has already cast a ballot in that election. After the close of business on the seventh 19th day before the election, the ballots from return envelopes marked "Accepted" may be opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided by section 206.86, subdivision 5, initialed by the ballot board, and deposited in the appropriate ballot box.

In all other respects, the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law governing deposit and counting of ballots apply.

The mail and absentee ballots for a precinct must be counted together and reported as one vote total. No vote totals from ballots may be made public before the close of voting on election day.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.

Article 4 Sec. 88.

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Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204B.49, is amended to read:

204B.49 "I VOTED" STICKERS.

- The secretary of state, county auditor, municipal clerk, school district clerk, or an election judge may provide a sticker containing the words "I VOTED," and nothing more, to an individual who:
- 195.6 (1) has successfully deposited a ballot into a ballot box, under section 203B.081,
 195.7 subdivision 3, or 204C.13, subdivision 5;
- 195.8 (2) is provided an absentee ballot under section 203B.07, subdivision 1, or 203B.21, subdivision 2; or
- 195.10 (3) is provided a ballot by mail under section 204B.45 or 204B.46.
- 195.11 Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Right to be absent.** Every employee who is eligible to vote in an election has the right to be absent from work for the time necessary to appear at the employee's polling place, cast a ballot, and return to work on the day of that election or during the time period allowed under section 203B.081 for voting in person before election day, without penalty or deduction from salary or wages because of the absence. An employer or other person may not directly or indirectly refuse, abridge, or interfere with this right or any other election right of an employee.
- 195.19 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Restrictions on conduct.** An election judge may must not be appointed as a 195.20 challenger. The election judges shall must permit challengers appointed pursuant to this 195.21 section to be present in the polling place during the hours of voting and to remain there until 195.22 the votes are counted and the results declared. No A challenger shall must not handle or 195.23 inspect registration cards, files, or lists. Challengers shall must not prepare in any manner 195.24 any list of individuals who have or have not voted. They shall must not attempt to influence 195.25 voting in any manner. They shall In accordance with section 204C.12, challengers must not 195.26 converse with a voter except to determine, in the presence of an election judge, whether the voter is eligible to vote in the precinct. 195.28

196.1	Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.10, as amended by Laws 2023, chapter
106.2	12 section 5 is amended to read:

REVISOR

196.3 **204C.10 POLLING PLACE ROSTER; VOTER SIGNATURE CERTIFICATE;** 196.4 **VOTER RECEIPT.**

- 196.5 (a) An individual seeking to vote shall sign a polling place roster or voter signature 196.6 certificate which states that the individual:
- 196.7 (1) is at least 18 years of age old;
- 196.8 (2) is a citizen of the United States;
- 196.9 (3) has <u>resided maintained residence</u> in Minnesota for 20 days immediately preceding 196.10 the election;
- 196.11 (4) maintains residence at the address shown;
- 196.12 (5) is not under a guardianship in which the court order revokes the individual's right to vote;
- 196.14 (6) has not been found by a court of law to be legally incompetent to vote;
- 196.15 (7) has the right to vote because, if the individual was convicted of a felony, the individual 196.16 is not currently incarcerated for that conviction;
- 196.17 (8) is registered; and
- 196.18 (9) has not already voted in the election.
- The roster must also state: "I understand that deliberately providing false information is a felony punishable by not more than five years imprisonment and a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both."
- (b) At the presidential nomination primary, the polling place roster must also state: "I am in general agreement with the principles of the party for whose candidate I intend to vote." This statement must appear separately from the statements required in paragraph (a). The felony penalty provided for in paragraph (a) does not apply to this paragraph.
- 196.26 (c) A judge may, before the applicant signs the roster or voter signature certificate, 196.27 confirm the applicant's name, address, and date of birth.
- (d) After the applicant signs the roster or voter signature certificate, the judge shall give the applicant a voter's receipt. The voter shall deliver the voter's receipt to the judge in charge of ballots as proof of the voter's right to vote, and thereupon the judge shall hand to

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the voter the ballot. The voters' receipts must be maintained during the time for notice of 197.1 filing an election contest. 197.2

(e) Whenever a challenged status appears on the polling place roster, an election judge must ensure that the challenge is concealed or hidden from the view of any voter other than the voter whose status is challenged.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 1, 2023.

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Physical assistance in marking ballots. A voter who claims a need for assistance because of inability to read English or physical inability to mark a ballot may obtain the aid of two election judges who are members of different major political parties. The election judges shall mark the ballots as directed by the voter and in as secret a manner as circumstances permit. A voter in need of assistance may alternatively obtain the assistance 197.12 of any individual the voter chooses. Only the following persons may not provide assistance 197.13 to a voter: the voter's employer, an agent of the voter's employer, or an officer or agent of the voter's union, or a candidate for election. The person who assists the voter shall, 197.16 unaccompanied by an election judge, retire with that voter to a booth and mark the ballot as directed by the voter. No person who assists another voter as provided in the preceding 197.17 sentence shall mark the ballots of more than three voters at one election. Before the ballots 197.18 are deposited, the voter may show them privately to an election judge to ascertain that they 197.19 are marked as the voter directed. An election judge or other individual assisting a voter shall 197.20 not in any manner request, persuade, induce, or attempt to persuade or induce the voter to 197.21 vote for any particular political party or candidate. The election judges or other individuals 197.22 who assist the voter shall not reveal to anyone the name of any candidate for whom the 197.23

Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.24, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 197.25

voter has voted or anything that took place while assisting the voter.

Subdivision 1. Information requirements. Precinct summary statements shall be submitted by the election judges in every precinct. For all elections, the election judges shall complete three or more copies of the summary statements, and each copy shall contain the following information for each kind of ballot:

(1) the number of ballots delivered to the precinct as adjusted by the actual count made by the election judges, the number of unofficial ballots made, and the number of absentee ballots delivered to the precinct;

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(2) the number of votes each candidate received or the number of yes and no votes on
each question, the number of undervotes, the number of overvotes, and the number of
defective ballots with respect to each office or question;

- (3) the number of spoiled ballots, the number of duplicate ballots made, the number of absentee ballots rejected, and the number of unused ballots, presuming that the total count provided on each package of unopened prepackaged ballots is correct;
- (4) the number of voted ballots indicating only a voter's choices as provided by section 206.80, paragraph (b), clause (2), item (ii);
- (5) the number of individuals who voted at the election in the precinct which must equal the total number of ballots cast in the precinct, as required by sections 204C.20 and 206.86, subdivision 1;
- 198.12 (5) (6) the number of voters registering on election day in that precinct; and
- 198.13 (6) (7) the signatures of the election judges who counted the ballots certifying that all of the ballots cast were properly piled, checked, and counted; and that the numbers entered by the election judges on the summary statements correctly show the number of votes cast for each candidate and for and against each question;
- 198.17 (8) the number of election judges that worked in that precinct on election day; and
- 198.18 (9) the number of voting booths used in that precinct on election day.
- At least two copies of the summary statement must be prepared for elections not held on the same day as the state elections.
- 198.21 Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.28, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. County auditor. (a) Every county auditor shall must remain at the 198.22 auditor's office to receive delivery of the returns, to permit public inspection of the summary 198.23 statements, and to tabulate the votes until all have been tabulated and the results made 198.24 known, or until 24 hours have elapsed since the end of the hours for voting, whichever 198.25 198.26 occurs first. Every county auditor shall must, in the presence of the municipal clerk or the election judges who deliver the returns, make a record of all materials delivered, the time 198.27 of delivery, and the names of the municipal clerk or election judges who made delivery. 198.28 The record must include the number of ballots delivered to the precinct, as certified by 198.29 section 204B.28, and the total number of ballots returned, as certified by the election judges 198.30 under section 204C.24. A discrepancy between the number of ballots delivered to the precinct and the number of total ballots returned by election judges that cannot be reconciled by

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taking into account the adjustments made by the election judge counts and any unofficial ballots must be noted, but does not necessarily require disqualification of the votes from that precinct or invalidation of the election. The county auditor shall must file the record and all envelopes containing ballots in a safe and secure place with envelope seals unbroken. Access to the record and ballots shall must be strictly controlled. Accountability and a record of access shall must be maintained by the county auditor during the period for contesting elections or, if a contest is filed, until the contest has been finally determined. Thereafter, the record shall must be retained in the auditor's office for the same period as the ballots as provided in section 204B.40.

(b) The county auditor shall must file all envelopes containing ballots in a safe place with seals unbroken. If the envelopes were previously are opened by proper authority for examination or recount, as specifically authorized by a court or statute, the county auditor shall must have the envelopes sealed again and signed by the individuals who made the inspection or recount. The envelopes may be opened by the county eanvassing board auditor if necessary to procure election returns that the election judges inadvertently may have sealed in the envelopes with the ballots. In that case, the envelopes shall must be sealed again and signed in the same manner as otherwise provided in this subdivision.

- 199.18 Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.33, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **State canvass.** The State Canvassing Board shall meet at a public meeting space located in the Capitol complex area on the third Tuesday following the state general election to canvass the certified copies of the county canvassing board reports received from the county auditors and shall prepare a report that states:
- (1) the number of individuals voting in the state and in each county;
- 199.24 (2) the number of votes received by each of the candidates, specifying the counties in which they were cast; and
- 199.26 (3) the number of votes counted for and against each constitutional amendment, specifying
 199.27 the counties in which they were cast.

All members of the State Canvassing Board shall sign the report and certify its correctness. Within three days after completing the canvass, the State Canvassing Board shall declare the result within three days after completing the canvass and declare the candidates duly elected who received the highest number of votes for each federal office and for each state office voted on in more than one county.

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Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.35, is amended by adding a subdivision 200.1 200.2 to read:

Subd. 5. Challenged ballots. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a canvassing board may direct a recount official to make images of ballots challenged by a candidate in a recount available to the public.

Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204C.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Manner of correction. A county canvassing board may determine by majority vote that the election judges have made an obvious error in counting or recording the votes for an office. The county canvassing board shall then promptly notify all candidates for that office of the determination, including a description of the error. A candidate who receives notification pursuant to this subdivision or any candidate who believes that the election judges in a precinct have made an obvious error in the counting or recording of the votes for an office may The county canvassing board must also instruct the county auditor to apply without unreasonable delay to the district court of the county containing the precinct in which the alleged error was made for an order determining whether or not an obvious error has been made. The applicant auditor shall describe the alleged error in the application and may submit additional evidence as directed by the court. The applicant auditor shall notify the county canvassing board and all candidates for the affected office in the manner directed by the court. If the court finds that the election judges made an obvious error it shall issue an order specifying the error and directing the county canvassing board to inspect the ballots and returns of the precinct in order to correct the error and to proceed further in accordance with this section or otherwise as the court may direct.

Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.08, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. State and county nonpartisan primary ballot. The state and county nonpartisan primary ballot shall be headed "State and County Nonpartisan Primary Ballot." It shall be printed in the manner provided in the rules of the secretary of state. The names of candidates for nomination to the supreme court, court of appeals, district court, and all county offices, all city offices, and all school district offices shall be placed on this ballot.

No candidate whose name is placed on the state and county nonpartisan primary ballot shall be designated or identified as the candidate of any political party or in any other manner except as expressly provided by law.

Article 4 Sec. 99.

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Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Sample ballot. At least 46 days before the state primary the county auditor shall must prepare a sample ballot for each precinct for public inspection and transmit an electronic copy of these sample ballots to the secretary of state. The names of the candidates to be voted for in the county shall must be placed on the sample ballots, with the names of the candidates for each office arranged in the base rotation as determined by section 206.61, subdivision 5. The county auditor shall must post the sample ballots in a conspicuous place in the auditor's office and shall cause them to be published. At least one week before the state primary, the county auditor must publish a notice to voters pursuant to section 204D.16 in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the county.

201.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary of state's approval of the notice required by Minnesota Statutes, section 204D.16, paragraph 201.12 (b), whichever is earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the 201.13 approval date. 201.14

Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.13, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 201.15

Subd. 2. Order of political parties candidates for president and vice president. The first name printed for each partisan office president and vice president of the United States on the state general election ballot shall be that of the candidate of the major political party that received the smallest average number of votes at the last state general election. The succeeding names shall be those of the candidates of the other major political parties that received a succeedingly higher average number of votes respectively. For the purposes of this subdivision, the average number of votes of a major political party shall be computed by dividing the total number of votes counted for all of the party's candidates for statewide office at the state general election by the number of those candidates at the election. The names of candidates nominated by petition for president and vice president shall be placed on the state general election ballot after the names of the candidates for that office who were nominated by major political parties. No later than 11 weeks before the state general election, the secretary of state shall determine by lot the order of candidates nominated by petition. The drawing of lots must be by political party or principle.

Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.13, is amended by adding a subdivision 201.30 201.31 to read:

Subd. 2a. Rotation of names; other partisan offices. Except as provided in subdivision 201.32 2, the names of candidates for partisan offices on the state general election ballot shall be 201.33

rotated in the manner provided for rotation of names on state partisan primary ballots by section 204D.08, subdivision 3.

Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. Nominees by petition; placement on ballot political party or principle. The names of candidates nominated by petition for a partisan office voted on at the state general election shall be placed on the state general election ballot after the names of the candidates for that office who were nominated at the state primary. No later than 11 weeks before the state general election, the secretary of state shall determine by lot the order of candidates nominated by petition. The drawing of lots must be by political party or principle. For candidates nominated by petition for partisan office, the political party or political principle of the a candidate as stated on the petition shall be placed after the name of a candidate nominated by petition. The word "nonpartisan" shall not be used to designate any partisan candidate whose name is placed on the state general election ballot by nominating petition.
- Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.16, is amended to read:
- 202.15 **204D.16 SAMPLE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOTS; POSTING;**
- 202.16 PUBLICATION.

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- 202.17 (a) At least 46 days before the state general election, the county auditor shall must post sample ballots for each precinct in the auditor's office for public inspection and transmit an electronic copy of these sample ballots to the secretary of state.
- 202.21 (b) No earlier than 15 20 days and no later than two ten days before the state general election the county auditor shall must cause a sample state general election ballot notice to voters to be published in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the county. The secretary of state, in collaboration with stakeholders, must design the notice to be published, including the format and content to be used. The secretary of state, in collaboration with stakeholders, may modify the content or format of the notice to be used by metropolitan counties, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4. When published, the notice must be sized so that it comprises a minimum of one full newspaper page.
- 202.28 (c) The notice required by paragraph (b) must, at minimum, include the following:
- 202.29 (1) a statement that the voter's official ballot will have the names of all candidates for 202.30 the voter's precinct;
- 202.31 (2) the web address where a voter may view the voter's sample ballot based on the voter's address;

203.1	(3) the county's website where a list of sample ballots for each county precinct may be
203.2	viewed;
203.3	(4) how a voter may obtain a free copy of a sample ballot specific to the voter's address;
203.4	and
203.5	(5) contact information for the appropriate local election official, including a phone
203.6	number and email address.
203.7	The notice may include information about contests on the ballot; names, offices, and party
203.8	affiliation, if any, of candidates; polling place locations; poll hours; and absentee voting
203.9	information.
203.10	(d) For purposes of this section, "stakeholder" means local government election officials
203.11	and representatives of the Minnesota Newspaper Association.
203.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary
203.13	of state's approval of the notice required by Minnesota Statutes, section 204D.16, paragraph
203.14	(b), whichever is earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the
203.15	approval date.
203.16	Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 204D.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
203.17	Subdivision 1. Form. Except as provided in subdivision 2, the county auditor shall must
203.18	prepare separate ballots for a special primary and special election as required by sections
203.19	204D.17 to 204D.27. The ballots shall must be headed "Special Primary Ballot" or "Special
203.20	Election Ballot" as the case may be, followed by the date of the special primary or special
203.21	election. Immediately below the title of each office to be filled shall must be printed the
203.22	words "To fill vacancy in term expiring," with the date of expiration of the term and
203.23	any other information that is necessary to distinguish the office from any other office to be
203.24	voted upon at the same election. For a special primary or special election, the instructions
203.25	to voters may use the singular form of the word when referring to candidates and offices
203.26	when only one office is to be filled at the special election. Otherwise the form of the ballots
203.27	shall must comply as far as practicable with the laws relating to ballots for state primaries
203.28	and state general elections. The county auditor shall must post a sample of each ballot in
203.29	the auditor's office as soon as prepared and not later than four days before the special primary
203.30	or special election. Publication of the sample ballot notice to voters pursuant to section
203.31	204D.16 for a special primary or special election is not required.
203.32	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary

203.33 of state's approval of the notice required by Minnesota Statutes, section 204D.16, paragraph

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204.1 (b), whichever is earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the approval date.

Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

- Subd. 5. **Nominating petition; cities of the first class.** A nominating petition filed on behalf of a candidate for municipal office in a city of the first class shall be signed by eligible voters who <u>reside maintain residence</u> in the election district from which the candidate is to be elected. The number of signers shall be at least 500, or two percent of the total number of individuals who voted in the municipality, ward, or other election district at the last preceding municipal general election, whichever is greater.
- Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Sample ballot, publication.** For every municipal election, the municipal clerk shall must, at least two weeks before the election, publish a sample ballot notice to voters pursuant to section 204D.16 in the official newspaper of the municipality, except that the governing body of a fourth class city or a town not located within a metropolitan county as defined in section 473.121 may dispense with publication.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary
 of state's approval of the notice required by Minnesota Statutes, section 204D.16, paragraph
 (b), whichever is earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the
 approval date.
- Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205.175, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Other municipalities. The governing body of a municipality other than a 204.21 municipality described in subdivision 2, may by resolution adopted prior to giving notice 204.22 of the election, designate the time, in addition to the minimum voting hours provided in 204.23 subdivision 1, during which the polling places will remain open for voting at the next 204.24 succeeding and all subsequent municipal elections. The resolution shall remain in force 204.25 204.26 until it is revoked by the municipal governing body or changed because of request by voters as provided in this subdivision. If a petition requesting longer voting hours, signed by a 204.27 number of voters equal to 20 percent of the votes cast at the last municipal election, is 204.28 presented to the municipal clerk no later than 30 days prior to the municipal election, then 204.29 the polling places for that election shall open at 10:00 a.m. and close at 8:00 p.m. The 204.30 municipal clerk shall give ten days' notice of the changed voting hours and notify the county

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auditor <u>and secretary of state</u> of the change. Municipalities covered by this subdivision shall certify their election hours to the county auditor in January of each year.

Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Other school districts. At a school district election in a school district other than one described in subdivision 1, the school board, by resolution adopted before giving notice of the election, may designate the time during which the polling places will remain open for voting at the next succeeding and all later school district elections. All polling places must be open between the hours of 5:00 p.m. and 8:00 p.m. The resolution must remain in force until it is revoked by the school board or changed because of request by voters as provided in this subdivision. If a petition requesting longer voting hours, signed by a number of voters equal to 20 percent of the votes cast at the last school district election, is presented to the school district clerk no later than 30 days before a school district election, then the polling places for that election must open at 10:00 a.m. and close at 8:00 p.m. The school district clerk must give ten days' published notice and posted notice of the changed voting hours and notify appropriate county auditors and the secretary of state of the change.

Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205A.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **School district canvassing board.** For the purpose of a recount of a special election conducted under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, or 475.59, the school district canvassing board shall consist of one member of the school board other than the clerk, selected by the board, the clerk of the school board, the county auditor of the county in which the greatest number of school district residents reside maintain residence, the court administrator of the district court of the judicial district in which the greatest number of school district residents reside maintain residence, and the mayor or chair of the town board of the school district's most populous municipality. Any member of the canvassing board may appoint a designee to appear at the meeting of the board, except that no designee may be a candidate for public office. If one of the individuals fails to appear at the meeting of the canvassing board, the county auditor shall appoint an eligible voter of the school district, who must not be a member of the school board, to fill the vacancy. Not more than two school board members shall serve on the canvassing board at one time. Four members constitute a quorum.

The school board shall serve as the school district canvassing board for the election of school board members.

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Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 205A.12, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Board elections.** If the proposal for the establishment of election districts is approved by the voters, the board shall specify the election districts from which vacancies shall be filled as they occur until such time as each board member represents an election district. A candidate for school board in a subsequent election must file an affidavit of candidacy to be elected as a school board member for the election district in which the candidate resides maintains residence. If there are as many election districts as there are members of the board, one and only one member of the board shall be elected from each election district. In school districts where one or more board members are elected by election districts, candidates must indicate on the affidavit of candidacy the number of the district from which they seek election or, if appropriate, that they seek election from one of the offices elected at large. If the election districts have two or three members each, the terms of the members must be staggered. Each board member must be a resident of the election district for which elected but the creation of an election district or a change in election district boundaries shall not disqualify a board member from serving for the remainder of 206.16 a term.

Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.58, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Municipalities. (a) The governing body of a municipality, at a regular meeting or at a special meeting called for the purpose, may provide for the use of an electronic voting system in one or more precincts and at all elections in the precincts, subject to approval by the county auditor. Once a municipality has adopted the use of an electronic voting system in one or more precincts, the municipality must continue to use an electronic voting system for state elections in those precincts. The governing body shall must disseminate information to the public about the use of a new voting system at least 60 days prior to the election and shall must provide for instruction of voters with a demonstration voting system in a public place for the six weeks immediately prior to the first election at which the new voting system will be used.

No system may be adopted or used (b) A municipality must not adopt or use a system unless it has been approved by the secretary of state pursuant to section 206.57.

Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.58, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Counties. (a) The governing body of a county may provide for the use of an electronic voting system in one or more precincts of the county at all elections. Once a county has adopted the use of an electronic voting system in one or more precincts, the

Article 4 Sec. 113.

- county must continue to use an electronic voting system for state elections in those precincts. 207.1
- The governing body of the municipality shall must give approval before an electronic voting 207.2
- 207.3 system may be adopted or used in the municipality under the authority of this section.
- No system may be adopted or used (b) A county must not adopt or use a system unless 207.4
- 207.5 it has been approved by the secretary of state pursuant to section 206.57.
- Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.61, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 207.6
- Subdivision 1. Official responsible for providing ballots. (a) The official charged with 207.7
- providing paper ballots when they are used shall provide all ballot cards, sample ballots, 207.8
- precinct summary statements, and other necessary supplies needed for electronic voting 207.9
- systems, except as otherwise provided by this section.
- (b) At general elections and primaries the county auditor of each county in which an 207.11
- electronic voting system is used shall provide all ballot cards and other necessary printed 207.12
- forms and supplies needed for the electronic voting system, including all forms needed for 207.13
- voting on candidates and questions, the ballots for which are required by the election laws
- to be provided by the state when paper ballots are used. 207.15
- 207.16 (c) In precincts using a ballot format as provided by section 206.80, paragraph (b), clause
- (2), item (ii), voters must be provided the option of voting with a regularly printed optical 207.17
- 207.18 scan ballot.
- Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.80, is amended to read: 207.19
- 206.80 ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS. 207.20
- (a) An electronic voting system may not be employed unless it: 207.21
- 207.22 (1) permits every voter to vote in secret;
- (2) permits every voter to vote for all candidates and questions for whom or upon which 207.23
- the voter is legally entitled to vote; 207.24
- (3) provides for write-in voting when authorized; 207.25
- 207.26 (4) automatically rejects, except as provided in section 206.84 with respect to write-in
- votes, all votes for an office or question when the number of votes cast on it exceeds the 207.27
- number which the voter is entitled to cast; 207.28
- (5) permits a voter at a primary election to select secretly the party for which the voter 207.29
- wishes to vote; 207.30

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(6) automatically rejects all votes cast in a primary election by a voter when the voter
votes for candidates of more than one party; and

- (7) provides every voter an opportunity to verify votes recorded on the permanent paper ballot, either visually or using assistive voting technology, and to change votes or correct any error before the voter's ballot is cast and counted, produces an individual, discrete, permanent, paper ballot cast by the voter, and preserves the paper ballot as an official record available for use in any recount.
- 208.8 (b) An electronic voting system purchased on or after June 4, 2005, may not be employed unless it:
- 208.10 (1) accepts and tabulates, in the polling place or at a counting center, a marked optical scan ballot; or
- (2) creates a marked optical sean ballot that can be tabulated in the polling place or at a counting center by automatic tabulating equipment certified for use in this state and the ballot is:
- 208.15 (i) a marked optical scan ballot; or
- (ii) a marked paper ballot indicating, at a minimum, the date of the election; the name
 of the precinct; an electronically readable precinct identifier or ballot style indicator; and
 the voter's votes for each office or question, generated from the voter's use of a touch screen
 or other electronic device on which a complete ballot meeting the information requirements
 of any applicable law was displayed electronically.
- 208.21 (c) The use of multiple ballot formats of electronic voting systems in a jurisdiction is
 208.22 not a violation of a voter's right to vote in secret, provided that a record of the ballot formats
 208.23 of electronic voting system used by a voter is not recorded by the election judges or any
 208.24 other elections official in any form.
- Sec. 116. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.83, is amended to read:

208.26 **206.83 TESTING OF VOTING SYSTEMS.**

Within 14 At least three days before election day voting equipment is used, the official in charge of elections shall have the voting system tested to ascertain that the system will correctly mark ballots using all methods supported by the system, including through assistive technology, and count the votes cast for all candidates and on all questions. Public notice of the time and place of the test must be given at least two days in advance by publication once in official newspapers. The test must be observed by at least two election judges, who

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are not of the same major political party, and must be open to representatives of the political parties, candidates, the press, and the public. The test must be conducted by (1) processing a preaudited group of ballots punched or marked to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and on each question, and must include for each office one or more ballot cards which have votes in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the voting system tabulator and electronic ballot marker to reject those votes; and (2) processing an additional test deck of ballots marked using the electronic ballot marker for the precinct, including ballots marked using the electronic ballot display, audio ballot reader, and any assistive voting technology used with the electronic ballot marker. If any error is detected, the cause must be ascertained and corrected and an errorless count must be made before the voting system may be used in the election. After the completion of the test, the programs used and ballot cards must be sealed, retained, and disposed of as provided for paper ballots.

Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.845, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Prohibited connections. The county auditor and municipal clerk must secure ballot recording and tabulating systems physically and electronically against unauthorized access. Except for wired connections within the polling place, ballot recording and tabulating systems must not be connected to or operated on, directly or indirectly, any electronic network, including a local area network, a wide-area network, the Internet, or the World Wide Web. Wireless communications may not be used in any way in a vote recording or vote tabulating system. Wireless, device-to-device capability is not permitted. No connection by modem is permitted. 209.22

Transfer of information from the ballot recording or tabulating system to another system for network distribution or broadcast must be made by disk, tape, or other physical means of communication, other than direct or indirect electronic connection of the vote recording or vote tabulating system. A county auditor or municipal clerk may not create or disclose, or permit any other person to create or disclose, an electronic image of the hard drive of any vote recording or tabulating system or any other component of an electronic voting system, except as authorized in writing by the secretary of state or for the purpose of conducting official duties as expressly authorized by law.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 209.31

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210.1	Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.845, is amended by adding a subdivision
210.2	to read:
210.3	Subd. 3. Cast vote records. After the municipal clerk or county auditor has received
210.4	data from automatic tabulating equipment, textual data from the file is public, with the
210.5	following exceptions, which are protected nonpublic data under section 13.02:
210.6	(1) data that indicate the date, time, or order in which a voter cast a ballot;
210.7	(2) data that indicate the method with which a voter cast a ballot;
210.8	(3) data files that do not include all ballots cast in a precinct;
210.9	(4) data files that provide data in the order it was generated; and
210.10	(5) data from precincts in which fewer than ten votes were cast.
210.11	Data stored as images are protected nonpublic data under section 13.02.
210.12	Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.86, is amended by adding a subdivision
210.13	to read:
210.14	Subd. 5a. Ballots in precincts with multiple styles of voting system. In the event the
210.15	results of a precinct are subject to a recount under section 204C.35 or 204C.36, or are subject
210.16	to a postelection review under section 206.89, and a ballot format as provided in section
210.17	206.80, paragraph (b), clause (2), item (ii), was used by ten or fewer voters in the precinct,
210.18	the election judges from that precinct are not eligible to participate in conducting a recount
210.19	or postelection review in that precinct.
210.20	Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 206.90, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
210.21	Subd. 10. Counting write-in votes. Notwithstanding section 204C.22, subdivision 4,
210.22	in precincts using optical scan voting systems, the ballot must be marked in the oval or other
210.23	target shape opposite the blank when a voter writes an individual's name on the line provided
210.24	for write-in votes in order to be counted. The judges shall count the write-in votes and enter
210.25	the number of those votes on forms provided for the purpose. When the write-in votes are
210.26	recorded on a medium that cannot be examined for write-in votes by the automatic tabulating
210.27	equipment or the automatic tabulating equipment does not reject, with respect to write-in
210.28	votes, all votes for an office or question when the number of votes cast on it exceeds the
210.29	number which the voter is entitled to count, all ballot envelopes or other medium on which

210.30 write-in votes have been recorded must be serially numbered, starting with the number one

210.31 and the same number must be placed on the ballot card of the voter. The judges shall compare

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the write-in votes with the votes cast on the ballot card. If the total number of votes for any office exceeds the number allowed by law, a notation to that effect must be entered on the back of the ballot card and the card must be returned to the counting center in an envelope marked "defective ballots"; however, valid votes on ballot cards containing invalid votes must be counted as provided in section 206.86, subdivision 5.

When the write-in votes are recorded on ballot cards that can be examined for write-in votes by the automatic tabulating equipment and the automatic tabulating equipment rejects all votes for an office or question when the number of votes cast on it exceeds the number which the voter is entitled to cast, the judges shall examine the ballot cards with write-in votes and count the valid write-in votes.

Sec. 121. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 207A.12, is amended to read:

207A.12 CONDUCTING PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION PRIMARY.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, the presidential nomination primary must be conducted, and the results canvassed and returned, in the manner provided by law for the state primary.
- (b) An individual seeking to vote at the presidential nomination primary must be 211.16 registered to vote pursuant to section 201.054, subdivision 1. The voter must request the ballot of the party for whose candidate the individual wishes to vote. Notwithstanding section 211.18 204C.18, subdivision 1, the election judge must record in the polling place roster the name 211.19 of the political party whose ballot the voter requested. When posting voter history pursuant 211.20 to section 201.171, the county auditor must include the name of the political party whose 211.21 ballot the voter requested. The political party ballot selected by a voter is private data on individuals as defined under section 13.02, subdivision 12, except as provided in section 211.23 201.091, subdivision 4a. A voter eligible to cast a ballot as provided in section 5B.06 must 211.24 be permitted to cast a ballot at the presidential nomination primary consistent with the 211.25 requirements of that section. 211.26
- 211.27 (c) Immediately after the state canvassing board declares the results of the presidential nomination primary, the secretary of state must notify the chair of each party of the results. 211.28
- (d) The results of the presidential nomination primary must bind the election of delegates 211.29 in each party. 211.30

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Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 207A.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Reimbursable local expenses.** (a) The secretary of state shall <u>must</u> reimburse the counties and municipalities for expenses incurred in the administration of the presidential nomination primary from money contained in the presidential nomination primary elections account. The following expenses are eligible for reimbursement: preparation and printing of ballots; postage for absentee ballots; publication of the sample ballot notice to voters <u>pursuant to section 204D.16</u>; preparation of polling places in an amount not to exceed \$150 per polling place; preparation of electronic voting systems in an amount not to exceed \$100 per precinct; compensation for temporary staff or overtime payments; salaries of election judges; compensation of county canvassing board members; and other expenses as approved by the secretary of state.
- (b) Within 60 days after the results of a presidential nomination primary are certified 212.12 by the State Canvassing Board, the county auditor must submit a request for payment of 212.13 the costs incurred by the county for conducting the presidential nomination primary, and 212.14 the municipal clerk must submit a request for payment of the costs incurred by the 212.15 municipality for conducting the presidential nomination primary. The request for payment 212.16 must be submitted to the secretary of state, and must be accompanied by an itemized 212.17 description of actual county or municipal expenditures, including copies of invoices. In 212.18 addition, the county auditor or municipal clerk must certify that the request for reimbursement 212.19 is based on actual costs incurred by the county or municipality in the presidential nomination 212.20 primary. 212.21
- 212.22 (c) The secretary of state shall must provide each county and municipality with the
 212.23 appropriate forms for requesting payment and certifying expenses under this subdivision.
 212.24 The secretary of state must not reimburse expenses unless the request for payment and
 212.25 certification of costs has been submitted as provided in this subdivision. The secretary of
 212.26 state must complete the issuance of reimbursements to the counties and municipalities no
 212.27 later than 90 days after the results of the presidential nomination primary have been certified
 212.28 by the State Canvassing Board.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective December 1, 2023, or upon the secretary of state's approval of the notice required by Minnesota Statutes, section 204D.16, paragraph (b), whichever is earlier. The secretary of state must notify the revisor of statutes of the approval date.

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Sec. 123. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 208.05, is amended to read:

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208.05 STATE CANVASSING BOARD.

The State Canvassing Board at its meeting on the date provided in section 204C.33 shall open and canvass the returns made to the secretary of state for presidential electors and alternates, prepare a statement of the number of votes cast for the persons receiving votes for these offices, and declare the person or persons receiving the highest number of votes for each office duly elected, except that if the Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote governs the appointment of presidential electors, the State Canvassing Board shall declare duly elected the candidates for presidential electors and alternates identified in accordance with the provisions of that agreement. When it appears 213 10 that more than the number of persons to be elected as presidential electors or alternates have 213.11 the highest and an equal number of votes, the secretary of state, in the presence of the board 213.12 shall decide by lot which of the persons shall be declared elected, except that if the Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote governs the appointment 213.14 of presidential electors, no such drawing of lots shall be conducted. The governor shall 213.15 transmit to each person declared elected a certificate of election, signed by the governor, 213.16 sealed with the state seal, and countersigned by the secretary of state. 213.17

Sec. 124. [208.051] AGREEMENT AMONG THE STATES TO ELECT THE 213.18 PRESIDENT BY NATIONAL POPULAR VOTE. 213.19

The Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote is enacted into law and entered into with all other states legally joining in it in substantially the following form:

Article I - Membership

Any state of the United States and the District of Columbia may become a member of this agreement by enacting this agreement.

Article II - Right of the People in Member States to

Vote for President and Vice President 213.27

Each member state shall conduct a statewide popular election for president and vice 213.28 president of the United States. 213.29

Article III - Manner of Appointing Presidential Electors in Member States

Prior to the time set by law for the meeting and voting by the presidential electors, the 213.31 chief election official of each member state shall determine the number of votes for each 213.32

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presidential slate in each state of the United States and in the District of Columbia in which votes have been cast in a statewide popular election and shall add such votes together to produce a national popular vote total for each presidential slate. The chief election official of each member state shall designate the presidential slate with the largest national popular vote total as the national popular vote winner. The presidential elector certifying official of each member state shall certify the appointment in that official's own state of the elector slate nominated in that state in association with the national popular vote winner. At least six days before the day fixed by law for the meeting and voting by the presidential electors, each member state shall make a final determination of the number of popular votes cast in the state for each presidential slate and shall communicate an official statement of such determination within 24 hours to the chief election official of each other member state. The chief election official of each member state shall treat as conclusive an official statement 214.12 containing the number of popular votes in a state for each presidential slate made by the 214.13 day established by federal law for making a state's final determination conclusive as to the counting of electoral votes by Congress. In event of a tie for the national popular vote 214.15 winner, the presidential elector certifying official of each member state shall certify the 214.16 appointment of the elector slate nominated in association with the presidential slate receiving 214.17 the largest number of popular votes within that official's own state. If, for any reason, the 214.18 number of presidential electors nominated in a member state in association with the national popular vote winner is less than or greater than that state's number of electoral votes, the 214.20 presidential candidate on the presidential slate that has been designated as the national popular vote winner shall have the power to nominate the presidential electors for that state and that state's presidential elector certifying official shall certify the appointment of such nominees. The chief election official of each member state shall immediately release to the public all vote counts or statements of votes as they are determined or obtained. This article shall govern the appointment of presidential electors in each member state in any year in 214.26 which this agreement is, on July 20, in effect in states cumulatively possessing a majority of the electoral votes.

Article IV - Other Provisions

This agreement shall take effect when states cumulatively possessing a majority of the electoral votes have enacted this agreement in substantially the same form and the enactments by such states have taken effect in each state. Any member state may withdraw from this agreement, except that a withdrawal occurring six months or less before the end of a president's term shall not become effective until a president or vice president shall have been qualified to serve the next term. The chief executive of each member state shall promptly

Article 4 Sec. 124.

215.1	notify the chief executive of all other states of when this agreement has been enacted and
215.2	has taken effect in that official's state, when the state has withdrawn from this agreement,
215.3	and when this agreement takes effect generally. This agreement shall terminate if the electoral
215.4	college is abolished. If any provision of this agreement is held invalid, the remaining
215.5	provisions shall not be affected.
215.6	Article V - Definitions
215.7	For purposes of this agreement:
215.8	(1) "chief election official" means the state official or body that is authorized to certify
215.9	the total number of popular votes for each presidential slate;
215.10	(2) "chief executive" means the governor of a state of the United States or the mayor of
215.11	the District of Columbia;
215.12	(3) "elector slate" means a slate of candidates who have been nominated in a state for
215.13	the position of presidential elector in association with a presidential slate;
215.14	(4) "presidential elector" means an elector for president and vice president of the United
215.15	States;
215.16	(5) "presidential elector certifying official" means the state official or body that is
215.17	authorized to certify the appointment of the state's presidential electors;
215.18	(6) "presidential slate" means a slate of two persons, the first of whom has been nominated
215.19	as a candidate for president of the United States and the second of whom has been nominated
215.20	as a candidate for vice president of the United States, or any legal successors to such persons,
215.21	regardless of whether both names appear on the ballot presented to the voter in a particular
215.22	state;
215.23	(7) "state" means a state of the United States and the District of Columbia; and
215.24	(8) "statewide popular election" means a general election in which votes are cast for
215.25	presidential slates by individual voters and counted on a statewide basis.
215.26	Sec. 125. [208.052] CONFLICT OF LAWS.
215.27	When the Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote
215.28	governs the appointment of presidential electors, the provisions of that agreement shall take
215.29	precedence over any conflicting law of this state.

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Sec. 126. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 209.021, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Notice filed with court.** If the contest relates to a nomination or election for statewide office, the contestant shall file the notice of contest with the court administrator of District Court in Ramsey County. For contests relating to any other office, the contestant shall file the notice of contest with the court administrator of district court in the county where the contestee resides maintains residence.

If the contest relates to a constitutional amendment, the contestant shall file the notice of contest with the court administrator of District Court in Ramsey County. If the contest relates to any other question, the contestant shall file the notice of contest with the court administrator of district court for the county or any one of the counties where the question appeared on the ballot.

- Sec. 127. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211A.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. When and where filed by committees. (a) A committee or a candidate who receives contributions or makes disbursements of more than \$750 in a calendar year shall submit an initial report to the filing officer within 14 days after the candidate or committee receives or makes disbursements of more than \$750 and shall continue to make the reports listed in paragraph (b) until a final report is filed.
- (b) The committee or candidate must file a report by January 31 of each year following the year when the initial report was filed and in a year when the candidate's name or a ballot question appears on the ballot, the candidate or committee shall file a report:
- 216.21 (1) ten days before the primary or special primary. This report is required regardless of whether the candidate or issue is on the primary ballot or a primary is not conducted;
- (2) ten days before the general election or special election; and
- 216.24 (3) 30 days after a general or special election.

216.25 Sec. 128. [211B.076] INTIMIDATION AND INTERFERENCE RELATED TO THE 216.26 PERFORMANCE OF DUTIES BY AN ELECTION OFFICIAL; PENALTIES.

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For the purposes of this section, "election official" means a member of a canvassing board, the county auditor or municipal clerk charged with duties relating to elections, a member of a ballot board, an election judge, an election judge trainee, or any other individual assigned by a state entity or county or municipal government to perform official duties related to elections.

217.1	Subd. 2. Intimidation. (a) A person may not directly or indirectly use or threaten force,
217.2	coercion, violence, restraint, damage, harm, or loss, including loss of employment or
217.3	economic reprisal, against another with the intent to influence an election official in the
217.4	performance of a duty of election administration.
217.5	(b) In a civil action brought to prevent and restrain violations of this subdivision or to
217.6	require the payment of civil penalties, the plaintiff may show that the action or attempted
217.7	action would cause a reasonable person to feel intimidated. The plaintiff does not need to
217.8	show that the defendant intended to cause the victim to feel intimidated.
217.9	Subd. 3. Interfering with or hindering the administration of an election. A person
217.10	may not intentionally hinder, interfere with, or prevent an election official's performance
217.11	of a duty related to election administration.
217.12	Subd. 4. Dissemination of personal information about an election official. (a) A
217.13	person may not knowingly and without consent make publicly available, including but not
217.14	limited to through the Internet, personal information about an election official or an election
217.15	official's family or household member if:
217.16	(1) the dissemination poses an imminent and serious threat to the official's safety or the
217.17	safety of an official's family or household member; and
217.18	(2) the person making the information publicly available knows or reasonably should
217.19	know of any imminent and serious threat.
217.20	(b) As used in this subdivision, "personal information" means the home address of the
217.21	election official or a member of an election official's family, directions to that home, or
217.22	photographs of that home.
217.23	Subd. 5. Obstructing access. A person may not intentionally and physically obstruct
217.24	an election official's access to or egress from a polling place, meeting of a canvassing board,
217.25	place where ballots and elections equipment are located or stored, or any other place where
217.26	the election official performs a duty related to election administration.
217.27	Subd. 6. Tampering with voting equipment. (a) A person may not access without
217.28	authorization, tamper with, or facilitate unauthorized access to or tampering with an electronic
217.29	voting system, electromechanical voting equipment, or an election night reporting system
217.30	before, during, or after any election required by law.
217.31	(b) A person may not knowingly publish or cause to be published passwords or other
217.32	confidential information relating to an electronic voting system. In addition to any other
217.33	remedies and penalties provided by this section, the secretary of state, county auditor, or

218.1	municipal clerk must immediately revoke any authorized access rights of a person found
218.2	to be in violation of this paragraph.
218.3	Subd. 7. Tampering with ballot box. A person may not willfully tamper with or open
218.4	a ballot box, including a ballot drop box, except for the purpose of conducting official duties
218.5	as expressly authorized by law.
218.6	Subd. 8. Tampering with statewide voter registration system, registration list, or
218.7	polling place roster. Except for the purpose of conducting official duties, a person may
218.8	not engage in any of the following, with an intention to procure or prevent the election of
218.9	any person, or to prevent any voter from voting:
218.10	(1) mutilate, change, or erase any name, figure, or word in the statewide voter registration
218.11	system;
218.12	(2) mutilate, change, erase, or destroy any part of a registration list or polling place
218.13	roster, including any name, figure, or word on the list or roster; or
218.14	(3) remove any part of a registration list or polling place roster from the place where it
218.15	has been deposited.
218.16	Subd. 9. Unauthorized access to statewide voter registration system. A person may
218.17	not knowingly access, or attempt to access, the statewide voter registration system except
218.18	for the purpose of conducting official duties as expressly authorized by law.
218.19	Subd. 10. Vicarious liability; conspiracy. A person may be held vicariously liable for
218.20	any damages resulting from the violation of this section and may be identified in an order
218.21	restraining violations of this section if that person:
218.22	(1) intentionally aids, advises, hires, counsels, abets, incites, compels, or coerces a person
218.23	to violate any provision of this section or attempts to aid, advise, hire, counsel, abet, incite,
218.24	compel, or coerce a person to violate any provision of this section; or
218.25	(2) conspires, combines, agrees, or arranges with another to either commit a violation
218.26	of this section or aid, advise, hire, counsel, abet, incite, compel, or coerce a third person to
218.27	violate any provision of this section.
218.28	Subd. 11. Criminal penalties; civil remedies. (a) Except as otherwise provided, a person
218.29	who violates this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
218.30	(b) The attorney general, a county attorney, or an election official may bring a civil
218.31	action to prevent or restrain a violation of this section if there is a reasonable basis to believe
218.32	that an individual or entity is committing or intends to commit a prohibited act.

219.1	(c) The attorney general, or an election official injured by an act prohibited by this
219.2	section, may bring a civil action pursuant to section 8.31 to recover damages, together with
219.3	costs of investigation and reasonable attorney fees, and receive other equitable relief as
219.4	determined by the court. An action brought by an election official under section 8.31,
219.5	subdivision 3a, is in the public interest. In addition to all other damages, the court may
219.6	impose a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for each violation.
219.7	(d) Civil remedies allowable under this section are cumulative and do not restrict any
219.8	other right or remedy otherwise available. An action for a penalty or remedy under this
219.9	section must be brought within two years of the date the violation is alleged to have occurred.
219.10	The complaint process provided in sections 211B.31 to 211B.36 does not apply to violations
219.11	of this section.
219.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 15, 2023, and applies to violations
219.13	occurring on or after that date.
219.14	Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
219.15	Subdivision 1. Soliciting near polling places. (a) A person may not display campaign
219.16	material, post signs, must not:
219.17	(1) ask, solicit, or in any manner try to induce or persuade a voter to vote for or refrain
219.18	from voting for a candidate or ballot question; or
219.19	(2) wear, exhibit, or distribute any item that displays:
219.20	(i) the name, likeness, logo, or slogan of a candidate who appears on the ballot;
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219.21	(ii) the number, title, subject, slogan, or logo of a ballot question that appears on the
219.22	ballot; or
219.23	(iii) the name, logo, or slogan of a political party represented by a candidate on the ballot.
219.24	For purposes of this paragraph, "item" includes pamphlets, advertisements, flyers, signs,
219.25	banners, stickers, buttons, badges, pencils, pens, shirts, hats, or any similar item.
219.26	(b) The prohibitions in paragraph (a) apply during voting hours:
219.27	(1) throughout the absentee and early voting periods:
219.28	(i) within a polling place; and
219.29	(ii) within 100 feet of the room in which a polling place is situated, to the extent
219.30	practicable; and
219.31	(2) on the day of a primary or general election:

220.1	<u>(i)</u>	_within	a pol	lling _l	place	or ;
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- (ii) within 100 feet of the building in which a polling place is situated, or; and
- 220.3 (iii) anywhere on the public property on which a polling place is situated, on primary
 220.4 or election day to vote for or refrain from voting for a candidate or ballot question. A person
 220.5 may not provide political badges, political buttons, or other political insignia to be worn at
 220.6 or about the polling place on the day of a primary or election. A political badge, political
 220.7 button, or other political insignia may not be worn at or about the polling place on primary
 220.8 or election day. This section applies to areas established by the county auditor or municipal
 220.9 elerk for absentee voting as provided in chapter 203B.
- 220.10 (c) Nothing in this subdivision prohibits the distribution of "I VOTED" stickers as 220.11 provided in section 204B.49.
- 220.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 15, 2023.
- Sec. 130. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.15, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Permitted activity; political party.** It is not a violation of this section for a political party, as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 7<u>6</u>, to form a nonprofit corporation for the sole purpose of holding real property to be used exclusively as the party's headquarters.
- Sec. 131. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Prohibition.** (a) It is unlawful for a person, either directly or indirectly, to deny access to an apartment house, dormitory, nursing home, manufactured home park, other multiple unit facility used as a residence, or an area in which two or more single-family dwellings are located on private roadways to a candidate who has:
- (1) organized a campaign committee under applicable federal or state law;
- (2) filed a financial report as required by section 211A.02; or
- 220.25 (3) filed an affidavit of candidacy for elected office.
- A candidate granted access under this section must be allowed to be accompanied by campaign volunteers.
- (b) Access to a facility or area is only required if it is located within the district or territory that will be represented by the office to which the candidate seeks election, and the candidate and any accompanying campaign volunteers seek access exclusively for the purpose of

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- campaigning for a candidate or registering voters. The candidate must be seeking election 221.1 to office at the next general or special election to be held for that office. 221.2
 - (c) A candidate and any accompanying campaign volunteers granted access under this section must be permitted to knock on the doors of individual units to speak with residents, and to leave campaign materials for residents at their doors, except that the manager of a nursing home may direct that the campaign materials be left at a central location within the facility. The campaign materials must be left in an orderly manner.
- (d) If a facility or area contains multiple buildings, a candidate and accompanying volunteers must be permitted to access more than one building on a single visit, but access is limited to only one building at a time. If multiple candidates are traveling together, each candidate and that candidate's accompanying volunteers is limited to one building at a time, 221.11 but all of the candidates and accompanying volunteers traveling together must not be 221.12 restricted to accessing the same building at the same time. 221.13
- (e) A violation of this section is a petty misdemeanor. 221.14
- 221.15 Sec. 132. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.32, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws 221.16 2023, chapter 34, article 2, section 3, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Administrative remedy; exhaustion. (a) Except as provided in paragraphs 221.17 (b) and (c), a complaint alleging a violation of chapter 211A or 211B must be filed with the office. The complaint must be finally disposed of by the office before the alleged violation 221.19 may be prosecuted by a county attorney. 221.20
- (b) Complaints arising under those sections and related to those individuals and 221.21 associations specified in section 10A.022, subdivision 3, must be filed with the Campaign 221.22 Finance and Public Disclosure Board. 221.23
- (c) Violations of sections 211B.075 and 211B.076 may be enforced as provided 221.24 in that section those sections. 221.25
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 15, 2023, and applies to violations 221.26 occurring on or after that date. 221.27
- Sec. 133. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 367.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 221.28
- Subd. 6. Vacancies. (a) When a vacancy occurs in a town office, the town board shall 221.29 fill the vacancy by appointment. Except as provided in paragraph (b), the person appointed 221.30 shall hold office until the next annual town election, when a successor shall be elected for 221.31 the unexpired term. 221.32

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222.1	h)	When	ล	vacancy	occurs	1n	а	town	office
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- (1) with more than one year remaining in the term; and
- 222.3 (2) on or after the 14th day before the first day to file an affidavit of candidacy for the town election;
- the vacancy must be filled by appointment. The person appointed serves until the next annual town election following the election for which affidavits of candidacy are to be filed, when a successor shall be elected for the unexpired term.
- (c) A vacancy in the office of supervisor must be filled by an appointment committee comprised of the remaining supervisors and the town clerk.
- (d) Any person appointed to fill the vacancy in the office of supervisor must, upon assuming the office, be an eligible voter, be 21 years of age, and have resided maintained residence in the town for at least 30 days.
- (e) When, because of a vacancy, more than one supervisor is to be chosen at the same election, candidates for the offices of supervisor shall file for one of the specific terms being filled.
- (f) When, for any reason, the town board or the appointment committee fails to fill a 222.16 vacancy in the position of an elected town officer by appointment, a special election may be called. To call a special election, the supervisors and town clerk, or any two of them 222.18 together with at least 12 other town freeholders, must file a statement in the town clerk's 222.19 office. The statement must tell why the election is called and that the interests of the town 222.20 require the election. When the town board or the appointment committee fails to fill a 222.21 vacancy by appointment, a special town election may also be called on petition of 20 percent 222.22 of the electors of the town. The percentage is of the number of voters at the last general election. A special town election must be conducted in the manner required for the annual 222.25 town election.
- 222.26 (g) Law enforcement vacancies must be filled by appointment by the town board.
- Sec. 134. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 447.32, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Candidates; ballots; certifying election.** A person who wants to be a candidate for the hospital board shall file an affidavit of candidacy for the election either as member at large or as a member representing the city or town where the candidate <u>resides maintains</u> residence. The affidavit of candidacy must be filed with the city or town clerk not more than 98 days nor less than 84 days before the first Tuesday after the first Monday in

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November of the year in which the general election is held. The city or town clerk must forward the affidavits of candidacy to the clerk of the hospital district or, for the first election, the clerk of the most populous city or town immediately after the last day of the filing period. A candidate may withdraw from the election by filing an affidavit of withdrawal with the clerk of the district no later than 5:00 p.m. two days after the last day to file affidavits of candidacy.

Voting must be by secret ballot. The clerk shall prepare, at the expense of the district, necessary ballots for the election of officers. Ballots must be prepared as provided in the rules of the secretary of state. The ballots must be marked and initialed by at least two judges as official ballots and used exclusively at the election. Any proposition to be voted on may be printed on the ballot provided for the election of officers. The hospital board may also authorize the use of voting systems subject to chapter 206. Enough election judges may be appointed to receive the votes at each polling place. The election judges shall act as clerks of election, count the ballots cast, and submit them to the board for canvass.

After canvassing the election, the board shall issue a certificate of election to the candidate who received the largest number of votes cast for each office. The clerk shall deliver the certificate to the person entitled to it in person or by certified mail. Each person certified shall file an acceptance and oath of office in writing with the clerk within 30 days after the date of delivery or mailing of the certificate. The board may fill any office as provided in subdivision 1 if the person elected fails to qualify within 30 days, but qualification is effective if made before the board acts to fill the vacancy.

Sec. 135. Laws 2023, chapter 34, article 2, section 1, is amended to read: 223.22

Section 1. 204B.295 VOTING INSTRUCTIONS AND SAMPLE BALLOTS IN LANGUAGES OTHER THAN ENGLISH; MULTILINGUAL ELECTION JUDGES. 223.24

Subdivision 1. **Duty.** The secretary of state or county auditor must contract with a translator certified by the American Translators Association to develop voting instructions and sample ballots in languages other than English, to be made available in polling places during elections as required by this section. At a minimum, the secretary of state must prepare voting instructions and sample ballots must be prepared and made make the instructions available in polling places in the three most commonly spoken non-English languages in the state as determined by the state demographer for the previous calendar year. The secretary of state must provide sample ballots in print and electronic formats, prepare and provide example ballots to county auditors and post voting instructions in print,

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electronic, and audio-visual formats, on the secretary of state's website in at least the three most commonly spoken non-English languages in the state as determined by the state demographer for the previous calendar year.

Subd. 2. **Designation of language minority districts.** No later than 90 days before an election, the secretary of state or county auditor, in consultation with the state demographer, must determine the percentage of residents in each census tract who are members of a language minority and who lack sufficient skills in English to vote without assistance. Language minority districts will be designated if three percent or more of the population in a corresponding census tract speak English "less than very well" according to the most recent census data.

Subd. 3. **Translation required; interpreter required.** (a) If the number of residents determined under subdivision 2 equals three percent or more of a census tract, or if interested citizens or organizations provide information that gives the secretary of state or county auditor sufficient reason to believe a need exists, at least two copies of the translated voting instructions and sample <u>ballot ballots</u> must be provided to each precinct in that district during any regular or special state <u>or local</u> election conducted in that district.

(b) If the number of residents determined under subdivision 2 equals 20 percent or more of the population of a census tract, or if interested citizens or organizations provide information that gives the secretary of state or county auditor sufficient reason to believe a need exists, at least four copies of the translated voting instructions and sample ballot ballots must be provided to each precinct in that district during any regular or special state or local election conducted in that district. In these precincts, the county auditor or municipal clerk must appoint at least one interpreter to translate in a specified language if ten or more registered voters in the precinct file a request for interpretive services for that language with the secretary of state or county auditor at least 30 days prior to the date of the election. This interpreter must wear a name tag or other badge indicating the interpreter's language certification. For purposes of section 204C.06 and any other applicable law, an interpreter appointed under this section is considered an election official and may be present in a polling place for the purpose of conducting duties assigned by the county auditor or municipal clerk.

Subd. 4. **Use of materials; notice required.** The translated voting instructions and sample ballots required by this section must be made available for use by voters as a reference when completing and casting an official ballot. In addition to the number of copies required, at least one sample ballot and set of instructions in each applicable language, along with a notice written in that language indicating the availability of those materials, must be posted in a conspicuous location in each polling place.

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225.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to elections
225.2	conducted on or after that date.
225.3	Sec. 136. SECRETARY OF STATE VOTING STUDY.
225.4	Subdivision 1. Study requirements. (a) The secretary of state must conduct a study of
225.5	issues related to voter engagement, education, and improvements to the election system,
225.6	which can include but is not limited to assessing ranked choice voting. In conducting the
225.7	study the secretary of state must consult, at a minimum:
225.8	(1) officials with experience administering elections in counties, cities, and towns,
225.9	including those in the seven-county metropolitan area and those outside of the seven-county
225.10	metropolitan area, and may include those with experience implementing ranked choice
225.11	voting;
225.12	(2) members of each of the following:
225.13	(i) the Minnesota Council on Latino Affairs;
225.14	(ii) the Council for Minnesotans of African Heritage;
225.15	(iii) the Council on Asian Pacific Minnesotans;
225.16	(iv) the Indian Affairs Council; and
225.17	(v) the Council on LGBTQIA2S+ Minnesotans;
225.18	(3) organizations that represent individuals with disabilities, including the Minnesota
225.19	Council on Disability and the Minnesota Commission of the Deaf, DeafBlind, and Hard of
225.20	Hearing;
225.21	(4) organizations that represent new Americans; seniors; low-income individuals; Black,
225.22	Indigenous, or people of color; and residents of greater Minnesota;
225.23	(5) community organizations with demonstrated experience and interest in voting methods
225.24	and elections administration; and
225.25	(6) the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
225.26	jurisdiction over state government finance and elections finance and policy.
225.27	(b) In addition to the consultation required by paragraph (a), the secretary of state must
225.28	provide opportunities for public input and comment, which may include facilitated listening
225.29	sessions, town hall meetings, or other similar methods of community engagement.
225.30	Subd. 2. Elections officials and administrators. The study must review existing elections
225.31	systems and procedures and their compatibility with the topics of the study. The secretary

226.1	must prioritize consultation with officials with experience implementing elections in counties,
226.2	cities, and towns, as identified in subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1).
226.3	Subd. 3. Community input and engagement. The study must review impacts of any
226.4	election systems changes on the experience of voters, including impacts on historically
226.5	underserved communities and the communities identified in subdivision 1, paragraph (a),
226.6	clause (4). The secretary of state must prioritize consultation with the communities and
226.7	groups identified in subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clauses (2) to (4), and must provide
226.8	opportunities for public input as required by subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
226.9	Subd. 4. Report. The secretary of state must provide an interim report and a final report
226.10	describing the secretary's work to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative
226.11	committees with jurisdiction over state government finance and elections policy and finance.
226.12	The reports must include:
226.13	(1) findings related to voter-facing issues, voter engagement and education, and technical
226.14	aspects of implementing ranked choice voting; and
226.15	(2) draft legislation, if any, to supplement the study's findings.
226.16	Subd. 5. Completion of report. The interim report required by subdivision 4 must be
226.17	submitted no later than February 1, 2025. The final report required by subdivision 4 must
226.18	be submitted no later than June 30, 2025.
226.19	Sec. 137. EARLY VOTING CERTIFICATION.
226.20	The secretary of state must certify to the revisor of statutes that the statewide voter
226.21	registration system has been tested and shown to properly allow for tracking of the
226.22	information required to conduct early voting and can handle the expected volume of use.
226.23	As used in this article, "early voting certification" means the certification required by this
226.24	section.
226.25	Sec. 138. REPEALER.
226.26	Subdivision 1. Ballot order; partisan candidates. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section
226.27	204D.04, subdivision 1, is repealed.
226.28	Subd. 2. Absentee voting. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 203B.081, subdivision 2,
226.29	is repealed effective June 1, 2023.
226.30	Subd. 3. Caucus participation. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 202A.16, subdivisions
226.31	1, 2, and 3, are repealed.

227.1	ARTICLE 5
227.2	CAMPAIGN FINANCE
227.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
227.4	Subd. 5. Associated business. (a) "Associated business" means an association,
227.5	corporation, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or other
227.6	organized legal entity from which the individual or the individual's spouse receives
227.7	compensation in excess of \$250, except for actual and reasonable expenses, in any month
227.8	during the reporting period as a director, officer, owner, member, partner, employer or
227.9	employee, or whose securities the individual or the individual's spouse holds worth more
227.10	than \$10,000 at fair market value.
227.11	(b) Associated business also means a lobbyist, principal, or interested person by whom
227.12	the individual is compensated in excess of \$250, except for actual and reasonable expenses,
227.13	in any month for providing services as an independent contractor or consultant. If an
227.14	individual is compensated by a person or association for providing services to a lobbyist,
227.15	principal, or interested person, associated business includes both the person or association
227.16	that pays the compensation and the lobbyist, principal, or interested person to whom the
227.17	services are provided.
227.18	(c) "Interested person" means a person or a representative of a person or association that
227.19	has a direct financial interest in a decision that the individual receiving the compensation
227.20	is authorized to make as a public or local official or will be authorized to make if the
227.21	individual becomes a public or local official. To be direct, the financial interest of the person
227.22	or association paying the compensation to the individual must be of greater consequence
227.23	to the payer than the general interest of other residents or taxpayers of the individual's
227.24	governmental unit.
227.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
227.26	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
227.27	read:
227.28	Subd. 12a. Designated lobbyist. "Designated lobbyist" means the lobbyist responsible
227.29	for reporting the lobbying disbursements and activity of the entity the lobbyist represents.
227.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.

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228.1	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
228.2	read:
228.3	Subd. 17d. General lobbying category. "General lobbying category" means an area of
228.4	interest for lobbying for an entity that is on a list of categories specified by the board.
228.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
228.6	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
228.7	read:
228.8	Subd. 19a. Legislative action. "Legislative action" means any of the following:
228.9	(1) the development of prospective legislation, including the development of amendment
228.10	language to prospective legislation;
228.11	(2) the review, modification, adoption, or rejection by a member of the legislature or an
228.12	employee of the legislature, if applicable, of any (i) bill, (ii) amendment, (iii) resolution,
228.13	(iv) confirmation considered by the legislature, or (v) report;
228.14	(3) the development of, in conjunction with a constitutional officer, prospective legislation
228.15	or a request for support or opposition to introduced legislation; and
228.16	(4) the action of the governor in approving or vetoing any act of the legislature or portion
228.17	of an act of the legislature.
228.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
228.19	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
228.20	Subd. 21. Lobbyist. (a) "Lobbyist" means an individual:
228.21	(1) engaged for pay or other consideration of more than \$3,000 from all sources in any
228.22	year:
228.23	(i) for the purpose of attempting to influence legislative or administrative action, or the
228.24	official action of a metropolitan governmental unit political subdivision, by communicating
228.25	or urging others to communicate with public or local officials; or
228.26	(ii) from a business whose primary source of revenue is derived from facilitating
228.27	government relations or government affairs services between two third parties if the
228 28	individual's job duties include offering direct or indirect consulting or advice that helps the

228.29 <u>business provide those services to clients</u>; or

(2) who spends more than \$250 \$3,000 of the individual's personal funds, not including
the individual's own traveling expenses and membership dues, in any year for the purpose
of attempting to influence legislative or administrative action, or the official action of a
metropolitan governmental unit political subdivision, by communicating or urging others
to communicate with public or local officials.

- (b) "Lobbyist" does not include:
- (1) a public official; 229.7

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- (2) an employee of the state, including an employee of any of the public higher education 229.8 229.9 systems;
- (3) an elected local official; 229.10
- (4) a nonelected local official or an employee of a political subdivision acting in an official capacity, unless the nonelected official or employee of a political subdivision spends more than 50 hours in any month attempting to influence legislative or administrative action, or the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit political subdivision other than the political subdivision employing the official or employee, by communicating or urging 229.15 others to communicate with public or local officials, including time spent monitoring 229.16 legislative or administrative action, or the official action of a metropolitan governmental 229.17 unit political subdivision, and related research, analysis, and compilation and dissemination of information relating to legislative or administrative policy in this state, or to the policies of metropolitan governmental units political subdivisions;
 - (5) a party or the party's representative appearing in a proceeding before a state board, commission, or agency of the executive branch unless the board, commission, or agency is taking administrative action;
- 229.24 (6) an individual while engaged in selling goods or services to be paid for by public 229.25
- (7) a news medium or its employees or agents while engaged in the publishing or 229.26 229.27 broadcasting of news items, editorial comments, or paid advertisements which directly or indirectly urge official action; 229.28
 - (8) a paid expert witness whose testimony is requested by the body before which the witness is appearing, but only to the extent of preparing or delivering testimony; or
- (9) a party or the party's representative appearing to present a claim to the legislature 229.31 and communicating to legislators only by the filing of a claim form and supporting documents 229.32 and by appearing at public hearings on the claim. 229.33

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230.1	(c) An individual who volunteers personal time to work without pay or other consideration
230.2	on a lobbying campaign, and who does not spend more than the limit in paragraph (a), clause
230.3	(2), need not register as a lobbyist.
230.4	(d) An individual who provides administrative support to a lobbyist and whose salary
230.5	and administrative expenses attributable to lobbying activities are reported as lobbying
230.6	expenses by the lobbyist, but who does not communicate or urge others to communicate
230.7	with public or local officials, need not register as a lobbyist.
230.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
230.9	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, subdivision 26, is amended to read:
230.10	Subd. 26. Noncampaign disbursement. (a) "Noncampaign disbursement" means a
230.11	purchase or payment of money or anything of value made, or an advance of credit incurred,
230.12	or a donation in kind received, by a principal campaign committee for any of the following
230.13	purposes:
230.14	(1) payment for accounting and legal services related to operating the candidate's
230.15	campaign committee, serving in office, or security for the candidate or the candidate's
230.16	immediate family, including but not limited to seeking and obtaining a harassment restraining
230.17	order;
230.18	(2) return of a contribution to the source;
230.19	(3) repayment of a loan made to the principal campaign committee by that committee;
230.20	(4) return of a public subsidy;
230.21	(5) payment for food, beverages, and necessary utensils and supplies, entertainment,
230.22	and facility rental for a fundraising event;
230.23	(6) services for a constituent by a member of the legislature or a constitutional officer
230.24	in the executive branch as provided in section 10A.173, subdivision 1;
230.25	(7) payment for food and beverages consumed by a candidate or volunteers while they
230.26	are engaged in campaign activities;
230.27	(8) payment for food or a beverage consumed while attending a reception or meeting
230.28	directly related to legislative duties:

(9) payment of expenses incurred by elected or appointed leaders of a legislative caucus

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Article 5 Sec. 6.

230.30 in carrying out their leadership responsibilities;

231.1	(10) payment by a principal campaign committee of the candidate's expenses for serving
231.2	in public office, other than for personal uses;
231.3	(11) costs of child care for the candidate's children when campaigning;
231.4	(12) fees paid to attend a campaign school;
231.5	(13) costs of a postelection party during the election year when a candidate's name will
231.6	no longer appear on a ballot or the general election is concluded, whichever occurs first;
231.7	(14) interest on loans paid by a principal campaign committee on outstanding loans;
231.8	(15) filing fees;
231.9	(16) post-general election holiday or seasonal cards, thank-you notes, or advertisements
231.10	in the news media mailed or published prior to the end of the election cycle;
231.11	(17) the cost of campaign material purchased to replace defective campaign material, if
231.12	the defective material is destroyed without being used;
231.13	(18) contributions to a party unit;
231.14	(19) payments for funeral gifts or memorials;
231.15	(20) the cost of a magnet less than six inches in diameter containing legislator contact
231.16	information and distributed to constituents;
231.17	(21) costs associated with a candidate attending a political party state or national
231.18	convention in this state;
231.19	(22) other purchases or payments specified in board rules or advisory opinions as being
231.20	for any purpose other than to influence the nomination or election of a candidate or to
231.21	promote or defeat a ballot question;
231.22	(23) costs paid to a third party for processing contributions made by a credit card, debit
231.23	card, or electronic check;
231.24	(24) costs paid by a candidate's principal campaign committee to support the candidate's
231.25	participation in a recount of ballots affecting the candidate's election;
231.26	(25) a contribution to a fund established to support a candidate's participation in a recount
231.27	of ballots affecting that candidate's election;
231.28	(25) (26) costs paid by a candidate's principal campaign committee for a single reception
231.29	given in honor of the candidate's retirement from public office after the filing period for
231.30	affidavits of candidacy for that office has closed;

232.1	(26) (27) a donation from a terminating principal campaign committee to the state general
232.2	fund;
232.3	(27) (28) a donation from a terminating principal campaign committee to a county
232.4	obligated to incur special election expenses due to that candidate's resignation from state
232.5	office; and
232.6	(28) (29) during a period starting January 1 in the year following a general election and
232.7	ending on December 31 of the year of general election, total payments of up to \$3,000 for
232.8	detection-related security monitoring expenses for a candidate, including home security
232.9	hardware, maintenance of home security monitoring hardware, identity theft monitoring
232.10	services, and credit monitoring services-; and
232.11	(30) costs paid to repair or replace campaign property that was: (i) lost or stolen, or (ii)
232.12	damaged or defaced to such a degree that the property no longer serves its intended purpose.
232.13	For purposes of this clause, campaign property includes but is not limited to campaign lawn
232.14	signs. The candidate must document the need for these costs in writing or with photographs.
232.15	(b) The board must determine whether an activity involves a noncampaign disbursement
232.16	within the meaning of this subdivision.
232.17	(c) A noncampaign disbursement is considered to be made in the year in which the
232.18	candidate made the purchase of goods or services or incurred an obligation to pay for goods
232.19	or services.
232.20	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
232.21	read:
232.22	Subd. 26b. Official action of a political subdivision. "Official action of a political
232.23	subdivision" means any action that requires a vote or approval by one or more elected local
232.24	officials while acting in their official capacity; or an action by an appointed or employed
232.25	local official to make, to recommend, or to vote on as a member of the governing body,
232.26	major decisions regarding the expenditure or investment of public money.
232.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
232.28	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, subdivision 30, is amended to read:
232.29	Subd. 30. Political party unit or party unit. "Political party unit" or "party unit" means
232.30	the state committee or, the party organization within a house of the legislature, eongressional
232.31	district, county, legislative district, municipality, or precinct or any other party organization

233.1	designated by the chair of the political party in an annual certification of party units provided
233.2	to the board.
233.3	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
233.4	read:
233.5	Subd. 35c. Specific subject of interest. "Specific subject of interest" means a particular
233.6	topic or area of lobbying interest within a general lobbying category.
233.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
233.8	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
233.9	read:
233.10	Subd. 37. Virtual currency. "Virtual currency" means any digital currency which is
233.11	only available in an electronic form and not as a physical form of money. Virtual currency
233.12	functions as a medium of exchange, units of account, or a store of value. Virtual currency
233.13	includes cryptocurrencies. Virtual currency does not include currencies issued by a
233.14	government.
233.15	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.022, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
233.16	Subd. 3. Investigation authority; complaint process. (a) The board may investigate
233.17	any alleged or potential violation of this chapter. The board may also investigate an alleged
233.18	or potential violation of section 211B.04, 211B.12, or 211B.15 by or related to a candidate,
233.19	treasurer, principal campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit,
233.20	as those terms are defined in this chapter. The board may only investigate an alleged violation
233.21	if the board:
233.22	(1) receives a written complaint alleging a violation;
233.23	(2) discovers a potential violation as a result of an audit conducted by the board; or
233.24	(3) discovers a potential violation as a result of a staff review.
233.25	(b) When the board investigates the allegations made in a written complaint and the
233.26	investigation reveals other potential violations that were not included in the complaint, the
233.27	board may investigate the potential violations not alleged in the complaint only after making
233.28	a determination under paragraph (d) that probable cause exists to believe a violation that
233.29	warrants a formal investigation has occurred.
233.30	(c) Upon receipt of a written complaint filed with the board, the board chair or another

board member designated by the chair shall promptly make a determination as to whether

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the complaint alleges a prima facie violation. If a determination is made that the complaint does not allege a prima facie violation, the complaint shall be dismissed without prejudice and the complainant and the subject of the complaint must be promptly notified of the reasons the complaint did not allege a prima facie violation. The notice to the subject of the complaint must include a copy of the complaint. If the complainant files a revised complaint regarding the same facts and the same subject, the prima facie determination must be completed by a board member other than the member who made the initial determination and who does not support the same political party as the member who made the initial determination. The chair may order that the prima facie determination for any complaint be made by the full board and must order that the prima facie determination for a complaint being submitted for the third time be made by the full board.

- (d) If a determination is made that the complaint alleges a prima facie violation, the board shall, within 45 60 days of the prima facie determination, make findings and conclusions as to whether probable cause exists to believe the alleged violation that warrants a formal investigation has occurred. Any party filing a complaint and any party against whom a complaint is filed must be given an opportunity to be heard by the board prior to the board's determination as to whether probable cause exists to believe a violation that warrants a formal investigation has occurred.
- (e) Upon a determination by the board that probable cause exists to believe a violation that warrants a formal investigation has occurred, the board must undertake an investigation under subdivision 2 and must issue an order at the conclusion of the investigation, except that if the complaint alleges a violation of section 10A.25 or 10A.27, the board must either enter a conciliation agreement or make public findings and conclusions as to whether a violation has occurred and must issue an order within 60 days after the probable cause determination has been made. Prior to making findings and conclusions in an investigation, the board must offer the subject of the complaint an opportunity to answer the allegations of the complaint in writing and to appear before the board to address the matter. The deadline for action on a written complaint, including but not limited to issuance of a probable cause determination in accordance with paragraph (d), entering into a conciliation agreement, or issuance of public findings may be extended by majority vote of the board.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.025, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Changes and corrections.** Material changes in information previously submitted and corrections to a report or statement must be reported in writing to the board within ten days following the date of the event prompting the change or the date upon which the person

Article 5 Sec. 12.

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235.1	filing became aware of the inaccuracy. The change or correction must identify the form and
235.2	the paragraph containing the information to be changed or corrected. A request from the
235.3	board to a lobbyist to provide more detailed information about a specific subject of interest
235.4	disclosed on a lobbyist disbursement report is a change or correction governed by this
235.5	subdivision.

A person who willfully fails to report a material change or correction is subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$3,000. A willful violation of this subdivision is a gross misdemeanor.

The board must send a written notice to any individual who fails to file a report required by this subdivision. If the individual fails to file the required report within ten business days after the notice was sent, the board may impose a late filing fee of \$25 per day up to \$1,000 starting on the 11th day after the notice was sent. The board may send an additional notice by certified mail to an individual who fails to file a report within ten business days after the first notice was sent by the board. The certified notice must state that if the individual does not file the requested report within ten business days after the certified notice was sent, the individual may be subject to a civil penalty for failure to file a report. An individual who fails to file a report required by this subdivision within ten business days after the certified notice was sent by the board is subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$1,000.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Form.** The board must prescribe a registration form, which must include:
- 235.23 (1) the name, address, and email address of the lobbyist;
- 235.24 (2) the principal place of business of the lobbyist;
- 235.25 (3) the name and address of each individual, association, political subdivision, or public 235.26 higher education system, if any, by whom the lobbyist is retained or employed or on whose 235.27 behalf the lobbyist appears;
- 235.28 (4) the website address of each association, political subdivision, or public higher education system identified under clause (3), if the entity maintains a website; and
- 235.30 (5) a the general description of the subject or subjects lobbying categories on which the lobbyist expects to lobby- on behalf of a represented entity; and

236.1	(6) if the lobbyist lobbies on behalf of an association, the registration form must include
236.2	the name and address of the officers and directors of the association.
236.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
236.4	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to
236.5	read:
236.6	Subd. 6. General lobbying categories and specific subjects of interest. A list of general
236.7	lobbying categories and specific subjects of interest must be specified by the board and
236.8	updated periodically based on public comment and information provided by lobbyists. The
236.9	board must publish on its website the current list of general lobbying categories and specific
236.10	subjects of interest. Chapter 14 and section 14.386 do not apply to the specification,
236.11	publication, or periodic updates of the list of general lobbying categories and specific subjects
236.12	of interest.
236.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
236.14	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
236.15	Subd. 3. Information to lobbyist. An employer or employee about entity or lobbyist
236.16	whose activities a are reported to the board by another lobbyist is required to report must
236.17	provide the information required by subdivision 4 to the lobbyist no later than five days
236.18	before the prescribed filing date.
236.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
236.20	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
236.21	Subd. 4. Content. (a) A report under this section must include information the board
236.22	requires from the registration form and the information required by this subdivision for the
236.23	reporting period.
236.24	(b) A lobbyist must report the specific subjects of interest for an entity represented by
236.25	the lobbyist on each report submitted under this section. A lobbyist must describe a specific
236.26	subject of interest in the report with enough information to show the particular issue of
236.27	importance to the entity represented.
236.28	(b) (c) A lobbyist must report the lobbyist's total disbursements on lobbying, separately
236.29	listing lobbying to influence legislative action, lobbying to influence administrative action,
236.30	and lobbying to influence the official actions of a metropolitan governmental unit, and a

236.31 breakdown of disbursements for each of those kinds of lobbying into categories specified

237.1	by the board, including but not limited to the cost of publication and distribution of each
237.2	publication used in lobbying; other printing; media, including the cost of production; postage;
237.3	travel; fees, including allowances; entertainment; telephone and telegraph; and other
237.4	expenses. every state agency that had administrative action that the represented entity sought
237.5	to influence during the reporting period. The lobbyist must report the specific subjects of
237.6	interest for each administrative action and the revisor of statutes rule draft number assigned
237.7	to the administrative rulemaking.
237.8	(d) A lobbyist must report every political subdivision that considered official action that
237.9	the represented entity sought to influence during the reporting period. The lobbyist must
237.10	report the specific subjects of interest for each action.
237.11	(e) A lobbyist must report general lobbying categories and up to four specific subjects
237.12	of interest related to each general lobbying category on which the lobbyist attempted to
237.13	influence legislative action during the reporting period. If the lobbyist attempted to influence
237.14	legislative action on more than four specific subjects of interest for a general lobbying
237.15	category, the lobbyist, in consultation with the represented entity, must determine which
237.16	four specific subjects of interest were the entity's highest priorities during the reporting
237.17	period and report only those four subjects.
237.18	(f) A lobbyist must report the Public Utilities Commission project name for each rate
237.19	setting, power plant and powerline siting, or granting of certification of need before the
237.20	Public Utilities Commission that the represented entity sought to influence during the
237.21	reporting period.
237.22	(e) (g) A lobbyist must report the amount and nature of each gift, item, or benefit,
237.23	excluding contributions to a candidate, equal in value to \$5 or more, given or paid to any
237.24	official, as defined in section 10A.071, subdivision 1, by the lobbyist or an employer or
237.25	employee of the lobbyist. The list must include the name and address of each official to
237.26	whom the gift, item, or benefit was given or paid and the date it was given or paid.
237.27	(d) (h) A lobbyist must report each original source of money in excess of \$500 in any
237.28	year used for the purpose of lobbying to influence legislative action, administrative action,
237.29	or the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit political subdivision. The list must
237.30	include the name, address, and employer, or, if self-employed, the occupation and principal
237.31	place of business, of each payer of money in excess of \$500.
237.32	(e) (i) On the each report due June 15, the a lobbyist must provide a disclose the general

months reporting period.

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description of the subjects lobbying categories that were lobbied on in the previous 12

EFFECTIVE DATE.	. This sec	tion is	effective	January	1, 2024.
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- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.04, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Principal reports.** (a) A principal must report to the board as required in this subdivision by March 15 for the preceding calendar year.
- 238.5 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (d), The principal must report the total amount,
 238.6 rounded to the nearest \$20,000 \$9,000, spent by the principal during the preceding calendar
 238.7 year to influence legislative action, administrative action, and the official action of
 238.8 metropolitan governmental units. on each type of lobbying listed below:
- 238.9 (1) lobbying to influence legislative action;
- 238.10 (2) lobbying to influence administrative action, other than lobbying described in clause 238.11 (3);
- 238.12 (3) lobbying to influence administrative action in cases of rate setting, power plant and powerline siting, and granting of certificates of need under section 216B.243; and
- 238.14 (4) lobbying to influence official action of a political subdivision.
- (c) Except as provided in paragraph (d), For each type of lobbying listed in paragraph

 238.16 (b), the principal must report under this subdivision a total amount that includes:
- (1) the portion of all direct payments for compensation and benefits paid by the principal to lobbyists in this state for that type of lobbying;
- (2) the portion of all expenditures for advertising, mailing, research, consulting, surveys, expert testimony, studies, reports, analysis, compilation and dissemination of information, social media and public relations campaigns related to legislative action, administrative action, or the official action of metropolitan governmental units, and legal counsel used to support that type of lobbying in this state; and
 - (3) <u>a reasonable good faith estimate of the portion of all salaries and administrative overhead</u> expenses attributable to activities of the principal relating to efforts to influence legislative action, administrative action, or the official action of metropolitan governmental units for that type of lobbying in this state.
- (d) A principal that must report spending to influence administrative action in cases of rate setting, power plant and powerline siting, and granting of certificates of need under section 216B.243 must report those amounts as provided in this subdivision, except that they must be reported separately and not included in the totals required under paragraphs (b) and (c).

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239.1 (d) The principal must report disbursements made and obligations incurred that exceed \$2,000 for paid advertising used for the purpose of urging members of the public to contact public or local officials to influence official actions during the reporting period. Paid advertising includes the cost to boost the distribution of an advertisement on social media.

The report must provide the date that the advertising was purchased, the name and address of the vendor, a description of the advertising purchased, and any specific subjects of interest addressed by the advertisement.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.

- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.04, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Reporting by multiple lobbyists representing the same entity.** Clauses (1) to (6) apply when a single individual, association, political subdivision, or public higher education system is represented by more than one lobbyist.
- (1) The entity must appoint one designated lobbyist to report lobbyist disbursements made by the entity. An entity represented by more than one lobbyist may only have one designated lobbyist at any given time. The designated lobbyist must indicate that status on the periodic reports of lobbyist disbursements.
- (2) A reporting lobbyist may consent to report on behalf of one or more other lobbyists for the same entity, in which case, the other lobbyists are persons whose activities the reporting lobbyist must disclose and are subject to the disclosure requirements of subdivision 3. Lobbyist disbursement reports filed by a reporting lobbyist must include the names and registration numbers of the other lobbyists whose activities are included in the report.
- 239.22 (3) Lobbyists whose activities are accounted for by a reporting lobbyist are not required to file lobbyist disbursement reports.
- (4) A lobbyist whose lobbying disbursements are provided to the board through a reporting lobbyist must supply all relevant information on disbursements to the reporting lobbyist no later than five days before the prescribed filing date.
- (5) The reporting periods and due dates for a reporting lobbyist are those provided in subdivision 2. The late filing provisions in subdivision 5 apply to reports required by this subdivision.
- 239.30 (6) The reporting lobbyist must indicate the names and registration numbers of any lobbyists who did not provide their lobbying disbursements for inclusion in a report. The late filing provisions in subdivision 5 apply to lobbyists who fail to report information to the reporting lobbyist.

240.1	EFFECTIV	VE DATE.	This section	on is effe	ctive Januar	y 1, 2024.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.05, is amended to read:

10A.05 LOBBYIST REPORT.

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Within 30 days after each lobbyist filing date set by section 10A.04, the executive director of the board must publish the names of the lobbyists registered who were not previously reported, the names of the individuals, associations, political subdivisions, or public higher education systems whom they represent as lobbyists, the subject or subjects on which they are lobbying, and whether in each case they lobby to influence legislative action, administrative action, or the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit political subdivision.

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- 240.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.06, is amended to read:

240.13 **10A.06 CONTINGENT FEES PROHIBITED.**

- No person may act as or employ a lobbyist for compensation that is dependent upon the result or outcome of any legislative or administrative action, or of the official action of a metropolitan governmental unit political subdivision. A person who violates this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 240.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.071, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
- (b) "Gift" means money, real or personal property, a service, a loan, a forbearance or
- 240.22 forgiveness of indebtedness, or a promise of future employment, that is given and received
- 240.23 without the giver receiving consideration of equal or greater value in return.
- 240.24 (c) "Official" means a public official, an employee of the legislature, or a local official of a metropolitan governmental unit.
- 240.26 (d) "Plaque" means a decorative item with an inscription recognizing an individual for an accomplishment.
- 240.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024.

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Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.09, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 241.1

Subd. 5. Form; general requirements. (a) A statement of economic interest required by this section must be on a form prescribed by the board. Except as provided in subdivision 5b, the individual filing must provide the following information:

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- (1) the individual's name, address, occupation, and principal place of business;
- (2) a listing of the name of each associated business and the nature of that association; 241.6
- 241.7 (3) a listing of all real property within the state, excluding homestead property, in which the individual or the individual's spouse holds: (i) a fee simple interest, a mortgage, a contract 241.8 for deed as buyer or seller, or an option to buy, whether direct or indirect, if the interest is 241.9 valued in excess of \$2,500; or (ii) an option to buy, if the property has a fair market value 241.10 of more than \$50,000; 241.11
 - (4) a listing of all real property within the state in which a partnership of which the individual or the individual's spouse is a member holds: (i) a fee simple interest, a mortgage, a contract for deed as buyer or seller, or an option to buy, whether direct or indirect, if the individual's share of the partnership interest is valued in excess of \$2,500; or (ii) an option to buy, if the property has a fair market value of more than \$50,000. A listing under this clause or clause (3) must indicate the street address and the municipality or the section, township, range and approximate acreage, whichever applies, and the county in which the property is located;
 - (5) a listing of any investments, ownership, or interests in property connected with pari-mutuel horse racing in the United States and Canada, including a racehorse, in which the individual directly or indirectly holds a partial or full interest or an immediate family member holds a partial or full interest;
 - (6) a listing of the principal business or professional activity category of each business from which the individual or the individual's spouse receives more than \$250 in any month during the reporting period as an employee, if the individual or the individual's spouse has an ownership interest of 25 percent or more in the business;
- (7) a listing of each principal business or professional activity category from which the 241.28 individual or the individual's spouse received compensation of more than \$2,500 in the past 241.29 12 months as an independent contractor; and 241.30
- (8) a listing of the full name of each security with a value of more than \$10,000 owned 241.31 in part or in full by the individual or the individual's spouse, at any time during the reporting 241.32 period.; and 241.33

242.1	(9) a listing of any contract, professional license, lease, or franchise that:
242.2	(i) is held by the individual or the individual's spouse or any business in which the
242.3	individual has an ownership interest of 25 percent or more; and
242.4	(ii) is entered into with, or issued by, the government agency on which the individual
242.5	serves as a public or local official.
242.6	(b) The business or professional categories for purposes of paragraph (a), clauses (6)
242.7	and (7), must be the general topic headings used by the federal Internal Revenue Service
242.8	for purposes of reporting self-employment income on Schedule C. This paragraph does not
242.9	require an individual to report any specific code number from that schedule. Any additional
242.10	principal business or professional activity category may only be adopted if the category is
242.11	enacted by law.
242.12	(c) For the purpose of calculating the amount of compensation received from any single
242.13	source in a single month, the amount shall include the total amount received from the source
242.14	during the month, whether or not the amount covers compensation for more than one month.
242.15	(d) For the purpose of determining the value of an individual's interest in real property,
242.16	the value of the property is the market value shown on the property tax statement.
242.17	(e) For the purpose of this section, "date of appointment" means the effective date of
242.18	appointment to a position.
242.19	(f) For the purpose of this section, "accepting employment as a public official" means
242.20	the effective date of the appointment to the position, as stated in the appointing authority's
242.21	notice to the board.
242.22	(g) The listings required in paragraph (a), clauses (3) to (9), must not identify whether
242.23	the individual or the individual's spouse is associated with or owns the listed item.
242.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
242.25	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to
242.26	read:
242.27	Subd. 5b. Form; exceptions for certain officials. (a) This subdivision applies to the
242.28	following individuals:
242.29	(1) a supervisor of a soil and water conservation district;

(2) a manager of a watershed district; and

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243.1	(3) a member of a watershed management organization as defined under section
243.2	103B.205, subdivision 13.
243.3	(b) Notwithstanding subdivision 5, paragraph (a), an individual listed in paragraph (a),
243.4	must provide only the information listed below on a statement of economic interest:
243.5	(1) the individual's name, address, occupation, and principal place of business;
243.6	(2) a listing of any association, corporation, partnership, limited liability company,
243.7	limited liability partnership, or other organized legal entity from which the individual
243.8	receives compensation in excess of \$250, except for actual and reasonable expenses, in any
243.9	month during the reporting period as a director, officer, owner, member, partner, employer,
243.10	or employee;
243.11	(3) a listing of all real property within the state, excluding homestead property, in which
243.12	the individual or the individual's spouse holds:
243.13	(i) a fee simple interest, a mortgage, a contract for deed as buyer or seller, or an option
243.14	to buy, whether direct or indirect, if the interest is valued in excess of \$2,500; or
243.15	(ii) an option to buy, if the property has a fair market value of more than \$50,000;
243.16	(4) a listing of all real property within the state in which a partnership of which the
243.17	individual or the individual's spouse is a member holds:
243.18	(i) a fee simple interest, a mortgage, a contract for deed as buyer or seller, or an option
243.19	to buy, whether direct or indirect, if the individual's share of the partnership interest is valued
243.20	in excess of \$2,500; or
243.21	(ii) an option to buy, if the property has a fair market value of more than \$50,000. A
243.22	listing under this clause or clause (3) must indicate the street address and the municipality
243.23	or the section, township, range and approximate acreage, whichever applies, and the county
243.24	in which the property is located; and
243.25	(5) a listing of any contract, professional license, lease, or franchise that meets the
243.26	following criteria:
243.27	(i) it is held by the individual or the individual's spouse or any business in which the
243.28	individual has an ownership interest of 25 percent or more; and
243.29	(ii) it is entered into with, or issued by, the government agency on which the individual
243.30	serves as a public or local official.
243.31	(c) The listings required in paragraph (b), clauses (3) to (5), must not identify whether
243.32	the individual or the individual's spouse is associated with or owns the listed item.

244.1	(d) If an individual listed in paragraph (a) also holds a public official position that is not
244.2	listed in paragraph (a), the individual must file a statement of economic interest that includes
244.3	the information specified in subdivision 5, paragraph (a).
244.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024.
244.5	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
244.6	Subdivision 1. Permitted disbursements. An independent expenditure political
244.0	committee or fund, or a ballot question political committee or fund, may:
244.8	(1) pay costs associated with its fundraising and general operations;
244.9	(2) pay for communications that do not constitute contributions or approved expenditures;
244.10	(3) make contributions to independent expenditure or ballot question political committees
244.11	or funds;
244.12	(4) make independent expenditures;
244.13	(5) make expenditures to promote or defeat ballot questions;
244.14	(6) return a contribution to its source;
244.15	(7) for a political fund, record bookkeeping entries transferring the association's general
244.16	treasury money allocated for political purposes back to the general treasury of the association;
244.17	and
244.18	(8) for a political fund, return general treasury money transferred to a separate depository
244.19	to the general depository of the association-; and
244.20	(9) make disbursements for electioneering communications.
244.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to
244.21	expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.
Z 44. ZZ	expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.
244.23	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.121, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
244.24	Subd. 2. Penalty. (a) An independent expenditure political committee or, independent
244.25	expenditure political fund, ballot question political committee, or ballot question political
244.26	<u>fund</u> is subject to a civil penalty of up to four times the amount of the contribution or
244.27	approved expenditure if it does the following:
244.28	(1) makes a contribution to a candidate, local candidate, party unit, political committee,
244.29	or political fund other than an independent expenditure political committee or, an independent

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expenditure political fund, ballot question political committee, or ballot question political fund; or

- (2) makes an approved expenditure.
- 245.4 (b) No other penalty provided in law may be imposed for conduct that is subject to a civil penalty under this section.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Deposit. All contributions received by or on behalf of a candidate, principal 245.7 campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit must be deposited in 245.8 an placed in a depository account designated "Campaign Fund of (name of candidate, 245.9 committee, fund, or party unit)." All contributions must be deposited promptly upon receipt 245.10 and, except for contributions received during the last three days of a reporting period as 245.11 described in section 10A.20, must be deposited during the reporting period in which they 245.12 were received. A contribution received during the last three days of a reporting period must 245.13 be deposited within 72 hours after receipt and must be reported as received during the reporting period whether or not deposited within that period. A contribution must not be 245.15 245.16 deposited in any other account prior to being deposited within a depository of the principal campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit. However, a 245.17 contribution may temporarily be held within a digital wallet or other account immediately 245.18 after receipt if the recipient principal campaign committee, political committee, political 245.19 fund, or party unit has sole ownership of that account. A candidate, principal campaign 245.20 committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit may refuse to accept a 245.21 contribution. A deposited contribution may be returned to the contributor within 90 days 245.22 after deposit. A contribution deposited and not returned within 90 days after that deposit 245.23 must be reported as accepted. 245.24
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.15, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Registration number on checks.** A contribution made to a candidate <u>or local</u> candidate by a lobbyist, political committee, political fund, or party unit must show the name of the lobbyist, political committee, political fund, or party unit and the number under which it is registered with the board.

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246.1	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to
246.2	read:

- Subd. 8. Virtual currency contributions. (a) A principal campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit may accept a donation in kind in the form of virtual currency. Any virtual currency contribution must be made and received through a virtual currency payment processor based in the United States that is registered with the United States Department of Treasury and which utilizes protocols to verify the identity of the contributor for all contributions. The value of donated virtual currency is its fair market value at the time it is donated. The recipient of a virtual currency contribution must sell the virtual currency in exchange for United States currency within five business days after receipt.
- (b) Any increase in the value of donated virtual currency after its donation, but before its conversion to United States currency, must be reported as a receipt that is not a contribution pursuant to section 10A.20, subdivision 3. Any decrease in the value of donated virtual currency after its donation, but before its conversion to United States currency, must be reported as an expenditure pursuant to section 10A.20, subdivision 3.
- 246.17 (c) A principal campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit
 246.18 may not purchase goods or services with virtual currency.
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 9. Mobile payments. (a) A principal campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit may accept a contribution of money made using a mobile payment service or platform, a service that is dependent upon direct carrier billing, or a website.
- (b) A principal campaign committee, political committee, political fund, or party unit
 may not solicit or accept a contribution made using a mobile payment service or platform
 that, to a potential contributor, displays only the name of an individual as the recipient or
 displays a name for the recipient that is not substantially similar to the name under which
 the recipient is registered with the board.
- (c) A mobile payment contribution must be deposited pursuant to subdivision 3 before
 the funds received may be used to make an expenditure or disbursement other than payment
 of any processing fee charged for using the mobile payment service or platform.

- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.17, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Penalty.** A person who violates subdivision 2 or 6 is subject to a civil penalty
- imposed by the board of up to \$1,000. A person who knowingly violates subdivision 3a or
- 4 or falsely claims that an expenditure was an independent expenditure is guilty of a gross
- 247.5 misdemeanor and subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$3,000.
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.17, is amended by adding a subdivision to
- 247.7 read:
- Subd. 6. Use of depository. A political committee, political fund, principal campaign
- committee, or party unit may not expend money unless the expenditure or other disbursement
- 247.10 is made using petty cash or a depository of that committee, fund, or party unit.
- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.20, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. Local election reports. (a) This subdivision applies to a political committee,
- 247.13 political fund, or political party unit that during a non-general election year:
- 247.14 (1) spends in aggregate more than \$200 to influence the nomination or election of local
- 247.15 candidates;
- 247.16 (2) spends in aggregate more than \$200 to make independent expenditures on behalf of
- 247.17 local candidates; or
- 247.18 (3) spends in aggregate more than \$200 to promote or defeat ballot questions defined
- 247.19 in section 10A.01, subdivision 7, clause (2), (3), or (4).
- (b) In addition to the reports required by subdivision 2, the entities listed in paragraph
- 247.21 (a) must file the following reports in each non-general election year:
- 247.22 (1) a first-quarter report covering the calendar year through March 31, which is due
- 247.23 April 14;
- (2) a report covering the calendar year through May 31, which is due June 14;
- 247.25 (3) a pre-primary-election report due 15 days before the local primary election date
- 247.26 specified in section 205.065;
- 247.27 (4) a pre-general-election report due 42 days before the local general election; and
- 247.28 (5) a pre-general-election report due ten days before a local general election.
- 247.29 The reporting obligations in this paragraph begin with the first report due after the
- 247.30 reporting period in which the entity reaches the spending threshold specified in paragraph

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248.1	(a). The pre-primary report required under clause (3) is required for all entities required to
248.2	report under paragraph (a), regardless of whether the candidate or issue is on the primary
248.3	ballot or a primary is not conducted.

- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.20, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 248.4
- Subd. 5. **Pre-election reports.** (a) Any loan, contribution, or contributions: 248.5
- (1) to a political committee or political fund from any one source totaling more than 248.6 \$1,000; 248.7
- (2) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for an appellate court judicial 248.8 office totaling more than \$2,000; 248.9
- (3) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for district court judge totaling 248.10 more than \$400; or 248.11
- (4) to the principal campaign committee of a candidate for constitutional office or for 248.12 the legislature totaling more than 50 percent of the election segment contribution limit for 248.13 the office, 248.14
- 248.15 received between the last day covered in the last report before an election and the election must be reported to the board in the manner provided in paragraph (b). 248.16
- 248.17 (b) A loan, contribution, or contributions required to be reported to the board under paragraph (a) must be reported to the board either: 248.18
- 248.19 (1) in person by the end of the next business day after its receipt; or
- (2) by electronic means sent within 24 hours after its receipt by the end of the next 248.20 business day after its receipt. 248.21
- (c) These loans and contributions must also be reported in the next required report. 248.22
- 248 23 (d) This notice requirement does not apply in a primary election to a candidate who is unopposed in the primary, in a primary election to a ballot question political committee or 248.24 fund, or in a general election to a candidate whose name is not on the general election ballot. 248.25 The board must post the report on its website by the end of the next business day after it is 248.26 received. 248.27
- (e) This subdivision does not apply to a ballot question or independent expenditure 248.28 political committee or fund that has not met the registration threshold of section 10A.14, 248.29 subdivision 1a. However, if a contribution that would be subject to this section triggers the

249.1	registration requirement in section 10A.14, subdivision 1a, then both registration under that
249.2	section and reporting under this section are required.

- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.20, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. **Failure to file;** <u>late fees;</u> <u>penalty.</u> (a) If an individual or association fails to file a report required by this section or section 10A.202, the board may impose a late filing fee as provided in this subdivision.
- (b) If an individual <u>or association</u> fails to file a report required by this section that is due
 January 31, the board may impose a late filing fee of \$25 per day, not to exceed \$1,000,
 commencing the day after the report was due.
- (c) If an individual or association fails to file a report required by this section that is due 249.10 249.11 before a primary or general election, subdivision 2, 2a, or 5, or by section 10A.202, the board may impose a late filing fee of \$50 per day, not to exceed \$1,000, commencing on 249.12 the day after the date the statement was due, provided that if the total receipts received 249.13 during the reporting period or total expenditure reportable under section 10A.202 exceeds 249.14 \$25,000, then the board may impose a late filing fee of up to two percent of the amount that 249.15 249.16 should have been reported, per day, commencing on the day after the report was due, not to exceed 100 percent of the amount that should have been reported. 249.17
- (d) If an individual or association has been assessed a late filing fee under this subdivision during the prior four years, the board may impose a late filing fee of up to twice the amount otherwise authorized by this subdivision.
- (e) Within ten business days after the report was due or receipt by the board of 249.21 information disclosing the potential failure to file a report required by this section, the board 249.22 must send notice by certified mail to an individual who fails to file a report within ten 249.23 business days after the report was due that the individual or association may be subject to 249.24 a civil penalty for failure to file the report. An individual who fails to file the report within 249.25 seven days after the certified mail notice was sent by the board is subject to a civil penalty 249.26 imposed by the board of up to \$1,000 in addition to the late filing fees imposed by this 249.27 subdivision. 249.28

249.29 Sec. 35. [10A.201] ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATIONS; DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. The terms defined in this section apply to this section and to section 10A.202.

Article 5 Sec. 35.

250.1	Subd. 2. Broadcast, cable, or satellite communication. "Broadcast, cable, or satellite
250.2	communication" means a communication that is publicly distributed by a television station,
250.3	radio station, cable television system, or satellite system.
250.4	Subd. 3. Can be received by 10,000 or more individuals. (a) "Can be received by
250.5	10,000 or more individuals" means:
250.6	(1) in the case of a communication transmitted by an FM radio broadcast station or
250.7	network, where the district lies entirely within the station's or network's protected or primary
250.8	service contour, that the population of the district is 10,000 or more;
250.9	(2) in the case of a communication transmitted by an FM radio broadcast station or
250.10	network, where a portion of the district lies outside of the protected or primary service
250.11	contour, that the population of the part of the district lying within the station's or network's
250.12	protected or primary service contour is 10,000 or more;
250.13	(3) in the case of a communication transmitted by an AM radio broadcast station or
250.14	network, where the district lies entirely within the station's or network's most outward service
250.15	area, that the population of the district is 10,000 or more;
250.16	(4) in the case of a communication transmitted by an AM radio broadcast station or
250.17	network, where a portion of the district lies outside of the station's or network's most outward
250.18	service area, that the population of the part of the district lying within the station's or
250.19	network's most outward service area is 10,000 or more;
250.20	(5) in the case of a communication appearing on a television broadcast station or network,
250.21	where the district lies entirely within the station's or network's Grade B broadcast contour,
250.22	that the population of the district is 10,000 or more;
250.23	(6) in the case of a communication appearing on a television broadcast station or network,
250.24	where a portion of the district lies outside of the Grade B broadcast contour:
250.25	(i) that the population of the part of the district lying within the station's or network's
250.26	Grade B broadcast contour is 10,000 or more; or
250.27	(ii) that the population of the part of the district lying within the station's or network's
250.28	broadcast contour, when combined with the viewership of that television station or network
250.29	by cable and satellite subscribers within the district lying outside the broadcast contour, is
250.30	10,000 or more;
250.31	(7) in the case of a communication appearing exclusively on a cable or satellite television
250.32	system, but not on a broadcast station or network, that the viewership of the cable system
250.33	or satellite system lying within a district is 10,000 or more; or

251.1	(8) in the case of a communication appearing on a cable television network, that the
251.2	total cable and satellite viewership within a district is 10,000 or more.
251.3	(b) Cable or satellite television viewership is determined by multiplying the number of
251.4	subscribers within a district, or a part thereof, as appropriate, by the current average
251.5	household size for Minnesota, as determined by the Bureau of the Census.
251.6	(c) A determination that a communication can be received by 10,000 or more individuals
251.7	based on the application of the formula in this section shall create a rebuttable presumption
251.8	that may be overcome by demonstrating that:
251.9	(1) one or more cable or satellite systems did not carry the network on which the
251.10	communication was publicly distributed at the time the communication was publicly
251.11	distributed; and
251.12	(2) applying the formula to the remaining cable and satellite systems results in a
251.13	determination that the cable network or systems upon which the communication was publicly
251.13	distributed could not be received by 10,000 individuals or more.
231.14	distributed could not be received by 10,000 individuals of more.
251.15	Subd. 4. Direct costs of producing or airing electioneering communications. "Direct
251.16	costs of producing or airing electioneering communications" means:
251.17	(1) costs charged by a vendor, including studio rental time, staff salaries, costs of video
251.18	or audio recording media, and talent; and
251.19	(2) the cost of airtime on broadcast, cable, or satellite radio and television stations, studio
251.20	time, material costs, and the charges for a broker to purchase the airtime.
251.21	Subd. 5. Disclosure date. "Disclosure date" means:
251.22	(1) the first date on which an electioneering communication is publicly distributed,
251.23	provided that the person making the electioneering communication has made one or more
251.24	disbursements, or has executed one or more contracts to make disbursements, for the direct
251.25	costs of producing or airing one or more electioneering communications aggregating in
251.26	excess of \$10,000; or
251.27	(2) any other date during the same calendar year on which an electioneering
251.28	communication is publicly distributed, provided that the person making the electioneering
251.29	communication has made one or more disbursements, or has executed one or more contracts
251.30	to make disbursements, for the direct costs of producing or airing one or more electioneering
251.31	communications aggregating in excess of \$10,000 since the most recent disclosure date
251.32	during that calendar year.

252.1	Subd. 6. Electioneering communication. (a) "Electioneering communication" means
252.2	any broadcast, cable, or satellite communication that:
252.3	(1) refers to a clearly identified candidate for state office;
252.4	(2) is publicly distributed within 60 days before a general election for the office sought
252.5	by the candidate; or within 30 days before a primary election, or a convention or caucus of
252.6	a political party that has authority to nominate a candidate, for the office sought by the
252.7	candidate, and the candidate referenced is seeking the nomination of that political party;
252.8	and
252.9	(3) is targeted to the relevant electorate.
252.10	(b) A communication is not an electioneering communication if it:
252.11	(1) is publicly disseminated through a means of communication other than a broadcast,
252.12	cable, or satellite television or radio station;
252.13	(2) appears in a news story, commentary, or editorial distributed through the facilities
252.14	of any broadcast, cable, or satellite television or radio station, unless such facilities are
252.15	owned or controlled by any political party, political committee, or candidate, provided that
252.16	a news story distributed through a broadcast, cable, or satellite television or radio station
252.17	owned or controlled by any political party, political committee, or candidate is not an
252.18	electioneering communication if the news story meets the requirements described in Code
252.19	of Federal Regulations, title 11, section 100.132(a) and (b);
252.20	(3) constitutes an expenditure or independent expenditure, provided that the expenditure
252.21	or independent expenditure is required to be reported under this chapter;
252.22	(4) constitutes a candidate debate or forum, or that solely promotes such a debate or
252.23	forum and is made by or on behalf of the person sponsoring the debate or forum; or
252.24	(5) is paid for by a candidate.
252.25	Subd. 7. Identification. "Identification" means, in the case of an individual, the
252.26	individual's full name including first name, middle name or initial if available, and last
252.27	name; mailing address; occupation; and name of the individual's employer and, in the case
252.28	of a person who is not an individual, the person's name and principal place of business.
252.29	Subd. 8. Individuals sharing or exercising direction or control. "Individuals sharing
252.30	or exercising direction or control" means officers, directors, executive directors or the
252.31	equivalent, partners, and in the case of unincorporated organizations, owners, of the entity
252.32	or person making the disbursement for the electioneering communication.

Article 5 Sec. 35.

253.1	Subd. 9. Publicly distributed. "Publicly distributed" means aired, broadcast, cablecast,
253.2	or otherwise disseminated through the facilities of a television station, radio station, cable
253.3	television system, or satellite system.
253.4	Subd. 10. Refers to a clearly identified candidate. "Refers to a clearly identified
253.5	candidate" means that the candidate's name, nickname, photograph, or drawing appears, or
253.6	the identity of the candidate is otherwise apparent through an unambiguous reference such
253.7	as "the governor," "your legislator," or "the incumbent," or through an unambiguous reference
253.8	to the candidate's status as a candidate such as "the [political party] gubernatorial nominee"
253.9	or "the [political party] candidate for senate."
253.10	Subd. 11. Targeted to the relevant electorate. "Targeted to the relevant electorate"
253.11	means the communication can be received by 10,000 or more individuals:
253.12	(1) in the district the candidate seeks to represent, in the case of a candidate for
253.13	representative, senator, or other office represented by district; or
253.14	(2) in the entire state, if the candidate seeks a statewide office.
253.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to
253.16	expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.
253.17	Sec. 36. [10A.202] ELECTIONEERING COMMUNICATION; REPORTING
253.17	REQUIREMENTS.
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253.19	Subdivision 1. Reports required. Any person who has made an electioneering
253.20	communication, as defined in section 10A.201, aggregating in excess of \$10,000 during
253.21	any calendar year shall file a statement with the board no later than 11:59 p.m. on the day
253.22	following the disclosure date. The statement shall be filed under penalty of perjury, and
253.23	must contain the information set forth in subdivision 2. Political committees that make a
253.24	communication described in section 10A.201 must report the communication as a campaign
253.25	expenditure or independent expenditure as otherwise provided by this chapter and are not
253.26	required to file a report under this section.
253.27	Subd. 2. Content of report. A statement of electioneering communications required by
253.28	this section shall disclose the following information:
253.29	(1) the identification of the person who made the disbursement or who executed a contract
253.30	to make a disbursement and, if the person is not an individual, the person's principal place
253.31	of business;

254.1	(2) the identification of any individual sharing or exercising direction or control over
254.2	the activities of the person who made the disbursement or who executed a contract to make
254.3	a disbursement;
254.4	(3) the identification of the custodian of the books and accounts from which the
254.5	disbursements were made;
254.6	(4) the amount of each disbursement, or amount obligated, of more than \$200 during
254.7	the period covered by the statement, the date the disbursement was made or the contract
254.8	was executed, and the identification of the person to whom that disbursement was made;
254.9	(5) all clearly identified candidates referred to in the electioneering communication and
254.10	the elections in which they are candidates;
254.11	(6) the disclosure date;
254.12	(7) if the disbursements were paid exclusively from a segregated bank account consisting
254.13	of funds provided solely by persons other than national banks, corporations organized by
254.14	federal law or the laws of this state, or foreign nationals, the name and address of each donor
254.15	who donated an amount aggregating \$1,000 or more to the segregated bank account,
254.16	aggregating since the first day of the preceding calendar year;
254.17	(8) if the disbursements were not paid exclusively from a segregated bank account
254.18	consisting of funds provided solely by persons other than national banks, corporations
254.19	organized by federal law or the laws of this state, or foreign nationals, and were not made
254.20	by a corporation or labor organization, the name and address of each donor who donated
254.21	an amount aggregating \$1,000 or more to the person making the disbursement, aggregating
254.22	since the first day of the preceding calendar year; and
254.23	(9) if the disbursements were made by a corporation or labor organization and were not
254.24	paid exclusively from a segregated bank account consisting of funds provided solely by
254.25	persons other than national banks, corporations organized by federal law or the laws of this
254.26	state, or foreign nationals, the name and address of each person who made a donation
254.27	aggregating \$1,000 or more to the corporation or labor organization, aggregating since the
254.28	first day of the preceding calendar year, which was made for the purpose of furthering
254.29	electioneering communications.
254.30	Subd. 3. Recordkeeping. All persons who make electioneering communications or who
254.31	accept donations for the purpose of making electioneering communications must maintain
254.32	records as necessary to comply with the requirements of this section.

255.1	Subd. 4. Disclaimer required. An election eering communication must include a
255.2	disclaimer in the same manner as required for campaign material under section 211B.04,
255.3	subdivision 1, paragraph (c).
255.4	Subd. 5. Late fees; failure to file; penalties. A person who fails to file a report required
255.5	by this section is subject to the late fees and penalties provided in section 10A.20, subdivision
255.6	<u>12.</u>
255.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to
255.8	expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date.
255.9	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.244, is amended to read:
255.10	10A.244 VOLUNTARY INACTIVE STATUS; POLITICAL FUNDS.
255.11	Subdivision 1. Election of voluntary inactive status. An association that has a political
255.12	fund registered under this chapter may elect to have the fund placed on voluntary inactive
255.13	status if the following conditions are met:
255.14	(1) the association makes a written request for inactive status;
255.15	(2) the association has filed all periodic reports required by this chapter and has received
255.16	no contributions into its political fund and made no expenditures or disbursements, including
255.17	disbursements for electioneering communications, through its political fund since the last
255.18	date included on the association's most recent report; and
255.19	(3) the association has satisfied all obligations to the state for late filing fees and civil
255.20	penalties imposed by the board or the board has waived this requirement.
255.21	Subd. 2. Effect of voluntary inactive status. After an association has complied with
255.22	the requirements of subdivision 1:
255.23	(1) the board must notify the association that its political fund has been placed in
255.24	voluntary inactive status and of the terms of this section;
255.25	(2) the board must stop sending the association reports, forms, and notices of report due
255.26	dates that are periodically sent to entities registered with the board;
255.27	(3) the association is not required to file periodic disclosure reports for its political fund
255.28	as otherwise required under this chapter;
255.29	(4) the association may not accept contributions into its political fund and may not make
255.30	expenditures, contributions, or disbursements, including disbursements for electioneering
255.31	communications, through its political fund; and

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(5) if the association maintains a separate depository account for its political fund, it
may continue to pay bank service charges and receive interest paid on that account while
its political fund is in inactive status.

- Subd. 3. Resumption of active status or termination. (a) An association that has placed 256.4 256.5 its political fund in voluntary inactive status may resume active status upon written notice to the board. 256.6
- (b) A political fund placed in voluntary inactive status must resume active status within 256.7 14 days of the date that it has accepted contributions or made expenditures, contributions, 256.8 or disbursements, including disbursements for electioneering communications, that aggregate 256.9 256.10 more than \$750 since the political fund was placed on inactive status. If, after meeting this threshold, the association does not notify the board that its fund has resumed active status, 256.11 the board may place the association's political fund in active status and notify the association 256 12 of the change in status. 256.13
- (c) An association that has placed its political fund in voluntary inactive status may 256.14 terminate the registration of the fund without returning it to active status. 256.15
- Subd. 4. Penalty for financial activity while in voluntary inactive status. If an 256.16 association fails to notify the board of its political fund's resumption of active status under 256.17 subdivision 3, the board may impose a civil penalty of \$50 per day, not to exceed \$1,000 256.18 commencing on the 15th calendar day after the fund resumed active status. 256.19
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to 256.20 expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date. 256.21
- Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.25, subdivision 3a, is amended to read: 256.22
- Subd. 3a. Independent expenditures and electioneering communications. The principal 256.23 campaign committee of a candidate must not make independent expenditures or 256.24 disbursements for electioneering communications. If the principal campaign committee of 256.25 a candidate makes a contribution to an independent expenditure committee or independent 256.27 expenditure fund on or after January 1 of the year the candidate's office will appear on the ballot, the independent expenditure committee or independent expenditure fund must not 256.28 make an independent expenditure for that candidate. 256.29
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to 256.30 expenditures and electioneering communications made on or after that date. 256.31

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Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.271, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Notice to contributors.** A political committee, political fund, political party unit, or principal campaign committee that raises funds through the sale of goods or services must disclose to potential customers that the proceeds from the purchase are a political contribution and to whom the contribution is made. <u>If goods or services are sold in person</u>, the notice <u>may must</u> be provided verbally at the time of purchase, or through the prominent display of a sign providing the notice <u>in immediate proximity to within three feet of, and facing</u>, the point of sale at the location where the goods or services are sold. <u>If goods or services are sold using a website or other electronic means</u>, the notice must be prominently displayed on the page used by potential customers to make a purchase or enter payment information.

- Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.273, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Contributions during legislative session.** (a) A candidate for the legislature or for constitutional office, the candidate's principal campaign committee, or a political committee or party unit established by all or a part of the party organization within a house of the legislature, must not solicit or accept a contribution from a registered lobbyist, political committee, political fund, or an association not registered with the board during a regular session of the legislature.
 - (b) A registered lobbyist, political committee, political fund, or an association not registered with the board must not make a contribution to a candidate for the legislature or for constitutional office, the candidate's principal campaign committee, or a political committee or party unit established by all or a part of the party organization within a house of the legislature during a regular session of the legislature.
- 257.24 (c) Regardless of when made, a contribution made by a lobbyist, political committee,
 257.25 or political fund in order to attend an event that occurs during a regular session of the
 257.26 legislature and that is held by the principal campaign committee of a candidate for the
 257.27 legislature or constitutional office, or by a political party organization within a body of the
 257.28 legislature, is a violation of this section.
- (d) Regardless of when made, a contribution from a lobbyist, political committee, or political fund for membership or access to a facility operated during the regular session of the legislature by the principal campaign committee of a candidate for the legislature or constitutional office, or by a political party organization within a body of the legislature, is a violation of this section.

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- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.275, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Exceptions. Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter, the
- 258.4 following expenditures by a party unit, or two or more party units acting together, with at
- 258.5 least one party unit being either: the state committee or the party organization within a
- 258.6 congressional district, county, or legislative district, are not considered contributions to or
- expenditures on behalf of a candidate for the purposes of section 10A.25 or 10A.27 and
- 258.8 must not be allocated to candidates under section 10A.20, subdivision 3, paragraph (h):
- (1) expenditures on behalf of candidates of that party generally without referring to any
- of them specifically in a published, posted, or broadcast advertisement;
- (2) expenditures for the preparation, display, mailing, or other distribution of an official
- 258.12 party sample ballot listing the names of three or more individuals whose names are to appear
- 258.13 on the ballot;
- 258.14 (3) expenditures for a telephone call, voice mail, text message, multimedia message,
- 258.15 internet chat message, or email when the communication includes the names of three or
- 258.16 more individuals whose names are to appear on the ballot;
- 258.17 (4) expenditures for a booth at a community event, county fair, or state fair that benefits
- 258.18 three or more individuals whose names are to appear on the ballot;
- 258.19 (4) (5) expenditures for a political party fundraising effort on behalf of three or more
- 258.20 candidates; or
- 258.21 (5) (6) expenditures for party committee staff services that benefit three or more
- 258.22 candidates.
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 10A.38, is amended to read:

258.24 **10A.38 CAPTIONING OF CAMPAIGN ADVERTISEMENTS.**

- 258.25 (a) This section applies to a campaign advertisement by a candidate who is governed
- 258.26 by an agreement under section 10A.322.
- (b) "Campaign advertisement" means a professionally produced visual or audio recording
- 258.28 of two minutes or less produced by the candidate for the purpose of influencing the
- 258.29 nomination or election of a candidate.
- 258.30 (c) A campaign advertisement that is disseminated as an advertisement by broadcast or
- 258.31 cable television must include closed captioning for deaf and hard-of-hearing viewers, unless

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the candidate has filed with the board before the advertisement is disseminated a statement
setting forth the reasons for not doing so. A campaign advertisement that is disseminated
as an advertisement to the public on the candidate's website must include closed captioning
for deaf and hard-of-hearing viewers, unless the candidate has posted on the website a
transcript of the spoken content of the advertisement or the candidate has filed with the
board before the advertisement is disseminated a statement setting forth the reasons for not
doing so. A campaign advertisement must not be disseminated as an advertisement by radio
unless the candidate has posted on the candidate's website a transcript of the spoken content
of the advertisement or the candidate has filed with the board before the advertisement is
disseminated a statement setting forth the reasons for not doing so.

- 259.11 (d) A candidate who fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (c) is subject to a civil penalty imposed by the board of up to \$1,000.
- Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 211B.15, subdivision 4a, as added by Laws 259.14 2023, chapter 34, article 3, section 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4a. **Foreign-influenced corporations.** (a) Notwithstanding subdivisions 3 and 4, a foreign-influenced corporation must not:
- 259.17 (1) make an expenditure, or offer or agree to make an expenditure, to promote or defeat 259.18 the candidacy of an individual for nomination, election, or appointment to a public office;
- 259.19 (2) make contributions or expenditures to promote or defeat a ballot question, or to qualify a question for placement on the ballot;
- 259.21 (3) make a contribution to a candidate for nomination, election, or appointment to a public office or to a candidate's principal campaign committee; or
- 259.23 (4) make a contribution to a political committee, political fund, or political party unit.
- (b) A foreign-influenced corporation must not make a contribution or donation to any other person or entity with the express or implied condition that the contribution or donation or any part of it be used for any of the purposes prohibited by this subdivision. This section does not prohibit donations to any association for its general purposes such that the funds qualify as general treasury money pursuant to section 10A.01, subdivision 17c, nor does it impose any additional limitations on the use of such funds.
- 259.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to contributions, expenditures, and other applicable activities occurring on or after that date.

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Minnesota Rules, parts 4511.0100, subpart 1a; and 4511.0600, subpart 5, are repealed 260.2 effective January 1, 2024. 260.3

ARTICLE 6 260.4

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND CYBERSECURITY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 12.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 260.6 to read: 260.7

- Subd. 5e. Information and telecommunications technology systems and 260.8
- services. "Information and telecommunications technology systems and services" has the 260.9
- meaning given in section 16E.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (b). 260.10
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 12.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to 260.11 260.12 read:
- Subd. 5f. Local government. "Local government" has the meaning given in Code of 260.13 Federal Regulations, title 44, section 206.2 (2012). 260.14
- 260.15 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 12.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 260.16
- Subd. 5g. Cyber attack. "Cyber attack" means the use of unauthorized or malicious 260.17 code on an information system, or the use of another digital mechanism such as a denial of 260.18 service or ransomware attack, to interrupt or disrupt the operations of an information system 260.19 or compromise the confidentiality, availability, or integrity of electronic data stored on, 260.20 processed by, or transiting an information system. 260.21
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 12.31, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 260.22
- Subd. 2. Declaration of peacetime emergency. (a) The governor may declare a 260.23 peacetime emergency. A peacetime declaration of emergency may be declared only when 260.24 any of the following endangers life and property and local government resources are 260.25 inadequate to handle the situation: 260.26
- 260.27 (1) an act of nature;
- (2) a technological failure or malfunction; 260.28
- 260.29 (3) a terrorist incident;

(4) a cyber attack, including a physical or electronic attack on the state's information

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261.2	and telecommunications technology infrastructure, systems, or services;
261.3	(5) an industrial accident;
261.4	(6) a hazardous materials accident; or
261.5	(7) a civil disturbance endangers life and property and local government resources are
261.6	inadequate to handle the situation.
261.7	If the peacetime emergency occurs on Indian lands, the governor or state director of
261.8	emergency management shall consult with tribal authorities before the governor makes such
261.9	a declaration. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the governor's authority to
261.10	act without such consultation when the situation calls for prompt and timely action. When
261.11	the governor declares a peacetime emergency, the governor must immediately notify the
261.12	majority and minority leaders of the senate and the speaker and majority and minority leaders
261.13	of the house of representatives. A peacetime emergency must not be continued for more
261.14	than five days unless extended by resolution of the Executive Council up to 30 days. An
261.15	order, or proclamation declaring, continuing, or terminating an emergency must be given
261.16	prompt and general publicity and filed with the secretary of state.
261.17	(b) By majority vote of each house of the legislature, the legislature may terminate a
261.18	peacetime emergency extending beyond 30 days. If the governor determines a need to extend
261.19	the peacetime emergency declaration beyond 30 days and the legislature is not sitting in
261.20	session, the governor must issue a call immediately convening both houses of the legislature.
261.21	Nothing in this section limits the governor's authority over or command of the National
261.22	Guard as described in the Military Code, chapters 190 to 192A, and required by the
261.23	Minnesota Constitution, article V, section 3.
261.24	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 12.36, is amended to read:
261.25	12.36 GOVERNOR'S POWERS TO FAST PROVIDE EMERGENCY AID.
261.26	(a) The governor, during an emergency or disaster and notwithstanding any other law,
261.27	may:
261.28	(1) enter into contracts and incur obligations necessary to combat the disaster by
261.29	protecting the health and safety of persons and, the safety of property, and the safety of the
261.30	state's information and telecommunications technology infrastructure, systems, or services,
261.31	and by providing emergency assistance to the victims of the disaster; and

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262.1	(2) exercise the powers vested by this subdivision in the light of the exigencies of the
262.2	disaster without compliance with time-consuming procedures and formalities prescribed
262.3	by law pertaining to:
262.4	(i) the performance of public work;
262.5	(ii) entering into contract;
262.6	(iii) incurring of obligations;
262.7	(iv) employment of temporary workers;
262.8	(v) rental of equipment;
262.9	(vi) purchase of supplies and materials, for example, but not limited to, publication of
262.10	calls for bids;
262.11	(vii) provisions of the Civil Service Act and rules;
262.12	(viii) provisions relating to low bids; and
262.13	(ix) requirements for the budgeting and allotment of funds.
262.14	(b) All contracts must be in writing, executed on behalf of the state by the governor or
262.15	a person delegated by the governor in writing so to do, and must be promptly filed with the
262.16	commissioner of management and budget, who shall forthwith encumber funds appropriated
262.17	for the purposes of the contract for the full contract liability and certify thereon that the
262.18	encumbrance has been made.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.01, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Responsibilities.** The department shall provide oversight, leadership, and direction for information and telecommunications technology policy and the management, delivery, accessibility, and security of executive branch information and telecommunications technology systems and services in Minnesota. The department shall partner with executive branch state agencies to manage strategic investments in information and telecommunications technology systems and services to ensure sufficient access to and efficient delivery of accessible government services and to maximize benefits for the state government as an enterprise.

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Article 6 Sec. 6.

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263.1	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
263.2	read:
263.3	Subd. 1b. Deputy; appointments. The commissioner may appoint a deputy, assistant
263.4	commissioners, and a confidential secretary. Each serves at the commissioner's pleasure in
263.5	the unclassified service.
263.6	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
263.7	Subd. 3. Duties. (a) The department shall:
263.8	(1) manage the efficient and effective use of available federal, state, local, and
263.9	public-private resources to develop statewide information and telecommunications technology
263.10	systems and services and its infrastructure;
263.11	(2) approve state agency and intergovernmental information and telecommunications
263.12	technology systems and services development efforts involving state or intergovernmental
263.13	funding, including federal funding, provide information to the legislature regarding projects
263.14	reviewed, and recommend projects for inclusion in the governor's budget under section
263.15	16A.11;
263.16	(3) promote cooperation and collaboration among state and local governments in
263.17	developing intergovernmental information and telecommunications technology systems
263.18	and services;
263.19	(4) cooperate and collaborate with the legislative and judicial branches in the development
263.20	of information and communications systems in those branches, as requested;
263.21	(5) continue the development of North Star, the state's official comprehensive online
263.22	service and information initiative;
263.23	(6) (5) promote and coordinate public information access and network initiatives,
263.24	consistent with chapter 13, to connect Minnesota's citizens and communities to each other,
263.25	to their governments, and to the world;
263.26	(7) (6) manage and promote the regular and periodic reinvestment in the information
263.27	and telecommunications technology systems and services infrastructure so that state and
263.28	local government agencies can effectively and efficiently serve their customers;
263.29	(8) (7) facilitate the cooperative development of and ensure compliance with standards
263.30	and policies for information and telecommunications technology systems and services and
263.31	electronic data practices and privacy within the executive branch;

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(9) (8) eliminate unnecessary duplication of existing information and telecommunications technology systems and services provided by state agencies;

(10) (9) identify, sponsor, develop, and execute shared information and telecommunications technology projects and ongoing operations;

- (11) (10) ensure overall security of the state's information and technology systems and services; and
- 264.7 (12) (11) manage and direct compliance with accessibility standards for informational technology, including hardware, software, websites, online forms, and online surveys.
 - (b) The chief information officer, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, must determine when it is cost-effective for agencies to develop and use shared information and telecommunications technology systems, platforms, and services for the delivery of electronic digital government services. The chief information officer may require agencies to use shared information and telecommunications technology systems and services. The chief information officer shall establish reimbursement rates in cooperation with the commissioner of management and budget to be billed to agencies and other governmental entities sufficient to cover the actual development, operating, maintenance, and administrative costs of the shared systems. The methodology for billing may include the use of interagency agreements, or other means as allowed by law.
 - (c) A state agency that has an information and telecommunications technology project, whether funded as part of the biennial budget or by any other means, shall register with the department by submitting basic project startup documentation as specified by the chief information officer in both format and content. State agency project leaders, in accordance with policies and standards set forth by the chief information officer, must demonstrate that the project will be properly managed, provide updates to the project documentation as changes are proposed, and regularly report on the current status of the project on a schedule agreed to with the chief information officer. The chief information officer has the authority to define a project for the purposes of this chapter.
 - (d) The chief information officer shall monitor progress on any active information and telecommunications technology project with a total expected project cost of more than \$5,000,000 and report on the performance of the project in comparison with the plans for the project in terms of time, scope, and budget. The chief information officer may conduct an independent project audit of the project. The audit analysis and evaluation of the projects subject to paragraph (c) must be presented to agency executive sponsors, the project

Article 6 Sec. 8. 264

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265.1	governance bodies, and the chief information officer. All reports and responses must become
265.2	part of the project record.
265.3	(e) For any active information and telecommunications technology project with a total
265.4	expected project cost of more than \$10,000,000, the state agency must perform an annual
265.5	independent audit that conforms to published project audit principles adopted by the
265.6	department.
265.7	(f) The chief information officer shall report by January 15 of each year to the chairs
265.8	and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction
265.9	over the department regarding projects the department has reviewed under paragraph (a),
265.10	clause (10). The report must include the reasons for the determinations made in the review
265.11	of each project and a description of its current status.:
265.12	(1) each project in the IT portfolio whose status is either active or on hold;
265.13	(2) each project presented to the office for consultation in the time since the last report;
265.14	(3) the information technology cost associated with the project;
265.15	(4) the current status of the information technology project;
265.16	(5) the date the information technology project is expected to be completed; and
265.17	(6) the projected costs for ongoing support and maintenance after the project is complete.
265.18	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.016, is amended to read:
265.19	16E.016 RESPONSIBILITY FOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES
265.20	AND EQUIPMENT.
265.21	(a) The chief information officer is responsible for providing or entering into managed
265.22	services contracts for the provision, improvement, and development, and lifecycle
265.23	<u>management</u> of the following information technology systems and services to state agencies:
265.24	(1) state data centers;
265.25	(2) mainframes including system software;
265.26	(3) servers including system software;
265.27	(4) desktops including system software;
265.28	(5) laptop computers including system software;
265.29	(6) a data network including system software;

266.1	(7) database, electronic mail, office systems, reporting, and other standard software
266.2	tools;

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- (8) business application software and related technical support services;
- (9) help desk for the components listed in clauses (1) to (8); 266.4
- (10) maintenance, problem resolution, and break-fix for the components listed in clauses 266.5 (1) to (8); 266.6
- 266.7 (11) regular upgrades and, replacement, and lifecycle management for the components listed in clauses (1) to (8); and 266.8
- 266.9 (12) network-connected output devices.
- (b) All state agency employees whose work primarily involves functions specified in 266.10 paragraph (a) are employees of the Department of Information Technology Services. This 266.11 includes employees who directly perform the functions in paragraph (a), as well as employees 266.12 whose work primarily involves managing, supervising, or providing administrative services 266.13 or support services to employees who directly perform these functions. The chief information 266.14 officer may assign employees of the department to perform work exclusively for another 266.15 state agency. 266.16
- (c) Subject to sections 16C.08 and 16C.09, the chief information officer may allow a 266.17 state agency to obtain services specified in paragraph (a) through a contract with an outside 266.18 vendor when the chief information officer and the agency head agree that a contract would 266.19 provide best value, as defined in section 16C.02, under the service-level agreement. The 266.20 chief information officer must require that agency contracts with outside vendors ensure 266.21 that systems and services are compatible with standards established by the Department of 266.22 Information Technology Services. 266.23
- (d) The Minnesota State Retirement System, the Public Employees Retirement 266.24 Association, the Teachers Retirement Association, the State Board of Investment, the 266.25 Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board, the State Lottery, and the Statewide Radio 266.26 Board are not state agencies for purposes of this section.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 266.28
- Subd. 2. Chief information officer's responsibility. The chief information officer shall: 266.29
- (1) design a master strategic plan for information and telecommunications technology 266.30 systems and services in the state and shall report on the plan to the governor and legislature 266.31 at the beginning of each regular session; 266.32

267.1	(2) coordinate, review, and approve all information and telecommunications technology
267.2	projects and oversee the state's information and telecommunications technology systems
267.3	and services;
267.4	(3) establish and enforce compliance with standards for information and
267.5	telecommunications technology systems and services that are cost-effective and support
267.6	open systems environments and that are compatible with state, national, and international
267.7	standards, including accessibility standards;
267.8	(4) maintain a library of systems and programs developed by the state for use by agencies
267.9	of government;
267.10	(5) direct and manage the shared operations of the state's information and
267.11	telecommunications technology systems and services; and
267.12	(6) establish and enforce standards and ensure acquisition of hardware and, software,
267.13	and services necessary to protect data and systems in state agency networks connected to
267.14	the Internet.
267.15	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:
267.16	Subd. 4a. Cloud computing services. The project evaluation procedure required by
267.17	subdivision 4 must include a review of cloud computing service options, including any
267.18	security benefits and cost savings associated with purchasing those service options from a
267.19	cloud computing service provider. When projects involve cloud computing services, the
267.20	state chief information officer shall, in consultation with the Technology Advisory Council,
267.21	establish metrics to assess the progress of any cloud computing project for each state agency.
267.22	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to
267.23	read:
267.24	Subd. 5a. Cloud computing progress report. (a) No later than January 15, 2024, and
	annually thereafter, the state chief information officer shall, in consultation with the
267.25	Technology Advisory Council, report on the progress of executive branch cloud adoption
267.26	to the chairs and ranking members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
267.27	
267.28	executive branch information technology policy. The report shall include, but not be limited to the following:
267.29	to, the following:
267.30	(1) an accounting of each state agency's expenditures for cloud computing initiatives
267.31	and software as service solutions; and

(2) cost projections, timelines, and the names of any cloud provider selected for current 268.1 computing projects that incorporate cloud computing solutions, and percentage of total 268.2 268.3 cloud use. (b) This subdivision expires December 31, 2027. 268.4 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.14, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 268.5 Subd. 4. Cash flow. (a) The commissioner of management and budget shall make 268.6 appropriate transfers to the revolving fund when requested by the chief information officer. 268.7 The chief information officer may make allotments and encumbrances in anticipation of 268.8 such transfers. In addition, the chief information officer, with the approval of the 268.9 commissioner of management and budget, may require an agency to make advance payments to the revolving fund sufficient to cover the office's estimated obligation for a period of at 268.11 least 60 days. All reimbursements and other money received by the chief information officer 268.12 under this section must be deposited in the MNIT services revolving fund. 268.13 (b) Each biennium, the commissioner of management and budget is authorized to provide 268.14 cash flow assistance of up to \$60,000,000 from the special revenue fund or other statutory 268.15 268.16 general fund as defined in section 16A.671, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), to the Department of Information Technology Services for the purpose of managing revenue and expenditure 268.17 differences. These funds shall be repaid with interest by the end of the closing period of the 268.18 second fiscal year of the same biennium. 268.19 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 268.20 Subdivision 1. Account established; appropriation. The information and 268.21 telecommunications technology systems and services account is created in the special 268.22 revenue fund. Receipts credited to the account are appropriated to the Department of 268.23 Information Technology Services for the purpose of defraying the costs of personnel and 268.24 technology for activities that create government efficiencies, secure state systems, or address 268.25 project or product backlogs in accordance with this chapter. 268.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 268.27 268.28 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16E.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Charges. (a) Upon agreement of the participating agency, the Department of 268.29 Information Technology Services may collect a charge or receive a fund transfer under 268.30 section 16E.0466 for purchases of information and telecommunications technology systems 268.31 and services by state agencies and other governmental entities through state contracts for 268.32

269.1	purposes described in subdivision 1. Charges collected under this section must be credited
269.2	to the information and telecommunications technology systems and services account.
269.3	(b) Notwithstanding section 16A.28, subdivision 3, any unexpended operating balance
269.4	appropriated to a state agency may be transferred to the information and telecommunications
269.5	technology systems and services account for the information technology cost of a specific
269.6	project, product, or services, subject to the review of the Legislative Advisory Commission
269.7	under subdivision 3.
269.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
269.9	Sec. 16. [16E.35] COUNTY AND LOCAL CYBERSECURITY GRANTS.
269.10	Subdivision 1. Cybersecurity grant program established. The Department of IT
269.11	Services may make grants to political subdivisions to support addressing cybersecurity risks
269.12	and cybersecurity threats to information systems owned or operated by, or on behalf of,
269.13	state, local, or Tribal governments, as provided in section 70612 of Public Law 117-58.
269.14	Subd. 2. Match requirement. The political subdivision receiving a grant must provide
269.15	for the remainder of the costs of the project that exceed available state match appropriated
269.16	funds, or that exceed goals defined in the statewide cybersecurity plan.
269.17	Subd. 3. Criteria. The department may set criteria for program priorities and standards
269.18	of review.
269.19	Sec. 17. REPEALER.
269.20	Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 12.03, subdivision 5d; and 16E.0466, subdivision 2,
269.21	are repealed.
269.22	ARTICLE 7
269.23	GRANTS OVERSIGHT
269.24	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16A.122, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
269.25	Subd. 2. Transfers from grants prohibited. Unless otherwise provided by law or
269.26	section 16B.98, subdivision 14, an agency must not use grant or flow-through funds for
269.27	salaries or other operating purposes.
269.28	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.97, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
269.29	Subd. 2. Grants governance. The commissioner shall provide leadership and direction
269.30	for policy related to grants management in Minnesota in order to foster more consistent,

Article 7 Sec. 2. 269

270.1	streamlined interaction between executive agencies, funders, and grantees that will enhance
270.2	access to grant opportunities and information and lead to greater program accountability
270.3	and transparency. The commissioner has the duties and powers stated in this section. An
270.4	Executive agencies shall fully cooperate with the commissioner in the creation,
270.5	management, and oversight of state grants and must do what the commissioner requires
270.6	under this section. The commissioner may adopt rules to carry out grants governance,
270.7	oversight, and management.
270.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023.
270.9	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.97, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
270.10	Subd. 3. Discretionary powers. The commissioner has the authority to:
270.11	(1) review grants management practices and propose establish and enforce policy and
270.12	procedure improvements to the governor, legislature, executive agencies, and the federal
270.13	government;
270.14	(2) sponsor, support, and facilitate innovative and collaborative grants management
270.15	projects with public and private organizations;
270.16	(3) review, recommend, and implement alternative strategies for grants management;
270.17	(4) collect and disseminate information, issue reports relating to grants management,
270.18	and sponsor and conduct conferences and studies; and
270.19	(5) participate in conferences and other appropriate activities related to grants
270.20	management issues-;
270.21	(6) suspend or debar grantees from eligibility to receive state-issued grants for up to
270.22	three years for reasons specified in Minnesota Rules, part 1230.1150, subpart 2. A grantee
270.23	may obtain an administrative hearing pursuant to sections 14.57 to 14.62 before a suspension
270.24	or debarment is effective by filing a written request for hearing within 20 days of notification
270.25	of suspension or debarment;
270.26	(7) establish offices for the purpose of carrying out grants governance, oversight, and
270.27	management; and

(8) require granting agencies to submit grant solicitation documents for review prior to issuance at dollar levels determined by the commissioner. 270.29

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023. 270.30

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271.1	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.97, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
271.2	Subd. 4. Duties. (a) The commissioner shall:

(1) create general grants management policies and procedures that are applicable to all executive agencies. The commissioner may approve exceptions to these policies and procedures for particular grant programs. Exceptions shall expire or be renewed after five years. Executive agencies shall retain management of individual grants programs;

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- 271.7 (2) provide a central point of contact concerning statewide grants management policies and procedures;
- 271.9 (3) serve as a resource to executive agencies in such areas as training, evaluation, collaboration, and best practices in grants management;
- 271.11 (4) ensure grants management needs are considered in the development, upgrade, and use of statewide administrative systems and leverage existing technology wherever possible;
- (5) oversee and approve future professional and technical service contracts and other information technology spending related to executive agency grants management systems and activities;
- 271.16 (6) provide a central point of contact for comments about executive agencies violating statewide grants governance policies and about fraud and waste in grants processes;
- 271.18 (7) forward received comments to the appropriate agency for further action, and may follow up as necessary;
- 271.20 (8) provide a single listing of all available executive agency competitive grant 271.21 opportunities and resulting grant recipients;
- 271.22 (9) selectively review development and implementation of executive agency grants, policies, and practices; and
- 271.24 (10) selectively review executive agency compliance with best practices.
- (b) The commissioner may determine that it is cost-effective for agencies to develop and use shared grants management technology systems. This system would be governed under section 16E.01, subdivision 3, paragraph (b).
- 271.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.98, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Creation and validity of grant agreements.** (a) A grant agreement is and amendments are not valid and the state is not bound by the grant do not bind unless:

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Article 7 Sec. 5.

	HF1830 FOURTH ENGROSSMENT	REVISOR	SGS	H1830-4
272.1	(1) the grant has the grant agreer	ment and amendmen	ts have been executed	d by the head
272.2	of the agency or a delegate who is p	arty to the grant;		
272.3	(2) the grant agreement and ame	ndments have been	approved by the com	nissioner;
272.4	(2) (3) the accounting system sh	ows an encumbrance	e for the amount of the	e grant in
272.5	accordance with policy approved by	the commissioner e	except as provided in	subdivision
272.6	11; and			
272.7	(3) (4) the grant agreement inclu	ides and amendment	s include an effective	date that
272.8	references either section 16C.05, su	bdivision 2, or 16B.	98, subdivisions 5 and	17, as
272.9	determined by the granting agency.			
272.10	(b) The combined grant agreeme	nt and amendments	must not exceed five y	ears without
272.11	specific, written approval by the con	nmissioner according	g to established policy	, procedures,
272.12	and standards, or unless the commis	ssioner determines th	nat a longer duration i	s in the best
272.13	interest of the state.			
272.14	(c) A fully executed copy of the g	grant agreement with	all amendments and o	ther required
272.15	records relating to the grant must be	kept on file at the g	ranting agency for a t	ime equal to
272.16	that required of grantees in subdivis	ion 8.		
272.17	(d) Grant agreements must comp	oly with policies esta	blished by the comm	issioner for
272.18	minimum grant agreement standard	s and practices.		
272.19	(e) The attorney general may per	riodically review and	l evaluate a sample of	state agency
272.20	grants to ensure compliance with ap	plicable laws.		
272.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	on is effective April 1	, 2024, and applies to	grants issued
272.22	on or after that date.			
272.23	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, s	section 16B.98, subd	ivision 6, is amended	to read:
272.24	Subd. 6. Grant administration.	A granting agency	shall diligently admin	ister and
272.25	monitor any grant it has entered into	o. A granting agency	must report to the co	mmissioner
272.26	at any time at the commissioner's re	quest on the status o	f any grant to which t	the agency is

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023, and applies to grants 272.28 272.29 issued on or after that date.

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.98, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Audit. (a) A grant agreement made by an executive agency must include an audit clause that provides that the books, records, documents, and accounting procedures and practices of the grantee or other party that are relevant to the grant or transaction are subject to examination by the commissioner, the granting agency and either the legislative auditor or the state auditor, as appropriate, for a minimum of six years from the grant agreement end date, receipt and approval of all final reports, or the required period of time to satisfy all state and program retention requirements, whichever is later. If a grant agreement does not include an express audit clause, the audit authority under this subdivision is implied.

- (b) If the granting agency is a local unit of government, and the governing body of the local unit of government requests that the state auditor examine the books, records, documents, and accounting procedures and practices of the grantee or other party according to this subdivision, the granting agency shall be liable for the cost of the examination. If the granting agency is a local unit of government, and the grantee or other party requests that the state auditor examine all books, records, documents, and accounting procedures and practices related to the grant, the grantee or other party that requested the examination shall be liable for the cost of the examination.
- 273.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2023, and applies to grants issued on or after that date.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.98, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 12. **Grantee evaluations.** (a) The head of the agency or delegate entering into a grant agreement in excess of \$25,000 must submit a report to the commissioner who must make the report publicly available online.
- 273.25 (b) The report must:
- 273.26 (1) summarize the purpose of the grant;
- 273.27 (2) state the amount provided to the grantee; and
- (3) include a written performance evaluation of the work done under the grant. The
 evaluation must include an appraisal of the grantee's timeliness, quality, and overall
 performance in meeting the terms and objectives of the grant. Grantees may request copies
 of evaluations prepared under this subdivision and may respond in writing. Grantee responses
 must be maintained with the grant file.

274.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective April 1, 2024, and applies to grants issued
274.2	on or after that date.
274.3	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.98, is amended by adding a subdivision to
274.4	read:
274.5	Subd. 13. Limitations on actions. No action may be maintained by a grantee against
274.6	an employee or agency who discloses information about a current or former grantee under
274.7	subdivision 12, unless the grantee demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that:
274.8	(1) the information was false and defamatory;
274.9	(2) the employee or agency knew or should have known the information was false and
274.10	acted with malicious intent to injure the current or former grantee; and
274.11	(3) the information was acted upon in a manner that caused harm to the current or former
274.12	grantee.
274.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023, and applies to grants
274.14	issued on or after that date.
274.15 274.16	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.98, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
274.17	Subd. 14. Administrative costs. Unless amounts are otherwise appropriated for
274.18	administrative costs, a state agency may retain up to five percent of the amount appropriated
274.19	to the agency for grants enacted by the legislature and formula grants and up to ten percent
274.20	for competitively awarded grants. This subdivision applies to appropriations made for new
274.21	grant programs enacted after the effective date of this subdivision. This subdivision does
274.22	not apply to grants funded with an appropriation of proceeds from the sale of state general
274.23	obligation bonds.
274.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2023, and applies to grants issued
274.25	on or after that date.
274.26	Sec. 11. [16B.981] FINANCIAL REVIEW OF GRANT AND BUSINESS SUBSIDY
274.27	RECIPIENTS.
274.28	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
274.29	meanings given.

275.1	(b) "Grant" means a grant of \$50,000 or more as defined in section 16B.97, subdivision
275.2	1, paragraph (a); or business subsidy of \$50,000 or more as defined in section 116J.994,
275.3	subdivision 3, paragraph (b).
275.4	(c) "Grantee" means a political subdivision, as defined in section 471.345, subdivision
275.5	1; a nonprofit, as defined in chapter 317A; or a business entity, as defined in section 5.001,
275.6	subdivision 2.
275.7	Subd. 2. Financial information required; determination of ability to perform. For
275.8	grants of \$50,000 or more and subject to sections 16B.97 and 16B.98, before an agency
275.9	awards a competitive, legislatively named, single-source, or sole-source grant, the agency
275.10	must complete a preaward risk assessment to assess the risk that a potential grantee cannot
275.11	or would not perform the required duties. In making this assessment, the agency must review
275.12	the following information as applicable:
275.13	(1) the potential grantee's history of performing duties similar to those required by the
275.14	grant, whether the grant requires the potential grantee to perform services at a significantly
275.15	increased scale, and whether the grant will require significant changes to the operation of
275.16	the potential grantee's organization;
275.17	(2) for a potential grantee that is a nonprofit organization, the potential grantee's most
275.18	recent Form 990 or Form 990-EZ filed with the Internal Revenue Service. If the potential
275.19	grantee has not been in existence long enough or is not required to file Form 990 or Form
275.20	990-EZ, the potential grantee must demonstrate to the agency's satisfaction that the potential
275.21	grantee is exempt and must instead submit the potential grantee's most recent board-reviewed
275.22	financial statements and documentation of internal controls or, if there is no such board, by
275.23	the applicant's managing group;
275.24	(3) for a potential grantee that is a for-profit business, the potential grantee's most recent
275.25	federal and state tax returns, current financial statements, certification that the business is
275.26	not under bankruptcy proceedings, and disclosure of any liens on its assets. If a business
275.27	has not been in business long enough to have a tax return, the grantee must demonstrate to
275.28	the agency's satisfaction that the grantee has appropriate internal financial controls;
275.29	(4) evidence of good standing with the secretary of state under chapter 317A, or other
275.30	applicable law;
275.31	(5) if the potential grantee is required to complete an audit under section 309.53,
275.32	subdivision 3, the potential grantee's most recent audit report performed by an independent
275.33	third party in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and

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276.1	(6) certification, provided by the potential grantee, that none of its current principals
276.2	have been convicted of a felony financial crime in the last ten years. For this section, a
276.3	principal is defined as a public official, a board member, or staff with the authority to access
276.4	funds provided by this agency or determine how those funds are used.
276.5	Subd. 3. Additional measures for some grantees. The agency may require additional
276.6	information and may provide enhanced oversight for grantees that have not previously
276.7	received state or federal grants for similar amounts or similar duties and have not yet
276.8	demonstrated the ability to perform the duties required under the grant on the scale required.
276.9	Subd. 4. Agency authority to not award grant. (a) If, while performing the required
276.10	steps in subdivision 2 and pursuant to sections 16B.97, 16B.98, and 16B.991, the agency
276.11	requires additional information to determine whether there is a substantial risk that the
276.12	potential grantee cannot or would not perform the required duties of the grant agreement,
276.13	the agency must give the grantee 30 business days within which the grantee can respond to
276.14	the agency for the purpose of satisfying the agency's concerns or work with the agency to
276.15	develop a plan to satisfy the concerns.
276.16	(b) If, after performing the required steps in subdivision 2 and pursuant to sections
276.17	16B.97, 16B.98, and 16B.991, and after reviewing any additional requested information
276.18	from the grantee, the agency still has concerns that there is a substantial risk that a potential
276.19	grantee cannot or would not perform the required duties under the grant agreement, the
276.20	agency must either create a plan to satisfy remaining concerns with the grantee or must not
276.21	award the grant.
276.22	(c) If, pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b), the agency does not award a competitive,
276.23	single-source, or sole-source grant, the agency must provide notification to the grantee and
276.24	the commissioner of administration of the determination. The notification to the grantee
276.25	must include the agency's reason for postponing or forgoing the grant, including information
276.26	sufficient to explain and support the agency's decision, and notify the applicant of the process
276.27	for contesting the agency's decision with the agency and the applicant's options under
276.28	paragraph (d). If the applicant contests the agency's decision no later than 15 business days
276.29	after receiving the notice, the agency must consider any additional written information
276.30	submitted by the grantee. The agency has 15 business days to consider this information,
276.31	during which the agency may reverse or modify the agency's initial decision to postpone
276.32	or forgo the grant.

(d) The final decision by an agency under paragraph (c) may be challenged as a contested

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case under chapter 14. The contested case proceeding must be initiated within 30 business 277.2 277.3 days of the date of written notification of a final decision by the agency. (e) If, pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b), the agency does not award a legislatively named 277.4 277.5 grant, the agency must delay award of the grant until adjournment of the next regular or special legislative session for action from the legislature. The agency must provide 277.6 notification to the potential grantee, the commissioner of administration, and the chairs and 277.7 ranking minority members of the Ways and Means Committee in the house of representatives 277.8 and the chairs and ranking minority members of the Finance Committee in the senate. The 277.9 notification to the grantee must include the agency's reason for postponing or forgoing the 277.10 grant, including information sufficient to explain and support the agency's decision and 277.11 notify the applicant of the process for contesting the agency's decision. If the applicant contests the agency's decision no later than 15 business days after receiving the notice, the 277.13 agency must consider any additional written information submitted by the grantee. The 277.14 agency has 15 business days to consider this information, during which the agency may 277.15 reverse or modify the agency's initial decision to postpone or forgo the grant. The notification 277.16 to the commissioner of administration and legislators must identify the legislatively named 277.17 potential grantee and the agency's reason for postponing or forgoing the grant. After hearing 277.18 the concerns of the agency, the legislature may reaffirm the award of the grant or 277.19 277.20 reappropriate the funds to a different legislatively named grantee. Based on the action of the legislature, the agency must award the grant to the legislatively named grantee. If the 277.21 legislature does not provide direction to the agency on the disposition of the grant, the funds 277.22 revert to the original appropriation source. 277.23 Subd. 5. Authority to award subject to additional assistance and oversight. An 277.24 agency that identifies an area of significant concern regarding an applicant's financial 277.25 standing or management may award a grant to the applicant if the agency provides or the 277.26 potential grantee otherwise obtains necessary technical assistance. If the agency cannot 277.27 provide and the grantee cannot otherwise reasonably obtain necessary technical assistance, 277.28 277.29 the agency may award the grant if the agency establishes additional requirements in the grant agreement. Additional requirements may include but are not limited to enhanced 277.30 monitoring, additional reporting, or other reasonable requirements imposed by the agency 277.31 to protect the interests of the state. 277.32 277.33 Subd. 6. Grants with Indian Tribes and bands. Notwithstanding any other law, an agency may not require an Indian Tribe or band to deny its sovereignty as a requirement or 277.34 condition of a grant with an agency. 277.35

278.1	EFFECTIVE DATE.	This section is effective January	15, 2024, and applies to grants
278.2	issued on or after that date		

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 16B.991, is amended to read:
- **16B.991 TERMINATION OF GRANT.**
- 278.5 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Criminal conviction.</u> Each grant agreement subject to sections 16B.97 and 16B.98 must provide that the agreement will immediately be terminated if the recipient is convicted of a criminal offense relating to a state grant agreement.
- Subd. 2. Authority. A grant agreement must by its terms permit the commissioner to
 unilaterally terminate the grant agreement prior to completion if the commissioner determines
 that further performance under the grant agreement would not serve agency purposes or is
 not in the best interests of the state.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.994, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Subsidy agreement.** (a) A recipient must enter into a subsidy agreement with the grantor of the subsidy that includes:
- 278.15 (1) a description of the subsidy, including the amount and type of subsidy, and type of district if the subsidy is tax increment financing;
- 278.17 (2) a statement of the public purposes for the subsidy;
- 278.18 (3) measurable, specific, and tangible goals for the subsidy;
- 278.19 (4) a description of the financial obligation of the recipient if the goals are not met;
- 278.20 (5) a statement of why the subsidy is needed;
- 278.21 (6) a commitment to continue operations in the jurisdiction where the subsidy is used 278.22 for at least five years after the benefit date;
- (7) the name and address of the parent corporation of the recipient, if any; and
- (8) a list of all financial assistance by all grantors for the project.
- (b) Business subsidies in the form of grants must be structured as forgivable loans and are subject to the financial review under section 16B.981. For other types of business subsidies, the agreement must state the fair market value of the subsidy to the recipient, including the value of conveying property at less than a fair market price, or other in-kind benefits to the recipient.

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279.1	(c) If a business subsidy benefits more than one recipient, the grantor must assign a
279.2	proportion of the business subsidy to each recipient that signs a subsidy agreement. The
279.3	proportion assessed to each recipient must reflect a reasonable estimate of the recipient's
279.4	share of the total benefits of the project.
279.5	(d) The state or local government agency and the recipient must both sign the subsidy
279.6	agreement and, if the grantor is a local government agency, the agreement must be approved
279.7	by the local elected governing body, except for the St. Paul Port Authority and a seaway
279.8	port authority.
279.9	(e) Notwithstanding the provision in paragraph (a), clause (6), a recipient may be
279.10	authorized to move from the jurisdiction where the subsidy is used within the five-year
279.11	period after the benefit date if, after a public hearing, the grantor approves the recipient's
279.12	request to move. For the purpose of this paragraph, if the grantor is a state government
279.13	agency other than the Department of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation, "jurisdiction"
279.14	means a city or township.
279.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 15, 2024, and applies to grants
279.16	issued on or after that date.
279.17	Sec. 14. GRANTS ADMINISTRATION OVERSIGHT; FEASIBILITY STUDY.
279.18	The commissioner of administration must assess the viability of implementing a single
279.19	grants management system for executive agencies. If the results of the study determine an
279.20	enterprise system is feasible, the study must further include:
279.21	(1) an analysis of available technology options;
279.22	(2) recommended changes to the state's organizational model, operational controls, and
279.23	processes;
279.24	(3) staffing and other resource needs;
279.25	(4) high level system requirements;

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(5) estimated costs; and

(6) an implementation road map.

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ARTICLE 8

STATE EMPLOYEES WITH DISABILITIES

280.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Precedence of merit principles and nondiscrimination. It is the policy of 280.4 this state to provide for equal employment opportunity consistent with chapter 363A by 280.5 280.6 ensuring that all personnel actions be based on the ability to perform the duties and responsibilities assigned to the position without regard to age, race, creed or religion, color, 280.7 disability, sex, national origin, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, or 280.8 political affiliation. It is the policy of this state to take affirmative action to eliminate the 280.9 underutilization of qualified members of protected groups in the civil service, where such 280.10 action is not in conflict with other provisions of this chapter or chapter 179, in order to 280.11 correct imbalances and eliminate the present effects of past discrimination and support full 280.12 and equal participation in the social and economic life in the state. Heads of departments 280.13 and agencies must provide training to managers and supervisors that are responsible for 280.14 hiring and evaluating employee performance regarding bias that can be present in the hiring 280.15 and performance evaluation processes. 280.16 280.17 No contract executed pursuant to chapter 179A shall modify, waive or abridge this 280.18 section and sections 43A.07 to 43A.121, 43A.15, and 43A.17 to 43A.21, except to the extent expressly permitted in those sections. 280.19 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to 280.20 read: 280.21 Subd. 1a. Accommodation fund. "Accommodation fund" means the fund created under 280.22 section 16B.4805 for reimbursing state agencies for eligible expenses incurred in providing 280.23 reasonable accommodations to state employees with disabilities. 280.24 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to 280.25 read: 280.26 Subd. 3a. Americans with Disabilities Act. "Americans With Disabilities Act" or 280.27

"ADA" means the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, United States

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Code title 42, sections 12101 to 12117.

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281.1	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to
281.2	read:
281.3	Subd. 18a. Digital accessibility. "Digital accessibility" means information and
281.4	communication technology, including products, devices, services, and content that are
281.5	designed and built so people with disabilities can use or participate in them, as defined by
281.6	the accessibility standard adopted under section 16E.03, subdivision 9. Any statutory
281.7	reference to accessible or accessibility in the context of information and communication
281.8	technology includes digital accessibility.
281.9	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to
281.10	read:
281.11	Subd. 35a. Reasonable accommodation. "Reasonable accommodation" has the meaning
281.12	given under section 363A.08, subdivision 6.
281.13	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.04, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
281.14	Subd. 1a. Mission; efficiency. It is part of the department's mission that within the
281.15	department's resources the commissioner shall endeavor to:
281.16	(1) prevent the waste or unnecessary spending of public money;
281.17	(2) use innovative fiscal and human resource practices to manage the state's resources
281.18	and operate the department as efficiently as possible;
281.19	(3) coordinate the department's activities wherever appropriate with the activities of
281.20	other governmental agencies;
281.21	(4) use technology where appropriate to increase agency productivity, improve customer
281.22	service, increase public access to information about government, and increase public
281.23	participation in the business of government;
281.24	(5) ensure that all technology utilized is accessible to employees and provided in a timely
281.25	manner as described in sections 363A.42 and 363A.43 and the accessibility standards under
281.26	section 16E.03, subdivisions 2, clause (3), and 9;
281.27	(5) (6) utilize constructive and cooperative labor-management practices to the extent
281.28	otherwise required by chapters 43A and 179A;
281.29	(6) (7) report to the legislature on the performance of agency operations and the
281.30	accomplishment of agency goals in the agency's biennial budget according to section 16A.10,
281.31	subdivision 1; and

282.1	(7) (8) recommend to the legislature appropriate changes in law necessary to carry out
282.2	the mission and improve the performance of the department-; and
282.3	(9) endeavor to use equitable and inclusive practices to attract and recruit protected class
282.4	employees; actively eliminate discrimination against protected group employees; and ensure
282.5	equitable access to development and training, advancement, and promotional opportunities.
282.6	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
282.7	Subd. 4. Administrative procedures. The commissioner shall develop administrative
282.8	procedures, which are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative
282.9	Procedure Act, to effect provisions of chapter 43A which do not directly affect the rights
282.10	of or processes available to the general public. The commissioner may also adopt
282.11	administrative procedures, not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act, which concern
282.12	topics affecting the general public if those procedures concern only the internal management
282.13	of the department or other agencies and if those elements of the topics which affect the
282.14	general public are the subject of department rules.
282.15	Administrative procedures shall be reproduced and made available for comment in
282.16	accessible digital formats under section 16E.03 to agencies, employees, and appropriate
282.17	exclusive representatives certified pursuant to sections 179A.01 to 179A.25, for at least 15
282.18	days prior to implementation and shall include but are not limited to:
282.19	(1) maintenance and administration of a plan of classification for all positions in the
282.20	classified service and for comparisons of unclassified positions with positions in the classified
282.21	service;
282.22	(2) procedures for administration of collective bargaining agreements and plans
282.23	established pursuant to section 43A.18 concerning total compensation and the terms and
282.24	conditions of employment for employees;
282.25	(3) procedures for effecting all personnel actions internal to the state service such as
282.26	processes and requirements for agencies to publicize job openings and consider applicants
282.27	who are referred or nominate themselves, conduct of selection procedures limited to
282.28	employees, noncompetitive and qualifying appointments of employees and leaves of absence;
282.29	(4) maintenance and administration of employee performance appraisal, training and
282.30	other programs; and
282.31	(5) procedures for pilots of the reengineered employee selection process. Employment
282.32	provisions of this chapter, associated personnel rules adopted under subdivision 3, and
282.33	administrative procedures established under clauses (1) and (3) may be waived for the

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purposes of these pilots. The pilots may affect the rights of and processes available to members of the general public seeking employment in the classified service. The commissioner will provide public notice of any pilot directly affecting the rights of and processes available to the general public and make the administrative procedures available for comment to the general public, agencies, employees, and appropriate exclusive representatives certified pursuant to sections 179A.01 to 179A.25 for at least 30 days prior to implementation. The commissioner must publish the public notice in an accessible digital format under section 16E.03. The commissioner must provide a comment process that allows the public to submit comments through multiple formats to ensure accessibility. These formats must include telephone, digital content, and email.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.04, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Reporting.** The commissioner shall issue a written report by February 1 and August 1 of each year to the chair of the Legislative Coordinating Commission. The report must list the number of appointments made under each of the categories in section 43A.15, the number made to the classified service other than under section 43A.15, and the number made under section 43A.08, subdivision 2a, during the six-month periods ending June 30 and December 31, respectively. The report must be posted online and must be accessible under section 16E.03. The commissioner shall advertise these reports in multiple formats to ensure broad dissemination.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.09, is amended to read:

43A.09 RECRUITMENT.

The commissioner in cooperation with appointing authorities of all state agencies shall maintain an active recruiting program publicly conducted and designed to attract sufficient numbers of well-qualified people to meet the needs of the civil service, and to enhance the image and public esteem of state service employment. Special emphasis shall be given to recruitment of veterans and protected group members, including qualified individuals with disabilities, to assist state agencies in meeting affirmative action goals to achieve a balanced work force. All technology and digital content related to recruiting and hiring shall be accessible to people with disabilities.

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Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.10, subdivision 2a, is amended to re
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- Subd. 2a. **Application requirements.** (a) The commissioner shall establish and maintain a database of applicants for state employment. The commissioner shall establish, publicize, and enforce minimum requirements for application. applications, and shall ensure that:
- (1) all postings shall be written so as to be relevant to the duties of the job and be nondiscriminatory;
- 284.7 (2) the appointing authority shall enforce enforces the established minimum requirements for application;
- 284.9 (3) the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience is considered an alternative,
 284.10 noncompetitive hiring process for classified positions for qualified individuals who express
 284.11 interest directly to the appointing authority. with disabilities; and
- 284.12 (4) hiring managers and others involved in the selection process are aware of the
 284.13 accommodation fund under section 16B.4805 to ensure that people with disabilities obtain
 284.14 timely and appropriate accommodations within the hiring process and the state agency can
 284.15 request reimbursement.
- (b) The commissioner shall ensure that all online application processes and all digital content relating to the database referenced in paragraph (a) shall be accessible for people with disabilities.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.10, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Selection process accommodations. Upon request, the commissioner or 284.20 appointing authority shall provide selection process reasonable accommodations to an 284.21 applicant with a disability that does not prevent performance of the duties of the position. 284.22 The accommodations must provide an opportunity to fairly assess the ability of the applicant 284.23 to perform the duties of the position notwithstanding the disability but must preserve, to the 284.24 extent feasible, the validity of the selection process and equitable comparison of results 284.25 with the results of competitors without disabilities. a qualified applicant with a disability 284.26 to ensure full participation in the selection process, including use of the accommodation 284.27 fund under section 16B.4805 during the selection process. The commissioner must ensure 284.28 284.29 that each agency head is aware of the accommodation fund and its critical function of removing cost considerations from interview selection decisions. 284.30

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Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.14, is amended to read:

43A.14 APPOINTMENTS.

All appointments to the classified service shall be based upon merit and ability to perform the duties of the position and the needs of the employing agency, including the need to achieve and maintain a representative work force, including representation of people with disabilities. For employees in a bargaining unit as defined in section 179A.10 appointments shall be subject to applicable provisions of collective bargaining agreements.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.15, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. **700-hour on-the-job demonstration process and appointment**

experience. (a) The commissioner shall establish consult with the Department of Employment and Economic Development's Vocational Rehabilitation Services and State Services for the Blind and other disability experts in establishing, reviewing, and modifying the qualifying procedures for applicants whose disabilities are of such a significant nature that the applicants are unable to demonstrate their abilities in the selection process. The qualifying procedures must consist of up to 700 hours of on-the-job trial work demonstration experience. Up to three persons with significant disabilities and their job coach may be allowed to demonstrate their job competence as a unit through the on-the-job trial work experience selection procedure. This The 700-hour on-the-job demonstration process must be limited to applicants for whom there is no reasonable accommodation in the selection process experience is an alternative, noncompetitive hiring process for qualified applicants with disabilities. All permanent executive branch classified positions are eligible for a 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience, and all permanent classified job postings must provide information regarding the on-the-job demonstration overview and certification process.

- (b) The commissioner may authorize the probationary appointment of an applicant based on the request of the appointing authority that documents that the applicant has successfully demonstrated qualifications for the position through completion of an on-the-job trial work demonstration experience. A qualified applicant should be converted to permanent, probationary appointments at the point in the 700-hour on-the-job experience when the applicant has demonstrated the ability to perform the essential functions of the job with or without reasonable accommodation. The implementation of this subdivision may not be deemed a violation of chapter 43A or 363A.
- 285.32 (c) The commissioner and the ADA and disability employment director, described in section 43A.19, subdivision 1, paragraph (e), are responsible for the administration and

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286.1	oversight of the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience, including the establishment
286.2	of policies and procedures, data collection and reporting requirements, and compliance.
286.3	(d) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall design and implement a
286.4	training curriculum for the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience. All executive
286.5	leaders, managers, supervisors, human resources professionals, affirmative action officers,
286.6	and ADA coordinators must receive annual training on the program.
286.7	(e) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall develop, administer, and
286.8	make public a formal grievance process for individuals in the 700-hour on-the-job
286.9	demonstration experience under this subdivision and supported work program under section
286.10	43A.421, subdivision 2.
286.11	(f) An appointing authority must make reasonable accommodations in response to a
286.12	request from an applicant with a disability, including providing accommodations in a timely
286.13	manner during the application and hiring process and throughout the 700-hour on-the-job
286.14	demonstration experience. Requirements for accessibility for public records under section
286.15	363A.42, continuing education under section 363A.43, and technology under section 16E.03,
286.16	subdivision 2, clauses (3) and (9), apply to an agency filling an appointment during the
286.17	application and hiring process and through the on-the-job demonstration experience period.
286.18	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to
286.19	read:
286.20	Subd. 14a. Report and survey. (a) The commissioner shall annually collect
286.21	enterprise-wide statistics on the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience under
286.22	subdivision 14. The statistics collected and reported annually must include:
286.23	(1) the number of certifications submitted, granted, and rejected;
286.24	(2) the number of applicants interviewed, appointed, and converted to probationary
286.25	status;
286.26	(3) the number of employees retained after one year in state employment;
286.27	(4) the number of employees with terminated appointments and the reason for termination;
286.28	(5) the average length of time in an on-the-job demonstration appointment;
286.29	(6) the number and category of entity certifications; and
286.30	(7) by department or agency, the number of appointments and hires and the number of
286.31	managers and supervisors trained.

287.1	(b) The commissioner shall administer an annual survey of participants in the 700-hour
287.2	on-the-job demonstration experience who are hired and those who are not hired, as well as
287.3	the managers of participants in the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience.
287.4	(c) The commissioner must consult at least annually with the Department of Employment
287.5	and Economic Development's Vocational Rehabilitation Services and State Services for the
287.6	Blind and other disability experts to review the survey results, assess program satisfaction,
287.7	and recommend areas for continuous improvement.
287.8	(d) The commissioner shall annually publish a report on the department's website that
287.9	includes the data described in paragraph (a), survey results described in paragraph (b), and
287.10	recommendations for continuous improvement described in paragraph (c).
287.11	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
287.12	Subdivision 1. Statewide affirmative action program. (a) To assure that positions in
287.13	the executive branch of the civil service are equally accessible to all qualified persons, and
287.14	to eliminate the underutilization of qualified members of protected groups effects of past
287.15	and present discrimination, intended or unintended, on the basis of protected group status,
287.16	the commissioner shall adopt and periodically revise, if necessary, a statewide affirmative
287.17	action program. The statewide affirmative action program must consist of at least the
287.18	following:
287.19	(1) objectives, goals, and policies;
287.20	(2) procedures, standards, and assumptions to be used by agencies in the preparation of
287.21	agency affirmative action plans, including methods by which goals and timetables are
287.22	established;
287.23	(3) the analysis of separation patterns to determine the impact on protected group
287.24	members; and
287.25	(4) requirements for annual objectives and submission of affirmative action progress
287.26	reports from heads of agencies.
287.27	Agency heads must report the data in clause (3) to the state Director of Recruitment,
287.28	Retention and Affirmative Action and the state ADA coordinator, in addition to being
287.29	available to anyone upon request. The commissioner must annually post the aggregate and

287.30 agency-level reports under clause (4) on the agency's website.

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(b) The commissioner shall establish statewide affirmative action goals for each of the
federal Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) occupational categories applicable to state
employment, using at least the following factors:
(1) the percentage of members of each protected class in the recruiting area population

- (1) the percentage of members of each protected class in the recruiting area population who have the necessary skills; and
- 288.6 (2) the availability for promotion or transfer of current employees who are members of protected classes.
- 288.8 (c) The commissioner may use any of the following factors in addition to the factors required under paragraph (b):
- 288.10 (1) the extent of unemployment of members of protected classes in the recruiting area population;
- 288.12 (2) the existence of training programs in needed skill areas offered by employing agencies and other institutions; and
- 288.14 (3) the expected number of available positions to be filled.
- (d) The commissioner shall designate a state director of diversity and equal employment opportunity who may be delegated the preparation, revision, implementation, and administration of the program. The commissioner of management and budget may place the director's position in the unclassified service if the position meets the criteria established in section 43A.08, subdivision 1a.
 - (e) The commissioner shall designate a statewide ADA and disability employment director. The commissioner may delegate the preparation, revision, implementation, evaluation, and administration of the program to the director. The director must administer the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience under the supported work program and disabled veteran's employment programs. The ADA and disability employment director shall have education, knowledge, and skills in disability policy, employment, and the ADA. The commissioner may place the director's position in the unclassified service if the position meets the criteria established in section 43A.08, subdivision 1a.
- (f) Agency affirmative action plans, including reports and progress, must be posted on the agency's public and internal websites within 30 days of being approved. The commissioner of management and budget shall post a link to all executive branch agency-approved affirmative action plans on its public website. Accessible copies of the affirmative action plan must be available to all employees and members of the general public upon request.

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Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.191, is amended to read:

43A.191 AGENCY AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROGRAMS.

- Subdivision 1. **Affirmative action officers.** (a) Each agency with 1,000 employees or more shall have at least one full-time affirmative action officer, who shall have primary responsibility for developing and maintaining the agency's affirmative action plan. The officer shall devote full time to affirmative action activities. The affirmative action officer shall report administratively and on policy issues directly to the agency head. The affirmative action officer shall be in the classified service.
- (b) The agency heads shall assign affirmative action officers or designees for agencies with fewer than 1,000 employees. The designees shall report administratively and on policy issues directly to the agency head.
- (c) An agency may not use authority under section 43A.08, subdivision 1a, to place the position of an agency affirmative action officer or designee in the unclassified service.
- Subd. 2. **Agency affirmative action plans.** (a) The head of each agency in the executive branch shall prepare and implement an agency affirmative action plan consistent with this section and rules issued under section 43A.04, subdivision 3.
- (b) The agency plan must include a plan for the provision of reasonable accommodation in the hiring and promotion of qualified <u>disabled</u> persons <u>with disabilities</u>. The reasonable accommodation plan must consist of at least the following:
- (1) procedures for compliance with sections 16E.03, subdivision 9, 363A.08 to 363A.19, and 363A.28, subdivision 10, and, where appropriate, regulations implementing United States Code, title 29, section 794, as amended through December 31, 1984, which is section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended and the Americans with Disabilities Act, United States Code, title 42, sections 101 to 108, 201 to 231, 241 to 246, 401, 402, and 501 to 514;
- (2) methods and procedures for providing <u>timely access to</u> reasonable accommodation for <u>disabled job applicants</u>, <u>current employees</u>, <u>and employees</u> <u>accommodations during the</u> application process, throughout current employment, and when seeking promotion;
- 289.29 (3) provisions for funding reasonable accommodations; and
- 289.30 (4) the number of requests made, the number of requests approved, and the number of requests reimbursed from the state accommodation account under section 16B.4805.

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(c) The agency plan must be prepared by the agency head with the assistance of the
agency affirmative action officer and the director of diversity and equal employment
opportunity. The agency may consult with the Council on Disability, vocational rehabilitation
services, state services for the blind, and other disability experts to review and make
recommendations on recruitment and retention of people with disabilities.

- (d) The agency plan must identify any positions in the agency that can be used for supported employment as defined in section 268A.01, subdivision 13, of persons with severe significant disabilities. The agency shall report this information to the commissioner. An agency that hires more than one supported worker in the identified positions must receive recognition for each supported worker toward meeting the agency's affirmative action goals and objectives.
- 290.12 (e) An agency affirmative action plan may not be implemented without the commissioner's approval.
- Subd. 2a. Disability recruitment, hiring, and advancement. (a) Each agency affirmative action plan must include a section that provides sufficient assurances, procedures, and commitments to provide adequate hiring, placement, and advancement opportunities for individuals with disabilities at all levels of state employment. The criteria for this section of the agency affirmative action plan must include a section on disability hiring and advancement, including the provisions in this subdivision.
 - (b) The plan must describe specific actions to ensure that a broad range of individuals with disabilities will be aware of and be encouraged to apply for job vacancies when eligible.

 The actions must include, at a minimum:
 - (1) the use of programs and resources that identify job applicants with disabilities who are eligible to be appointed under a hiring authority that takes disability into account, consistent with the demonstration program under section 43A.15, subdivision 14. The programs may include the Department of Employment and Economic Development's Vocational Rehabilitation Services and State Services for the Blind that provide the qualifications necessary for positions within the agency to individuals with disabilities. Resources may include databases of individuals with disabilities who previously applied to the agency but were not hired for the positions they applied for, and training and internship programs that lead directly to employment for individuals with disabilities; and
 - (2) establishment and maintenance of contacts, that may include formal agreements, with organizations that specialize in providing assistance to individuals with disabilities in securing and maintaining employment, such as the Department of Employment and Economic

Article 8 Sec. 16.

291.1	Development's Vocational Rehabilitation Services, State Services for the Blind, community
291.2	rehabilitation programs, day training and habilitation programs, and employment network
291.3	service providers.
291.4	(c) The plan must ensure that the agency has designated sufficient staff to handle any
291.5	disability-related issues that arise during the application and selection process, and shall
291.6	require the agency to provide staff with sufficient training, support, and other resources to
291.7	carry out the responsibilities under this section. Responsibilities include, at a minimum:
291.8	(1) ensuring that disability-related questions from members of the public regarding the
291.9	agency's application and selection processes are answered promptly and correctly, including
291.10	questions about reasonable accommodations needed by job applicants during the application
291.11	and selection process and questions about how individuals may apply for positions under
291.12	hiring authorities that take disability into account;
291.13	(2) processing requests for reasonable accommodations needed by job applicants during
291.14	the application and placement process and ensuring that the agency provides such
291.15	accommodations when required;
291.16	(3) accepting applications for a position under hiring authorities that take disability into
291.17	account;
291.18	(4) if an individual has applied for appointment to a particular position under a hiring
291.19	authority that takes disability into account, determining whether the individual is eligible
291.20	for appointment under such authority and if so forwarding the individual's application to
291.21	the relevant hiring officials with an explanation of how and when the individual may be
291.22	appointed, consistent with all applicable laws; and
291.23	(5) overseeing any other agency programs designed to increase hiring of individuals
291.24	with disabilities.
291.25	Subd. 3. Audits; sanctions and incentives. (a) The commissioner shall annually audit
291.26	the record of each agency to determine the rate of compliance with affirmative action
291.27	requirements. The commissioner must report all audit findings to the governor if a state
291.28	agency fails to meet any of its affirmative action requirements for two consecutive years.
291.29	(b) By March 1 of each odd-numbered year, the commissioner shall submit a report or
291.30	affirmative action progress of each agency and the state as a whole to the governor and to
291.31	the Finance Committee of the senate, the Ways and Means Committee of the house of
291.32	representatives, the Governmental Operations Committees of both houses of the legislature
01 33	and the Legislative Coordinating Commission. The report must include noncompetitive

appointments made under section 43A.08, subdivision 2a, or 43A.15, subdivisions 3 to 7,

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- 292.2 10, and 12, and cover each agency's rate of compliance with affirmative action requirements.
- 292.3 The report must be made available to the public on the department's website.
- 292.4 (c) An agency that does not meet its hiring goals must justify its nonaffirmative action
- 292.5 hires in competitive appointments and noncompetitive appointments made under section
- 292.6 43A.08, subdivisions 1, clauses (9), (11), and (16), and 2a; and section 43A.15, subdivisions
- 292.7 3, 10, 12, and 13, according to criteria issued by the department of Management and Budget.
- 292.8 In addition, an agency shall:
- 292.9 (1) demonstrate a good faith effort to recruit protected group members by following an active recruitment plan;
- 292.11 (2) implement a coordinated retention plan; and
- 292.12 (3) have an established complaint resolution procedure.
- 292.13 (d) The commissioner shall develop reporting standards and procedures for measuring compliance.
- (e) An agency is encouraged to develop other innovative ways to promote awareness, acceptance, and appreciation for diversity and affirmative action. These innovations will be considered when evaluating an agency's compliance with this section.
- (f) An agency not in compliance with affirmative action requirements of this section must identify methods and programs to improve performance, to reallocate resources internally in order to increase support for affirmative action programs, and to submit program and resource reallocation proposals to the commissioner for approval. An agency must submit these proposals within 120 days of being notified by the commissioner that it is out of compliance with affirmative action requirements. The commissioner shall monitor quarterly the affirmative action programs of an agency found to be out of compliance.
- 292.25 (g) The commissioner shall establish a program to recognize an agency that has made significant and measurable progress in implementing an affirmative action plan.
- (h) The commissioner must maintain and make available, on an annual basis, summary data as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 19, on the percentage of members of each protected group as defined in section 43A.02, subdivision 33, that were hired in the executive branch in each of the federal Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) occupational categories applicable to state employment. Nothing in this provision, however, shall require any person to disclose their protected group status, nor shall it require the commissioner or any appointing authority to determine the protected group status of any person.

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293.1	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
293.2	Subdivision 1. Authority; purpose. The commissioner, in coordination with the statewide
293.3	ADA and disability employment director and chief inclusion officer, shall develop and
293.4	interpret policy and administer and, to the extent possible, conduct programs in training and
293.5	development for employees to, at a minimum:
293.6	(1) promote individual, group and agency efficiency and effectiveness-;
293.7	(2) build employee capacity to deliver accessible and inclusive services to the public,
293.8	including people with disabilities; and
293.9	(3) support an inclusive work environment for employees with disabilities and employees
293.10	of other protected classes.
293.11	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.21, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
293.12	Subd. 2. Responsibilities. (a) The commissioner is responsible for developing and
293.13	coordinating consistent training policy which shall be binding on all state agencies in the
293.14	executive branch. The policies shall include conditions under which employees may receive
293.15	or be assigned to training; internships and work-training programs; minimum and maximum
293.16	training standards for employee participation and agency reporting requirements. At a
293.17	minimum, state employees must receive annual training on statutes or policies related to:
293.18	(1) Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act;
293.19	(2) the state's affirmative action policy;
293.20	(3) equal opportunity employment; and
293.21	(4) digital accessibility standards.
293.22	(b) Career development training is a permissive subject of collective bargaining. Each
293.23	appointing authority in the executive branch, including the Minnesota State Retirement
293.24	System and the Teachers Retirement Association, is primarily responsible for planning,
293.25	budgeting, conducting and evaluating training programs.
293.26	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
293.27	Subd. 3. Programs. (a) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall design
293.28	and implement management training and development programs for the state service. The
293.29	programs shall include but not be limited to mandatory training and development
293.30	requirements for managers and supervisors. No person shall acquire permanent status in a

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managem	ent or supervisory position in the classified service until training ar	nd development
requireme	nts have been met.	

- (b) All managers and supervisors must receive training on inclusive work environments, disability awareness, cultural competence, and other equity and diversity areas.
- 294.5 (c) Agencies shall conduct an annual Americans with Disabilities Act self-assessment 294.6 to ensure training programs meet the standards for universal design in learning.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6. Accessibility. The commissioner must ensure that all training content and platforms meet the accessibility standards under section 16E.03, subdivisions 2, clause (3), and 9. Reasonable accommodations must be implemented in a timely and appropriate manner to ensure that all state employees can participate in state-offered trainings. All state employees, including ADA coordinators and human resources staff, must have the training and resources to implement an accessible and inclusive workplace.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Cooperation; state agencies.** (a) The commissioner may delegate administrative functions associated with the duties of the commissioner to appointing authorities who have the capability to perform such functions when the commissioner determines that it is in the best interests of the state civil service. The commissioner shall consult with agencies and agencies shall cooperate as appropriate in implementation of this chapter.
 - (b) The commissioner, in conjunction with appointing authorities, shall analyze and assess current and future human resource requirements of the civil service and coordinate personnel actions throughout the civil service to meet the requirements. The commissioner shall provide recruiting assistance and make the applicant database available to appointing authorities to use in making appointments to positions in the unclassified service.
- (c) The head of each agency in the executive branch shall designate an agency personnel officer. The agency personnel officer shall be accountable to the agency head for all personnel functions prescribed by laws, rules, collective bargaining agreements, the commissioner and the agency head. Except when otherwise prescribed by the agency head in a specific instance, the personnel officer shall be assumed to be the authority accountable to the agency head over any other officer or employee in the agency for personnel functions.

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295.1	(d) The head of each agency in the executive branch shall designate an affirmative action
295.2	officer who shall have primary responsibility for the administration of the agency's
295.3	affirmative action plan. The officer shall report directly to the head of the agency on
295.4	affirmative action matters.
295.5	(e) Pursuant to section 43A.431, the head of each agency in the executive branch shall
295.6	designate an ADA coordinator who shall have primary responsibility for the administration
295.7	of ADA policies, procedures, trainings, requests, and arbitration. The coordinator shall
295.8	report directly to the commissioner.
295.9	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 43A.421, is amended to read:
295.10	43A.421 SUPPORTED WORK PROGRAM.
295.11	Subdivision 1. Program established. A total of 50 full-time Active positions within
295.12	agencies of state government may be selected for inclusion for a supported work program
295.13	for persons with severe significant disabilities. A full-time position may be shared by up to
295.14	three persons with severe significant disabilities and their job coach. The job coach is not
295.15	a state employee within the scope of section 43A.02, subdivision 21, or 179A.03, subdivision
295.16	14, unless the job coach holds another position within the scope of section 43A.02,
295.17	subdivision 21, or 179A.03, subdivision 14. All classified supported work job postings need
295.18	to link to the overview and application process for the supported work program.
295.19	Subd. 2. Responsibilities. (a) The commissioner is responsible for the administration
295.20	and oversight of the supported work program, including the establishment of policies and
295.21	procedures, data collection and reporting requirements, and compliance.
295.22	(b) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall design and implement a
295.23	training curriculum for the supported work program. All executive leaders, managers,
295.24	supervisors, human resources professionals, affirmative action officers, and Americans with
295.25	Disabilities Act coordinators must receive annual training regarding the program.
295.26	(c) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall develop, administer, and
295.27	make public a formal grievance process for individuals in the program.
295.28	Sec. 23. [43A.431] AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT COORDINATORS.
295.29	(a) Each state agency shall designate at least one ADA coordinator who is responsible
295.30	for implementation of Title I of the ADA, to advance the prohibition on discrimination
295.31	against qualified individuals with disabilities in job application procedures, hiring, firing,

296.1	advancement, compensation, job training and other terms, conditions, and privileges of
296.2	employment. The ADA coordinator must have demonstrated knowledge and experience in
296.3	(1) the recruitment, selection, development, and retention of people with disabilities;
296.4	(2) workforce data analysis;
296.5	(3) disability employment laws and regulations; and
296.6	(4) strategy development for universal and inclusive workplaces.
296.7	(b) The ADA coordinator is responsible for overseeing the development, implementation
296.8	monitoring, and evaluation of effective strategies to attract, engage, and advance people
296.9	with disabilities. This includes assisting employees with identifying, acquiring, and
296.10	maintaining effective accommodations and submitting reimbursement requests to the
296.11	statewide accommodation fund under section 16B.4805.
296.12	(c) The ADA coordinator is responsible for collecting data and preparing reports to
296.13	ensure transparency and accountability and must serve as a key liaison for disability
296.14	employment and training initiatives.
296.15	Sec. 24. ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON SERVICE WORKER STANDARDS.
296.16	The commissioner of management and budget shall convene an advisory committee to
296.17	review and make recommendations regarding updates and clarifications to the service worker
296.18	class specifications under Minnesota Statutes, section 43A.071. By January 15, 2024, the

commissioner shall report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over state

government employees on recommendations for changes to Minnesota Statutes, section

Article 8 Sec. 24.

296.19

296.20

296.21 <u>43A.071.</u>

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1.135 STATE SEAL.

- Subd. 3. **Design.** The design of the seal is as described in this subdivision.
- (a) The seal is composed of two concentric borders. The outside forms the border of the seal and the inside forms the border for the illustrations within the seal. The area between the two borders contains lettering.
- (b) The seal is two inches in diameter. The outside border has a radius of one inch and resembles the serrated edge of a coin. The width of the border is 1/16 of an inch.
- (c) The inside border has a radius of three-fourths of an inch and is composed of a series of closely spaced dots measuring 1/32 of an inch in diameter.
- (d) Within the area between the borders "The Great Seal of the State of Minnesota" is printed in capital letters. Under that is the date "1858" with two dagger symbols separating the date and the letters. The lettering is 14-point century bold.
- (e) In the area within the inside border is the portrayal of an 1858 Minnesota scene made up of various illustrations that serve to depict a settler plowing the ground near the Falls of St. Anthony while he watches an Indian on horseback riding in the distance.
- (f) For the purposes of description, when the area within the inside border is divided into quadrants, the following illustrations should be clearly visible in the area described.
- (1) In the upper parts of quadrants one and two, the inscription "L'Etoile du Nord" is found on the likeness of a scroll whose length is equal to twice the length of the inscription, but whose ends are twice folded underneath and serve to enhance the inscription. The lettering is 7-point century bold.
- (2) In quadrant two is found a likeness of a sun whose ambient rays form a background for a male Indian in loincloth and plume riding on horseback at a gallop. The Indian is sitting erect and is holding a spear in his left hand at an upward 60-degree angle to himself and is looking toward the settler in quadrant four.
- (3) In quadrant one, three pine trees form a background for a picturesque resemblance of St. Anthony Falls in 1858.
- (4) In quadrants three and four, cultivated ground is found across the lower half of the seal, which provides a background for the scenes in quadrants three and four.
- (5) In quadrant three, a tree stump is found with an ax embedded in the stump and a period muzzleloader resting on it. A powder flask is hanging towards the end of the barrel.
- (6) In quadrant four, a white barefoot male pioneer wearing clothing and a hat of that period is plowing the earth, using an animal-drawn implement from that period. The animal is not visible. The torso of the man continues into quadrant two, and he has his legs spread apart to simulate movement. He is looking at the Indian.
- Subd. 5. **Historical symbolism of seal.** The sun, visible on the western horizon, signifies summer in the northern hemisphere. The horizon's visibility signifies the flat plains covering much of Minnesota. The Indian on horseback is riding due south and represents the great Indian heritage of Minnesota. The Indian's horse and spear and the Pioneer's ax, rifle, and plow represent tools that were used for hunting and labor. The stump symbolizes the importance of the lumber industry in Minnesota's history. The Mississippi River and St. Anthony Falls are depicted to note the importance of these resources in transportation and industry. The cultivated ground and the plow symbolize the importance of agriculture in Minnesota. Beyond the falls three pine trees represent the state tree and the three great pine regions of Minnesota; the St. Croix, Mississippi, and Lake Superior.

1.141 STATE FLAG.

Subd. 3. **Description.** The design of the flag shall conform substantially to the following description: The staff is surmounted by a bronze eagle with outspread wings; the flag is rectangular in shape and is on a medium blue background with a narrow gold border and a golden fringe. A circular emblem is contained in the center of the blue field. The circular emblem is on a general white background with a yellow border. The word MINNESOTA is inscribed in red lettering on the lower part of the white field. The white emblem background surrounding a center design contains 19 five pointed stars arranged symmetrically in four groups of four stars each and one group of three stars. The latter group is in the upper part of the center circular white emblem. The group of stars at the top in the white emblem consists of three stars of which the uppermost star is the largest

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and represents the North Star. A center design is contained on the white emblem and is made up of the scenes from the Great Seal of the State of Minnesota, surrounded by a border of intertwining *Cypripedium reginae*, the state flower, on a blue field of the same color as the general flag background. The flower border design contains the figures 1819, 1858, 1893.

The coloring is the same on both sides of the flag, but the lettering and the figures appear reversed on one side.

Subd. 4. Official flag. The flag described above is the official flag of the state of Minnesota.

Subd. 6. Folding of state flag for presentation or display. The following procedures constitute the proper way to fold the Minnesota State Flag for presentation or display. Fold the flag four times lengthwise so that one section displays the three stars of the state crest and the text "L'Etoile du Nord." Fold each side behind the displayed section at a 90-degree angle so that the display section forms a triangle. Take the section ending with the hoist and fold it at a 90-degree angle across the bottom of the display section and then fold the hoist back over so it is aligned with the middle of the display section. Fold the other protruding section directly upwards so that its edge is flush with the display section and then fold it upwards along a 45-degree angle so that a mirror of the display section triangle is formed. Fold the mirror section in half from the point upwards, then fold the remaining portion upwards, tucking it between the display section and the remainder of the flag.

No active language found for: 4A.01

No active language found for: 4A.04

No active language found for: 4A.06

No active language found for: 4A.07

No active language found for: 4A.11

12.03 DEFINITIONS.

No active language found for: 12.03.5d

15A.0815 SALARY LIMITS FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYEES.

No active language found for: 15A.0815.3

No active language found for: 15A.0815.4

No active language found for: 15A.0815.5

No active language found for: 16A.98

16B.24 GENERAL AUTHORITY.

No active language found for: 16B.24.13

No active language found for: 16B.323

No active language found for: 16B.326

No active language found for: 16E.0466.2

43A.17 SALARY LIMITS, RATES, RANGES AND EXCEPTIONS.

No active language found for: 43A.17.9

124D.23 FAMILY SERVICES AND COMMUNITY-BASED COLLABORATIVES.

No active language found for: 124D.23.9

No active language found for: 136F.03

No active language found for: 179.90

No active language found for: 179.91

202A.16 CAUCUS, WHO MAY PARTICIPATE AND VOTE.

No active language found for: 202A.16.1

No active language found for: 202A.16.2

No active language found for: 202A.16.3

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203B.081 LOCATIONS AND METHODS FOR ABSENTEE VOTING IN PERSON.

No active language found for: 203B.081.2

204D.04 BALLOT PREPARATION.

No active language found for: 204D.04.1

383B.143 CONTRACTS FOR PURCHASES.

No active language found for: 383B.143.2

No active language found for: 383B.143.3

No active language found for: 383C.806

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4511.0100 DEFINITIONS.

Subp. 1a. [Repealed, L 2023 c 62 art 5 s 44]

4511.0600 REPORTING DISBURSEMENTS.

Subp. 5. [Repealed, L 2023 c 62 art 5 s 44]