

SENATE
STATE OF MINNESOTA
EIGHTY-NINTH SESSION

S.F. No. 997

(SENATE AUTHORS: JENSEN, Pappas, Nelson, Metzen and Housley)

DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
02/19/2015	368	Introduction and first reading Referred to Commerce
03/04/2015	515a	Comm report: To pass as amended
04/21/2015	521	Second reading
	2083	Special Order
	2083	Third reading Passed
05/07/2015	3429	Returned from House with amendment
	3429	Senate not concur, conference committee of 3 requested
	3433	Senate conferees Jensen; Metzen; Gazelka
05/12/2015	3520	House conferees Schomacker; Hoppe; Atkins
05/16/2015		Conference committee report
		Senate adopted CC report and repassed bill Third reading House adopted SCC report and repassed bill

A bill for an act

1.1 relating to insurance; long-term care; reducing the minimum permitted inflation
 1.2 protection for a long-term care insurance partnership policy; continuing to permit
 1.3 other types of inflation protection; amending Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections
 1.4 62S.23, subdivision 1; 62S.24, by adding a subdivision.
 1.5

1.6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62S.23, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

1.8 Subdivision 1. **Inflation protection feature.** (a) No insurer may offer a long-term
 1.9 care insurance policy unless the insurer also offers to the policyholder, in addition to any
 1.10 other inflation protection, the option to purchase a policy that provides for benefit levels to
 1.11 increase with benefit maximums or reasonable durations which are meaningful to account
 1.12 for reasonably anticipated increases in the costs of long-term care services covered by
 1.13 the policy. In addition to other options that may be offered, insurers must offer to each
 1.14 policyholder, at the time of purchase, the option to purchase a policy with an inflation
 1.15 protection feature no less favorable than one of the following:

1.16 (1) increases benefit levels annually in a manner so that the increases are
 1.17 compounded annually at a rate not less than five percent;

1.18 (2) guarantees the insured individual the right to periodically increase benefit levels
 1.19 without providing evidence of insurability or health status so long as the option for the
 1.20 previous period has not been declined. The amount of the additional benefit shall be no
 1.21 less than the difference between the existing policy benefit and that benefit compounded
 1.22 annually at a rate of at least five percent for the period beginning with the purchase of the
 1.23 existing benefit and extending until the year in which the offer is made; or

1.24 (3) covers a specified percentage of actual or reasonable charges and does not
 1.25 include a maximum specified indemnity amount or limit.

2.1 (b) A long-term care partnership policy must provide the inflation protection
2.2 described in this subdivision. If the policy is sold to an individual who:

2.3 (1) has not attained age 61 as of the date of purchase, the policy must provide
2.4 compound annual inflation protection;

2.5 (2) has attained age 61, but has not attained age 76 as of such date, the policy must
2.6 provide some level of inflation protection; and

2.7 (3) has attained the age of 76 as of such date, the policy may, but is not required to,
2.8 provide some level of inflation protection.

2.9 Inflation protection for a long-term care partnership policy may not be less than
2.10 ~~three~~ one percent per year or a rate based on changes in the Consumer Price Index. The
2.11 commissioner, however, may approve other types of inflation protection that comply with
2.12 this section and further the goals of the partnership program.

2.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015, and applies to coverage
2.14 sold on or after that date.

2.15 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 62S.24, is amended by adding a subdivision
2.16 to read:

2.17 **Subd. 9. Certain pre-July 1, 2006 policies.** (a) Notwithstanding section
2.18 256B.0571, subdivision 6, a long-term care insurance policy issued before July 1, 2006,
2.19 that otherwise meets all requirements for partnership policy status shall be qualified as a
2.20 partnership policy, provided that benefits have not yet been paid out on the policy.

2.21 (b) An insured may make written inquiry to the issuer of the long-term care
2.22 insurance policy as to whether the policy meets the requirements for partnership policy
2.23 status. The issuer of the policy must reply to the inquiry within 30 days, and if the policy
2.24 does so qualify, must add a rider, amendment, or disclosure statement to the policy as
2.25 documentation of the partnership policy status.