01/05/21 **REVISOR** CM/BM 21-00899 as introduced

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA **NINETY-SECOND SESSION**

A bill for an act

relating to education; requiring schools to maintain a supply of non-patient-specific

S.F. No. 308

(SENATE AUTHORS: SENJEM)

DATE 01/25/2021 **D-PG** 157 OFFICIAL STATUS

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Introduction and first reading Referred to Education Finance and Policy

1.3	epinephrine auto-injectors; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 121A.2207.
1.4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.5	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 121A.2207, is amended to read:
1.6	121A.2207 LIFE-THREATENING ALLERGIES IN SCHOOLS; STOCK SUPPLY
1.7	OF EPINEPHRINE AUTO-INJECTORS.
1.8	Subdivision 1. Districts and schools permitted required to maintain
1.9	supply. Notwithstanding section 151.37, districts and schools may must obtain and possess
1.10	a minimum stock of at least two epinephrine auto-injectors to be maintained and administered
1.11	by school personnel to a student or other individual if, in good faith, it is determined that
1.12	person is experiencing anaphylaxis regardless of whether the student or other individual
1.13	has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector. The administration of an a
1.14	non-patient-specific epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section is not the
1.15	practice of medicine.
1.16	Subd. 2. Arrangements with manufacturers. A district or school may enter into
1.17	arrangements with manufacturers of epinephrine auto-injectors to obtain epinephrine
1.18	auto-injectors at fair-market, free, or reduced prices, such as through the national
1.19	EpiPens4Schools program or other similar programs implemented under the School Access
1.20	to Emergency Epinephrine Act. A third party, other than a manufacturer or supplier, may
1.21	pay for a school's supply of epinephrine auto-injectors.

Section 1. 1